MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

1) Consider the following frequency distribution.

Number of Customers	Frequency
0-2	10
3-5	7
6-10	12

Which rule for constructing a frequency distribution using grouped quantitative data has been violated?

- A) Use mutually exclusive classes.
- C) Avoid empty classes.

- B) Use equal-size classes.
- D) No rule has been violated.

1)

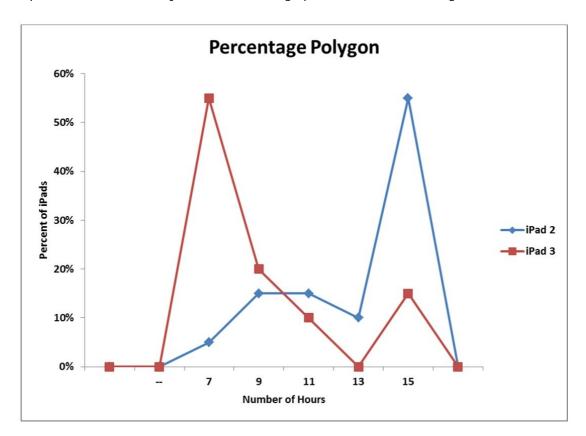
2) ___

Answer: B

11-15

Explanation:

- A) B)
- C)
- 2) The following graph is a percent polygon showing the battery life, in hours, for a sample of iPad 2s and iPad 3s. The diamond markers represent the iPad 2 battery life while the square markers represent the iPad 3 battery life. Based on this graph, which of the following statements is true?



A) The battery life of the iPad 2 tends to be longer than the battery life of the iPad 3.

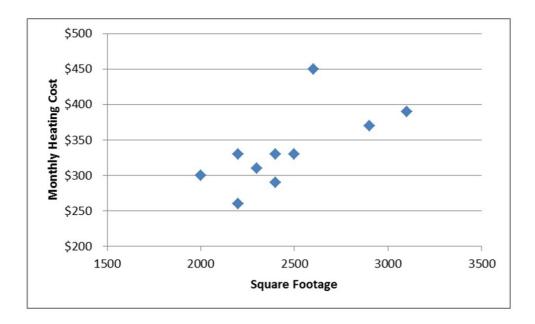
B) The battery life of the iPad 3 tends to be longer than the battery life of the iPad 2. C) The battery life of the iPad 3 tends to be about the same as the battery life of the iPad 2. D) The difference in battery life between the iPad 2 and iPad 3 cannot be detected with this graph. Answer: A Explanation: A) B) C) D)	
3) Consider the following frequency distribution.	3)
Number of Minutes Frequency	
0 to less than 5	
5 to less than 10 9	
8 to less than 13 14	
13 to less than 18 2	
Which rule for constructing a frequency distribution using grouped quantitative data has been violated? A) Avoid empty classes. B) Use mutually exclusive classes. C) Use equal-size classes. D) No rule has been violated.	
Answer: B	
Explanation: A)	
B)	
C)	

4) The following frequency distribution displays the daily sales of muffins at Avalon Bakery.

Number Sold	Frequency
1-7	5
8-14	8
15-21	13
22-28	21
27-35	3

How many week	s of data are included in thi	s frequency distribution?	
A) 50	B) 75	C) 100	D) 25

Answer: A Explanation: A)B)C)D)



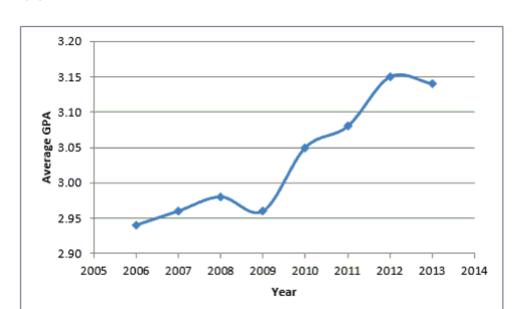
Which one of the following statements is not correct?

- A) Monthly heating cost is the dependent variable in the graph.
- B) Square footage is the independent variable in the graph.
- C) As the square footage of the home increases, the monthly heating cost tends to decrease.
- D) As the square footage of the home increases, the monthly heating cost tends to increase.

Answer: C

- B)
- C)
- D)

6) The following graph shows the average grade point average for a particular college from 2006 until 2013.



This graph is an example of a ______.

- A) vertical bar chart
- C) Pareto chart

- B) histogram
- D) line chart

Answer: D

Explanation: A

- B)
- C) D)
- 7) The following distribution shows the frequen
- 7) The following distribution shows the frequency of daily revenue for an Italian restaurant in Wilmington, Delaware.

Revenue	Frequency
Under \$2,000	18
\$2,000 to under \$4,000	10
\$4,000 to under \$6,000	26
\$6,000 to under \$8,000	14
\$8,000 to under \$10,000	8
Over \$10,000	4

What is the probability that a randomly selected day will generate more than \$6,000 in revenue?

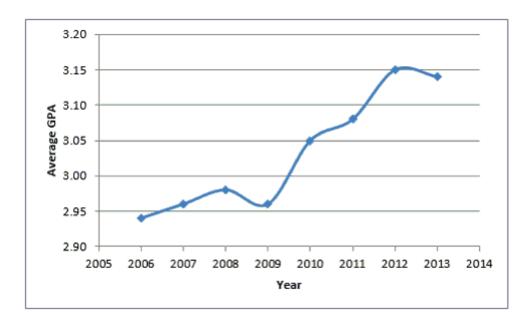
- A) 0.650
- B) 0.900
- C) 0.325
- D) 0.775

7)

Answer: C

- B)
- Ć)
- Ď)

8)	displ	ay the proportion of observations of ea	ch class relative to the total number	8)
	of observations	S.		
	A) Cumulati	ive relative frequency distributions		
	B) Frequenc	y distributions		
	C) Histograr	ms		
	D) Relative f	frequency distributions		
	Answer: D			
	Explanation:	A)		
	·	B)		
		C)		
		D)		
9)	A stem and lea	f display most resembles a		9)
	A) histogran	n	B) pie chart	
	C) relative fi	requency distribution	D) contingency table	
	Answer: A			
	Explanation:	A)		
		B)		
		C)		
		D)		



Which one of the following statements is correct?

- A) Average GPA is the dependent variable in the graph.
- B) Historically, the Average GPA of the college tends to decrease.
- C) There appears to be no relationship between Year and Average GPA.
- D) Year is the dependent variable in the graph.

Answer: A

Explanation: A)

- B)
- C)
- Ď)
- 11) The following frequency distribution displays the daily sales of muffins at Avalon Bakery.

10)

Number Sold	Frequency
1-7	5
8-14	8
15-21	13
22-28	21
27-35	3

What is the probability that between 15 to 21 muffins will be sold tomorrow?

A) 0.44

B) 0.26

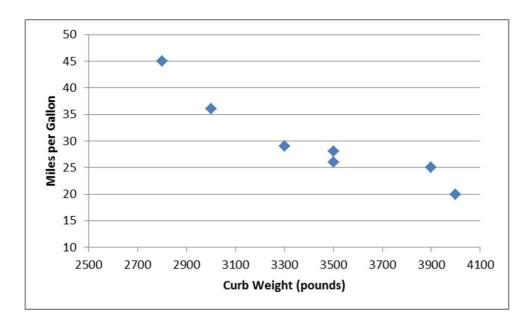
C) 0.50

D) 0.36

Answer: B

- B)
- C)
- D)

12)	charts are a spec	ific type of bar chart use	ed in quality control program	s by businesses to	12)
	graphically display the car	uses of problems.			
	A) Stacked bar	B) Pareto	C) Clustered bar	D) Pie	
	Answer: B				
	Explanation: A)				
	В)				
	C)				
	D)				
13)	A(n) is a categor			_,	13)
	A) histogram	B) class	C) ogive	D) polygon	
	Answer: B				
	Explanation: A)				
	B)				
	C)				
	D)				
14)	The following table shows	the percentage of U.S.	energy consumption accordir	ng to sources in 2009.	14)
	Source	Percentage	1		
	Petroleum	37%			
	Natural Gas	25%			
	Coal	21%			
	Nuclear	9%			
	All renewable	8%			
		1			
	Which of the following be	st displays this data?			
	A) pie chart	. ,	B) histogram		
	C) horizontal bar chart		D) vertical bar chart		
	Answer: A				
	Explanation: A)				
	В)				
	C)				
	D)				
15)		nidpoint of each class as	s a line rather than a column.		15)
	A) bar chart		B) scatter plot		
	C) histogram		D) percentage polygon		
	Answer: D				
	Explanation: A)				
	B)				
	C)				
	D)				



Which one of the following statements is correct?

- A) Miles per gallon is the independent variable in the graph.
- B) As the curb weight increases, the highway miles per gallon tend to increase.
- C) Curb weight is the dependent variable in the graph.
- D) As the curb weight increases, the highway miles per gallon tend to decrease.

Answer: D

Explanation: A)

- B)
- Ć)
- D)

17) Class _____ are the number of observations for each class of a frequency distribution using grouped quantitative data.

17) ___

18)

- A) width
- B) numbers
- C) frequencies
- D) boundaries

Answer: C

Explanation: A)

- B)
- C)
- D)

18) When you want to compare the shape of two or more distributions on one graph, a _____ is your best choice

- A) frequency distribution
- C) relative frequency distribution
- B) percentage polygon
- D) histogram

Answer: B

- A) B)
- C)
- D)

19) A data set has 60 observations with a minimum value equal to 30 and a maximum value equal to

72. The estimated class width using the $2^k \ge n$ rule to determine the number of classes is

A) 9.

B) 12.

C) 10.

D) 7.

