ch02 https://selldocx.com/products

Student: /test-bank-business-statistics-in-practice-2e-bowerman

1. A stem-and-leaf display is a graphical portrayal of a data set that shows the data set's overall pattern of variation.

True False

2. The median is the measure of central tendency that divides a population or sample into four equal parts.

True False

3. The population mean is the average of the population measurements.

True False

4. The mode is the measurement in a sample or population that occurs most frequently.

True False

5. The population mean is the point estimate of the sample mean.

True False

6. The median is said to be resistant to extreme values.

True False

7. The range of the measurement is the largest measurement plus the small measurement.

True False

8. The population variance is the average of the squared deviations of the individual population measurements from the population mean.

True False

9. In a symmetric population, the median equals the mode.

True False

10. It is appropriate to use the Empirical Rule to describe a population that is extremely skewed.

True False

11. The median is the value below which and above which approximately 50 percent of the measurements lie.

True False

12. An independent variable is a predictor variable that can be used to describe, predict, or control a dependent variable.

True False

13. The relative frequency is the frequency of a class divided by the total number of measurements.

True False

14. The box-and-whiskers display is a graphical portrayal of data sets that depict both the central tendency and variability of the data.

True False

15. When establishing the classes for a frequency table it is generally agreed that the more classes you use the better your frequency table will be.

True False

16. If there are 7 classes in a frequency distribution, then the fourth class will always contain the median.

True False

17.	The sample cumulative distribution function is non-decreasing. True False
18.	Range is a better measure of variation than standard deviation. True False
19.	A normal population has 99.73 percent of the population measurements within standard deviations of the mean. A. One B. Two C. Three D. Four E. Five
20.	A numeric characteristic of a sample is a(n) A. Mean B. Variance C. Statistic D. Parameter E. Scale
21.	All of the following are used to describe quantitative data except the A. Histogram B. Stem and Leaf C. Dot Plot D. Pie Chart E. Scatterplot
22.	All of the following are measures of central tendency except the A. Range B. Mode C. Mean D. Median
23.	An observation separated from the rest of the data is a(n) A. Absolute extreme B. Outlier C. Mode D. Quartile E. Median
24.	Which of the following graphs is for qualitative data? A. Histogram B. Bar Chart C. Time series plot D. Stem and leaf E. Scatterplot
25.	Which percentile describes the first quartile, Q1? A. 25 th B. 50 th C. 75 th D. 100 th E. 125 th

26.	Which percentile describes the third quartile, Q3? A. 25 th B. 50 th C. 75 th D. 100 th E. 125 th
27.	A plot of the values of a dependent variable y versus the values of an independent variable x is a plot. A. Runs B. Scatter C. Dot D. Time Series E. Bar
28.	A Stem and Leaf display is best used to A. Provide a point estimate of the variability of the data set. B. Provide a point estimate of the central tendency of the data set. C. Display the shape of the distribution. D. Both (A) and (B) are correct E. None of the above (A, B, and C) are correct
29.	When grouping a large sample of items into classes, the is a better tool than the A. histogram stem and leaf display B. box plot histogram C. stem and leaf display scatter plot D. scatter plot box plot E. box plot scatter plot
30.	A displays the frequency of each group with qualitative data and a displays the frequency of each group with quantitative data. A. histogram stem and leaf display B. bar chart histogram C. scatter plot bar chart D. stem and leaf pie chart E. scatter plot pie chart
31.	A shows the relationship between two variables A. Box plot B. Bar chart C. Histogram D. Scatter Plot E. Pie chart
32.	In a given data set the 25 th percentile is equal the lower hinge. A. Always B. Sometimes C. Never
33.	An airline company is, on average, late 10 minutes for arrivals. If the variance for the lateness statistic is 9, then the coefficient of variation is A. 3 B. 300 C. 10 D. 90 E. 30

34.	are used to describe qualitative (categorical) data. A. Stem and leaf displays and scatter plots. B. Scatter plots and box plots C. Box plots and bar charts D. Bar charts and pie charts E. Pie charts and histograms
35.	Which of the following is influenced the least by the occurrence of extreme values in a sample? A. Mean B. Median C. Mode D. Geometric mean E. Weighted mean
36.	If a population distribution is positively skewed (to the right), then, given a random sample from that population, one would expect that the A. median would be greater than the mean. B. mode would be equal to the mean. C. median would never equal the mode. D. median would be equal to the mean. E. median would be less than the mean.
37.	If a statistics course is determined by three exams. Exam 1 is worth 25% of the course grade. Exam 2 is worth 35% of the course grade. Exam 3 is worth 40% of the course grade. Calculate the term grade for a student with a 52% for the first exam, 63% for the second exam, and 75% for the third exam. A. 45.75% B. 65.05% C. 55.25% D. 36.35% E. 63.00%
38.	If the mean, median, and mode for a given population all equal 25, then we know that its distribution is A. Bimodal B. Skewed to the right C. Symmetric D. Skewed to the left
39.	If one intends to compare the relative variation between two samples involving two different quantitative variables with different measurement scales, then the most appropriate way is to compare the two samples: A. Standard deviations B. Variances C. Coefficient of variations D. Ranges E. Interquartile ranges
40.	A disadvantage of using grouping (a frequency table) with sample data is that: A Calculations involving central tendency and variation are more complicated than central tendency and variation calculations based on ungrouped data. B. The descriptive statistics are less precise than the descriptive statistics obtained using ungrouped data. C. The interpretation of the grouped data descriptive statistics is meaningless. D. It is much more difficult to summarize the information than it is with the ungrouped data. E. It is more difficult to interpret a pie chart.

41.	When developing a frequency distribution the class (group), intervals should be A. large. B. small. C. integer. D. mutually exclusive. E. equal.
42.	When using the Chebyshev's theorem to obtain the bounds for a 99.73 percent of the values in a population, the interval generally will be the interval obtained for the same percentage if normal distribution is assumed (empirical rule). A. Shorter than B. Wider than C. The same as
43.	Which of the following graphical tools is not used to study the shapes of distributions? A. Stem-and-Leaf display B. Scatter plot C. Histogram D. Dot plot E. Cumulative frequency distribution
44.	Score x would be considered an outlier if: A. x = 15, mean = 20, standard deviation = 3 B. x = 15, mean = 50, standard deviation = 30 C. x = 15, mean = 25, standard deviation = 5 D. x = 15, mean = 10, standard deviation = 100 E. x = 15, mean = 50, standard deviation = 10
45.	A quantity that measures the variation of a population or a sample relative to its mean is called the
	A. Range B. Standard deviation C. Coefficient of variation D. Variance E. Interquartile range
46.	As a measure of variation, the sample is easy to understand and compute. It is based on the two extreme values and is therefore a highly unstable measure. A. Range B. Standard deviation C. Variance D. Interquartile range E. Coefficient of variation
47.	If there are 130 values in a data set, how many classes should be created for a frequency histogram? A. 4 B. 5 C. 6 D. 7 E. 8
48.	If there are 120 values in a data set, how many classes should be created for a frequency histogram? A. 4 B. 5 C. 6 D. 7 E. 8

49.	If there are 62 values in a data set, how many classes should be created for a frequency histogram? A. 4 B. 5 C. 6 D. 7 E. 8
50.	If there are 30 values in a data set, how many classes should be created for a frequency histogram? A. 4 B. 5 C. 6 D. 7 E. 8
A C	the following to answer questions 51-55: FO is looking at how much of a company's resources are spent on computing. The CFO samples apanies in the pharmaceutical industry and developed the following stem-and-leaf graph.
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	137
51.	What is the approximate shape of the distribution of the data? A. Normal B. Skewed to the right C. Skewed to the left D. Bimodal E. Uniform
52.	What is the smallest percent spent on computing? A. 5.9 B. 5.6 C. 5.2 D. 5.02 E. 50.2
53.	If a frequency histogram were to be created using these data, how many classes would you create? A. 4 B. 5 C. 6 D. 7 E. 8
54.	What would be the class length that would be used in creating a frequency histogram? A. 1.4 B. 8.3 C. 1.2 D. 1.7 E. 0.9

