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Chapter 2

Recording Business Transactions

Review Questions

1. Identify the three categories of the accounting equation, and list at least four accounts associated with each category.

The three categories of the accounting equation are assets, liabilities, and equity. Assets include Cash, Accounts Receivable, Notes Receivable, Prepaid Expenses, Land, Building, Equipment, Furniture, and Fixtures. Liabilities include Accounts Payable, Notes Payable, Accrued Liability, and Unearned Revenue. Equity includes Owner, Capital, Owner, Withdrawals, Revenue, and Expenses.

2. What is the purpose of the chart of accounts? Explain the numbering typically associated with the accounts.

Companies need a way to organize their accounts so they use a chart of accounts. Accounts starting with 1 are usually Assets, 2 – Liabilities, 3 – Equity, 4 – Revenues, and 5 – Expenses. The second and third digits in account numbers indicate where the account fits within the category.

3. What does a ledger show? What's the difference between a ledger and the chart of accounts?

A chart of accounts and a ledger are similar in that they both list the account names and account numbers of the business. A ledger, though, provides more detail. It includes the increases and decreases of each account for a specific period and the balance of each account at a specific point in time.

4. Accounting uses a double-entry system. Explain what this sentence means.

With a double-entry you need to record the dual effects of each transaction. Every transaction affects at least two accounts.

5. What is a T-account? On which side is the debit? On which side is the credit? Where does the account name go on a T-account?

A T-account is a shortened form of each account in the ledger. The debit is on the left side, credit on the right side, and the account name is shown on top.

6. When are debits increases? When are debits decreases?

Debits are increases for assets, withdrawals, and expenses. Debits are decreases for liabilities, capital, and revenue.

7. When are credits increases? When are credits decreases?

Credits are increases for liabilities, capital, and revenue. Credits are decreases for assets, withdrawals, and expenses.

8. Identify which types of accounts have a normal debit balance and which types of accounts have a normal credit balance.

Assets, withdrawals, and expenses have a normal debit balance. Liabilities, capital, and revenue have a normal credit balance.

9. What are source documents? Provide examples of source documents that a business might use.

Source documents provide the evidence and data for accounting transactions. Examples of source documents a business would have are: bank deposit slips, purchase invoices, bank checks, and sales invoices

10. Where are transactions initially recorded?

Transactions are first recorded in a journal, which is the record of transactions in date order.

11. Explain the five steps in journalizing and posting transactions.

Step 1: Identify the accounts and the account type. You need this information before you can complete the next step. Step 2: Decide if each account increases or decreases, then apply the rules of debits and credits. Reviewing the rules of debits and credits, we use the accounting equation to help determine debits and credits for each account. Step 3: Record transactions in the journal using journal entries. Step 4: Post the journal entry to the ledger. When journal entries are posted from the journal to the ledger, the dollar amount is transferred from the debit and credit columns to the specific accounts in the ledger. The date on the journal entry should also be transferred to the accounts in the ledger. Step 5: Determine whether the accounting equation is in balance. After each entry the accounting equation should always be in balance.

12. What are the four parts of a journal entry?

Part 1: Date of the transaction. Part 2: Debit account name and dollar amount. Part 3: Credit account name and dollar amount. The credit account name is indented. Part 4: Brief explanation.

13. What is involved in the posting process?

When transactions are posted from the journal to the ledger, the dollar amount is transferred from the debit and credit columns to the specific accounts in the ledger. The date of the journal entry is also transferred to the accounts in the ledger. The posting reference columns in the journal and ledger are also completed. In a computerized system, this step is completed automatically when the transaction is recorded in the journal.

14. What is the purpose of the trial balance?

The trial balance is used to prove the equality of total debits and total credits of all accounts in the ledger; it is also used to prepare the financial statements.

15. What is the difference between the trial balance and the balance sheet?

A trial balance verifies the equality of total debits and total credits of all accounts on the trial balance and is an internal document used only by employees of the company. The balance sheet, on the other hand, presents the business's accounting equation and is a financial statement that can be used by both internal and external users.

16. If total debits equal total credits on the trial balance, is the trial balance error-free? Explain your answer.

If total debits equal total credits on the trial balance, it does not mean that the trial balance is errorfree. An incorrect amount could have been used, an entry could have been completely missed, or the wrong account title could have been debited or credited.

17. What is the calculation for the debt ratio? Explain what the debt ratio evaluates.

The debt ratio is calculated by dividing total liabilities by total assets and shows the proportion of assets financed with debt. It can be used to evaluate a business's ability to pay its debts.

S2-1 Identifying accounts

Learning Objective 1

Consider the following accounts and identify each account as an asset (A), liability (L), or equity (E).

- a. Notes Receivable
- b. Nunez, Capital
- c. Prepaid Insurance
- d. Notes Payable
- e. Rent Revenue
- f. Taxes Payable
- g. Rent Expense
- h. Furniture
- i. Nunez, Withdrawals
- i. Unearned Revenue

SOLUTION

a. Notes Receivable (A)
b. Nunez, Capital (E)
c. Prepaid Insurance (A)
d. Notes Payable (L)

f. Taxes Payable (L)
g. Rent Expense (E)
h. Furniture (A)
i. Nunez, Withdrawals (E)

d. Notes Payable (L)

e. Rent Revenue (E)

i. Nunez, Withdrawals (E)

j. Unearned Revenue (L)

S2-2 Identifying increases and decreases in accounts

Learning Objective 2

For each account, identify whether the changes would be recorded as a debit (DR) or credit (CR).

- a. Increase to Accounts Receivable
- **b.** Decrease to Unearned Revenue
- **c.** Decrease to Cash
- d. Increase to Interest Expense
- e. Increase to Salaries Payable
- f. Decrease to Prepaid Rent
- g. Increase to Proudfoot, Capital
- h. Increase to Notes Receivable
- i. Decrease to Accounts Payable
- i. Increase to Interest Revenue

SOLUTION

a. Increase to Accounts Receivable (DR)

b. Decrease to Unearned Revenue (DR)

c. Decrease to Cash (CR)

d. Increase to Interest Expense (DR)

e. Increase to Salaries Payable (CR)

f. Decrease to Prepaid Rent (CR)

g. Increase to Proudfoot, Capital (CR)

h. Increase to Notes Receivable (DR)

i. Decrease to Accounts Payable (DR)

j. Increase to Interest Revenue (CR)

S2-3 Identifying normal balances

Learning Objective 2

For each account, identify whether the normal balance is a debit (DR) or credit (CR).

- a. Notes Payable
- **b.** Herman, Withdrawals
- **c.** Service Revenue
- d. Land
- e. Unearned Revenue
- f. Herman, Capital
- g. Utilities Expense
- **h.** Office Supplies
- i. Advertising Expense
- j. Interest Payable

SOLUTION

a. Notes Payable (CR)	f. Herman, Capital (CR)
b. Herman, Withdrawals (DR)	g. Utilities Expense (DR)
c. Service Revenue (CR)	h. Office Supplies (DR)
d. Land (DR)	i. Advertising Expense (DR)
e. Unearned Revenue (CR)	j. Interest Payable (CR)

S2-4 Calculating the balance of a T-account

Learning Objective 2

	Account	s Payable	e
May 2	6,000	21,000	May 1
May 22	11,500	500	May 5
		8,500	May 15
		500	May 23

Calculate the Accounts Payable balance.

Accounts Payable			
May 2	6,000	21,000	May 1
May 22	11,500	500	May 5
		8,500	May 15
		500	May 23
		13,000	Bal.

S2-5 Journalizing transactions

Learning Objective 3

John Daniel opened a medical practice in Sacramento, California, and had the following transactions during the month of January.

Jan. 1	The business received \$34,000 cash and gave capital to Daniel.
2	Purchased medical supplies on account, \$17,000.
4	Performed services for patients receiving \$1,600.
12	Paid monthly office rent of \$3,000.
15	Recorded \$7,000 revenue for services rendered to patients on account.

Journalize the transactions of John Daniel, M.D. Include an explanation with each entry.

Date	Accounts and Explanation	Debit	Credit
Jan. 1	Cash	34,000	
	Daniel, Capital		34,000
	Owner contribution.		
2	Medical Supplies	17,000	
	Accounts Payable	.,	17,000
	Purchased medical supplies on account.		,
4	Cash	1,600	
	Service Revenue		1,600
	Performed services for patients.		
12	Rent Expense	3,000	
	Cash		3,000
	Paid rent with cash.		
15	Accounts Receivable	7,000	
	Service Revenue		7,000
	Performed services for patients on account.		

S2-6 Journalizing transactions

Learning Objective 3

Harper Sales Consultants completed the following transactions during the latter part of January:

Jan. 22	Performed services for customers on account, \$7,500.
30	Received cash on account from customers, \$8,000.
31	Received a utility bill, \$220, which will be paid during February.
31	Paid monthly salary to salesman, \$2,500.
31	Received \$2,310 for three months of consulting service to be performed
	starting in February.
31	The owner, Damon Harper, withdrew \$950 from the business.

Journalize the transactions of Harper Sales Consultants. Include an explanation with each journal entry.

Date	Accounts and Explanation	Debit	Credit
Jan. 22	Accounts Receivable Service Revenue Performed services for customers on account.	7,500	7,500
30	Cash Accounts Receivable Received cash on account from customers.	8,000	8,000
31	Utilities Expense Utilities Payable Received a utility bill due in February.	220	220
31	Salaries Expense Cash Paid monthly salary to salesman.	2,500	2,500
31	Cash Unearned Revenue Received cash for 3 months consulting services in advance.	2,310	2,310
31	Harper, Withdrawals Cash Owner withdrawal.	950	950

S2-7 Journalizing transactions and posting to T-accounts

Learning Objective 3

Roland Foster Optical Dispensary completed the following transactions during the latter part of March:

Mar. 15	Purchased office supplies on account, \$3,400.
28	Paid \$1,800 on account.

Requirements

- **1.** Journalize the transactions of Roland Foster Optical Dispensary. Include an explanation with each journal entry.
- 2. Open the following accounts (use T-account format): Cash (Beginning Balance of \$21,000), Office Supplies, and Accounts Payable. Post the journal entries from Requirement 1 to the accounts, and compute the balance in each account.

SOLUTION

Requirement 1

Date	Accounts and Explanation	Debit	Credit
Mar. 15	Office Supplies	3,400	
	Accounts Payable		3,400
	Purchased office supplies on account.		
28	Accounts Payable Cash Paid cash on account.	1,800	1,800

Requirement 2

Bal.

3,400

Cash	Accounts Payable
Bal. 21,000 1,800 Mar. 28	Mar. 28 1,800 3,400 Mar. 15
Bal. 19,200	1,600 Bal.
Office Sumplies	
Office Supplies	
Mar 15 3 400	

S2-8 Preparing a trial balance

Learning Objective 4

Smithson Floor Coverings reported the following summarized data at December 31, 2018. Accounts appear in no particular order, and all have normal balances.

Service Revenue	\$ 26,000	Salaries Payable	\$ 25,000
Equipment	36,000	Salaries Expense	1,600
Rent Expense	17,000	Cash	7,000
Smithson, Capital	24,000	Accounts Receivable	3,600
Accounts Payable	2,200	Interest Payable	6,000
Smithson, Withdrawals	16,100	Utilities Expense	1,900

Prepare the trial balance of Smithson Floor Coverings at December 31, 2018.

SMITHSON FLOOR COVERINGS			
Trial Balance			
December	31, 2018		
Account Title	Balan	ce	
	Debit	Credit	
Cash	\$ 7,000		
Accounts Receivable	3,600		
Equipment	36,000		
Accounts Payable		\$ 2,200	
Salaries Payable		25,000	
Interest Payable		6,000	
Smithson, Capital		24,000	
Smithson, Withdrawals	16,100		
Service Revenue		26,000	
Rent Expense	17,000		
Salaries Expense	1,600		
Utilities Expense	1,900		
Total	\$ 83,200	\$ 83,200	

S2-9 Calculating debt ratio

Learning Objective 5

Aladdin Carpet Care had the following total assets, liabilities, and equity as of October 31:

Assets	\$ 200,000
Liabilities	30,000
Equity	170,000

What is Aladdin Carpet Care's debt ratio as of October 31?

SOLUTION

Debt ratio = Total liabilities / Total assets = \$30,000 / \$200,000 = 0.15 = 15%

E2-10 Using accounting vocabulary

Learning Objectives 1, 2, 3, 4

Match the accounting terms with the corresponding definitions.

- 1. Posting
- 2. Account
- 3. Debit
- 4. Journal
- **5.** Chart of accounts
- **6.** Trial balance
- 7. Normal balance
- 8. Ledger
- 9. Credit
- 10. Compound journal entry

- **a.** A detailed record of all increases and decreases that have occurred in a particular asset, liability, or equity during a period
- **b.** The record holding all the accounts of a business, the changes in those accounts, and their balances
- **c.** A journal entry that is characterized by having multiple debits and/or multiple credits
- d. A record of transactions in date order
- e. Left side of a T-account
- f. Side of an account where increases are recorded
- g. Transferring amounts from the journal to the ledger
- **h.** Right side of a T-account
- i. A list of all accounts with their balances at a point in time
- j. A list of all accounts with their account numbers

- 1. g
- 2. a
- 3. e
- 4. d
- 5. j
- 6. i 7. f
- 8. b
- 9. h
- 10. c

E2-11 Creating a chart of accounts

Raymond Autobody Shop has the following accounts:

Accounts Payable	Service Revenue
Cash	Equipment
Utilities Expense	Raymond, Capital
Automotive Supplies	Advertising Expense
Raymond, Withdrawals	Unearned Revenue

Create a chart of accounts for Raymond Autobody Shop using the standard numbering system. Each account is separated by a factor of 10. For example, the first asset account will be 100 and the next asset account will 110.

Assets	Equity
100 – Cash	300 – Raymond, Capital
110 – Automotive Supplies	310 – Raymond, Withdrawals
120 – Equipment	
	Revenues
Liabilities	400 – Service Revenue
200 – Accounts Payable	
210 – Unearned Revenue	Expenses
	500 – Utilities Expense
	510 – Advertising Expense

E2-12 Identifying accounts, increases in accounts, and normal balances

Learning Objectives 1, 2

- a. Interest Revenue
- b. Accounts Payable
- c. Calhoun, Capital
- d. Office Supplies
- e. Advertising Expense
- f. Unearned Revenue
- g. Prepaid Rent
- h. Utilities Expense
- i. Calhoun, Withdrawals
- j. Service Revenue

Requirements

- 1. Identify each account as asset (A), liability (L), or equity (E).
- 2. Identify whether the account is increased with a debit (DR) or credit (CR).
- **3.** Identify whether the normal balance is a debit (DR) or credit (CR).

		Requirement 1	Requirement 2	Requirement 3
	Account Name	Type of Account	Increase with Debit/Credit	Normal Balance Debit/Credit
a.	Interest Revenue	Е	CR	CR
b.	Accounts Payable	L	CR	CR
c.	Calhoun, Capital	E	CR	CR
d.	Office Supplies	A	DR	DR
e.	Advertising Expense	Е	DR	DR
f.	Unearned Revenue	L	CR	CR
g.	Prepaid Rent	A	DR	DR
h.	Utilities Expense	Е	DR	DR
i.	Calhoun, Withdrawals	Е	DR	DR
j.	Service Revenue	Е	CR	CR

E2-13 Identifying increases and decreases in accounts and normal balances

Learning Objective 2

Insert the missing information into the accounting equation. Signify increases as Incr. and decreases as Decr.

