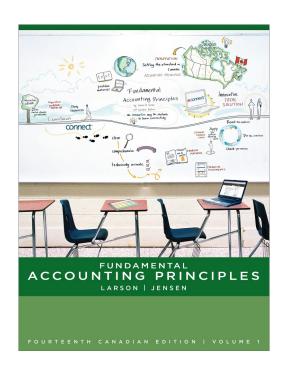
SOLUTIONS MANUAL

to accompany

Fundamental Accounting Principles

14th Canadian Edition by Larson/Jensen



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Chapter 2 Analyzing and Recording Transactions

Chapter Opening Critical Thinking Challenge Questions*

"Financial health" can be interpreted in a number of ways. It could refer to an organization's ability to meet long-term goals. One of the key factors in predicting long-term viability is to have an accurate understanding of the organization's financial position. From an operational perspective, "financial health" could mean having adequate resources and systems in place to meet current objectives.

*The Chapter 2 Critical Thinking Challenge questions are asked at the beginning of the chapter. Students are reminded at the conclusion of the chapter, to refer to the Critical Thinking Challenge questions at the beginning of the chapter. The solutions to the Critical Thinking Challenge questions are available here in the Solutions Manual and accessible to students on the Online Learning Centre.

Concept Review Questions

- 1. The fundamental steps in the accounting process are those involved in the accounting cycle: Analyze transactions to determine if an economic exchange has taken place and, if so, journalize and post the transaction. An unadjusted trial balance is then prepared to help identify potential adjustments. Appropriate adjusting entries are journalized and posted and an adjusted trial balance is generated from which the financial statements are prepared. Closing entries are then journalized and posted. Finally, a post-closing trial balance is prepared.
- 2. A note receivable is a document that specifies the fixed amount due to a company on a fixed date or on demand. An account receivable is also an amount due to a company, but the amount can be increased by the debtor by making additional purchases. An account receivable is not a single document but represents the result of several written, oral, or implied promises to pay the creditor.
- 3. Fifteen possible expense accounts might be: Utilities Expense, Telephone Expense, Internet Expense, Office Supplies Expense, Salaries Expense, Wages Expense, Entertainment Expense, Travel Expense, Repair Expense, Postage Expense, Printing Expense, Advertising Expense, Interest Expense, Equipment Repair Expense, Insurance Expense, and any number of others.
- 4. Four different asset accounts would include any of the following from Danier's June 25, 2011 balance sheet: Cash, Accounts receivable, Inventories, Prepaid expenses, Future income taxes asset, Property and equipment, or Intangible assets. Three different liability accounts would include any of the following: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities; Income taxes payable; or Deferred lease inducements and rent liability.
- 5. Expense accounts have debit balances because they reflect decreases in equity.
- 6. Three debit balance accounts from WestJet's December 31, 2011 balance sheet might include any of the following: Cash and cash equivalents; Restricted cash; Accounts receivable; Prepaid expenses, deposits and other; Inventory; Property and equipment; Intangible assets; or Other assets. Three credit balance accounts might include any of the following: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities; Advance ticket sales; Non-refundable guest credits; Current portion of long-term debt; Current portion of obligations under finance leases; Maintenance provisions; Long-term debt; Obligations under finance leases; Other liabilities; Deferred income tax; Share capital; Equity reserves; or Retained earnings.
- 7. A General Journal can be used to record any economic transaction.
- 8. Debited accounts are recorded first. The credited accounts are indented.
- 9. A transaction should first be recorded in a journal to create a complete record of the transaction in one place. Then the transaction is posted to the ledger where entries are summarized by type, i.e., cash, accounts payable, interest expense, etc., to enable analysis by account. This arrangement also means that fewer errors will be made in the accounts.
- 10. The bookkeeper prepares a trial balance to summarize the contents of the ledger and to determine whether equal debits and credits have been recorded. The trial balance also serves as a helpful internal document for preparing the financial statements.

QUICK STUDY

Quick Study 2-1

Answer	Answer Detail	Account
Α	Asset	1. Buildings
Е	Expenses (Equity)	2. Building Repair Expense
E	Expenses (Equity)	3. Wages Expense
L	Liability	4. Wages Payable
Α	Asset	5. Notes Receivable
L	Liability	6. Notes Payable
Α	Asset	7. Prepaid Advertising
E	Expenses (Equity)	8. Advertising Expense
L	Liability	9. Advertising Payable
L	Liability	10. Unearned Advertising
R	Revenues (Equity)	11. Advertising Fees Earned
R	Revenues (Equity)	12. Interest Earned
E	Expenses (Equity)	13. Interest Expense
L	Liability	14. Interest Payable
R	Revenues (Equity)	15. Earned Subscription Fees
L	Liability	16. Unearned Subscription Fees
Α	Asset	17. Prepaid Subscription Fees
Α	Asset	18. Supplies
E	Expenses (Equity)	19. Supplies Expense
R	Revenues (Equity)	20. Rent Revenue
L	Liability	21. Unearned Rent Revenue
Α	Asset	22. Prepaid Rent
L	Liability	23. Rent Payable
R	Revenues (Equity)	24. Service Fees Earned
W	Owner's Withdrawals (Equity)	25. Jan Sted, Withdrawals
OE	Owner's Capital (Equity)	26. Jan Sted, Capital
E	Expenses (Equity)	27. Salaries Expense
L	Liability	28. Salaries Payable
Α	Asset	29. Furniture
Α	Asset	30. Equipment

Accounts R	eceivable	Accounts	Payable	Service Revenue		
1,000 650		250 250		13,000		
400	920	900	1,800	2,500		
920	1,500	650	1,400	810		
3,000			650	3,500		
Bal. 2,250			2,300 Bal.	19,810 Bal.		

Utilities Expense	Ca	sh	Notes Payable		
610	3,900	2,400	4,000	50,000	
520	17,800	3,900	8,000		
390	14,500	21,800		38,000 Bal.	
275	340		·		
Bal. 1,795	Bal. 8,440				

Quick Study 2-3

a.	Equipment	Debit
b.	Land	.Debit
C.	Al Tait, Withdrawals	.Debit
d.	Rent Expense	.Debit
e.	Interest Revenue	.Cr.edit
f.	Prepaid Rent	Debit
g.	Accounts Receivable	Debit
h.	Office Supplies	Debit
i.	Notes Receivable	Debit
j.	Notes Payable	Credit
k.	Al Tait, Capital	
I.	Rent Earned	Credit
m.	Rent Payable	Credit
n.	Interest Expense	Debit
Ο.	Interest Payable	Credit

Quick Study 2-4

a.	Credit	f.	Credit	k.	Debit
b.	Credit	g.	Debit	I.	Credit
C.	Credit	h.	Credit	m.	Debit
d.	Debit	i.	Debit	n.	Debit
e.	Credit	i.	Debit	0.	Debit

a.	Credit	f.	Debit	k. Credit
b.	Debit	g.	Credit	I. Debit
C.	Credit	h.	Credit	m. Debit
d.	Debit	i.	Credit	n. Credit
e.	Credit	j.	Debit	o. Credit

Quick Study 2-6

Note: Students could choose any account number within the specified range.

a.	173	f.	203	k.	629
b.	409	g.	106	I.	219
C.	302	h.	622	m.	222
d.	301	i.	124	n.	170
e.	128	i.	403	0.	115

Quick Study 2-7

1.

			Acc	ounts				
Cash	F	Receiv	vable	106	Furni	Furniture 161		
(a) 15,000	500 (c)	(e)	700	300	(g)	(b) 2,000		
(d) 1,000	500 (f)	(h)	400			(c) 500		
(g) 300								
Bal. 15,300		Bal.	800			Bal. 2,500		

Accounts	Del Martin,	
Payable 201	Capital 301	Revenue 403
(f) 500 2,000 (b)	15,000 (a)	1,000 (d) 700 (e)
		400 (h)
1,500 Bal.	15,000 Bal.	2,100 Bal.

2. The account balance for each T-account is shown above. The accounting equation (Assets = Liabilities + Equity) is proved as follows: \$18,600 = \$1,500 + \$17,100

1 & 2.

	Cas	sh	101	Acco	unts Re	eceivable	e 106		C	ar	150	Ac	counts l	Payable	202
Apr 30	15,000	6,000	May 15	Apr 30	3,200	4,000	May 16	May 2	8,000			May 22	3,000	6,000	Apr 30
May 12	10,000	3,000	May 22	May 10	4,000			Bal.	8,000					3,000	Bal.
May 16	4,000			Bal.	3,200										
Bal.	20,000														
Une	earned Re	evenue	205	De	e Bell,	Capital	301		Reve	enue	410	V	Vages E	xpense	650
		1,800	Apr 30	_		8,900	Apr 30			3,000	Apr 30	Apr 30	1,500		
		10,000	May 12			8,000	May 2			4,000	May 10	May 15	6,000		
		11,800	Bal.			16,900	Bal.			7,000	Bal.	Bal.	7,500		

3. The account balance for each T-account is shown above. The accounting equation (Assets = Liabilities + Equity) is proved as follows: \$31,200 = \$14,800 + \$16,400

		General Journal		Page 1
Date 2014		Account Titles and Explanations	Debit	Credit
May	1	EquipmentAccounts Payable	500	500
	2	Accounts Payable Cash Paid for the equipment purchased May 1.	500	500
	3	Supplies Cash Purchased supplies for cash.	100	100
	4	Wages Expense Cash Paid wages to employees.	2,000	2,000
	5	Cash Service Revenue Performed services for a client for cash.	750	750
	6	Accounts ReceivableService RevenueDid work for a customer on credit.	2,500	2,500
	7	Cash Accounts Receivable Collected May 6 customer account.	2,500	2,500

Quick Study 2-10

		General Journal		Page 1
Date 2014		Account Titles and Explanations	Debit	Credit
Jan.	3	Cash Equipment Stan Adams, Capital Investment by owner.	60,000 40,000	100,000
	4	Office SuppliesAccounts Payable	340	340
	6	Cash Landscaping Services Revenue Received cash for landscaping services.	5,200	5,200
	15	Accounts Payable Cash Paid part of the January 4 credit purchase.	200	200
	16	Office SuppliesAccounts Payable	700	700
	30	Accounts Payable Cash Paid the balance owing re January 4 credit purchase; 340 – 200 paid on Jan. 15 = 140.	140	140

	Cash			Acc	ount No. 10
Date	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014					
Jan. 3			60,000		60,00
6			5,200		65,20
15				200	65,00
30				140	64,86
	Office Supplies			Acc	ount No. 12
Date	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014	·				
Jan. 4			340		34
16			700		1,04
	Equipment			Acc	ount No. 16
Date	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014				- Crount	
			40,000		40,00
Jan. 3		ļ	40,000	l l	40,00
Jaii. 3	A a a sunta Davah la	I	40,000	A	·
'	Accounts Payable	- DD	, ,		ount No. 20
Date	Accounts Payable Explanation	PR	Debit	Acc Credit	·
Date 2014		PR	, ,	Credit	ount No. 20 Balance
Date 2014 Jan. 4		PR	Debit		ount No. 20 Balance 34
Date 2014 Jan. 4		PR	, ,	Credit 340	ount No. 20 Balance 34 14
Date 2014 Jan. 4 15 16		PR	Debit 200	Credit	ount No. 20 Balance 34 14 84
Date 2014 Jan. 4		PR	Debit	Credit 340	ount No. 20
Date 2014 Jan. 4 15 16		PR	Debit 200	340 700	ount No. 20 Balance 34 14 84 70
Date 2014 Jan. 4 15 16 30	Explanation	PR	Debit 200	340 700	ount No. 20 Balance 34 14 84
Date 2014 Jan. 4 15 16 30	Explanation Stan Adams, Capital		Debit 200 140	700 Acc	ount No. 20 Balance 34 14 84 70 ount No. 30
Date 2014 Jan. 4 15 16 30	Explanation Stan Adams, Capital		Debit 200 140	700 Acc	ount No. 20 Balance 34 14 84 70 ount No. 30 Balance
Date 2014 Jan. 4 15 16 30 Date 2014	Explanation Stan Adams, Capital Explanation		Debit 200 140	Acc Credit 100,000	ount No. 20 Balance 34 14 84 70 ount No. 30 Balance 100,00
Date 2014 Jan. 4 15 16 30 Date 2014	Stan Adams, Capital Explanation Landscaping Services Revenue		Debit 200 140	Acc Credit 100,000	ount No. 20 Balance 34 14 84 70 ount No. 30
Date 2014 Jan. 4 15 16 30 Date 2014 Jan. 3	Explanation Stan Adams, Capital Explanation	PR	Debit 200 140 Debit	Acc Credit 100,000	ount No. 20 Balance 34 14 84 70 ount No. 30 Balance 100,00 ount No. 40

Vahn Landscaping Trial Balance January 31, 2014

Acct.	Account	Debit	Credit
No.			
101	Cash	\$ 7,000	
163	Equipment	9,000	
233	Unearned fees		\$ 2,000
301	Brea Vahn, capital		14,000
302	Brea Vahn, withdrawals	1,000	
401	Fees earned		11,000
640	Rent expense	6,000	
690	Utilities expense	4,000	
	Totals	\$27,000	\$27,000

Quick Study 2-13

The correct answer is c. If a \$2,250 debit to Rent Expense is incorrectly posted as a credit, the effect is to understate the Rent Expense debit balance by \$4,500. This causes the Debit column total on the trial balance to be \$4,500 less than the Credit column total.

Quick Study 2-14

- 1. Subtract total debits in the trial balance from total credits
 - 24,250 21,550 = 2,700
- 2. Divide the difference by 9
 - $2,700 \div 9 = 300$
- 3. The quotient equals the difference between the two transposed numbers.

 300 is the difference between the two transposed numbers.
- 4. The number of digits in the quotient tells us the location of the transposition

Look for a difference of 3 between the third number from the right and the fourth number from the right.

Through a process of elimination, the incorrect value is Rent Expense for 4,100. The correct value must be 1,400.

Proof: Recalculate the trial balance replacing \$1,400 for the incorrect \$4,100 and the trial balance now balances at \$21,550.

1. Subtract total debits in the trial balance from total credits

$$728 - 503 = 225$$

2. Divide the difference by 9

$$225 \div 9 = 25$$

The quotient equals the incorrect number.

Through a review of the values in the trial balance, the incorrect value is Notes Payable for \$25. The correct value must be \$250.

Proof: Recalculate the trial balance replacing \$250 for the incorrect \$25 and the trial balance now balances at \$728.

EXERCISES

Exercise 2-1 (30 minutes)

Cash				
(a)	32,600	925	(b)	
(d)	3,000	13,600	(e)	
(h)	5,400	3,500	(g)	
		5,000	(i)	
Balance	17,975			
	Accounts R	eceivabl	е	

Accounts Receivable				
(f)	5,400	5,400	(h)	
Balance	0			

Office Supplies			
(b)	(b) 925		
Balance	925		
	Office Eq	uipment	
(c)	13,600		

13,600

Balance

Accounts Payable					
(e)	13,600	13,600	(c)		
		0	Balance		
Sandra Moses, Capital					
		32,600	(a)		
		32.600	Balance		

Sandra Moses, Withdrawals				
(i)	5,000			
Balance	5,000			
	Fees E	Earned		
		3,000 (d)		
		5,400 (f)		
		8,400 Balance		
Rent Expense				
(g)	3,500			

3,500

Balance

Exercise 2-2 (10 minutes)

Cash				
Jan.	31	890	4,000	Feb. 14
Feb.	2	3,100	125	23
	20	2,400	1,000	25
	22	10,000	1,600	26
Bal.		9,665		

Neil Poundmaker, Capital			
	800	Jan. 31	
	800	Bal.	

Accounts Receivable				
Jan.	31	1,200	2,400	Feb. 20
Feb.	12	15,000	10,000	Feb. 22
	18	1,900		
Bal.		5,700		

Neil Poundmaker, Withdrawals			
Jan. 31	-0-		
Feb. 25	1,000		
Bal.	1,000		

Prepaid I	nsurance
-0-	
4,000	
4,000	
	-0- 4,000

Service Revenue			
	2,600	Jan.	31
	3,100	Feb.	2
	15,000		12
	1,900		18
	22,600	Bal.	

Computer Equipment			
Jan.	31	480	
Feb.	10	7,600	
Bal.		8,080	

Wages Expense		
Jan. 31	1,080	
Feb. 26	1,600	
Bal.	2,680	

Accounts Payable			
Feb. 23	125	250	Jan. 31
		125	Bal.

NOTE: There is no entry to be recorded for February 21.

Notes Payable		
	-0-	Jan. 31
	7,600	Feb. 10
	7,600	Bal.

Analysis component:

Revenue recognition requires that when work has been completed, it must be recorded whether cash has been received or not. A transaction has occurred when there has been an economic exchange — when something has been given up or received. On February 12, services were performed and, although cash will not be received until a future date, a revenue must be recorded because an economic exchange has occurred.