55.	What would be the first class interval for the frequency histogra A. 5.2 - 6.5 B. 5.2 - 6.0 C. 5.0 - 6.0 D. 5.2 - 6.6 E. 5.2 - 6.4	am?	
	e the following to answer questions 56-58: ocal airport keeps track of the percentage of flights arriving with	iin 15 m	ninutes of their scheduled
		76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83	9 114 07 88 2 1 88
arri	vals. The stem-and-leaf plot of the data for one year is below:	0.5	00
56.	What is the sample size? A. 7 B. 9 C. 10 D. 11 E. 12		
57.	In developing a histogram of these data, how many classes wou A. 4 B. 5 C. 6 D. 7 E. 8	ıld be u	sed?
58.	What would be the class length for creating the frequency histor A. 1.4 B. 0.8 C. 2.7 D. 1.7 E. 2.3	gram?	
	e the following to answer questions 59-61: company collected the ages from a random sample of its middle	manage	ers with the resulting frequency
	Class Interval Frequency		

Class Interval	rrequency
20 to <25	8
25 to < 30	6
30 to <35	5
35 to <40	12
40 to < 45	15
45 to < 50	7

distribution shown below:

- 59. What would be the approximate shape of the relative frequency histogram?
 - A. Uniform
 - B. Normal
 - C. Bimodal
 - D. Skewed to the left
 - E. Skewed to the right

60.	What is the relative frequency for the largest interval? A132 B226 C231 D283 E288
61.	What is the midpoint of the third class interval? A. 22.5 B. 27.5 C. 32.5 D. 37.5 E. 42.5
	Use the following to answer questions 62-64: In a statistic class, 10 scores were randomly selected with the following results were obtained: 74, 73, 77, 71, 68, 65, 77, 67, 66
62.	What is the mean? A. 71.5 B. 72.0 C. 77.0 D. 71.0 E. 73.0
63.	What is the median? A. 71.5 B. 72.0 C. 77.0 D. 71.0 E. 73.0
64.	What is the mode? A. 71.5 B. 72.0 C. 77.0 D. 71.0 E. 73.0
	Use the following to answer questions 65-67: The numbers of rooms for 15 homes recently sold were: 8, 8, 8, 5, 9, 8, 7, 6, 6, 7, 7, 7, 9, 9
65.	What is the mean? A. 8.0 B. 7.0 C. 6.0 D. 9.0 E. 7.4
66.	What is the median? A. 8.0 B. 7.0 C. 6.0 D. 9.0 E. 7.4

67.	What is the mode? A. 8.0 B. 7.0 C. 6.0 D. 9.0 E. 7.4
	Use the following to answer questions 68-70: The values given below are snow depths measured as part of a study of satellite observations and water resources. 19, 18, 12, 25, 22, 8, 8, 16
68.	What is the mean? A. 8 B. 23.5 C. 16 D. 17 E. 18
69.	What is the median? A. 8 B. 23.5 C. 16 D. 17 E. 18
70.	What is the mode? A. 8 B. 23.5 C. 16 D. 17 E. 18
	Use the following to answer questions 71-73: In a hearing test, subjects estimate the loudness (in decibels) of sound, and the results are: 68, 67, 70, 71, 68, 75, 68, 62, 80, 73, 68
71.	What is the mean? A. 70 B. 75 C. 68 D. 71 E. 80
72.	What is the median? A. 70 B. 75 C. 68 D. 71 E. 80
73.	What is the mode? A. 70 B. 75 C. 68 D. 71 E. 80

Use the following to answer questions 74-76:

The reaction time is seconds to a stop light of a group of adult men were found to be 0.74, 0.71, 0.41, 0.82, 0.74, 0.85, 0.99, 0.71, 0.57, 0.85, 0.57, 0.55

- 74. What is the mean?
 - A. 0.709
 - B. 0.710
 - C. 0.920
 - D. 0.725
 - E. 0.550
- 75. What is the median?
 - A. 0.709
 - B. 0.710
 - C. 0.920
 - D. 0.725
 - E. 0.550
- 76. What is the mode?
 - A. 0.709
 - B. 0.710
 - C. 0.920
 - D. 0.725
 - E. 0.550

Use the following to answer questions 77-79:

In a rating of the satisfaction with their instructor, 13 students gave the following scores from a scale of 1 to 5:

- 3, 2, 1, 1, 5, 5, 4, 3, 3, 2, 4, 3, 3
- 77. What is the mean?
 - A. 3
 - B. 5
 - C. 2
 - D. 4
 - E. 3.25
- 78. What is the median?
 - A. 3
 - B. 5
 - C. 2
 - D. 4
 - E. 3.25
- 79. What is the mode?
 - A. 3
 - B. 5
 - C. 2
 - D. 4
 - E. 3.25

Use the following to answer questions 80-82:

The company financial officer was interested in the average cost of PCs that had been purchased in the past six months. A random sample of the price of 10 computers was taken with the following results: \$3,250, \$1,127, \$2,995, \$3,250, \$3,445, \$3,449, \$1,482, \$6,120, \$3,009, \$4,000

- 80. What is the mean?
 A. 3447
 B. 3213
 C. 3250
 - D. 6120 E. 3445
- 81. What is the median?
 - A. 3447
 - B. 3213
 - C. 3250
 - D. 6120
 - E. 3445
- 82. What is the mode?
 - A. 3447
 - B. 3213
 - C. 3250
 - D. 6120
 - E. 3445

Use the following to answer questions 83-85:

The local amusement park was interested in the average wait time at their most popular roller coaster at the peak park time (2 p.m.). They selected 13 patrons and had them get in line between 2 and 3 p.m. Each was given a stop watch to record the time they spent in line. The times recorded were as follows (in minutes):

118, 124, 108, 116, 99, 120, 148, 118, 119, 121, 45, 130, 118

- 83. What is the mean?
 - A. 114.15
 - B. 118
 - C. 148
 - D. 45
 - E. 115.5
- 84. What is the median?
 - A. 114.15
 - B. 118
 - C. 148
 - D. 45
 - E. 115.5
- 85. What is the mode?
 - A. 114.15
 - B. 118
 - C. 148
 - D. 45
 - E. 115.5

Use the following to answer questions 86-88:

Quality control is an important issue at ACME Company which manufacturers light bulbs. In order to conduct testing of the life hours of their light bulbs, they randomly sampled nine light bulbs and measured how many hours they lasted.

