# https://selldocx.com/products/test-bank-business-statistics-in-practice-3e-bowerman

# Chapter 2

		Student:
1.		n-and-leaf display is a graphical portrayal of a data set that shows the data set's overall n of variation.
	True	False
2.	The m	nedian is the measure of central tendency that divides a population or sample into four equal
	True	False
3.	The p	opulation mean is the average of the population measurements.
	True	False
4.	The m	node is the measurement in a sample or population that occurs most frequently.
	True	False
5.	The p	opulation mean is a point estimate of the sample mean.
	True	False
6.	The m	nedian is said to be resistant to extreme values.
	True	False
7.	The ra	ange of set of measurements is the largest measurement plus the small measurement.
	True	False
8.	•	opulation variance is the average of the squared deviations of the individual population urements from the population mean.
	True	False
9.	In a sy	mmetric population, the median equals the mean.
	True	False

10.	It is ap	propriate to use the Empirical Rule to describe a population that is extremely skewed.
	True	False
11.	The m	edian is the value below which approximately 50 percent of the measurements lie.
	True	False
12.		ependent variable is a variable that can be used to describe, predict, or control a dent variable.
	True	False
13.	The re	lative frequency is the frequency of a class divided by the total number of measurements.
	True	False
14.		ox-and-whiskers display is a graphical portrayal of data sets that depict both the central acy and variability of the data.
	True	False
15.		establishing the classes for a frequency table it is generally agreed that the more classes to the better your frequency table will be.
	True	False
16.	If there	e are 7 classes in a frequency distribution, then the fourth class will always contain the n.
	True	False
17.	A Pare	eto chart is a type of histogram.
	True	False
18.	Range	is a better measure of variation than standard deviation.
	True	False

19.	A normal population has 99.73 percent of the population measurements within standard deviations of the mean.
	A. one B. two C. three D. four E. five
20.	A number calculated using the sample measurements that describes some aspect of the sample is a sample
	A. mean B. variance C. statistic D. parameter E. scale
21.	All of the following can be used to describe quantitative data with the exception of a
	A. histogram B. stem-and-leaf display C. dot plot D. pie chart E. scatter plot
22.	All of the following are measures of central tendency except the
	A. range B. mode C. mean D. median

23.	A measurement that is separated from most of the other measurements is a(n)
	A. absolute extreme B. outlier C. mode D. quartile E. median
24.	Which of the following graphs is used to summarize qualitative data?
	A. Histogram B. Bar Chart C. Time series plot D. Stem-and-leaf display E. Scatter plot
25.	Which percentile describes the first quartile, Q1?
	A. 25 <sup>th</sup> B. 50 <sup>th</sup> C. 75 <sup>th</sup> D. 100 <sup>th</sup> E. 125 <sup>th</sup>
26.	Which percentile describes the third quartile, Q3?
	A. 25 <sup>th</sup> B. 50 <sup>th</sup> C. 75 <sup>th</sup> D. 100 <sup>th</sup> E. 125 <sup>th</sup>

27.	A plot of the values of a dependent variable <i>y</i> versus the values of an independent variable <i>x</i> is a plot.
	A. runs B. scatter C. dot D. time series E. box
28.	A stem-and-leaf display is best used to
	<ul> <li>A. provide a point estimate of the variability in the population.</li> <li>B. provide a point estimate of the central tendency in the population.</li> <li>C. display the shape of the distribution of measurements.</li> <li>D. reduce sampling bias.</li> <li>E. represent the distribution of qualitative data.</li> </ul>
29.	When grouping a large sample of items into classes, the is a better tool than the
	A. histogram, stem-and-leaf display B. box-and-whiskers display, histogram C. stem-and-leaf display, histogram D. scatter plot, box-and-whiskers display E. box-and-whiskers display, scatter plot
30.	A displays the frequency of each group with qualitative data and a displays the frequency of each group with quantitative data.
	A. histogram, stem-and-leaf display B. bar chart, histogram C. scatter plot, bar chart D. stem-and-leaf display, pie chart E. scatter plot, pie chart