Exercise 2-3 (10 minutes)

	Cash				
Mar. 31	1,800	1,000	Apr.	10	
Apr. 2	2,100	950		15	
19	2,800	1,500		29	
Bal.	3.250				

Neis Sigurdsen, Withdrawais		
Mar. 31	500	
Apr. 29	1,500	
Bal.	2,000	

Accounts Receivable				
Mar.	31	4,800	2,800	Apr. 19
Apr.	18	1,200		
Bal.		3,200		

Repair Revenue			
	14,000	Mar.	31
	2,100	Apr.	2
	1,200		18
	17,300	Bal.	

Repair Supplies		
Mar. 31	1,400	
Apr. 9	1,500	
Bal.	2,900	

Rent Expense		
Mar. 31	950	
Apr. 25	820	
Bal.	1,770	

Equipment		
Mar. 31	7,400	
Apr. 15	950	
Bal.	8,350	

Accounts Payable						
Apr.	10	1,000	500	Mar.	31	
			1,500	Apr.	9	
			820		25	
			1.820	Bal.		

Nels Sigurdsen, Capital				
	2,350	Mar. 31		
	2.350	Bal.		

NOTE: There is no entry to be recorded for April 5.

Exercise 2-4 (45 minutes)

2.

Date 2014		GENERAL JOURNAL Account Titles and Explanations	PR	Debit	Page 1 Credit
July	1	Cash Mira Delco, Capital To record investment by owner.	101 301	5,000	5,000
	10	Equipment Accounts Payable Purchased equipment on credit.	150 201	2,500	2,500
	12	Cash Revenue Performed services for cash.	101 401	10,000	10,000
	14	Expenses Cash Paid expenses.	501 101	3,500	3,500
	15	Accounts Receivable Revenue Completed services on account.	106 401	1,500	1,500
	31	Mira Delco, Withdrawals Cash Owner withdrew cash.	302 101	250	250

Note: The account numbers in the PR column above would be included only during the posting of these journal entries into the ledger accounts in Part 3 of this exercise.

Exercise 2-4 (continued)

*Note: The student could use T-accounts or balance column format accounts as their general ledger. Both are shown in this solution.

1 and 3.

	Ca	101			
July 1	5,000	3,500	July 14		
12	10,000	250	31		
Balance	11,250				
	Accts. Re	ceivable	106		
July 15	1,500				
	Equip	ment	150		
July 10	2,500				
	Accoun	ts Payable	201		
		2,500	July 10		
		Delco, oital	301		
		5,000	July 1		
		Delco,			
		rawals	302		
July 31	250				
	Rever	Revenue			
		10,000	July 12		
		1,500	15		
		11,500	Balance		
	Expe	501			
July 14	3,500				

Exercise 2-4 (continued)

1 and 3.

and J.	Cash			Acc	ount No. 101
Date	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014					
July 1		G1	5,000		5,000
12		G1	10,000		15,000
14		G1		3,500	11,500
31		G1		250	11,250
	Accounts Receivable			Acc	ount No. 106
Date	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014					
July 15		G1	1,500		1,500
	Equipment			Acc	ount No. 150
Date	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014					
July 10		G1	2,500		2,500
	Accounts Payable			Acc	ount No. 201
Date	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014					
July 10		G1		2,500	2,500
	Mira Delco, Capital			Acc	ount No. 301
Date	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014					
July 1		G1		5,000	5,000
	Mira Delco, Withdrawals			Acc	ount No. 302
Date	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014	_				
July 31		G1	250		250
	Revenue			Acc	ount No. 401
Date	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014	-				
July 12		G1		10,000	10,000
15		G1		1,500	11,500
	Expenses			Acc	ount No. 501
Date	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
	-				
2014					

Exercise 2-4 (continued)

4.

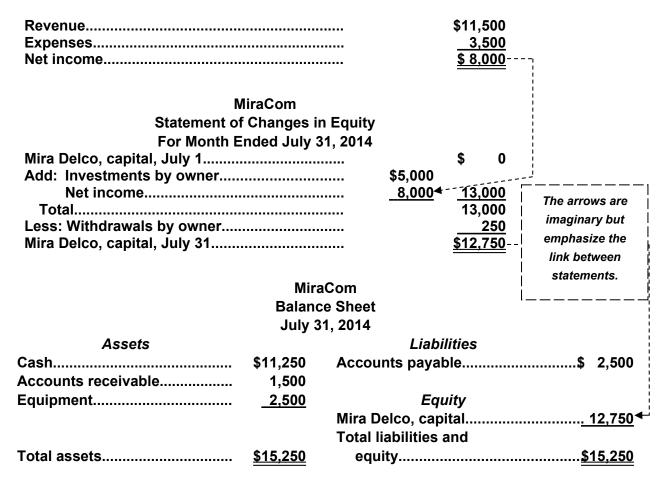
MiraCom Trial Balance July 31, 2014

Acct.			
No.	Account Title	Debit	Credit
101	Cash	\$11,250	
106	Accounts receivable	1,500	
150	Equipment	2,500	
201	Accounts payable		\$ 2,500
301	Mira Delco, capital		5,000
302	Mira Delco, withdrawals	250	
401	Revenue		11,500
501	Expenses	3,500	
	Totals	\$19,000	\$19,000

Exercise 2-4 (concluded)

5.

MiraCom Income Statement For Month Ended July 31, 2014



Analysis component:

Accounts receivable result from credit sales to customers (debit accounts receivable and credit a revenue). Sales, or revenue, is part of equity. As revenues on account are recorded, assets on the left side of the accounting equation increase and equity on the opposite side of the accounting equation also increases. Therefore, accounts receivable are financed by, or created by, an equity transaction.

Exercise 2-5 (10 minutes)

Note: Students could choose any account number within the specified range.

Account	
Number	Account Name
101	Cash
115	Accounts Receivable
160	Office Equipment
210	Accounts Payable
215	Unearned Revenue
310	Aaron Paquette, Capital
320	Aaron Paquette, Withdrawals
410	Consulting Revenues
510	Salaries Expense
520	Rent Expense
530	Utilities Expense

Exercise 2-6 (30 minutes)

1.		General Journal			Page G1
Date 2014		Account Titles and Explanations	PR	Debit	Credit
Feb.	1	Cash	101	8,500	
		Consulting Revenues Performed work for cash.	410		8,500
	5	Accounts Payable Cash Paid account.		•	5,000
	10	Cash Unearned Revenue Received cash in advance.		·	3,600
	12	No entry.			
	17	Aaron Paquette, Withdrawals Cash Owner withdrew cash.		•	3,000
	28	Salaries Expense Cash Paid salaries.		•	10,000

Note: The account numbers in the PR column above would be included only during the posting of these journal entries into the ledger accounts in Part 2 of this exercise.

Exercise 2-6 (continued)

2.

	Cas	h	101		Accounts Receivable	115	Offic	e Equipment	160	Accou	ınts Paya	able	210
Bal	15,000	5,000	Feb 5	Bal	3,800		Bal	22,500		Feb 5 5	5,000 8	,000	Bal
Feb 1	8,500	3,000	17								3	,000	Bal
10	3,600	10,000	28										
Bal	9,100												
				Aaro	on Paquette,		Aaro	n Paquette,					
Unear	rned Rev	enue/	215		Capital	310	Wi	thdrawals	320	Consult	ing Reve	enues	410
		2,600	Bal		9,500	Bal	Bal	2,000			41	,700	Bal
		3,600	Feb 10				Feb 17	3,000	_		8	3,500	Feb 1
		6,200	Bal				Bal	5,000			50	,200	Bal
0.1			5 40	_		500			500				
	ries Exp	ense	510	-	nt Expense	520	•	ies Expense	530				
	10,000			Bal	7,500		Bal	1,000					
-	10,000		_										
Bal	20,000												

3.

Paquette Advisors Trial Balance February 28, 2014

Acct.			
No.	Account Title	Debit	Credit
101	Cash	\$ 9,100	
115	Accounts receivable	3,800	
160	Office equipment	22,500	
210	Accounts payable		\$ 3,000
215	Unearned revenue		6,200
310	Aaron Paquette, capital		9,500
320	Aaron Paquette, withdrawals	5,000	
410	Consulting revenues		50,200
510	Salaries expense	20,000	
520	Rent expense	7,500	
530	Utilities expense	1,000	
	Totals	<u>\$68,900</u>	<u>\$68,900</u>

4.

Paquette Advisors Income Statement For Two Months Ended February 28, 2014

Revenues:		_		
Consulting revenues		. \$	50,200	
Operating expenses:		\$20,000		1
Salaries expense			 The	arrows are imaginary
Rent expense			i İ bı	ıt emphasize the link
Utilities expense				etween statements.
Total operating expenses Net income			<u> </u>	
Net income		. <u>a</u>	<u>21,700</u>	
5.				
Pac	quette Advisc	ors		
Statement	of Changes	in Equity		
For Two Month	s Ended Feb	ruary 28, 2014	i 1	
Aaron Paquette, capital, March 1.		_	\$ 0	
Add: Investments by owner			,500	
Net income			,700 <u>*</u> 31,200	
Total			\$31,200	<u> </u>
Less: Withdrawals by owner			5,000	<u>)</u>
Aaron Paquette, capital, February	, 28	•	<u>\$26,200</u>	
6.				!
	Paquette			ļ
	Balance			
	February			
Assets			ilities	
Cash	\$ 9,100	Accounts payal		
Accounts receivable	3,800	Unearned reven		
Office equipment	<u>22,500</u>	Total liabilities		\$ 9,200
		_	••	į
			uity 	00 000 4
		Aaron Paquette	•	<u>26,200</u> ◄
Total accets	¢25 400	Total liabilities	-	¢25 400
Total assets	<u>\$35,400</u>	equity		<u>\$35,400</u>

Analysis component:

Unearned revenue occurs when cash is received from a customer in advance of the work being done. The collection is not recorded as revenue because it has not been earned until the work is done. Unearned revenue is therefore a liability because the business owes the customer a service (or work). For example, WestJet receives cash from customers in advance of the customer actually flying and records it as advance ticket revenue, a type of unearned revenue. These cash collections are recorded as advance ticket revenue, a liability, because the cash doesn't belong to WestJet until they have earned it which occurs when the customer takes their flight.

Exercise 2-7 (30 minutes)

a.	Cash	7,000	
	Equipment	5,600	
	Automobiles	11,000	
	Jerry Steiner, Capital		23,600
	The owner invested cash, an automobile, and equipment.		
b.	Prepaid Insurance	3,600	
	Cash		3,600
	Purchased insurance coverage in advance.		
c.	Office Supplies	600	
	Cash		600
	Purchased supplies with cash.		
d.	Office Supplies	200	
	Equipment	9,400	
	Accounts Payable		9,600
	Purchased supplies and equipment on credit.		•
e.	Cash	2,500	
	Delivery Services Revenue	•	2,500
	Received cash from customer for work done.		·
f.	Accounts Payable	2,400	
	Cash	•	2,400
	Made payment on payables.		·
g.	Gas and Oil Expense	700	
-	Cash		700
	Paid for gas and oil.		

Exercise 2-8 (20 minutes)

2014			
April 5	CashSurgical Revenues	4,600	4,600
	Performed surgery and collected cash.		
8	SuppliesAccounts Payable	19,000	19,000
	Purchased surgical supplies on credit.		19,000
15	Salaries Expense	41,000	
	Cash		41,000
20	Accounts Payable	19,000	
	Cash	,	19,000
	Paid for the credit purchase of April 8.		
21	No entry.		
22	Accounts ReceivableSurgical Revenues	22,800	22,800
	Performed six surgeries on credit;		22,800
	$$3,800 \times 6 = $22,800$		
29	CashAccounts Receivable	15,200	15 200
	Collection from four credit customers of April 22;		15,200
	$$3,800 \times 4 = $15,200.$		
30	Utilities Expense	1,800	4 000
	Cash Paid the April utilities.		1,800

Exercise 2-9 (20 minutes)

b.	Accounts Receivable	2,700	
	Services Revenue		2,700
	Provided services on credit.		
c.	Cash	3,150	
	Services Revenue		2 450
	Services Revenue		3,150

Revenues are inflows of assets (or decreases in liabilities) received in exchange for goods or services provided to customers. The other transactions did not create revenues for the following reasons:

- a. This transaction brought in cash, but it was an owner investment in the company.
- d. This transaction brought in cash, but it also created a liability because the services have not yet been provided to the client.
- e. This transaction changed the form of the asset from accounts receivable to cash. Total assets were not increased. Revenue was not generated.
- f. This transaction brought cash into the company and increased assets, but it also increased a liability by the same amount.

Exercise 2-10 (20 minutes)

b.	Salaries Expense	1,125	
	Cash		1,125
	Paid the salary of the receptionist.		·
d.	Utilities Expense	930	
	Cash		930
	Paid the utilities bill for the office.		

Expenses are outflows or using up of assets (or the creation of liabilities) that occur in the process of providing goods or services to customers. The transactions labelled a, c, and e were not expenses for the following reasons:

- a. This transaction decreased assets in settlement of a previously existing liability.

 Thus, the using up of assets did not reduce equity.
- c. This transaction was the purchase of an asset. The form of the company's assets changed, but total assets did not change, and the equity did not decrease.
- This transaction was a distribution of cash to the owner. Even though equity decreased, the decrease did not occur in the process of providing goods or services to customers.

Exercise 2-11 (25 minutes)

Parts a and b:

Cash Account No. 101									
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance			
2013									
Dec. 2014	31	Beginning balance				850			
Jan.	1		G1	3,500		4,350			
	20		G1		2,000	2,350			
	31		G1	5,000		7,350			
	31		G1		3,000	4,350			
	31		G1		750	3,600			
		Accounts Receivable			Acc	ount No. 106			
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance			
2013									
Dec.	31	Beginning balance				300			
2014									
Jan.	12		G1	9,000		9,300			
	31		G1		5,000	4,300			
		Equipment				ount No. 167			
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance			
2013									
Dec.	31	Beginning balance				1,500			
2014									
Jan.	20		G1	12,000		13,500			
		Accounts Payable			Acc	ount No. 201			
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance			
2013									
Dec.	31	Beginning balance				325			
2014									
Jan.	20		G1		10,000	10,325			
Jay Walker, Capital Account No. 301									
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance			
2013									
Dec.	31	Beginning balance				2,325			
2014									
Jan.	1		G1		3,500	5,825			

Exercise 2-11 (Parts a and b continued)

		Jay Walker, Withdrawals			Acc	ount No. 302	
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance	
2013							
Dec.	31	Beginning balance				300	
2014							
Jan.	31		G1	750		1,050	
Fees Earned Account No. 40							
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance	
2013							
Dec.	31	Beginning balance				1,800	
2014							
Jan.	12		G1		9,000	10,800	
		Salaries Expense			Acc	ount No. 622	
Date		Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance	
2013							
Dec.	31	Beginning balance				1,500	
2014							
Jan.	31		G1	3,000		4,500	

Exercise 2-11 (Parts a and b continued)

Note: After posting the journal entries, the PR column in the General Journal would appear as follows:

	General Journal			Page 1
Date 2014	Account Titles and Explanations	PR	Debit	Credit
Jan. 1	Cash		3,500	3,500
12	Accounts Receivable Fees Earned Performed work for a customer on account.		9,000	9,000
20	Equipment	101	12,000	2,000 10,000
31	Cash Accounts Receivable Collected cash from credit customer.		5,000	5,000
31	Salaries Expense Cash Paid month-end salaries.		3,000	3,000
31	Jay Walker, Withdrawals Cash Jay Walker withdrew cash for personal use.		750	750

Analysis component:

All of the details regarding a transaction, such as serial numbers or invoice numbers, form part of the journal entry recorded in the journal and provide a chronological picture of what has happened in the business. The general ledger does not accommodate these kinds of very necessary details. Therefore, we need to journalize to ensure important details are readily available.

The general ledger summarizes by account all of the transactions recorded in the journal. For example, without the ledger, we would not be able to determine the balance in cash without going through the journal and adding/subtracting all of the individual transactions. The ledger allows us to have account balance information.

In summary, although it appears that journalizing and posting are recording the same information twice, the journal and ledger each serve different and important functions in the accounting system.

Exercise 2-12 (25 minutes)

		General Journal			Page G1
Date 2014		Account Titles and Explanations	PR	Debit	Credit
Aug.	1	Cash	101	20,000	
		Photography Equipment	167	42,000	
		Joseph Eetok, Capital Investment by owner.	301		62,000
	1	Prepaid Rent	131	12,000	
		Cash Rented studio space.	101	,	12,000
	5	Office Supplies	124	1,800	
		Cash Purchased office supplies.	101	ŕ	1,800
	20	Cash	101	9,200	
		Photography Fees Earned Collected photography fees.	401	·	9,200
	31	Utilities Expense	690	1,400	
		Cash	101		1,400

Note: The account numbers in the PR column above would be included only during the posting of these journal entries into the ledger accounts in Exercise 2-13.