A	Assets = (c) Liabilities + Owner, Capital - Withdrawals + Revenues - Expenses									penses	
(e) Incr.	Decr.	Decr.	(f) Incr.	(g) Decr.	(h) Incr.	(i) Incr.	(j) Decr.	(k) Decr.	(1) Incr.	Incr.	(m) Decr.
Debit	(n) Credit	(o) Debit	Credit	(p) Debit	Credit	(q) Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit	(r) Debit	Credit

- (a) Assets
- (b) Equity
- (c) Liabilities
- (d) Owner, Withdrawals
- (e) Incr.
- (f) Incr.
- (g) Decr.
- (h) Incr.
- (i) Incr.
- (j) Decr.
- (k) Decr.
- (l) Incr.
- (m) Decr.
- (n) Credit
- (o) Debit
- (p) Debit
- (q) Debit
- (r) Debit

E2-14 Identifying source documents

Learning Objective 3

- **a.** For each transaction, identify a possible source document.
- **b.** The business received \$20,000 cash and gave capital to the owner.
- c. Purchased office supplies on account, \$500.
- **d.** Recorded \$1,000 revenue for services rendered to customers.

SOLUTION

- a. Bank deposit slip
- b. Purchase invoice
- c. Sales invoice

E2-15 Analyzing and journalizing transactions

Learning Objective 3

As the manager of Margarita Mexican Restaurant, you must deal with a variety of business transactions. Provide an explanation for the following transactions:

- a. Debit Equipment and credit Cash.
- b. Debit Garcia, Withdrawals and credit Cash.
- c. Debit Wages Payable and credit Cash.
- d. Debit Equipment and credit Garcia, Capital.
- e. Debit Cash and credit Unearned Revenue.
- f. Debit Advertising Expense and credit Cash.
- g. Debit Cash and credit Service Revenue.

Use the following information to answer Exercises E2-16 and E2-17.

The following transactions occurred for Lawrence Engineering:

Jul. 2	Received \$14,000 contribution from Brett Lawrence, owner, in exchange
	for capital.
4	Paid utilities expense of \$370.
5	Purchased equipment on account, \$1,600.
10	Performed services for a client on account, \$2,900.
12	Borrowed \$7,100 cash, signing a notes payable.
19	The owner, Brett Lawrence, withdrew \$200 cash from the business.
21	Purchased office supplies for \$840 and paid cash.
_27	Paid the liability from July 5.

SOLUTION

- a. Purchased equipment with cash.
- b. Owner withdrew cash.
- c. Paid wages owed to employees, previously recorded.
- d. Received equipment for the business in exchange for owner's capital.
- e. Received cash from customer for work to be completed in the future.
- f. Paid for advertising with cash.
- g. Performed services that were paid by the customer.

E2-16 Analyzing and journalizing transactions

Learning Objective 3

Journalize the transactions of Lawrence Engineering. Include an explanation with each journal entry. Use the following accounts: Cash; Accounts Receivable; Office Supplies; Equipment; Accounts Payable; Notes Payable; Lawrence, Capital; Lawrence, Withdrawals; Service Revenue; and Utilities Expense.

Date	Accounts and Explanation	Debit	Credit
Jul. 2	Cash Lawrence, Capital Owner contribution.	14,000	14,000
4	Utilities Expense Cash Paid utility expense.	370	370
5	Equipment Accounts Payable Purchased equipment on account.	1,600	1,600
10	Accounts Receivable Service Revenue Performed services for client on account.	2,900	2,900
12	Cash Notes Payable Borrowed cash by signing note.	7,100	7,100
19	Lawrence, Withdrawals Cash Owner withdrawal.	200	200

E2-16, cont.

21	Office Supplies	840	
	Cash		840
	Purchased office supplies with cash.		
27	Accounts Payable Cash Paid cash on account.	1,600	1,600

E2-17 Posting journal entries to T-accounts

Learning Objective 3

3. Cash Balance \$18,090

Requirements

- 1. Open the following T-accounts for Lawrence Engineering: Cash; Accounts Receivable; Office Supplies; Equipment; Accounts Payable; Notes Payable; Lawrence, Capital; Lawrence, Withdrawals; Service Revenue; and Utilities Expense.
- 2. Post the journal entries to the T-accounts. Also transfer the dates to the T-accounts.
- **3.** Compute the July 31 balance for each account.

Use the following information to answer Exercises E2-18 and E2-19.

The following transactions occurred for Wilke Technology Solutions:

- 2 Purchased office supplies on account, \$550.
- 4 Paid \$57,000 cash for building and land. The building had a fair market value of \$45,000.
- 6 Performed services for customers and received cash, \$3,600.
- 9 Paid \$350 on accounts payable.
- 17 Performed services for customers on account, \$3,500.
- 19 Paid rent expense for the month, \$1,200.
- 20 Received \$1,500 from customers for services to be performed next month.
- 21 Paid \$900 for advertising in next month's *IT Technology* magazine.
- 23 Received \$3,100 cash on account from a customer.
- 31 Incurred and paid salaries, \$1,700.

SOLUTION

Requirements 1, 2, and 3

Cash						Accoun	ts Payable	e
Jul. 2	14,000	370	Jul. 4	-	Jul. 27	1,600	1,600	Jul. 5
Jul. 12	7,100	200	Jul. 19				0	Balance
	•	840	Jul. 21				•	
		1,600	Jul. 27					
Balance	18,090			_				
A	ecounts F	Receivable	2			Notes	Payable	
Jul. 10	2,900			_			7,100	Jul. 12
Balance	2,900						7,100	Balance
	Office S	upplies]	Lawrence	e, Capita	.1
Jul. 21	840						14,000	Jul. 2
Balance	840						14,000	Balance
	Equip	ment					Withdray	vals
Jul. 5	1,600				Jul. 19	200		
Balance	1,600				Balance	200		
				_		Service	Revenue	;
							2,900	Jul. 10
							2,900	Balance
						Utilities	Expense	;
					Jul. 4	370		
					Balance	370		

E2-18 Analyzing and journalizing transactions

Learning Objective 3

Journalize the transactions of Wilke Technology Solutions. Include an explanation with each journal entry. Use the following accounts: Cash; Accounts Receivable; Office Supplies; Prepaid Advertising; Land; Building; Accounts Payable; Unearned Revenue; Wilke, Capital; Service Revenue; Rent Expense; and Salaries Expense.

Date	Accounts and Explanation	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit
	-	Kei.		Credit
May 1	Cash Willia Conital		105,000	105 000
	Wilke, Capital			105,000
	Owner contribution			
2	Office Supplies		550	
_	Accounts Payable			550
	Purchased office supplies on account.			
	Superior Sup			
4	Building		45,000	
	Land		12,000	
	Cash			57,000
	Purchased building and land for cash.			
6	Cash		3,600	
U	Service Revenue		3,000	3,600
	Performed services for customers for			3,000
	cash.			
	Cusii.			
9	Accounts Payable		350	
	Cash			350
	Paid cash on account.			
17	Accounts Receivable		3,500	2.500
	Service Revenue			3,500
	Performed services for customers on			
	account.			
19	Rent Expense		1,200	
17	Cash		1,200	1,200
	Paid rent for the month.			1,200
20	Cash		1,500	
	Unearned Revenue			1,500
	Received cash from customers for			
	services to be performed next month.			

E2-18, cont.

21	Prepaid Advertising Cash Paid for next month's advertising.	900	900
23	Cash Accounts Receivable Received cash on account from customer.	3,100	3,100
31	Salaries Expense Cash Paid salaries.	1,700	1,700

E2-19 Posting journal entries to four-column accounts

Learning Objective 3

2. Cash Balance \$52,050

Requirements

- 1. Open four-column accounts using the following account numbers: Cash, 110; Accounts Receivable, 120; Office Supplies, 130; Prepaid Advertising, 140; Land, 150; Building, 160; Accounts Payable, 210; Unearned Revenue, 220; Wilke, Capital, 310; Service Revenue, 410; Rent Expense, 510; and Salaries Expense, 520.
- 2. Post the journal entries to the four-column accounts, and determine the balance in the account after each transaction. Assume that the journal entries were recorded on page 10 of the journal. Make sure to complete the Post. Ref. columns in the journal and ledger.

SOLUTION

Requirement 2

Accounts and Explanation Cash	Ref.	Debit	Credit
	110		Cituit
	110	105,000	
Wilke, Capital	310		105,000
Owner contribution.			
Office Supplies	130	550	
Accounts Payable	210		550
Purchased office supplies on account.			
Building	160	45,000	
Land	150	12,000	
Cash	110		57,000
Purchased building and land for cash.			
Cash	110	3,600	
Service Revenue	410		3,600
Performed services for customers for cash.			
Accounts Payable	210	350	
Cash	110		350
Paid cash on account.			
Accounts Receivable	120	3,500	
Service Revenue	410		3,500
Performed services for customers on			
account.			
	Owner contribution. Office Supplies Accounts Payable Purchased office supplies on account. Building Land Cash Purchased building and land for cash. Cash Service Revenue Performed services for customers for eash. Accounts Payable Cash Paid cash on account. Accounts Receivable Service Revenue Performed services for customers on	Owner contribution. Office Supplies Accounts Payable Purchased office supplies on account. Building Land Cash Purchased building and land for cash. Cash Service Revenue Performed services for customers for eash. Accounts Payable Cash Paid cash on account. Accounts Receivable Service Revenue Performed services for customers on Cash Paid cash on account.	Owner contribution. Office Supplies Accounts Payable Ourchased office supplies on account. Building Cand Cash Ourchased building and land for cash. Cash Service Revenue Ourchased services for customers for eash. Accounts Payable Cash Paid cash on account. Accounts Receivable Service Revenue Ourchased building and land for cash. Cash Paid cash on account. Accounts Payable Cash Paid cash on account. Accounts Receivable Service Revenue Ourchased building and land for cash. 210 210 210 210 210 210 250 210 210 250 210 250 210 250 210 250 250 260 270 280 280 280 280 280 280 280 280 280 28

E2-19, cont.

19	Rent Expense Cash	510 110	1,200	1 200
	Paid rent for the month.	110		1,200
20	Cash Unearned Revenue Received cash from customers for services to be performed next month.	110 220	1,500	1,500
21	Prepaid Advertising Cash Paid for next month's advertising.	140 110	900	900
23	Cash Accounts Receivable Received cash on account from customer.	110 120	3,100	3,100
31	Salaries Expense Cash Paid salaries.	520 110	1,700	1,700

Requirements 1 and 2

CASH Account No. 110

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
May 1		J10	105,000		105,000	
May 4		J10		57,000	48,000	
May 6		J10	3,600		51,600	
May 9		J10		350	51,250	
May 19		J10		1,200	50,050	
May 20		J10	1,500		51,550	
May 21		J10		900	50,650	
May 23		J10	3,100		53,750	
May 31		J10		1,700	52,050	

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Account No. 120

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
May 17		J10	3,500		3,500	
May 23		J10		3,100	400	

E2-19, cont.

OFFI	CE	SI	JPP.	LIES

٨		+	No.	120	
А	CCO	unı	INO.	1.50	

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
May 2		J10	550		550	

PREPAID ADVERTISING

Account No. 140

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
May 21		J10	900		900	

LAND

Accour	t No	150
ACCOU	II. INO.	

					Bala	nce
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
May 4		J10	12,000		12,000	

BUILDING

Account	No	160

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
May 4		J10	45,000		45,000	

ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Account No. 210

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
May 2		J10		550		550
May 9		J10	350			200

UNEARNED REVENUE

Account No. 220

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
May 20		J10		1,500		1,500

WILKE, CAPITAL

Account No. 310

					Balance		
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit	
May 1		J10		105,000		105,000	

E2-19, cont.

SERVICE REVENUE

Account	Nο	410	1
Account	INU.	41(,

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
May 6		J10		3,600		3,600
May 17		J10		3,500		7,100

RENT EXPENSE

A .	* T	= 1 0
Account	No	510
Account	INU.	\mathcal{I}

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
May 19		J10	1,200		1,200	

SALARIES EXPENSE

Account No. 520

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
May 31		J10	1,700		1,700	

E2-20 Analyzing transactions from T-accounts

Learning Objective 3

The first nine transactions of North-West Airplane Repair have been posted to the T-accounts. Provide an explanation for each of the nine transactions

	ASS	ETS		-	LIABIL	ITIES	_ + _			1	EQUITY				
	Ca	sh			Accounts	Payable	+	Early, Capital	-	Early, Withdrawals	+	Service Revenue		-	Rent Expense
(1) (3)	370,000 260,000 21,000	360,000 1,200 1,500	(2) (5) (6)	(5)	1,200 Notes Pa		(4)	370,000	(1) (8)	7,000		21,000	(9)	(7)	1,400
(9)	21,000	3,900 7,000	(7)			260,000	(3)							(7)	Salaries Expense 2,500
	Office S	upplies												P	roperty Tax Expense
(4)	1,500													(6)	1,500
	Build	ting													
(2)	360,000														

- 1. The business received cash of \$370,000 and gave capital to owner.
- 2. Paid \$360,000 cash for a building.
- 3. Borrowed \$260,000 cash, signing a note payable.
- 4. Purchased office supplies on account, \$1,500.
- 5. Paid \$1,200 on accounts payable.
- 6. Paid property tax expense, \$1,500.
- 7. Paid rent \$1,400 and salaries \$2,500.
- 8. Owner withdrew \$7,000.

9. Performed services for customers and received cash, \$21,000.

E2-21 Journalizing transactions from T-accounts

Learning Objective 3

In December 2018, the first five transactions of Abling's Lawn Care Company have been posted to the T-accounts. Prepare the journal entries that served as the sources for the five transactions. Include an explanation for each entry.

Cash		Office Supplies			Building			Equipment			
(1) 57,000	40,000	(3)	(2)	800		(3)	40,000			(5)	3,800
(4) 46,000	3,800	(5)		9							1
Accounts	s Payable		No	tes Payable			Abling,	Capital			
	800	(2)		46,000	(4)		630	57,000	(1)		

		Posting		
Date	Accounts and Explanation	Ref.	Debit	Credit
1.	Cash Abling, Capital Owner contribution.		57,000	57,000
2.	Office Supplies Accounts Payable Purchased office supplies on account.		800	800
3.	Building Cash Purchased building for cash.		40,000	40,000
4.	Cash Notes Payable Borrowed money signing a note payable.		46,000	46,000
5.	Equipment Cash Purchased equipment for cash.		3,800	3,800

E2-22 Preparing a trial balance

Learning Objective 4

Total Debits \$191,800

The accounts of Anderson Moving Company follow with their normal balances as of August 31, 2018. The accounts are listed in no particular order.

Anderson, Capital	\$ 49,800	Trucks	\$ 123,000
Insurance Expense	600	Fuel Expense	1,000
Accounts Payable	4,000	Anderson, Withdrawals	5,600
Service Revenue	82,000	Utilities Expense	300
Building	41,000	Accounts Receivable	10,000
Advertising Expense	200	Notes Payable	56,000
Salaries Expense	6,000	Office Supplies	100
Cash	4,000		

Prepare Anderson's trial balance as of August 31, 2018.

ANDERSON MOVING COMPANY Trial Balance August 31, 2018							
Account Title	Balar	ice					
	Debit	Credit					
Cash	\$ 4,000						
Accounts Receivable	10,000						
Office Supplies	100						
Building	41,000						
Trucks	123,000						
Accounts Payable		\$ 4,000					
Notes Payable		56,000					
Anderson, Capital		49,800					
Anderson, Withdrawals	5,600						
Service Revenue		82,000					
Salaries Expense	6,000						
Fuel Expense	1,000						
Insurance Expense	600						
Utilities Expense	300						
Advertising Expense	200						
Total	\$ 191,800	\$ 191,800					

E2-23 Preparing a trial balance from T-accounts

Learning Objective 4

Total Debits \$80,700

The T-accounts of McMahon Farm Equipment Repair follow as of May 31, 2018.

