

## Chapter 2

### Test Bank

**Type: multiple choice question**

**Title:** Chapter 02 Question 01

1) Why is the New Testament a problematic source for understanding the historical Jesus?

**Feedback:** Rise of Christianity

**Page reference:** 28

- \*a. It is more concerned with the meaning of his ministry than fact
- b. It is an objective biography of Jesus that omits important symbolism
- c. The Gospels were not written until several centuries after Jesus' death
- d. The Gospels are aimed exclusively at a Roman audience

**Type: multiple choice question**

**Title:** Chapter 02 Question 02

2) Which of the following best describes the growth of Christianity in the West?

**Feedback:** Rise of Christianity

**Page reference:** 30

- a. Immediately popular among Jews only
- b. State-supported from the start
- \*c. Slow, uncertain, and subject to persecution
- d. Driven by violence

**Type: fill-in-blank**

**Title:** Chapter 02 Question 03

3) \_\_\_\_\_ is the term for a divinely appointed savior in the Jewish tradition.

**Feedback:** Rise of Christianity

**Section reference:** p. 30

- a. Messiah

**Type: multiple choice question**

**Title:** Chapter 02 Question 04

4) Which of the following Jewish sects refers to spiritual reformers who sought mystical union with the divine?

**Feedback:** Before Christ

**Page reference:** 31

- a. Pharisees
- b. Sadducees
- c. Zealots
- \*d. Essenes

**Type: multiple choice question**

**Title:** Chapter 02 Question 05

5) How did the Roman religion typically treat other polytheisms?

**Feedback:** Growth of the New Religion

**Page reference:** 33

- a. It rejected them as enemy religions
- \*b. It accommodated and incorporated them
- c. It replaced its own deities with new ones
- d. It paid no attention to them

**Type: multiple response question**

**Title:** Chapter 02 Question 06

6) Which of the following are properties of mystery religions? (Select all that apply)

**Feedback:** Growth of the New Religion

**Page reference:** 31

- \*a. A priesthood that held spiritual power
- b. Veneration of the *Lares*
- c. State-based rituals
- \*d. Belief in sacred and eternal mysteries

**Type: fill-in-blank**

**Title:** Chapter 02 Question 07

7) \_\_\_\_\_ was the individual primarily responsible for spreading Christianity widely and highlighting its distinction from Judaism.

**Feedback:** Growth of the New Religion

**Section reference:** 29

- a. Paul

**Type: multiple response question**

**Title:** Chapter 02 Question 08

8) Which of the following contributed to Roman persecution of Christians? (Select all that apply)

**Feedback:** The Problem of Persecution

**Page reference:** 40

- a. Christian belief in a god other than those the Romans worshipped
- \*b. Christian tendencies to worship privately
- \*c. Christian refusal to serve in the Roman army
- \*d. Christian denunciation of state gods

**Type: fill-in-blank**

**Title:** Chapter 02 Question 09

9) \_\_\_\_\_ was the emperor who inflicted the worst persecution on Christians.

**Feedback:** The Problem of Persecution

**Section reference:** p. 41

- a. Diocletian

**Type: fill-in-blank**

**Title:** Chapter 02 Question 10

10) \_\_\_\_\_ means a system of rational thought that elucidates divine mysteries, serving as the cornerstone of religion.

**Feedback:** The Problem of Heresy

**Section reference:** p. 43

- a. Theology

**Type: multiple choice question**

**Title:** Chapter 02 Question 11

11) Which of the following best describes the state of early Christianity around the age of persecutions?

**Feedback:** The Problem of Heresy

**Page reference:** 43

- a. A clear, central authority that dictated doctrine
- b. A series of authorities that all agreed on doctrine
- c. A single community that misinterpreted Jesus' teachings
- \*d. A fractured series of communities that struggled to define doctrine

**Type: multiple response question**

**Title:** Chapter 02 Question 12

12) Which heresies threatened the doctrinal unity of early Christianity? (Select all that apply)

**Feedback:** The Problem of Heresy

**Page reference:** 44

- a. Catharism
- \*b. Donatism
- c. Gnosticism
- \*d. Arianism

**Type: multiple choice question**

**Title:** Chapter 02 Question 13

**13)** Which of the following is NOT a contribution Constantine made to the growth of Christianity in the fourth century?