378, 361, 350, 375, 200, 391, 375, 368, 321

86.	What is the mean? A. 375 B. 368 C. 389.9 D. 200 E. 346.6
87.	What is the median? A. 375 B. 368 C. 389.9 D. 200 E. 346.6
88.	What is the mode? A. 375 B. 368 C. 389.9 D. 200 E. 346.6
Tw nur the	e the following to answer questions 89-91: enty students were randomly selected from a business statistics course and were asked to report the order of times that they had eaten a meal at the university's cafeteria within the past month. Below are values reported: 8, 10, 11, 8, 6, 10, 9, 9, 8, 13, 12, 8, 11, 11, 14, 8, 7, 10, 12
89.	What is the mean? A. 8 B. 9.6 C. 9.5 D. 10.5 E. 9
90.	What is the median? A. 8 B. 9.6 C. 9.5 D. 10.5 E. 9
91.	What is the mode? A. 8 B. 9.6 C. 9.5 D. 10.5 E. 9
92.	Find the coefficient of variation for an IQ test with a mean of 100 and a standard deviation of 15. A. 15.0 B. 6.7 C. 0.15 D. 1.5 E. 67

93.	Find the z-score for an IQ test score of 142 when the mean is 100 and the standard deviation is 15. A. 42 B. 2.8 C. 18.78 D. 1.27 E2.8
94.	Find the z-score for an IQ test score of 922 when the mean is 100 and the standard deviation is 15. A. 0.53 B. 0.77 C0.77 D0.53 E8.00
95.	Find the z-score for an IQ test score of 118 when the mean is 100 and the standard deviation is 15. A. 1.2 B. 1.0 C. 18.0 D1.03 E1.2
96.	Find the z-score for an IQ test score of 125 when the mean is 100 and the standard deviation is 15. A. 25 B. 1.1 C. 1.67 D1.1 E1.67
97.	Using Chebyshev's Rule, find the interval that contains at least 93.75% of all measurements when mean = 2.549 and $s = 1.828$. A. $[-2.935\ 8.033]$ B. $[-1.107\ 6.205]$ C. $[-26.699\ 31.797]$ D. $[2.435\ 2.663]$ E. $[-4.763\ 9.861]$
Acc a da	e the following to answer questions 98-100: cording to a survey of the top 10 employers in a major city, a worker spends an average of 413 minutes ay on the job. Suppose the standard deviation is 26.8 minutes and the time spent is approximately a mal distribution.
98.	What are the times that approximately 68.26% of all workers will fall? A. [394.8 431.2] B. [386.2 439.8] C. [372.8 453.2] D. [359.4 466.6] E. [332.6 493.4]
99.	What are the times that approximately 95.44% of all workers will fall? A. [387.5 438.5] B. [386.2 439.8] C. [372.8 453.2] D. [359.4 466.6] E. [332.6 493.4]

100.What are the times that approximately 99.73% of all workers will fall? A. [305.8 520.2] B. [386.2 439.8] C. [372.8 453.2] D. [359.4 466.6] E. [332.6 493.4]	
101. According to Chebyshev's Theorem, at least what proportion of the data will be within $\mu \pm k\sigma$ for	or k = 2?
A. 68% B. 50% C. 25% D. 75% E. 34%	
102. According to Chebyshev's Theorem, at least what proportion of the data will be within $\mu^{\pm k\sigma}$ fo 2.5? A. 16% B. 40% C. 68% D. 60% E. 84%	or k =
103. According to Chebyshev's Theorem, at least what proportion of the data will be within $\mu^{\pm k\sigma}$ for 1.6? A. 39% B. 58% C. 68% D. 61% E. 92%	or k =
104. According to Chebyshev's Theorem, at least what proportion of the data will be within $\mu^{\pm k\sigma}$ for 3.2? A. 90% B. 95% C. 84% D. 97% E. 10%	or k =
105.According to Chebyshev's theorem, how many standard deviations from the range would include 80% of the values? A. 5.0 B. 2.2 C. 2.5 D. 1.6 E. 2.0	at least
Use the following to answer questions 106-108: In a statistic class, 10 scores were randomly selected with the following results were obtained (me 71.5): 74, 73, 77, 77, 71, 68, 65, 77, 67, 66	ean =
106.What is the range? A. 22.72 B. 12.00 C. 4.77 D. 516.20 E. 144.00	

107. What is the variance? A. 22.72 B. 12.00 C. 4.77 D. 516.20 E. 144.00
108. What is the standard deviation? A. 22.72 B. 12.00 C. 4.77 D. 516.20 E. 144.00
Use the following to answer questions 109-111: The numbers of rooms for 15 homes recently sold were (mean = 7.4): 8, 8, 8, 5, 9, 8, 7, 6, 6, 7, 7, 7, 7, 9, 9
109. What is the range? A. 1.183 B. 1.400 C. 4.00 D. 16.00 E. 1.96
110.What is the variance? A. 1.183 B. 1.400 C. 4.00 D. 16.00 E. 1.96
111.What is the standard deviation? A. 1.183 B. 1.400 C. 4.00 D. 16.00 E. 1.96
Use the following to answer questions 112-114: The values given below are snow depths measured as part of a study of satellite observations and water resources (mean = 16). 19, 18, 12, 25, 22, 8, 8, 16
112. What is the range? A. 39.14 B. 6.26 C. 17 D. 289 E. 18
113.What is the variance? A. 39.14 B. 6.26 C. 17 D. 289 E. 18

114. What is the standard deviation? A. 39.14 B. 6.26 C. 17 D. 289 E. 18 Use the following to answer questions 115-117: In a hearing test, subjects estimate the loudness (in decibels) of sound, and the results are (mean = 70):
115. What is the range? A. 18 B. 4.73 C. 22.40 D. 324 E. 6.76
116.What is the variance? A. 18 B. 4.73 C. 22.40 D. 324 E. 6.76
117. What is the standard deviation? A. 18 B. 4.73 C. 22.40 D. 324 E. 6.76
Use the following to answer questions 118-120: The reaction time in seconds to a stop light for a group of adult men were found to be 0.74, 0.71, 0.41, 0.82, 0.74, 0.85, 0.99, 0.71, 0.57, 0.85, 0.57, 0.55 (mean = .709)
118. What is the range? A. 0.026 B. 0.052 C. 0.580 D. 0.1613 E. 0.0007
119. What is the variance? A. 0.026 B. 0.052 C. 0.580 D. 0.1613 E. 0.0007
120. What is the standard deviation? A. 0.026 B. 0.052 C. 0.580 D. 0.1613 E. 0.0007

Use the following to answer questions 121-123:

In a rating of the satisfaction with their instructor, 13 students gave the following scores from a scale of 1 to 5 (mean = 3):

- 3, 2, 1, 1, 5, 5, 4, 3, 3, 2, 4, 3, 3
- 121. What is the range?
 - A. 3
 - B. 4
 - C. 1.291
 - D. 1.667
 - E. 2.779
- 122. What is the variance?
 - A. 3
 - B. 4
 - C. 1.291
 - D. 1.667
 - E. 2.779
- 123. What is the standard deviation?
 - A. 3
 - B. 4
 - C. 1.291
 - D. 1.667
 - E. 2.779

Use the following to answer questions 124-126:

The company financial officer was interested in the average cost of PCs that had been purchased in the past six months. A random sample of the price of 10 computers was taken with the following results (mean = \$3.213):

\$3,250, \$1,127, \$2,995, \$3,250, \$3,445, \$3,449, \$1,482, \$6,120, \$3,009, \$4,000

- 124. What is the range?
 - A. 1359
 - B. 4993
 - C. 1846575
 - D. 3587
 - E. 1976454
- 125. What is the variance?
 - A. 1359
 - B. 4993
 - C. 1846575
 - D. 3587
 - E. 1976454
- 126. What is the standard deviation?
 - A. 1359
 - B. 4993
 - C. 1846575
 - D. 3587
 - E. 1976454

Use the following to answer questions 127-129:

The local amusement park was interested in the average wait time at their most popular roller coaster at the peak park time (2 p.m.). They selected 13 patrons and had them get in line between 2 and 3 p.m. Each was given a stop watch to record the time they spent in line. The times recorded were as follows (in minutes) (mean = 114.15):

118, 124, 108, 116, 99, 120, 148, 118, 119, 121, 45, 130, 118

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127. What is the range?
A. 103
B. 23.62
C. 557.97
D. 128.8
E. 115

128. What is the variance?
A. 103
B. 23.62
C. 557.97
D. 128.8
E. 115
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129. What is the standard deviation?

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A. 103
B. 23.62
C. 557.97
D. 128.8
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E. 115

Use the following to answer questions 130-132:

Quality control is an important issue at ACME Company which manufacturers light bulbs. In order to conduct testing of the life hours of their light bulbs, they randomly sampled nine light bulbs and measured how many hours they lasted (mean = 346.6).

