

***Criminology: Explaining Crime and Its Context*, 10th ed. — CHAPTER 2 Test Bank**

1. Failure to perform a required act such as filing an income tax return or providing proper care to a child in one's custody is a crime of
 - a. commission
 - *b. omission
 - c. passion
 - d. neglect
2. The level of proof required by civil court is
 - *a. a preponderance of the evidence
 - b. beyond a reasonable doubt
 - c. a reasonable suspicion
 - d. probable cause
3. Case that struck down sodomy laws targeted at homosexuals only
 - a. *Coker v Georgia* (1977)
 - b. *Bowers v Hardwick* (1986)
 - *c. *Lawrence v Texas* (2003)
 - d. *Roper v Simmons* (2005)
4. Case holding that one cannot receive the death penalty for the crime of rape
 - *a. *Coker v Georgia* (1977)
 - b. *Bowers v Hardwick* (1986)
 - c. *Lawrence v Texas* (2003)
 - d. *Roper v Simmons* (2005)
5. Combines elements of criminal and civil law. It is based on the delegation of rule-making authority from a legislative body to a regulatory agency.
 - a. juvenile law
 - b. elder law
 - *c. administrative law
 - d. traffic law
6. The two elements of a crime are the
 - a. *mens rea* and *actus reus*
 - b. guilty mind and guilty act
 - *c. both A & B
 - d. none of the above
7. Violations of civil law are called
 - a. infractions
 - *b. torts
 - c. tarts
 - d. violations

8. The goal of criminal justice that requires physically removing an individual's ability to commit crime is
- a. deterrence
 - b. rehabilitation
 - c. retribution
 - *d. incapacitation
9. If a violation of criminal law occurs the case against the defendant is brought by the _____.
- *a. state
 - b. plaintiff
 - c. victim
 - d. petitioner
10. Rules and regulations made to control business, professional, and corporate activities are referred to as
- a. criminal law
 - b. civil law
 - *c. administrative law
 - d. all of the above
11. Criminal acts that are considered the most serious and are punishable by execution or incarceration for one year or longer are
- a. misdemeanors
 - *b. felonies
 - c. violations
 - d. all of the above
12. Offenses that are punishable by fines or less than one year of incarceration are
- a. felonies
 - b. violations
 - *b. misdemeanors
 - c. none of the above
13. In which court is the concept of *intent* not required?
- a. criminal court
 - b. juvenile court
 - c. administrative court
 - *d. civil court
14. Movement in and out of the continuum of socially desirable behavior is what criminologists refer to as the
- a. socialization effect
 - b. paradigm shift
 - *c. relativity of crime
 - d. none of the above
15. The belief that one's own cultural norms are superior to any other is known as
- *a. ethnocentrism
 - b. utilitarianism
 - c. deontology
 - d. none of the above

16. The comedy spoof *The Interview* came under protest because of fictitious plot to assassinate:

- *a. Kim Jong Un
- b. The Prophet Mohammed
- c. Fidel Castro
- d. Prince Harry

17. The American system of justice is made of which of these entities:

- a. police
- b. courts
- c. corrections
- *d. all of the above

18. Civil law can be retroactive.

- *a. True
- b. False

19. Rehabilitation refers to using punishment to restore a moral balance after a crime has occurred.

- a. True
- *b. False

20. An offender can be found *not guilty* in criminal court and subsequently found *guilty* in civil court for the same offense.

- *a. True
- b. False

21. Civil court cases are brought by an individual petitioner against a defendant.

- *a. True
- b. False

22. Deterrence, incapacitation, and rehabilitation are the three goals of criminal justice.

- a. True
- *b. False

23. The consensus perspective maintains that criminal law develops and operates in the interest of society at large.

- *a. True
- b. False

24. From the consensus orientation, criminal law is seen as operating in the interest of a wealthy and powerful elite whose desires often conflict with those of members of less privileged groups.

- a. True
- *b. False

25. In the United States, *Roe v. Wade* (1973) is an example of relativity across space because some states allow abortion and some states do not.

- a. True
- *b. False

26. Alcohol kills more people every year than all illegal drugs combined.

- *a. True
- b. False

27. The use of punitive sanctions to dissuade persons from committing criminal offenses in the future is referred to as deterrence.

*a. True

b. False

28. *Charlie Hebdo* was attacked because it was a derogatory movie about North Korean leader Kim Jong Un.

a. True

*b. False

29. As of 2016, 37 of 50 states have legalized marijuana in some form

*a. True

b. False

30. Robbery is the breaking and entering the dwelling house of another in the nighttime with the intent to commit a felony therein

a. True

*b. False