31.	As	hows the relati	onship between two qu	antitative variables.
	<ul><li>A. box-and-whiskers</li><li>B. bar chart</li><li>C. histogram</li><li>D. scatter plot</li><li>E. pie chart</li></ul>	display		
32.	In a given data set, th	e 25 <sup>th</sup> percentil	le is	equal to the lower hinge.
	A. always B. sometimes C. never			
33.	An airline company is statistic is 9, then the			als. If the variance for the lateness
	A. 3 B. 300 C. 10 D. 90 E. 30			
34.	and		are used to describe q	ualitative (categorical) data.
	A. Stem-and- leaf dis B. Scatter plots; and l C. Box-and-whiskers D. Bar charts; pie cha E. Pie charts; histogra	box-and-whisked displays; bar courts ams	ers displays harts	
35.	Which of the following	g is influenced t	the least by the occurre	nce of extreme values in a sample?
	A. Mean B. Median C. Mode D. Range E. Variance			

36.	If a population distribution is positively skewed (i.e. skewed to the right), then, given a random sample from that population, one would expect that the
	A. median would be greater than the mean B. mode would be equal to the mean C. median would never equal the mode D. median would be equal to the mean E. median would be less than the mean
37.	If a statistics course is determined by three exams. Exam 1 is worth 25% of the course grade. Exam 2 is worth 35% of the course grade. Exam 3 is worth 40% of the course grade. Calculate the term grade for a student with a 52% for the first exam, 63% for the second exam, and 75% for the third exam.
	A. 45.75% B. 65.05% C. 55.25% D. 36.35% E. 63.00%
38.	If the mean, median, and mode for a given population are all equal, then we know that its distribution is
	A. bimodal B. skewed to the right C. symmetric D. skewed to the left
39.	If one intends to compare the relative variation between two samples involving two different quantitative variables with different measurement scales, then the most appropriate way is to compare the from the two samples.
	A. standard deviations B. variances C. coefficients of variation D. ranges E. interquartile ranges

40. A disadvantage of using grouping (a frequency table) with sample data	is that
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- A. calculations involving central tendency and variation are more complicated than central tendency and variation calculations based on ungrouped data.
- B. the descriptive statistics are less precise than the descriptive statistics obtained using ungrouped data.
- C. the interpretation of the grouped data descriptive statistics is meaningless.
- D. it is much more difficult to summarize the information than it is with the ungrouped data.
- E. it is more difficult to interpret a pie chart.

41. When developing a frequency distribution, the class intervals should be	
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- A. large.
- B. small.
- C. different lengths.
- D. mutually exclusive.
- E. of equal length.
- 42. Which of the following graphical tools is not used to study the shapes of distributions?
  - A. Stem-and-leaf display
  - B. Scatter plot
  - C. Histogram
  - D. Dot plot
  - E. Cumulative frequency distribution
- 43. For a bell-shaped distribution, score *x* would be considered an outlier if:
  - A. x = 15, mean = 20, standard deviation = 3
  - B. x = 15, mean = 50, standard deviation = 30
  - C. x = 15, mean = 25, standard deviation = 5
  - D. x = 15, mean = 10, standard deviation = 100
  - E. x = 15, mean = 50, standard deviation = 10

44.	A quantity that measures the variation of a population or a sample relative to its mean is called the
	A. range B. standard deviation C. coefficient of variation D. variance E. interquartile range
45.	Which of the following sample statistics is a measure of variation that is based only on the minimum and maximum values in a sample?
	<ul><li>A. Range</li><li>B. Standard deviation</li><li>C. Variance</li><li>D. Interquartile range</li><li>E. Coefficient of variation</li></ul>
46.	If there are 130 values in a data set, how many classes should be created for a frequency histogram?
	A. 4 B. 5 C. 6 D. 7 E. 8
47.	If there are 120 values in a data set, how many classes should be created for a frequency histogram?
	A. 4 B. 5 C. 6 D. 7 E. 8

+0.	nistogram?		
	A. 4 3. 5 C. 6 D. 7 E. 8		
49.	f there are 30 values in a data set, how many classes should be created for a frequency nistogram?		
	A. 4 B. 5 C. 6 D. 7 E. 8		
	A CFO is looking at what percentage of a company's resources are spent on computing. The CFO samples companies in the pharmaceutical industry and developed the following stem-and-eaf display. The leaf unit is 0.1.		
	5 269		
	6 255568999		
	7 11224557789		
	8 001222458		
	9 02455679		
	10 1556		
	11 137		
	12		
	13 255		
50.	What is the approximate shape of the distribution of the data?		
	A. Normal		
	B. Skewed to the right		
	C. Skewed to the left		

