ent n	ame:			
The important studies by Thomas Bouchard and his gues of identical twins reared apart have been acted				
		D) at the University of Minnesota.		
Wh	en twins are genetically identical, they			
A) B) C)	come from the same fertilized egg. come from two different fertilized eggs. are not the same sex.	D) None of the answer choices are correct		
Wh	en twins are dissimilar genetically, they			
A) B) C)	come from the same fertilized egg. come from two different fertilized eggs. have different genetic makeups.	D) come from two different fertilized eggs and have different genetic makeups.		
The	e Minnesota study of identical twins emphasizes			
B) s on l	the equal influence of environment and genetic numan development.	genetic ones in human development. D) the importance of the genetic basis of human development.		
	The gues eted A) B) C) Wh A) B) C) The A) ntly B) s on l	A) in Australia. B) in Sweden. C) at Harvard University. When twins are genetically identical, they A) come from the same fertilized egg. B) come from two different fertilized eggs. C) are not the same sex. When twins are dissimilar genetically, they A) come from the same fertilized egg. C) are not the same sex. The Minnesota study of identical twins emphasizes A) that the scientific structure of twin studies is notly flawed.		

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Which of the

5)

following might be responsible for the similar tastes and Minnesota Study of twins habits and choices of the identical twin subjects of the reared apart, other than genetic reasons? match up their answers. A) Some twins had contact prior to the separation. D) Adoption B) The researchers failed to follow proper agencies may have documenting techniques. coached the twins to give C) When questioned, subjects typically tend to try to similar answers. **6)** The evolutionary process that favors individuals that are best designed to reproduce and survive is called D) biological A) cultural evolution. determinism. B) adaptation. C) natural selection. Who is best associated with the process of natural 7) selection? C) Charles Darwin A) Aristotle B) William James Sandra Scarr 8) Charles Darwin believed the species who do survive to

8) Charles Darwin believed the species who do survive to reproduce are probably superior in a number of ways to those who do not. This means

A) the same thing as natural selection.

B) the survivors are better adapted to their world.

C) a gradual modification of an entire population

could occur.

D) All answer choices are correct.

9) and th		859, Charles Darwin published his observations as in a book entitled			
	A) B) C)	Nature's Selective Process. On the Origin of Species. The Adaptation Process.	the Sp	D) ecies.	Superiority of
10) father consid	ensui	month-old Sally's closeness to her mother and res feeding and protection. Her attachment is			
	A) B) C)	conditioned. adaptive behavior. biologically determined.	D) determined.	culturally	
11) natura		avior that promotes the organism's survival in its			
	A) B) C)	determinism. cultural evolution. thriving behavior.	behavi	D) ior.	adaptive
	ition,	approach emphasizing the importance of reproduction, and "survival of the fittest" in behavior is			
	A) B)	sociobiology. evolutionary psychology.	course	C) D)	ethology. contextual life ry.

- 13) The approach of evolutionary psychology
 - A) has been in use for several hundred years.
- B) is based on Bandura's theory of evolution by natural selection.
- C) emphasizes adaptation and reproduction in behavior.
- 14) David Buss's ideas on evolutionary psychology have ushered in a whole new wave of interest in how evolution can explain human behavior. He believes that evolution can
 - A) influence mating patterns.
 - B) influence how we make decisions.
 - C) influence how aggressive we are.
- 15) When looking at the views proposed by evolutionary developmental psychologists, it is true that humans spend more time to reproductively mature than any other mammal. This is called
 - A) the course of childhood evolution.
 - B) evolutionary immaturity.
 - C) childhood evolutionary functioning.
- **16)** What does the statement "Many evolved psychological mechanisms are domain-specific" mean?
- A) Abilities are developed to help deal with recurring problems faced by ancestors.
- B) The mind consists of a set of specialized modules and is not a general-purpose device that can be applied equally.

D) is several hundred years old and is based on Bandura's theory of evolution by natural selection.

D) All answer choices are correct.

D) an extended childhood period.