378, 361, 350, 375, 200, 391, 375, 368, 321

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130. What is the range?
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A. 342.43
B. 3424.3
C. 58.5
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D. 191

E. 10609

131. What is the variance?

A. 342.43

B. 3424.3

C. 58.5

D. 191

E. 10609

132. What is the standard deviation?

A. 342.43

B. 3424.3

C. 58.5

D. 191

E. 10609

Use the following to answer questions 133-135:

Time to degree has become a "hot" topic with federal legislators. At one state university it was necessary to do a quick calculation when one of the local congressmen called the president. Twenty students were randomly selected from the most recent graduating class and the number of semesters they were enrolled was calculated (mean = 9.6)

7, 8, 10, 11, 8, 6, 10, 9, 9, 8, 13, 12, 8, 11, 11, 14, 8, 7, 10, 12

133. What is the range? A. 8 B. 2.162 C. 9.5 D. 4.674 E. 21.846
134. What is the variance? A. 8 B. 2.162 C. 9.5 D. 4.674 E. 21.846
135.What is the standard deviation? A. 8 B. 2.162 C. 9.5 D. 4.674 E. 21.846
Use the following to answer questions 136-143: In a statistic class, 10 scores were randomly selected with the following results were obtained: 74, 73, 77, 77, 71, 68, 65, 77, 67, 66
136.What is the 90 th percentile? A. 77 B. 73 C. 74 D. 67 E. 65.9
137. What is the third quartile? A. 65.9 B. 67.3 C. 66.75 D. 73.85 E. 77.0
138. What is the first quartile? A. 65.9 B. 67.3 C. 66.75 D. 73.85 E. 77.0
139.What is the 10 th percentile? A. 65.9 B. 67.3 C. 66.75 D. 73.85 E. 77.0
140.What is the 65 th percentile? A. 65.9 B. 67.3 C. 66.75 D. 73.85 E. 77.0

141.What is the IQR? A. 12.00 B. 5.25 C. 10.25 D. 5.00 E. 11.00
142. What are the inner fences? A. 15.375, 30.75 B. 82.125, 92.375 C. 97.50, 107.75 D. 51.375, 92.375 E. 35.95, 107.75
143. What are the outer fences? A. 15.375, 30.75 B. 51.375, 92.375 C. 35.95, 107.75 D. 82.125, 92.375 E. 97.50, 107.75
Use the following to answer questions 144-151: The numbers of rooms for 15 home recently sold were; 8, 8, 8, 5, 9, 8, 7, 6, 6, 7, 7, 7, 7, 9, 9
144. What is the 90 th percentile? A. 9 B. 8 C. 7 D. 6 E. 5
145. What is the third quartile? A. 9 B. 8 C. 7 D. 6 E. 5
146. What is the first quartile? A. 9 B. 8 C. 7 D. 6 E. 5
147. What is the 10 th percentile? A. 9 B. 8 C. 7 D. 6 E. 5
148. What is the 65 th percentile? A. 9 B. 8 C. 7 D. 6 E. 5

149.What is the IQR? A. 15 B. 1.5 C. 3 D. 4 E. 1
150. What are the inner fences? A. 4, 11 B. 8.5, 9.5 C. 5.5, 9.5 D. 10, 9.5 E. 5.5, 10
151. What are the outer fences? A. 5.5, 9.5 B. 4, 11 C. 8.5, 9.5 D. 10, 9.5 E. 5.5, 10
Use the following to answer questions 152-159: The values given below are snow depths measured as part of a study of satellite observations and wate resources. 19, 18, 12, 25, 22, 8, 8, 16
152. What is the 90 th percentile? A. 8 B. 22.9 C. 18.55 D. 9 E. 21.25
153. What is the third quartile? A. 8 B. 22.9 C. 18.55 D. 9 E. 21.25
154. What is the first quartile? A. 8 B. 22.9 C. 18.55 D. 9 E. 21.25
155. What is the 10 th percentile? A. 8 B. 22.9 C. 18.55 D. 9 E. 21.25

156.What is the 65 th percentile? A. 8 B. 22.9 C. 18.55 D. 9 E. 21.25
157. What is the IQR? A. 12.25 B. 18.375 C. 36.75 D. 21.25 E. 30.25
158. What are the inner fences? A. 27.375, 39.625 B9.375, 39.625 C27.75, 58.00 D. 45.75, 58.00 E. 18.375, 36.75
159. What are the outer fences? A9.375, 39.625 B27.75, 58.00 C. 27.375, 39.625 D. 45.75, 58.00 E. 18.375, 36.75
Use the following to answer questions 160-167: In a hearing test, subjects estimate the loudness (in decibels) of sound, and the results are; 68, 67, 70, 71, 68, 75, 68, 62, 80, 73, 68
160. What is the 90 th percentile? A. 73 B. 68 C. 70.5 D. 67 E. 75
161. What is the third quartile? A. 73 B. 68 C. 70.5 D. 67 E. 75
162. What is the first quartile? A. 73 B. 68 C. 70.5 D. 67 E. 75
163. What is the 10 th percentile? A. 73 B. 68 C. 70.5 D. 67 E. 75

164. What is the 65th percentile? A. 73 B. 68 C. 70.5 D. 67 E. 75 165. What is the IQR? A. 18 B. 6 C. 5 D. 7.5 E. 15 166. What are the inner fences? A. 75.5, 80.5 B. 83, 88 C. 60.5, 80.5 D. 53, 88 E. 7.5, 15 167. What are the outer fences? A. 60.5, 80.5 B. 75.5, 80.5 C. 53, 88 D. 83, 88 E. 7.5, 15 Use the following to answer questions 168-175: The reaction time (in seconds) to a stop at a red light for a group of adult men was found to be 0.74, 0.71, 0.41, 0.82, 0.74, 0.85, 0.99, 0.71, 0.57, 0.85, 0.57, 0.55 168. What is the 90th percentile? A. 0.752 B. 0.552 C. 0.85 D. 0.8425 E. 0.57 169. What is the third quartile? A. 0.752 B. 0.552 C. 0.85 D. 0.8425 E. 0.57 170. What is the first quartile? A. 0.752 B. 0.552 C. 0.85 D. 0.8425 E. 0.57 171. What is the 10th percentile? A. 0.752 B. 0.552 C. 0.85 D. 0.8425

E. 0.57

172. What is the 65 th percentile? A. 0.752 B. 0.552 C. 0.85 D. 0.8425 E. 0.57
173.What is the IQR? A2725 B8175 C40875 D57 E8425
174. What are the inner fences? A97875, 1.25125 B. 1.3875, 1.66 C2475, 1.66 D40875, .8175 E16125, 1.25125
175. What are the outer fences? A2475, 1.66 B16125, 1.25125 C97875, 1.25125 D. 1.3875, 1.66 E40875, .8175
Use the following to answer questions 176-183: In a rating of the satisfaction with their instructor, 13 students gave the following scores from a scale of to 5; 3, 2, 1, 1, 5, 5, 4, 3, 3, 2, 4, 3, 3
176.What is the 90 th percentile? A. 1.2 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4 E. 4.8
177. What is the third quartile? A. 1.2 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4 E. 4.8
178. What is the first quartile? A. 1.2 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4 E. 4.8

179. What is the 10 th percentile? A. 1.2 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4 E. 4.8
180.What is the 65 th percentile? A. 1.2 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4 E. 4.8
181.What is the IQR? A. 2 B. 6 C. 3 D. 4 E. 1
182. What are the inner fences? A1, 7 B4, 10 C. 5, 7 D. 8, 10 E. 3, 6
183. What are the outer fences? A1, 7 B4, 10 C. 5, 7 D. 8, 10 E. 3,6
Use the following to answer questions 184-191: The company financial officer was interested in the average cost of PCs that had been purchased in the past six months. A random sample of the price of 10 computers was taken with the following results; \$3,250, \$1,127, \$2,995, \$3,250, \$3,445, \$3,449, \$1,482, \$6,120, \$3,009, \$4,000
184. What is the 90 th percentile? A. \$1,446.5 B. \$2,617 C. \$3,415.75 D. \$3,587 E. \$4,212
185. What is the third quartile? A. \$1,446.5 B. \$2,617

