Chapter 2: The Cultural Context of Classical Myth

Type: multiple choice question Title: Chapter 02 - Question 01

1. How many people does Greece support today?

a. Seventy million

Feedback: page reference: (p. 17)

*b. Eleven million

Feedback: page reference: (p. 17)

c. Six million

Feedback: page reference: (p. 17)

d. Twenty-five million

Feedback: page reference: (p. 17)

Type: multiple response question

Title: Chapter 02 - Question 02

2. The ancient Greeks had access to excellent deposits of which of the following two natural resources?

a. Gold

Feedback: page reference: (p. 18)

*b. Limestone

Feedback: page reference: (p. 18)

c. Copper

Feedback: page reference: (p. 18)

*d. Clay

Feedback: page reference: (p. 18)

Type: multiple response question

Title: Chapter 02 - Question 03

3. What are the two principal groups of Greek islands?

*a. The Cylcades

Feedback: page reference: (p. 20)

b. The Peloponnese

Feedback: page reference: (p. 20)

c. The Tyrrhenians

Feedback: page reference: (p. 20)

*d. The Sporades

Feedback: page reference: (p. 20)

Type: multiple choice question

Title: Chapter 02 - Question 04

4. The people later called the Greeks belonged to a cultural and linguistic group known as the





a. Etruscans

Feedback: page reference: (p. 21)

b. Balkans

Feedback: page reference: (p. 21)

*c. Indo-Europeans

Feedback: page reference: (p. 21)

d. Semitic peoples

Feedback: page reference: (p. 21)

Type: multiple choice question Title: Chapter 02 - Question 05

5. Which ancient script was deciphered by Michael Ventris in 1952 and proved to be an early

form of Greek? a. Linear A

Feedback: page reference: (p. 23)

*b. Linear B

Feedback: page reference: (p. 23)

c. Achaean

Feedback: page reference: (p. 23)

d. Ionic

Feedback: page reference: (p. 23)

Type: multiple choice question

Title: Chapter 02 - Question 06

6. Later Greeks attributed the destruction of the Mycenaean world to an invasion by Greek-

speaking peoples form northwest Greece whom they called the _____.

*a. Dorians

Feedback: page reference: (p. 23)

b. Achaeans

Feedback: page reference: (p. 23)

c. Ionians

Feedback: page reference: (p. 23)

d. Boeotians

Feedback: page reference: (p. 23)

Type: multiple choice question

Title: Chapter 02 - Question 07

7. The Greek alphabet was invented by adapting the writing of which ancient people?

a. The Egyptians

Feedback: page reference: (p. 24)

b. The Babylonians

Feedback: page reference: (p. 24)

c. The Celts



*d. The Phoenicians Feedback: page reference: (p. 24) Type: multiple choice question **Title:** Chapter 02 - Question 08 8. Between 650 and 500 BC, many Greek city-states were ruled by strong men known as a. hoi polloi Feedback: page reference: (p. 26) b. kakoi Feedback: page reference: (p. 26) *c. tyrants Feedback: page reference: (p. 26) d. satraps Feedback: page reference: (p. 26) Type: multiple choice question **Title:** Chapter 02 - Question 09 9. Which Greek historian coined the word *history*, which means "inquiry"? *a. Herodotus Feedback: page reference: (p. 28) b. Thucydides Feedback: page reference: (p. 28) c. Homer Feedback: page reference: (p. 28) d. Aristophanes Feedback: page reference: (p. 28) Type: multiple choice question Title: Chapter 02 - Question 10 10. According to Aristotle, "man is by nature a animal." a. free Feedback: page reference: (p. 28) *b. political Feedback: page reference: (p. 28) c. social Feedback: page reference: (p. 28) d. savage Feedback: page reference: (p. 28)



Type: multiple choice question Title: Chapter 02 - Question 11

Feedback: page reference: (p. 24)

11. We date the start of which period at 323 BC, when Alexander the Great died of fever in Babylon?

a. Byzantine

Feedback: page reference: (p. 30)

b. Roman

Feedback: page reference: (p. 30)

c. Classical

Feedback: page reference: (p. 30)