C) Both answer choices are correct:
Abilities are developed to help deal with recurring problems; and the mind consists of a set of

specia	lized	modules and is not a general-purpose device.		
	D)	None of the answer choices are correct.		
17)	Wh	o is associated with social cognitive theory?		
	A)	Charles Darwin	C) Bandura	Albert
	B)	Sigmund Freud	D)	Jean Piaget
18) which	Alb	ert Bandura rejects one-sided evolutionism, in		
	A)	social behavior is the product of evolved biology.	D) behavior is unrelated t	social completely o evolved
human	B)	cognitive behavior is the product of evolved	biology.	
muman	C)	the theory is only applied to animals.		
		y pressures create changes in biological structures		construct new ntal conditions
for the	use	of tools, which enable organisms to manipulate,	C)	bidirectional
	A)	one-sided evolutionism	D)	oluncenonal
	B)	physical evolutionism	monodirec	tional
20)		are threadlike structures made up of		
deoxy	ribon	ucleic acid, or DNA.		
			C)	Zygotes
	A)	Chromosomes	D)	Genomes
	B)	Cells		

21)		ch of us carries a genetic code that w			
	8	and this code is located within	in our		
body.					
				D)	the egg only;
	A)	other cells; some cells		every cell	
	B)	our parents; every cell		•	
	C)	sperm only; some cells			
22) analog		describing the shape of a DNA molecthat of a(n)	cule, the best		
				C)	pentagon.
	A)	iceberg.		D)	"X."
	B)	spiral staircase.			
23)		are units of heredity informat	tion: they are		
,	segm	ents of DNA.	·, ·) ·		
					-
	A >	Cl		C)	Genes
	A)	Chromosomes		D)	Abnormalities
	B)	RNA			
24)	DN	A stands for			
				D)	None of the
	A)	divided nuclear atoms.		answer cho	pices are correct.
	B)	demonstrated natural alignment.			
	C)	deoxyribonucleic acid.			
25)		are the units of hereditary inf	ormation.		
They protei		cells to reproduce themselves and to	assemble		
				C)	Ovaries
	A)	Chromosomes		D)	Genes
	B)	Autosomes		,	

26)	The	Human Genome Project completed a preliminary		
map o	f the			
	A) B) C)	human genome. animal genome. genetic expression.	D) choices are	All answer e correct.
_	t was	surprising information from the Human Genome that while previously humans were thought to genes, estimates now are closer to		
	A) B)	5,000; 7,000 100,000; 43,000	C) D) 100,000	10,000; 1,000 7,000;
28) enviro		activity of genes or is affected by and hormones that circulate in the blood.		
	A) B)	reproduction genetic expression	C) stability D)	genetic meiosis
29) discov		main approaches to gene identification and oday include		
	A) B) C)	linkage analysis. genome-wide association. next generation sequencing.	D) choices are	All answer e correct.

	A)	temperature	C) D)	stress All answer
	B)	radiation	choices are	
31)		earch has found that exposure to has		
change	a me	e rate of DNA synthesis in cells.		
			C)	stress
	A) B)	physical exercise radiation	D)	pollution
32)		is the process by which each chromosome		
in the	cell's	s nucleus duplicates itself.		
			C)	Reproduction
	A)	Mitosis	D)	None of the
	B)	Meiosis	answer cho	ices are correct
		is when a cell of the testes (in men) and women) duplicates its chromosomes and divides forming four cells, each of which has only half of	the genetic parent cell.	material of the
			C)	Reproduction
	A)	Mitosis	D)	None of the
	B)	Meiosis	answer cho	ices are correct
34)	The	nucleus of each human cell, except gametes,		
contair	1s	pairs of chromosomes.		
			C)	46
	A)	15	D)	50
	B)	23	,	

