

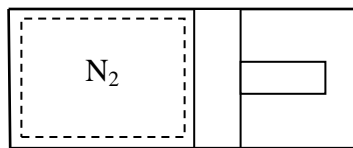
### Problem 2.29

Nitrogen ( $N_2$ ) gas within a piston-cylinder assembly undergoes a process from  $p_1 = 20$  bar,  $V_1 = 0.5 \text{ m}^3$  to a state where  $V_2 = 2.75 \text{ m}^3$ . The relationship between pressure and volume during the process is  $pV^{1.35} = \text{constant}$ . For the  $N_2$ , determine (a) the pressure at state 2, in bar, and (b) the work, in kJ.

**KNOWN:**  $N_2$  gas within a piston-cylinder assembly undergoes a process where the  $p$ - $V$  relation is  $pV^{1.35} = \text{constant}$ . Data are given at the initial and final states.

**FIND:** Determine the pressure at the final state and the work.

**SCHEMATIC AND GIVEN DATA:**



$$pV^{1.35} = \text{constant}$$

$$p_1 = 20 \text{ bar}, V_1 = 0.5 \text{ m}^3$$

$$V_2 = 2.75 \text{ m}^3$$

**ENGINEERING MODEL:** (1) The  $N_2$  is the closed system. (2) The  $p$ - $v$  relation is specified for the process. (3) Volume change is the only work mode.

**ANALYSIS:** (a)  $p_1 V_1^n = p_2 V_2^n \rightarrow p_2 = p_1 \left( \frac{V_1}{V_2} \right)^n ; n = 1.35$ . Thus

$$p_2 = (20 \text{ bar}) \left( \frac{0.5 \text{ m}^3}{2.75 \text{ m}^3} \right)^{1.35} = 2 \text{ bar}$$

(b) Since volume change is the only work mode, Eq. 2.17 applies. Following the procedure of part (a) of Example 2.1, we have

$$W = \frac{p_2 V_2 - p_1 V_1}{1-n} = \frac{(2 \text{ bar})(2.75 \text{ m}^3) - (20)(0.5)}{1-1.35} \left| \frac{10^5 \text{ N/m}^2}{1 \text{ bar}} \right| \left| \frac{1 \text{ kJ}}{10^3 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}} \right|$$

$$= 1285.7 \text{ kJ}$$