Answer: D

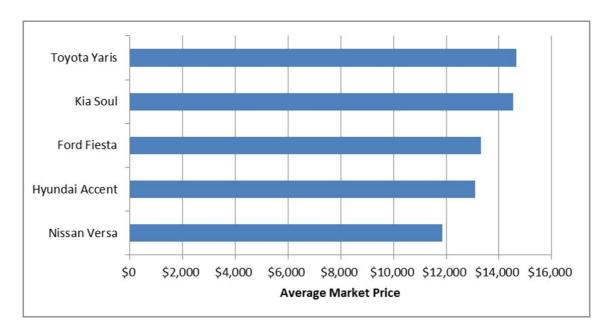
Explanation:

- A) B)
- C)
- D)

20) The following chart shows the average market price for five brands of cars in March 2013.

20)

19)



Which of the following statements is not correct?

- A) The Nissan Versa has the lowest average market value.
- B) The Hyundai Accent has a lower average market price than the Nissan Versa.
- C) The Hyundai Accent has a lower average market price than the Toyota Yaris.
- D) The Kia Soul has a higher average market price than the Ford Fiesta.

Answer: B

- B)
- C)
- D)

Age	Buick	Honda
Under 40 years old	6	17
40 years or older	19	8

The percentage of	buyers who are under 40 c	old in this data is
A) 54%	B) 50%	C) 46%

Answer: C

Explanation: A)

B)

C)

D)

D) 20%

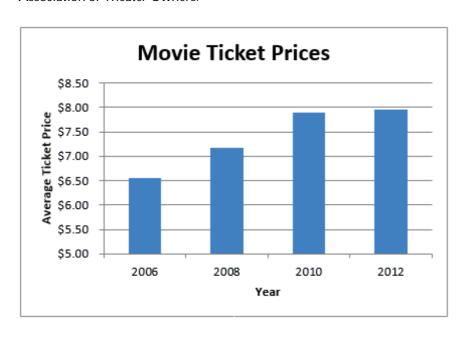
24) Consider the f	ollowing ster	m and leaf display.			24)
3 11145 4 467 5 0045668 6 1336 Which of the f		ements is correct?			
B) The class C) There are D) The data	e a total of 10	e is 59. ins the most values. I data values in this c ccurs most often is 50			
Answer: B					
Explanation:	A)				
	B) C)				
	D)				
25)					25)
25) grou A) Pie chart		ues in a single colum	nn within the same categor B) Clustered bar ch		25)
C) Scatter p			D) Stacked bar cha		
Answer: D			,		
Explanation:	A)				
	B)				
	C) D)				
	Β)				
		ased on observations	that can be counted and a	re typically represented	26)
by whole num A) Continuo		B) Nominal	C) Discrete	D) Time series	
Answer: C	Jus	b) Nominal	C) Discrete	D) Time series	
Explanation:	A)				
·	B)				
	C)				
	D)				

27)	The following distribution sho	ws the frequency	y of daily r	evenue for a	n Italian r	estaurant in
	Wilmington, Delaware.					

27)	

Revenue	Frequency
Under \$2,000	18
\$2,000 to under \$4,000	10
\$4,000 to under \$6,000	26
\$6,000 to under \$8,000	14
\$8,000 to under \$10,000	8
Over \$10,000	4

ψο,οοο το απαν	οι φιοίοοο	J			
Over \$10,000	_	4			
What is the pr A) 0.500	obability th	nat a randomly se B) 0.050	elected day will generate under \$2,0 C) 0.225	000 in revenue? D) 0.160	
Answer: C		2) 0.000	3, 0.220	2) 0.100	
Explanation:	A) B) C) D)				
frequency dist	ribution us	ing grouped qua			28)
A) frequenc	У	B) width	C) number	D) boundary	
Answer: B Explanation:	A) B) C) D)				



Which of the following statements is not correct?

- A) The highest average ticket price occurred in 2012.
- B) The average ticket price in 2010 was higher than the average ticket price in 2008.
- C) The average ticket price has decreased over time.
- D) The lowest average ticket price occurred in 2006.

Answer: C

- B)
- C)
- D)

31) ____



This chart is an example of a ______ bar chart.

A) vertical

B) clustered

C) horizontal

D) stacked

Answer: C

Explanation: A)

- B)
- C)
- D)

31) In Excel, contingency tables are known as _____.

- A) pivot tables
 - C) bar charts

- B) frequency distributions D) bins
- Answer: A

- A)
- B)
- C)
- D)

32)	The following distribution shows the frequency of daily revenue for an Italian restaurant in
	Wilmington, Delaware.

32)

Revenue	Frequency
Under \$2,000	18
\$2,000 to under \$4,000	10
\$4,000 to under \$6,000	26
\$6,000 to under \$8,000	14
\$8,000 to under \$10,000	8
Over \$10,000	4

What is the probability that a randomly selected day will generate between \$2,000 and under \$4,000 in revenue?

- A) 0.325
- B) 0.500
- C) 0.100
- D) 0.125

Answer: D

Explanation: A)

- B)
- C) D)
- 33) A _____ chart is a special type of scatter plot in which the data points in the scatter plot are connected with a line.
- 33)

A) pie

- B) Pareto
- C) bar
- D) line

Answer: D

Explanation: A)

- B)
- C)
- D)
- 34) ______ totals the proportion of observations that are less than or equal to the class at which you are looking.

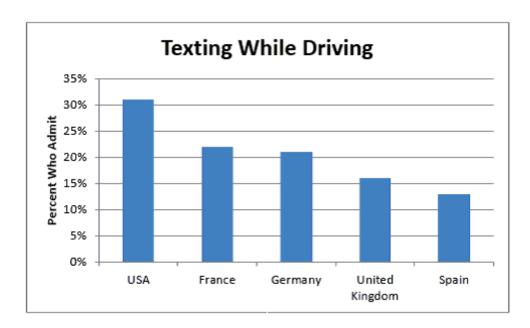
34) ____

- A) Histograms
- B) Relative frequency distributions
- C) Cumulative relative frequency distributions
- D) Frequency distributions

Answer: C

- B)
- C)
- D)

Age		Buick	Honda		
Under 40 year	s old	6	17		
40 years or ol		19	8		
A) There are B) Honda o C) Buick ov	e fewer Buid wners tend Iners tend to	ck owners than H to be older than H o be older than H			
Consider the f 3 1 1 1 4 5 4 4 6 7 5 0 0 4 5 6 6 8 6 1 3 3 6	Ū	em and leaf displ	ay.		
Which data va A) 31 Answer: A Explanation:	A) B) C) D)	most often? B) 1	C) 5	D) 59	
prov A) Histogra Answer: B Explanation:	-	e of the relations B) Scatter plot	-	points that are paired together. Charts D) Pie charts	



This chart is an example of a _____ bar chart.

A) horizontal

B) stacked

C) vertical

D) clustered

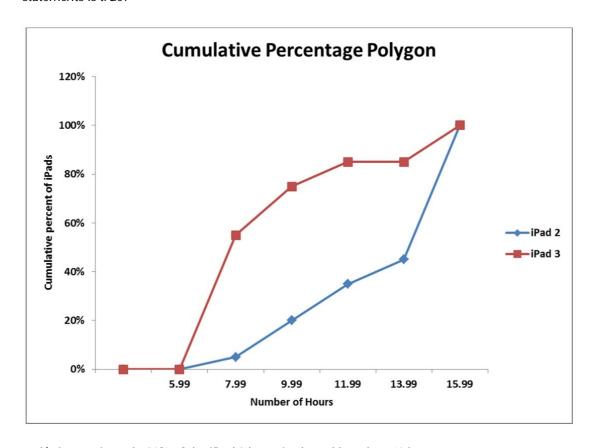
Answer: C

Explanation: A)

B)

C)

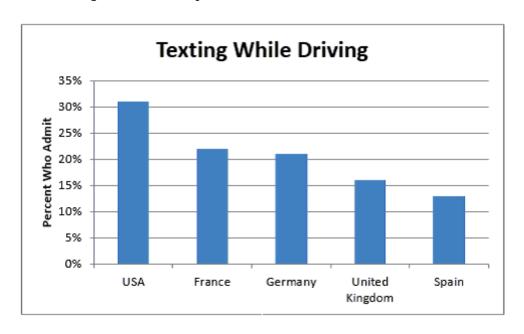
D)



- A) Approximately 20% of the iPad 2 batteries lasted less than 10 hours.
- B) Approximately 20% of the iPad 2 batteries lasted more than 10 hours.
- C) Approximately 60% of the iPad 3 batteries lasted more than 8 hours.
- D) Approximately 80% of the iPad 3 batteries lasted less than 8 hours.

Answer: A

- B)
- C)
- D)



Which of the following statements is not correct?

- A) The United Kingdom has a higher percentage of adults who admit to texting while driving when compared to Germany.
- B) The United Kingdom has a lower percentage of adults who admit to texting while driving when compared to France.
- C) The USA has the highest percentage of adults who admitted to texting while driving.
- D) Spain has the lowest percentage of adults who admitted to texting while driving.

Answer: A

Explanation:

- A) B)
- C)
- D)
- 41) The following frequency distribution displays the daily sales of muffins at Avalon Bakery.

Number Sold	Frequency
1-7	5
8-14	8
15-21	13
22-28	21
27-35	3

What is the probability that between 20 and 35 muffins will be sold tomorrow?

- A) 0.66
- B) 0.14
- C) 0.58
- D) 0.48

Answer: D

- B)
- C)
- D)

42) Porter Automotive is a car dealership that sells Buicks and Hondas. The following data shows the number of buyers this month according to the brand of car they purchased as well as their age group.

42)	

Age	Buick	Honda
Under 40 years old	6	17
40 years or older	19	8

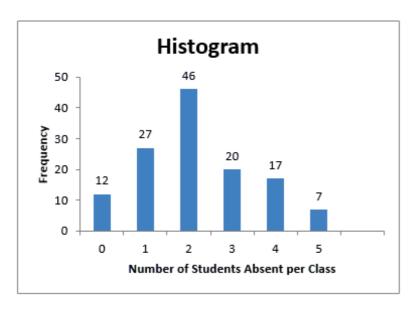
The percentage of buyers 40 years or older who purchased a Honda is _____

- A) 34%
- B) 16%
- C) 38%
- D) 12%

Answer: B

Explanation: A)

- B)
- C)
- D)
- 43) A statistics professor kept attendance records and recorded the number of absent students per class. This data is displayed in the following histogram with the frequency of each number of absent students shown above the bars.