ASS	ETS	-	LIABIL	LITIES	+	EQUITY								
Cash		*	Salaries Payabi		Salaries Payable +	McMaho	McMahon, Capital		McMahon, Withdrawals	+:	Service Revenue		-	Salaries Expense
31,000 1,800	800		800 Notes P	4,200 ayable			31,000 16,000		2,000	31		3,500 1,800	-83	2,100 4,200
400	2,000	-	4,000	29,000										Property Tax Expense
atenderes.	3,380													1,000
Accounts R	eceivable	500												Advertising Expense
3,500	400													280
Lan	d													
14,000														
Build	ling													
29,000	03													
Equip	ment													
16,000	2000													

Prepare McMahon Farm Equipment Repair's trial balance as of May 31, 2018.

MCMAHON FARM EQUIPMENT REPAIR Trial Balance May 31, 2018							
Account Title	Balar	ice					
	Debit	Credit					
Cash	\$ 9,020						
Accounts Receivable	3,100						
Land	14,000						
Building	29,000						
Equipment	16,000						
Salaries Payable		\$ 3,400					
Notes Payable		25,000					
McMahon, Capital		47,000					
McMahon, Withdrawals	2,000						
Service Revenue		5,300					
Salaries Expense	6,300						
Property Tax Expense	1,000						
Advertising Expense	280						
Total	\$ 80,700	\$ 80,700					

E2-24 Journalizing transactions, posting journal entries to four-column accounts, and preparing a trial balance

Learning Objectives 3, 4

3. Total Debits \$24,670

The following transactions occurred during the month for Teresa Parker, CPA:

Jun. 1	Parker opened an accounting firm by contributing \$13,200 cash and office
	furniture with a fair market value of \$5,300 in exchange for capital.
5	Paid monthly rent of \$1,300.
9	Purchased office supplies on account, \$600.
14	Paid employee's salary, \$1,900.
18	Received a bill for utilities to be paid next month, \$370.
21	Paid \$500 of the accounts payable created on June 9.

Performed accounting services on account, \$5,700.
Parker withdrew cash of \$6,700.

Requirements

- 1. Open the following four-column accounts of Teresa Parker, CPA: Cash, 110; Accounts Receivable, 120; Office Supplies, 130; Office Furniture, 140; Accounts Payable, 210; Utilities Payable, 220; Parker, Capital, 310; Parker, Withdrawals, 320; Service Revenue, 410; Salaries Expense, 510; Rent Expense, 520; and Utilities Expense, 530.
- **2.** Journalize the transactions, and then post the journal entries to the four-column accounts. Explanations are not required for the journal entries. Keep a running balance in each account. Assume the journal entries are recorded on page 10 of the journal.
- **3.** Prepare the trial balance as of June 30, 2018.

SOLUTION

Requirement 2

Date	Accounts and Explanation	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit
June 1	Cash	110	13,200	Credit
Julie 1			*	
	Office Furniture	140	5,300	
	Parker, Capital	310		18,500
5	Rent Expense	520	1,300	
	Cash	110		1,300
				,
9	Office Supplies	130	600	
	Accounts Payable	210		600
	,			
14	Salaries Expense	510	1,900	
	*		1,500	1 000
	Cash	110		1,900

E2-24, cont.

18	Utilities Expense	530	370	
	Utilities Payable	220		370
21	Accounts Payable	210	500	
	Cash	110		500
25	Accounts Receivable	120	5,700	
	Service Revenue	410		5,700
28	Parker, Withdrawals	320	6,700	
	Cash	110		6,700

Requirements 1 & 2

CASH Account No. 110

					Bala	nce
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
June 1		J10	13,200		13,200	
June 5		J10		1,300	11,900	
June 14		J10		1,900	10,000	
June 21		J10		500	9,500	
June 28		J10		6,700	2,800	

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Account No. 120

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
June 25		J10	5,700		5,700	

OFFICE SUPPLIES

Account No. 130

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
June 9		J10	600		600	

OFFICE FURNITURE

Account No. 140

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
June 1		J10	5,300		5,300	

E2-24, cont.

ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Account	No	210
Account	110.	410

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
June 9		J10		600		600
June 21		J10	500			100

UTILITIES PAYABLE

Account	Nο	220
ACCOUNT	INU.	$\angle \angle \mathbf{U}$

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
June 18		J10		370		370

PARKER, CAPITAL

Account No. 310

					Bala	nce
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
June 1		J10		18,500		18,500

PARKER, WITHDRAWALS

Account No. 320

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
June 28		J10	6,700		6,700	

SERVICE REVENUE

Account No. 410

					Bala	nce
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
June 25		J10		5,700		5,700

SALARIES EXPENSE

Account No. 510

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
June 14		J10	1,900		1,900	

E2-24, cont.

RENT EXPENSE

ACCOUNT NO. DZU	Account	No.	520
-----------------	---------	-----	-----

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
June 5		J10	1,300		1,300	

UTILITIES EXPENSE

Account	TAT	E20
Account	NO	つるロ
	TIV.	

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
June 18		J10	370		370	

Requirement 3

TERESA PARKER, CPA
Trial Balance
June 20, 2019

June 30, 2018

	June 30, 2016			
Acct. No.	Account Title	Balance		
		Debit	Credit	
110	Cash	\$ 2,800		
120	Accounts Receivable	5,700		
130	Office Supplies	600		
140	Office Furniture	5,300		
210	Accounts Payable		\$ 100	
220	Utilities Payable		370	
310	Parker, Capital		18,500	
320	Parker, Withdrawals	6,700		
410	Service Revenue		5,700	
510	Salaries Expense	1,900		
520	Rent Expense	1,300		
530	Utilities Expense	370		
	Total	\$ 24,670	\$ 24,670	

E2-25 Analyzing accounting errors

Learning Objectives 4

Courtney Meehan has trouble keeping her debits and credits equal. During a recent month, Courtney made the following accounting errors:

- **a.** In preparing the trial balance, Courtney omitted a \$5,000 Notes Payable. The debit to Cash was correct.
- **b.** Courtney posted a \$1,000 Utilities Expense as \$100. The credit to Cash was correct.
- **c.** In recording a \$600 payment on account, Courtney debited Furniture instead of Accounts Payable.
- **d.** In journalizing a receipt of cash for service revenue, Courtney debited Cash for \$50 instead of the correct amount of \$500. The credit was correct.
- **e.** Courtney recorded a \$210 purchase of office supplies on account by debiting Office Supplies for \$120 and crediting Accounts Payable for \$120.

Requirements

- 1. For each of these errors, state whether total debits equal total credits on the trial balance.
- 2. Identify each account that has an incorrect balance and the amount and direction of the error (e.g., "Accounts Receivable \$500 too high").

SOLUTION

Requirements 1 and 2

Debits equal Credits,

	Yes or No	Accounts	Amount	High or Low
a.	No	Notes Payable	\$5,000	Low
b.	No	Utilities Expense	900	Low
c.	Yes	Furniture	600	High
		Accounts Payable	600	High
d.	No	Cash	450	Low
e.	Yes	Office Supplies	90	Low
		Accounts Payable	90	Low

E2-26 Correcting errors in a trial balance

Learning Objective 4

Total Debits \$35,600

The accountant for Countryside Painting Specialists is having a hard time preparing the trial balance as of November 30, 2018:

	Balance er 30, 2018		
Ba		lance	
Account Title	Debit	Credit	
Painting Equipment	\$ 13,500		
Cash	12,100		
Accounts Receivable	1,300		
Advertising Expense	550		
Watts, Withdrawals		\$ 3,500	
Accounts Payable		3,300	
Rent Expense	1,800		
Watts, Capital	15,000		
Service Revenue		15,600	
Unearned Revenue	1,700		
Salaries Expense	2,400		
Office Supplies		200	
Utilities Expense	250		
Total	\$ 48,600	\$ 22,600	

Prepare the corrected trial balance as of November 30, 2018. Assume all amounts are correct and all accounts have normal balances.

	INTING SPECIAL Balance per 30, 2018	ISTS	
Account Title	Balar	Balance	
	Debit	Credit	
Cash	\$ 12,100		
Accounts Receivable	1,300		
Office Supplies	200		
Painting Equipment	13,500		
Accounts Payable		\$ 3,300	
Unearned Revenue		1,700	
Watts, Capital		15,000	
Watts, Withdrawals	3,500		
Service Revenue		15,600	
Advertising Expense	550		
Rent Expense	1,800		
Salaries Expense	2,400		
Utilities Expense	250		
Total	\$ 35,600	\$ 35,600	

E2-27 Correcting errors in a trial balance

Learning Objective 4

Total Debits \$35,300

The following trial balance of Joy McDowell Tutoring Service as of May 31, 2018, does not balance.

Trial Ba May 31	50 (50 (50 (50 (50 (50 (50 (50 (50 (50 (
Balance		
Account Title	Debit	Credit
Cash	\$ 2,800	
Accounts Receivable	2,000	
Office Supplies	600	
Computer Equipment	15,800	
Accounts Payable		\$ 11,100
Utilities Payable		800
McDowell, Capital		11,600
McDowell, Withdrawals	10,400	
Service Revenue		9,600
Salaries Expense	1,900	
Rent Expense	800	
Utilities Expense	700	
Total	\$ 35,000	\$ 33,100

Investigation of the accounting records reveals that the bookkeeper:

- **a.** Recorded a \$400 cash revenue transaction by debiting Accounts Receivable. The credit entry was correct.
- **b.** Posted a \$2,000 credit to Accounts Payable as \$200.
- c. Did not record Utilities Expense or the related Utilities Payable in the amount of \$300.
- d. Understated McDowell, Capital by \$100.

Prepare the corrected trial balance as of May 31, 2018, complete with a heading; journal entries are not required.

SOLUTION

JOY MCDOWELL TUTORING SERVICE Trial Balance May 31, 2018

Account Title	Balance	
	Debit	Credit
Cash	\$ 3,200	
Accounts Receivable	1,600	
Office Supplies	600	
Computer Equipment	15,800	
Accounts Payable		\$ 12,900
Utilities Payable		1,100
McDowell, Capital		11,700
McDowell, Withdrawals	10,400	
Service Revenue		9,600
Salaries Expense	1,900	
Rent Expense	800	
Utilities Expense	1,000	
Total	\$ 35,300	\$ 35,300

Explanation:

- a. Increase Cash by \$400, decrease Accounts Receivable by \$400.
- b. Increase Accounts Payable by \$1,800 (\$2,000 \$200).
- c. Increase Utilities Expense and Utilities Payable by \$300 each.
- d. Increase McDowell, Capital by \$100.

E2-28 Calculating the debt ratio

Learning Objective 5

Total Assets \$174,900

John Hart, M.D., reported the following trial balance as of September 30, 2018:

Trial	HART, M.D. Balance ber 30, 2018		
	Balance		
Account Title	Debit	Credit	
Cash	\$ 30,000		
Accounts Receivable	7,900		
Office Supplies	3,000		
Land	29,000		
Building	75,000		
Office Equipment	30,000		
Accounts Payable		\$ 1,600	
Utilities Payable		800	
Unearned Revenue		24,795	
Notes Payable		69,000	
Hart, Capital		110,000	
Hart, Withdrawals	57,000		
Service Revenue		50,505	
Salaries Expense	23,500		
Utilities Expense	1,100		
Advertising Expense	200		
Total	\$ 256,700	\$ 256,700	

Calculate the debt ratio for John Hart, M.D.

Liabilities: Accounts Payable Utilities Payable Unearned Revenue Notes Payable Total liabilities	\$ 1,600 800 24,795 69,000 \$ 96,195
Assets:	
Cash	\$ 30,000
Accounts Receivable	7,900
Office Supplies	3,000
Office Equipment	30,000
Building	75,000
Land	29,000
Total assets	\$ 174,900

Debt ratio = Total liabilities / Total assets = \$96,195 / \$174,900 = 0.55 = 55%

P2-29A Journalizing transactions, posting journal entries to T-accounts, and preparing a trial balance

Learning Objectives 3, 4

2. Cash Balance \$56,050

Vince York practices medicine under the business title Vince York, M.D. During July, the medical practice completed the following transactions:

- Jul. 1 York contributed \$63,000 cash to the business in exchange for capital.
 - 5 Paid monthly rent on medical equipment, \$510.
 - Paid \$23,000 cash to purchase land to be used in operations.
 - 10 Purchased office supplies on account, \$1,600.
 - 19 Borrowed \$22,000 from the bank for business use.
 - Paid \$1,100 on account.
 - The business received a bill for advertising in the daily newspaper to be paid in August, \$240.
 - Revenues earned during the month included \$6,400 cash and \$6,000 on account.
 - Paid employees' salaries \$2,200, office rent \$1,900, and utilities \$560. Record as a compound entry.
 - 31 The business received \$1,120 for medical screening services to be performed next month.
 - 31 York withdrew cash of \$7,200.

The business uses the following accounts: Cash; Accounts Receivable; Office Supplies; Land; Accounts Payable; Advertising Payable; Unearned Revenue; Notes Payable; York, Capital; York, Withdrawals; Service Revenue; Salaries Expense; Rent Expense; Utilities Expense; and Advertising Expense.

- 1. Journalize each transaction. Explanations are not required.
- **2.** Post the journal entries to the T-accounts, using transaction dates as posting references in the ledger accounts. Label the balance of each account *Bal*.
- 3. Prepare the trial balance of Vince York, M.D., as of July 31, 2018.

DateAccounts and ExplanationPost Ref.DebitCredJuly 1Cash63,000York, Capital635Rent Expense510	,000
July 1 Cash York, Capital 63,000 63	
York, Capital 63	,000
	,000
5 Rent Expense 510	
Cash	510
9 Land 23,000	
Cash 23	,000
10 000 0 1	
10 Office Supplies 1,600	
Accounts Payable 1	,600
19 Cash 22,000	
	,000
Notes Layable 22	,000
22 Accounts Payable 1,100	
	,100
	,
28 Advertising Expense 240	
Advertising Payable	240
31 Cash 6,400	
Accounts Receivable 6,000	
Service Revenue 12	,400
31 Salaries Expense 2,200	
Rent Expense 1,900	
Utilities Expense 560	
Cash 4	,660
31 Cash 1,120	
	,120
	,140
31 York, Withdrawals 7,200	
	,200
	_

Ca	sh			Account	s Payable	
Jul. 1 63,000	510	Jul. 5	Jul. 22	1,100	1,600	Jul. 10
Jul. 19 22,000	23,000	Jul. 9			500	Bal.
Jul. 31 6,400	1,100	Jul. 22				
Jul. 31 1,120	4,660	Jul. 31		Advertisi	ng Payable	
	7,200	Jul. 31			240	Jul. 28
Bal. 56,050					240	Bal.
Accounts I	Receivable			Unearne	d Revenue	
Jul. 31 6,000					1,120	Jul. 31
Bal. 6,000					1,120	Bal.
Office S	upplies			Notes	Payable	
Jul. 10 1,600					22,000	Jul. 19
Bal. 1,600			_		22,000	Bal.
La	nd			York,	Capital	
Jul. 9 23,000				,	63,000	Jul. 1
Bal. 23,000					63,000	Bal.
					ithdrawals	
			Jul. 31	7,200		
			Bal.	7,200		
				Service	Revenue	
					12,400	Jul. 31
					12,400	Bal.
				Salaries	Expense	
			Jul. 31	2,200	Lapense	
			Bal.	2,200		
				,		
				Rent I	Expense	
			Jul. 5	510		
			Jul. 31	1,900		
			Bal.	2,410		
				Utilities	Expense	
			Jul. 31	560		
			Bal.	560		
				Advertisi	ng Expense	.
				1 14 (01 (151)	ig Emperise	,
			Jul. 28	240		

P2-29A, cont. Requirement 3

VINCE YORK, MD Trial Balance July 31, 2018

Account Title	Balance		
	Debit	Credit	
Cash	\$ 56,050		
Accounts Receivable	6,000		
Office Supplies	1,600		
Land	23,000		
Accounts Payable		\$ 500	
Advertising Payable		240	
Unearned Revenue		1,120	
Notes Payable		22,000	
York, Capital		63,000	
York, Withdrawals	7,200		
Service Revenue		12,400	
Salaries Expense	2,200		
Rent Expense	2,410		
Utilities Expense	560		
Advertising Expense	240		
Total	\$ 99,260	\$ 99,260	

P2-30A Journalizing transactions, posting journal entries to T-accounts, and preparing a trial balance

Learning Objectives 3, 4

4. Total Debits \$58,300

Ann Simpson started her practice as a design consultant on September 1, 2018. During the first month of operations, the business completed the following transactions:

Sep. 1	Received \$48,000 cash and gave capital to Simpson.
4	Purchased office supplies, \$1,200, and furniture, \$1,300, on account.
6	Performed services for a law firm and received \$1,900 cash.
7	Paid \$18,000 cash to acquire land to be used in operations.
10	Performed services for a hotel and received its promise to pay the \$1,200
	within one week.
14	Paid for the furniture purchased on September 4 on account.
15	Paid assistant's semimonthly salary, \$1,500.
17	Received cash on account, \$1,000.
20	Prepared a design for a school on account, \$650.
25	Received \$2,100 cash for design services to be performed in October.
28	Received \$2,900 cash for consulting with Plummer & Gordon.
29	Paid \$600 cash for a 12-month insurance policy starting on October 1.
30	Paid assistant's semimonthly salary, \$1,500.
30	Paid monthly rent expense, \$600.