35)	In f	emales, the gametes are created in the			
				C)	fallopian
	A)	cervix.	tubes.		
	B)	ovaries.		D)	vagina.
36)	A s	ingle cell formed through fertilization is called a(n)			
,				<i>C</i>)	
	A)	O.V.)		C)	zygote.
	A) B)	ovum. gamete.		D)	embryo.
	D)	gamete.			
37)		is the person's genetic heritage, the actual			
genet					
				D)	Nama aftha
	A)	Genotype	ancwe	D) r cho	None of the ices are correct.
	B)	Phenotype	answe	i cho	ices are correct.
	C)	Dominant makeup			
38)		is the wey on individual's conctune is			
		is the way an individual's genotype is n observed and measurable characteristics.			
САРГС	sseu i	if observed and measurable characteristics.			
					None of the
	A)	Genotype	answe	r cho	ices are correct.
	B)	Phenotype			
	C)	A recessive trait			
39)		consist(s) of observable characteristics,			
	ding p	hysical characteristics and psychological			
chara					
				C'	NI :
	A \	Construe		C)	Phenotype
	A) B)	Genotype Chromosomes			
	נם	Cinomosonics			

	D)	None of the answer choices are correct.		
40) mater	 ial.	consists of all of the person's genetic		
	A) B)	Genotype A chromosome	C) D answer ch	, , , ,
41)	Ger	notype is to phenotype as genes are to		
	A) B)	the environment. polygenics.	C) D character) observable
42)	Obs	servation of your skin pigmentation reflects your		
	A) B)	allele. gene locus.	C) D	
43)	Wh	ich of the following is a phenotype?		
	A) B) C)	height weight skin pigmentation	D choices a) All answer re correct.
44)		en asked to list examples of his phenotype, Doug		
would	A) B)	skin color. DNA configuration.	C) height.

	D)	intelligence level.		
	mina	ne gene of a pair is dominant and one is recessive, nt gene exerts its effect, overriding the potential f the other, recessive gene. What is this called?		
	A) B) C)	genetic surgery		None of the ices are correct
exerts	dom its ef	cording to the principle, if one gene of a inant and one is recessive, the dominant gene affect, overriding the potential influence of the ssive gene.		
	A) B)	sex-linked genes dominant-recessive genes	C) inherited cl D)	polygenically naracteristics reaction range
47) exerts		ere is only one case in which a recessive gene afluence. This is when		
	A) B) C)	two genes of a pair are both recessive. one gene is recessive and one is dominant. two genes of a pair are both dominant.	<i>'</i>	None of the vices are correct
48) newbo		h Bob and Sally have brown eyes, yet their on has blue eyes. This can happen because		
brown	A) n.	all infants have blue eyes that eventually turn	C)	blue eyes are
brown	B) n eyes	each parent was carrying a dominant gene for s.		

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dominant.

D) each parent was carrying a recessive gene for blue eyes.

49)	Wh	at is the chromosomal pattern for females?		
			D)	YY
	A)	XX chromosome pattern	chromosom	ne pattern
	B)	XY chromosome pattern		
	C)	XXY chromosome pattern		
50)		is a mechanism in which genes have been		
modi	fied ir	n one of the parents and have differing effects		
deper	nding	on whether they are transmitted to the offspring		
throu	gh the	e egg or sperm.		
			D)	X-linked
	A)	Polygenic inheritance	disease	11 111110
	B)	Genetic imprinting		
	C)	Genetic transmission		
51)	Pol	ygenic inheritance is produced by		
			D)	random
	A)	a dominant gene pair.	genetic mu	tation.
	B)	a recessive gene pair.		
	C)	the interaction of many genes.		
52)	Dr.	Pierce examines a 10-year-old who has an	information	n, Dr. Pierce's
intell	ectual	disability, motor disability, distinctive facial	diagnosis w	ould most
featu	res, ar	nd an extra 21st chromosome. Given this	likely be	
	4 \	DIZLI	C)	Down
	A)	PKU.	syndrome.	1 1
	B)	XYY syndrome.	D)	anencephaly.

