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CHAPTER 1 Whole Numbers

Section 1.1: An Introduction to the Whole Numbers

VOCABULARY

- 1. The numbers 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9 are the digits.
- **3.** When we write five thousand eighty-nine as 5,089, we are writing the number in <u>standard</u> form.
- 5. When 297 is written as 200 + 90 + 7, we are writing 297 in <u>expanded</u> form.
- 7. The symbols < and > are <u>inequality</u> symbols.

CONCEPTS

9. Trillions Billions Millions Thousands Ones

1,3 4 2,5 8 7,2 0 0,9 4 6

- **11.** a. forty
 - b. ninety
 - c. sixty-eight
 - d. fifteen

13.

15.

17.

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

19. 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

NOTATION

21. The symbols { }, called <u>braces</u>, are used when writing a set.

- **23.** a. 3 tens
 - b. 7
 - c. 6 hundreds
 - d. 5
- **25.** a. 6 millions
 - b. 7
 - c. 3 ten millions
 - d. 9

- **27.** 93 = ninety-three
- **29.** 732 = seven hundred thirty-two
- **31.** 154,302 = one hundred fifty-four thousand, three hundred two
- **33.** 14,432,500 = fourteen million, four hundred thirty-two thousand, five hundred
- 35. 970,031,500,104 = nine hundred seventy billion, thirty-one million, five hundred thousand, one hundred four
- **37.** 82,000,415 = eighty-two million, four hundred fifteen
- **39.** 3,737
- **41.** 930
- **43.** 7,021
- **45.** 26,000,432
- **47.** 245 = 200 + 40 + 5
- **49.** 3,609 = 3,000 + 600 + 9
- **51.** 72,533 = 70,000 + 2,000 + 500 + 30 + 3
- 53 104,401 = 100,000 + 4,000 + 400 + 1
- **55.** 8,403,613 = 8,000,000 + 400,000 + 3,000 + 600 + 10 + 3
- **57.** 26,000,156 = 20,000,000 + 6,000,000 + 100 + 50 + 6
- **59.** a. 11 > 8
- b. 29 < 54
- **61.** a. 12,321 > 12,209
- b. 23,223 < 23,231
- 63. 98.150. since 4 < 5
- **65.** 512.970, since $7 \ge 5$
- 67. 8,400, since $5 \ge 5$
- **69.** 32,400, since 3 < 5
- 71. 66,000, (since $8 \ge 5$, 981 rounds to 1,000)
- 73. 2,581,000, (since $5 \ge 5$, 952 rounds to 1,000)
- **75.** 53,000 ; 50,000
- **77.** 77,000; 80,000
- **79.** 816,000; 820,000
- **81.** 297,000 ; 300,000
- **83.** a. 79,590
- b. 79,600
- c. 80,000
- d. 80,000
- **85.** a. \$419,160
- b. \$419,200
- c. \$419,000
- d. \$420,000
- **87.** 40,025

89. 202,036

91. 27,598

93. 10,700,506

LOOK ALIKES

95. a. 1,000,600,000,000

b. 1,000,600,000

c. 1,000,600

97. a. 9,000,000,000

b. 9,000,000,000

APPLICATIONS

99. Aisha is the closest to \$4,745 without being over.

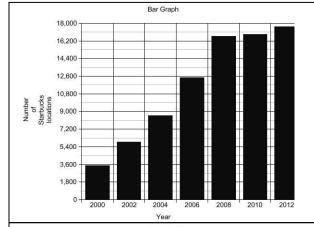
101. a. Under \$25,000

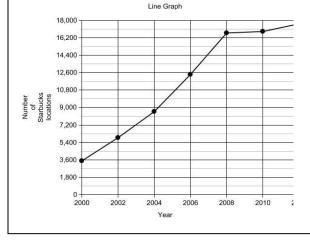
b. \$100,000 and Over

c. 17 million renter households

d. 5 million renter households

103.





105. Fifteen thousand, six hundred one Three thousand, four hundred thirty-three

107. 1,865,593; 482,880; 1,503; 269; 43,449

109. a. hundred thousands

b. 980,000,000; 900,000,000+80,000,000

c. 1,000,000,000; one billion

WRITING

111. To round 687 to the nearest ten, look to the right of the tens place. Since this digit is 7, increase the 8 in the tens place to 9 and make the ones place a zero. So, to the nearest ten, 687 is approximately 690.

113. Because **1**,000 (3 zeros) is a thousand 1s, so **1**,000,000 is a thousand thousands.

115. 2, 10, 0, 1,000, 80 12, 3, 100, 2, 0

117. Two hours is too long to wait!

Section 1.2: Adding and Subtracting Whole Numbers

VOCABULARY

 $10 + 15_{addend} = 25_{sum}$

3. The <u>commutative</u> property of addition states that the order in which whole numbers are added does not change their sum.

5. To see whether the result of an addition is reasonable, we can round the addends and <u>estimate</u> the sum.

7. The figure on the left is an example of a <u>rectangle</u>. The figure on the right is an example of a <u>square</u>.

9. When all the sides of a rectangle are the same length, we call the rectangle a <u>square</u>.

CONCEPTS

11. a. commutative property of addition

b. associative property of addition

c. associative property of addition

d. commutative property of addition

13. Fill in the blank: Any number added to $\underline{0}$ stays the same.

NOTATION

15. The addition symbol + is read as "plus."

17. 33 + 12 = 45

19. (36+11)+5=47+5

=52

- 21. 25 <u>+13</u> 38
- 23. 406 <u>+283</u> 689
- 25. 21 31 <u>+24</u> 76
- 27. 603 152 <u>+121</u> 876
- 29. ¹ 19 <u>+16</u> 35
- 31. ¹45 <u>+47</u> 92
- **33.** 52 <u>+18</u> 70
- $\overset{\scriptscriptstyle{1}}{2}8$ **35.** <u>+47</u> 75
- **37.** 156 +305 461

- 1 1 1 **39.** 4,301 789 +3,847 8,937
- $^{2}_{9,758}$ 41. 586 +7,799 18,143
- ² ³ 346 43. 217 568 <u>+679</u> 1,810
- **45.** (9+3)+7=9+(3+7)=9+10=19
- **47.** (13+8)+12=13+(8+12)=13+20= 33
- **49.** 94+(6+37)=(94+6)+37=100+37=137
- 51. 125 + (75 + 41) = (125 + 75) + 41=200+41= 241
- 53. 4+8+16+1+1=(4+16)+(8+1+1)=20+10= 30
- 55. 23+5+7+15+10=(23+7)+(5+15)+10=30+20+10=60

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- 57. 624+905+86=(624+86)+905= 710+905= 1,615

59.
$$457 + 97 + 653 = 457 + (97 + 653)$$

= $457 + 750$
= $1,207$

- 700 800 10,000 20,000 + 6,000 37,500
- 63. 600,000 20,000 300,000 + 100,000 1,020,000
- **65.** 32 + 12 + 32 + 12 = 88 ft.
- **67.** 17 + 17 + 17 + 17 = 68 in.
- **69.** 94 + 94 + 94 + 94 = 376 mi.
- 71. 87 + 6 + 87 + 6 = 186 cm.

TRY IT YOURSELF

- 73. 8,539 + 7,368 15,907
- 75. 51,246 578 37 + 4,599 56,460

77.
$$(45+16)+4=45+20$$

= 65

81.
$$16,427+13,573=30,000$$

85.
$$3,156+1,578+6,578=11,312$$

87.
$$12+1+8+4+9+16$$

$$= (12+8)+(1+9)+(4+16)$$

$$= 20+10+20$$

$$= 50$$

LOOK ALIKES

89. a.
$$299 + 99 = 398$$

b.
$$99 + 299 = 398$$

APPLICATIONS

93.
$$24 + 35 + 16 + 16 = 91$$
 ft.

