

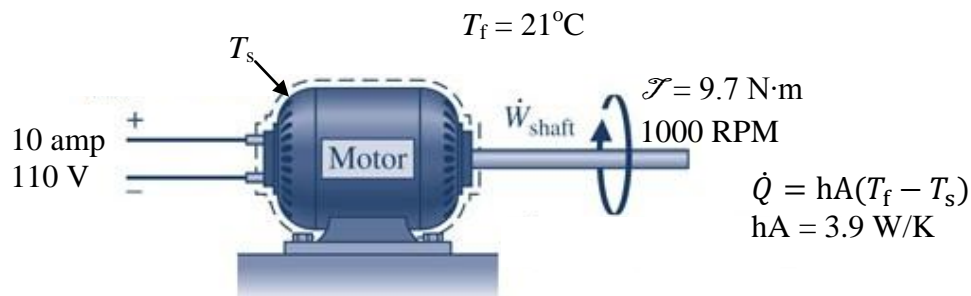
### Problem 2.62

An electric motor draws a current of 10 amp with a voltage of 110 V, as shown in Fig. P2.62. The output shaft develops a torque of 9.7 N·m and a rotational speed of 1000 RPM. For operation at steady state, determine for the motor

- the electric power required, in kW.
- the power developed by the output shaft, in kW.
- the average surface temperature,  $T_s$ , in °C, if heat transfer occurs by convection to the surroundings at  $T_f = 21^\circ\text{C}$ .

**KNOWN:** Operating data are provided for an electric motor at steady state.

**FIND:** Determine (a) the electric power required, (b) the power developed by the output shaft, and (c) average the surface temperature.



**ENGINEERING MODEL:** (1) The motor is the closed system. (2) The system is at steady state.

**ANALYSIS:** (a) Using Eq. 2.21

$$\dot{W}_{\text{electric}} = - (\text{voltage}) (\text{current}) = - (110 \text{ V})(10 \text{ amp}) \left| \frac{1 \text{ W/amp}}{1 \text{ V}} \right| \left| \frac{1 \text{ kW}}{10^3 \text{ W}} \right| = -1.1 \text{ kW (in)} \quad \leftarrow$$

(b) Using Eq. 2.20

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{W}_{\text{shaft}} &= (\text{torque}) (\text{angular velocity}) \\ &= (9.7 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}) \left( 1000 \frac{\text{rev}}{\text{min}} \right) \left| \frac{2\pi \text{ rad}}{\text{rev}} \right| \left| \frac{1 \text{ min}}{60 \text{ s}} \right| \left| \frac{1 \text{ kW}}{10^3 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m/s}} \right| = 1.016 \text{ kW (out)} \quad \leftarrow \end{aligned}$$

(c) To determine the surface temperature, first find the rate of energy transfer by heat using the energy balance

$$\frac{dE}{dt} = \dot{Q} - \dot{W} = \dot{Q} - (\dot{W}_{\text{electric}} + \dot{W}_{\text{shaft}})$$

$$\dot{Q} = (\dot{W}_{\text{electric}} + \dot{W}_{\text{shaft}}) = (-1.1 \text{ kW}) + (1.016 \text{ kW}) = -0.084 \text{ kW}$$

The surface temperature of the motor is

Problem 2.62 (Continued)

$$T_s = (\dot{Q}/hA) + T_f = (-0.084 \text{ kW})/(3.9 \text{ W/K}) \left| \frac{10^3 \text{ W}}{1 \text{ kW}} \right| + 294 \text{ K}$$

$$= 315.5 \text{ K} = 42.5 \text{ }^\circ\text{C} \quad \longleftarrow$$

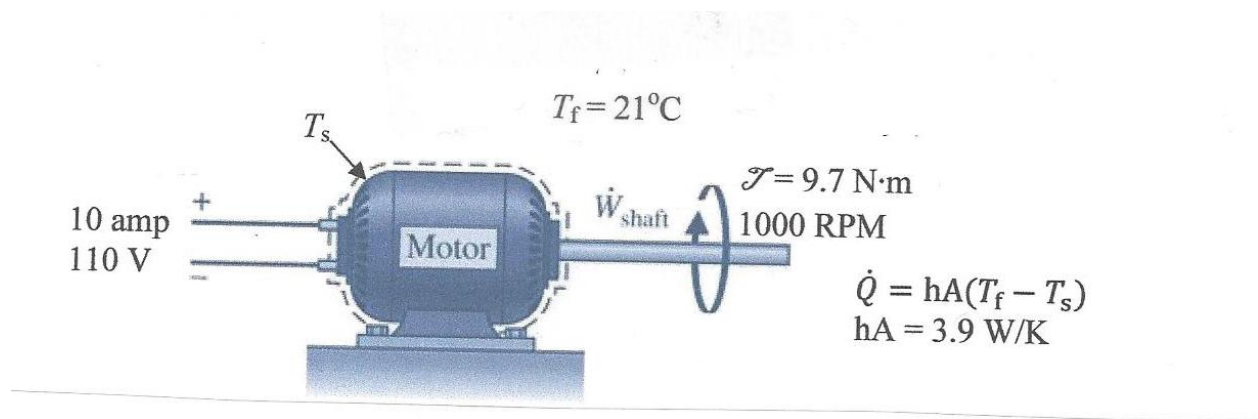


Fig. P2.62 – 8e

Pick-up motor graphic from Fig. E2.6 – 7e