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	A) B)	extra distorted	C) D)		diseased elongated
54) are les		men between the ages of and ely to give birth to a child with Down syndrome	than are y women.	ou/	nger or older
	A) B)	15; 20 16; 34)	25; 30 None of the ces are correct.
55)		vn syndrome appears approximately once in every ive births.			
	A) B)	100 200	C) D)		700 1,000
56) and en likely	large	is extremely tall, and he has undeveloped testes d breasts. What genetic disorder does Tim most?			
	A) B) C)	sickle-cell anemia Down syndrome fragile X syndrome	D) syndrome		Klinefelter
57) What i		g has been diagnosed with Klinefelter syndrome. chromosomal pattern?			
	A) B)	XXY XYY	C)		XO XY

58) Harriet has been diagnosed with Turner syndrome.

What is her chromosomal

- A) XX
- B) XO
- C) XY
- D) XYY

59) Stacy has a short stature and a webbed neck. She has an intellectual disability and is sexually underdeveloped.		What genetic disorder doe Stacy have?		
	A) Turner syndromeB) Klinefelter syndromeC) phenylketonuria	D) anemia	sickle-cell	
60)	What genetic disorder occurs only in females?			
	A) Down syndromeB) Turner syndromeC) XYY syndrome	D) syndrome	Klinefelter	
61) aggre	It was once thought that individuals with a(n) chromosome pattern were predisposed to ssion and violence.			
	A) XX B) XY	C) D)	XXY XYY	
62) left un	Ken has been diagnosed with phenylketonuria. If it is ntreated, what will result?			
	A) deathB) blindnessC) intellectual disability and hyperactivity	D) problems a	language nd hearing loss	
63) has	Jake has a genetic disorder that is treated by diet. He			
		A)	PKU.	

	B) C)	Turner syndrome. sickle-cell anemia.	D) syndrome.	Klinefelter
64) Afric		at genetic disorder occurs more often in persons of scent?		
	A)	Down syndrome	C) D)	hemophilia Klinefelter
	B)	sickle-cell anemia	syndrome	
65) abnor		ich of the following is caused by a genetic y?		
	A)	cystic fibrosis	C) D)	hemophilia All answer
	B)	spina bifida	choices are	
66) sickle		e out of African Americans is a carrier of anemia.	C)	10
	A) B)	5 8	C) D)	10 20
	se of	ta, who is from Kenya, has been ill most of her life a blood disorder that prevents some of her body's receiving oxygen. Nika likely suffers from		
	A \	nh anvillatanumia	D)	sickle-cell
	A) B)	phenylketonuria. hemophilia.	anemia.	
	C)	Tay-Sachs disease.		
	,	•		

68)	Which one of the following statements about genetic	counselors is NOT correct?
conduc	A) They identify families at risk by analyzing ance patterns and explore options with the family. B) They can work in administrative positions or et research. C) They can serve as educators and resource people er health care professionals and the public.	D) They must have only an undergraduate degree in order to function as genetic counselors.
69)	Genetic counseling	
disorde	 A) helps people determine if they have genetic ers. B) involves analyzing genetic inheritance patterns. C) can be specialized in prenatal and pediatric 	genetics. D) All answer choices are correct.
70) determ	Which of the following is NOT a prenatal test used to ine abnormalities?	
	A) amniocentesisB) in vitro fertilizationC) chorionic villus sampling	D) maternal blood screening
woman	is a prenatal medical procedure in which requency sound waves are directed into the pregnant a's abdomen. This test can detect many structural malities in the fetus.	
	A) AmniocentesisB) An alpha-fetoprotein testC) Ultrasound sonography	D) Chorionic villus sampling

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72) sample		ing which of the following tests is an actual tissue oved from the placenta?	
	A) B) C)	ultrasound sonography amniocentesis alpha-fetoprotein test	D) chorionic villus sampling
73)	Whe	en can the chorionic villus sampling test be done?	
	A) B) C)	between 10 and 14 weeks of pregnancy between 12 and 16 weeks of pregnancy between 14 and 20 weeks of pregnancy	D) anytime throughout the pregnancy
74) Between week 14 and week 20 of Christa's pregnancy, a prenatal medical procedure was done in which a sample of amniotic fluid was withdrawn by syringe and tested to discover if the fetus was suffering from any chromosomal		a prenatal medical procedure was done in which a mniotic fluid was withdrawn by syringe and tested	or metabolic disorders. What is this procedure called?
	A) B)	maternal blood test ultrasound	C) amniocentesis D) chorionic villus sampling
75) blood s		ain defects can be determined from maternal ning of a high-risk pregnant woman. What are two	examples of these birth defects?
	A) B) C)	sickle-cell and diabetes diabetes and cystic fibrosis autism and language delays	D) spina bifida and Down syndrome