How many statistics classes had two or fewer students absent?

A) 9

B) 85

C) 42

D) 40

Answer: B

- B)
- C)
- D)

44) Which of the following is not a rule for constructing a frequency distribution using grouped quantitative data?

44)

A) Avoid empty classes.

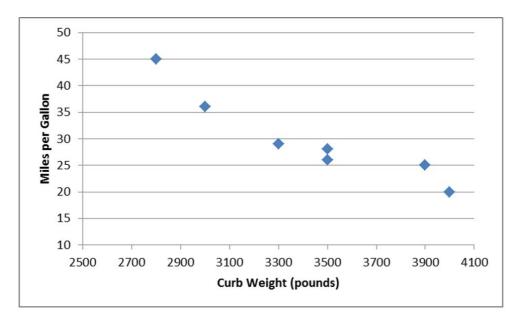
B) Avoid close-ended classes. D) Use mutually exclusive classes.

C) Use equal-size classes.

Answer: B

- Explanation: A)
 - B)
 - C)
 - D)
- 45) The following graph shows the curb weight of seven cars, in pounds, along with their corresponding highway miles per gallon.

45)

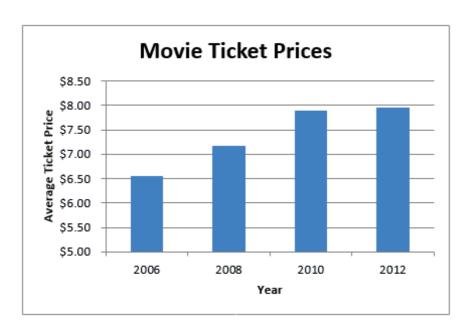


This graph is an example of a _

- A) Pareto chart
- B) scatter plot
- C) line chart
- D) histogram

Answer: B

- A)
- B)
- C)
- D)



This chart is an example of a _____ chart.

A) Pareto

B) vertical bar

C) stacked bar

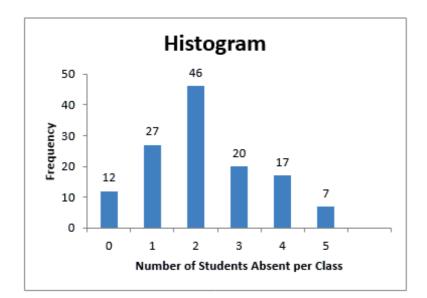
D) horizontal bar

Answer: B

Explanation: A)

B)

C) D)



How many total classes do these data represent?

A) 150

B) 100

C) 46

D) 129

Answer: D

Explanation: A)

- B)
- C)
- D)

48) The class _____ represent the minimum and maximum values for each class of a frequency distribution using grouped quantitative data.

47)

- A) numbers
- B) boundaries
- C) frequencies
- D) width

S

Answer: B

Explanation: A)

- B)
- C) D)

49) A data set has 60 observations with a minimum value equal to 30 and a maximum value equal to

49) ____

- 72. The number of classes using the $2^k \ge n$ rule is
 - A) 6.

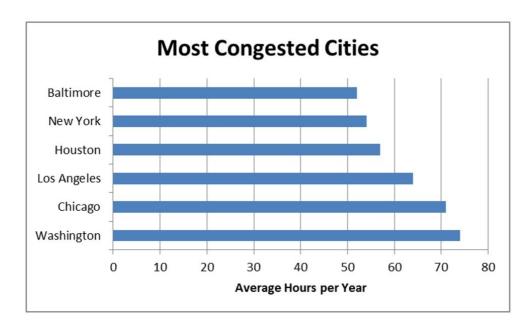
B) 7.

C) 8.

D) 5.

Answer: A

- Explanation: A)
 - B)
 - C)
 - D)



Which of the following statements is not correct?

- A) Houston commuters have a higher average number of hours spent per year in traffic delays when compared to New York commuters.
- B) Chicago commuters have the highest average number of hours spent per year in traffic delays.
- C) Baltimore commuters have the lowest average number of hours spent per year in traffic
- D) Los Angeles commuters have a lower average number of hours spent per year in traffic delays when compared to Washington commuters.

Answer: B

- B)
- C)
- D)

group.	Buick	Llondo	٦	
Age		Honda		
Under 40 years old	6	17		
40 years or older	19	8	_	
This data is an exampl A) contingency table C) histogram		·	stem and leaf diagram relative frequency distribution	
Answer: A				
Explanation: A)				
B)				
C)				
D)				
52) Consider the following	ı freauency distribu	tion.		52)
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,			
Number of Minutes	Frequency			
0 to less than 5	3			
5 to less than 10	11			
10 to less than 15	10			
15 to less than 20	7			
Which rule for constru	cting a fraguancy di	stribution using	grouped quantitative data has been	
violated?	cting a frequency di	isti ibution using	grouped quantitative data has been	
A) Avoid empty clas	sses	B) I	Use mutually exclusive classes.	
C) Use equal-size cl			No rule has been violated.	
Answer: D		_,		
Explanation: A)				
B)				
C)				
D)				
·				
	graph that plots the		tive frequency distribution.	53)
A) scatter plot			percentage polygon	
C) ogive		D) I	nistogram	
Answer: C				
Explanation: A)				
В)				
C)				
D)				

54) The following distribution shows the frequency of daily revenue for an Italian restaurant in Wilmington, Delaware.

54)	

55)

Revenue	Frequency
Under \$2,000	18
\$2,000 to under \$4,000	10
\$4,000 to under \$6,000	26
\$6,000 to under \$8,000	14
\$8,000 to under \$10,000	8
Over \$10,000	4

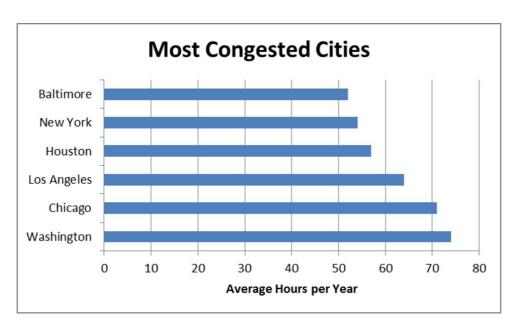
What is the width of each class for this distribution?

- A) \$8,000
- B) \$5,00 0
- C) \$2,000
- D) \$10,000

Answer: C

Explanation: A)

- B)
- C)
- D)
- 55) The following chart shows the average number of hours commuters spend in traffic delays per year at the six most congested cities in the U.S.



This chart is an example of a

- A) vertical bar chart.
- C) Pareto chart.

- B) horizontal bar chart.

Answer: B

Explanation:

- anation:
- A) B)
 - C)
 - D)

D) stacked bar chart.

- 56) A ______ is a graph showing the number of observations in each class of a frequency distribution.
- 56) ____

- A) relative frequency distribution

B) polygon

D) frequency distribution

C) histogram

Explanation: A)

Answer: C

- B)
- C)
- D)
- 57) Bins in Excel represent the

57) ____

- A) upper boundary of each class in a frequency distribution.
- B) width of each class in a frequency distribution.
- C) number of classes in a frequency distribution.
- D) lower boundary of each class in a frequency distribution.

Answer: A

Explanation: A)

- B)
- C)
- D)
- 58) The following graph shows the average price of LCD TVs from 2005 until 2012.



This graph is an example of a ______.

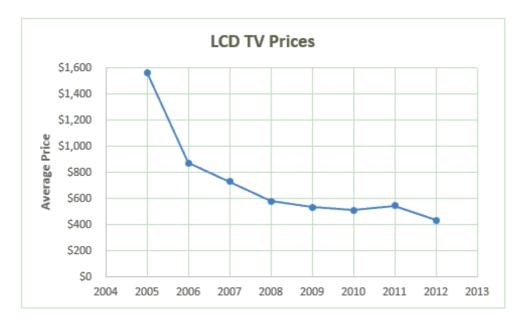
- A) histogram
- C) line chart

- B) vertical bar chart
- D) Pareto chart

Answer: C

- B)
- C)

	a table that shows th	ne number of data observation	s that fall into specific	59)
intervals. A) histograr C) frequenc	n y distribution	B) percer D) Pareto	nt polygon chart	
Answer: C				
Explanation:	A) B)			
	C)			
	D)			
60) The following	frequency distributi	ion displays the daily sales of	muffins at Avalon Bakery.	60)
Number Sold	Frequency			
1-7	5			
8-14	8			
15-21	13			
22-28	21			
27-35	3			
	1			
	dth of each class in			
A) 10	B) 7	C) 1	D) 35	
Answer: B				
Explanation:	A)			
	B)			
	C)			
	D)			



Which one of the following statements is correct?

- A) Historically, the average price of LCD TVs tends to decrease.
- B) Year is the dependent variable in the graph.
- C) Historically, the average price of LCD TVs tends to increase.
- D) Average Price is the independent variable in the graph.

Answer: A

Explanation:

- A)
 - B)
- C)
- D)

62) _____ provide a format to display observations that have more than one value associated with

62)

them.

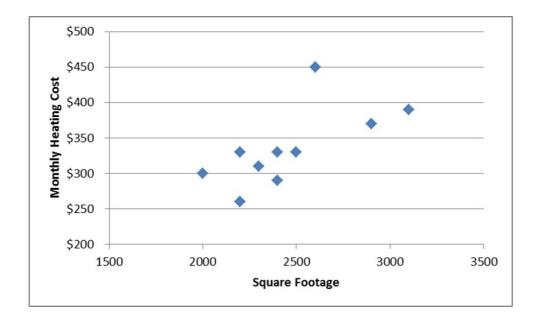
- A) Histograms
- C) Pie charts

- B) Contingency tables
- D) Frequency distributions

Answer: B

- A)
- B)
- Ć)
- D)

63)			ge of e-mails that are sent each day of the business week	63)
	according to an I	ntermedia survey.		
	Day	Percentage		
	Monday	15%		
	Tuesday	23%		
	Wednesday	22%		
	Thursday	21%		
	Friday	19%		
		owing best displays thi		
	A) histogram		B) pie chart	
	C) vertical bar	chart	D) horizontal bar chart	
	 	A) 3) C) O)		
64)	A) Pie charts		ide within the same category in a vertical direction. B) Stacked bar charts	64)
	C) Clustered b	ar charts	D) Scatter plots	
	 	A) 3) C) O)		
65)	classes	are classes with bound	aries that do not overlap.	65)
,	A) Equal-size		B) Open-ended	, <u> </u>
	C) Close-ende	ed	D) Mutually exclusive	
	 	A) 3) C) O)		



This graph is an example of a ______.