95.
$$540 + 230 + 150 + 170 = 990$$
 calories

99.	Number of safe bridges	Number of bridges that need repair	Number of outdated bridges that should be replaced	Total number of bridges
	464,859	61,365	84,525	610,749

$$50+50+46+46+6+6+6+6=216$$
 inches

109. Traffic Accidents Police used an entire roll of yellow "DO NOT CROSS" barricade tape to seal off a rectangular region around an automobile accident, as shown below. The width of the rectangle was 50 feet and the length was 25 feet more than that. How long was the roll of yellow tape?

$$50+50+(50+25)+(50+25)=250$$
 feet

Explain why the operation of addition is commutative.Addition is commutative because the addends can be added in any order without changing the

WRITING

113. Benefit: faster; Tradeoff: less accurate

REVIEW

115. a.
$$3,000 + 100 + 20 + 5$$

b.
$$60,000 + 30 + 7$$

Section 1.3: Multiplying Whole Numbers

VOCABULARY

1.
$$25 - 10 = 15$$
 minuend subtrahend difference

- **3.** The words *fall*, *lose*, *reduce*, and *decrease* often indicate the operation of <u>subtraction</u>.
- **5.** To see whether the result of a subtraction is reasonable, we can round the minuend and subtrahend and <u>estimate</u> the difference

CONCEPTS

- 7. The subtraction 7 3 = 4 is related to the addition statement 4 + 3 = 7.
- **9.** To *evaluate* (find the value of) an expression that contains both addition and subtraction, we perform the operations as they occur from <u>left</u> to right.
- **11.** The subtraction symbol is read as "minus."

NOTATION

13. 83 - 30 is correct.

27.
$$\overset{4}{\cancel{5}}\overset{13}{\cancel{5}}$$
 $\overset{-1}{\cancel{5}}$ $\overset{7}{\cancel{5}}$ $\overset{7}{\cancel{5}}$ $\overset{7}{\cancel{5}}$ $\overset{7}{\cancel{5}}$

29.
$$\begin{cases} 8 & 16 \\ 9 & 6 \end{cases}$$
 $\frac{-4}{4} & 8$

33.
$$6, \cancel{9} \cancel{6}, \cancel{1}$$

$$- 478$$

$$6, 483$$

39.
$$123+175=298$$
 correct

47.
$$35-12+6=23+6$$

= 29

49.
$$56-31+12=25+12$$

= 37

51.
$$574 + 47 - 13 = 621 - 13$$

= 608

53.
$$966+143-61=1,109-61$$

= 1,048

55.
$$\stackrel{3}{\cancel{4}} \stackrel{10}{\cancel{1}} \stackrel{16}{\cancel{6}} = \frac{-3}{5} \stackrel{5}{\cancel{7}} \frac{7}{5} \stackrel{9}{\cancel{9}}$$

TRY IT YOURSELF

63.
$$633 - 598 + 30 = 35 + 30$$

= 65

65.
$$420 - 390 = 30$$

67.
$$20,007-78=19,929$$

69.
$$852 - 695 + 40 = 157 + 40$$

= 197

77.
$$120+30-40=150-40$$

=110

LOOK ALIKES

81.
$$\begin{array}{c} \overset{\circ}{2} & \overset{\circ}{\cancel{\cancel{N}}} & \overset{17}{\cancel{\cancel{N}}} \\ 29, & \cancel{\cancel{N}} & \cancel{\cancel{N}} \\ -10, 00 & 8 \\ \hline 19, 29 & 9 \end{array}$$

APPLICATIONS

87.
$$2,623 - 351 = 2,272$$
 lbs.

89. Farmer's Markets See the graph below. How many more farmer's markets were there in 2012 compared to 2008?

$$7,864-4,685 = 3,179$$
 more markets

91.
$$71,649 - 70,154 = 1,495$$
 miles

93.
$$510 - 85 = $425$$

95. The Stock Market How many points did the Dow Jones Industrial Average gain on the day described by the graph?

$$14,005-13,972=33$$
 points

97.
$$1,947-183=1,764^{\circ}F$$

99. Telephones As of 2013, the state of Florida has 14 fewer area codes than California. If California has 31 area codes, how many does Florida have?

$$31 - 14 = 17$$

101. Banking A savings account contained \$1,370. After a withdrawal of \$197 and a deposit of \$340, how much was left in the account?

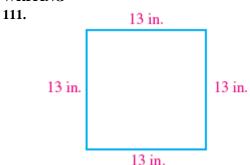
$$1,370-197+340=1,173+340$$

= \$1,513

105. Because taking 2 things from 3 things is not equivalent to taking 3 things from 2 things.

107. By adding the difference to the subtrahend, you should get the minuend.

WRITING



$$13+13+13+13=52$$
 inches

REVIEW

Section 1.4: Dividing Whole Numbers

VOCABULARY

1.
$$5 \cdot 10 = 50$$
 factor factor product

- 3. The <u>commutative</u> property of multiplication states that the order in which whole numbers are multiplied does not change their product. The <u>associative</u> property of multiplication states that the way in which whole numbers are grouped does not change their product.
- 5. If a square measures 1 inch on a side, its area is 1 square inch.

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- 11. a. area
 - b. perimeter
 - c. area
 - d. perimeter

13.
$$\times$$
 , \cdot , ()

15.
$$A = l \cdot w$$
 or $A = lw$

NOTATION

17.
$$\frac{3}{15}$$

$$\times \frac{7}{105}$$

19.
$$\frac{3}{34}$$
 $\times 8$ $\frac{8}{272}$

- **21.** 100 has 2 zeros : attach 2 zeros : 3,700
- **23.** 10 has 1 zero : attach 1 zero : 750
- **25.** 10,000 has 4 zeros : attach 4 zeros : 1,070,000
- 27. 1,000 has 3 zeros : attach 3 zeros : 512,000

29.
$$68 \cdot 4 = 272$$

 $68 \cdot 40 = 2,720$

31.
$$56 \cdot 2 = 112$$

 $56 \cdot 200 = 11,200$

33.
$$13 \cdot 3 = 39$$

 $130(3,000) = 390,000$

35.
$$27 \cdot 4 = 108$$

 $2,700(40,000) = 108,000,000$

39.
$$287$$

$$\times 64$$

$$1,148$$

$$17,220$$

$$18,368$$

41.
$$602 \cdot 679 = 600 \cdot 679 + 2 \cdot 679$$

= $407,400+1,358$
= $408,758$

43.
$$3,002(5,619) = 3,000(5,619) + 2(5,619)$$

= 16,857,000+11,238
= 16,868,238

45.
$$(18 \cdot 20) \cdot 5 = 18 \cdot (20 \cdot 5) = 18 \cdot 100$$

= 1,800

47.
$$250 \cdot (4.135) = (250.4) \cdot 135$$

= $1000 \cdot 135$
= $135,000$

49.
$$90 \cdot 200 = 18,000$$

$$51. \qquad 200 \cdot 2,000 = 400,000$$

53.
$$6 \cdot 14 = 84 \text{ in}^2$$
.

55.
$$12 \cdot 12 = 144 \text{ in}^2$$
.

57.
$$2^{13}$$

$$\times 7$$

$$1,491$$

59.
$$34,474$$

$$\times 2$$

$$68,948$$

TRY IT YOURSELF

63.
$$44(55)(0)=0$$

65.
$$53 \cdot 3 = 159$$

 $53 \cdot 30 = 1,590$

67.
$$754$$

$$\times 59$$

$$6786$$

$$+37700$$

$$44,486$$

71.
$$916$$

$$\times 409$$

$$8 244$$

$$00 000$$

$$+366 400$$

$$374,644$$

73.
$$25 \cdot (4.99) = (25.4) \cdot 99 = 100.99$$

= 9,900

75.
$$48 \cdot 5 = 240$$

 $4,800 \cdot 500 = 2,400,000$

81. a.
$$16 + 9 = 25$$

b. $16 - 9 = 7$
c. $16 \cdot 9 = 144$

83. a.
$$405 + 57 = 462$$

b. $405 - 57 = 348$
c. $405 \cdot 57 = 23,085$

85.
$$2 \cdot 36 = 72$$
 cups of raisins

LOOK ALIKES

87.
$$12 \cdot 17 = 204$$
 grams of fat

89.
$$60.65 = 3,900$$
 times per minute

APPLICATIONS

91.
$$12 \cdot 5{,}280 = 63{,}360$$
 in. in a mile

93.
$$250 \cdot 308 = 77,000$$
 words

95.
$$36 \cdot 174,000 = \$6,264,000$$
 per year

97.
$$8.9 = 72$$
 entries

99.
$$17 \cdot 33 = 561$$
: There are 561 students and 1 instructor, so since $562 < 570$ they are O.K.