Received a bill for utilities, \$350. The bill will be paid next month.

Requirements

30 30

- 1. Record each transaction in the journal using the following account titles: Cash; Accounts Receivable; Office Supplies; Prepaid Insurance; Land; Furniture; Accounts Payable; Utilities Payable; Unearned Revenue; Simpson, Capital; Simpson, Withdrawals; Service Revenue; Salaries Expense; Rent Expense; and Utilities Expense. Explanations are not required.
- 2. Open a T-account for each of the accounts.

Simpson withdrew cash of \$3,700.

- **3.** Post the journal entries to the T-accounts, using transaction dates as posting references in the ledger accounts. Label the balance of each account *Bal*.
- 4. Prepare the trial balance of Ann Simpson, Designer, as of September 30, 2018.

Date	Aggusts and Explanation	Posting Ref.	Debit	Credit
Sep. 1	Accounts and Explanation Cash	Kei.	48,000	Credit
Зер. 1	Simpson, Capital		40,000	48,000
4	Office Supplies		1,200	
	Furniture		1,300	
	Accounts Payable			2,500
6	Cash		1,900	
	Service Revenue			1,900
7	Land		18,000	
	Cash			18,000
10	Accounts Receivable		1,200	
	Service Revenue			1,200
14	Accounts Payable		1,300	
	Cash		,	1,300
15	Salaries Expense		1,500	
	Cash		1,500	1,500
17	Cash		1 000	
1 /	Accounts Receivable		1,000	1,000
			6.70	
20	Accounts Receivable Service Revenue		650	650
	Service revende			
25	Cash		2,100	2 100
	Unearned Revenue			2,100
28	Cash		2,900	
	Service Revenue			2,900
29	Prepaid Insurance		600	
	Cash			600
30	Salaries Expense		1,500	
	Cash		,- ,- ,-	1,500
30	Rent Expense		600	
	Cash		000	600

30	Utilities Expense Utilities Payable	350	350
30	Simpson, Withdrawals Cash	3,700	3,700

Requirements 2 and 3

1,300

Bal.

	Cas	sh			Account	ts Payable	;
Sep. 1	48,000	18,000	Sep. 7	Sep. 14	1,300	2,500	Sep. 4
Sep. 6	1,900	1,300	Sep. 14			1,200	Bal.
Sep. 17	1,000	1,500	Sep. 15			, -	
Sep. 25	2,100	600	Sep. 29				
Sep. 28	2,900	1,500	Sep. 30		Utilities	s Payable	
		600	Sep. 30			350	Sep. 30
		3,700	Sep. 30			350	Bal.
Bal.	28,700						
	Accounts F				Unearne	d Revenue	
Sep. 10	1,200	1,000	Sep. 17			2,100	Sep. 25
Sep. 20	650					2,100	Bal.
Bal.	850						
	- 001 -	4.					
	Office S	upplies			Simpso	n, Capital	
Sep. 4	1,200					48,000	Sep. 1
Bal.	1,200					48,000	Bal.
	Prepaid In	nsurance		S	impson, '	Withdraw	als
Sep. 29	600			Sep. 30	3,700		
Bal.	600			Bal.	3,700		
	т	1			а.	D	
	Lai	na 			Service	Revenue	0 (
Sep. 7	18,000					1,900	Sep. 6
Bal.	18,000					1,200	Sep. 10
	-					650	Sep. 20
	Furni	iture				2,900	Sep. 28
Sep. 4	1,300					6,650	Bal.

	Salaries	s Expense
Sep. 15	1,500	
Sep. 30	1,500	
Bal.	3,000	

	Rent I	Expense
Sep. 30	600	
Bal.	600	

	Utilities	Expense
Sep. 30	350	
Bal.	350	

ANN SIMPSON, DESIGNER
Trial Balance
September 30, 2018

Account Title	Balar	ıce
	Debit	Credit
Cash	\$ 28,700	
Accounts Receivable	850	
Office Supplies	1,200	
Prepaid Insurance	600	
Land	18,000	
Furniture	1,300	
Accounts Payable		\$ 1,200
Utilities Payable		350
Unearned Revenue		2,100
Simpson, Capital		48,000
Simpson, Withdrawals	3,700	
Service Revenue		6,650
Salaries Expense	3,000	
Rent Expense	600	
Utilities Expense	350	
Total	\$ 58,300	\$ 58,300

P2-31A Journalizing transactions, posting journal entries to four-column accounts, and preparing a trial balance

Learning Objectives 3, 4

3. Cash Balance \$50,160

Terrence Murphy opened a law office on January 1, 2018. During the first month of operations, the business completed the following transactions:

Jan. 1	Murphy contributed \$78,000 cash to the business, Terrence Murphy,
	Attorney. The business gave capital to Murphy.

- 3 Purchased office supplies, \$600, and furniture, \$1,700, on account.
- 4 Performed legal services for a client and received \$1,000 cash.
- Purchased a building with a market value of \$130,000, and land with a market value of \$25,000. The business paid \$25,000 cash and signed a note payable to the bank for the remaining amount.
- 11 Prepared legal documents for a client on account, \$400.
- 15 Paid assistant's semimonthly salary, \$1,120.
- Paid for the office supplies purchased on January 3 on account.
- Received \$2,700 cash for helping a client sell real estate.
- 19 Defended a client in court and billed the client for \$1,800.
- Received a bill for utilities, \$600. The bill will be paid next month.
- 29 Received cash on account, \$1,500.
- Paid \$1,200 cash for a 12-month insurance policy starting on February 1.
- Paid assistant's semimonthly salary, \$1,120.
- Paid monthly rent expense, \$1,800.
- 31 Murphy withdrew cash of \$2,200.

- 1. Record each transaction in the journal, using the following account titles: Cash; Accounts Receivable; Office Supplies; Prepaid Insurance; Land; Building; Furniture; Accounts Payable; Utilities Payable; Notes Payable; Murphy, Capital; Murphy, Withdrawals; Service Revenue; Salaries Expense; Rent Expense; and Utilities Expense. Explanations are not required.
- 2. Open the following four-column accounts including account numbers: Cash, 101; Accounts Receivable, 111; Office Supplies, 121; Prepaid Insurance, 131; Land, 141; Building, 151; Furniture, 161; Accounts Payable, 201; Utilities Payable, 211; Notes Payable, 221; Murphy, Capital, 301; Murphy, Withdrawals, 311; Service Revenue, 411; Salaries Expense, 511; Rent Expense, 521; and Utilities Expense, 531.
- **3.** Post the journal entries to four-column accounts in the ledger, using dates, account numbers, journal references, and posting references. Assume the journal entries were recorded on page 1 of the journal.
- **4.** Prepare the trial balance of Terrence Murphy, Attorney, at January 31, 2018.

Requirements 1 and 3

-		Posting		
Date	Accounts and Explanation	Ref.	Debit	Credit
Jan. 1	Cash	101	78,000	
	Murphy, Capital	301		78,000
3	Office Supplies	121	600	
	Furniture	161	1,700	
	Accounts Payable	201	-,,	2,300
	,			
4	Cash	101	1,000	
	Service Revenue	411		1,000
7	Building	151	130,000	
·	Land	141	25,000	
	Cash	101	23,000	25,000
	Notes Payable	221		130,000
11	Accounts Receivable	111	400	
	Service Revenue	411		400
15	Salaries Expense	511	1,120	
13	Cash	101	1,120	1,120
	Casii	101		1,120
16	Accounts Payable	201	600	
	Cash	101		600
18	Cash	101	2,700	
	Service Revenue	411		2,700
19	Accounts Receivable	111	1,800	
17	Service Revenue	411	1,000	1,800
				, , , , , ,
25	Utilities Expense	531	600	
	Utilities Payable	211		600
29	Cash	101	1,500	
29	Accounts Receivable	111	1,500	1,500
	Accounts Receivable	111		1,500
30	Prepaid Insurance	131	1,200	
	Cash	101		1,200
20	Salarias Ermansa	F11	1 120	
30	Salaries Expense Cash	511 101	1,120	1 120
	Casii	101		1,120

31	Rent Expense Cash	521 101	1,800	1,800
31	Murphy, Withdrawals Cash	311 101	2,200	2,200

Requirements 2 and 3

CASH Account No. 101

					Bala	nce
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Jan. 1		J1	78,000		78,000	
Jan. 4		J1	1,000		79,000	
Jan. 7		J1		25,000	54,000	
Jan. 15		J1		1,120	52,880	
Jan. 16		J1		600	52,280	
Jan. 18		J1	2,700		54,980	
Jan. 29		J1	1,500		56,480	
Jan. 30		J1		1,200	55,280	
Jan. 30		J1		1,120	54,160	
Jan. 31		J1		1,800	52,360	
Jan. 31		J1		2,200	50,160	

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Account No. 111

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Jan. 11		J1	400		400	
Jan. 19		J1	1,800		2,200	
Jan. 29		J1		1,500	700	

OFFICE SUPPLIES

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Jan. 3		J1	600		600	

PREPAID INSURANCE

Account	NI.	121
Account	INO.	151

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Jan. 30		J1	1,200		1,200	

LAND

Account No. 141

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Jan. 7		J1	25,000		25,000	

BUILDING

Account No. 151

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Jan. 7		J1	130,000		130,000	

FURNITURE

Account No. 161

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Jan. 3		J1	1,700		1,700	

ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Account No. 201

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Jan. 3		J1		2,300		2,300
Jan. 16		J1	600			1,700

UTILITIES PAYABLE

Account No. 211

					Bala	nce
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Jan. 25		J1		600		600

NOTES PAYABLE

					Bala	nce
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Jan. 7		J1		130,000		130,000

MURPHY, CAPITAL

Account No. 301

					Bala	nce
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Jan. 1		J1		78,000		78,000

MURPHY, WITHDRAWALS

Account No. 311

					Bala	nce
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Jan. 31		J1	2,200		2,200	

SERVICE REVENUE

Account No. 411

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Jan. 4		J1		1,000		1,000
Jan. 11		J1		400		1,400
Jan. 18		J1		2,700		4,100
Jan. 19		J1		1,800		5,900

SALARIES EXPENSE

Account No. 511

					Bala	nce
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Jan. 15		J1	1,120		1,120	
Jan. 30		J1	1,120		2,240	

RENT EXPENSE

Account No. 521

					Bala	nce
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Jan. 31		J1	1,800		1,800	

UTILITIES EXPENSE

					Bala	nce
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Jan. 25		J1	600		600	

P2-31A, cont. Requirement 4

TERRENCE MURPHY, ATTORNEY Trial Balance January 31, 2018

Account Title	Balaı	ıce
	Debit	Credit
Cash	\$ 50,160	
Accounts Receivable	700	
Office Supplies	600	
Prepaid Insurance	1,200	
Land	25,000	
Building	130,000	
Furniture	1,700	
Accounts Payable		\$ 1,700
Utilities Payable		600
Notes Payable		130,000
Murphy, Capital		78,000
Murphy, Withdrawals	2,200	
Service Revenue		5,900
Salaries Expense	2,240	
Rent Expense	1,800	
Utilities Expense	600	
Total	\$ 216,200	\$ 216,200

P2-32A Journalizing transactions, posting journal entries to four-column accounts, and preparing a trial balance

Learning Objectives 3, 4

3. Cash Balance \$12,500

The trial balance of Shawn Merry, CPA, is dated March 31, 2018:

Trial I	MERRY, CPA Balance 31, 2018	
	Bal	ance
Account Title	Debit	Credit
Cash	\$ 11,000	
Accounts Receivable	16,500	
Office Supplies	400	
Land	30,000	
Furniture	0	
Automobile	0	
Accounts Payable		\$ 3,800
Unearned Revenue		(
Merry, Capital		52,300
Merry, Withdrawals	0	
Service Revenue		8,200
Salaries Expense	5,600	
Rent Expense	800	
Total	\$ 64,300	\$ 64,300

During April, the business completed the following transactions:

- Apr. 4 Collected \$2,500 cash from a client on account.
 - 8 Performed tax services for a client on account, \$5,400.
 - 13 Paid \$3,000 on account.
 - 14 Purchased furniture on account, \$3,600.
 - Merry contributed his personal automobile to the business in exchange for capital. The automobile had a market value of \$9,500.
 - 18 Purchased office supplies on account, \$900.
 - 19 Received \$2,700 for tax services performed on April 8.
 - 20 Merry withdrew cash of \$6,500.
 - 21 Received \$5,700 cash for consulting work completed.
 - 24 Received \$2,400 cash for accounting services to be completed next month.
 - 27 Paid office rent, \$600.
 - 28 Paid employee salary, \$1,700.

Requirements

- 1. Record the April transactions in the journal. Use the following accounts: Cash; Accounts Receivable; Office Supplies; Land; Furniture; Automobile; Accounts Payable; Unearned Revenue; Merry, Capital; Merry, Withdrawals; Service Revenue; Salaries Expense; and Rent Expense. Include an explanation for each entry.
- 2. Open the four-column ledger accounts listed in the trial balance, together with their balances as of March 31. Use the following account numbers: Cash, 11; Accounts Receivable, 12; Office Supplies, 13; Land, 14; Furniture, 15; Automobile, 16; Accounts Payable, 21; Unearned Revenue, 22; Merry, Capital, 31; Merry, Withdrawals, 33; Service Revenue, 41; Salaries Expense, 51; and Rent Expense, 52.
- **3.** Post the journal entries to four-column accounts in the ledger, using dates, account numbers, journal references, and posting references. Assume the journal entries were recorded on page 5 of the journal.
- 4. Prepare the trial balance of Shawn Merry, CPA, at April 30, 2018.