- A) Pareto chart
- C) horizontal bar chart

- B) line chart
- D) scatter plot

Answer: D

Explanation: A)

- B)
- C)
- D)
- chart if you want to compare the relative sizes of the classes in a frequency distribution and together they comprise all possible categories.
- 67)

- A) Pareto
- B) horizontal bar
- C) vertical bar
- D) pie

Answer: D

- B)
- C) D)

68)	Consider the fo	llowing stem	and leaf display.			68)	
	1(0) 2 4 4 1(5) 6 6 7 8 2(0) 0 0 1 1 1 2 2(5) 5 5 7 8 3(0) 0 1 3 4	2 2					
	A) There areB) The classC) This large	a total of 10 15-19 contain st data value	ements is correct? data values in this data ns the most values. e is 34. curs most often is 22.	ı set.			
	Answer: C Explanation:	A) B) C) D)					
59)	Consider the fo	llowing stem	and leaf display.			69) _	
	1(0) 2 4 4 1(5) 6 6 7 8 2(0) 0 0 1 1 1 2 2(5) 5 5 7 8 3(0) 0 1 3 4	2 2					
	Which data val A) 21 Answer: A Explanation:	A)	ost often? B) 1	C) 200	D) 22		
		B) C) D)					
70)		llues that car This data is		pers, including numbers the suring observations rather		70) _	
	A) Discrete Answer: D Explanation:	A) B) C) D)	B) Ordinal	C) Cross-sectional	D) Continuous		

	(1) Pareto charts als	so plot the cumu	alative relative frequency as a line on the chart. This line is known as	/1)
	a(n) A) frequency C) scatter plo Answer: D Explanation:		B) histogram D) ogive	
SHC	RT ANSWER. Write	e the word or ph	nrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.	
	72)		72)	
	Answer: Explanation:			
ΓRU	E/FALSE. Write 'T' i	f the statement	is true and 'F' if the statement is false.	
	, ,		uency distribution is to identify a useful pattern in the data and often	73)
	there is more th Answer: • Tru Explanation:	•	ole way to accomplish this with grouped quantitative data.	
			ous data have gaps between their bars.	74)
	Answer: Tru Explanation:	ie 🥥 False		
	75) Empty classes for that are too wid		listribution using grouped quantitative data result from class widths	75)
	Answer: Tru Explanation:	ie 🥥 False		
	76) Fifty employees	s at CSC Corpora	ation responded to a survey asking for the number of minutes they	76)
	whose commute	e is less than 30 i	ng. Management would like to know the proportion of employees minutes. A cumulative relative frequency distribution using the information to answer this question.	
	Answer: <a>Tru Explanation:	ie False		
	77) The dependent	variable in a sca	atter plot is influenced by changes in the independent variable.	77)
	Answer: <a>Tru Explanation:	ie False		
			ed over stacked bar charts when you are comparing data within scored more points in 2009 when compared to 2010.	78)
	Answer: <a>Tru <a>Explanation:	ie False		

79)	Under no circumstance grouped quantitative d	es should open-ended classes be used for a frequency distribution using lata.	79)
	•	False	
80)	Discrete data can have	an infinite number of values within a specific interval.	80)
	Answer: True © Explanation:	False	
81)	The sum of the relative very close to 1.0 due to	frequencies for the relative frequency distribution should be equal to or rounding.	81)
	Answer: True Explanation:	False	
82)	Pareto charts are a spec graphically display the	cific type of bar chart used in quality control programs by businesses to causes of problems.	82)
	Answer: True Explanation:	False	
83)		would like to examine the wait time for customers who use the drive-thrug class boundaries are appropriate to construct a frequency distribution for	83)
	Number of Minutes 0-2 2-4 4-6 6-8		
	Answer: True © Explanation:	False	
84)	A data set is known as time.	a times series when each data point is associated with a specific point in	84)
	Answer: True Explanation:	False	
85)		equency distribution with grouped qualitative data, occasionally you will 1 classes to cover the entire data set.	85)
	Answer: True Explanation:	False	
86)		dth for a frequency distribution using grouped quantitative data should be value to make the class boundaries more readable.	86)
	Answer: True Explanation:	False	

87)	The sum of the cumulative relative frequencies for the cumulative relative frequency distribution should be equal to or very close to 1.0 due to rounding.	87)
	Answer: True • False Explanation:	
88)	When constructing a pie chart, all categories in the data set must be included in the pie.	88)
	Answer: True False Explanation:	
89)	Continuous data are values based on observations that can be counted and are typically represented by whole numbers.	89)
	Answer: True False Explanation:	
90)	When creating a frequency distribution with grouped qualitative data and 45 data points, five classes should be set up using the $2^k \ge n$ rule.	90)
	Answer: True False Explanation:	
91)	The only limitation in the number of continuous values within an interval is the level of precision of the measuring instrument.	91)
	Answer: True False Explanation:	
92)	The stem and leaf display is a graphical technique that can used to display qualitative data.	92)
	Answer: True False Explanation:	
93)	Choose a pie chart rather than a bar chart if you want to highlight the actual data values and when the classes combined don't form a whole.	93)
	Answer: True • False Explanation:	
94)	When graphing a time series, the convention is to place the time data on the vertical axis of the graph.	94)
	Answer: True False Explanation:	
95)	A stem and leaf display allows you to observe individual data values while a histogram groups data values together.	95)
	Answer: True False Explanation:	
96)	The cumulative percentage polygon is a line graph that plots the cumulative relative frequency distribution.	96)
	Answer: True False Explanation:	

97)	Each categorian frequency of			hart occupies a segment of the pie that represents the cumulative relative ory.	97)
	Answer: Explanation	True า:	0	False	
98)	Income and continuous	_	exa	mples of data that are technically discrete but are normally displayed in a	98)
	Answer: Explanation			False	
99)	Contingend	y tables	help	o us identify relationships between two or more variables.	99)
	Answer: Explanation			False	
100)	A histogran	n is the a	appr	opriate type of graph to display both quantitative and qualitative data.	100)
	Answer: Explanation	True n:	0	False	
101)	Equal-size do not over		efer	to classes for a frequency distribution using grouped quantitative data that	101)
	Answer: Explanation	True n:	0	False	
102)	commute to	work ii	n the	Corporation responded to a survey asking for the number of minutes they emorning. Eighteen employees indicated that their commutes are 15 to less lative frequency for this class in a frequency distribution would be 0.18.	102)
	Answer: Explanation	True n:	0	False	
103)	The indepen	ndent va	ariab	ole on scatter plots is placed on the vertical axis on the graph.	103)
	Answer: Explanation	True n:	0	False	
104)	Continuous	data is	ofte	n the result of measuring observations rather than counting them.	104)
	Answer: Explanation			False	
105)	Pareto char shown first	•	ay th	e categories in an increasing order with the least problematic categories	105)
	Answer: Explanation	True n:	0	False	
106)				equal for a frequency distribution using grouped quantitative data, ion could be misleading.	106)
	Answer: © Explanation			False	

107) Quantitative data a of education.	are values that are categorical, describing a characteristic such as gender or level	107)
Answer: True Explanation:	False	
108) Pie charts are an ex	xcellent tool for comparing proportions for qualitative (categorical) data.	108)
Answer: True Explanation:	False	
•	rather than a bar chart if you want to compare the relative sizes of the classes to ogether they comprise all possible categories.	109)
Answer: True Explanation:	False	
110) The dependent var	riable on scatter plots is placed on the horizontal axis on the graph.	110)
Answer: True Explanation:	False	
111) Histograms display	ying discrete data usually have gaps between their bars.	111)
Answer: True Explanation:	False	
112) Bar charts can disp	olay data either horizontally or vertically.	112)
Answer: True Explanation:	False	
=	tribution is one in which the right side of the distribution looks like the mirror de of the distribution.	113)
Answer: True Explanation:	False	
114) A frequency distrib	bution is a table that shows the number of data observations that fall als.	114)
Answer: True Explanation:	False	
	ts are preferred over stacked bar charts when you are displaying totals in each what team scored the most points over the two-year period.	115)
Answer: True Explanation:	False	

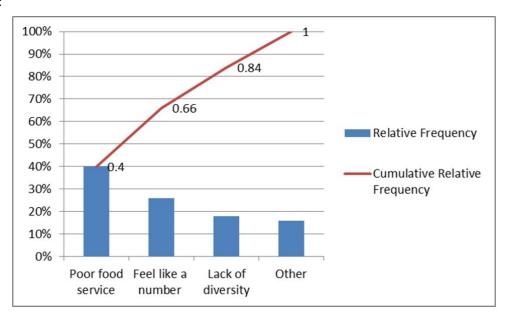
ESSAY. Write your answer in the space provided or on a separate sheet of paper.

116) The following table shows the number of complaints recorded at a college from the student body this past school year.

Complaint	Frequency
Poor food service	20
Feel like a number	13
Lack of diversity	9
Other	8

Construct a Pareto chart to display this data.