101.
$$3 \cdot 6 = 18$$
 hours asleep

103. $6 \cdot 27,000 = 162,000$ attacks

105.
$$2 \cdot 3 \cdot 14 = 6 \cdot 14$$

= 84 pills

107.
$$3 \cdot 18 = 54 \text{ ft}^2$$
.

109. Perimeter:
$$360 + 270 + 360 + 270 = 1,260 \text{ mi.}$$

Area: $360 \cdot 270 = 97,200 \text{ mi}^2$.

WRITING

111. 1 foot is a unit of length, while 1 square foot is a unit of area.

113.
$$10,357+9,809+476=20,642$$

Section 1.5: Prime Factors and Exponents

1.
$$12_{dividend} \div 4_{divisor} = 3_{quotient}$$

$$\frac{3}{divisor} \rightarrow 4)12 \leftarrow quotient$$

$$divisor \rightarrow 4)12 \leftarrow dividend$$

$$\frac{dividend \rightarrow}{divisor \rightarrow} \frac{12}{4} = 3 \leftarrow quotient$$

3. The problem 6)246 is written in <u>long</u> division form.

5. One number is <u>divisible</u> by another number if, when we divide them, the remainder is 0.

CONCEPTS

7. a. 7 groups of 3

b. 5 groups of 4, 2 left over

9. a.
$$\frac{25}{25} = 1$$
 b. $\frac{6}{1} = 6$

c.
$$\frac{100}{0}$$
 is undefined d. $\frac{0}{12} = 0$

11.
$$\frac{2}{\text{a. 5})1147}$$
 b. $9)587$

c.
$$23\overline{\smash)7501}$$
 d. $16\overline{\smash)892}$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 & 37 \\
 & \times & 9 \\
\hline
 & 333
\end{array}$$

d. 10

NOTATION

17.
$$\div$$
 , $\overline{}$, $-$

19.
$$\frac{5}{9)45}$$
 because $5.9 = 45$.

21.
$$44 \div 11 = 4$$
 because $4 \cdot 11 = 44$.

23.
$$7 \cdot 3 = 21$$

25.
$$6.12 = 72$$

27.
$$\frac{16}{6)96}$$
 $-\frac{6}{36}$
 $-\frac{36}{0}$
Check: $6(16) = 96$

29.
$$\frac{29}{3)87}$$
 $-\frac{6}{27}$
 $-\frac{27}{0}$
Check: $3(29) = 87$

Check:
$$7(325) = 2275$$

33.
$$\frac{218}{9)1962}$$

$$-18$$

$$16$$

$$-9$$

$$72$$

$$-72$$

$$0$$
Check: $9(218) = 1962$

35.
$$\frac{504}{62)31248}$$

$$-310$$

$$24$$

$$-0$$

$$248$$

$$-248$$

$$0$$
Check: $62(504) = 31,248$

37.
$$\frac{602}{37)22274}$$

$$-222$$

$$07$$

$$-0$$

$$74$$

$$-74$$

$$0$$
Check: $37(602) = 22,274$

39.
$$\frac{39}{24)951}$$

$$-\frac{72}{231}$$

$$-\frac{216}{15}$$
39 R 15

Check:
$$39 \cdot 24 + 15 = 951$$

41.
$$\frac{21}{46)999}$$
 $-\frac{92}{79}$
 $-\frac{46}{33}$
 $21 \text{ R } 33$
Check: $21 \cdot 46 + 33 = 999$

43.
$$\frac{47}{524\sqrt{24714}}$$

$$-2096$$

$$3754$$

$$-3668$$

$$86$$
Check: $47.524 + 86 = 24,714$

Check ·	19.178 + 132 = 3,5	514
CHCCK.	17 170 1132 - 3,	717

	Divisible by	2	3	4	5	6	9	10
47.	2,940	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y		Y
49.	43,785		Y		Y		Y	
51.	181,223							
53.	9,499,200	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y		Y

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- 55. 10 has 1 zero: take away 1 zero: 70
- 57. Begin by cancelling a zero from each.

- $360,000 \div 40 = 9,000$ **59.**
- 61. $50,000 \div 1,000 = 50$

TRY IT YOURSELF

67.
$$\frac{8}{31)273}$$
 $\underline{-248}$

$$\frac{-24}{0}$$

$$\frac{-261}{0}$$

77.
$$\frac{5}{15)75}$$

81. 30 42)1273 -126

- **83.** 1,000 has 3 zeros : remove 3 zeros : 89
- 85. $\frac{7}{8)57}$ $\frac{-56}{1}$

LOOK ALIKES

87. a. 368,000 ÷ 10 = 36,800 b. 368,000 ÷ 100 = 3,680 c. 368,000 ÷ 1,000 = 368

89. a. $607 \div 12 = 50 \text{ R } 7$ b. $608 \div 12 = 50 \text{ R } 8$ c. $606 \div 12 = 50 \text{ R } 6$

APPLICATIONS

91. $2500 \div 4 = 625$ tickets

93. $405 \div 15 = 27$ trips

95. $50 \div 23 = 2R4$ Each student got 2 cartons, with 4 left over.

97. $640 \div 68 = 9R28$ It can be filled 9 times with 28 oz. left.

99. $58,000 \div 4 = 14,500$ There are 14,500 lbs. on each jack.

101. $25,200 \div 240 = 105 per book

103. $700 \div 140 = 5$ miles per gallon

105. $156 \div 12 = 13$ They should order 13 dozen donuts.

107. $216 \div 7 \approx 30.86$ - teams won't have the same number

 $216 \div 8 = 27$ - not an even number of teams

 $216 \div 9 = 24$ GOOD CHOICE

 $216 \div 10 = 21.6\,$ - teams won't have the same number

There are 24 teams with 9 girls each.

Divide each by 12: Health Sciences: \$4,059; Business: \$4,353; Social Sciences: \$3,882

WRITING

111. Find out how many times you must subtract 6 from 24 to get 0.

113. $30-2\cdot8=30-16=14$

Since 14 is divisible by 7, 308 is also.

LOOK ALIKES

115. a. 272 + 4 = 276b. 272 - 4 = 268c. $272 \cdot 4 = 1,088$

d. $272 \div 4 = 68$

117. a. 1,104 + 46 = 1,150

b. 1,104 - 46 = 1,058

c. $1,104 \cdot 46 = 50,784$

d. $1,104 \div 46 = 24$

Section 1.6: The Least Common Multiple and the Greatest Common Factor

VOCABULARY

1. A <u>strategy</u> is a careful plan or method.

3. reduced

subtraction

5. triple

multiplication

- 14 Basic Mathematics with Early Integers, 6e
- 7. gained

addition

9. rectangular array

multiplication

11. how many does each

division

CONCEPTS

13. Write the following steps of the problem-solving strategy in the correct order:

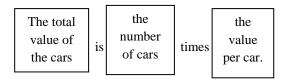
Analyze, Form, Calculate, State, Check

15. Multiply 15 and 8. Then divide that result by 3.

$$(15 \cdot 8) \div 3 = 120 \div 3 = 40$$

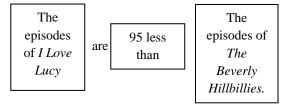
GUIDED PRACTICE

17. Trucking. An automobile transport is loaded with 9 new Chevrolet Malibu sedans, each valued at \$21,605. What is the total value of the cars carried by the transport?



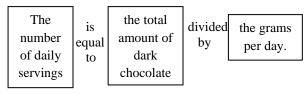
Total value = $9 \cdot \$21,605 = \$194,445$ The total value of the cars is \$194,445.

19. TV history. There were 95 fewer episodes of *I Love Lucy* made than episodes of *The Beverly Hillbillies*. If there are 274 episodes of *The Beverly Hillbillies*, how many episodes of *I Love Lucy* are there?



There were 179 episodes of *I Love Lucy*.