**Feedback:** Constantine and Theodosius

**Page reference:** 46-47

- \*a. Requiring all Roman citizens to convert to Christianity
- b. Building basilicas like St Peter's
- c. Legally ending imperial persecution
- d. Educating and providing resources for priests

**Type: multiple choice question**

**Title:** Chapter 02 Question 14

**14)** What purpose did the Nicene Creed serve?

**Feedback:** Constantine and Theodosius

**Page reference:** 47

- a. It placed the emperor in charge of the Christian Church
- b. It established a precedent of flexibility regarding Christian doctrine
- \*c. It laid out a formal declaration of orthodox Christian beliefs
- d. It reconciled Arian and orthodox Christian beliefs

**Type: multiple choice question**

**Title:** Chapter 02 Question 15

**15)** What event of 391 CE decisively cleared a path for Christianity's growth?

**Feedback:** Constantine and Theodosius

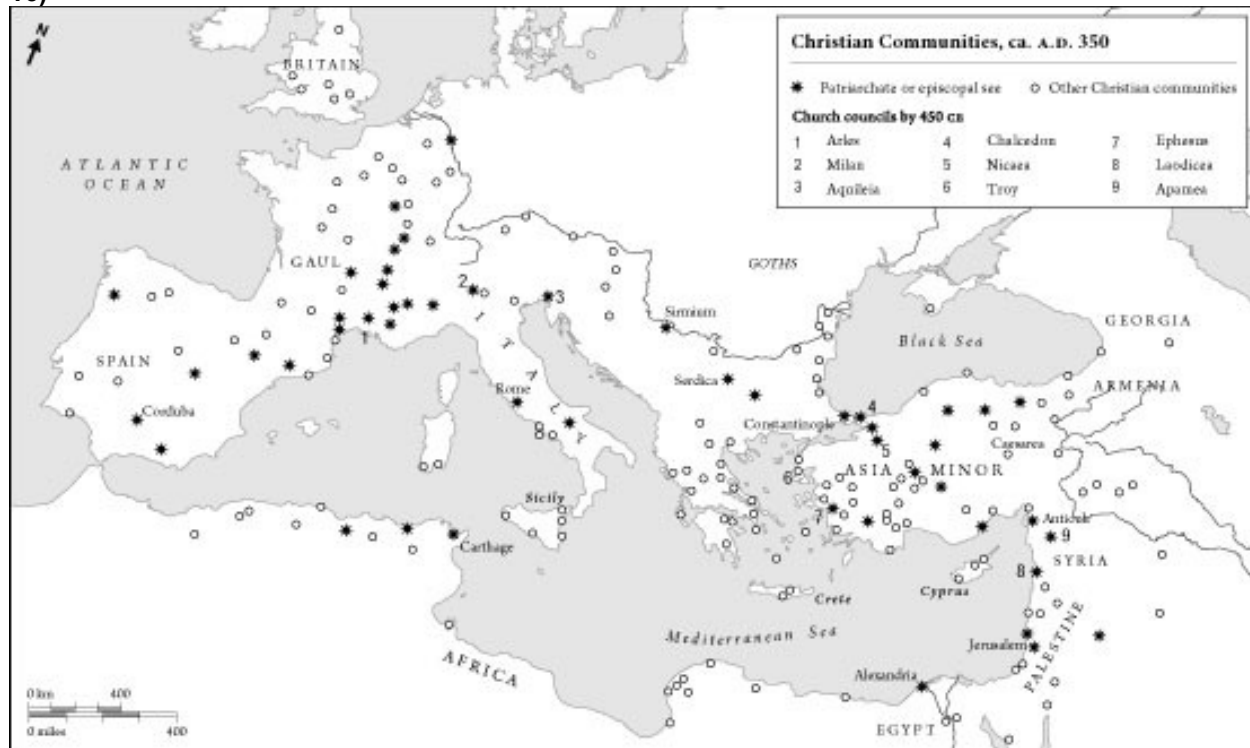
**Page reference:** 49

- \*a. Theodosius declared Christianity the official religion of the empire
- b. Theodosius declared Christianity one of the official religions of the empire
- c. Constantine converted to Christianity
- d. Constantine passed the Edict of Milan

Type: multiple choice question

Title: Chapter 02 Question 16

16)



What is true about the church councils called before 450 CE?

**Feedback:** Constantine and Theodosius

**Page reference:** 51

- a. They are geographically centered around Rome
- \*b. They are geographically diverse, from Western Europe to the Near East
- c. They all occur in Western Europe
- d. They all occur in the Near East

**Type: multiple choice question**

**Title:** Chapter 02 Question 17

**17)**



What figures does this painting depict?

**Feedback:** Responses to Imperialization

**Page reference:** 53

- a. Saints martyred by Diocletian
- b. Emperors who supported Christianity
- c. The leaders of heresies
- \*d. The Latin Doctors

**Type: fill-in-blank**

**Title:** Chapter 02 Question 18

**18)** \_\_\_\_\_ refers to St Jerome's translation of the Bible into Latin.

**Feedback:** Responses to Imperialization

**Section reference:** p. 55

- a. Vulgate

**Type: multiple choice question**

**Title:** Chapter 02 Question 19

**19)** What philosophy inspired St Augustine to focus on the difference between the material and spiritual worlds?

**Feedback:** Responses to Imperialization

**Page reference:** 57

- a. Manichaeism
- \*b. Neo-Platonism
- c. Donatism
- d. Aristotelianism

**Type: fill-in-blank**

**Title:** Chapter 02 Question 20

**20)** The sack of \_\_\_\_\_ heralded the end of the world for many fifth-century people.

**Feedback:** Responses to Imperialization

**Section reference:** p. 56

**a. Rome**