C. \$3,415.75 D. \$3,587 E. \$4,212

186. What is the first quartile? A. \$1,446.5 B. \$2,617 C. \$3,415.75 D. \$3,587 E. \$4,212 187. What is the 10th percentile? A. \$1,446.5 B. \$2,617 C. \$3,415.75 D. \$3.587 E. \$4,212 188. What is the 65th percentile? A. \$1,446.5 B. \$2,617 C. \$3,415.75 D. \$3,587 E. \$4,212

189. What is the IQR?

- A. 1455
- B. 970
- C. 2910
- D. 4993
- E. 6204

190. What are the inner fences?

- A. 1455, 2910
- B. 4072, 5042
- C. 5527, 6497
- D. 1162, 5042
- E. -293, 6497

191. What are the outer fences?

- A. 1455, 2910
- B. 4072, 5042
- C. 5527, 6497
- D. 1162, 5042
- E. -293, 6497

Use the following to answer questions 192-199:

The local amusement park was interested in the average wait time at there most popular roller coaster at the peak park time (2 p.m.). They selected 13 patrons and had them get in line between 2 and 3 p.m. Each was given a stop watch to record the time they spent in line. The times recorded were as follows (in minutes)

118, 124, 108, 116, 99, 120, 148, 118, 119, 121, 45, 130, 118

192. What is the 90th percentile?

- A. 100.8
- B. 119.8
- C. 128.8
- D. 112
- E. 122.5

A. 100.8 B. 119.8 C. 128.8 D. 112 E. 122.5 194. What is the first quartile? A. 100.8 B. 119.8 C. 128.8 D. 112 E. 122.5 195. What is the 10th percentile? A. 100.8 B. 119.8 C. 128.8 D. 112 E. 122.5 196. What is the 65th percentile? A. 100.8 B. 119.8 C. 128.8 D. 112 E. 122.5 197. What is the IQR? A. 21.00 B. 10.50 C. 15.75 D. 31.50 E. 11.50 198. What are the inner fences? A. 96.25, 138.25 B. 80.5, 154.00 C. 127.75, 138.25 D. 143.50, 154.00 E. 15.75, 31.50 199. What are the outer fences? A. 96.25, 138.25 B. 80.5, 154.00 C. 127.75, 138.25 D. 143.50, 154.00 E. 15.75, 31.50

193. What is the third quartile?

Use the following to answer questions 200-207:

Quality control is an important issue at ACME Company which manufacturers light bulbs. In order to conduct testing of the life hours of their light bulbs, they randomly sampled nine light bulbs and measured how many hours they lasted.

378, 361, 350, 375, 200, 391, 375, 368, 321

200. What is the 90th percentile? A. 335.5 B. 370.5 C. 380.6 D. 296.8 E. 375 201. What is the third quartile? A. 335.5 B. 370.5 C. 380.6 D. 296.8 E. 375 202. What is the first quartile? A. 335.5 B. 370.5 C. 380.6 D. 296.8 E. 375 203. What is the 10th percentile? A. 335.5 B. 370.5 C. 380.6 D. 296.8 E. 375 204. What is the 65th percentile? A. 335.5 B. 370.5 C. 380.6 D. 296.8 E. 375 205. What is the IQR? A. 41 B. 22 C. 61.50 D. 191 E. 82 206. What are the inner fences? A. 274.0, 438.0 B. 212.5, 499.5 C. 397.0, 438.0 D. 458.5, 499.5 E. 61.5, 123.0 207. What are the outer fences? A. 274.0, 438.0 B. 212.5, 499.5 C. 397.0, 438.0 D. 458.5, 499.5

E. 61.5, 123.0

Use the following to answer questions 208-215:

Twenty students were randomly selected from a business statistics course and were asked to report the number of times that they had eaten a meal at the university's cafeteria within the past month. Below are the values reported:

7, 8, 10, 11, 8, 6, 10, 9, 9, 8, 13, 12, 8, 11, 11, 14, 8, 7, 10, 12

208. What is the 90th percentile?

- A. 7
- B. 10.35
- C. 12.1
- D. 11
- E. 8

209. What is the third quartile?

- A. 7
- B. 10.35
- C. 12.1
- D. 11
- E. 8

210. What is the first quartile?

- A. 7
- B. 10.35
- C. 12.1
- D. 11
- E. 8

211. What is the 10th percentile?

- A. 7
- B. 10.35
- C. 12.1
- D. 11
- E. 8

212. What is the 65th percentile?

- A. 7
- B. 10.35
- C. 12.1
- D. 11
- E. 8

213. What is the IQR?

- A. 3
- B. 8
- C. 3.5
- D. 11
- E. 4.5

214. What are the inner fences?

- A. 17, 20
- B. 3.5, 15.5
- C. 12.5, 15.5
- D. -1, 20
- E. 4.5, 9.0

- 215. What are the outer fences? A. 17, 20 B. -1, 20 C. 3.5, 15.5 D. 12.5, 15.5 E. 4.5, 9.0 Use the following to answer questions 216-220: In a survey of 550 randomly-selected business statistic students were surveyed on their impressions of their course, instructor, and textbook. The results are as follows: Rate the overall quality of your course. 154 Excellent Good 187 Fair 71 Poor 138 How effective was your instructor? Very effective 75 Somewhat effective 220 Somewhat ineffective 155 Very ineffective 100 How easy was it to read and understand the textbook? 21 Very easy Easy 83 361
 - Hard Very hard 85

Use the above results to answer the following questions:

Compute a point estimate of the proportion of all college statistic students who:

- 216. Think their instructor was "very effective"
 - A. 0.136
 - B. 0.536
 - C. 0.182
 - D. 0.280
 - E. 0.014
- 217. Feel their textbook is not "easy" or "very easy"
 - A. 0.189
 - B. 0.811
 - C. 0.009
 - D. 0.656
 - E. 0.151
- 218. Think the quality of the course was "fair"
 - A. 0.251
 - B. 0.620
 - C. 0.129
 - D. 0.871
 - E. 0.340
- 219. Think that they had a "very ineffective" or "extremely ineffective" instructor
 - A. 0.282
 - B. 0.136
 - C. 0.182
 - D. 0.280
 - E. 0.464

- 220.Of the students who thought their textbook was very hard to read, 50 also thought that the quality of the course was "poor". What proportion of students who think that their textbook was "hard" also thought their course was "poor".
 - A. 0.588
 - B. 0.155
 - C. 0.091
 - D. 0.251
 - E. 0.616

Use the following to answer questions 221-222:

The 550 students answered an additional question with the following results based on their rating of their

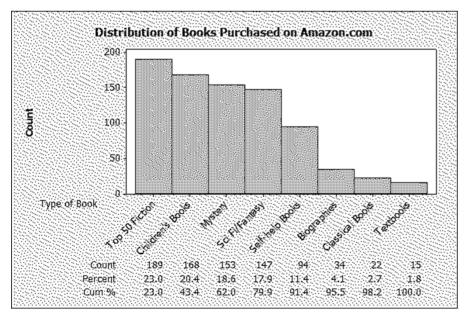
	Very or Somewhat Effective	Very or Somewhat Ineffective
Final Grade		
A	190	85
В	75	120
С	20	17
D	9	18
F	1	15

instructor:

- 221. What proportion of the students who rated their instructor as very or somewhat effective received a B or better in the class?
 - A. 0.345
 - B. 0.254
 - C. 0.482
 - D. 0.898
 - E. 0.644
- 222. What proportion of all 550 students received less than a C?
 - A. 0.03
 - B. 0.06
 - C. 0.08
 - D. 0.13
 - E. 0.15

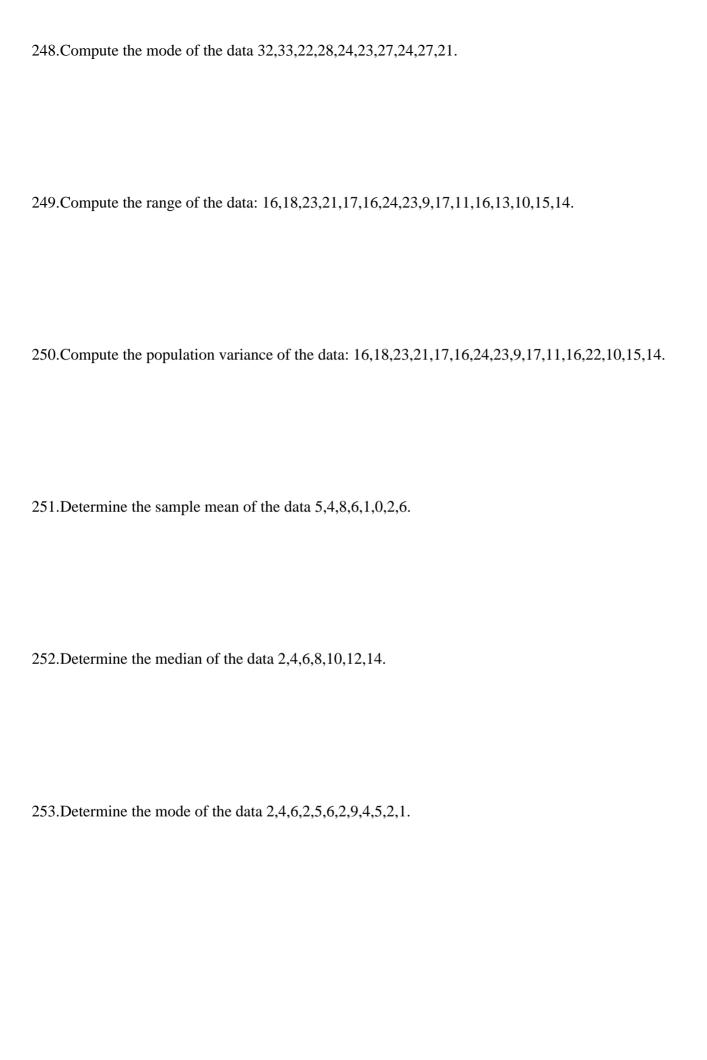
Use the following to answer questions 223-225:

822 customers were randomly selected from those who had recently bought a book over the internet. The chart below shows the breakdown of the classification of the book type:

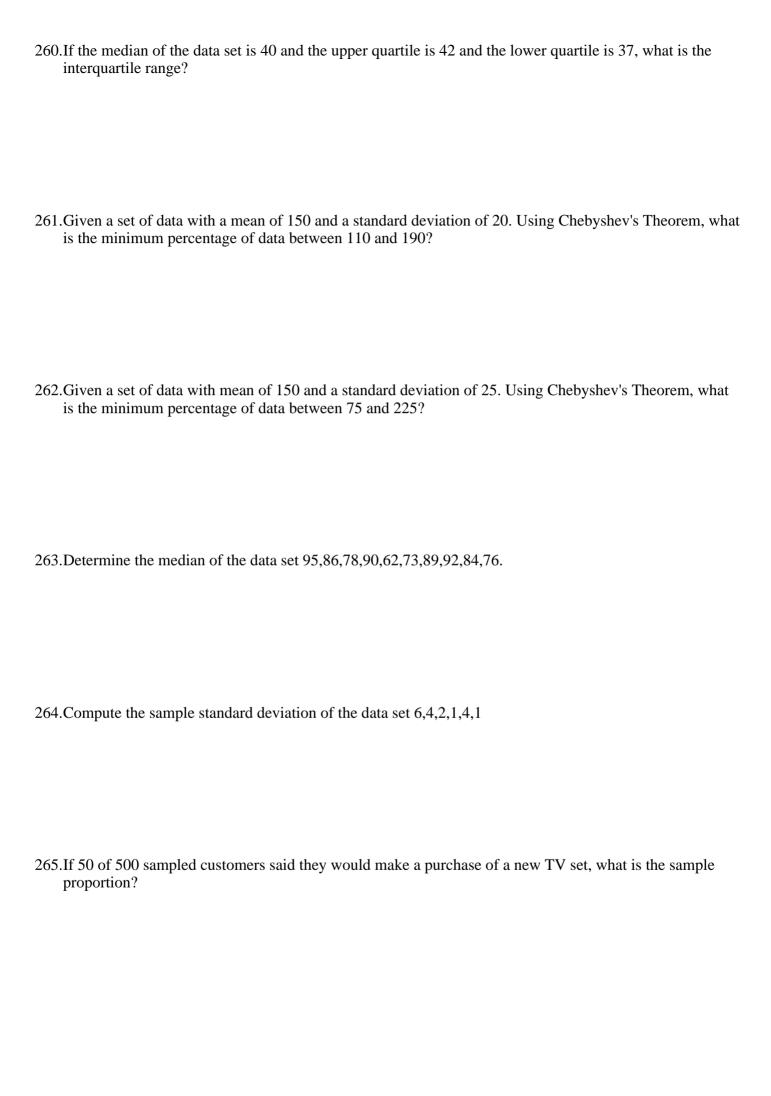


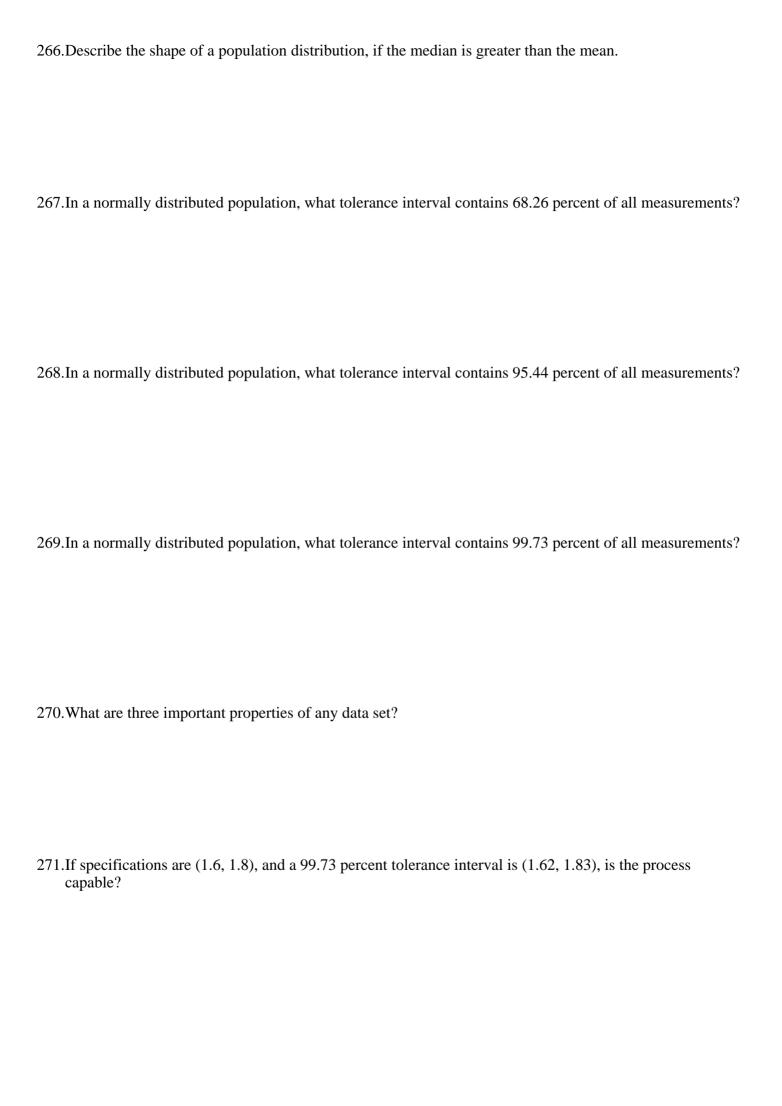
223. What percentage of the books purchased were either mystery or science fiction/fantasy? A. 18.61 B. 36.50 C. 17.88 D. 24.33 E. 22.99
224. What proportion of the books purchased were self-help books? A. 0.1144 B. 11.44 C. 1.82 D. 0.0182 E. 0.940
225. What percentage of books were in the top two categories? A. 22.99 B. 20.44 C. 4.50 D. 43.43 E4343
226.A graphical display of categorical data made up of vertical or horizontal bars is called a
227.A flaw possessed by a population or sample unit is a
228.A measurement located outside the outer fences of a box-and-whisker display is a(n)
229. A graphical portrayal of a data set that divides the data into classes and gives the frequency of each class is a(n)
230. Another name for the 50 th percentile is the
231. The measurement in a sample or a population that occurs most frequently is the
232. The average of the squared deviations of the individual population measurement from the population mean is the
233.It is suggested that samples of data, a be constructed to determine the shape of the data.
234. The number of measurements falling within a class interval is called the
235. The difference between the largest and smallest measurements in a population or sample is the
236.A relative frequency curve having a long tail to the right is said to be to the right.
237.If the mean is greater than the median, then the distribution is skewed