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	A)B)C)	Down syndrome. cystic fibrosis. the infant's gender.	choices are correct.
77)	Infe	ertility is defined as the inability to	
,	A) B) C)	ever conceive a child.	D) conceive a child after one year of regular intercourse.
78) woma		ich of the following is a possible cause of a nfertility problems?	
	A) B) C)	The woman may not be ovulating. The woman may be producing abnormal ova. Her fallopian tubes may be blocked.	D) All answer choices are correct.
79) inferti		ich of the following is a possible cause of a man's problems?	
adequ	A) B) ately C)	The male may produce too few sperm. The sperm may lack motility (the ability to move). The male may have a blocked passageway.	D) All answer choices are correct.
80) comm		ich infertility treatment technique is the most	
	A) B) C)	in vitro fertilization gamete intrafallopian transfer intrauterine insemination	D) zygote intrafallopian transfer

D) All answer

81)	In v	vitro fertilization refers to	
body.	A) B) C)	allowing a fetus to grow outside the body. removal of a fertilized ovum from the mother's fertilization of an ovum outside of the mother's	body in a laboratory. D) fertilization of an ovum inside the mother's body through artificial insemination.
82)	One	e prevalent consequence of fertility treatments is	
	A) B) C)	a decreased possibility of multiple births. making multiple births impossible. an increased possibility of multiple births.	D) birth of fraternal twins, but not identical twins.
	there	ongitudinal study in Denmark investigated whether were differences in behavior or mental health etween children conceived through ART or those	conceived naturally. What were the findings of the study?
rates o	B) of bot C)	Children conceived naturally actually showed sof behavioral problems. Children conceived through ART showed higher the behavioral and mental health problems. Children conceived through ART showed higher navioral problems but not higher rates of mental	health problems. D) There were no significant differences found.
	-	is/are the social and legal process(es) by rent-child relationship is established between related at birth.	
	A) B)	Babysitting Sibling establishment	C) Adoption

adopt a bab	he past several decades, ideas regarding who can by have changed. Who among the following are o adopt a child under current adoption laws?		
A) B) C)	single adults older adults gay and lesbian adults	D) choices are	All answer correct.
that the late	a study by McCall and others (2018), it was found er adoption occurs, the more problems the adoptees at adoptees who have the least adjustment issues are	those adopt	ted before they of age.
A) B)	6 months 24 months	C) D)	18 months 3 years
Pinderhugh	recommendations made by Brodzinsky and nes (2002) an ideal/natural age for adopted children about their familial status is, when		ten begin to ask, I I come from?"
A) B)	2–4 4–6	C) D)	8 11
88) influence o	is the field that seeks to discover the fheredity and environment on individual	differences and develop	in human traits
A) B) C)	Biodynamics Canalization Behavior genetics	D) influences	Environmental

D) Babysitting and sibling establishment

- 89) As a behavior geneticist, which of the following is Dr. Powers most likely to use
 - A) rats
 - B) geriatric patients
 - C) identical twins
 - D) individuals with psychological disorders