SOLUTION

Date	Accounts and Explanation	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit
Apr. 4	Cash Accounts Receivable Received cash from client on account.	11 12	2,500	2,500
8	Accounts Receivable Service Revenue Performed tax services for client on account.	12 41	5,400	5,400
13	Accounts Payable Cash Paid cash on account.	21 11	3,000	3,000

		1.5	2 (00)	
Apr. 14	Furniture	15	3,600	
	Accounts Payable	21		3,600
	Purchased furniture on account.			
15	Automobile	16	9,500	
	Merry, Capital	31		9,500
	Owner contribution.			
18	Office Supplies	13	900	
	Accounts Payable	21	700	900
	Purchased office supplies on account.	21		700
	T urchasea office supplies on account.			
19	Cash	11	2,700	
19	Accounts Receivable	12	2,700	2,700
	Received cash on account.	12		2,700
	Received cash on account.			
20	Merry, Withdrawals	33	6,500	
20	Cash	11	0,500	6.500
		11		6,500
	Owner withdrawal.			
21		1.1	5.700	
21	Cash	11	5,700	
	Service Revenue	41		5,700
	Received cash for consulting work.			
l				
24	Cash	11	2,400	
	Unearned Revenue	22		2,400
	Received payment for services to be			
	performed next month.			
		_		
27	Rent Expense	52	600	
	Cash	11		600
	Paid office rent.			
28	Salaries Expense	51	1,700	
	Cash	11		1,700
	Paid employee salary.			

Requirements 2 and 3

CASH Account No. 11

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Mar. 31	Balance				11,000	
Apr. 4		J5	2,500		13,500	
Apr. 13		J5		3,000	10,500	
Apr. 19		J5	2,700		13,200	
Apr. 20		J5		6,500	6,700	
Apr. 21		J5	5,700		12,400	
Apr. 24		J5	2,400		14,800	
Apr. 27		J5		600	14,200	
Apr. 28		J5		1,700	12,500	

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Account No. 12

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Mar. 31	Balance				16,500	
Apr. 4		J5		2,500	14,000	
Apr. 8		J5	5,400		19,400	
Apr. 19		J5		2,700	16,700	

OFFICE SUPPLIES

Account No. 13

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Mar. 31	Balance				400	
Apr. 18		J5	900		1,300	

LAND Account No. 14

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Mar. 31	Balance				30,000	

FURNITURE Account No. 15

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Apr. 14		J5	3,600		3,600	

AUTOMOBILE

Account No. 16

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Apr. 15		J5	9,500		9,500	

ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Account No. 21

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Mar. 31	Balance					3,800
Apr. 13		J5	3,000			800
Apr. 14		J5		3,600		4,400
Apr. 18		J5		900		5,300

UNEARNED REVENUE

Account No. 22

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Apr. 24		J5		2,400		2,400

MERRY, CAPITAL

Account No. 31

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Mar. 31	Balance					52,300
Apr. 15		J5		9,500		61,800

MERRY, WITHDRAWALS

Account No. 33

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Apr. 20		J5	6,500		6,500	

SERVICE REVENUE

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Mar. 31	Balance					8,200
Apr. 8		J5		5,400		13,600
Apr. 21		J5		5,700		19,300

SALARIES EXPENSE

٨	cco	unt	No	51
$\overline{}$	CCO	um	INO) I

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Mar. 31	Balance				5,600	
Apr. 28		J5	1,700		7,300	

RENT EXPENSE

Account No. 52

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Mar. 31	Balance				800	
Apr. 27		J5	600		1,400	

Requirement 4

SHAWN MERRY, CPA Trial Balance April 30, 2018

Acct. No.	Account Title	Balance		
		Debit	Credit	
11	Cash	\$ 12,500		
12	Accounts Receivable	16,700		
13	Office Supplies	1,300		
14	Land	30,000		
15	Furniture	3,600		
16	Automobile	9,500		
21	Accounts Payable		\$ 5,300	
22	Unearned Revenue		2,400	
31	Merry, Capital		61,800	
33	Merry, Withdrawals	6,500		
41	Service Revenue		19,300	
51	Salaries Expense	7,300		
52	Rent Expense	1,400		
	Total	\$ 88,800 \$ 88,80		

P2-33A Correcting errors in a trial balance

Learning Objective 4

Total Debits \$123,250

The trial balance of Beautiful Tots Child Care does not balance.

		Rali	ance	
Account Title	i	Debit		Credit
Cash	s	7,900		
Accounts Receivable		6,700		
Office Supplies		1,000		
Prepaid Insurance		300		
Equipment		91,500		
Accounts Payable			5	3,400
Notes Payable				45,000
Trumball, Capital				57,000
Trumball, Withdrawals		5,000		
Service Revenue				12,350
Salaries Expense		4,400		
Rent Expense		750		
Total	5.1	17,550	5 1	17,750

The following errors are detected:

- a. Cash is understated by \$1,500.
- **b.** A \$4,100 debit to Accounts Receivable was posted as a credit.
- c. A \$1,400 purchase of office supplies on account was neither journalized nor posted.
- **d.** Equipment was incorrectly transferred from the ledger as \$91,500. It should have been transferred as \$83,000.
- e. Salaries Expense is overstated by \$700.
- **f.** A \$300 cash payment for advertising expense was neither journalized nor posted.
- g. A \$200 owner's withdrawal of cash was incorrectly journalized as \$2,000.
- **h.** Service Revenue was understated by \$4,100.
- **i.** A 12-month insurance policy was posted as a \$1,900 credit to Prepaid Insurance. Cash was posted correctly.

Prepare the corrected trial balance as of August 31, 2018. Journal entries are not required.

BEAUTIFUL TOTS CHILD CARE Trial Balance August 31, 2018

Account Title	ıce	
	Debit	Credit
Cash	\$ 10,900	
Accounts Receivable	14,900	
Office Supplies	2,400	
Prepaid Insurance	4,100	
Equipment	83,000	
Accounts Payable		\$ 4,800
Notes Payable		45,000
Trumball, Capital		57,000
Trumball, Withdrawals	3,200	
Service Revenue		16,450
Salaries Expense	3,700	
Rent Expense	750	
Advertising Expense	300	
Total	\$ 123,250	\$ 123,250

Explanations:

- a. Increase Cash by \$1,500.
- b. Increase Accounts Receivable by \$8,200 ($\$4,100 \times 2$).
- c. Increase Office Supplies and Accounts Payable by \$1,400 each.
- d. Decrease Equipment by \$8,500 (\$91,500 \$83,000).
- e. Decrease Salaries Expense by \$700.
- f. Advertising Expense should have a debit balance of \$300. Decrease Cash by \$300.
- g. Trumball, Withdrawals should decrease by \$1,800 and Cash should increase by \$1,800 (\$2,000 \$200).
- h. Service Revenue should increase by \$4,100.
- i. Prepaid Insurance should increase by \$3,800 ($$1,900 \times 2$).

P2-34A Preparing financial statements from the trial balance and calculating the debt ratio

Learning Objectives 4, 5

2. Ending Capital \$29,788

The trial balance as of July 31, 2018, for Sara Simon, Registered Dietician, is presented below:

Trial B	SISTERED DIETICIAN Salance 1, 2018	
	Bala	ance
Account Title	Debit	Credit
Cash	\$ 38,000	
Accounts Receivable	9,000	
Office Supplies	2,300	
Prepaid Insurance	2,400	
Equipment	16,000	
Accounts Payable		\$ 3,000
Unearned Revenue		3,912
Notes Payable		31,000
Simon, Capital		18,000
Simon, Withdrawals	2,800	
Service Revenue		17,888
Salaries Expense	1,700	
Rent Expense	1,100	
Utilities Expense	500	
Total	\$ 73,800	\$ 73,800

- 1. Prepare the income statement for the month ended July 31, 2018.
- **2.** Prepare the statement of owner's equity for the month ended July 31, 2018. The beginning balance of capital was \$0 and the owner contributed \$18,000 during the month.
- **3.** Prepare the balance sheet as of July 31, 2018.
- **4.** Calculate the debt ratio as of July 31, 2018.

Requirement 1

SARA SIMON, REGISTERED DIETICIAN					
Income Statement					
Month Ended July 31, 2018	3				
Revenues:					
Service Revenue		\$ 17,888			
Expenses:					
Salaries Expense	\$ 1,700				
Rent Expense	1,100				
Utilities Expense	500				
Total Expenses		3,300			
Net Income		\$ 14,588			

SARA SIMON, REGISTERED DIETIC Statement of Owner's Equity	IAN	
Month Ended July 31, 2018		
Simon, Capital, July 1, 2018	\$	0
Owner contribution	18	,000
Net income for the month	14	,588
	32	,588
Owner withdrawals	(2	,800)
Simon, Capital, July 31, 2018	\$ 29	,788
- · · ·		

P2-34A, cont. Requirements 3

S	Ba	EGISTERED DIETICIAN slance Sheet ly 31, 2018	
Assets		Liabilities	
Cash	\$ 38,000	Accounts Payable	\$ 3,000
Accounts Receivable	9,000	Unearned Revenue	3,912
Office Supplies	2,300	Notes Payable	31,000
Prepaid Insurance	2,400	Total Liabilities	37,912
Equipment	16,000		
	ŕ	Owner's Equity	
		Simon, Capital	29,788
Total Assets	\$ 67,700	Total Liabilities and Owner's Equity	\$ 67,700

Requirement 4

Debt ratio = Total liabilities / Total assets = \$37,912 / \$67,700 = 0.56 = 56%

P2-35B Journalizing transactions, posting journal entries to T-accounts, and preparing a trial balance

Learning Objectives 3, 4

2. Cash Balance \$69,680

Victor Yang practices medicine under the business title Victor Yang, M.D. During March, the medical practice completed the following transactions:

- Mar. 1 Yang contributed \$62,000 cash to the business in exchange for capital.
 - 5 Paid monthly rent on medical equipment, \$570.
 - 9 Paid \$14,000 cash to purchase land to be used in operations.
 - 10 Purchased office supplies on account, \$1,500.
 - 19 Borrowed \$27,000 from the bank for business use.
 - Paid \$1,400 on account.
 - The business received a bill for advertising in the daily newspaper to be paid in April, \$220.
 - Revenues earned during the month included \$6,700 cash and \$5,800 on account.
 - Paid employees' salaries \$2,100, office rent \$1,500, and utilities \$350. Record as a compound entry.
 - The business received \$1,000 for medical screening services to be performed next month.
 - 31 Yang withdrew cash of \$7,100

The business uses the following accounts: Cash; Accounts Receivable; Office Supplies; Land; Accounts Payable; Advertising Payable; Unearned Revenue; Notes Payable; Yang, Capital; Yang, Withdrawals; Service Revenue; Salaries Expense; Rent Expense; Utilities Expense; and Advertising Expense.

- 1. Journalize each transaction. Explanations are not required.
- **2.** Post the journal entries to the T-accounts, using transaction dates as posting references in the ledger accounts. Label the balance of each account *Bal*.
- 3. Prepare the trial balance of Victor Yang, M.D., as of March 31, 2018.

D.		Posting	D 1	
Date	Accounts and Explanation	Ref.	Debit	Credit
Mar. 1	Cash Yang, Capital		62,000	62,000
5	Rent Expense Cash		570	570
9	Land Cash		14,000	14,000
10	Office Supplies Accounts Payable		1,500	1,500
19	Cash Notes Payable		27,000	27,000
22	Accounts Payable Cash		1,400	1,400
28	Advertising Expense Advertising Payable		220	220
31	Cash Accounts Receivable Service Revenue		6,700 5,800	12,500
31	Salaries Expense Rent Expense Utilities Expense		2,100 1,500 350	
	Cash			3,950
31	Cash Unearned Revenue		1,000	1,000
31	Yang, Withdrawals Cash		7,100	7,100

P2-35B, cont. Requirement 2

	Ca	g h			Account	ts Payable	
Mar. 1	62,000	570	Mar. 5	Mar. 22		1,500	Mar. 10
Mar. 19	27,000	14,000	Mar. 9		1,400	100	Bal.
Mar. 31	6,700	1,400	Mar. 22			100	Bui.
Mar. 31	1,000	3,950	Mar. 31		Advertisi	ng Payab	le
1,1,1,1,1,0,1	1,000	7,100	Mar. 31		100,010101	220	Mar. 28
Bal.	69,680	,,				220	Bal.
	,	I				I	
A	ccounts F	Receivable			Unearne	d Revenu	e
Mar. 31	5,800					1,000	Mar. 31
Bal.	5,800					1,000	Bal.
	Office S	upplies			Notes	Payable	
Mar. 10	1,500					27,000	Mar. 19
Bal.	1,500					27,000	Bal.
	Laı	nd			Yang,	Capital	
Mar. 9	14,000					62,000	Mar. 1
Bal.	14,000					62,000	Bal.
					**		
						ithdrawal	S
				Mar. 31	7,100		
				Bal.	7,100		
					Service	Revenue	
						12,500	Mar. 31
						12,500	Bal.
						Expense	
				Mar. 31	2,100		
				Bal.	2,100		
					Rent I	Expense	
				Mar. 5	570		
				Mar. 31	1,500		
				Bal.	2,070		
						•	
					Utilities	Expense	
				Mar. 31	350		
				Bal.	350		
				,	Advertisi	ng Expen	se
				Mar. 28	220		
				Bal.	220		
				D 411.		I	

P2-35B, cont. Requirement 3

VICTOR YANG, MD Trial Balance March 31, 2018

Account Title	Balaı	ıce		
	Debit	Credit		
Cash	\$ 69,680			
Accounts Receivable	5,800			
Office Supplies	1,500			
Land	14,000			
Accounts Payable		\$ 100		
Advertising Payable		220		
Unearned Revenue		1,000		
Notes Payable		27,000		
Yang, Capital		62,000		
Yang, Withdrawals	7,100			
Service Revenue		12,500		
Salaries Expense	2,100			
Rent Expense	2,070			
Utilities Expense	350			
Advertising Expense	220			
Total	\$ 102,820	\$ 102,820		

P2-36B Journalizing transactions, posting journal entries to T-accounts, and preparing a trial balance

Learning Objectives 3, 4

4. Total Debits \$51,430

Beth Stewart started her practice as a design consultant on November 1, 2018. During the first month of operations, the business completed the following transactions:

Nov. 1	Received \$41,000 cash and gave capital to Stewart.
4	Purchased office supplies, \$1,200, and furniture, \$2,300, on account.
6	Performed services for a law firm and received \$2,100 cash.
7	Paid \$27,000 cash to acquire land to be used in operations.
10	Performed services for a hotel and received its promise to pay the \$800 within
	one week.
14	Paid for the furniture purchased on November 4 on account.
15	Paid assistant's semimonthly salary, \$1,470.
17	Received cash on account, \$500.
20	Prepared a design for a school on account, \$680.
25	Received \$1,900 cash for design services to be performed in December.
28	Received \$3,100 cash for consulting with Plummer & Gordon.
29	Paid \$840 cash for a 12-month insurance policy starting on December 1.
30	Paid assistant's semimonthly salary, \$1,470.
30	Paid monthly rent expense, \$650.
30	Received a bill for utilities, \$650. The bill will be paid next month.

Requirements

30

- 1. Record each transaction in the journal using the following account titles: Cash; Accounts Receivable; Office Supplies; Prepaid Insurance; Land; Furniture; Accounts Payable; Utilities Payable; Unearned Revenue; Stewart, Capital; Stewart, Withdrawals; Service Revenue; Salaries Expense; Rent Expense; and Utilities Expense. Explanations are not required.
- 2. Open a T-account for each of the accounts.

Stewart withdrew cash of \$2,800.

- **3.** Post the journal entries to the T-accounts, using transaction dates as posting references in the ledger accounts. Label the balance of each account *Bal*.
- 4. Prepare the trial balance of Beth Stewart, Designer, as of November 30, 2018.