Answer:

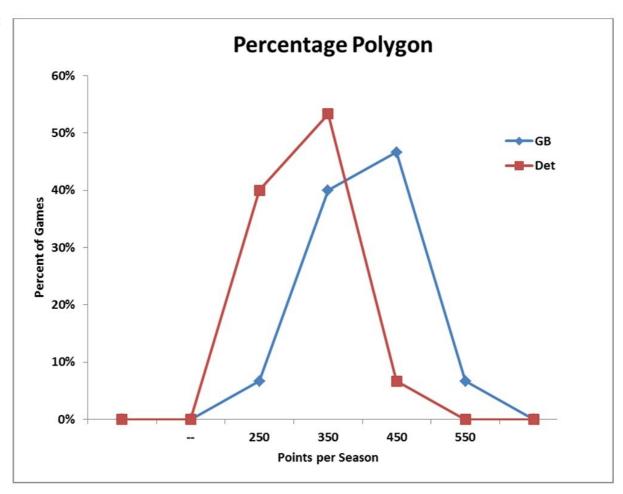


117) The following table shows the number of points scored by the Green Bay Packers and the Detroit Lions of the National Football League over 15 recent seasons.

Green	Bay						
560	388	461	419	435	301	298	424
442	398	390	353	357	408	422	
Detro	it						
474	362	262	268	346	305	254	296
270	306	270	307	322	306	379	

Use four classes, each with a class width of 100. Start classes with 201–300, 301–400, and so on, and construct a percentage polygon. What conclusions can you draw comparing these two teams?

Answer:



Green Bay tended to score more points per season than Detroit during this time span.

118) The following data show the monthly rental for a random sample of one-bedroom apartments in York, Pennsylvania.

Construct a cumulative relative frequency distribution for this data and determine the probability a randomly selected one-bedroom apartment will rent for less than \$700 per month.

Answer: Set
$$k = 5$$
 because $2^5 = 32 \ge 20$
Estimated Class Width = $\frac{\$840 - \$600}{5} = \$48 \approx \50

	_	Relative	Cumulative Relative
Monthly Rent	Frequency	Frequency	Frequency
\$600 to under \$650	2	0.10	0.10
\$650 to under \$700	5	0.25	0.35
\$700 to under \$750	3	0.15	0.50
\$750 to under \$800	8	0.40	0.90
\$800 to under \$850	2	0.10	1.00
Total	20	1.00	

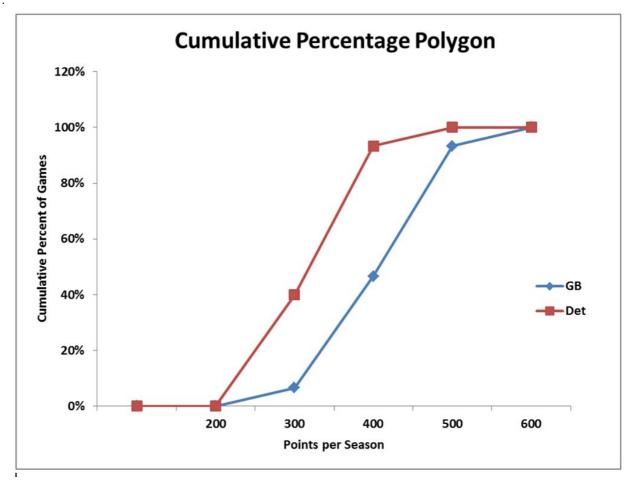
$$P(x < $700) = 0.35$$

119) The following table shows the number of points scored by the Green Bay Packers and the Detroit Lions of the National Football League over 15 recent seasons.

Green	Bay						
560	388	461	419	435	301	298	424
442	398	390	353	357	408	422	
Detroi	it						
474	362	262	268	346	305	254	296
270	306	270	307	322	306	379	

Use four classes, each with a class width of 100. Start classes with 201-300, 301-400, and so on, and construct a cumulative percentage polygon. What conclusions can you draw comparing these two teams?

Answer:



Green Bay tended to score more points per season than Detroit during this time span.

120) The following data show the monthly rental for a random sample of one-bedroom apartments in York, Pennsylvania.

Construct a relative frequency distribution for this data and determine the probability a randomly selected one-bedroom apartment will rent between \$700 and less than \$750 per month.

Answer: Set
$$k = 5$$
 because $2^5 = 32 \ge 20$

Estimated Class Width =
$$\frac{\$840 - \$600}{5} = \$48 \approx \$50$$

Monthly Rent	Frequency	Relative Frequency
\$600 to under \$650	2	0.10
\$650 to under \$700	5	0.25
\$700 to under \$750	3	0.15
\$750 to under \$800	8	0.40
\$800 to under \$850	2	0.10
Total	20	1.00

$$P(\$700 \le x < \$750) = 0.15$$

121) The following data show the monthly rental for a random sample of one-bedroom apartments in York, Pennsylvania.

\$600	\$615	\$660	\$660	\$675	\$680	\$690	\$700	\$720	\$725
\$755	\$760	\$775	\$775	\$780	\$780	\$780	\$785	\$810	\$840

Construct a frequency distribution for this data.

Answer: Set
$$k = 5$$
 because $2^5 = 32 \ge 20$

Estimated Class Width =
$$\frac{\$840 - \$600}{5} = \$48 \approx \$50$$

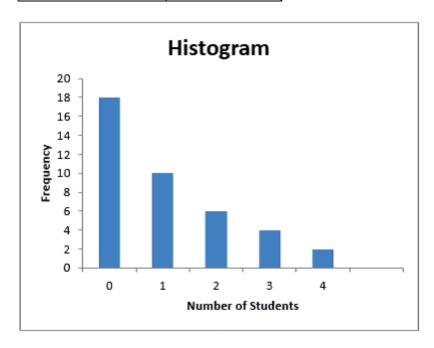
Monthly Rent	Frequency
\$600 to under \$650	2
\$650 to under \$700	5
\$700 to under \$750	3
\$750 to under \$800	8
\$800 to under \$850	2
Total	20

122) The following data shows the number of students that came to office hours per day for a particular faculty member.

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2
2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	4	4

Construct a histogram for this data.

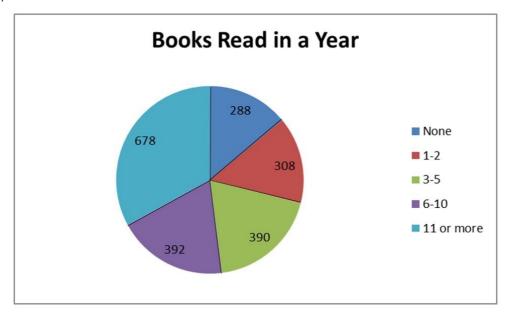
Number of Students	Frequency
0	18
1	10
2	6
3	4
4	2
Total	40



123) A survey of 2,056 adults was asked how many books they typically read in a year. The following table shows the frequency distribution of the respondents.

Response	Frequency
None	288
1-2	308
3-5	390
6-10	392
11 or more	678

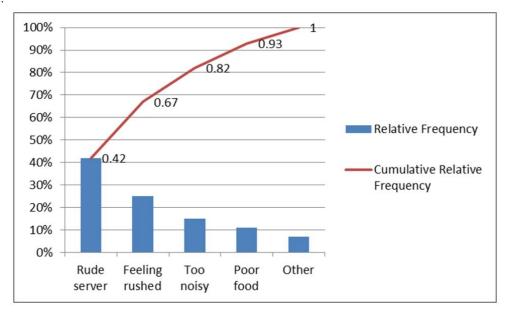
Construct a chart that best displays this data.



124) The following table shows the number of complaints recorded at a restaurant over the past several years.

Complaint	Frequency
Rude server	42
Feeling rushed	25
Too noisy	15
Poor food	11
Other	7

Construct a Pareto chart to display this data.



125) Chris is a photographer and sells two types of photography for consignment in an art store—landscapes and flower close-ups. She also sells each in three print sizes—8x10, 11x14, and 13x19 inches. The following table shows the number of prints of each type and size that have recently sold.

Type	Size	Type	Size
landscape	13x19	flower	11x14
landscape	11x14	landscape	11x14
flower	11x14	landscape	8x10
flower	8x10	flower	8x10
landscape	13x19	landscape	11x14
flower	8x10	landscape	13x19
flower	11x14	flower	11x14
flower	13x19	landscape	11x14
landscape	13x19	landscape	13x19

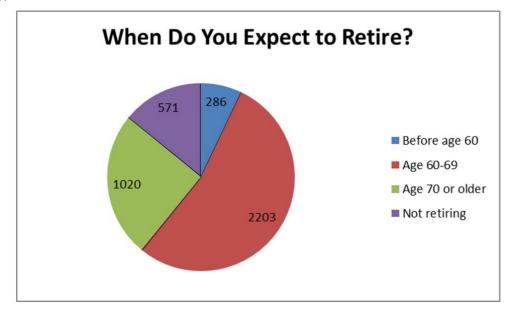
Construct a contingency table for this data.

	Landscape	Flower
8x10	1	3
11x14	4	4
13x19	5	1

126) A survey of 4,080 workers was asked when they expected to retire. The following table shows the frequency distribution of the respondents.

Response	Frequency	
Before age 60	286	
Age 60-69	2,203	
Age 70 or older	1,020	
Not retiring	571	

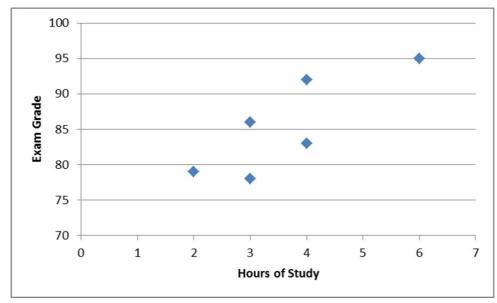
Construct a chart that best displays this data.



127) The following table shows the number of hours that six students studied for their statistics exam and their corresponding exam grades.

Hours of Study	Exam Grade
3	86
6	95
4	92
4	83
3	78
2	79

Construct a scatter plot to display this data. What conclusions can be drawn? Answer:

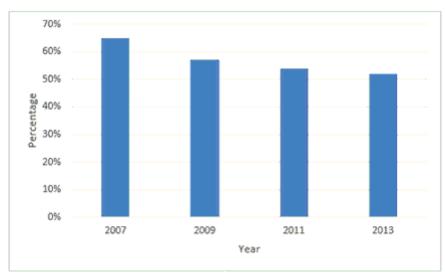


It appears that the students who studied longer, in general, did better on the exam.