238.	The percentage of measurements in a class is called t	he of that class.
239.	A histogram that tails out towards larger values is ske	ewed
240.	A histogram that tails out towards smaller values is s	kewed
	.The point estimate of the samplei variance.	is the positive square root of the sample
	The is a quantity that measure to its mean.	ares the variation of a population or sample relative
243.	A(n) is a graphical display of categoric	cal data made up of vertical or horizontal bars.
244.	.What percent of a normal population is within 2 stand	dard deviations of the mean:
	Twenty students were randomly selected from a busi number of times that they had eaten a meal at the uni are the values reported: 7, 8, 10, 11, 8, 6, 10, 9, 9, 8, percentile?	versity's cafeteria within the past month. Below
246.	5. Compute the mean of the data 32,33,22,28,24,23,27,2	24,27,21.
247.	Compute the median of the data 32,33,22,28,24,23,27.	7,24,27,21.



254.Compute the sample standard deviation of the data 5,4,8,6,1,0,2,6.
255. What is the range of the following set of data: 3,7,2,1,8?
256.Calculate a one standard deviation tolerance interval for the data that has a sample mean of 28,475 and a standard deviation of 9,369.
257. Calculate a two standard deviation tolerance interval for the data that has a sample mean of 28,475 and a standard deviation of 9,369.
258.Calculate a three standard deviation tolerance interval for the data that has a sample mean of 28,475 and a standard deviation of 9,369.
259.If the median of a data set is 760 and the upper quartile is 950, and the lower quartile is 650, what is the interquartile range?





272. The average lateness for one of the top airline companies is 10 minutes. The variance of the lateness measure is calculated as 9. What is the coefficient of variation?
273. The average lateness for one of the top airline companies is 10 minutes. The variance of the lateness measure is calculated as 9. An airplane arrived 13 minutes after the stated arrival time. Calculate the Z-score for this particular airplane's lateness.
Use the following to answer questions 274 276: The average life of Canadian women is 73.75 years and the standard deviation of the women's life expectancy in Canada is 6.5 years.
274.Using the Chebychev's theorem, determine the minimum percentage of women in Canada whose life expectancy is between 64 and 83.5 years.
275.Based on Chebychev's inequality determine the the upper and lower bounds on the average life expectancy of the Canadian women such that at least 90% of all population is included.
276. The average lateness for one of the top airline companies is 10 minutes. The variance of the lateness measure is calculated as 9. An airplane arrived 8.5 minutes after the stated arrival time. Calculate the Z score for this particular airplane's lateness.

Use the following to answer questions 277-278:

The following table shows the Price-to-Earnings ratio for a Stereo equipment manufacturing company

Year	P/E Ratio
1998	12.4
1999	14.6
2000	11.1
2001	8.2
2002	6.8

between 1998 and 2002. 2002 6.8

277. Determine the percentage change in the P/E ratios from 1998 to 1999.

278. Determine the percentage change in the P/E ratios from 1999 to 2000.

279. The following table shows the annual percentage growth rate for a Stereo equipment manufacturing company between 1998 and 2002. The of the P/E ratios are also calculated and given

Year	Growth rate %
2007	17.74% (2006 – 2007)
2008	-23.97% (2007 – 2008)
2009	-26.13% (2008 – 2009)
2010	-17.07% (2009 – 2010)

below:

Calculate the mean growth rate.

Use the following to answer questions 280-281:

The following frequency table summarizes the ages of 64 shoppers at the local grocery store.

Age of the shopper	Frequency
15 - 23	10
24 - 32	21
33 - 41	10
42 - 50	8
51 - 59	5
60 - 68	6

280.Calculate the ((approximate) sample mean for this data (mean for the grouped data).
	ean for the above frequency table is calculated as 36.25. Calculate the (approximate) ce and standard deviation for this data set.
	to answer 282 at how much of a company's resources are spent on computing. The CFO samples charmaceutical industry and developed the following stem-and-leaf graph.
5 269 6 25556 7 11224 8 00122 9 02455 10 1556 11 137 12	557789 2458
282.What is the ap	oproximate shape of the distribution of the data?
283.What is the sn	nallest percent spent on computing?
284.If a frequency	histogram were to be created using these data, how many classes would you create?

285.Personnel managers usually want to know where a job applicant ranked in an entrance test for their company. With a score of 3.83, Michelle Robinson ranked above the 93rdpercentile of the other applicants. What is the percentile rank of an applicant whose score was the median value?

286. The Rivertown city council is attempting to choose one of two sites (A or B) as the location for its new emergency facility. After the new emergency facility becomes available for service, the current emergency facility will be shut down. The project manager has estimated the following response times in minutes from each of the proposed sites to the four areas that must be served by the emergency

	Area Served			
Proposed	1	2	3	4
Site				
A	5.2	4.4	3.6	6.5
В	6.0	7.4	3.4	4.0

facility.

The number of emergency runs from the current emergency facility to each of the four areas over the past

Area 1 2 3 4 Number of runs 150 65 175 92

year is as follows:

Compute the weighted mean response time from both proposed locations and determine which proposed site should be selected for the new emergency facility.

287.