Exercise 2-13 (30 minutes)

		Cash		Acco	unt No. 101	
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Aug.	1		G1	20,000		20,000
	1		G1		12,000	8,000
	5		G1		1,800	6,200
	20		G1	9,200		15,400
	31		G1		1,400	14,000
		O.C. O II			Ā	1 N 404
		Office Supplies		5 1 11		unt No. 124
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014	_			4 000		4.000
Aug.	5		G1	1,800		1,800
		Prepaid Rent			Acco	unt No. 131
Date	e	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014	<u>-</u>					
Aug.	1		G1	12,000		12,000
• •			1	, , , , , , , ,	'	,
		Photography Equipment			Acco	unt No. 167
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Aug.	1		G1	42,000		42,000
		Jacob Fotok Conital			A	4 No. 204
Dot		Joseph Eetok, Capital	DD	Debit	Credit	unt No. 301
Date	В	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014	1		C4		62 000	62 000
Aug.	1		G1	ļ	62,000	62,000
		Photography Fees Earned			Acco	unt No. 401
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014		•				
Aug.	20		G1		9,200	9,200
•				•	,	
		Utilities Expense			Acco	unt No. 690
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Aug.	31		G1	1,400		1,400

Exercise 2-13 (concluded)

THE PIXEL SHOP Trial Balance August 31, 2014

Account Title	Debit	Credit
Cash	\$ 14,000	
Office supplies	1,800	
Prepaid rent	12,000	
Photography equipment	42,000	
Joseph Eetok, capital		\$62,000
Photography fees earned		9,200
Utilities expense	1,400	_
Totals	\$71,200	<u>\$71,200</u>
	Account Title Cash Office supplies Prepaid rent Photography equipment Joseph Eetok, capital Photography fees earned Utilities expense	Account Title Debit Cash

Analysis component:

The trial balance is not a financial statement; it is an internal working paper used to verify that debits and credits in the general ledger are equal and to review account balances. The trial balance format does not readily communicate information such as financial performance and financial position, information that is desired by external decision makers. Financial statements are used for external reporting because the formats of these communicate information desired by external users. For example, the income statement reports financial performance while the balance sheet reports financial position.

Exercise 2-14 (20 minutes)

	Ca	ish	101		Office Supplies	s 124		Prepaid Rent	131
Aug. 1	20,000	12,000	Aug. 1	Aug. 5	1,800		Aug. 1	12,000	
20	9,200	1,800	5						
		1,400	31		·			·	
Bal	14,000			_					
Photo	graphy E	quipme	nt 167	Jose	eph Eetok, Capita	al 301			
Aug. 1	42.000	-			62,000	Aug. 1			

Photography Fees Earned 401 Utilities Expense 690 9,200 Aug. 20 Aug. 31 1,400

THE PIXEL SHOP Trial Balance August 31, 2014

Acct.				
No.	Account Title	Debit	Credit	
101	Cash	\$14,000		
124	Office supplies	1,800		
131	Prepaid rent	12,000		
167	Photography equipment	42,000		
301	Joseph Eetok, capital			\$62,00
401	Photography fees earned			\$62,00 9,20
690	Utilities expense	<u>1,400</u>		
	Totals	\$71,200		<u>\$71,20</u>

Analysis component:

The trial balance is an internal working paper used to verify that debits and credits in the general ledger are equal and to review account balances. The trial balance format does not readily communicate information such as financial performance and financial position, information that is desired by external decision makers. Financial statements are used for external reporting because the formats of these communicate information desired by external users. For example, the income statement reports financial performance while the balance sheet reports financial position.

Exercise 2-15 (20 minutes)

Hogan's Consulting Income Statement For Year Ended December 31, 2014

Revenues: Consulting fees earned Operating expenses:			8,000	
Wages expense Rent expense Total operating expenses Net loss		<u>8,000</u> <u>3</u>	7,000 9,000	
Hogan Statement of For Year Ende	•	Equity		
Lisa Hogan, capital, January 1Add: Investments by owner		\$ <u>5</u> 0	0 0,000 0,000	arrows are imaginary
Less: Withdrawals by owner Net loss Lisa Hogan, capital, December 31		\$2,000 <u>19,000</u> ◆ ⁻⁻ <u>2</u> ́	but emphasize the link	
Hogan's Consulting Balance Sheet December 31, 2014				
Assets	2000	Liabiliti	es	
Cash	\$18,000	Accounts payable		\$ 17,300
Accounts receivable	5,200	Notes payable		
Prepaid rent	13,000	Total liabilities \$ 64,300		
Machinery	57,100	Equity		
•		Lisa Hogan, capital. Total liabilities and		<u>29,000</u> ▲
Total assets	<u>\$93,300</u>	equity		<u>\$ 93,300</u>

Analysis component:

Losses cause equity to decrease. If equity decreases, either assets have to decrease and/or liabilities must increase to keep the balance sheet in balance. Therefore, if Hogan's Consulting continues to experience losses, there are two short-term alternatives available to prevent a decrease in assets. First, the business could borrow which would increase liabilities and temporarily increase assets until payments had to be made. Second, Lisa Hogan, the owner, could invest additional assets into the business which would increase equity and assets. However, for the long-term, the owner does not want to support the business through continual investments; the business must be able to support itself through positive performance (net income).

Exercise 2-16 (20 minutes)

JenCo Income Statement For Month Ended March 31, 2014

Revenues: Service revenue				
		JenCo		
Sta	atement of	f Changes in Equity		
For	r Month Er	nded March 31, 2014		
Marie Jensen, capital, March 1.			\$ 0	
Add: Investment by owner				
Net income				
Total				
Less: Withdrawal by owner			<u>1,500</u>	
Marie Jensen, capital, March 31	1		<u>\$1,390</u>	
		JenCo	į	
		ance Sheet	į	
		ch 31, 2014	į	
Assets		Liabilities	į	
Cash	\$ 500	Accounts payable	\$ 500	
Accounts receivable	ր 500 1,950	Unearned service revenue	\$ 500 ¦	
Prepaid insurance	300	Notes payable	1,100	
Equipment	700	Total liabilities	\$2,060	
		Equity	1	
		Marie Jensen, capital	<u>1,390</u> ⁴⁻¹	
Total assets	<u>\$3,450</u>	Total liabilities and equity	<u>\$3,450</u>	

The arrows are imaginary but emphasize the link between statements.

Exercise 2-17 (20 minutes)

Nanimahoo Marketing Services Income Statement For Month Ended March 31, 2014

Fees earned
Wages expense \$146,000 Office supplies expense 7,000
Office supplies expense
Total operating expenses 153 000
10ta oporating expenses
Net loss
Nanimahoo Marketing Services
Statement of Changes in Equity
For Month Ended March 31, 2014
Dee Nanimahoo, capital, March 1\$87,000*
Add: Investment by owner
Total\$122,000
Less: Withdrawal by owner\$ 18,000
Net loss
Dee Nanimahoo, capital, March 31
Nanimahoo Marketing Services
Balance Sheet
March 31, 2014
Assets Liabilities
Cash
Accounts receivable 3,000 Notes payable
Office supplies
Building
Land
Machinery 50,000 Dee Nanimahoo, capital
Total assets

*\$122,000 March 31/14 Balance - \$35,000 invested in March = \$87,000 March 1/14 Balance

The arrows are imaginary but emphasize the link between statements.

Exercise 2-18 (20 minutes)

		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
		Difference	Column	Identify	Amount That
		Between Debit	With the	Account(s)	Account(s) is
		and Credit	Larger	Incorrectly	Overstated or
	Description	Columns	Total	Stated	Understated
a.	A \$2,400 debit to Rent	\$810	Credit	Rent	Rent Expense is
	Expense was posted as a \$1,590 debit.			Expense	understated by \$810
b.	A \$42,000 debit to Machinery	\$0	_	Machinery	Machinery is
	was posted as a debit to			_	understated by
	Accounts Payable.				\$42,000 and
				Accounts	Accounts Payable
				Payable	is understated by
					\$42,000
C.	A \$4,950 credit to Services	\$4,455	Debit	Services	Services Revenue
	Revenue was posted as a \$495			Revenue	is understated by
	credit.				\$4,455
d.	A \$1,440 debit to Store	\$1,440	Credit	Store	Store Supplies is
	Supplies was not posted at all.			Supplies	understated by
					\$1,440
e.	A \$2,250 debit to Prepaid	\$0	_	Prepaid	Prepaid Insurance
	Insurance was posted as a			Insurance	is understated by
	debit to Insurance Expense.				\$2,250 and
					Insurance Expense
				Insurance	is overstated by
	A A 4 0 50 PM 4 O M	A4050	0 "'	Expense	\$2,250
f.	A \$4,050 credit to Cash was	\$4,050	Credit	Cash	Cash is
	posted twice as two credits to				understated by
	the Cash account.	***		0	\$4,050
g.	A \$9,900 debit to the owner's	\$0	_	Owner's	Owner's Capital account is
	withdrawals account was			Capital	
	debited to the owner's capital account.				understated by \$9,900
	account.				φ σ,σ υυ
				Owner's	Owner's
				Titilalawais	
				Withdrawals	Withdrawals is understated by \$9,900

Exercise 2-19 (15 minutes)

- a. 1. Dr = Cr
 - 2. Accounts Receivable is understated (too low) by \$3,500 and Revenue is understated by \$3,500.
- b. 1. Dr = Cr
 - 2. Accounts Payable is overstated (too high) by \$600 and Cash is overstated by \$600.
- c. 1. Dr ≠ Cr
 - 2. Cash is overstated by \$180.
- d. 1. Dr ≠ Cr
 - 2. Accounts Receivable is overstated by \$750.
- e. 1. Dr = Cr
 - 2. Accounts Payable is understated by \$2,000 and Equipment is understated by \$2,000.

Exercise 2-20 (15 minutes)

Case A:

1. Subtract total debits in the trial balance from total credits

$$5,010 - 4,290 = 720$$

2. Divide the difference by 9

$$720 \div 9 = 80$$

- 3. The quotient equals the difference between the two transposed numbers.
 - 80 is the difference between the two transposed numbers.
- 4. The number of digits in the quotient tells us the location of the transposition.

Look for a difference of 8 between the second number from the right and the third number from the right.

Through a process of elimination, the incorrect value is Accounts Payable of \$190. The correct value must be \$910.

Proof: Recalculate the trial balance replacing \$910 for the incorrect \$190 and the trial balance now balances at \$5,010.

Exercise 2-20 (concluded)

Case B:

1. Subtract total debits in the trial balance from total credits

$$34,400 - 28,100 = 6,300$$

2. Divide the difference by 9 to reveal a slide error

$$6.300 \div 9 = 700$$

3. The quotient identifies a slide error and equals the correct value.

Through a process of elimination, the incorrect value is Withdrawals for \$7,000. The correct value must be \$700.

Proof: Recalculate the trial balance replacing \$700 for the incorrect \$7,000 and the trial balance now balances at \$28,100.

Case C:

1. Subtract total debits in the trial balance from total credits

$$942 - 906 = 36$$

2. Divide the difference by 9

$$36 \div 9 = 4$$

3. The quotient equals the difference between the two transposed numbers.

4 is the difference between the two transposed numbers.

4. The number of digits in the quotient tells us the location of the transposition.

Look for a difference of 4 between the first number from the right and the second number from the right.

Through a process of elimination, the incorrect value is Cash for \$59. The correct value must be \$95.

Proof: Recalculate the trial balance replacing \$95 for the incorrect \$59 and the trial balance now balances at \$942.

PROBLEMS

Problem 2-1A (40 minutes) Parts 1 and 2

	Cas	sh			Joel Dougla	as, Capital	
(a)	100,000	80,000	(b)			109,000	(a)
(g)	16,000	3,200	(f)			9,000	(d)
(n)	1,900	1,800	(h)			118,000	Bal.
		4,600	(j)				
		9,300	(k)		Joel Douglas,	Withdrawa	ıls
		3,200	(m)	(o)	3,200		
		3,200	(o)				
Bal	12,600				Fees E		
						16,000	(g)
	Accounts F	Receivable				5,100	(I)
(I)	5,100	1,900	(n)			21,100	Bal
Bal	3,200						
					Wages E	xpense	
	Office S	upplies		(f)	3,200		
(c)	4,600			_(m)	3,200		
				Bal	6,400		
	Autom	obiles					
(d)	9,000				Utilities E	xpense	
				(h)	1,800		
	Office Eq						
(a)	9,000	700	(k)				
(e)	3,000						
(k)	10,000						
Bal.	21,300						
	D. iila	dl					
<u></u>	Build	ung					
(b)	85,000						
	Laı	nd					
(b)	115,000						
x · j	,						
	ı						
	Accounts				here is no entr		
(j)	4,600	4,600	(c)	since it i	is not a transad	ction.	
		3,000	(e)				
		3,000	Bal				
	Long Town N	otoo Boyek	lo.				
	Long-Term No						
		120,000	(b)				

Problem 2-2A (30 minutes)

	General Journal		Page 1
Date	Account Titles and Explanations	Debit	Credit
2014 May 1	Equipment Cash Notes Payable Purchased new equipment paying cash and signing a 90-day note payable.	46,000	14,000 32,000
2	Prepaid Insurance Cash Purchased 12 months of insurance to begin May 2.	24,000	24,000
3	Cash Design Revenue Completed a fitness contract for a group of customers and collected cash.	6,000	6,000
4	Office Supplies Accounts Payable Purchased office supplies on account.	3,750	3,750
6	Accounts Payable Office Supplies Returned defective supplies to supplier.	750	750
10	Accounts Receivable Fitness Contract Revenue Did work for a client today on account.	11,500	11,500
15	Accounts Payable	3,000	3,000
20	Cash Accounts Receivable Received payment from the client of May 10.	11,500	11,500

Problem 2-2A (concluded)

May 25	Cash Unearned Revenue Received cash for work to be done in June.	2,500	2,500
31	Salaries Expense Cash Paid month-end salaries.	47,000	47,000
31	Telephone Expense Cash Paid the May telephone bill.	2,250	2,250
31	Utilities ExpenseAccounts Payable (or Utilities Payable)	3,100	3,100

Note: Assume that all entries were journalized on Page 1 of the General Journal.

Problem 2-3A (90 minutes)

		General Journal			Page 1
Dat 2014	te	Account Titles and Explanations	PR	Debit	Credit
Mar.	1	Cash	101	50,000	
		Office Equipment	163	12,000	
		Abe Factor, Capital	301	·	62,000
		Invested cash and equipment to start the busine	ess.		
	1	Prepaid Rent	131	9,000	
		Cash	101	·	9,000
		Prepaid three months' rent.			·
	3	Office Equipment	163	6,000	
		Office Supplies	124	1,200	
		Accounts Payable	201	•	7,200
		Purchased equipment and supplies on credit.			
	5	Cash	101	6,200	
		Accounting Fees Earned	401	•	6,200
		Received cash from client for completed work.			
	9	Accounts Receivable	106	4,000	
		Accounting Fees Earned	401		4,000
		Billed client for completed work.			
	11	Accounts Payable	201	7,200	
		Cash	101		7,200
		Paid balance due on accounts payable.			
	15	Prepaid Insurance	128	3,000	
		Cash	101		3,000
		Paid annual premium for insurance.			
	20	Cash	101	1,500	
		Accounts Receivable	106		1,500
		Collected part of the amount owed by a client.			

Problem 2-3A (concluded)

Mar. 22 No entry.

23	Accounts Receivable Accounting Fees Earned Billed client for completed work.	106 401	2,850	2,850
27	Abe Factor, Withdrawals Cash Owner's withdrawal of cash.	302 101	3,600	3,600
30	Office SuppliesAccounts Payable Purchased supplies.	124 201	650	650
31	Utilities Expense Cash Paid monthly utility bill.	690 101	860	860

Note: The account numbers in the PR column above would be included only when these journal entries are being posted in Problem 3-4A. Assume that all entries were journalized on Page 1 of the General Journal.