21. Chocolate. A study found that 7 grams of dark chocolate per day is the ideal amount to protect again the risk of a heart attack. How many daily servings at there in a bar of dark chocolate weighing 98 grams? (Source: ScienceDaily.com)



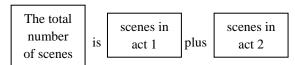
Daily servings =
$$98 \div 7$$

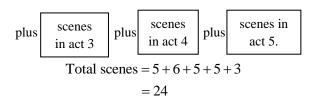
= 14

There are 14 daily servings in the bar of chocolate.

23. Theater. The play *Romeo and Juliet* by William Shakespeare has five acts. The first act has 5 scenes. The second act has 6 scenes. The third and fourth acts each have 5 scenes, and the last act has 3 scenes. In all, how many scenes are there in the play?

Act	Number of Scenes
1	5
2	6
3	5
4	5
5	3





There are 24 scenes in the play.

25. Baking. A baker uses 3-ounce pieces of bread dough to make dinner rolls. How many dinner rolls can he make from 5 pounds of dough? (*Hint:* There are 16 ounces in one pound.)

5 pounds =
$$5 \cdot 16$$

= 80 ounces

The number of dinner rolls

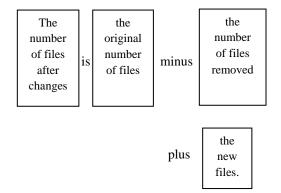
the total amount of dough by the amount of dough in each roll.

Number of rolls =
$$80 \div 3$$

= $26R.2$

The baker can make 26 rolls with 2 ounces of dough left over to make one small roll.

27. **Laptops.** A folder named "Vacation" on a student's Sony Vaio contained 81 HD video files. To free up 15 gigabytes of storage space, he deleted 26 of the files from that folder. Then, 48 hours later, he added 13 new HD video files (2) gigabytes) into it. How many HD video files are now in the student's "Vacation" folder?



New files =
$$81 - 26 + 13$$

= 68

The student has 68 files after the changes.

TRY IT YOURSELF

Forests. Canada has 2,342,949 fewer square miles of forest than Russia. The United States has 71,730 fewer square miles of forest than Canada. If Russia has 3,287,243 square miles of forest (the most of any country in the world), how many square miles does the United States have?

(Source: mapsofworld.com)

Russia = 3,287,243 square miles Canada = Russia - 2.342.949= 944,294 square miles

U.S. = Canada - 71,730 = 944,294 - 71,730= 872,564 square miles

The Unites States has 872,564 square miles of forest.

31. **Batman.** As of 2012, the worldwide box office revenue for the following Batman films were The Dark Knight Rises (2012): \$1,081 million, The Dark Knight (2008): \$1,004 million, Batman (1989): \$411 million, Batman Forever (1995): \$337 million, Batman Begins (2005): \$374 million, Batman Returns (1992): \$267 million, and Batman & Robin (1997): \$238 million. What is the total box office revenue for the films? (Source: www.boxofficemojo.com)

Total revenue = sum of revenues from the 7 films Total revenue = \$1,081 + 1,004 + 411 + 337+374 + 267 + 238= \$3,712 million

The seven Batman films had \$3,712 million in revenue.

33. Med school. In 2012, exactly 3,416 fewer women than men applied to U.S. medical schools. If 24,338 men applied, what was the total number of people who applied to U.S. medical schools in 2012? (Source: AAMC)

Applications from men = 24,338

Applications from women = Men - 3,416

= 24,338 - 3,416 = 20,922

Total applications = Men + women= 24,338 + 20,922=45,260

A total of 45,260 people applied to medical schools.

Travel. How much money will a family of six 35. save on airfare if they take advantage of the offer shown in the advertisement?

> Savings per fare = Old fare - new fare = \$593 - 516= \$77Savings for family = $6 \cdot \$77$ =\$462

The family will save \$462.

37. Painting. One gallon of latex paint covers 350 square feet. How many gallons are needed if the total area of walls and ceilings to be painted is 9,800 square feet, and if two coats must be applied?

> Two coats will cover 9,800 square feet twice or 19,600 square feet.

Gallons needed =
$$\frac{\text{Total area}}{\text{Area covered per gallon}}$$

= $\frac{19,600}{350}$
= 56 gallons

56 gallons of paint will be needed.

39. iPods. The iPod Touch shown has 32 gigabytes (GB) of storage space. From the information in the screen, determine how many gigabytes of storage space are used and how many are available.

Number of GB used = Songs + Videos + Photos
=
$$10 + 5 + 6$$

= 21 GB
Available space = GB capacity – GB used
= $32 - 21$
= 11 GB

There are 11 GB of storage available and 21 GB have been used.

41. Trees. The height of the tallest known tree (a California coastal redwood) is 379 feet. Some scientists believe the tallest a tree can grow is 47 feet more than this because it is difficult for water to be raised from the ground any more than that to support further growth. What do the scientists believe to be the maximum height that a tree can reach? (Source: BBC News)

Max height = Redwood height + 47
=
$$379 + 47$$

= 426 feet

The maximum height is believed to be 426 feet.

43. Time. There are 60 minutes in an hour, 24 hours in a day, and 7 days in a week. How many minutes are there in a week?

Minutes in a week

- = (Minutes per hour)(Hours per day)(Days per week)
- =(60)(24)(7)
- =10,080 minutes

There are 10,080 minutes in a week.

45. Fireplaces. A contractor ordered 12 pallets of fireplace brick. Each pallet holds 516 bricks. If it takes 430 bricks to build a fireplace, how many fireplaces can be built from this order? How many bricks will be left over?

Bricks available

= (number of pallets)(bricks per pallet) = (12)(516)

= 6,192 bricks

Fireplaces possible =
$$\frac{\text{available bricks}}{\text{bricks per fireplace}}$$
$$= \frac{6,192}{430}$$
$$= 14 R.172$$

It will be possible to build 14 fireplaces with 172 bricks left over.

47. Crossword puzzles. A crossword puzzle is made up of 15 rows and 15 columns of small squares. Forty-six of the squares are blacked out. When completed, how many squares in the crossword puzzle will contain letters?

Total squares in the puzzle = Rows · Columns = $15 \cdot 15$ = 225 squares

Letter squares = Total squares – black squares
=
$$225-46$$

= 179

There will be 179 squares with letters.

49. Credit cards. The balance on 10/23/17 on Visa account number 623415 was \$1,989. If purchases of \$125 and \$296 were charged to the card on 10/24/17, a payment of \$1,680 was credited on 10/31/17, and no other charges or payments were made, what is the new balance on 11/1/17?

New balance

The new balance is \$730.

51. Running. Matt Savage has run at least 5 miles every day since September 1, 1979—Including January 3, 1997, the day he got married, and every day on the cruise ship during the honeymoon. The total distance he has run is approximately 9 times around the Earth. If one trip around the Earth is 7,926 miles, how far has Matt Savage run over the years? (Source: nydailynews.com)

Total distance = $3 \cdot Distance$ around Earth = $3 \cdot 7,926$ = 23,778 miles

He has run at least 23,778 miles.

Blu-rays. A shopper purchased six Blu-ray discs: 53. Sing (\$16), Fantastic Beasts and Where to Find Them (\$27), Doctor Strange (\$19), Moana (\$22), The Secret Life of Pets (\$18), and Trolls (\$24). There was \$11 sales tax. If she paid for the DVDs with \$20 bills, how many bills were needed? How much did she receive back in change?

Total purchase = Sum of DVDs + tax
=
$$29 + 30 + 26 + 23 + 37 + 11$$

= $$156$
 $\frac{156}{20}$ = 7 R 16

He will need eight \$20 bills to cover the purchase and he will receive \$4 in change.

55. Women's basketball. On February 1, 2006, Epiphanny Prince, of New York, broke a national prep record that was held by Cheryl Miller. Prince made 50 two-point baskets, 4 three-point baskets, and 1 free throw. How many points did she score in the game?

Total points =
$$2$$
(two-point baskets)
+ 3 (three-point baskets)
+ 1 (free throws)
= $2(50) + 3(4) + 1(1)$
= 113

She scored 113 points.

57. A 27-foot-long by 19-foot-wide rectangular garden is one feature of a landscape design for a community park. A concrete walkway is to run through the garden and will occupy 125 square feet of space. How many square feet are left for planting in the garden?