90) determ		navior genetics assumes that behaviors are jointly by the interaction of	
	A) B) C)	heredity and environment. environment and nutrition. nutrition and time span.	D) time span and heredity.
91) fratern		e difference in the genetic relationship between two vins versus two identical twins is critical to	behavior genetics-based research because
enviro	B)	identical twins have more canalized traits. fraternal twins have significantly different ntal experiences. identical twins are more genetically similar than	fraternal twins. D) fraternal twins have a much smaller range of reactions.
92) parents	wh	correlations occur because biological o are genetically related to the child provide a	rearing environment for the child.
	A) B) C)	Active (niche-picking) genotype-environment Evocative genotype-environment Passive genotype-environment	D) Shared environmental
93) charac	 teris	correlations occur because a child's tics elicit certain types of environments.	
	A) B) C)	Active (niche-picking) genotype-environment Evocative genotype-environment Passive genotype-environment	D) Shared environmental
			94) Because Jaedyn is a sociable, gregarious child,

		be noticed by her teachers and peers. How does ract with her environment?		
	A) B)	actively passively	C) D)	evocatively prosocially
		correlations occur when children seek out uts that they find compatible and stimulating, as finding a setting that is suited to one's abilities.	D)	Shamad
	A) B) C)	Active (niche-picking) genotype-environment Evocative genotype-environment Passive genotype-environment	D) environmen	Shared ntal
_		are comprised of siblings' common, such as their parents' personalities and orientation, the family's socioeconomic status,	and the nei which they	ghborhood in live.
	A) B) C)	Active (niche-picking) genotype-environments Evocative genotype-environments Nonshared environmental experiences	D) environmen	Shared ntal experiences
	Billy has nonshared environmental experiences. ch of the following experiences is nonshared?			
	A) B) C)	family vacation his sister's birthday party, which he attended being the only one awake during the night hours	D) school with	walking to a siblings
	-	and Jakey live under the same roof with the same is likely that their personalities will be		
			A)	very similar.

B)		D)	identical.
*	ne view states that development is the an ongoing, bidirectional interchange between	heredity and	
A) B)		C) D)	environment cooperative
During pr	baby inherits genes from both parents at conception. enatal development, nutrition and stress can some genes to stop functioning while others become	stronger or weaker. This is an example of	
A) B) C)	nonshared experience.	D) view.	the epigenetic
	person's intelligence, temperament, height, weight, pitch a baseball, and ability to read are all examples	of together.	_ working
A) B) C)	•	D) phenotype	genotype and
,	ne interaction of a specific measured variation in a specific measured aspect of the environment is		
A	gene × environment interaction.	C) formulation	gene 1.
B)	gene + environment interaction.	D)	environment

formulation.

103) The genotype labeled 5-HTTLPR involves a neurotransmitter called

- C) gland.
- D) gene.

- A) hormone.
- B) serotonin.
- **104)** A short version of the genotype 5-HTTLPR may account for people experiencing
 - A) more depression as it relates to stress.
- B) unresolved attachment with the loss of a parent in their childhood.
 - C) both more depression as it relates to stress, and
- unresolved attachment with the loss of a parent in their childhood.
- D) None of the answer choices are correct.
- **105)** Charles Darwin's theory is that natural selection is the evolutionary process that favors individuals of a species that are best adapted to survive and reproduce. Explain this concept.

106) Albert Bandura, who is associated with social cognitive theory, rejects what he calls "one-sided evolutionism." He supports the bidirectional view. Explain,

by providing examples, the bidirectional view.

107) Identify the two areas that will have an effect on the

activity of genes or genetic

109) There are four sex-linked chromosomal abnormalities listed in the text: Klinefelter syndrome, fragile X syndrome, Turner syndrome, and XYY syndrome. Describe two of these.

Describe the processes of mitosis and meiosis.

108)

110) When a man and a woman have trouble conceiving a child, what possibilities in both the male and the female could be prohibiting conception?

111) Several changes have occurred during the past several decades of the twentieth century in the characteristics of both adopted children and adoptive parents. Explain some of these changes.

112) List several reasons why a behavioral geneticist would specialize in research that involves twins.

113) List five reasons siblings raised by the same parents in the same household will display differing personality characteristics.