Problem 2-4A (45 minutes)

Parts 1 and 2

Date Explanation PR Debit Credit Balance			Cash			Ad	ct. No. 101
Mar. 1 G1 S0,000 G1 S0,000 50,000 A1,000 1 G1 G1 G2 G1 G20 9,000 A1,000 41,000 11 G1 G1 G2 G1 G20 47,200 A1,000 3,000 G1 G1 G20 3,000 G20 G1 G1 G20 3,000 G1 G20 G20 3,600 G20 G20 4,000 G20 G20	Dat	te	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
Table Figure Fi	2014						
S S S S S S S S S S	Mar.	1		G1	50,000		50,000
11		1		G1		9,000	41,000
15		5		G1	6,200		47,200
Second		11		G1		7,200	40,000
Accounts Receivable		15		G1		3,000	37,000
Accounts Receivable		20		G1	1,500		38,500
Acct. No. 106 Date		27		G1		3,600	34,900
Date Explanation PR Debit Credit Balance		31		G1		860	34,040
Date Explanation PR Debit Credit Balance			Accounts Receivable		A	cct. No. 106	
Mar. 9 20 20 23 Gf1	Dat	te	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
Office Supplies	2014		<u>.</u>				
Office Supplies	Mar.	9		G1	4,000		4,000
Date Explanation PR Debit Credit Balance		20		G1		1,500	2,500
Date Explanation PR Debit Credit Balance 2014 Mar. 3 30 G1 1,200 G1 650 1,200 1,850 Prepaid Insurance Acct. No. 128 Date Explanation PR Debit Credit Balance 2014 Mar. 15 G1 3,000 3,000 3,000 Prepaid Rent Acct. No. 131 Acct. No. 131 Debit Credit Balance 2014 Mar. 1 G1 9,000 9,000 9,000 Date Explanation PR Debit Credit Balance 2014 Mar. 1 G1 12,000 12,000 12,000		23		G1	2,850		5,350
Date Explanation PR Debit Credit Balance 2014 Mar. 3 30 G1 1,200 G1 650 1,200 1,850 Prepaid Insurance Acct. No. 128 Date Explanation PR Debit Credit Balance 2014 Mar. 15 G1 3,000 3,000 3,000 Prepaid Rent Acct. No. 131 Acct. No. 131 Debit Credit Balance 2014 Mar. 1 G1 9,000 9,000 9,000 Date Explanation PR Debit Credit Balance 2014 Mar. 1 G1 12,000 12,000 12,000			Office Supplies			A	cct. No. 124
Nate	Dat	te		PR	Debit		
Mar. 3 30 G1 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,850 Prepaid Insurance Acct. No. 128 Date Explanation PR Debit Credit Balance 2014 Mar. 15 Prepaid Rent Acct. No. 131 Date Explanation PR Debit Credit Balance 2014 Mar. 1 G1 9,000 9,000 Date Explanation PR Debit Credit Balance 2014 Mar. 1 G1 12,000 12,000	2014		•				
Prepaid Insurance	Mar.	3		G1	1,200		1,200
Date Explanation PR Debit Credit Balance 2014 Mar. 15 G1 3,000 3,000 Prepaid Rent Acct. No. 131 Date Explanation PR Debit Credit Balance 2014 Mar. 1 G1 9,000 9,000 9,000 Date Explanation PR Debit Credit Balance 2014 Mar. 1 G1 12,000 12,000				G1			•
Date Explanation PR Debit Credit Balance 2014 Mar. 15 G1 3,000 3,000 Prepaid Rent Acct. No. 131 Date Explanation PR Debit Credit Balance 2014 Mar. 1 G1 9,000 9,000 9,000 Date Explanation PR Debit Credit Balance 2014 Mar. 1 G1 12,000 12,000			Prepaid Insurance			A	cct. No. 128
Date Explanation PR Debit Credit Balance	Dat	te		PR	Debit		
Mar. 15 G1 3,000 3,000 3,000 3,000 Acct. No. 131 Date Explanation PR Debit Credit Balance 2014 G1 9,000 9,000 9,000 Date Explanation PR Debit Credit Balance 2014 G1 12,000 12,000							
DateExplanationPRDebitCreditBalance2014 Mar.G19,0009,000Office EquipmentAcct. No. 163DateExplanationPRDebitCreditBalance2014 Mar.G112,00012,000		15		G1	3,000		3,000
DateExplanationPRDebitCreditBalance2014 Mar.G19,0009,000Office EquipmentAcct. No. 163DateExplanationPRDebitCreditBalance2014 Mar.G112,00012,000			Prenaid Rent			Δι	rct No 131
2014 Mar. 1 G1 9,000 9,000 Office Equipment Acct. No. 163 Date Explanation PR Debit Credit Balance 2014 G1 12,000 12,000	Dat	to.		PR	Dehit		
Mar. 1 G1 9,000 9,000 Office Equipment Acct. No. 163 Date Explanation PR Debit Credit Balance 2014 G1 12,000 12,000		. 	Ελριαπατιοπ		Denit	Or Guit	Dalance
Office Equipment Acct. No. 163 Date Explanation PR Debit Credit Balance 2014 G1 12,000 12,000		1		G1	9,000		9,000
Date Explanation PR Debit Credit Balance 2014 G1 12,000 12,000		,		•	, ,		•
Date Explanation PR Debit Credit Balance 2014 G1 12,000 12,000			Office Equipment			A	cct. No. 163
2014 Mar. 1 G1 12,000 12,000	Dat	te		PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
Mar. 1 G1 12,000 12,000	2014		<u>.</u>				
		1		G1	12,000		12,000
				1			•

		Accounts Payable			A	cct. No. 201
Dat	:e	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Mar.	3		G1		7,200	7,200
	11		G1	7,200		0
	30		G1		650	650
		Abe Factor, Capital			A	cct. No. 301
Dat	e	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Mar.	1		G1		62,000	62,000
		Abe Factor, Withdrawa				cct. No. 302
Dat	e	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Mar.	27		G1	3,600		3,600
		Accounting Fees Earn	ed		A	cct. No. 401
Dat	e	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014		•				
Mar.	5		G1		6,200	6,200
	9		G1		4,000	10,200
	23		G1		2,850	13,050
		Utilities Expense			A	cct. No. 690
Dat	e	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Mar.	31		G1	860		860

Problem 2-4A (concluded)

Part 3

X-FACTOR ACCOUNTING Trial Balance March 31, 2014

Acct.			
No.	Account Title	Debit	Credit
101	Cash	\$34,040	
106	Accounts receivable	5,350	
124	Office supplies	1,850	
128	Prepaid insurance	3,000	
131	Prepaid rent	9,000	
163	Office equipment	18,000	
201	Accounts payable	·	\$ 650
301	Abe Factor, capital		62,000
302	Abe Factor, withdrawals	3,600	ŕ
401	Accounting fees earned	·	13,050
690	Utilities expense	860	·
	Totals	\$75,700	\$75, 700

Problem 2-5A (20 minutes)

X-FACTOR ACCOUNTING Income Statement For Month Ended March 31, 2014

Revenues: Accounting fees earned Operating expenses:				\$13,05	0
Utilities expense				86	<u>60</u>
Net income				<u>\$12,19</u>	<u>o</u> ¦
Y FACTO	ACCOUN	ITING			
_	R ACCOUN	_			į
Statement o	•	• •			1
For Month E		•	.	•	į
Abe Factor, capital, March 1			\$	0	The arrows are imaginary
Add: Investments by owner		•	*	400	but emphasize the link
Net income				<u>,190</u>	1 ' 1
Total				,190	between statements.
Less: Withdrawals by owner				<u>,600</u>	
Abe Factor, capital, March 31			<u>\$70</u>	<u>,590</u>	₁
	Balan	ACCOUNTING ace Sheet a 31, 2014			
Assets		_	bilities		<u> </u>
Cash	\$34,040	Accounts pay	able		\$ 650
Accounts receivable	5,350				i !
Office supplies	1,850				
Prepaid insurance	3,000		quity		
Prepaid rent	9,000	Abe Factor, ca	•		<u>70,590</u>
Office equipment	<u> 18,000</u>	Total liabilities	and		
Total assets	<u>\$71,240</u>	equity			<u>\$71,240</u>

Problem 2-6A (90 minutes)

Part 1

Date Account Titles and Explanations PR Debit Credit			General Journal			Page 1
Office Equipment. 163 48,000 Jill Wahpoosywan, Capital. 301 123,000 Invested cash and equipment to start the business. 1 Prepaid Rent. 131 14,400 Cash. 101 14,400 14,40			Account Titles and Explanations	PR	Debit	Credit
Jill Wahpoosywan, Capital	May	1	Cash	101	75,000	
Invested cash and equipment to start the business.			Office Equipment	163	48,000	
1 Prepaid Rent			Jill Wahpoosywan, Capital	301		123,000
Cash 101 14,400 Prepaid three months' rent. 2 Office Equipment 163 24,000 Office Supplies 124 4,800 Accounts Payable 201 28,800 Purchased equipment and supplies on credit. 6 Cash 101 8,000 Services Revenue 403 8,000 Received cash from client for services performed. 9 Accounts Receivable 106 16,000 Services Revenue 403 16,000 Billed client for completed work. 10 Accounts Payable 201 14,400 Cash 101 14,400 Paid one-half of balance due on accounts payable. 14,400 19 Prepaid Insurance 128 7,500 Cash 101 7,500 Paid annual premium for insurance. 128 7,500 22 Cash 101 12,800 Accounts Receivable 106 12,800 Collected part of the amount owed by a client. 25 Accounts Receivable 106 5,280 Services Revenue 403 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>Invested cash and equipment to start the</td><td>business.</td><td></td><td></td></td<>			Invested cash and equipment to start the	business.		
Prepaid three months' rent. 2 Office Equipment 163 24,000 Office Supplies 124 4,800 Accounts Payable 201 28,800 Purchased equipment and supplies on credit. 6 Cash 101 8,000 Services Revenue 403 8,000 Received cash from client for services performed. 9 Accounts Receivable 106 16,000 Services Revenue 403 16,000 Billed client for completed work. 101 14,400 Cash 101 14,400 Paid one-half of balance due on accounts payable. 101 14,400 Prepaid Insurance 128 7,500 Cash 101 7,500 Paid annual premium for insurance. 128 7,500 22 Cash 101 12,800 Accounts Receivable 106 12,800 Collected part of the amount owed by a client. 25 Accounts Receivable 106 5,280 Services Revenue 403 5,280		1	Prepaid Rent	131	14,400	
2 Office Equipment			Cash	101		14,400
Offfice Supplies			Prepaid three months' rent.			
Accounts Payable		2	Office Equipment	163	24,000	
Purchased equipment and supplies on credit. 6 Cash			Office Supplies	124	4,800	
6 Cash			Accounts Payable	201		28,800
Services Revenue			Purchased equipment and supplies on cre	edit.		
Received cash from client for services performed. 9		6		-	8,000	
9 Accounts Receivable						8,000
Services Revenue		_	•		40.000	
Billed client for completed work. 201 14,400 Cash 101 14,400 Paid one-half of balance due on accounts payable. 19 Prepaid Insurance 128 7,500 Cash 101 7,500 Paid annual premium for insurance. 22 Cash 101 12,800 Accounts Receivable 106 12,800 Collected part of the amount owed by a client. 25 Accounts Receivable 106 5,280 Services Revenue 403 5,280 5,280 Services Revenue 403 5,280 Services Revenue 403 5,280 Collected part of the amount owed by a client 201 14,400 14,4		9			16,000	16 000
Cash				400		10,000
Paid one-half of balance due on accounts payable. 19 Prepaid Insurance		10	Accounts Payable	201	14,400	
19 Prepaid Insurance						14,400
Cash						
Paid annual premium for insurance. 22 Cash	•	19	•		7,500	7 500
22 Cash				101		7,500
Accounts Receivable	•	22	•	101	12 800	
25 Accounts Receivable	•				.2,000	12,800
Services Revenue			Collected part of the amount owed by a cl	ient.		
,	2	25			5,280	
Billed Client for Completed Work.				403		5,280
05 Ways and 200	_	0.5	•	000	04.000	
25 Wages expense	2	25	•		34,000	34 000
Paid wage expense.						0.,000

Problem2-6A, Part 1 (continued)

May	31	Jill Wahpoosywan, Withdrawals Cash Owner withdrew cash.	5,000	5,000
	31	Office Supplies Accounts Payable Purchased supplies on credit.	1,600	1,600
	31	Utilities Expense Cash Paid monthly utility bill.	1,400	1,400

Note: Assume that all entries were journalized on Page 1 of the General Journal.

Parts 2 and 3

Cash					Acct. No. 101		
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance	
2014							
May	1		G1	75,000		75,000	
	1		G1		14,400	60,600	
	6		G1	8,000		68,600	
	10		G1		14,400	54,200	
	19		G1		7,500	46,700	
	22		G1	12,800		59,500	
	25		G1		34,000	25,500	
	31		G1		5,000	20,500	
	31		G1		1,400	19,100	
		Accounts Receivable			Acct. I	No. 106	
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance	
2014							
May	9		G1	16,000		16,000	
	22		G1		12,800	3,200	
	25		G1	5,280		8,480	
		Office Supplies			Acct. N	o. 124	
Da	te	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance	
2014		•					
May	2		G1	4,800		4,800	
•	31		G1	1,600		6,400	

Problem 2-6A (continued) Parts 2 and 3

	Prepaid Insurance					Acct. No. 128		
Date		Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance		
2014								
May	19		G1	7,500		7,500		
		Prepaid Rent			Acct.	No. 131		
Dat	te	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance		
2014								
May	1		G1	14,400		14,400		
		Office Equipment			Acct.	No. 163		
Dat	te	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance		
2014								
May	1		G1	48,000		48,000		
	2		G1	24,000		72,000		
		Accounts Payable			Acct.	No. 201		
Dat	te	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance		
2014		•						
May	2		G1		28,800	28,800		
	10		G1	14,400		14,400		
	31		G1		1,600	16,000		
		Jill Wahpoosywan, Capita	I		Acct.	No. 301		
Dat	te	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance		
2014		·						
May	1		G1		123,000	123,000		
		Jill Wahpoosywan, Withdraw	Withdrawals			Acct. No. 302		
Dat	te	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance		
2014								
May	31		G1	5,000		5,000		
		Services Revenue			Acct	No. 403		
Dat	<u> </u>	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance		
2014		Explanation			J. Guit	Balance		
May	6		G1		8,000	8,000		
,	9		G1		16,000	24,000		
	25		G1		5,280	29,280		
		Wages Expense			Acct.	No. 623		
Dat	te	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance		
2014		•						
May	25		G1	34,000		34,000		

Problem 2-6A (continued) Parts 2 and 3

			Acct. No. 690			
Date		Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
May	31		G1	1,400		1,400

Part 4

TECHNO WIZARDS Trial Balance May 31, 2014

Acct.	Account Title	Debit	Credit
No.			
101	Cash	\$ 19,100	
106	Accounts receivable	8,480	
124	Office supplies	6,400	
128	Prepaid insurance	7,500	
131	Prepaid rent	14,400	
163	Office equipment	72,000	
201	Accounts payable		\$ 16,000
301	Jill Wahpoosywan, capital		123,000
302	Jill Wahpoosywan, withdrawals	5,000	
403	Services revenue		29,280
623	Wages expense	34,000	
690	Utilities expense	1,400	_
	Totals	<u>\$168,280</u>	<u>\$168,280</u>

Analysis component:

Equity represents how much of Techno Wizards' assets belong to the owner, Jill Wahpoosywan. Services Revenue is an equity account because as revenues are realized, the business's net worth (assets – liabilities, or equity) increases either through the receipt of an asset (cash or accounts receivable) or satisfying a liability (unearned revenues). Utilities Expense is an equity account because as expenses are realized, net worth (what belongs to the owner) decreases either through the use of an asset (such as prepaid insurance) or increase in a liability (such as rent payable). Jill Wahpoosywan, Withdrawals is an equity account because as the owner withdraws assets, Jill Wahpoosywan's equity in the business (what belongs to the owner) decreases. The owner's objective is for the business to generate sufficient revenues to cover all expenses, provide sufficient assets for the purpose of withdrawals, and at the same time maintain or preferably increase equity (because excess revenues remained after deducting expenses and withdrawals).