128) The following table shows the percentage of adults invested in stocks through 401(k)s or mutual funds from a Gallup survey.

Year	Percentage
2007	65%
2009	57%
2011	54%
2013	52%

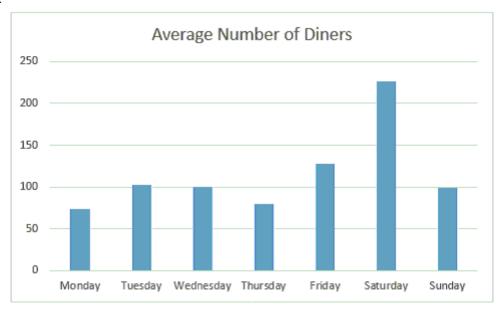
Construct the type of chart that would be most appropriate if the goal was to compare the percentages over time.



129) The following table shows the average number of diners at a restaurant during each day of the week.

Day	Average Number of Diners	
Monday	73	
Tuesday	102	
Wednesday	100	
Thursday	79	
Friday	128	
Saturday	227	
Sunday	99	

Construct the type of chart that would be most appropriate if the goal was to compare the number of diners during the week.



130) The following data show the number of pairs of men's New Balance sneakers that were sold over the last 25 weeks at a discount shoe store.

1	4	6	6	8	8	9	11	11
11	12	12	14	14	14	15	17	17
17	19	19	20	21	24	24		

Construct a relative frequency distribution for this data and determine the probability that between 6 to 10 pairs of New Balance shoes will be sold next week.

Answer: Set k = 5 because $2^5 = 32 \ge 25$.

Estimated Class Width =
$$\frac{24 - 1}{5}$$
 = 4.6 ≈ 5

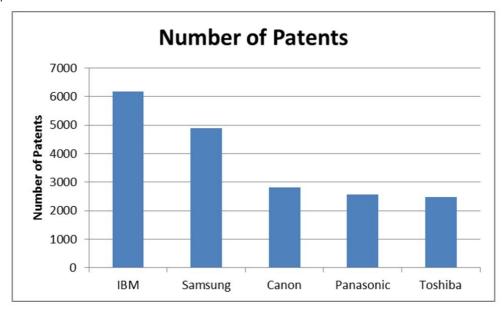
		Relative
Number of Pairs	Frequency	Frequency
1-5	2	0.08
6-10	5	0.20
11-15	9	0.36
16-20	6	0.24
21-25	3	0.12
Total	25	1.00

$$P(6 \le x \le 10) = 0.20$$

131) The following table shows the number of patents that various corporations filed in a recent year.

Company	Number of Patents	
IBM	6,180	
Samsung	4,894	
Canon	2,821	
Panasonic	2,559	
Toshiba	2,483	

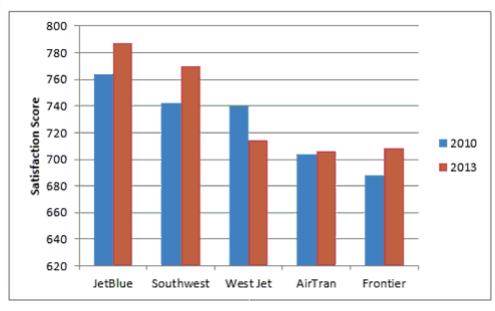
Construct the type of chart that would be most appropriate if the goal was to compare the number of patents among companies.



132) The following table shows customer satisfaction scores for five airlines in 2010 and 2013.

Airline	2010	2013
JetBlue	764	787
Southwest	742	770
West Jet	740	714
AirTran	704	706
Frontier	688	708

Construct the type of chart that would be most appropriate if the goal was to investigate changes in satisfaction scores for each airline between the two years.



133) Costco is a warehouse store that has two types of membership—standard and executive. The following table shows the gender and type of membership of the last 20 customers at a particular store.

Membership	Gender	Membership	Gender
standard	male	standard	female
executive	female	standard	male
standard	female	standard	female
executive	male	standard	male
standard	male	standard	female
executive	male	executive	female
standard	male	executive	female
executive	female	executive	male
standard	male	executive	female
executive	female	executive	female

Construct a contingency table for this data.

Answer:

	Standard	Executive
Female	4	7
Male	6	3

134) The following data shows the number of students that came to office hours per day for a particular faculty member.

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2
2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	4	4

Construct a cumulative relative frequency distribution for this data and determine the probability that fewer than three students will come to office hours today.

Answer:

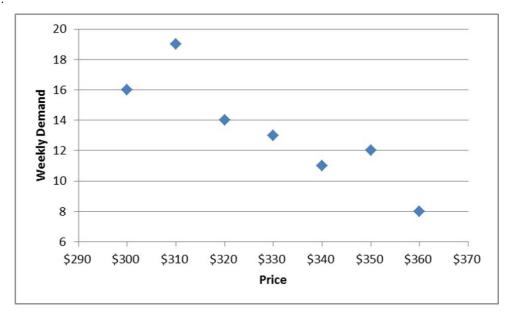
			Cumulative
Number of		Relative	Relative
Students	Frequency	Frequency	Frequency
0	18	0.45	0.45
1	10	0.25	0.70
2	6	0.15	0.85
3	4	0.10	0.95
4	2	0.05	1.00
Total	40	1.00	

P(x < 3) = 0.85

135) The following table shows the weekly demand for a particular digital camera and the corresponding price of that camera during the week.

Weekly Demand	Price
16	\$300
19	\$310
14	\$320
13	\$330
11	\$340
12	\$350
8	\$360

Construct a scatter plot to display this data. What conclusions can be drawn? Answer:



It appears that as the price increases, demand for the camera decreases.

136) The following data show the number of pairs of men's New Balance sneakers that were sold over the last 25 weeks at a discount shoe store.

1	4	6	6	8	8	9	11	11
11	12	12	14	14	14	15	17	17
17	19	19	20	21	24	24		

Construct a frequency distribution for this data.

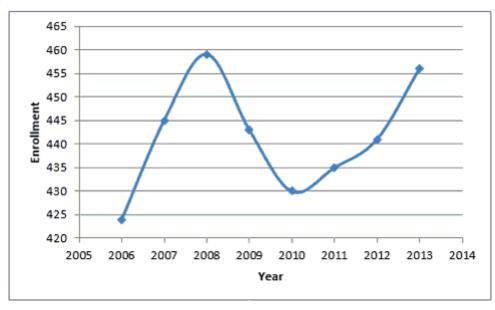
Answer: Set k = 5 because $2^5 = 32 \ge 25$. Estimated Class Width $= \frac{24 - 1}{5} = 4.6 \approx 5$

Number of Pairs	Frequency
1-5	2
6-10	5
11-15	9
16-20	6
21-25	3
Total	25

137) The following table shows the enrollment at a private grade school from 2006 until 2013.

Year	Enrollment
2006	424
2007	445
2008	459
2009	443
2010	430
2011	435
2012	441
2013	456

Construct a line chart to display this data.



138) The following data show the number of pairs of men's New Balance sneakers that were sold over the last 25 weeks at a discount shoe store.

1	4	6	6	8	8	9	11	11
11	12	12	14	14	14	15	17	17
17	19	19	20	21	24	24		

Construct a cumulative relative frequency distribution for this data and determine the probability that 15 or fewer pairs of New Balance shoes will be sold next week.

Answer: Set k = 5 because $2^5 = 32 \ge 25$.

Estimated Class Width = $\frac{24 - 1}{5}$ = 4.6 ≈ 5

Number of Pairs	Fraguancy	Relative Frequency	Cumulative Relative Frequency
Number of Pairs	Frequency	rrequericy	rrequericy
1-5	2	0.08	0.08
6-10	5	0.20	0.28
11-15	9	0.36	0.64
16-20	6	0.24	0.88
21-25	3	0.12	1.00
Total	25	1.00	

$$P(x \le 15) = 0.64$$

139) The following data represents the high ambient temperature for a particular city over the past 16 days.

52	56	56	58	59	60	62	65
69	73	73	74	76	76	77	78

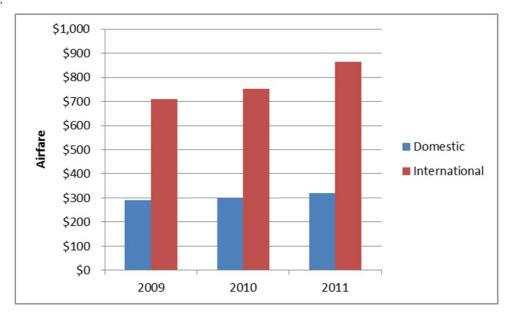
Construct a stem and leaf display for this data.

Answer: 5 | 26689 6 | 0259 7 | 3346678 140) The following table shows the average roundtrip airfare for domestic and international flights for each of three years.

Year	Domestic	International
2009	\$291	\$710
2010	\$302	\$753
2011	\$320	\$863

Construct the type of chart that would be most appropriate if the goal was to compare the domestic and international airfare.

Answer:



141) The following data shows the number of students that came to office hours per day for a particular faculty member.

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2
2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	4	4

Construct a relative frequency distribution for this data and determine the probability that one student will come to office hours today.

Number of		Relative
Students	Frequency	Frequency
0	18	0.45
1	10	0.25
2	6	0.15
3	4	0.10
4	2	0.05
Total	40	1.00

$$P(x = 1) = 0.25$$

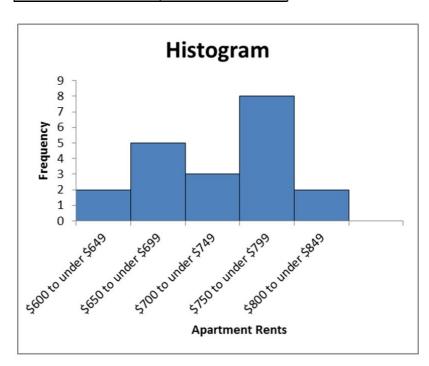
142) The following data show the monthly rental for a random sample of one-bedroom apartments in York, Pennsylvania.