Area of garden = length · width
=
$$27 \cdot 19$$

= 513 square feet
Planting area = Garden area – walking area
= $513-125$
= 388 square feet

There will be 388 square feet available for planting.

59. Drug testing. During a drug trial last year, researchers gave two dozen mice identical doses of a medication. A total of 840 grams of the medication was used. This year, they will perform the same trial with 28 mice. If the medication costs 5 cents per gram, and they plan to give the samesize doses as last time, how much should the researchers expect to spend on the medication this year?

Medication per mouse =
$$\frac{\text{Total medication}}{\text{Number of mice}}$$

$$= \frac{840}{24}$$

$$= 35 \text{ grams}$$

Medication needed this year

Total cost

Medication per mouse =
$$\frac{\text{Total medication}}{\text{Number of mice}}$$
$$= \frac{840}{24}$$
$$= 35 \text{ grams}$$

Medication needed this year

Total cost

= (Total grams medication)(cost/gram) =(980)(5)

=4900 cents

= \$49

The researchers should expect to spend \$49.

WRITING

61. Write an application problem that would have the following solution. Use the phrase less than in the problem.

$$25,500 + 6,200 - 19,300$$

The price of a used car is \$6,200 less than the price of the car when it was new. The new car price was \$25,500. What is the used car price?

63. Write an application problem that would have the following solution. Use the phrase how much does each in the problem.

$$6)2,460,000$$

Six people pooled their money to buy a lottery ticket. They won \$2,460,000. How much does each person get from the jackpot?

REVIEW

65. Check the following addition by adding upward. Is the sum correct?

3,714

2,489

781

5,500

+ 303

12,987

Adding upward yields a sum of 12,787. The sum shown is not correct.

67. Check the following multiplication using estimation. Does the product seem reasonable?

73

× 59

6,407

Estimate: (70)(60 = 4,200)

The product shown does not seem reasonable.

Section 1.7: Order of Operations

VOCABULARY

- **1.** Numbers that are multiplied together are called factors.
- 3. A <u>prime</u> number is a whole number greater than 1 that has only 1 and itself as factors.
- **5.** To prime factor a number means to write it as a product of only <u>prime</u> numbers.
- 7. In the exponential expression 6^4 , the number 6 is the base and 4 is the exponent.

CONCEPTS

9. 1.45 = 45 3.15 = 45 5.9 = 45

The factors of 45, in order from least to greatest, are 1, 3, 5, 9, 15, 45.

11. yes

13. a. even. odd

b. 0, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18

c. 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19

15. The blank should be a 6.

The prime factorization of 150 is $2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 5$.

17. 2 150

3 | 75

5<u>|25</u>

5

The prime factorization of 150 is $2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 5$.

NOTATION

19. a. base 7; exponent 6

b. base 15; exponent 1

GUIDED PRACTICE

21. 1, 2, 5, 10

23. 1, 2, 4, 5, 8, 10, 20, 40

25. 1, 2, 3, 6, 9, 18

27. 1, 2, 4, 11, 22, 44

29. 1, 7, 11, 77

31. 1, 2, 4, 5, 10, 20, 25, 50, 100

33. 2 · 4

35. 3.9

37. 7.7

43.

39. 2.10 or 4.5

41. 30 = 2.15= 2.3.5

 $63 = 3 \cdot 21$

 $=3\cdot3\cdot7$

45. 54 = 6.9

 $=2\cdot3\cdot9$ or $3\cdot3\cdot6$

47. $60 = 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 10$

 $=2\cdot5\cdot6$

 $=2\cdot 2\cdot 15$

= 3.4.5

49. 11 : 1 and 11

55. No
$$(3.3.11)$$

61.
$$30 = 6.5$$

= $2.3.5$

63.
$$39 = 3.13$$

65.
$$99 = 9.11$$

= $3.3.11$
= $3^2.11$

67.
$$162 = 2 \cdot 81$$

$$= 2 \cdot 9 \cdot 9$$

$$= 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3$$

$$= 2 \cdot 3^{4}$$

69.
$$64 = 8 \cdot 8$$

 $= 2 \cdot 4 \cdot 2 \cdot 4$
 $= 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2$
 $= 2^{6}$

71.
$$147 = 3.49$$

= $3.7.7$
= 3.7^2

73.
$$220 = 22 \cdot 10$$

= $2 \cdot 11 \cdot 2 \cdot 5$
= $2^2 \cdot 5 \cdot 11$

75.
$$102 = 2.51$$

= $2.3.17$

77.
$$2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 = 2^5$$

79.
$$5 \cdot 5 \cdot 5 \cdot 5 = 5^4$$

81.
$$4(4)(8)(8)(8) = 4^2(8^3)$$

83.
$$7.7.7.9.9.7.7.7.7 = 7^7.9^2$$

85. a.
$$3^4 = 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3$$

= 81

b.
$$4^3 = 4 \cdot 4 \cdot 4$$

= 64

87. a.
$$2^5 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2$$

= 32

b.
$$5^2 = 5.5$$

= 25

89. a.
$$7^3 = 7 \cdot 7 \cdot 7$$

= 343

b.
$$3^7 = 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3$$

= 2,187

91. a.
$$9^1 = 9$$

b.
$$1^9 = 1$$

93.
$$2 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 = 90$$

95.
$$7 \cdot 11^2 = 7 \cdot 121$$

= 847

97.
$$3^2 \cdot 5^2 = 9 \cdot 25$$

= 225

99.
$$2^3 \cdot 3^3 \cdot 13 = 8 \cdot 27 \cdot 13$$

= 2,808

APPLICATIONS

101. Factors of 28: 1, 2, 4, 7, 14, 28
$$1 + 2 + 4 + 7 + 14 = 28$$

103.
$$2^2$$
 square units, 3^2 square units, 4^2 square units

WRITING

105. Multiply the factors together to verify you get the original number.

107.
$$1^2 = 1^3 = 1^4 = 1$$
. Any power of 1 is 1.

REVIEW

109.
$$8 \cdot 15 + 5 = 120 + 5$$

= 125 band members

Section 1.8: Solving Equations Using Addition and Subtraction

VOCABULARY

- 1. The <u>multiples</u> of a number are the products of that number and 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and so on.
- **3.** One number is <u>divisible</u> by another number if, when dividing them, we get a remainder of 0.

CONCEPTS

- **5.** a.12
 - b. In general, the LCM of two whole numbers is the <u>smallest</u> whole number that is divisible by both numbers.
- **7.** a. 20
 - b. 20
- **9.** a. 2 appears twice with 36.
 - b. 3 appears twice with 90 and with 36.
 - c. 5 appears once with 90.

d. LCM =
$$2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 5$$

= 180

- 11. a. 2 appears twice with 12.
 - b. 3 appears three times with 54.

c.
$$LCM = 2^2 \cdot 3^3$$

= 108

13. a. 2, 3, and 5 are common to both.

b.
$$GCF = 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5$$

= 30

NOTATION

- **15.** a. The abbreviation for the greatest common factor is GCF.
 - b. The abbreviation for the least common multiple is LCM.