*d. Hellenistic

Feedback: page reference: (p. 30)

Type: multiple choice question

Title: Chapter 02 - Question 12

12. Between the ages of eighteen and twenty a Greek male was called an _____, "one who had come of age."

a. andreion

Feedback: page reference: (p. 31)

*b. ephebe

Feedback: page reference: (p. 31)

c. hetaera

Feedback: page reference: (p. 31)

d. athlos

Feedback: page reference: (p. 31)

Type: multiple response question

Title: Chapter 02 - Question 13

13. Which of the following were among the principal occupations of a Greek woman throughout her life?

a. philosophy

Feedback: page reference: (p. 34)

*b. spinning wool

Feedback: page reference: (p. 34)

*c. making cloth

Feedback: page reference: (p. 34)

d. making wine

Feedback: page reference: (p. 34)

Type: multiple response question

Title: Chapter 02 - Question 14

14. Which of the following words signify a stage in a Greek female's development?

a. sophrosynê

Feedback: page reference: (pp. 36–37)

*b. gynê



Feedback: page reference: (pp. 36–37)

*c. nymphê

Feedback: page reference: (pp. 36–37)

*d. korê

Feedback: page reference: (pp. 36–37)

Type: multiple choice question

Title: Chapter 02 - Question 15

15. Slaves made up an estimated _____ of the population of the workforce of classical

Athens.

a. three-fifths

Feedback: page reference: (p. 39)

b. one half

Feedback: page reference: (p. 39)

c. one-tenth

Feedback: page reference: (p. 39)

*d. one-fourth or one-third

Feedback: page reference: (p. 39)

Type: multiple response question

Title: Chapter 02 - Question 16

16. Which of the following statements are true of Greek religion?

*a. Priests and priestesses typically came from local families

Feedback: page reference: (p. 41)

*b. Notions of guilt or sin were unknown

Feedback: page reference: (p. 41)

c. The temple was the main place of worship

Feedback: page reference: (p. 41)

*d. When one wanted to know a god's will, one went to a seer or oracle

Feedback: page reference: (p. 41)

Type: multiple choice question

Title: Chapter 02 - Question 17

17. What was the name of the remarkably good-looking man who drowned trying to grasp his own reflection in a spring?

a. Paris

Feedback: page reference: (p. 42)

b. Orestes

Feedback: page reference: (p. 42)

*c. Narcissus

Feedback: page reference: (p. 42)

d. Thyestes

Feedback: page reference: (p. 42)



Type: multiple choice question
Title: Chapter 02 - Question 18
18. At which remote oracle in northwestern Greece did servants of Zeus and Dionê interpret
the rustling of the wind in an oak tree?
*a. Dodona
Feedback: page reference: (pp. 42–43)
b. Delphi
Feedback: page reference: (pp. 42–43)
c. Orchomenos
Feedback: page reference: (pp. 42–43)
d. Metsovo
Feedback: page reference: (pp. 42–43)
Type: multiple choice question
Title: Chapter 02 - Question 19
19. North of Rome lived the powerful, who, like the Greeks, lived in independent city
states.
a. Akkadians
Feedback: page reference: (p. 44)
*b. Etruscans
Feedback: page reference: (p. 44)
c. Hurrians
Feedback: page reference: (p. 44)
d. Carthaginians
Feedback: page reference: (p. 44)
Type: multiple choice question
Title: Chapter 02 - Question 20
20. The early period of Rome, when Rome was ruled mainly by the aristocrats in the Senate, is
known as the
a. Consulate
Feedback: page reference: (p. 44)
b. Principate
Feedback: page reference: (p. 44)
c. Empire
Feedback: page reference: (p. 44)
*d. Republic
Feedback: page reference: (p. 44)
Type: multiple choice question
Title: Chapter 02 - Question 21
21





This is a representation of a _____.

a. haruspicy

Feedback: page reference: (p. 32)

b. gymnasium

Feedback: page reference: (p. 32)

*c. symposium

Feedback: page reference: (p. 32)

d. tropaion

Feedback: page reference: (p. 32)