Construct a histogram for this data.

Answer: Set k = 5 because $2^5 = 32 \ge 20$

Estimated Class Width =
$$\frac{\$840 - \$600}{5}$$
 = \$48 \approx \$50

Monthly Rent	Frequency
\$600 to under \$650	2
\$650 to under \$700	5
\$700 to under \$750	3
\$750 to under \$800	8
\$800 to under \$850	2
Total	20



143) The following data shows the number of students that came to office hours per day for a particular faculty member.

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2
2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	4	4

Construct a frequency distribution for this data.

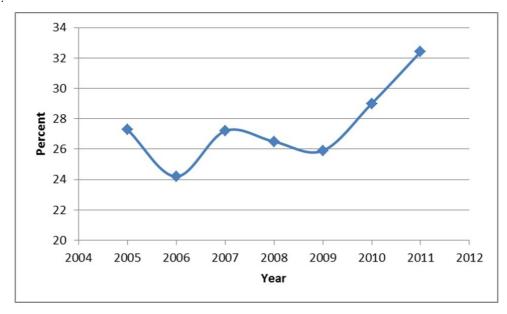
Answer:

Number of Students	Frequency
0	18
1	10
2	6
3	4
4	2
Total	40

144) The following table shows the percent of car sales that were SUVs from 2005 until 2011.

Year	Percent
2005	27.3
2006	24.2
2007	27.2
2008	26.5
2009	25.9
2010	29.0
2011	32.4

Construct a line chart to display this data.



145) The following data show the number of pairs of men's New Balance sneakers that were sold over the last 25 weeks at a discount shoe store.

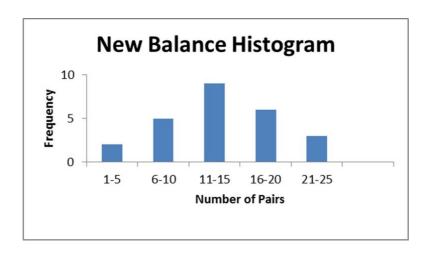
1	4	6	6	8	8	9	11	11
11	12	12	14	14	14	15	17	17
17	19	19	20	21	24	24		

Construct a histogram for this data.

Answer: Set k = 5 because $2^5 = 32 \ge 25$.

Estimated Class Width =
$$\frac{24 - 1}{5}$$
 = 4.6 ≈ 5

Number of Pairs	Frequency
1-5	2
6-10	5
11-15	9
16-20	6
21-25	3
Total	25



146) The following data represents the satisfaction scores from customers at a hotel on a 1-100 scale.

77	77	81	81	82	83	83	84	84	87
87	89	90	92	92	92	93	93	96	97

Construct a stem and leaf display for this data, splitting the stems in half.

Answer: 7(5) | 77

8(0) | 1 1 2 3 3 4 4

8(5) | 7 7 9

9(0) | 0 2 2 2 3 3

9(5) | 67

1) B

2) A

3) B

4) A

5) C 6) D 7) C

8) D

9) A

10) A 11) B

12) B

13) B 14) A

15) D

16) D

17) C

18) B

19) D

20) B

21) B

22) A

23) C

24) B 25) D

26) C

27) C

28) B

29) C

30) C

31) A

32) D

33) D

34) C

35) C 36) A

37) B

38) C

39) A

40) A

41) D

42) B 43) B

44) B

45) B

46) B

47) D

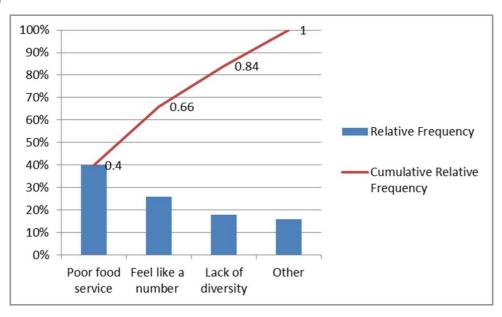
48) B

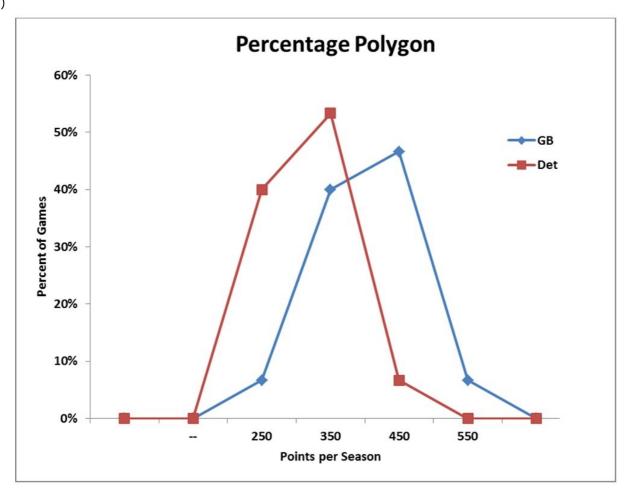
49) A

50) B

- 51) A
- 52) D
- 53) C
- 54) C
- 55) B
- 56) C
- 57) A
- 58) C
- 59) C
- 60) B
- 61) A
- 62) B
- 63) B
- 64) C
- 65) D
- 66) D
- 67) D
- 68) C
- 69) A
- 70) D
- 71) D
- 72)
- 73) TRUE
- 74) FALSE
- 75) FALSE
- **76) TRUE**
- 77) TRUE
- 78) TRUE
- 79) FALSE
- 80) FALSE
- 81) TRUE
- 82) TRUE
- 83) FALSE
- 84) TRUE
- 85) TRUE
- 86) TRUE
- 87) FALSE
- 88) TRUE
- 89) FALSE
- 90) FALSE
- 91) TRUE
- 92) FALSE
- 93) FALSE
- 94) FALSE
- 95) TRUE
- 96) TRUE
- 97) FALSE 98) TRUE
- 99) TRUE
- 100) FALSE

- 101) FALSE
- 102) FALSE
- 103) FALSE
- 104) TRUE
- 105) FALSE
- 106) TRUE
- 107) FALSE
- 108) TRUE
- 109) TRUE
- 110) FALSE
- 111) TRUE
- 111) TRUE
- 112) TRUE
- 113) TRUE
- 114) TRUE
- 115) FALSE
- 116)





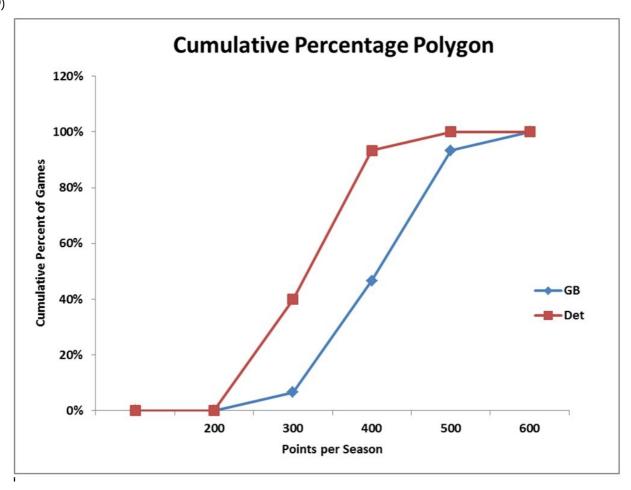
Green Bay tended to score more points per season than Detroit during this time span.

118) Set
$$k = 5$$
 because $2^5 = 32 \ge 20$

Estimated Class Width =
$$\frac{\$840 - \$600}{5} = \$48 \approx \$50$$

Monthly Rent	Frequency	Relative Frequency	Cumulative Relative Frequency
\$600 to under \$650	2	0.10	0.10
\$650 to under \$700	5	0.25	0.35
\$700 to under \$750	3	0.15	0.50
\$750 to under \$800	8	0.40	0.90
\$800 to under \$850	2	0.10	1.00
Total	20	1.00	

$$P(x < $700) = 0.35$$



Green Bay tended to score more points per season than Detroit during this time span.

120) Set
$$k = 5$$
 because $2^5 = 32 \ge 20$

Estimated Class Width =
$$\frac{\$840 - \$600}{5} = \$48 \approx \$50$$

Monthly Rent	Frequency	Relative Frequency
\$600 to under \$650	2	0.10
\$650 to under \$700	5	0.25
\$700 to under \$750	3	0.15
\$750 to under \$800	8	0.40
\$800 to under \$850	2	0.10
Total	20	1.00

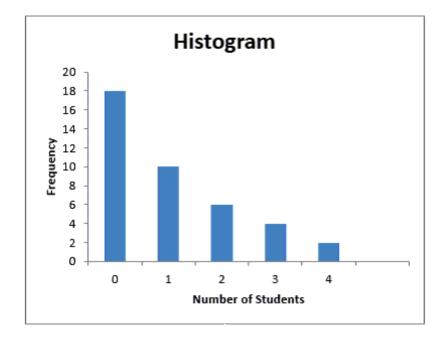
 $P(\$700 \le x < \$750) = 0.15$

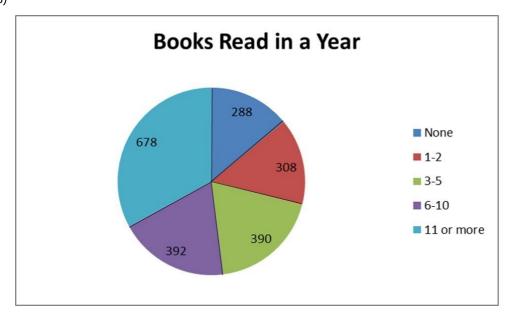
121) Set k = 5 because $2^5 = 32 \ge 20$ Estimated Class Width = $\frac{\$840 - \$600}{5} = \$48 \approx \50

Monthly Rent	Frequency
\$600 to under \$650	2
\$650 to under \$700	5
\$700 to under \$750	3
\$750 to under \$800	8
\$800 to under \$850	2
Total	20