		Posting		
Date	Accounts and Explanation	Ref.	Debit	Credit
Nov. 1	Cash Stewart, Capital		41,000	41,000
4	Office Supplies Furniture Accounts Payable		1,200 2,300	3,500
6	Cash Service Revenue		2,100	2,100
7	Land Cash		27,000	27,000
10	Accounts Receivable Service Revenue		800	800
14	Accounts Payable Cash		2,300	2,300
15	Salaries Expense Cash		1,470	1,470
17	Cash Accounts Receivable		500	500
20	Accounts Receivable Service Revenue		680	680
25	Cash Unearned Revenue		1,900	1,900
28	Cash Service Revenue		3,100	3,100
29	Prepaid Insurance Cash		840	840
30	Salaries Expense Cash		1,470	1,470
30	Rent Expense Cash		650	650

P2-36B, cont.

Nov. 30	Utilities Expense Utilities Payable	650	650
30	Stewart, Withdrawals Cash	2,800	2,800

Requirements 2 and 3

requireme	ints 2 and	J					
	Cash				Accoun	ts Payable	;
Nov. 1	41,000	27,000	Nov. 7	Nov. 14	2,300	3,500	Nov. 4
Nov. 6	2,100	2,300	Nov. 14			1,200	Bal.
Nov. 17	500	1,470	Nov. 15				
Nov. 25	1,900	840	Nov. 29				
Nov. 28	3,100	1,470	Nov. 30		Utilitie	s Payable	
		650	Nov. 30			650	Nov. 30
		2,800	Nov. 30			650	Bal.
Bal.	12,070						
	Accounts F				Unearne	d Revenu	
Nov. 10	800	500	Nov. 17			1,900	Nov. 25
Nov. 20	680					1,900	Bal.
Bal.	980						
	Office S	upplies			Stewar	t, Capital	
Nov. 4	1,200					41,000	Nov. 1
Bal.	1,200			· -		41,000	Bal.
	•	,				, -	
	Prepaid In	nsurance			Stewart, V	Vithdrawa	ıls
Nov. 29	840			Nov. 30	2,800		
Bal.	840			Bal.	2,800		
	Laı	nd			Service	Revenue	
Nov. 7	27,000					2,100	Nov. 6
Bal.	27,000					800	Nov. 10
						680	Nov. 20
	Furni	iture				3,100	Nov. 28
Nov. 4	2,300					6,680	Bal.
Bal.	2,300						

Salaries Expense			
Nov. 15	1,470		
Nov. 30	1,470		
Bal.	2,940		

Rent Expense			
Nov. 30	650		
Bal.	650		

Utilities Expense		
Nov. 30	650	
Bal.	650	

BETH STEWART, DESIGNER
Trial Balance
November 30, 2018

Account Title	Balance	
	Debit	Credit
Cash	\$ 12,070	
Accounts Receivable	980	
Office Supplies	1,200	
Prepaid Insurance	840	
Land	27,000	
Furniture	2,300	
Accounts Payable		\$ 1,200
Utilities Payable		650
Unearned Revenue		1,900
Stewart, Capital		41,000
Stewart, Withdrawals	2,800	
Service Revenue		6,680
Salaries Expense	2,940	
Rent Expense	650	
Utilities Expense	650	
Total	\$ 51,430	\$ 51,430

P2-37B Journalizing transactions, posting journal entries to four-column accounts, and preparing a trial balance

Learning Objectives 3, 4

3. Service Revenue Balance \$6,800

Theodore McMahon opened a law office on April 1, 2018. During the first month of operations, the business completed the following transactions:

Apr. 1	McMahon contributed \$70,000 cash to the business, Theodore McMahon,
	Attorney. The business issued gave capital to McMahon.
3	Purchased office supplies, \$1,100, and furniture, \$1,300, on account.
4	Performed legal services for a client and received \$2,000 cash.
7	Purchased a building with a market value of \$150,000, and land with a market
	value of \$30,000. The business paid \$40,000 cash and signed a note payable to
	the bank for the remaining amount.
11	Prepared legal documents for a client on account, \$400.
15	Paid assistant's semimonthly salary, \$1,200.
16	Paid for the office supplies purchased on April 3 on account.
18	Received \$2,700 cash for helping a client sell real estate.
19	Defended a client in court and billed the client for \$1,700.
25	Received a bill for utilities, \$650. The bill will be paid next month.
28	Received cash on account, \$1,100.
29	Paid \$3,600 cash for a 12-month insurance policy starting on May 1.
29	Paid assistant's semimonthly salary, \$1,200.

Requirements

30

30

- 1. Record each transaction in the journal, using the following account titles: Cash; Accounts Receivable; Office Supplies; Prepaid Insurance; Land; Building; Furniture; Accounts Payable; Utilities Payable; Notes Payable; McMahon, Capital; McMahon, Withdrawals; Service Revenue; Salaries Expense; Rent Expense; and Utilities Expense. Explanations are not required.
- 2. Open the following four-column accounts including account numbers: Cash, 101; Accounts Receivable, 111; Office Supplies, 121; Prepaid Insurance, 131; Land, 141; Building, 151; Furniture, 161; Accounts Payable, 201; Utilities Payable, 211; Notes Payable, 221; McMahon, Capital, 301; McMahon, Withdrawals, 311; Service Revenue, 411; Salaries Expense, 511; Rent Expense, 521; and Utilities Expense, 531.
- **3.** Post the journal entries to four-column accounts in the ledger, using dates, account numbers, journal references, and posting references. Assume the journal entries were recorded on page 1 of the journal.
- **4.** Prepare the trial balance of Theodore McMahon, Attorney, at April 30, 2018.

Paid monthly rent expense, \$2,100. McMahon withdrew cash of \$3,200.

Data	A accounts and Evulance	Posting	Dabi4	Crodit
Date	Accounts and Explanation	Ref.	Debit	Credit
Apr. 1	Cash	101	70,000	70.000
	McMahon, Capital	301		70,000
3	Office Supplies	121	1,100	
	Furniture	161	1,300	
	Accounts Payable	201	,	2,400
4	Cash	101	2,000	
	Service Revenue	411	,	2,000
7	Building	151	150,000	
	Land	141	30,000	
	Cash	101		40,000
	Notes Payable	221		140,000
11	Accounts Receivable	111	400	
	Service Revenue	411		400
15	Salaries Expense	511	1,200	
	Cash	101	,	1,200
16	Accounts Payable	201	1,100	
	Cash	101	1,100	1,100
18	Cash	101	2 700	
10	Service Revenue	411	2,700	2,700
10		111	1.700	
19	Accounts Receivable Service Revenue	111 411	1,700	1,700
	Service Revenue	411		1,700
25	Utilities Expense	531	650	
	Utilities Payable	211		650
28	Cash	101	1,100	
	Accounts Receivable	111		1,100
29	Prepaid Insurance	131	3,600	
	Cash	101	- , , , ,	3,600
29	Salaries Expense	511	1,200	
29	Cash	101	1,200	1,200
				ĺ

P2-37B, cont.

Apr. 30	Rent Expense Cash	521 101	2,100	2,100
30	McMahon, Withdrawals Cash	311 101	3,200	3,200

Requirements 2 and 3

CASH Account No. 101

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Apr. 1		J1	70,000		70,000	
Apr. 4		J1	2,000		72,000	
Apr. 7		J1		40,000	32,000	
Apr. 15		J1		1,200	30,800	
Apr. 16		J1		1,100	29,700	
Apr. 18		J1	2,700		32,400	
Apr. 28		J1	1,100		33,500	
Apr. 29		J1		3,600	29,900	
Apr. 29		J1		1,200	28,700	
Apr. 30		J1		2,100	26,600	
Apr. 30		J1		3,200	23,400	

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Account No. 111

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Apr. 11		J1	400		400	
Apr. 19		J1	1,700		2,100	
Apr. 28		J1		1,100	1,000	

OFFICE SUPPLIES

Account No. 121

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Apr. 3		J1	1,100		1,100	

PREPAID INSURANCE

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Apr. 29		J1	3,600		3,600	

P2-37B, cont.

LAND Account No. 141

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Apr. 7		J1	30,000		30,000	

BUILDING Account No. 151

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Apr. 7		J1	150,000		150,000	

FURNITURE Account No. 161

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Apr. 3		J1	1,300		1,300	

ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Account No. 201

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Apr. 3		J1		2,400		2,400
Apr. 16		J1	1,100			1,300

UTILITIES PAYABLE

Account No. 211

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Apr. 25		J1		650		650

NOTES PAYABLE

Account No. 221

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Apr. 7		J1		140,000		140,000

MCMAHON, CAPITAL

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Apr. 1		J1		70,000		70,000

P2-37B, cont.

MCMAHON, WITHDRAWALS

Accour	nt No	311
Accou	III INO) 1 1

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Apr. 30		J1	3,200		3,200	

SERVICE REVENUE

Account No. 411

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Apr. 4		J1		2,000		2,000
Apr. 11		J1		400		2,400
Apr. 18		J1		2,700		5,100
Apr. 19		J1		1,700		6,800

SALARIES EXPENSE

Account No. 511

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Apr. 15		J1	1,200		1,200	
Apr. 29		J1	1,200		2,400	

RENT EXPENSE

Account No. 521

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Apr. 30		J1	2,100		2,100	

UTILITIES EXPENSE

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Apr. 25		J1	650		650	

P2-37B, cont. Requirement 4

THEODORE MCMAHON, ATTORNEY Trial Balance April 30, 2018

Account Title	Balance			
	Debit	Credit		
Cash	\$ 23,400			
Accounts Receivable	1,000			
Office Supplies	1,100			
Prepaid Insurance	3,600			
Land	30,000			
Building	150,000			
Furniture	1,300			
Accounts Payable		\$ 1,300		
Utilities Payable		650		
Notes Payable		140,000		
McMahon, Capital		70,000		
McMahon, Withdrawals	3,200			
Service Revenue		6,800		
Salaries Expense	2,400			
Rent Expense	2,100			
Utilities Expense	650			
Total	\$ 218,750	\$ 218,750		

P2-38B Journalizing transactions, posting journal entries to four-column accounts, and preparing a trial balance

Learning Objectives 3, 4

3. Cash Balance \$20,250

The trial balance of John Menning, CPA, is dated March 31, 2018:

Trial Ba March 3	1201011010101010			
	Bala	Balance		
Account Title	Debit	Credit		
Cash	\$ 17,000			
Accounts Receivable	10,500			
Office Supplies	1,200			
Land	29,000			
Furniture	0			
Automobile	0			
Accounts Payable		\$ 3,800		
Unearned Revenue		0		
Menning, Capital		46,200		
Menning, Withdrawals	0			
Service Revenue		11,200		
Salaries Expense	2,500			
Rent Expense	1,000			
Total	\$ 61,200	\$ 61,200		

During April, the business completed the following transactions:

- Apr. 4 Collected \$6,000 cash from a client on account.
 - 8 Performed tax services for a client on account, \$5,500.
 - Paid \$3,300 on account.
 - 14 Purchased furniture on account, \$4,000.
 - Menning contributed his personal automobile to the business in exchange for capital. The automobile had a market value of \$11,500.
 - Purchased office supplies on account, \$1,600.
 - 19 Received \$2,750 for tax services performed on April 8.
 - 20 Menning withdrew cash of \$7,500.
 - 21 Received \$4,900 cash for consulting work completed.
 - Received \$2,500 cash for accounting services to be completed next month.
 - 27 Paid office rent, \$900.
 - 28 Paid employee salary, \$1,200.

Requirements

- 1. Record the April transactions in the journal using the following accounts: Cash; Accounts Receivable; Office Supplies; Land; Furniture; Automobile; Accounts Payable; Unearned Revenue; Menning, Capital; Menning, Withdrawals; Service Revenue; Salaries Expense; and Rent Expense. Include an explanation for each entry.
- 2. Open the four-column ledger accounts listed in the trial balance, together with their balances as of March 31. Use the following account numbers: Cash, 11; Accounts Receivable, 12; Office Supplies, 13; Land, 14; Furniture, 15; Automobile, 16; Accounts Payable, 21; Unearned Revenue, 22; Menning, Capital, 31; Menning, Withdrawals, 33; Service Revenue, 41; Salaries Expense, 51; and Rent Expense, 52.
- **3.** Post the journal entries to four-column accounts in the ledger, using dates, account numbers, journal references, and posting references. Assume the journal entries were recorded on page 5 of the journal.
- 4. Prepare the trial balance of John Menning, CPA, at April 30, 2018.

Requirement 1

Date	Accounts and Explanation	Posting Ref.	Debit	Credit
Apr. 4	Cash Accounts Receivable Received cash from client on account.	11 12	6,000	6,000
8	Accounts Receivable Service Revenue Performed tax services for client on account.	12 41	5,500	5,500
13	Accounts Payable Cash Paid cash on account.	21 11	3,300	3,300
14	Furniture Accounts Payable Purchased furniture on account.	15 21	4,000	4,000
15	Automobile Menning, Capital Owner contribution.	16 31	11,500	11,500
18	Office Supplies Accounts Payable Purchased office supplies on account.	13 21	1,600	1,600
19	Cash Accounts Receivable Received cash on account.	11 12	2,750	2,750
20	Menning, Withdrawals Cash Owner withdrawal.	33 11	7,500	7,500
21	Cash Service Revenue Received cash for consulting work.	11 41	4,900	4,900
24	Cash Unearned Revenue Received payment for services to be performed next month.	11 22	2,500	2,500

P2-38B, cont.

Apr. 27	Rent Expense	52	900	
	Cash	11		900
	Paid office rent.			
28	Salaries Expense Cash Paid employee salary.	51 11	1,200	1,200

Requirements 2 and 3

CASH Account No. 11

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Mar. 31	Balance				17,000	
Apr. 4		J5	6,000		23,000	
Apr. 13		J5		3,300	19,700	
Apr. 19		J5	2,750		22,450	
Apr. 20		J5		7,500	14,950	
Apr. 21		J5	4,900		19,850	
Apr. 24		J5	2,500		22,350	
Apr. 27		J5		900	21,450	
Apr. 28		J5		1,200	20,250	

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Account No. 12

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Mar. 31	Balance				10,500	
Apr. 4		J5		6,000	4,500	
Apr. 8		J5	5,500		10,000	
Apr. 19		J5		2,750	7,250	

OFFICE SUPPLIES

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Mar. 31	Balance				1,200	
Apr. 18		J5	1,600		2,800	

P2-38B, cont.

LAND Account No. 14

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Mar. 31	Balance				29,000	

FURNITURE Account No. 15

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Apr. 14		J5	4,000		4,000	

AUTOMOBILE Account No. 16

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Apr. 15		J5	11,500		11,500	

ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Account No. 21

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Mar. 31	Balance					3,800
Apr. 13		J5	3,300			500
Apr. 14		J5		4,000		4,500
Apr. 18		J5		1,600		6,100

UNEARNED REVENUE

Account No. 22

					Bala	nce
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Apr. 24		J5		2,500		2,500

MENNING, CAPITAL

Account No. 31

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Mar. 31	Balance					46,200
Apr. 15		J5		11,500		57,700

MENNING, WITHDRAWALS

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Apr. 20		J5	7,500		7,500	

P2-38B, cont.