- **17.** 4, 8, 12, 16, 20, 24, 28, 32
- **19.** 11, 22, 33, 44, 55, 66, 77, 88
- **21.** 8, 16, 24, 32, 40, 48, 56, 64
- **23.** 20, 40, 60, 80, 100, 120, 140, 160
- **25.** 5 is not divisible by 3.
 - 10 is not divisible by 3.
 - 15 is divisible by 3.

$$LCM(3,5) = 15$$

- **27.** 12 is not divisible by 8.
 - 24 is divisible by 8.

$$LCM(8,12)=24$$

- **29.** 11 is not divisible by 5.
 - 22 is not divisible by 5.
 - 33 is not divisible by 5.
 - 44 is not divisible by 5.
 - 55 is divisible by 5.

$$LCM(5,11) = 55$$

- **31.** 7 is not divisible by 4.
 - 14 is not divisible by 4.
 - 21 is not divisible by 4.
 - 28 is divisible by 4.

$$LCM(4,7) = 28$$

- **33.** 6 is not divisible by 3 and 4.
 - 12 is divisible by 3 and 4.

$$LCM(3,4,6) = 12$$

- **35.** 10 is not divisible by 2 and 3.
 - 20 is not divisible by 2 and 3.
 - 30 is divisible by 2 and 3.

$$LCM(2,3,10) = 30$$

$$16 = 2^4$$

$$20 = 2^2 \cdot 5$$

$$LCM = 2^4 \cdot 5$$

$$=16.5$$

$$= 80$$

39.
$$30 = 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5$$

$$50 = 2 \cdot 5^2$$

$$LCM = 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5^2$$

$$=6\cdot25$$

$$=150$$

41.
$$35 = 5 \cdot 7$$

$$45 = 3^2 \cdot 5$$

$$LCM = 3^2 \cdot 5 \cdot 7$$

$$=9.35$$

$$=315$$

43.
$$100 = 2^2 \cdot 5^2$$

$$120 = 2^3 \cdot 3 \cdot 5$$

$$LCM = 2^3 \cdot 3 \cdot 5^2$$

$$=600$$

45. $6 = 2 \cdot 3$

$$24 = 2^3 \cdot 3$$

$$36 = 2^2 \cdot 3^2$$

$$LCM = 2^3 \cdot 3^2$$

$$=72$$

47. 5 = 5

$$12 = 2^2 \cdot 3$$

$$15 = 3 \cdot 5$$

$$LCM = 2^2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5$$

$$=60$$

49. $4 = 2 \cdot 2$

$$6 = 2 \cdot 3$$

$$GCF = 2$$

51.
$$9 = 3 \cdot \underline{3}$$

$$12 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot \underline{3}$$

$$GCF = 3$$

53.
$$22 = 2.11$$

$$33 = 3.11$$

$$GCF = 11$$

55.
$$15 = 3.5$$

$$30 = 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5$$

$$GCF = 3.5$$

$$=15$$

57.
$$18 = 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 3$$

$$96 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3$$

$$GCF = 2 \cdot 3$$

59.
$$28 = \underline{2} \cdot 2 \cdot \underline{7}$$

$$42 = 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 7$$

$$GCF = 2 \cdot 7$$

$$=14$$

61. $16 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2$

$$51 = 3.17$$

$$GCF = 1$$

63. $81 = 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3$

$$125 = 5 \cdot 5 \cdot 5$$

$$GCF = 1$$

65. $12 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3$

$$68 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 17$$

$$92 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 23$$

$$GCF = 2 \cdot 2$$

$$=4$$

67. $72 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 3$

$$108 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3$$

$$144 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 3$$

$$GCF = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 3$$

$$= 36$$

TRY IT YOURSELF

69.
$$100 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 5 \cdot 5$$

$$120 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5$$

$$LCM = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 5$$

$$=600$$

$$GCF = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 5$$

$$= 20$$

71.
$$14 = 2.7$$

$$140 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 5 \cdot 7$$

$$LCM = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 5 \cdot 7$$

$$=140$$

$$GCF = 2 \cdot 7$$

$$=14$$

73.
$$66 = 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 11$$

$$198 = 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 11$$

$$242 = 2 \cdot 11 \cdot 11$$

$$LCM = 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 11 \cdot 11$$

$$=2,178$$

$$GCF = 2 \cdot 11$$

75.
$$8 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2$$

$$9 = 3 \cdot 3$$

$$49 = 7 \cdot 7$$

$$LCM = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 7 \cdot 7$$

$$=3,538$$

$$GCF = 1$$

77.
$$120 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5$$

$$125 = 5 \cdot 5 \cdot 5$$

$$LCM = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 5 \cdot 5$$

$$=3,000$$

$$GCF = 5$$

79.
$$34 = 2 \cdot 17$$

$$68 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 17$$

$$102 = 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 17$$

$$LCM = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 17$$

$$=204$$

$$GCF = 2 \cdot 17$$

$$= 34$$

81.
$$46 = 2 \cdot 23$$

$$69 = 3 \cdot 23$$

$$LCM = 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 23$$

$$=138$$

$$GCF = 23$$

83.
$$50 = 2 \cdot 5 \cdot 5$$

$$81 = 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3$$

$$LCM = 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 5$$

$$=4,050$$

$$GCF = 1$$

LOOK ALIKES

85. a.
$$6 = 2 \cdot 3$$

$$8 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2$$

$$GCF = 2$$

b. GCF =
$$2 \cdot 10$$

$$= 20$$

87. a.
$$4 = 2 \cdot 2$$

$$6 = 2 \cdot 3$$

$$GCF = 2$$

b.
$$GCF = 2$$

APPLICATIONS

89.	1 st	2 nd	3 rd
	7,500 mi	15,000 mi	22,500 mi
	4 th	5 th	6 th
	30,000 mi	37,500 mi	45,000 mi

91.
$$\overline{LCM(45,60)} = 180 \text{ minutes, or 3 hours}$$

93. LCM of 10 and
$$12 = 60$$

5 packs of buns, 6 packs of hot dogs

95.
$$LCM(6,8) = 24$$

s4 sheets wide by 3 sheets tall = 12 sheets

a. GCF(28,21,63) = 797.

The most that the art supplies cost a student is \$7.

b. 4 students, 3 students, 9 students

WRITING

- 99. Find the prime factorization of both 8 and 28, then multiply each factor present the largest number of times it appears.
- Since each factor has only one 3, the LCM should 101. only have one 3.

REVIEW

103.
$$9,999+1,111=11,110$$

105.
$$305 \cdot 50 = 15,250$$

Section 1.9: Solving Equations Using Multiplication and Division

VOCABULARY

- Numbers are combined with the operations of 1. addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division to create expressions.
- 3. The grouping symbols () are called parentheses, and the symbols [] are called brackets.
- 5. In the expression 9+6[8+6(4-1)], the parentheses are the inner most grouping symbols and the brackets are the outer most grouping symbols.

CONCEPTS

- a. $5(2)^2 1$: square, multiply, subtract 7.
 - b. $15+90-(2\cdot 2)^3$: multiply, cube, add, subtract
 - c. $7 \cdot 4^2$: square, multiply
 - d. $(7 \cdot 4)^2$: multiply, square
- multiply; square 9.

NOTATION

- The fraction bar groups the numerator and 11. denominator.
- 13. We read the expression 16-(4+9) as "16 minus the quantity of 4 plus 9."

15.
$$7 \cdot 4 - 5(2)^2 = 7 \cdot 4 - 5(4)$$

= $28 - 20$
= 8

17.
$$[4(2+7)]-4^2 = [4(9)]-4^2$$

$$= 36-4^2$$

$$= 36-16$$

$$= 20$$

19.
$$3 \cdot 5^2 - 28 = 3 \cdot 25 - 28$$

= $75 - 28$
= 47

21.
$$6 \cdot 3^2 - 41 = 6 \cdot 9 - 41$$

= $54 - 41$
= 13

23.
$$52-6\cdot 3+4=52-18+4$$

= $34+4$
= 38

25.
$$32-9\cdot 3+31=32-27+31$$

= 5+31
= 36

27.
$$192 \div 4 - 4(2)3 = 48 - 24$$

= 24

29.
$$252 \div 3 - 6(2)6 = 84 - 72$$

= 12

31. a.
$$26-2+9=24+9$$

= 33

b.
$$26 - (2+9) = 26 - 11$$

= 15

33. a.
$$51-16+8=35+8$$

= 43

b.
$$51 - (16 + 8) = 51 - 24$$

= 27

35.
$$(4+6)^2 = 10^2$$

= 100

37.
$$(3+5)^3 = 8^3$$

= 512

39.
$$8+4(29-5\cdot3)=8+4(29-15)$$

= $8+4(14)$
= $8+56$
= 64

41.
$$77+9(38-4\cdot6) = 77+9(38-24)$$

= $77+9(14)$
= $77+126$
= 203

43.
$$46+3[5^2-4(9-5)]=46+3[25-4(4)]$$

= $46+3[25-16]$
= $46+3[9]$
= $46+27$
= 73

45.
$$81+9[7^2-7(11-4)]=81+9[49-7(7)]$$

= $81+9[49-49]$
= $81+9[0]$
= 81

47.
$$\frac{2(50)-4}{2(4^2)} = \frac{100-4}{2 \cdot 16}$$
$$= \frac{96}{32}$$
$$= 3$$