D. Bimodal E. Uniform

51.	What is the smallest percent spent on computing?
	A. 5.9 B. 5.6 C. 5.2 D. 5.02 E. 50.2
52.	If a frequency histogram were to be created using these data, how many classes would you create?
	A. 4 B. 5 C. 6 D. 7 E. 8
53.	What would be the class length that would be used in creating a frequency histogram?
	A. 1.4 B. 8.3 C. 1.2 D. 1.7 E. 0.9
54.	What would be the first class interval for the frequency histogram?
	A. 5.2 - 6.5 B. 5.2 - 6.0 C. 5.0 - 6.0 D. 5.2 - 6.6 E. 5.2 - 6.4

	airport keeps track of the percentage of flights arriving within 15 minutes of their led arrivals. The stem-and-leaf plot of the data for one year is below. The leaf unit is 0.1.
76	9
77	114
78	
79	07
80	88
81	2
82	1
83	88

	55.	What	is	the	sampl	e size?
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- A. 7
- B. 9
- C. 10
- D. 11
- E. 12

56. In developing a histogram of these data, how many classes would be used?

- A. 4
- B. 5
- C. 6
- D. 7
- E. 8

57. What would be the class length for creating the frequency histogram?

- A. 1.4
- B. 0.8
- C. 2.7
- D. 1.7
- E. 2.3

A company collected the ages from a random sample of its middle managers with the resulting frequency distribution shown below:

Class Interval	Frequency
20 to <25	8
25  to < 30	6
30 to <35	5
35 to <40	12
40  to < 45	15
45  to < 50	7

- 58. What would be the approximate shape of the relative frequency histogram?
  - A. Uniform
  - B. Normal
  - C. Bimodal
  - D. Skewed to the left
  - E. Skewed to the right
- 59. What is the relative frequency for the largest interval?
  - A. 0.132
  - B. 0.226
  - C. 0.231
  - D. 0.283
  - E. 0.288
- 60. What is the midpoint of the third class interval?
  - A. 22.5
  - B. 27.5
  - C. 32.5
  - D. 37.5
  - E. 42.5

In a statistic class, 10 scores were randomly selected with the following results were obtained: 74, 73, 77, 71, 68, 65, 77, 66

### 61. What is the mean? A. 71.5 B. 72.0 C. 77.0 D. 71.0 E. 73.0 62. What is the median? A. 71.5 B. 72.0 C. 77.0 D. 71.0 E. 73.0 63. What is the mode? A. 71.5 B. 72.0 C. 77.0 D. 71.0 E. 73.0 The numbers of rooms for 15 homes recently sold were: 8, 8, 8, 5, 9, 8, 7, 6, 6, 7, 7, 7, 7, 9, 9 64. What is the mean? A. 8.0 B. 7.0 C. 6.0 D. 9.0

E. 7.4

65.	What is the median?
	A. 8.0 B. 7.0 C. 6.0 D. 9.0 E. 7.4
66.	What is the mode?
	A. 8.0 B. 7.0 C. 6.0 D. 9.0 E. 7.4
	The values given below are snow depths measured as part of a study of satellite observations and water resources. 19, 18, 12, 25, 22, 8, 8, 16
67.	What is the mean?
	A. 8 B. 23.5 C. 16 D. 17 E. 18
68.	What is the median?
	A. 8 B. 23.5

C. 16 D. 17 E. 18

## 69. What is the mode? A. 8 B. 23.5 C. 16 D. 17 E. 18 In a hearing test, subjects estimate the loudness (in decibels) of sound, and the results are: 68, 67, 70, 71, 68, 75, 68, 62, 80, 73, 68 70. What is the mean? A. 70 B. 75 C. 68 D. 71 E. 80 71. What is the median? A. 70 B. 75 C. 68 D. 71 E. 80 72. What is the mode? A. 70 B. 75 C. 68