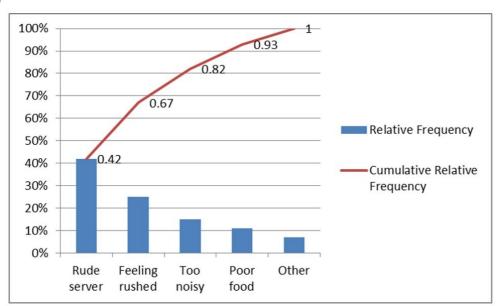
122)

Number of Students	Frequency
0	18
1	10
2	6
3	4
4	2
Total	40



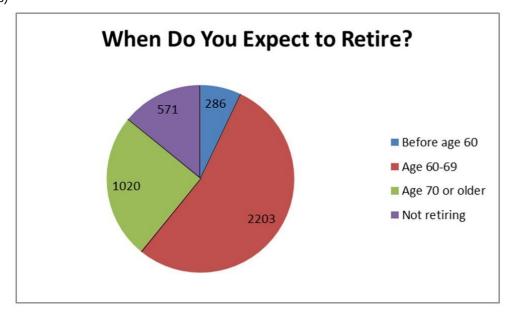


124)

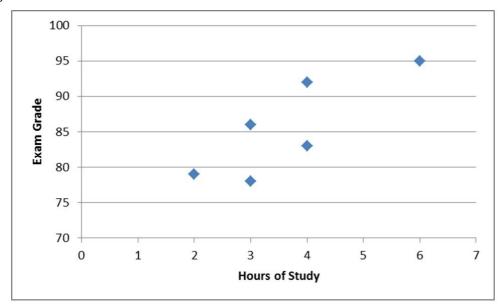


125)

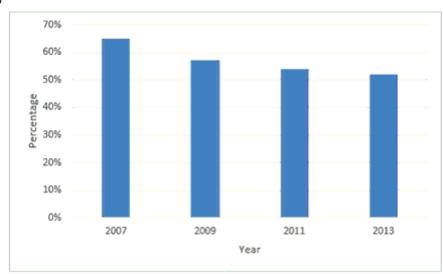
	Landscape	Flower
8x10	1	3
11x14	4	4
13x19	5	1



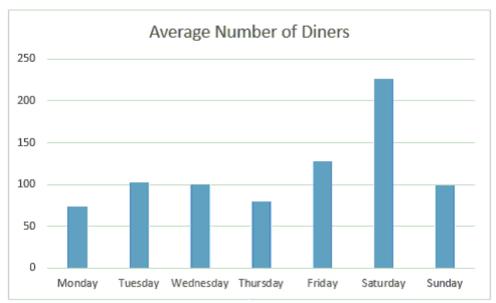
127)



It appears that the students who studied longer, in general, did better on the exam.



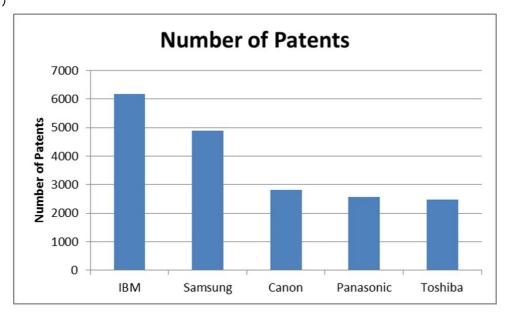
129)



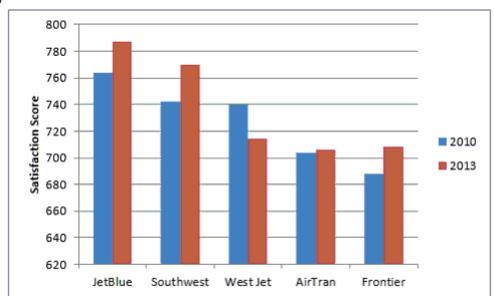
130) Set
$$k = 5$$
 because $2^5 = 32 \ge 25$.
Estimated Class Width = $\frac{24 - 1}{5} = 4.6 \approx 5$

		Relative
Number of Pairs	Frequency	Frequency
1-5	2	0.08
6-10	5	0.20
11-15	9	0.36
16-20	6	0.24
21-25	3	0.12
Total	25	1.00

$$P(6 \le x \le 10) = 0.20$$







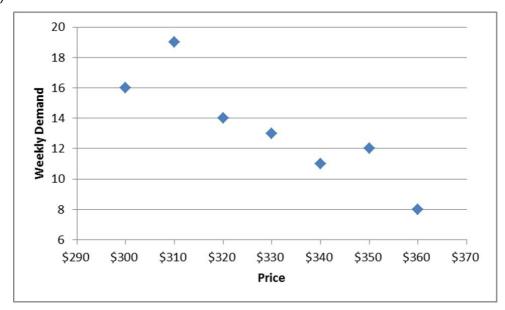
133)

	Standard	Executive
Female	4	7
Male	6	3

Number of Students	Frequency	Relative Frequency	Cumulative Relative Frequency
0	18	0.45	0.45
1	10	0.25	0.70
2	6	0.15	0.85
3	4	0.10	0.95
4	2	0.05	1.00
Total	40	1.00	

$$P(x < 3) = 0.85$$

135)

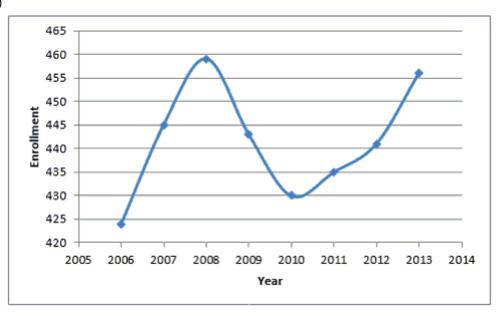


It appears that as the price increases, demand for the camera decreases.

136) Set
$$k = 5$$
 because $2^5 = 32 \ge 25$.

136) Set
$$k = 5$$
 because $2^5 = 32 \ge 25$.
Estimated Class Width $= \frac{24 - 1}{5} = 4.6 \approx 5$

Number of Pairs	Frequency
1-5	2
6-10	5
11-15	9
16-20	6
21-25	3
Total	25



138) Set
$$k = 5$$
 because $2^5 = 32 \ge 25$.
Estimated Class Width = $\frac{24 - 1}{5} = 4.6 \approx 5$

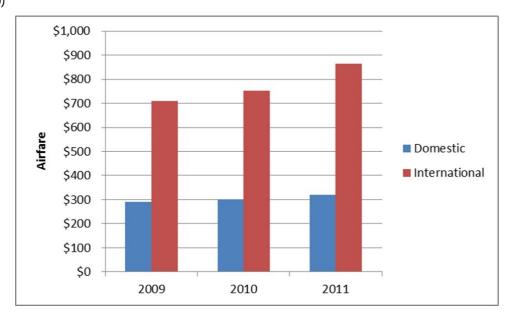
		Dalation	Cumulative
		Relative	Relative
Number of Pairs	Frequency	Frequency	Frequency
1-5	2	0.08	0.08
6-10	5	0.20	0.28
11-15	9	0.36	0.64
16-20	6	0.24	0.88
21-25	3	0.12	1.00
Total	25	1.00	

 $P(x \le 15) = 0.64$

139) 5 | 26689

6 | 0259

7 | 3 3 4 6 6 7 8



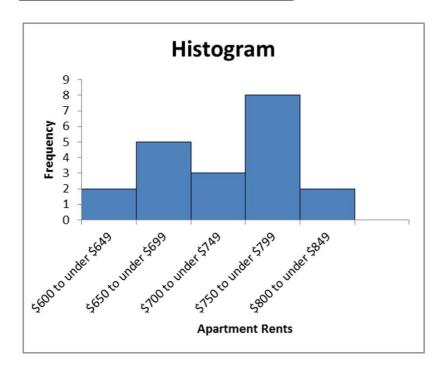
141)

' <u></u>		
Number of		Relative
Students	Frequency	Frequency
0	18	0.45
1	10	0.25
2	6	0.15
3	4	0.10
4	2	0.05
Total	40	1.00

$$P(x=1)=0.25$$

142) Set k = 5 because $2^5 = 32 \ge 20$ Estimated Class Width = $\frac{\$840 - \$600}{5} = \$48 \approx \50

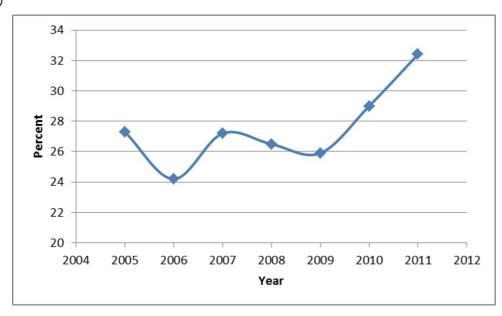
Monthly Rent	Frequency
\$600 to under \$650	2
\$650 to under \$700	5
\$700 to under \$750	3
\$750 to under \$800	8
\$800 to under \$850	2
Total	20



143)

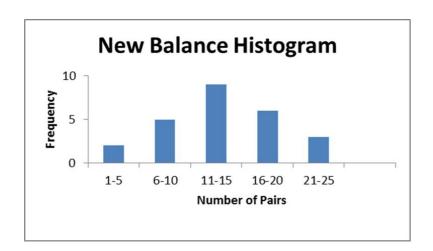
Number of Students	Frequency
0	18
1	10
2	6
3	4
4	2
Total	40





145) Set
$$k = 5$$
 because $2^5 = 32 \ge 25$.
Estimated Class Width = $\frac{24 - 1}{5} = 4.6 \approx 5$

Number of Pairs	Frequency
1-5	2
6-10	5
11-15	9
16-20	6
21-25	3
Total	25



146) 7(5) | 7 7 8(0) | 1 1 2 3 3 4 4 8(5) | 7 7 9 9(0) | 0 2 2 2 3 3 9(5) | 6 7