$$\frac{25(8)-8}{6(2^3)} = \frac{200-8}{6 \cdot 8}$$
$$= \frac{192}{48}$$
$$= 4$$

$$\frac{6+9+4+3+8}{5} = \frac{30}{5}$$

$$\frac{3+5+9+1+7+5}{6} = \frac{30}{6}$$
= 5

55.
$$\frac{19+15+17+13}{4} = \frac{64}{4}$$
$$= 16$$

57.
$$\frac{5+8+7+0+3+1}{6} = \frac{24}{6}$$
$$= 4$$

TRY IT YOURSELF

59.
$$(8-6)^2 + (4-3)^2 = 2^2 + 1^2$$

= 4+1
= 5

61.
$$2 \cdot 3^4 = 2 \cdot 81$$

= 162

63.
$$7+4\cdot 5=7+20$$

= 27

65.
$$(7-4)^2 + 1 = 3^2 + 1$$

= 9+1
= 10

67.
$$\frac{10+5}{52-47} = \frac{15}{5}$$
$$= 3$$

69.
$$5 \cdot 10^{3} + 2 \cdot 10^{2} + 3 \cdot 10^{1} + 9$$
$$= 5 \cdot 1000 + 2 \cdot 100 + 3 \cdot 10 + 9$$
$$= 5,000 + 200 + 30 + 9$$
$$= 5,239$$

71.
$$20-10+5=10+5$$

= 15

73.
$$25 \div 5 \cdot 5 = 5 \cdot 5$$

= 25

77.
$$190 - 2 \left[10^{2} - \left(5 + 2^{2} \right) \right] + 45$$

$$= 190 - 2 \left[100 - \left(5 + 4 \right) \right] + 45$$

$$= 190 - 2 \left[100 - 9 \right] + 45$$

$$= 190 - 2 \left[91 \right] + 45$$

$$= 190 - 182 + 45$$

$$= 53$$

79.
$$2+3(0)=2$$

81.
$$\frac{(5-3)^2 + 2}{4^2 - (8+2)} = \frac{2^2 + 2}{4^2 - 10}$$
$$= \frac{4+2}{16-10}$$
$$= \frac{6}{6}$$
$$= 1$$

83.
$$4^2 + 3^2 = 16 + 9$$

= 25

85.
$$3+2\cdot3^4\cdot5=3+2\cdot81\cdot5$$

= 3+810
= 813

87.
$$60 - \left(6 + \frac{40}{2^3}\right) = 60 - \left(6 + \frac{40}{8}\right)$$
$$= 60 - \left(6 + 5\right)$$
$$= 60 - 11$$
$$= 49$$

$$\frac{(3+5)^2 + 2}{2(8-5)} = \frac{8^2 + 2}{2(3)}$$

$$= \frac{64+2}{6}$$

$$= \frac{66}{6}$$

$$= 11$$

91.
$$(18-12)^3 - 5^2 = 6^3 - 5^2$$

= 216-25
= 191

93.
$$30(1)^2 - 4(2) + 12 = 30 - 8 + 12$$

= 34

95.
$$16^2 - \frac{25}{5} + 6(3)4 = 256 - 5 + 72$$
$$= 323$$

97.
$$\frac{3^2 - 2^2}{(3 - 3)^2} = \frac{9 - 4}{0^2}$$
$$= \frac{5}{0}$$
: undefined

99.
$$3\left(\frac{18}{3}\right) - 2(2) = 18 - 4$$

101.
$$4[50-(3^3-5^2)]=4[50-(27-25)]$$

= $4[50-2]$
= $4[48]$

103.
$$80-2[12-(5+4)]=80-2[12-9]$$

= $80-2[3]$
= $80-6$
= 74

LOOK ALIKES

105. a.
$$50 \div 5 \div 5 = 10 \div 5$$

= 2
b. $50 \div (5 \div 5) = 50 \div 1$
= 50
c. $50 \div 5 \cdot 5 = 10 \cdot 5$
= 50

26 Basic Mathematics with Early Integers, 6e d.
$$50 \div (5 \cdot 5) = 50 \div 25$$

= 2

107. a.
$$(4-2^2)/(50-32) = (4-4)/18 = 0/18$$

= 0
b. $(50-32)/(4-2^2) = 18/(4-4)$
= $18/0$
= Undefined

APPLICATIONS

109.
$$3 \cdot 7 + 4 \cdot 4 + 2 \cdot 3 = 21 + 16 + 6$$

= \$43

111.
$$3(8+7+8+8+7)=3(38)$$

=114

113. brick:
$$3 \cdot 3 + 1 + 1 + 3 + 3 \cdot 5 = 29$$

aphid: $3[1+2(3)+4+1+2]=42$

115.
$$2^2 + 3^2 + 5^2 + 7^2 = 4 + 9 + 25 + 49$$

= 87

117.
$$\frac{75 + 80 + 83 + 80 + 77 + 72 + 86}{7}$$
$$= \frac{553}{7}$$
$$= 79^{\circ}$$

$$\frac{39 + 40 + \dots + 42}{12} = \frac{372}{12}$$
= 31 therms

121.
$$\frac{230 + 280 + \dots 375}{8} = \frac{2400}{8}$$
$$= 300 \text{ calories}$$

123. a.
$$1+4+35+85=125$$

b. $1 \cdot 2,500+4 \cdot 500+35 \cdot 150+85 \cdot 25$
 $= 2,500+2,000+5,250+2,125$
 $= 11,875$
c. $\frac{11,875}{125} = \$95$

WRITING

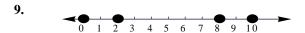
- **125.** Order of operations is necessary so that different people don't come up with different answers to the same problem.
- **127.** The multiplication of 2 and 3 takes precedence over the addition.

REVIEW

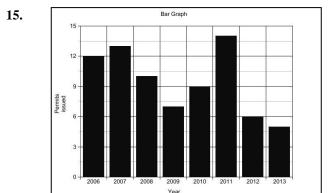
129. Two hundred fifty-four thousand, three hundred nine

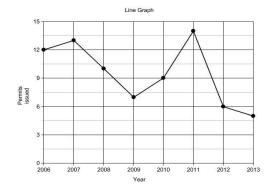
Chapter 1 Review

- **1.** 6
- **3.** 1 billion
- 5. a. ninety-seven thousand, two hundred eighty three
 - b. five billion, four hundred forty-four million, sixty thousand, seventeen
- **7.** 500,000+70,000+300+2



- 11. 9 > 7
- **13.** a. 2,507,300
 - b. 2,510,000
 - c. 2,507,350
 - d. 3,000,000





17.
$$436$$
 $+27$
 463

19.
$$\begin{array}{r} 19. \\ 5,345 \\ + 655 \\ \hline 6,000 \end{array}$$

21.
$$\begin{array}{r} 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 4,447 \\ 7,478 \\ + & 676 \\ \hline 12,601 \end{array}$$

23.
$$600+800+10,000+40,000+8,000$$

= 1,400+50,000+8,000
= 51,400+8,000
= 59,400

29.
$$1,695 + 772 = 2,467 \text{ sq ft}$$

33.
$$750 - 259 + 14 = 491 + 14$$

= 505

The subtraction is incorrect.

37.
$$200,000-40,000=160,000$$

39.
$$12,975-3,800+4,270=9,175+4,270$$

= \$13,445

43. $72 \cdot 10,000$: Since there are 4 zeros, move the decimal point 4 units to the right: 720,000

47.
$$7,000 \cdot 400 = 2,800,000$$

49. a.
$$8 \cdot 0 = 0$$
 b. $7 \cdot 1 = 7$

51.
$$A = l \cdot w$$
$$A = 8 \cdot 4$$
$$A = 32 \text{ cm}^2.$$

53. a.
$$365 \cdot 7 = 2,555 \text{ hr.}$$

55. Sarah:
$$12.9 = $108$$

Santiago:
$$14 \cdot 8 = \$112$$

Santiago earned more money.

b. $365 \cdot 9 = 3,285 \text{ hr}.$

57.
$$\frac{72}{4} = \frac{\cancel{4} \cdot 18}{\cancel{4}} = 18$$

59.
$$307$$
 $68)20876$

$$-204$$
 47

$$-0$$
 476

$$-476$$
 0

61.
$$\frac{0}{10} = 0$$

63.
$$\frac{42}{127)5347}$$

$$\frac{-508}{267}$$

$$\frac{-254}{13}$$

$$42R13$$

65.
$$40 \cdot 4 = 160$$

67. 364,545 is divisible by 3, 5, and 9.