The reaction time in seconds to a stop light of a group of adult men were found to be

0.74, 0.71, 0.41, 0.82, 0.74, 0.85, 0.99, 0.71, 0.57, 0.85, 0.57, 0.55

D. 71 E. 80

#### 73. What is the mean?

- A. 0.709
- B. 0.710
- C. 0.920
- D. 0.725
- E. 0.550

#### 74. What is the median?

- A. 0.709
- B. 0.710
- C. 0.920
- D. 0.725
- E. 0.550

#### 75. What is the mode?

- A. 0.709
- B. 0.710
- C. 0.920
- D. 0.725
- E. 0.550

In a rating of the satisfaction with their instructor, 13 students gave the following scores from a scale of 1 to 5:

3, 2, 1, 1, 5, 5, 4, 3, 3, 2, 4, 3, 3

#### 76. What is the mean?

- A. 3
- B. 5
- C. 2
- D. 4
- E. 3.25

77.	What is the median?
	A. 3 B. 5 C. 2 D. 4 E. 3.25
78.	What is the mode?
	A. 3 B. 5 C. 2 D. 4 E. 3.25
	The company financial officer was interested in the average cost of PCs that had been purchased in the past six months. A random sample of the price of 10 computers was taken with the following results: \$3,250, \$1,127, \$2,995, \$3,250, \$3,445, \$3,449, \$1,482, \$6,120, \$3,009, \$4,000
79.	What is the mean?
	A. 3447 B. 3213 C. 3250 D. 6120 E. 3445
80.	What is the median?
	A. 3447 B. 3213 C. 3250 D. 6120 E. 3445

#### 81. What is the mode?

- A. 3447
- B. 3213
- C. 3250
- D. 6120
- E. 3445

The local amusement park was interested in the average wait time at their most popular roller coaster at the peak park time (2 p.m.). They selected 13 patrons and had them get in line between 2 and 3 p.m. Each was given a stop watch to record the time they spent in line. The times recorded were as follows (in minutes):

118, 124, 108, 116, 99, 120, 148, 118, 119, 121, 45, 130, 118

#### 82. What is the mean?

- A. 114.15
- B. 118
- C. 148
- D. 45
- E. 115.5

#### 83. What is the median?

- A. 114.15
- B. 118
- C. 148
- D. 45
- E. 115.5

#### 84. What is the mode?

- A. 114.15
- B. 118
- C. 148
- D. 45
- E. 115.5

Quality control is an important issue at ACME Company which manufacturers light bulbs. In order to conduct testing of the life hours of their light bulbs, they randomly sampled nine light bulbs and measured how many hours they lasted.

378, 361, 350, 375, 200, 391, 375, 368, 321

#### 85. What is the mean?

- A. 375
- B. 368
- C. 389.9
- D. 200
- E. 346.6

#### 86. What is the median?

- A. 375
- B. 368
- C. 389.9
- D. 200
- E. 346.6

#### 87. What is the mode?

- A. 375
- B. 368
- C. 389.9
- D. 200
- E. 346.6

Twenty students were randomly selected from a business statistics course and were asked to report the number of times that they had eaten a meal at the university's cafeteria within the past month. Below are the values reported:

7, 8, 10, 11, 8, 6, 10, 9, 9, 8, 13, 12, 8, 11, 11, 14, 8, 7, 10, 12

#### 88. What is the mean?

- A. 8
- B. 9.6
- C. 9.5
- D. 10.5
- E. 9

89.	What is the median?
	A. 8 B. 9.6 C. 9.5 D. 10.5 E. 9
90.	What is the mode?
	A. 8 B. 9.6 C. 9.5 D. 10.5 E. 9
91.	Find the coefficient of variation for an IQ test with a mean of 100 and a standard deviation of 15.
	A. 15.0 B. 6.7 C. 0.15 D. 1.5 E. 0.67
92.	Find the <i>z</i> -score for an IQ test score of 142 when the mean is 100 and the standard deviation is 15.
	A. 42 B. 2.8 C. 18.78 D. 1.27 E2.8