Problem 2-7A

TECHNO WIZARDS Income Statement For Month Ended May 31, 2014

Revenues:		
Service revenue		\$29,280
Operating expenses:		
Wages expense		\$34,000
Utilities expense		<u>1,400</u>
Total operating expenses		<u>35,400</u>
Net loss		<u>\$ 6,120</u>
TECH	INO WIZARI	DS
Statement of	of Changes i	in Equity
For Month	Ended May	31, 2014
Jill Wahpoosywan, capital, May	/ 1	\$ 0 }
Add: Investments by owner		123,000
Less: Withdrawals by owner		\$5,000
Net loss		
Jill Wahpoosywan, capital, May	/ 31	\$111,880 but emphasize the link
		between statements.
		I — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —
	TECHNO	O WIZARDS
		nce Sheet
		31, 2014
Assets		Liabilities
Cash	\$ 19,100	Accounts payable\$ 16,000
Accounts receivable	8,480	
Office supplies	6,400	
Prepaid insurance	7,500	Equity
Prepaid rent	14,400	Jill Wahpoosywan, capital111,880
Office equipment	72,000	Total liabilities and
Total assets	\$127,880	equity <u>\$127,880</u>

Problem 2-8A (25 minutes)

WILDCAT OPTICIANS Income Statement For Month Ended May 31, 2014

Revenues: Service revenue Operating expenses: Wages expense Rent expense Utilities expense Total operating expenses Net income		\$15,000 4,300 <u>1,400</u>	\$25,280 <u>20,700</u> <u>\$ 4,580</u>	- ¬
Statement o	Ended May 3	1, 2014 \$ 56,300 <u>4,580</u>	\$ -0- 	The arrows are imaginary but emphasize the link between statements.
Assets Cash Accounts receivable Office supplies Prepaid insurance Office equipment	Balanc	Accounts payab Unearned service Total liabilities	ce revenue	<u>7,800</u> \$ 9,400
Total assets	<u>\$68,800</u>	Total liabilities a		<u>\$68,800</u>

Analysis component: 2014

May	31	Utilities ExpenseCash	1,400	1,400
	31	Utilities Expense Accounts Payable Received the May utility bill which will be paid next month.	1,400	1,400

Problem 2-9A (90 minutes)

Part 1

		General Journal			Page 1
Date 2014		Account Titles and Explanations	PR	Debit	Credit
July	1	Cash	101	300,000	
•		Office Equipment	163	12,000	
		Drafting Equipment	167	90,000	
		Bishr Binbutti, Capital	301		402,000
	2	Land	183	108,000	
		Cash	101	,	10,800
		Long-Term Notes Payable Purchased land.	251		97,200
	3	Building	173	150,000	
		Cash Purchased a building.	101	,	150,000
	5	Prepaid Insurance	128	12,000	
		Cash Purchased two one-year insurance policies.	101	,	12,000
	7	Cash	101	1,400	
		Engineering Fees Earned	401	.,	1,400
	9	Drafting Equipment	167	45,000	
		Cash	101	,	21,000
		Long-Term Notes Payable Purchased drafting equipment.	251		24,000
	10	Accounts Receivable	106	4,000	
		Engineering Fees Earned Completed services on credit.	401	·	4,000

July 1	12	Office Equipment Accounts Payable Purchased office equipment on credit.	163 201	4,500	4,500
1	15	Accounts Receivable Engineering Fees Earned Completed services on credit.	106 401	7,000	7,000
1	16	Equipment Rental Expense Accounts Payable Equipment rental to be paid in 30 days.	645 201	13,800	13,800
1	17	CashAccounts Receivable Collection from credit customer.	101 106	400	400
1	19	Wages Expense Cash Paid drafting assistants.	623 101	12,000	12,000
2	22	Accounts Payable Cash Paid July 12 transaction.	201 101	4,500	4,500
2	25	Repairs Expense Cash Paid for repairs on drafting equipment.	684 101	1,350	1,350
2	26	Bishr Binbutti, Withdrawals Cash Owner withdrawal.	302 101	800	800
3	30	Wages Expense Cash Paid drafting assistants.	623 101	12,000	12,000
3	31	Advertising Expense Cash Paid for advertising in local newspaper.	655 101	6,000	6,000

Note: Assume all entries were journalized on Page 1 of the General Journal.

Parts 2 and 3

		Cash	Acc	count No. 101		
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
201	4					_
June	30	Beginning balance				26,000
July	1		G1	300,000		326,000
	2		G1		10,800	315,200
	3		G1		150,000	165,200
	5		G1		12,000	153,200
	7		G1	1,400		154,600
	9		G1		21,000	133,600
	17		G1	400		134,000
	19		G1		12,000	122,000
	22		G1		4,500	117,500
	25		G1		1,350	116,150
	26		G1		800	115,350
	30		G1		12,000	103,350
	31		G1		6,000	97,350
		Accounts Receivable				count No. 106
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
June	30	Beginning balance				3,000
July	10		G1	4,000		7,000
	15		G1	7,000		14,000
	17		G1		400	13,600
					_	
		Prepaid Insurance				count No. 128
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
June	30	Beginning balance				500
July	5		G1	12,000		12,500
		0.00				1 N 400
		Office Equipment		· · ·		count No. 163
Date	e	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						4 =
June	30	Beginning balance	<u> </u>	10.000		1,700
July	1		G1	12,000		13,700
	12		G1	4,500		18,200

Parts 2 and 3 (continued)

		Drafting Equipment			Ac	count No. 167
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
June	30	Beginning balance				1,200
July	1		G1	90,000		91,200
	9		G1	45,000		136,200
		Building			۸۵	count No. 173
Date		Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014	-	Explanation	FIX	Debit	Orean	Dalalice
June	30	Beginning balance				42,000
July	30	Beginning balance	G1	150,000		192,000
July	3	l	Gi	150,000	I	192,000
		Land			Ac	count No. 183
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014		-				
June	30	Beginning balance				28,000
July	2		G1	108,000		136,000
		Accounts Payable			Ac	count No. 201
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
June	30	Beginning balance				1,740
July	12		G1		4,500	6,240
_	16		G1		13,800	20,040
	22		G1	4,500		15,540
		Long-Term Notes Payable			Ac	count No. 251
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
June	30	Beginning balance				24,000
July	2		G1		97,200	121,200
	9		G1		24,000	145,200
		Bishr Binbutti, Capital			Ac	count No. 301
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
June	30	Beginning balance				54,000
July	1		G1		402,000	456,000

Parts 2 and 3 (continued)

DateExplanationPRDebitCreditBalance2014June 30Beginning balance1,0July 26G18001,8					
June 30 Beginning balance 1,0					
July 26 G1 800 1,8					
Engineering Fees Earned Account No. 4					
Date Explanation PR Debit Credit Balance					
2014					
June 30 Beginning balance 29,6					
July 7 G1 1,400 31,0					
10 G1 4,000 35,0					
15 G1 7,000 42,0					
Wages Expense Account No. 6					
Date Explanation PR Debit Credit Balance					
2014					
June 30 Beginning balance 4,0					
July 19 G1 12,000 16,0					
30 G1 12,000 28,0					
Equipment Rental Expense Account No. 6					
Date Explanation PR Debit Credit Balance					
2014					
June 30 Beginning balance 1,0					
July 16 G1 13,800 14,8					
Advertising Expense Account No. 6					
Date Explanation PR Debit Credit Balance					
2014					
June 30 Beginning balance 6					
July 31 G1 6,000 6,6					
Repairs Expense Account No. 6					
Date Explanation PR Debit Credit Balance					
2014					
June 30 Beginning balance 3					
July 25 G1 1,350 1,6					

Problem 2-9A (concluded)

Part 4

BINBUTTI ENGINEERING Trial Balance July 31, 2014

Acct.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
No.	Account Title	Debit	Credit
101	Cash	\$ 97,350	
106	Accounts receivable	13,600	
128	Prepaid insurance	12,500	
163	Office equipment	18,200	
167	Drafting equipment	136,200	
173	Building	192,000	
183	Land	136,000	
201	Accounts payable		\$ 15,540
251	Long-term notes payable		145,200
301	Bishr Binbutti, capital		456,000
302	Bishr Binbutti, withdrawals	1,800	,
401	Engineering fees earned		42,000
623	Wages expense	28,000	,
645	Equipment rental expense	14,800	
655	Advertising expense	6,640	
684	Repairs expense	1,650	
	Totals	\$658,740	<u>\$658,740</u>

Problem 2-10A (25 minutes)

BINBUTTI ENGINEERING Income Statement For Three Months Ended July 31, 2014

Revenues: Engineering fees earned Operating expenses: Wages expense Equipment rental expense Advertising expense Repairs expense Total operating expenses Net loss		\$28,000 14,800 6,640 <u>1,650</u>	\$42,000 <u>51,090</u> <u>\$ 9,090</u>	
RINRIT	TI ENGINEE	DING		
Statement of	_	_		
For Three Mon	_	•		
Bishr Binbutti, capital, May 1		•	s 0	
Add: Investments by owner			456,000	The arrows are
Total			456,000	imaginary but
Less: Withdrawals by owner		\$1,800 _	,	emphasize the
Net loss			<u>10,890</u>	link between
Bishr Binbutti, capital, July 31.			<u>\$445,110</u>	statements.
i i		NGINEERING		į
		e Sheet		
	July 3	1, 2014		:
Assets		Liabilit		į
Cash	\$ 97,350	Accounts payable		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Accounts receivable	13,600	Long-term notes		
Prepaid insurance	12,500	Total liabilities		1.60,740
Office equipment	18,200			
Drafting equipment	136,200	Equi	ty	
Building	192,000	Bishr Binbutti, ca	apital	<u>.445,110</u> ◀- ┘
Land	136,000	Total liabilities a	nd	
Total assets	<u>\$605,850</u>	equity		<u>\$605,850</u>

Problem 2-11A (45 minutes) Part 1

Date		General Journal Account Titles and Explanations	PR	Debit	Page 1 Credit
2014					
July	1	Supplies	126	100	
		Accounts Payable Purchased supplies on account.	201		100
	2	Cash	101	4,000	
		Unearned Teaching Revenue	233	•	4,000
		Collected teaching fees for August.			
	3	Cash	101	2,000	
		Teaching Revenue	401		2,000
		Collected teaching fees for July.			
	4	Rent Expense	640	3,000	
		Cash Paid July rent.	101		3,000
	5	Accounts Payable	201	500	
		Cash	101		500
		Paid for supplies purchased on account.			
	15	Ted Ng, Withdrawals	302	500	
		Cash The owner withdrew cash.	101		500
	20	Wages Expense	623	1,300	
		Cash Paid wages.	101		1,300
	31	Furniture	161	300	
		Accounts Payable	201		300
		Purchased a new chair on account.			

Parts 2 and 3

	C	ash	101		Su	pplies	126		Furniture	161	Ac	cour	nts P	ayable	201
Bal.	6,000			Bal.	950			Bal.	8,000					1,500	Bal.
Jul. 2	4,000	3,000	Jul. 4	Jul. 1	100			Jul. 31	300		Jul. 5	5 50	00	100	Jul. 1
3	2,000	500	Jul. 5	Bal.	1,050			Bal.	8,300					300	Jul. 31
		500	Jul. 15											1,400	Bal.
		1,300	Jul. 20												
Bal.	6,700														

Uncorned Teaching

Unearned Teaching				Te	ed Ng,					
Rev	233	Ted Ng, Ca	pital	301	With	drawals	302	Teaching	Revenue	401
9,800	Bal.		3,000	Bal.	Bal.	13,000			46,000	Bal.
4,000	Jul. 2	_			Jul. 15	500			2,000	Jul. 3
13,800	Bal.	-			Bal.	13,500			48,000	Bal.

Wages Expense	623	Rent Expense	640
Bal. 26,350		Bal. 6,000	
Jul. 20 1,300		Jul. 4 3,000	
Bal. 27,650		Bal. 9,000	

Part 4

NG'S ENGLISH SCHOOL Trial Balance July 31, 2014

Acct.			
No.	Account Title	Debit	Credit
101	Cash	\$ 6,700	
126	Supplies	1,050	
161	Furniture	8,300	
201	Accounts payable		\$ 1,400
233	Unearned teaching revenue		13,800
301	Ted Ng, capital		3,000
302	Ted Ng, withdrawals	13,500	•
401	Teaching revenue		48,000
623	Wages expense	27,650	
640	Rent expense	9,000	
	Totals	\$66,200	\$66, 2 00

Problem 2-11A (concluded) Part 5

NG'S ENGLISH SCHOOL Income Statement For Three Months Ended July 31, 2014

Teaching revenue Operating expenses: Wages expense Rent expense Total operating expenses Net income		\$27,650 9,000	\$48,000 <u>36,650</u> <u>\$11,350</u>	
NG'S EN Statement o For Three Mont Ted Ng, capital, May 1 Add: Owner investment Net income Total Less: Withdrawals by owner Ted Ng, capital, July 31	hs Ended Ju	n Equity uly 31, 2014 \$ 3,000 11,350	\$ -0- 14,350 \$14,350 _13,500 \$ 850	The arrows are imaginary but emphasize the link between statements.
	NG'S ENGL	ISH SCHOOL		
	Balanc	e Sheet		
	July 3	1, 2014		
Assets		Liab	ilities	
Cash	\$ 6,700	Accounts payal	ole	\$ 1,400
Supplies	1,050	Unearned teach	ing revenue.	<u>13,800</u>
Furniture	<u>8,300</u>	Total liabilities.		\$15,20 0
		Eq	uity	
		Ted Ng, capital.		<u>850</u> ← ^j
		Total liabilities	and	
Total assets	<u>\$16,050</u>	equity		<u>\$16,050</u>

Problem 2-12A (25 minutes)

FELINE PET CARE Income Statement For Year Ended July 31, 2014

Revenues: Fees earned Operating expenses: Wages expense Equipment rental expense Pet food expense Advertising expense Total operating expenses Net loss		\$58,000 34,000 17,800 9,200	\$117,000 <u>119,000</u> <u>\$ 2,000</u>	
Statement of	NE PET CAR of Changes i inded July 3	n Equity		
Betty Lark, capital, August 1 Add: Investments by owner Total			\$ 0 <u>292,760</u> 292,760	The arrows are imaginary but
Less: Withdrawals by owner Net loss Betty Lark, capital, July 31		\$ 5,000 <u>2,000</u>	7,000 \$285,760	emphasize the link between statements.
		PET CARE e Sheet		
	July 3	1, 2014		į
Assets		Liabi		į
Cash	\$ 23,000	Accounts paya		
Accounts receivable	11,600	Unearned fees.		
Prepaid insurance	12,500	Total liabilitie	s	1.07,540
Equipment	18,200	<u>_</u>	•.	į
Building	192,000	Equ	•	
Land	<u>136,000</u>	Betty Lark, cap		<u>.285,760</u> ◀ ⁻
	4000 000	Total liabilities		4000 000
Total assets	<u>\$393,300</u>	equity		<u>\$393,300</u>

Problem 2-12A (concluded)

Analysis component:

2014

July	31	Cash	117,000	
•		Fees Earned	,	117,000
		Received cash for completing work for clients.		
	31	Accounts Receivable	117,000	
		Fees Earned		117,000
		Completed work for clients on account.		

Problem 2-13A (15 minutes)

Wilm's Window Washing Services Trial Balance January 31, 2014

	Debit	Credit
Cash (11,600 + 2,800 ^b – 4,400 ^d)	\$ 10,000	
Accounts receivable (9,240 – 2,800 ^b + 3,600 ^c)	10,040	
Prepaid insurance	2,400	
Equipment (24,000 + 4,000 ^a)	28,000	
Accounts payable (5,400 + 4,000 ^a)	•	\$ 9,400
Wilm Schmidt, capital		45,000
Wilm Schmidt, withdrawals	8,960	•
Service revenues (60,400 + 3,600°)	•	64,000
Salaries expense	32,000	·
Insurance expense	5,200	
Maintenance expense (13,000 + 3,600°)	16,600	
Utilities expense	5,200	
Totals	\$118,400	\$118,400

Note: The superscripts (a) to (e) are references to items (a) to (e) listed in Problem 2-13A.

ALTERNATE PROBLEMS

Problem 2-1B (40 minutes) Parts 1 and 2

Cash			Land				
(a)	46,000	30,000	(b)	(b)	268,000		
(g)	2,700	1,800	(f)				
(m)	1,000	1,430	(h)	Accounts Payable			
		600	(i)	(i)	600	600	(c)
		2,400	(j)			4,600	(e)
		1,800	(I)			4,600	Balance
		1,050	(n)		·		
Balance	10,620			Long-Term Notes Payable			le
						304,000	(b)
	Accounts	Receivable					
(k)	2,400	1,000	(m)	Trevor Peeters, Capital			
Balance	1,400					70,000	(a)
						7,000	(d)
Office Supplies					77,000	Balance	
(c)	600						
				Tre	vor Peeters	, Withdraw	als
	Autom	obiles		(n)	1,050		
(d)	7,000						
Office Equipment			Fees Earned				
					2,700	(g)	
(a)	24,000	1,600	(j)			2,400	(k)
(e)	4,600					5,100	Balance
(j)	4,000						
Balance	31,000				Salaries I	Expense	
				(f)	1,800		
Building			(I)	1,800			
(b)	66,000			Balance	3,600		
				Utilities Expense			
				(h)	1,430		

Problem 2-2B

		General Journal		Page 1
Date 2014		Accounts Titles and Explanations	Debit	Credit
March	1	Building Cash Note Payable Purchased new portable building paying cash and signing a five-year note payable.	375,000	75,000 300,000
	1	Prepaid Insurance Cash Purchased six months of insurance to begin March 1.	5,700	5,700
	2	No entry.		
	4	Cleaning SuppliesAccounts Payable	450	450
	15	Accounts Payable Cash Paid for the March 4 purchase.	450	450
	19	Accounts Receivable	35,000	35,000
	20	Cash Unearned Revenue Collected cash from a customer for work to be done in April.	8,000	8,000
	28	Hotel Expense or Travel Expense Cash Paid for a hotel regarding a business meeting.	240	240

Problem 2-2B (concluded)

March	29	Cash	5,000	5,000
	30	Salaries Expense Cash Paid month-end salaries.	25,600	25,600
	30	Telephone ExpenseAccounts Payable	1,300	1,300
	30	Cash Accounts Receivable Collected half of the amount owed by the customer of March 19.	17,500	17,500

Note: Assume all entries were journalized on Page 1 of the General Journal.