Each child will get 16 candies, with 25 left over.

71. **Sausage.** To make smoked sausage, the sausage is first dried at a temperature of 130°F. Then the temperature is raised 20° to smoke the meat. The temperature is raised another 20° to cook the meat. In the last stage, the temperature is raised another 15°. What is the final temperature in the process?

Final temp = Initial temp + raises
=
$$130 + 20 + 20 + 15 = 185^{\circ}$$

The final temperature is 185°F.

73. Weight Training. For part of a woman's upper body workout, she does one set of 12 repetitions of 75 pounds on a bench press machine. How many total pounds does she lift in that set?

> Total pounds lifted = (Number of reps)(pounds per rep) =12(75) = 900

She lifts a total of 900 pounds.

75. **Production**. A manufacturer produces 15,000 light bulbs a day. The bulbs are packaged six to a box. How many boxes of light bulbs are produced each day?

> Total boxes of bulbs = $\frac{\text{Total bulbs produced}}{\text{Total boxes}}$ Bulbs per box

$$=\frac{15,000}{6} = 2,500 \text{ boxes}$$

There are 2,500 boxes of bulbs produced each day.

77. **Farming**. In a shipment of 350 animals, 124 were hogs, 79 were sheep, and the rest were cattle. Find the number of cattle in the shipment.

> Number of cattle = Total animals - hogs - shee = 350 - 124 - 79 = 147

There are 147 head of cattle in the shipment.

79. 1, 2, 3, 6, 9, 18

81
$$20 = 2.10$$

= 4.5

83 a. prime

b. composite

c. neither

d. neither

e. composite

f. prime

85.
$$42 = 2 \cdot 21$$
 $= 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 7$

87.
$$220 = 10 \cdot 22$$

= $2 \cdot 5 \cdot 2 \cdot 11$
= $2^2 \cdot 5 \cdot 11$

89.
$$6 \cdot 6 \cdot 6 \cdot 6 = 6^4$$

91.
$$5^3 = 5 \cdot 5 \cdot 5$$

= $25 \cdot 5$
= 125

93.
$$2^4 \cdot 7^2 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 7 \cdot 7$$

= $4 \cdot 4 \cdot 49$
= $16 \cdot 49$
= 784

97.
$$4 = 2 \cdot 2$$

 $6 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3$
 $LCM(4,6) = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3$
 $= 12$

99.
$$9 = 3 \cdot 3$$

 $15 = 3 \cdot 5$
 $LCM(9,15) = 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 5$
 $= 45$

101.
$$18 = 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 3$$
$$21 = 3 \cdot 7$$
$$LCM (18, 21) = 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 7$$
$$= 126$$

103.
$$4 = 2 \cdot 2$$

$$14 = 2 \cdot 7$$

$$20 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 5$$

$$LCM(4,14,20) = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 5 \cdot 7$$

$$= 140$$

Chapter 1 whole Numbers 29
$$8 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2$$

$$12 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3$$

$$GCF(8,12) = 2 \cdot 2$$

$$= 4$$

107.
$$30 = 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5$$

 $40 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 5$
 $GCF(30, 40) = 2 \cdot 5$
 $= 10$

109.
$$63 = 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 7$$
$$84 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 7$$
$$GCF(63,84) = 3 \cdot 7$$
$$= 21$$

111.
$$48 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3$$
$$72 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 3$$
$$120 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5$$
$$GCF(48,72,120) = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3$$
$$= 24$$

113.
$$14 = 2.7$$
$$21 = 3.7$$
$$LCM (14, 21) = 2.3.7$$
$$= 42$$

They will meet on the same day 42 days later.

115.
$$3^2 + 12 \cdot 3 = 9 + 36$$

= 45

117.
$$(6 \div 2 \cdot 3)^2 \cdot 3 = (3 \cdot 3)^2 \cdot 3$$

= $9^2 \cdot 3$
= $81 \cdot 3$
= 243

119.
$$2^3 \cdot 5 - 4 \div 2 \cdot 4 = 8 \cdot 5 - 2 \cdot 4$$

= $40 - 8$
= 32

121.
$$2+3\left(\frac{100}{10}-2^2\cdot 2\right) = 2+3(10-4\cdot 2)$$
$$= 2+3(10-8)$$
$$= 2+3(2)$$
$$= 2+6=8$$

123.
$$\frac{4(6)-6}{2(3^2)} = \frac{24-6}{2(9)}$$
$$= \frac{18}{18}$$
$$= 1$$

125.
$$7+3[3^3-10(4-2)]=7+3[27-10(2)]$$

= $7+3[27-20]$
= $7+3[7]$
= $7+21$
= 28

$$\frac{80 + 74 + 66 + 88}{4} = \frac{308}{4}$$
$$= 77$$

Chapter 1 Test

- 1. a. The set of whole numbers is $\{0,1,2,3,4,5,...\}$.
 - b. The symbols > and < are <u>inequality</u> symbols.
 - c. To *evaluate* an expression such as 58 33 means to

find its value.

d. The <u>area</u> of a rectangle is a measure of the amount

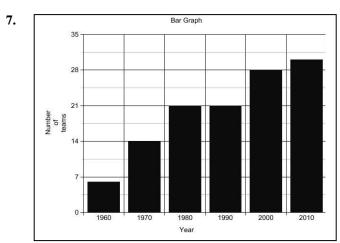
of surface it encloses.

- e. One number is <u>divisible</u> by another if, when we divide them, the remainder is 0.
- f. The grouping symbols () are called $\underline{\text{parentheses}},$

and the symbols [] are called <u>brackets</u>.

g. A <u>prime</u> number is a whole number greater thanthat has only 1 and itself as factors.

- **3.** a. 1 hundred b. 0
- 5. a. 15 > 10 b. 1, 247 < 1, 427



- 9. $\begin{array}{r}
 1111111\\
 136,231\\
 82,574\\
 + 6,359\\
 \hline
 225,164
 \end{array}$
- 11. $\begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 53 \\ \times 8 \\ \hline 424 \\ \end{array}$
- 13. $\frac{72}{6)432}$ $\frac{-42}{12}$ $\frac{-12}{0}$
- 15. $23 \cdot 6 = 138$, now attach 5 zeros: 13,800,000
- 17. 50,000-7,000=43,000
- 19. $23 \cdot 23 = 529in^2$
- 21. $1260 = 10 \cdot 126 = 2 \cdot 5 \cdot 9 \cdot 14$ = $2 \cdot 5 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 7 = 2^2 \cdot 3^2 \cdot 5 \cdot 7$
- 23. 10,000-5,067=4,933 tails
- 25. $12,255 \div 3 = 4,085 \text{ ft}^2$

27.
$$\frac{1,350,000 - 26,000}{4} = \frac{1,324,000}{4} = \$331,000$$

31.
$$8 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2$$
$$9 = 3 \cdot 3$$
$$12 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3$$
$$LCM(8,9,12) = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 3$$
$$= 72$$

33.
$$24 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3$$
$$28 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 7$$
$$36 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 3$$
$$GCF(24, 28, 36) = 2 \cdot 2$$
$$= 4$$

35. It is divisible by 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 10.

$$37. \quad 9 + 4 \cdot 5 = 9 + 20 = 29$$

39.
$$20 + 2[4^2 - 2(6 - 2^2)] = 20 + 2[16 - 2(6 - 4)]$$

 $= 20 + 2[16 - 2(2)]$
 $= 20 + 2[16 - 4]$
 $= 20 + 2[12]$
 $= 20 + 24$
 $= 44$

47.
$$x =$$
the size of the class

$$\frac{x}{6} = 12$$

$$6 \cdot \frac{x}{6} = 6 \cdot 12$$

$$x = 72$$

There are 72 students in the class.