Answer Key

Test name: Chapter 02 Test Bank

- 1) D
- 2) A
- 3) D
- 4) D
- 5) B
- 6) C
- 7) C
- 8) D
- 9) B
- 10) B
- 11) D
- 12) B
- 13) C
- 14) D
- 15) D
- 16) C
- 17) C
- 18) A
- 19) C

- 20) A
- 21) B
- 22) B
- 23) C
- 24) C
- 25) D
- 26) A
- 27) B
- 28) B
- 29) D
- 30) D
- 31) B
- 32) A
- 33) B
- 34) B
- 35) B
- 36) C
- 37) A
- 38) B
- 39) C
- 40) A

- 41) D
- 42) D
- 43) D
- 44) B
- 45) C
- 46) B
- 47) A
- 48) D
- 49) A
- 50) B
- 51) C
- 52) C
- 53) A
- 54) B
- 55) C
- 56) D
- 57) A
- 58) B
- 59) A
- 60) B
- 61) D

- 62) C
- 63) A
- 64) B
- 65) D
- 66) C
- 67) D
- 68) D
- 69) D
- 70) B
- 71) C
- 72) D
- 73) A
- 74) C
- 75) D
- 76) C
- 77) D
- 78) D
- 79) D
- 80) A
- 81) C
- 82) C

- 83) D
- 84) C
- 85) D
- 86) C
- 87) B
- 88) C
- 89) C
- 90) A
- 91) C
- 92) C
- 93) B
- 94) C
- 95) A
- 96) D
- 97) C
- 98) B
- 99) A
- 100) D
- 101) C
- 102) A
- 103) B

104) A

105) Most organisms reproduce at rates that would cause enormous increases in the population of most species, yet populations remain nearly constant. Darwin reasoned that an intense constant struggle for food, water, and resources must occur among the many young born each generation, a struggle that many of the young do not survive. Those that do survive and reproduce pass on their

characteristics to the next generations.

Darwin believed that these survivors are better adapted to their world.

106) A mother feels that it is her responsibility to raise her baby to be a good child in society, and she manifests this concept in her parenting style; this represents the one-sided view of evolutionism. Bandura's social cognitive theory supports the bidirectional view: He would expect the child to direct his or her emotions and actions toward the mother, and

the mother to, in turn, respond to the child. Therefore, the baby would be socializing the mother to be a good parent.

107) Environment, such as early developmental experiences, and the flow of hormones, such as cortisol (stress hormones)

108) Mitosis is the process by which each chromosome of the cell nucleus duplicates itself. Meiosis is the process by which a cell in the testes and ovaries duplicates its

chromosomes and then divides twice, forming four cells.

109) Klinefelter syndrome is a chromosomal abnormality in which males have an extra X chromosome, making them XXY instead of

XY. Males with this disorder have undeveloped testes

and they usually have enlarged breasts and become unusually tall. Turner syndrome is a chromosomal abnormality in females in which either an X chromosome is missing, making the person XO instead of XX, or the second chromosome is partially deleted. These females are short in stature and have a webbed neck. They might be infertile and have difficulty in mathematics, but their verbal ability is often quite good. In XYY syndrome, a male child has an extra Y chromosome, which can cause above-average height. In

fragile X syndrome, which can occur in females but is more common in males, an abnormality in the X chromosome can cause intellectual disability, learning disabilities, or a short attention span.

110) The cause of infertility can rest with the woman or the man. The woman may not be ovulating, she may be producing abnormal ova, her fallopian tubes may be blocked, or she may have a disease that prevents implantation of the embryo in the uterus. The man may produce too few sperm, the sperm

may lack the ability to move adequately, or he may have a blocked passageway.

111) Prior to the 1960s, most U.S. adopted children were healthy, non-Latino White infants who were adopted at birth or soon after. Now more mothers are keeping their babies and there are fewer babies to adopt, due to contraception and legalized abortion. U.S. couples are increasingly adopting a much wider diversity of children—from other countries, from other ethnic groups, children with physical and/or mental problems, and

children who had been neglected or abused. Changes have occurred in adoptive parents as well. Adoptive parents of the past were primarily of middle- or uppersocioeconomic

status and were married and free of disabilities. Many current adoptive parents are single adults, older adults, and gay and lesbian adults. There are currently fewer restrictive requirements of adoptive parents than there were in the past.

- 112) Students' answers will vary.
- 113) Students' answers will vary.