1.	11.5	6.	13.7	11.	11	16.	14.5
2.	13.5	7.	14	12.	13	17.	15.5
3.	12.5	8.	12	13.	16.7	18.	13
4.	15.2	9.	12.7	14.	12.5	19.	18.2
5.	14.7	10.	12.5	15.	11.5	20.	11.7

Consider the following data:

- (a) Create a stem and leaf display for the sample.
- (b) Describe the shape of the stem and leaf display.
- (c) What is the mode?
- (d) What is the media?

ch02 Key

- 1. TRUE
- 2. FALSE
- 3. TRUE
- 4. TRUE
- 5. FALSE
- 6. TRUE
- 7. FALSE
- 8. TRUE
- 9. FALSE
- 10. FALSE
- 11. TRUE
- 12. TRUE
- 13. TRUE
- 14. TRUE
- 15. FALSE
- 16. FALSE
- 17. TRUE
- 18. FALSE
- 19. C
- 20. C
- 21. D
- 22. A
- 23. B
- 24. B
- 25. A
- 26. C
- 27. B
- 28. C
- 29. A
- 30. B
- 31. D
- 32. B
- 33. E
- 34. D
- 35. B
- 36. E

37. B

38. C

39. C

40. B

41. D

42. B

43. B

44. E

45. C

46. A

47. E

48. D

49. C

50. B

51. B

52. C

53. C

54. A

55. E

56. E 57. A

58. D

59. D

60. D

61. C

62. A

63. B

64. C

65. E

66. B

67. B

68. C

69. D

70. A

71. A

72. C

73. C

74. A

75. D

76. B

77. A

78. A

79. A

80. B

81. C

82. C

83. A

84. B

85. B

86. E

87. B

88. A

89. E

90. C

91. A

92. A

93. B

94. D

95. A

96. C

97. E

98. B

99. D

100. E

101. D

102. E

103. D

104. A 105. B

106. B

107. A

108. C

109. C

110. B

111. A

112. C

113. A

114. B

115. A

116. C

117. B

118. C

119. A

120. D

121. B

122. D

123. C

124. B

125. C

126. A

127. A

128. C

129. B

130. D

131. B

132. C

133. A

134. D

135. B

136. A

137. E

138. C

139. A

140. D

141. C

142. D

143. C

144. A

145. B

146. C

147. D

148. B

149. E

150. C

151. B

152. B

153. E

154. D

155. A

156. C

157. A

158. B

159. B

160. E

161. A

162. B

163. D

164. C

165. C

166. C

167. C

168. C

169. D

170. E

171. B

172. A

173. A

174. E

175. A

176. E

177. D

178. B

179. A 180. C

181. A

101.11

182. A 183. B

184. E

185. D

186. B

187. A

188. C

- 189. B
- 190. D
- 191. E
- 192. C
- 193. E
- 194. D
- 195. A
- 196. B
- 197. B
- 198. A
- 199. B
- 200. C
- 201. B
- 202. A
- 203. D
- 204. E
- 205. A
- 206. A
- 207. B
- 208. C
- 209. D
- 210. E
- 211. A
- 212. B
- 213. A
- 214. B 215. B
- 216. A
- 217. B
- 218. C
- 219. E
- 220. A
- 221. D
- 222. C
- 223. B
- 224. A
- 225. D
- 226. Bar Chart

- 227. Defect
- 228. Outlier
- 229. Histogram
- 230. Median
- 231. Mode
- 232. Variance
- 233. graph
- 234. Frequency
- 235. Range
- 236. Skewed
- 237. Right or positively
- 238. Relative frequency
- 239. positively or to the right
- 240. negatively or to the left
- 241. Standard deviation
- 242. coefficient of variation
- 243. Bar chart
- 244. 95.44
- 245. 12.1
- 246. 26.1

$$\frac{24+27}{2} = 25.5$$

- 247. 25.5
- 248. 24 and 27

$$\sigma^2 = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} (X_i - \mu)^2}{N} = \frac{(16 - 17)^2 + (18 - 17)^2 + \dots + (14 - 17)^2}{16} = \frac{328}{16} = 20.5$$

- 250. 20.5
- 251.4
- 252. 8
- 253. 2
- 254. 2.77
- 255. 7
- 28,475 + 9,369 = 37,844
- 28,475 9,369 = 19,106
- 256. 19,106 to 37,844

$$28,475 + 2(9,369) = 47,213$$

 $28,475 - 2(9,369) = 9,737$
 $257. 9,737 \text{ to } 47,213$

Interquartile range =
$$950 - 650 = 300$$

259. 300

Interquartile range =
$$42 - 37 = 5$$

260. 5

$$k = \frac{150 - 110}{20} = 2$$
$$1 - \frac{1}{k^2} = 1 - \frac{1}{4} = .75$$

$$k = \frac{150 - 75}{25} = 3$$
$$1 - \frac{1}{k^2} = 1 - \frac{1}{9} = .8889$$

262. 88.89%

263.85

$$s = \sqrt{\frac{(5-3)^2 + (4-3)^2 + (2-3)^2 + (1-3)^2 + (4-3)^2 + (1-3)^2}{6-1}} = \sqrt{\frac{20}{5}} = 2$$

264. 2

265..10

266. Skewed-left (negatively skewed)

267.
$$\mu \pm \sigma$$

268.
$$\mu \pm 3\sigma$$

269.
$$\mu \pm 3\sigma$$

270. central tendency, variation, and shape

271. No

$$\frac{\sqrt{9}}{10}(100) = \frac{3}{10}(100) = 30$$

272.30

$$Z = \frac{13 - 10}{\sqrt{9}} = 1$$

273. 1

$$k = \frac{83.5 - 73.75}{6.5} = 1.5$$
$$1 - \frac{1}{k^2} = 1 - \frac{1}{(1.5)^2} = 0.5666$$

274. 55.56%

$$1 - \frac{1}{k^2} = .90$$

$$\frac{1}{k^2} = 0.1$$

$$k^2 = \frac{1}{.1} = 10; k = \sqrt{10} = 3.162$$

$$lower bound = 73.75 - (3.162)(6.5) \approx 53.2$$

 $upper\ bound = 73.75 + (3.162)(6.5) = 94.3$

275. 53.2 to 94.3

$$Z = \frac{8.5 - 10}{\sqrt{9}} = -0.5$$

276. -0.5

$$R_{1} = \left(\frac{14.6 - 12.4}{12.4}\right) x \, 100 = 17.74\%$$

277. 17.74%

$$R_2 = \left(\frac{11.1 - 14.6}{14.6}\right) x 100 = -23.97\%$$

278. -23.97%

279. -12.36%

$$\overline{x} = \frac{\sum f_i M_i}{\sum f_i} = \frac{2175}{60} = 36.25$$

Age of the shopper	Frequency	Class Midpoint	f_iM_i
15 - 23	10	19	190
24 - 32	21	28	588
33 - 41	10	37	370
42 - 50	8	46	368
51 - 59	5	55	275
60 - 68	6	64	<u>384</u>
			2175

280. 36.25 years

$$s^2 = \frac{10864.81}{59} \cong 184.149$$
$$s = \sqrt{184.149} = 13.57 \text{ years}$$

Class Midpoint (Mi)	$\mathbf{M_i}$ - \overline{X}	$\left(M_i - \overline{X}\right)^2$	$f_i (M_i - \overline{X})^2$
19	-17.25	297.5625	2,975.63
28	-8.25	68.0625	1,429.31
37	.75	.5625	5.63
46	9.75	95.0625	76.05
55	18.75	351.5625	1,757.81
64	27.75	770.0625	<u>4,620.38</u>
			10.864.81

281. 184.1493 and 13.57

282. Skewed to the right

283. 5.2

284. 6

285. 50th

$$\mu_{\scriptscriptstyle A} = \frac{150(5.2) + 65(4.4) + 175(3.6) + 92(6.5)}{150 + 65 + 75 + 92} = \frac{2294}{382} \cong 6.01 \; \mathrm{min} \, .$$

$$\mu_{\rm B} = \frac{150(6) + 65(7.4) + 175(3.4) + 92(4)}{150 + 65 + 75 + 92} = \frac{2344}{382} \cong 6.14 \; {\rm min} \, .$$

286. $\mu_A = 6.01$, $\mu_B = 6.14$, choose site A.

- (d) 13.0
- (c) 12.5
- (b) Single peaked, skewed right
 - 0557 11 9 12 05557 (4) 7 13 0057 14 057 15 25 16 17 18 2

287. (a) Stem and leaf of C1, N = 20 Leaf Unit = 0.10

ch02 Summary

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