Problem 2-3B (60 minutes)

		General Journal			Page 1
Date 2014		Account Titles and Explanations	PR	Debit	Credit
Sept.	1	Cash	101	20,000	
•		Office Equipment	163	9,200	
		Susan Hurley, Capital Investment by owner.	301	ŕ	29,200
	1	Prepaid Rent	131	5,600	
		CashPaid two months' rent.	101	ŕ	5,600
	2	Office Supplies	124	1,380	
		Office Equipment	163	3,800	
		Accounts Payable Purchased items on credit.	201	ŕ	5,180
	4	Cash	101	2,900	
		Accounting Fees Earned	401	·	2,900
		Sold accounting services for cash.			•
	8	Accounts Receivable	106	5,080	
		Accounting Fees Earned	401	·	5,080
		Sold accounting services on credit.			
	10	Accounts Payable	201	5,180	
		Cash	101	·	5,180
		Paid for credit purchase.			•
	14	Prepaid Insurance	128	3,300	
		Cash	101		3,300
		Paid insurance premium.			
	15	Professional Development Expense	680	1,250	
		Cash Paid for seminar.	101		1,250

Problem 2-3B (concluded)

Sept.	18	CashAccounts Receivable	101 106	5,080	5,080
	20	No entry.			
	24	Accounts Receivable Accounting Fees Earned Sold accounting services on credit.	106 401	5,000	5,000
	28	Susan Hurley, Withdrawals Cash Owner withdrew cash.	302 101	2,500	2,500
	29	Office Supplies Accounts Payable Purchased supplies on credit.	124 201	450	450
	30	Utilities ExpenseCash	690 101	1,750	1,750

Note: The account numbers in the PR column above would be included only when these journal entries are being posted in Problem 2-4B. Assume that all entries were journalized on Page 1 of the General Journal.

Problem 2-4B

Parts 1 and 2

		Cash			Acc	t. No. 101
Date		Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
014						
ept.	1		G1	20,000		20,000
	1		G1		5,600	14,400
	4		G1	2,900		17,300
	10		G1		5,180	12,120
	14		G1		3,300	8,820
	15		G1		1,250	7,570
	18		G1	5,080		12,650
	28		G1		2,500	10,150
	30		G1		1,750	8,400
		Accounts Receivab	le		Acc	t. No. 106
Date		Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
014						
ept.	8		G1	5,080		5,080
•	18		G1		5,080	0
2	24		G1	5,000		5,000
		Office Supplies			A	Acct. No. 124
Date		Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
014						
ept.	2		G1	1,380		1,380
2	29		G1	450		1,830
		Prepaid Insurance)		Δ.	cct. No. 128
ate		Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
014						
ept. '	14		G1	3,300		3,300
		Prepaid Rent			A	cct. No. 131
Date		Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
014						
ept.	1		G1	5,600		5,600
		Office Equipment			A	cct. No. 163
Date		Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
014						
7 I 4			í	1		
ept.	1		G1	9,200		9,200

Parts 1 and 2

		Accounts Payable)		Α	cct. No. 201
Date	Э	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Sept.	2		G1		5,180	5,180
-	10		G1	5,180		0
	29		G1		450	450
		Susan Hurley, Capi	tal		Α	cct. No. 301
Date	Э	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Sept.	1		G1		29,200	29,200
		Susan Hurley, Withdra	wals		Α	cct. No. 302
Date	Э	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014		·				
Sept.	28		G1	2,500		2,500
		Accounting Fees Ear	ned		A	cct. No. 401
Date	Э	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014	9	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
	4	Explanation	PR G1	Debit	2,900	Balance 2,900
2014		Explanation		Debit		
2014	4	Explanation	G1	Debit	2,900	2,900
2014	4 8	·	G1 G1 G1		2,900 5,080 5,000	2,900 7,980
2014	4 8 24	Professional Development	G1 G1 G1		2,900 5,080 5,000	2,900 7,980 12,980 cct. No. 680
2014 Sept.	4 8 24	·	G1 G1 G1 Expens	se	2,900 5,080 5,000	2,900 7,980 12,980
2014 Sept.	4 8 24	Professional Development	G1 G1 G1 Expens	se	2,900 5,080 5,000	2,900 7,980 12,980 cct. No. 680
2014 Sept.	4 8 24	Professional Development	G1 G1 G1 Expens	se Debit	2,900 5,080 5,000	2,900 7,980 12,980 cct. No. 680 Balance
2014 Sept.	4 8 24	Professional Development	G1 G1 G1 Expens	se Debit	2,900 5,080 5,000 A Credit	2,900 7,980 12,980 cct. No. 680 Balance
2014 Sept.	4 8 24 9	Professional Development Explanation	G1 G1 G1 Expens	se Debit	2,900 5,080 5,000 A Credit	2,900 7,980 12,980 cct. No. 680 Balance
Date 2014 Sept.	4 8 24 9	Professional Development Explanation Utilities Expense	G1 G1 G1 Expens PR G1	Se Debit 1,250	2,900 5,080 5,000 A Credit	2,900 7,980 12,980 cct. No. 680 Balance 1,250

Problem 2-4B (concluded)

Part 3

SUSAN HURLEY, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT Trial Balance September 30, 2014

Acct.			
No.	Account Title	Debit	Credit
101	Cash	\$ 8,400	
106	Accounts receivable	5,000	
124	Office supplies	1,830	
128	Prepaid insurance	3,300	
131	Prepaid rent	5,600	
163	Office equipment	13,000	
201	Accounts payable		\$ 450
301	Susan Hurley, capital		29,200
302	Susan Hurley, withdrawals	2,500	
401	Accounting fees earned		12,980
680	Professional development expense	1,250	
690	Utilities expense	<u>1,750</u>	
	Totals	<u>\$42,630</u>	\$42,630

Problem 2-5B (25 minutes)

SUSAN HURLEY, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT Income Statement For Month Ended September 30, 2014

Revenues:				
Accounting fees earned			\$12,980	
Operating expenses:		44 ===		
Utilities expense		\$1,750		
Professional development exp			2 000	
Total operating expenses Net income			3,000 \$ 9,980	,
Net income		•••••	<u>\$ 3,300</u>	!
				i
SUSAN HUR	LEY, PUBL	IC ACCOUNTANT		<u> </u>
Stateme	ent of Chan	ges in Equity		The arrows are
For Month	Ended Sep	tember 30, 2014		imaginary but
				emphasize the
Susan Hurley, capital, Septemb	er 1		\$ 0	link between
Add: Investments by owner				statements.
Net income			<u>39,180</u>	l
Total			\$39,180	
Less: Withdrawals by owner			2,500	
Susan Hurley, capital, Septemb	er 30		<u>\$36,680</u>	
				į
01104111				
SUSAN F	•	IBLIC ACCOUNTANT		
		e Sheet		i !
_	Septembe	er 30, 2014		!
Assets		Liabilities		!
Cash	\$ 8,400	Accounts payable	\$	450
Accounts receivable	5,000			
Office supplies	1,830			i i
Prepaid insurance	3,300	Equity		
Prepaid rent	5,600	Susan Hurley, capital	<u>36</u>	<u>6,680</u> ◄ ⁱ
Office equipment	<u>13,000</u>	Total liabilities and		
Total assets	<u>\$37,130</u>	equity	<u>\$37</u>	<u>7,130</u>

Problem 2-6B (90 minutes)

Part 1

Date		General Journal Account Titles and Explanations		Debit	Page 1 Credit
2014		Account Titles and Explanations		Bobit	Orount
Nov.	1	Cash 1	01	62,000	
		Office Equipment 1	63	19,000	
		Tait Unger, Capital 3 Owner invested in the business.	01		81,000
	2	Prepaid Rent 1	31	21,000	
			01	·	21,000
	4	Office Equipment 1	63	9,000	
		Office Supplies 1		1,650	
		Accounts Payable 2 Purchased equipment and supplies on cred	01		10,650
	8	Cash 1	01	5,200	
		Service Fees Earned 4	01	•	5,200
		Received cash from client for completed wo	ork.		
	12	Accounts Receivable 1	06	4,800	
			01	•	4,800
		Billed client for completed work.			
	13	Accounts Payable 2	:01	10,650	
		Cash 1		,	10,650
		Paid balance due on accounts payable.			·
	19	Prepaid Insurance 1	28	3,750	
			01	-,	3,750
		Paid annual premium for insurance.			•
	22	Cash 1	01	2,000	
			06	_,,	2,000
		Collected part of the amount owed by a clie	nt.		,
	24	Accounts Receivable 1	06	3,600	
			01	-,	3,600
		Billed client for completed work.			,

Part 1

Nov.	28	Tait Unger, Withdrawals Cash Owner withdrew cash for personal use.	5,300	5,300
	29	Office Supplies Accounts Payable Purchased supplies on credit.	1,700	1,700
	30	Wages Expense Cash Paid wages.	19,000	19,000
	30	Utilities Expense Cash Paid monthly utility bill.	1,650	1,650

Note: Assume all entries were journalized on Page 1 of the General Journal.

Parts 2 and 3

	Cash			Ac	ct. No. 101
)	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
1		G1	62,000		62,000
2		G1		21,000	41,000
8		G1	5,200		46,200
13		G1		10,650	35,550
19		G1		3,750	31,800
22		G1	2,000		33,800
28		G1		5,300	28,500
30		G1		19,000	9,500
30		G1		1,650	7,850
	Accounts Receivable			Ac	ct. No. 106
)	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
	<u>.</u>				
12		G1	4,800		4,800
22		G1		2,000	2,800
24		G1	3,600	·	6,400
	Office Supplies			Ac	ct. No. 124
<u> </u>	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	PR	Debit		Balance
				Orount	Daianoo
4		G1	1.650		1,650
I			1 1		3,350
			1,,,,,,,		, 0,000
	Dranaid Inquironae			Λ.	ct. No. 128
	•	DD	Dobit		
;	Explanation	PK	Depit	Credit	Balance
40		C4	2 750		2.750
19		Gi	3,750		3,750
	Prepaid Rent			Ac	ct. No. 131
•	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
	2 8 13 19 22 28 30 30	Explanation 1	Explanation	Explanation	Explanation

Parts 2 and 3

		Office Equipment			Ac	ct. No. 163
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Nov.	1		G1	19,000		19,000
	4		G1	9,000		28,000
	- 1			, 0,000		
		Accounts Payable			Ac	ct. No. 201
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Nov.	4		G1		10,650	10,650
	13		G1	10,650	,	0
	29		G1	,	1,700	1,700
				1	-,	-,
		Tait Unger, Capital			Ac	ct. No. 301
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Nov.	1		G1		81,000	81,000
	'		ı		ŕ	•
		Tait Unger, Withdrawals			Ac	ct. No. 302
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Nov.	28		G1	5,300		5,300
			•			•
		Service Fees Earned			Ac	ct. No. 401
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014		•				
Nov.	8		G1		5,200	5,200
	12		G1		4,800	10,000
	24		G1		3,600	13,600
			.	1	0,000	10,000
		Wages Expense			Ac	ct. No. 680
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014		·				
Nov.	30		G1	19,000		19,000
				10,000		10,000
		Utilities Expense			Ac	ct. No. 690
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014		•				
Nov.	30		G1	1,650		1,650
1404.	50		J .	1,000		1,000

Problem 2-6B (concluded)

Part 4

WiCOM SERVICING Trial Balance November 30, 2011

Acct.			
No.	Account Title	Debit	Credit
101	Cash	\$ 7,850	
106	Accounts receivable	6,400	
124	Office supplies	3,350	
128	Prepaid insurance	3,750	
131	Prepaid rent	21,000	
163	Office equipment	28,000	
201	Accounts payable	·	\$ 1,700
301	Tait Unger, capital		81,000
302	Tait Unger, withdrawals	5,300	•
401	Service fees earned	·	13,600
680	Wages expense	19,000	•
690	Utilities expense	1,650	
	Totals	\$96,300	<u>\$96,300</u>

Analysis component:

The November 29 purchase of office supplies is recorded as a debit to an asset account because they have not yet been used. Assets are economic resources held by the business. The supplies will remain on the books as an asset until they are used. Once used, the supplies will become an expense.

Problem 2-7B (25 minutes)

WiCOM SERVICING Income Statement For Month Ended November 30, 2014

Revenues: Service fees earned Operating expenses: Wages expense Utilities expense Total operating expenses Net loss		\$19,000 	
WiCOM Statement of For Month End Tait Unger, capital, November 1 Add: Investments by owner Total Less: Withdrawals by owner Net loss Tait Unger, capital, November 3	ed Novemb	n Equity er 30, 2014\$ 81,000 81,000\$ 5,300 7,050 12,350	The arrows are imaginary but emphasize the link between statements.
	Novembe	r 30, 2014	
Assets		Liabilities	i !
Cash	\$ 7,850	Accounts payable	\$ 1,700
Accounts receivable	6,400		- :
Office supplies	3,350		
Prepaid insurance	3,750	Equity	i
Prepaid rent	21,000	Tait Unger, capital	<u>68,650</u> ◆ ⁻
Office equipment	28,000	Total liabilities and	
Total assets	\$70,350	equity	<u>\$70,350</u>

Problem 2-8B (25 minutes)

RUSH INNOVATIONS Income Statement For Month Ended November 30, 2014

Service fees earned Operating expenses: Wages expense Utilities expense Total operating expenses Net loss		\$16,000 <u>2,920</u>	\$15,800 <u>18,920</u> <u>\$ 3,120</u>					
RUSH	INNOVATION	NS	 					
	of Changes i	_	 					
For Month End	_	•	! !					
Jay Rush, capital, November 1.		•	\$ 0	The arrows are				
Add: Investments by owner			<u>146,000</u>	imaginary but				
Total			146,000	emphasize the link				
Less: Withdrawals by owner				'				
Net loss			13,720	statements.				
Jay Rush, capital, November 3	U	••••	<u>\$132,280</u>	<u></u> -				
RUSH INNOVATIONS Balance Sheet November 30, 2014								
Assets		Liabil	lities	į				
Cash	\$ 23,480	Accounts payal	ble	\$ 3,400				
Accounts receivable	7,000			!				
Office supplies	5,800			į				
Prepaid insurance	10,400	Equ	iity	;				
Prepaid rent	21,000	Jay Rush, capital <u>132,280</u> ← -						
Office equipment	68,000	Total liabilities and						
Total assets	\$135,680	equity <u>\$135,680</u>						

Problem 2-8B (concluded)

Analysis component:

2014				
Nov.	30	Accounts Receivable	XXX	
		Service Fees Earned		XXX
		Did work for a customer on account.		
	30	Cash	XXX	
		Accounts Receivable		XXX
		Collected an amount owing from a credit		
		customer.		