SERVICE REVENUE

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А	CC	οι	ш	. 15	w.	41

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Mar. 31	Balance					11,200
Apr. 8		J5		5,500		16,700
Apr. 21		J5		4,900		21,600

SALARIES EXPENSE

Account No. 51

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Mar. 31	Balance				2,500	
Apr. 28		J5	1,200		3,700	

RENT EXPENSE

Account No. 52

					Balance	
Date	Item	Post Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Mar. 31	Balance				1,000	
Apr. 27		J5	900		1,900	

Requirement 4

JOHN MENNING, CPA Trial Balance

April 30, 2018

Acct. No.	Account Title	Balance		
		Debit	Credit	
11	Cash	\$ 20,250		
12	Accounts Receivable	7,250		
13	Office Supplies	2,800		
14	Land	29,000		
15	Furniture	4,000		
16	Automobile	11,500		
21	Accounts Payable		\$ 6,100	
22	Unearned Revenue		2,500	
31	Menning, Capital		57,700	
33	Menning, Withdrawals	7,500		
41	Service Revenue		21,600	
51	Salaries Expense	3,700		
52	Rent Expense	1,900		
	Total	\$ 87,900	\$ 87,900	

P2-39B Correcting errors in a trial balance

Learning Objective 4

Total Debits \$123,300

5.03.770	Balance 31, 2018	
	Bala	nce
Account Title	Debit	Credit
Cash	\$ 8,060	
Accounts Receivable	8,700	
Office Supplies	1,000	
Prepaid Insurance	1,700	
Equipment	90,400	
Accounts Payable		\$ 3,000
Notes Payable		45,000
Ebony, Capital		54,000
Ebony, Withdrawals	3,740	
Service Revenue		16,300
Salaries Expense	4,350	
Rent Expense	400	
Total	\$ 118,350	\$ 118,300

The trial balance of Love to Learn Child Care does not balance.

The following errors are detected:

- **a.** Cash is understated by \$1,800.
- **b.** A \$3,800 debit to Accounts Receivable was posted as a credit.
- c. A \$1,000 purchase of office supplies on account was neither journalized nor posted.
- **d.** Equipment was incorrectly transferred from the ledger as \$90,400. It should have been transferred as \$82,500.
- e. Salaries Expense is overstated by \$350.
- **f.** A \$300 cash payment for advertising expense was neither journalized nor posted.
- g. A \$160 owner's withdrawal of cash was incorrectly journalized as \$1,600.
- **h.** Service Revenue was understated by \$4,000.
- **i.** A 12-month insurance policy was posted as a \$1,400 credit to Prepaid Insurance. Cash was posted correctly.

Prepare the corrected trial balance as of May 31, 2018. Journal entries are not required.

LOVE TO LEARN CHILD CARE Trial Balance May 31, 2018

Account Title	Balance		
	Debit	Credit	
Cash	\$ 11,000		
Accounts Receivable	16,300		
Office Supplies	2,000		
Prepaid Insurance	4,500		
Equipment	82,500		
Accounts Payable		\$ 4,000	
Notes Payable		45,000	
Ebony, Capital		54,000	
Ebony, Withdrawals	2,300		
Service Revenue		20,300	
Salaries Expense	4,000		
Rent Expense	400		
Advertising Expense	300		
Total	\$ 123,300	\$ 123,300	

Explanations:

- a. Increase Cash by \$1,800.
- b. Increase Accounts Receivable by \$7,600 ($\$3,800 \times 2$).
- c. Increase Office Supplies and Accounts Payable by \$1,000 each.
- d. Decrease Equipment by \$7,900 (\$90,400 \$82,500).
- e. Decrease Salaries Expense by \$350.
- f. Advertising Expense should have a debit balance of \$300. Decrease Cash by \$300.
- g. Ebony, Withdrawals should decrease by \$1,440 and Cash should increase by \$1,440 (\$1,600 \$160).
- h. Service Revenue should increase by \$4,000.
- i. Prepaid Insurance should increase by \$2,800 ($$1,400 \times 2$).

P2-40B Preparing financial statements from the trial balance and calculating the debt ratio

Learning Objectives 4, 5

1. Net Income \$13,404

The trial balance as of July 31, 2018, for Sheila Sanchez, Registered Dietician, is presented below:

Trial Ba July 31		
	Bala	nce
Account Title	Debit	Credit
Cash	\$ 32,000	
Accounts Receivable	9,100	
Office Supplies	1,400	
Prepaid Insurance	2,600	
Equipment	24,000	
Accounts Payable		\$ 3,400
Unearned Revenue		1,296
Notes Payable		34,000
Sanchez, Capital		20,000
Sanchez, Withdrawals	3,000	
Service Revenue		15,804
Salaries Expense	1,600	
Rent Expense	700	
Utilities Expense	100	
Total	\$ 74,500	\$ 74,500

Requirements

- 1. Prepare the income statement for the month ended July 31, 2018.
- 2. Prepare the statement of owner's equity for the month ended July 31, 2018. The beginning balance of owner's equity was \$0 and the owner contributed \$20,000 during the month.
- **3.** Prepare the balance sheet as of July 31, 2018.
- 4. Calculate the debt ratio as of July 31, 2018.

Requirement 1

SHEILA SANCHEZ, REGISTERED DIETICIAN Income Statement Month Ended July 31, 2018

Revenues:

Service Revenue \$ 15,804

Expenses:

Salaries Expense\$ 1,600Rent Expense700Utilities Expense100

Total Expenses 2,400

Net Income \$ 13,404

Requirement 2

SHEILA SANCHEZ, REGISTERED DIETICIAN				
Statement of Owner's Equity				
Month Ended July 31, 2018				
Sanchez, Capital, July 1, 2018	\$	0		
Owner contribution	20	,000		
Net income for the month	13	,404		
	33	,404		
Owner withdrawals	(3	,000)		
Sanchez, Capital, July 31, 2018	\$ 30	,404		
-				

P2-40B, cont. Requirement 3

SHEILA SANCHEZ, REGISTERED DIETICIAN
Balance Sheet
July 31 2018

Assets		Liabilities	
Cash	\$ 32,000	Accounts Payable	\$ 3,400
Accounts Receivable	9,100	Unearned Revenue	1,296
Office Supplies	1,400	Notes Payable	34,000
Prepaid Insurance	2,600	Total Liabilities	\$ 38,696
Equipment	24,000		
		Owner's Equity	
		Sanchez, Capital	30,404
Total Assets	\$ 69,100	Total Liabilities and Owner's Equity	\$ 69,100

Requirement 4

Debt ratio = Total liabilities / Total assets = \$38,696 / \$69,100 = 0.56 = 56%

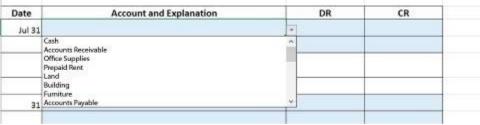
P2-41 Using Excel to journalize and post transactions, and to create financial statements

Download an Excel template for this problem online in MyAccountingLab or at http://www.pearsonhighered.com/Horngren.

Redmond Company started operations on April 1, 2018. Seventeen transactions occurred during April. Financial statements are prepared at the end of the month.

Requirements

- 1. Use Excel to record the transactions for April. Use the blue shaded areas for inputs.
 - **a.** To record the account name in the journal, click in the Account and Explanation column. A drop down arrow will appear to the right. Click the arrow and select an account from the chart of accounts. Use the explanation to help you with the entry.



b. Indent the account name of the account to be credited using the indent button on the Home tab. Click the Increase Indent button twice.



- **2.** Post the transactions to T-Accounts. Use the blue shaded areas for inputs.
 - **a.** For each transaction, post the amount on the correct side of the T-Account. The T-account totals will be calculated automatically.
 - **b.** Total debits should equal total credits. The debit-credit balance check appears in the top right-hand corner of the T-Account worksheet.
- **3.** Prepare the income statement, statement of owner's equity, and balance sheet for the company using the trial balance. Each financial statement appears on a separate worksheet tab.
 - **a.** Fill in the blue shaded areas using a formula that references the account balances in the T-Accounts at the end of the month.
 - **b.** Format the cells requiring dollar signs. Number formatting is located on the Home tab.



c. Format the cells requiring a single underline and cells requiring double underlines. The borders tool is found on the Home tab. It looks like a window pane. Click the down arrow for different border selections.



The student templates for *Using Excel* are available online in MyAccountingLab in the Multimedia Library or at http://www.pearsonhighered.com/Horngren. The solution to *Using Excel* is located in MyAccountingLab in the Instructor Resource Center or at http://www.pearsonhighered.com/Horngren.

P2-42 Journalizing transactions, posting to T-accounts, and preparing a trial balance

Problem P2-42 continues with the company introduced in Chapter 1, Canyon Canoe Company. Here you will account for Canyon Canoe Company's transactions as it is actually done in practice. Begin by reviewing the transactions from Chapter 1. The transactions have been reprinted below.

Nov. 1	Received \$16,000 cash to begin the company and gave capital to Amber
	Wilson.

- 2 Signed a lease for a building and paid \$1,200 for the first month's rent.
- 3 Purchased canoes for \$4,800 on account.
- 4 Purchased office supplies on account, \$750.
- 7 Earned \$1,400 cash for rental of canoes.
- 13 Paid \$1,500 cash for wages.
- Wilson withdrew \$50 cash from the business.
- Received a bill for \$150 for utilities. (Use separate payable account.)
- Received a bill for \$175 for cell phone expenses. (Use separate payable account.)
- Rented canoes to Early Start Daycare on account, \$3,000.
- Paid \$1,000 on account related to the November 3 purchase.
- 28 Received \$750 from Early Start Daycare for canoe rental on November 22.
- Wilson withdrew cash of \$100 from the business.

In addition, Canyon Canoe Company completed the following transactions for December.

- Dec. 1 Amber contributed land on the river (worth \$85,000) and a small building to use as a rental office (worth \$35,000) in exchange for capital.
 - 1 Prepaid \$3,000 for three months' rent on the warehouse where the company stores the canoes.
 - 2 Purchased canoes signing a note payable for \$7,200
 - 4 Purchased office supplies on account for \$500.
 - 9 Received \$4,500 cash for canoe rentals to customers.
 - Rented canoes to customers for \$3,500, but will be paid next month.
 - Received a \$750 deposit from a canoe rental group that will use the canoes next month.
 - Paid the utilities and telephone bills from last month.
 - 19 Paid various accounts payable, \$2,000.
 - Received bills for the telephone (\$325) and utilities (\$295) which will be paid later.
 - 31 Paid wages of \$1,800.
 - Wilson withdrew cash of \$300 from the business.

Requirements

1. Journalize the transactions for both November and December, using the following accounts: Cash; Accounts Receivable; Office Supplies; Prepaid Rent; Land; Building; Canoes; Accounts Payable; Utilities Payable; Telephone Payable; Unearned Revenue; Notes Payable; Wilson, Capital; Wilson, Withdrawals; Canoe Rental Revenue; Rent Expense; Utilities Expense; Wages Expense; and Telephone Expense. Explanations are not required. (Hint: For November transactions, refer to your answer for Chapter 1.)

- **2.** Open a T-account for each of the accounts.
- **3.** Post the journal entries to the T-accounts, and calculate account balances. Formal posting references are not required.
- **4.** Prepare a trial balance as of December 31, 2018.
- **5.** Prepare the income statement of Canyon Canoe Company for the two months ended December 31, 2018.
- 6. Prepare the statement of owner's equity for the two months ended December 31, 2018.
- 7. Prepare the balance sheet as of December 31, 2018.
- **8.** Calculate the debt ratio for Canyon Canoe Company at December 31, 2018.

Requirement 1

Date	Accounts and Explanation	Posting Ref.	Debit	Credit
Nov. 1	Cash		16,000	,
	Wilson, Capital			16,000
2	Rent Expense Cash		1,200	1,200
3	Canoes Accounts Payable		4,800	4,800
4	Office Supplies Accounts Payable		750	750
7	Cash Canoe Rental Revenue		1,400	1,400
13	Wages Expense Cash		1,500	1,500
15	Wilson, Withdrawals Cash		50	50
16	Utilities Expense Utilities Payable		150	150
20	Telephone Expense Telephone Payable		175	175
22	Accounts Receivable Canoe Rental Revenue		3,000	3,000
26	Accounts Payable Cash		1,000	1,000
28	Cash Accounts Receivable		750	750
30	Wilson, Withdrawals Cash		100	100

P2-42, cont. Requirement 1, cont.

Dec. 1	Land	85,000	
	Building	35,000	
	Wilson, Capital	22,000	120,000
	Wilson, Cupital		120,000
1	Prepaid Rent	3,000	
1	Cash	3,000	3,000
	Casii		3,000
2	Canoes	7,200	
		7,200	7 200
	Notes Payable		7,200
4	O.C. G 1.	500	
4	Office Supplies	500	500
	Accounts Payable		500
		4.500	
9	Cash	4,500	
	Canoe Rental Revenue		4,500
15	Accounts Receivable	3,500	
	Canoe Rental Revenue		3,500
16	Cash	750	
	Unearned Revenue		750
18	Utilities Payable	150	
	Telephone Payable	175	
	Cash		325
19	Accounts Payable	2,000	
	Cash	2,000	2,000
	Cush		2,000
20	Telephone Expense	325	
20	Utilities Expense	295	
	Telephone Payable	273	325
	Utilities Payable		295
21	Wa and Evrange	1 000	
31	Wages Expense	1,800	1 000
	Cash		1,800
	XXVI XXV.1.1.1.1	200	
31	Wilson, Withdrawals	300	200
	Cash		300

P2-42, cont.
Requirements 2 and 3

	Ca	sh		_	Accoun	ts Payable	
Nov. 1	16,000	1,200	Nov. 2	Nov. 26	1,000	4,800	Nov. 3
Nov. 7	1,400	1,500	Nov. 13	Dec. 19	2,000	750	Nov. 4
Nov. 28	750	50	Nov. 15			500	Dec. 4
Dec. 9	4,500	1,000	Nov. 26			3,050	Balance
Dec. 16	750	100	Nov. 30				
		3,000	Dec. 1				
		325	Dec. 18				
		2,000	Dec. 19				
		1,800	Dec. 31				
		300	Dec. 31				
Balance	12,125						
A	Accounts F	Receivab	le		Utilitie	s Payable	
Nov. 22	3,000	750	Nov. 28	Dec. 18	150	150	Nov. 16
Dec. 15	3,500					295	Dec. 20
Balance	5,750					295	Balance
	Office S	upplies		Т	Telephoi	ne Payable	
Nov. 4	750			Dec. 18	175	175	Nov. 20
Dec. 4	500				-,-	325	Dec. 20
Balance	1,250					325	Balance
	Prepaid	l Rent		Ī	Inearne	d Revenue	
Dec. 1	3,000				Jiicariic	750	Dec. 16
Balance	3,000					750	Balance
Datance	3,000	I				730	Dalance
	Laı	nd			Notes	Payable	
Dec. 1	85,000					7,200	Dec. 2
Balance	85,000					7,200	Balance
	Build	ding			Wilson	ı, Capital	
Dec. 1	35,000					16,000	Nov. 1
Balance	35,000					120,000	Dec. 1
	,	I				136,000	Balance
	Can	oes		XX.	ilson V	Vithdrawal	c
Nov. 3	4,800			Nov. 15	50 50	, marawai	
Dec. 2	7,200			Nov. 13	100		
Balance	12,000			Dec. 31	300		
Dalance	12,000	I		Balance	450		
				Datanec	730	l	

P2-42, cont.
Requirements 2 and 3, cont.