Problem 2-9B (90 minutes)

Part 1

		General Journal		Page 1	
Date 2014		Account Titles and Explanations	PR	Debit	Credit
July	1	Office Equipment Trucks Long-Term Notes Payable	163 153 251	9,000 56,000	65,000
		Purchased assets on credit.			
	2	Land	183	124,000	
		Cash	101		40,800
		Long-Term Notes Payable Purchased land.	251		83,200
	3	Building	173	21,000	
		CashPurchased a building.	101		21,000
	5	Prepaid Insurance	128	9,600	
		Cash Purchased two one-year insurance policies.	101		9,600
	9	Cash	101	3,200	
		Fees Earned Performed services for cash.	401		3,200
•	12	Office Equipment	163	6,500	
		Cash	101		700
		Long-Term Notes Payable Purchased office equipment.	251		5,800
	15	Accounts Receivable	106	3,750	
		Fees Earned Performed services on credit.	401		3,750
2	20	Accounts Receivable	106	9,200	
		Fees Earned Performed services on credit.	401		9,200

Part 1

		General Journal			Page 2
Dat 2014	е	Account Titles and Explanations	PR	Debit	Credit
July	21	Truck Rental Expense Accounts Payable Rented truck on credit.	645 201	1,300	1,300
	22	CashAccounts Receivable	101 106	5,000	5,000
	23	Wages Expense Cash Paid wages to assistant.	623 101	1,600	1,600
	24	Accounts Payable Cash Paid for July 21 rental on account.	201 101	1,300	1,300
	25	Repairs Expense Cash Paid for truck repairs.	684 101	1,425	1,425
	26	Brett Wilson, Withdrawals Cash Owner withdrawal.	302 101	3,875	3,875
	27	Wages Expense Cash Paid wages to assistant.	623 101	1,600	1,600
	28	Advertising Expense Cash Paid for advertising in local newspaper.	655 101	800	800
	29	Cash Unearned Fees Received cash for services to be performed in August.	101 233	1,400	1,400

Parts 2 and 3

Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
June	30	Beginning balance				75,000
July	2		G1		40,800	34,200
	3		G1		21,000	13,200
	5		G1		9,600	3,600
	9		G1	3,200		6,800
	12		G1		700	6,100
	22		G2	5,000		11,100
	23		G2		1,600	9,500
	24		G2		1,300	8,200
	25		G2		1,425	6,775
	26		G2		3,875	2,900
	27		G2		1,600	1,300
	28		G2		800	500
	29		G2	1,400		1,900
		Accounts Receivable				No. 106
Date		Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
June	30	Beginning balance				950
July	15		G1	3,750		4,700
	20		G1	9,200		13,900
	22		G2		5,000	8,900
		Duan aid Inaumana			A	No. 400
	_	Prepaid Insurance	- DD	Dala!4		No. 128
Date 2014	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014 June	30	Reginning halance				275
	30 5	Beginning balance	G1	9,600		
July	3		GI	9,000		9,875
		Trucks			Account	No. 153
Date	<u>е</u>	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014		į. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			2. 22.2	
June	30	Beginning balance				20,800
July	1		G1	56,000		76,800
30.,	- 1		, •.	,	ı l	. 5,536

Cash

Account No. 101

Parts 2 and 3

		Office Equipment	Account No. 163				
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance	
2014							
June	30	Beginning balance				1,200	
July	1		G1	9,000		10,200	
	12		G1	6,500		16,700	
		Account	t No. 173				
Date	e .	Building Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance	
2014	_						
June	30	Beginning balance				-0-	
July	3		G1	21,000		21,000	
•			1 - 1	,		, , , , , ,	
		Land			Account	t No. 183	
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance	
2014							
June	30	Beginning balance				-0-	
July	2		G1	124,000		124,000	
					_		
		Accounts Payable			Account		
Date		Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance	
2014							
June	30	Beginning balance				725	
July	21		G1		1,300	2,025	
	24		G2	1,300		725	
		Unearned Fees			A	1 No. 222	
Date			PR	Debit	Credit	t No. 233 Balance	
2014	5	Explanation	rk	Denit	Credit	Daidlice	
June	30	Beginning balance				0	
July	29	beginning balance	G2		1,400	1,400	
July	29		GZ		1,400	1,400	
		Long-Term Notes Payable			Account	t No. 251	
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance	
2014							
June	30	Beginning balance				7,000	
July	1		G1		65,000	72,000	
	2		G1		83,200	155,200	
	12		G1		5,800	161,000	

Parts 2 and 3

		Brett Wilson, Capital			Account	No. 301
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
June	30	Beginning balance				83,825
					_	
		Brett Wilson, Withdrawals			Account	
Date	<u>e</u>	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
June	30	Beginning balance		0.075		600
July	26		G2	3,875		4,475
		Fees Earned			Account	No. 401
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014		•				
June	30	Beginning balance				8,400
July	9		G1		3,200	11,600
•	15		G1		3,750	15,350
	20		G1		9,200	24,550
	· _					
		Wages Expense			Account	
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
June	30	Beginning balance		4 000		780
July	23		G2	1,600		2,380
	27		G2	1,600		3,980
		Truck Rental Expense			Account	: No. 645
Date	е	 Explanation	Credit	Balance		
2014		•				
June	30	Beginning balance				230
July	21		G2	1,300		1,530
-			•	•	'	•
		Advertising Expense				No. 655
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
June	30	Beginning balance				75
July	28		G2	800		875
		Repairs Expense			Account	No 684
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014		- Aprillation		200.0	3.34.0	
June	30	Beginning balance				40
July	25		G2	1,425		1,465
,		I		· ·, ·=3	I	.,

Problem 2-9B (concluded)

Part 4

FROG BOX COMPANY Trial Balance July 31, 2014

Acct.	•		
No.	Account Title	Debit	Credit
101	Cash	\$ 1,900	
106	Accounts receivable	8,900	
128	Prepaid insurance	9,875	
153	Trucks	76,800	
163	Office equipment	16,700	
173	Building	21,000	
183	Land	124,000	
201	Accounts payable		\$ 725
233	Unearned fees		1,400
251	Long-term notes payable		161,000
301	Brett Wilson, capital		83,825
302	Brett Wilson, withdrawals	4,475	,
401	Fees earned		24,550
623	Wages expense	3,980	,
645	Truck rental expense	1,530	
655	Advertising expense	875	
684	Repairs expense	1,465	
	Totals	<u>\$271,500</u>	<u>\$271,500</u>

Problem 2-10B

FROG BOX COMPANY Income Statement For Month Ended July 31, 2014

Revenues:							
Fees earned		\$24,550					
Operating expenses:							
Wages expense		\$3,980					
Truck rental expense							
Repairs expense							
Advertising expense							
Total operating expenses							
Net income	Net income						
FR	ROG BOX CO	DMPANY					
Statem	ent of Chang	ges in Equity The arrows are					
For Mo	onth Ended J	July 31, 2014 imaginary but					
		emphasize the lir					
Brett Wilson, capital, July 1		\$ 83,825 between					
Add: Net income							
Total		\$100,525 L					
Less: Withdrawals by owner		<u>4,475</u>					
Brett Wilson, capital, July 31		<u>\$ 96,050</u> ◄					
	FROG BOX	COMPANY					
	Balanc	ce Sheet					
	July 3	31, 2014					
Assets	•	Liabilities					
Cash	\$ 1,900	Accounts payable\$ 725					
Accounts receivable	8,900	Unearned fees 1,400					
Prepaid insurance	9,875	Long-term notes payable161,000					
Trucks	76,800	Total liabilities\$163,125					
Office equipment	16,700	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
Building	21,000	Equity					
Land	<u>124,000</u>	Brett Wilson, capital 96,050					
E ditorial in the second seco	127,000	Total liabilities and					
Total assets	<u>\$259,175</u>						
10(a) a356(3	<u> 4233,173</u>	equity <u>\$259,175</u>					

Problem 2-11B (45 minutes)

Part 1

	General Journal			Page 1
Date 2014	Account Titles and Explanations	PR	Debit	Credit
Nov.	Accounts Payable	201	10,000	
	Cash	101		10,000
	Paid for purchase made on account.			
2	2 Office Equipment	163	34,000	
	Cash	101		6,000
	Notes Payable Purchased a photocopier.	205		28,000
;	Office Supplies	124	800	
	Cash	101		800
	Purchased supplies for cash.			
14	Wages Expense	623	6,000	
	Cash Paid wages.	101		6,000
20	Cash	101	14,000	
	Travel Revenue Collected cash for November travel.	401		14,000
2	lke Petrov, Withdrawals	302	2,000	
	Cash	101		2,000
	The owner withdrew cash.			
30	Interest Expense	633	150	
	Cash	101		150
	Paid interest on notes payable.			

Note: There is no entry to record for November 4 as this does not represent an economic exchange.

Parts 2 and 3

	Cash	l	101	Offi	ce Suppl	ies 124	Offic Equipm		163	Accour	nts Payab	le 201	J
Bal.	26,000	10,000	Nov. 1	Bal.	900		Bal.	36,000		Nov. 1	10,000	43,000	Bal.
Nov. 20	14,000	6,000 800 6,000 2,000 150	2 3 14 25 30	Nov. 3	800		Nov. 2	34,000					
Bal.	15,050			Bal.	1,700		Bal.	70,000				33,000	Bal.

	Notes Payable 205		Ike Petrov, Ca	, Capital 301		Ike Petrov, Withdrawals		302	2 Travel Revenue		401	
	20,00	00 Bal	8	,000	Bal.	Bal.	4,000	_		34,000	Bal.	
	28,00	00 Nov. 2				Nov. 25	2,000			14,000	Nov. 20	
-	48,00	00 Bal				Bal.	6,000			48,000	Bal.	

Wages Expense	623	Interes	st Expense	633
Bal. 38,000		Bal.	100	
Nov. 14 6,000		Nov. 30	150	
Bal. 44,000	<u> </u>	Bal.	250	

Part 4

TOUR-ALONG Trial Balance November 30, 2014

Acct.			
No.	Account Title	Debit	Credit
101	Cash	\$ 15,050	
124	Office supplies	1,700	
163	Office equipment	70,000	
201	Accounts payable		\$ 33,000
205	Notes payable		48,000
301	Ike Petrov, capital		8,000
302	Ike Petrov, withdrawals	6,000	
401	Travel revenue		48,000
623	Wages expense	44,000	
633	Interest expense	250	
	Totals	<u>\$137,000</u>	\$137,000

Part 5

TOUR-ALONG Income Statement For Two Months Ended November 30, 2014

Travel revenue			\$48,000	
Operating expenses:				
Wages expense				
Interest expense				
Total operating expenses			44,250	
Net income			<u>\$ 3,750</u>	ī ! !
TC	UR-ALONG	ı		! ! !
_				i I
	of Changes	• •		!
For Two Months	Ended Nove	ember 30, 2014		! ! !
Ike Petrov, capital, October 1			\$ -0-]]
Add: Owner investment				
Net income		· · ·	11,750	,
Total			\$11.750	he arrows are imaginary
Less: Withdrawals by owner			6,000	but emphasize the link
Ike Petrov, capital, November 3			\$ 5,750L_	between statements.
, ,				
	TOUR	-ALONG		
		e Sheet		
		er 30, 2014		i I
Assets	NOVEILIB	Liabii	litios	
	¢45.050			¢22.000
Cash	\$15,050 4.700	Accounts payab		•
Office supplies	1,700	Notes payable		
Office equipment	<u>70,000</u>	Total liabilities		\$81,000
		Equ	iity	į
		Ike Petrov, capit	al	<u>5,750</u> ← '
		Total liabilities a	ınd	
Total assets	<u>\$86,750</u>	oguit.		\$96.7 5 0

Analysis component:

The \$8,000 October 31 balance in Ike Petrov, Capital represents investments made by the owner, Ike Petrov, into the business.

Problem 2-12B

LINCOLN LANDSCAPING Income Statement For Three Months Ended July 31, 2014

Revenues: Fees earned Operating expenses: Wages expense Advertising expense Rental expense Repairs expense Total operating expenses Net loss		\$59,000 1,750 1,100 930	\$29,100 <u>62,780</u> <u>\$33,680</u>	
LINCOLN	I LANDSCAF	DING		
	of Changes i		ļ	
For Three Mon	_	•	!	
Brielle Lincoln, capital, May 1		•	\$ 0	The arrows are
Add: Investments by owner			65,000	imaginary but
Total			65,000	emphasize the link
Less: Withdrawals by owner				between
Net loss		• •	42,630	statements.
Brielle Lincoln, capital, July 31			<u>\$22,370</u>	
		NDOGADING		!
	_	NDSCAPING		
		e Sheet		į
	July 3	1, 2014	••••	
Assets		Liabi		
Cash	\$ 23,720	Accounts paya		· 1
Accounts receivable	18,600	Unearned fees.		
Prepaid insurance	13,750	Long-term note		
Equipment	<u>64,600</u>	Total liabilitie	S	\$98,300
		F	-54	
		Equ	-	00 070
		Brielle Lincoln,	•	22,370
	4400 0-0	Total liabilities		A400 0=0
Total assets	<u>\$120,670</u>	equity		<u>\$.120,670</u>

Analysis component:

- a) Assets financed by debt = $(\$98,300/\$120,670) \times 100 = 81.5\%$
- b) Assets financed by equity = $(\$22,370/\$120,670) \times 100 = 18.5\%$

Problem 2-13B

DANCE-A-LOT Trial Balance December 31, 2014

Account Title	Debit	Credit
Cash (\$37,175 ^a - \$30,540 ^a)	\$ 6,635	
Accounts receivable (\$7,900 - \$275 ^b)	7,625	
Office supplies (\$2,650 + 400°)	3,050	
Office equipment	20,500	
Accounts payable (\$9,465 + 400°)		\$ 9,865
Bev Horricks, capital (a credit balance account)		16,745
Services revenue (\$23,250 ^d not \$22,350)		23,250
Wages expense (a debit balance account)	6,000	
Rent expense (a debit balance account)	4,800	
Advertising expense (a debit balance account)	<u>1,250</u>	_
Totals	<u>\$49,860</u>	<u>\$49,860</u>

Note: The superscripts (a) to (d) are references to items (a) to (d) listed in Problem 2-13B.

ANALYTICAL AND REVIEW PROBLEMS

A&R Problem 2-1 (35 minutes)

YOUNG ENGINEERING Trial Balance March 31, 2014

Account Title	Debit	Credit
Cash	\$26,660	
Office supplies	660	
Prepaid insurance	3,200	
Office equipment	16,500	
Accounts payable	•	\$16,500
Carlos Young, capital		17,000
Carlos Young, withdrawals	3,740	·
Consulting fees earned	•	24,000
Rent expense	6,740	·
Totals	\$57,500	<u>\$57,500</u>

- 1. Purchased \$660 of office supplies for cash.
- 2. Paid \$3,200 insurance premium in advance.
- 3. Purchased \$16,500 office equipment on credit.
- 4. Carlos Young invested \$17,000 cash in the business.
- 5. Carlos Young withdrew \$3,740 cash from the business for personal use.
- 6. Earned \$24,000 in consulting services and was paid in cash.
- 7. Paid \$6,740 rent expense with cash.

A&R 2-2 (30 minutes)

Nice-n-Fresh Drycleaning Statement of Changes in Equity For Months Ended

	April 30, 2014	March 31, 2014
Ed Fresh, capital, beginning	\$ 34,400	\$ 0
Add: Investment by owner	0	10,000
Net income	48,500⁴	25,400 ³
Total	\$ 82,900	\$35,400
Less: Withdrawals by owner	25,100	1,000
Ed Fresh, capital, ending	<u>\$57,800</u>	\$34,400

Nice-n-Fresh Drycleaning Balance Sheet

	April 30,	March 31,		April 30,	March 31,
Assets	2014	2014	Liabilities	2014	2014
Cash	\$7,000	\$ 3,000	Accounts payable	\$7.0.0	. \$ 500
Cleaning supplies	3,500	900	Notes payable	<u>40,000</u>	. <u>15,000</u>
Prepaid rent	12,000	16,000	Total liabilities	\$40,700	. \$15,500
Equipment	<u>.76,000</u>	30,000	Equity		
			Ed Fresh, capital	<u>5.7,8.0.0</u> ²	. <u>34,400</u> 1
			Total liabilities and		
Total assets	<u>\$98,500</u>	<u>\$49,900</u>	equity	<u>\$98,500</u>	. <u>\$49,900</u>

Calculations:

- 1. 49,900 15,500 = 34,400
- 2. 98,500 40,700 = 57,800
- 3. 34,400 + 1,000 10,000 = 25,400
- 4. 57,800 + 25,100 34,400 = 48,500

Analysis component:

- a. Liabilities increased because of the \$200 increase in accounts payable and the \$25,000 increase in notes payable used, most probably, to finance the purchase of equipment (equipment increased by \$46,000).
- b. Equity increased by a larger amount in March than April because the owner invested \$10,000 during March and nothing during April. Also, during April, the owner made a withdrawal of \$25,100 and only \$1,000 in March. Net income in April was almost twice as much as that reported for March but the large withdrawal and no investments during April caused equity to increase by a smaller amount than in March.

ETHICS CHALLENGE

This problem emphasizes the importance of source documents.

1. There are advantages to the process proposed by the manager. They include improved customer service, less delays, and less work for you. However, you should have serious concerns about the potential for fraud. In particular, there is no control over the possibility of embezzlement by the manager because there are no source documents* being prepared at the time of sale. The manager could steal cash and simply prepare sales receipts to match the remaining cash.

This case involves a conflict between the need for efficiency and the need for control in the form of <u>source documents</u>*. While it makes sense to take and process sales receipts quickly, this efficiency is being accomplished by a shortcut that greatly weakens control over cash receipts. That is, cash could be received and lost because there would be no source documents to verify the sales and cash received.

*Recall from Chapter 1 that source documents identify and describe transactions entering the accounting process and are the source of accounting information, whether in paper or electronic form.

2. The manager's explanation that the owner does not arrive until 3:00 p.m. suggests that the owner does not know about the proposed shortcut. Thus, the new employee is faced with the dilemma of deciding whether to accept the manager's instructions, to confront the manager with the argument that the shortcut seems wrong, or to ask the owner to confirm the instructions. Each of these alternatives involves personal risk.

Initially, the best thing may be to simply work as instructed for a while in order to get an idea of whether the shortcut is being abused by the manager and perhaps to find out discreetly whether the owner knows about it. The relationship that develops between you and the manager may be of a nature that will allow you to explain your concern and convince the manager that the shortcut should be avoided. Even if the manager is not abusing this shortcut, there are other reasons for doing away with it, such as maintaining accurate records for tax reports and gathering marketing information. Also, the shortcut may result in fraud by other employees who might not be as honest as you and the manager.

If you conclude that the manager is committing fraud, you should report the situation to the owner as quickly as possible.

FFS 2-1

McALLISTER SURVEYING Income Statement For Month Ended May 31, 2014

Revenue:		
Surveying fees earned		\$18,000
Operating expenses:		
Advertising expense	\$3,200	
Rent expense	3,100	
Salaries expense	3,000	
Insurance expense	900	
Telephone expense	600	
Utilities expense	300	
Total operating expenses		<u>11,100</u>
Net income		<u>\$ 6,900</u>
McALLISTER SURVEYING Statement of Changes in Equity For Month Ended May 31, 2014		
Travis McAllister, capital, May 1		\$75,000
Add: Investments by owner	\$3,000	
Net income	<u>6,900</u>	9,900
Total		\$84,900
Less: Withdrawals by owner		6,000
Travis McAllister, capital, May 31		<u>\$78,900</u>

McALLISTER SURVEYING Balance Sheet May 31, 2014

Assets			Liabilities		
Cash	\$	3,900	Accounts payable	\$	2,400
Accounts receivable		2,700	Unearned surveying fees		6,000
Office supplies		300	Short-term notes payable	_	<u>48,000</u>
Prepaid insurance		1,800	Total liabilities	\$	56,400
Prepaid rent		4,200			
Surveying equipment		5,400			
Buildings		81,000	Equity		
Land		<u> 36,000</u>	Travis McAllister, capital	_	<u>78,900</u>
Total assets	<u>\$1</u>	<u>35,300</u>	Total liabilities and equity	<u>\$1</u>	<u>35,300</u>

Analysis component:

Withdrawals are how an owner takes assets out of the business for personal use. McAllister Surveying realized a \$6,900 net income during the month which caused equity to increase. It is reasonable for the owner to benefit from that net income by making a withdrawal even though withdrawals cause equity to decrease.

FFS 2-2 1(a)(i) Accounts Receivable..... XXX Guest Revenues..... XXX Provided services to customers on account. Cash..... XXX Guest Revenues..... XXX Provided services to customers for cash. 1(a)(ii) Revenues affect the balance sheet because they cause equity to increase. 1(a)(iii) The Revenue Recognition Principle assures us that revenues on the income statement are for the year ended December 31, 2011. 1(b)(i) Interest Expense..... XXX

1(b)(ii) Yes, expenses affect the balance sheet because they cause equity to decrease.

Cash.....

2(a) Advance ticket sales represent airline tickets sold in advance to customers.

airline tickets sold

Paid interest expense...

2(b)

XXX

Critical Thinking Question

CT 2-1

Note to instructor: Student responses will vary and therefore the answer here is only suggested and not inclusive of all possibilities; it is presented in point form for brevity.

Problem(s):

 information that is available does not provide adequate detail to enable analysis and resulting decision making (from the Western Canadian Sales Division Manager's perspective; from the perspective of the sales and admin staff, the limited detail would make recording information very straightforward/easy since there are only 2 accounts — 1 revenue and 1 expense)

Goal(s)*:

 Sales Division Manager would want to maximize sales, minimize costs, and at the same time accurately record and report with sufficient detail to assist decision making process

Assumption(s)/Principle(s):

- division results have been deteriorating but because of a lack of detail, appropriate questions were not being asked and consequently inappropriate decisions were likely being made
- the disclosure principle (introduced in Chapter 6) requires that appropriate detail be provided and the materiality principle (introduced in Chapter 7) suggests that anything of significance be disclosed/reported

Facts:

- as presented in the sales reports
- by converting the dollars to percentages, we see that from July to September, although net income is increasing in total dollars, expenses are increasing as a percentage of sales causing net income to shrink as a percentage of sales which is unfavourable

Prairie Insurance – Western Canadian Division							
		Sale	s Report				
Month Ended							
Sept. 30, 2014 Aug. 31, 2014 July 31, 2014							
	% % %						
Sales revenue	\$680,000	100	\$510,000	100	\$440,000	100	
Expenses	544,000	80	382,500	75	321,200	73	
Net income							

CT 2-1 (concluded)

Conclusion(s)/Consequence(s):

 more revenue and expense accounts are required to provide sufficient detail to allow appropriate monitoring/questions and resulting decisions; this will require a restructuring of the accounting including submission of expense reports which requires resources including expertise

^{*}The goal is highly dependent on "perspective."

Serial Problem, Echo Systems (120 minutes) Part A

2.

Journal	Page 1			General
Date 2014	Account Titles and Explanations	PR	Debit	Credit
Oct. 1	Cash Office Equipment Computer Equipment Mary Graham, Capital Owner invested in the business.	163 167	90,000 18,000 36,000	144,000
2	Prepaid Rent Cash Paid rent in advance.		9,000	9,000
3	Computer Supplies Accounts Payable Purchased supplies on credit.		2,640	2,640
5	Prepaid Insurance Cash Paid 12 months' premium in advance.		4,320	4,320
6	Accounts Receivable Computer Services Revenue Billed customer for services.		6,600	6,600
8	Accounts Payable Cash Paid balance due on account payable.		2,640	2,640
10	No entry recorded in the journal.			
12	Accounts Receivable Computer Services Revenue Billed customer for services.		2,400	2,400
15	CashAccounts Receivable		6,600	6,600
17	Repairs Expense, Computer Cash Paid for computer repairs.		1,410	1,410
20	Advertising Expense Cash Purchased ad in local newspaper.		3,720	3,720
22	Cash Accounts Receivable Collected accounts receivable.		2,400	2,400

Part A

		General Journal			Page 2
Date 2014		Account Titles and Explanations	PR	Debit	Credit
Oct.	28	Accounts Receivable	106	6,450	
		Computer Services Revenue Billed customer for services.	403	·	6,450
	31	Wages Expense	623	1,400	
		Cash Paid employee for part-time work.	101		1,400
	31	Mary Graham, Withdrawals	302	7,200	
		Cash	101	•	7,200
		Owner withdrew cash.			

1 and 3.

	Acct. No. 101				
Date	Explanation PR		Debit	Credit	Balance
2014					
Oct. 1		G1	90,000		90,000
2		G1		9,000	81,000
5		G1		4,320	76,680
8		G1		2,640	74,040
15		G1	6,600		80,640
17		G1		1,410	79,230
20		G1		3,720	75,510
22		G1	2,400		77,910
31		G2		1,400	76,510
31		G2		7,200	69,310

Accounts Receivable Acct. No. 106 **Explanation** PR Credit **Date Debit** Balance 2014 Oct. 6,600 6,600 6 G1 2,400 9,000 12 G1 6,600 15 2,400 G1 22 2,400 G1 28 G2 6,450 6,450

Part A

		Computer Supplies			Acct.	No. 126
Da	ite	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Oct.	3		G1	2,640		2,640
		Prepaid Insurance			Acct.	No. 128
Da	ite	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Oct.	5		G1	4,320		4,320
		Prepaid Rent			Acct.	No. 131
Da	ite	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Oct.	2		G1	9,000		9,000
		Office Equipment			Acct.	No. 163
Da	ite	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Oct.	1		G1	18,000		18,000
		Computer Equipment			Acct.	No. 167
Da	ite	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Oct.	1		G1	36,000		36,000
		Accounts Payable			Acct.	No. 201
Da	ite	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Oct.	3		G1		2,640	2,640
	8		G1	2,640		0
		Mary Graham, Capital			Acct.	No. 301
Da	ite	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Oct.	1		G1		144,000	144,000
		Mary Graham, Withdrawals			Acct.	No. 302
Da	te	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Oct.	31		G2	7,200		7,200

Part A

		Computer Services Revenue			Acct.	No. 403
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Oct.	6		G1		6,600	6,600
	12		G1		2,400	9,000
	28		G2		6,450	15,450
		Wages Expense			Acct.	No. 623
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014		•				
Oct.	31		G2	1,400		1,400
		Advertising Expense			Acct.	No. 655
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Oct.	20		G1	3,720		3,720
		Mileage Expense			Acct.	No. 676
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
		Repairs Expense, Computer			Acct.	No. 684
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Oct.	17		G1	1,410		1,410
		Charitable Donations Expense			Acct.	No. 699
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014		·				

Part A

4.

ECHO SYSTEMS Trial Balance October 31, 2014

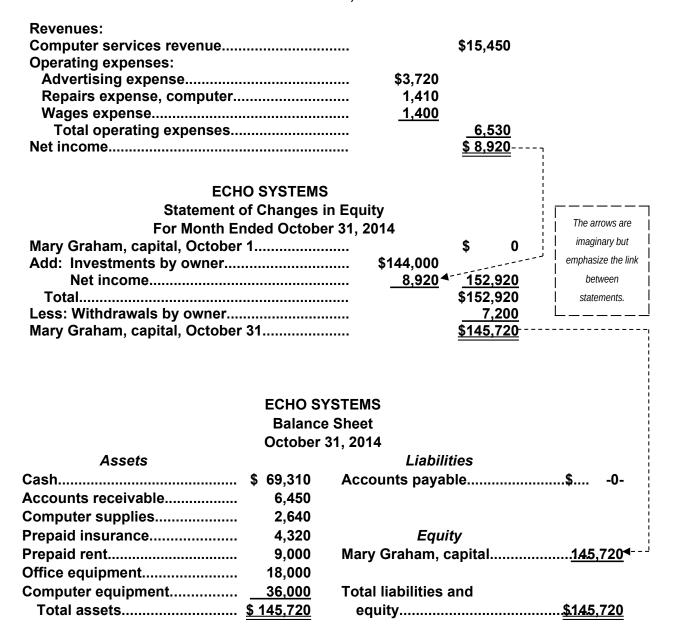
Acct.	·		
No.	Account Title	Debit	Credit
101	Cash	\$ 69,310	
106	Accounts receivable	6,450	
126	Computer supplies	2,640	
128	Prepaid insurance	4,320	
131	Prepaid rent	9,000	
163	Office equipment	18,000	
167	Computer equipment	36,000	
201	Accounts payable		\$ -0-
301	Mary Graham, capital		144,000
302	Mary Graham, withdrawals	7,200	,
403	Computer services revenue		15,450
623	Wages expense	1,400	,
655	Advertising expense	3,720	
676	Mileage expense	-0-	
684	Repairs expense, computer	1,410	
699	Charitable donations expense	-0-	
	Totals	<u>\$159,450</u>	<u>\$159,450</u>

NOTE: Accounts with zero balance may be omitted.

Part A

5.

ECHO SYSTEMS Income Statement For Month Ended October 31, 2014



Part B

6.

2014

Nov.	1	Mileage Expense Cash Reimbursed Mary Graham for business us	101	1,000	1,000
	2	Cash Computer Services Revenue Collected cash revenue from customer.	101	9,300	9,300
	5	Cash Purchased computer supplies for cash.		1,920	1,920
	8	Accounts Receivable Computer Services Revenue Billed customer for services.		8,700	8,700
	13	No entry recorded in the journal.			
	18	Cash Accounts Receivable Collected accounts receivable.		3,750	3,750
	22	Charitable Donations Expense Cash Made a donation.		1,500	1,500
	24	Accounts Receivable Computer Services Revenue Billed customer for services.		7,500	7,500
	25	No entry recorded in the journal.			
	28	Mileage Expense Cash Reimbursed Mary Graham for business us	101	1,200	1,200
	30	Wages Expense Cash Paid employee for part-time work.		2,800	2,800
	30	Mary Graham, Withdrawals Cash Owner withdrew cash.		3,600	3,600

Part B

7.General Ledger accounts:

		Casl	n		Acct. N	lo. 101
Dat	:e	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Oct.	1		G1	90,000		90,000
	2		G1		9,000	81,000
	5		G1		4,320	76,680
	8		G1		2,640	74,040
	15		G1	6,600		80,640
	17		G1		1,410	79,230
	20		G1		3,720	75,510
	22		G1	2,400		77,910
	31		G2		1,400	76,510
	31		G2		7,200	69,310
Nov.	1		G2		1,000	68,310
	2		G2	9,300		77,610
	5		G2		1,920	75,690
	18		G2	3,750		79,440
	22		G2		1,500	77,940
	28		G2		1,200	76,740
	30		G2		2,800	73,940
	30		G2		3,600	70,340

Accounts Receivable					Acct. No. 106		
Dat	te	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance	
2014							
Oct.	6		G1	6,600		6,600	
	12		G1	2,400		9,000	
	15		G1		6,600	2,400	
	22		G1		2,400	0	
	28		G2	6,450		6,450	
Nov.	8		G2	8,700		15,150	
	18		G2		3,750	11,400	
	24		G2	7,500		18,900	

		Computer Supplies			Acct	No. 126
Da	to	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014		Explanation		Depit	l	Dalance
Oct.	3		G1	2,640		2,640
Nov.	5		G2	1,920		4,560
		Prepaid Insurance			Acct.	No. 128
Da	te	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Oct.	5		G1	4,320		4,320
		Prepaid Rent			Acct.	No. 131
Da	te	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Oct.	2		G1	9,000		9,000
		Office Equipment			Acct.	No. 163
Da	te	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Oct.	1		G1	18,000		18,000
		Computer Equipment			Acct.	No. 167
Da	te	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014	_					
Oct.	1		G1	36,000		36,000
		Accounts Payable			Acct.	No. 201
Da	te	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Oct.	3		G1		2,640	2,640
	8		G1	2,640		0
		Mary Graham, Capital			Acct.	No. 301
Da	te	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Oct.	1		G1		144,000	144,000
		Mary Graham, Withdrawals			Acct.	No. 302
Da	te	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Oct.	31		G2	7,200		7,200
Nov.	30		G3	3,600		10,800

Part B

		Computer Services Revenue			Acct.	No. 403
Dat	e	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Oct.	6		G1		6,600	6,600
	12		G1		2,400	9,000
	28		G2		6,450	15,450
Nov.	2		G2		9,300	24,750
	8		G2		8,700	33,450
	24		G2		7,500	40,950
		Wages Expense			Acct.	No. 623
Dat	:e	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014		-				
Oct.	31		G2	1,400		1,400
Nov.	30		G2	2,800		4,200
		Advertising Expense			Acct.	No. 655
Dat	e	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Oct.	20		G1	3,720		3,720
		Mileage Expense			Acct.	No. 676
Dat	e	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Nov.	1		G2	1,000		1,000
	28		G2	1,200		2,200
		Repairs Expense, Computer			Acct.	No. 684
Dat	e	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Oct.	17		G1	1,410		1,410
		Charitable Donations Expense			Acct	No. 699
Dat	е.	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014		Explanation			O COIL	Dalarioe
Nov.	22		G2	1,500		1,500

Part B

8.

ECHO SYSTEMS Trial Balance November 30, 2014

Account Title	Debit	Credit
Cash	\$ 70,340	
Accounts receivable	18,900	
Computer supplies	4,560	
Prepaid insurance	4,320	
Prepaid rent	9,000	
Office equipment	18,000	
Computer equipment	36,000	
Accounts payable		\$ -0-
Mary Graham, capital		144,000
Mary Graham, withdrawals	10,800	,
Computer services revenue		40,950
Wages expense	4,200	7
Advertising expense	3,720	
Mileage expense	2,200	
Repairs expense, computer	1,410	
Charitable donations expense	1.500	
Totals	\$184,950	\$184,9 <u>50</u>
	Cash	Cash

Part B

9.

ECHO SYSTEMS Income Statement For Two Months Ended November 30, 2014

Computer services revenue Operating expenses:		\$40,950
Wages expense	\$4,200	
Advertising expense	3,720	
Mileage expense	2,200	
Charitable donations expense	1,500	
Repairs expense, computer	1,410	
Total operating expenses		13,030
Net income		\$27,920

ECHO SYSTEMS

Statement of Changes in Equity

For Two Months Ended November 30, 2014

Mary Graham, capital, October 1		\$ -	0-
Add: Investments by owner	\$144,000		
Net income	27,920	<u>171,92</u>	<u>20</u>
Total		\$171,92	20
Less: Withdrawals by owner		10,80	<u>)0</u>
Mary Graham, capital, November 30		<u>\$161,12</u>	<u>20</u>

ECHO SYSTEMS

Balance Sheet November 30, 2014

Assets	Liabilities			
Cash	\$ 70,340	Accounts payable	\$	-0-
Accounts receivable	18,900	-		
Computer supplies	4,560			
Prepaid insurance	4,320	Equity		
Prepaid rent	9,000	Mary Graham, capital	<u>161</u>	<u>,120</u>
Office equipment	18,000			
Computer equipment	<u>36,000</u>	Total liabilities and		
Total assets	<u>\$161,120</u>	equity	<u>\$161</u>	<u>,120</u>