Canoe Rental Revenue				
		1,400	Nov. 7	
		3,000	Nov. 22	
		4,500	Dec. 9	
		3,500	Dec. 15	
		12,400	Balance	
	Rent I	Expense		
Nov. 2	1,200			
Balance	1,200			
	Wages	Expense		
Nov. 13	1,500			
Dec. 31	1,800			
Balance	3,300			
	Utilities	Expense		
Nov. 16	150			
Dec. 20	295			
Balance	445			
T	elephor	ne Expense		
Nov. 20	175			
Dec. 20	325			
Balance	500			

P2-42, cont. Requirement 4

CANYON CANOE COMPANY
Trial Balance
December 31, 2018

Account Title	Balar	ıce				
	Debit	Credit				
Cash	\$ 12,125					
Accounts Receivable	5,750					
Office Supplies	1,250					
Prepaid Rent	3,000					
Land	85,000					
Building	35,000					
Canoes	12,000					
Accounts Payable		\$ 3,050				
Utilities Payable		295				
Telephone Payable		325				
Unearned Revenue		750				
Notes Payable		7,200				
Wilson, Capital		136,000				
Wilson, Withdrawals	450					
Canoe Rental Revenue		12,400				
Rent Expense	1,200					
Wages Expense	3,300					
Utilities Expense	445					
Telephone Expense	500					
Total	\$ 160,020	\$ 160,020				

Requirement 5

CANYON CANOE COMPANY Income Statement

Two Months Ended December 31, 2018

Revenues	S:
Canoe	R

Canoe Rental Revenue \$ 12,400

Expenses:

Wages Expense\$ 3,300Rent Expense1,200Telephone Expense500Utilities Expense445

 Total Expenses
 5,445

 Net Income
 \$ 6,955

P2-42, cont. Requirement 6

CANYON CANOE COMPANY		
Statement of Owner's Equity		
Two Months Ended December 31, 20	18	
Wilson, Capital, November 1, 2018	\$	0
Owner contribution	136	5,000
Net income for the month	6	5,955
	142	2,955
Owner withdrawals		(450)
Wilson, Capital, December 31, 2018	\$ 142	2,505
, 1		

Requirement 7

		salance Sheet ember 31, 2018	
Assets		Liabilities	
Cash	\$ 12,125	Accounts Payable	\$ 3,050
Accounts Receivable	5,750	Utilities Payable	295
Office Supplies	1,250	Telephone Payable	325
Prepaid Rent	3,000	Unearned Revenue	750
Land	85,000	Notes Payable	7,200
Building	35,000	Total Liabilities	11,620
Canoes	12,000		
	•	Owner's Equity	
		Wilson, Capital	142,505
Total Assets	\$ 154,125	Total Liabilities and Owner's Equity	\$ 154,125

Requirement 8

Debt ratio = Total liabilities / Total assets = \$11,620 / \$154,125 = 0.075* = 7.5%

^{*} rounded

Practice Set

P2-43 Journalizing transactions, posting to T-accounts, and preparing a trial balance

Consider the following transactional data for the first month of operations for Crystal Clear Cleaning.

- Nov. 1 Aaron Hideaway contributed \$15,000 and a truck, with a market value of \$3,000, to the business in exchange for capital.
 - The business paid \$4,000 to Pleasant Properties for November through February rent. (Debit Prepaid Rent)
 - Paid \$4,800 for a business insurance policy for the term November 1, 2018 through October 31, 2019. (Debit Prepaid Insurance)
 - 4 Purchased cleaning supplies on account, \$320.
 - 5 Purchased on account an industrial vacuum cleaner costing \$1,500. The invoice is payable November 25.
 - 7 Paid \$3,900 for a computer and printer.
 - 9 Performed cleaning services on account in the amount of \$4,700.
 - Received \$200 for services rendered on November 9.
 - 15 Paid employees, \$400.
 - Received \$15,000 for a 1-year contract beginning November 16 for cleaning services to be provided. Contract begins November 16, 2018, and ends November 15, 2019. (Credit Unearned Revenue)
 - 17 Provided cleaning services and received \$400 cash.
 - Received a utility bill for \$175 with a due date of December 4, 2018. (Use Accounts Payable)
 - 20 Borrowed \$36,000 from bank with interest rate of 6% per year.
 - 21 Received \$500 on account for services performed on November 9.
 - 25 Paid \$750 on account for vacuum cleaner purchased on November 5.
 - 29 Paid \$200 for advertising.
 - Hideaway withdrew cash of \$1,400 from the business.

Requirements

- 1. Journalize the transactions, using the following accounts: Cash; Accounts Receivable; Cleaning Supplies; Prepaid Rent; Prepaid Insurance; Equipment; Truck; Accounts Payable; Unearned Revenue; Notes Payable; Hideaway, Capital; Hideaway, Withdrawals; Service Revenue; Salaries Expense; Advertising Expense; and Utilities Expense. Explanations are not required.
- 2. Open a T-account for each account.
- 3. Post the journal entries to the T-accounts, and calculate account balances.
- **4.** Prepare a trial balance as of November 30, 2018.

Requirement 1

		Posting		
Date	Accounts and Explanation	Ref.	Debit	Credit
Nov. 1	Cash		15,000	<u> </u>
	Truck		3,000	
	Hideaway, Capital			18,000
2	Prepaid Rent		4,000	4.000
	Cash			4,000
3	Prepaid Insurance		4,800	
	Cash		7,000	4,800
	0.002			.,000
4	Cleaning Supplies		320	
	Accounts Payable			320
_	T		1.500	
5	Equipment		1,500	1.500
	Accounts Payable			1,500
7	Equipment		3,900	
,	Cash		2,500	3,900
9	Accounts Receivable		4,700	
	Service Revenue			4,700
10	Cash		200	
10	Accounts Receivable		200	200
	7 Tecounts Receivable			200
15	Salaries Expense		400	
	Cash			400
	~ .		4.5.000	
16	Cash		15,000	15 000
	Unearned Revenue			15,000
17	Cash		400	
1 /	Service Revenue		100	400
18	Utilities Expense		175	
	Accounts Payable			175
20	Cool		26,000	
20	Cash Notes Payable		36,000	36,000
	1 10 to 5 1 a y a o 1 c			_ 50,000

P2-43, cont.

Nov. 21	Cash Accounts Receivable	500	500
25	Accounts Payable Cash	750	750
29	Advertising Expense Cash	200	200
30	Hideaway, Withdrawals Cash	1,400	1,400

Requirements 2 and 3

requiremen	its 2 and	3					
Cash				A	ccount	ts Payabl	e
Nov. 1	15,000	4,000	Nov. 2	Nov. 25	750	320	Nov. 4
Nov. 10	200	4,800	Nov. 3			1,500	Nov. 5
Nov. 16	15,000	3,900	Nov. 7			175	Nov. 18
Nov. 17	400	400	Nov. 15			1,245	Balance
Nov. 20	36,000	750	Nov. 25				
Nov. 21	500	200	Nov. 29				
		1,400	Nov. 30				
Balance	51,650						

Ad	ecounts F	Receiva	ble	Unearne	d Revenue	:
Nov. 9	4,700	200	Nov. 10		15,000	Nov. 16
		500	Nov. 21		15,000	Balance
Balance	4,000					
Cleaning Supplies		Notes	Payable			

Nov. 4	320		36,000	Nov. 20
Balance	320		36,000	Balance

Prepaid Rent		Hideawa	ıy, Capital	_	
Nov. 2	4,000			18,000	Nov. 1
Balance	4,000	_		18,000	Balance

	nsurance	Hi	deaway,	Withdrawals	
Nov. 3	4,800		Nov. 30	1,400	
Balance	4,800		Balance	1,400	

P2-43, cont. Requirements 2 and 3

Equipment		Service Revenue
Nov. 5	1,500	4,700 Nov. 9
Nov. 7	3,900	400 Nov. 17
Balance	5,400	5,100 Balance
	Truck	Salaries Expense
Nov. 1	3,000	Nov. 15 400
Balance	3,000	Balance 400
		Advertising Expense
		Nov. 29 200
		Balance 200
		Utilities Expense
		Nov. 18 175
		Balance 175

P2-43, cont. Requirement 4

CRYSTAL CLEAR CLEANING Trial Balance November 30, 2018

	T.	
Account Title	Balaı	ıce
	Debit	Credit
Cash	\$ 51,650	
Accounts Receivable	4,000	
Cleaning Supplies	320	
Prepaid Rent	4,000	
Prepaid Insurance	4,800	
Equipment	5,400	
Truck	3,000	
Accounts Payable		\$ 1,245
Unearned Revenue		15,000
Notes Payable		36,000
Hideaway, Capital		18,000
Hideaway, Withdrawals	1,400	
Service Revenue		5,100
Salaries Expense	400	
Advertising Expense	200	
Utilities Expense	175	
Total	\$ 75,345	\$ 75,345

Critical Thinking

Tying It All Together Case 2-1

Before you begin this assignment, review the Tying It All Together feature in the chapter.

Part of the Fry's Electronics, Inc.'s experience involves providing technical support to its customers. This includes in-home installations of electronics and also computer support at their retail store locations.

Requirements

- 1. Suppose Fry's Electronics, Inc. provides \$10,500 of computer support at the Dallas-Fort Worth store during the month of November. How would Fry's Electronics record this transaction? Assume all customers paid in cash. What financial statement(s) would this transaction affect?
- **2.** Assume Fry's Electronics, Inc.'s Modesto, California, location received \$24,000 for an annual contract to provide computer support to the local city government. How would Fry's Electronics record this transaction? What financial statement(s) would this transaction affect?
- **3.** What is the difference in how revenue is recorded in requirements 1 and 2? Clearly state when revenue is recorded in each requirement.

SOLUTION

Requirement 1

Fry's Electronics would record the following journal entry:

Date	Accounts and Explanation	Debit	Credit
	Cash	10,500	
	Service Revenue		10,500

The transaction would increase assets (Cash) and equity on the balance sheet and increase Service Revenue on the income statement.

Requirement 2

Fry's Electronics would record the following journal entry:

Date	Accounts and Explanation	Debit	Credit
	Cash	24,000	
	Unearned Revenue		24,000

The transaction would increase assets (Cash) and increase liabilities (Unearned Revenue) on the balance sheet.

Requirement 3

In requirement 1, Fry's Electronics recorded revenue because the company had received the cash from the customer and provided the service. In requirement 2, Fry's Electronics recorded a liability, Unearned Revenue, because even though cash was received, the service has not been provided. The revenue related to requirement 2 will not be recorded until the service has been provided.

Decision Case 2-1

Your friend, Dean McChesney, requested that you advise him on the effects that certain transactions will have on his business, A-Plus Travel Planners. Time is short, so you cannot journalize the transactions. Instead, you must analyze the transactions without a journal. McChesney will continue the business only if he can expect to earn a monthly net income of \$6,000. The business completed the following transactions during June:

- **a.** McChesney deposited \$10,000 cash in a business bank account to start the company. The company gave capital to McChesney.
- **b.** Paid \$300 cash for office supplies.
- **c.** Incurred advertising expense on account, \$700.
- **d.** Paid the following cash expenses: administrative assistant's salary, \$1,400; office rent, \$1,000.
- e. Earned service revenue on account, \$8,800.
- **f.** Collected cash from customers on account, \$1,200.

Requirements

- 1. Open the following T-accounts: Cash; Accounts Receivable; Office Supplies; Accounts Payable; McChesney, Capital; Service Revenue; Salaries Expense; Rent Expense; and Advertising Expense.
- **2.** Post the transactions directly to the accounts without using a journal. Record each transaction by letter. Calculate account balances.
- **3.** Prepare a trial balance at June 30, 2018.
- **4.** Compute the amount of net income or net loss for this first month of operations. Would you recommend that McChesney continue in business?

Requirements 1 and 2

Cash	Accounts Payable	
a. 10,000 300 b.	700 c.	
f. 1,200 2,400 d.	700 Bal.	
Bal. 8,500	· ·	
Accounts Receivable	McChesney, Capital	
e. 8,800 1,200 f.	10,000 a.	
Bal. 7,600	10,000 Bal.	
Office Supplies	Service Revenue	
b. 300	8,800 e.	
Bal. 300	8,800 Bal.	
	Salaries Expense	
	d. 1,400	
	Bal. 1,400	
	D 45	
	Rent Expense	
	d. 1,000	
	Bal. 1,000	
	Advertising Expense	
	c. 700	
	Bal. 700	

Decision Case 2-1, cont. Requirement 3

A-PLUS TRAVEL PLANNERS Trial Balance June 30, 2018			
Account Title	Balance		
	Debit	Credit	
Cash	\$ 8,500		
Accounts Receivable	7,600		
Office Supplies	300		
Accounts Payable		\$ 700	
McChesney, Capital		10,000	
Service Revenue	Ĭ	8,800	
Salaries Expense	1,400		
Rent Expense	1,000		
Advertising Expense	700		
Total	\$ 19,500	\$ 19,500	

Requirement 4

Revenues:		
Service Revenue		\$ 8,800
Expenses:		
Salaries Expense	\$ 1,400	
Rent Expense	1,000	
Advertising Expense	700	
Total Expenses		3,100
Net Income		\$ 5,700

McChesney should discontinue the business because net income falls below the target amount.

Ethical Issue 2-1

Better Days Ahead, a charitable organization, has a standing agreement with First National Bank. The agreement allows Better Days Ahead to overdraw its cash balance at the bank when donations are running low. In the past, Better Days Ahead managed funds wisely and rarely used this privilege. Jacob Henson has recently become the president of Better Days Ahead. To expand operations, Henson acquired office equipment and spent large amounts on fundraising. During Henson's presidency, Better Days Ahead has maintained a negative bank balance of approximately \$10,000.

What is the ethical issue in this situation, if any? State why you approve or disapprove of Henson's management of Better Days Ahead's funds.

SOLUTION

The bank has a standing agreement with Better Days Ahead for overdrafts, so as long as transactions are compliant with terms of the agreement, there is no ethical issue. The exercise refers to Better Days Ahead managing funds "wisely." However, whether funds are managed wisely or not is a matter of prudent business management and not an ethical issue. Presumably if Better Days Ahead was exceeding the terms of the agreement, the bank would cancel the arrangement.

Some students may point out that the agreement was for times when donations were running low, whereas the reasons given for the overdraft are for expansion and fundraising. If this is interpreted to mean that Better Days Ahead is abusing the privilege according to the terms of the agreement, then there may be an ethical issue involved, but that is not made clear by the information given.

Students may approve of Henson's cash management if the arrangement is beneficial to Better Days Ahead, and thus helps them accomplish their charitable mission more effectively. Students may disapprove of Henson's cash management if (a) they feel it is "unwise" (poor business management), or (b) if they believe he is exceeding the terms of the agreement.

Fraud Case 2-1

Roy Akins was the accounting manager at Zelco, a tire manufacturer, and he played golf with Hugh Stallings, the CEO, who was something of a celebrity in the community. The CEO stood to earn a substantial bonus if Zelco increased net income by year-end. Roy was eager to get into Hugh's elite social circle; he boasted to Hugh that he knew some accounting tricks that could increase company income by simply revising a few journal entries for rental payments on storage units. At the end of the year, Roy changed the debits from "rent expense" to "prepaid rent" on several entries. Later, Hugh got his bonus, and the deviations were never discovered.

Requirements

- 1. How did the change in the journal entries affect the net income of the company at year-end?
- 2. Who gained and who lost as a result of these actions?

Requirement 1

By changing an expense to an asset, the total expenses will decrease and net income will increase.

Requirement 2

The CEO gained by earning a bonus, and the accounting manager may have gained by getting favorable treatment from the CEO. The company lost, because the company paid out the bonus under fraudulent conditions.

Financial Statement Case 2-1

Refer to http://www.pearsonhighered.com/Horngren to view a link to **Target Corporation's** Fiscal 2015 Annual Report.

Requirements

- 1. Calculate the debt ratio for Target Corporation as of January 30, 2016.
- 2. How did the debt ratio for Target Corporation compare to the debt ratio for **Kohl's Corporation**? Discuss.

SOLUTION

Requirement 1

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Debt ratio = Total liabilities / Total assets
= $27,305 (in millions) / $40,262 (in millions)
= 0.678* = 67.8%
* rounded
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Requirement 2

Target's debt ratio is significantly higher than Kohl's (59.6%).

Communication Activity 2-1

In 35 words or fewer, explain the difference between a debit and a credit, and explain what the normal balance of the six account types is.

SOLUTION

Debits are on the left, credits are on the right. Normal balance for assets, expenses, and Owner's Withdrawals is a debit. For liability, Owner's Capital, and revenue accounts, the normal balance is a credit.