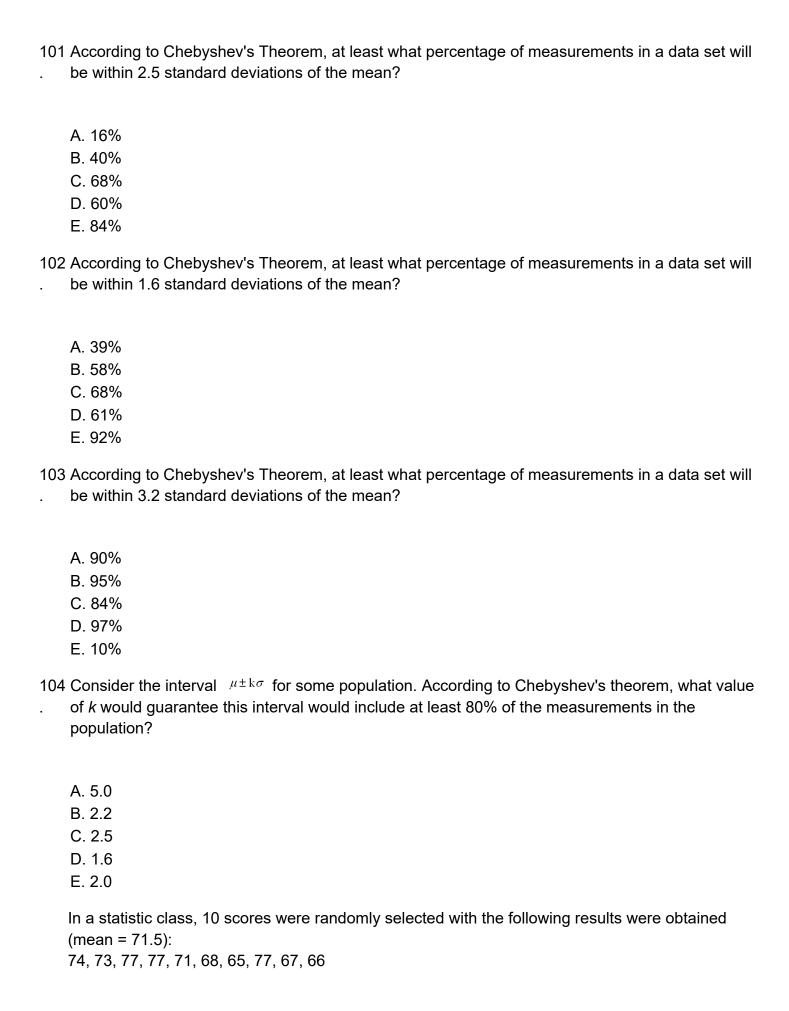
	C0.77 D0.52 E8.00
94.	Find the <i>z</i> -score for an IQ test score of 118 when the mean is 100 and the standard deviation is 15.
	A. 1.2 B. 1.0 C. 18.0 D1.03 E1.2
95.	Find the <i>z</i> -score for an IQ test score of 125 when the mean is 100 and the standard deviation is 15.
	A. 25 B. 1.1 C. 1.67 D1.1 E1.67
96.	Using Chebyshev's Rule, find the interval that contains at least $93.75\%$ of all measurements when mean = $2.549$ and $s = 1.828$ .
	A. [-2.935, 8.033] B. [-1.107, 6.205] C. [-26.699, 31.797] D. [2.435, 2.663] E. [-4.763, 9.861]
	According to a survey of the top 10 employers in a major city, a worker spends an average of 413 minutes a day on the job. Suppose the standard deviation is 26.8 minutes and the time spent is approximately a normal distribution.

93. Find the z-score for an IQ test score of 92.2 when the mean is 100 and the standard deviation is

15.

A. 0.53 B. 0.77

97.	Within which interval will the times of approximately 68.26% of all workers fall?
	A. [394.8, 431.2]
	B. [386.2, 439.8]
	C. [372.8, 453.2]
	D. [359.4, 466.6]
	E. [332.6, 493.4]
98.	Within which interval will the times of approximately 95.44% of all workers fall?
	A. [387.5, 438.5]
	B. [386.2, 439.8]
	C. [372.8, 453.2]
	D. [359.4, 466.6]
	E. [332.6, 493.4]
99.	Within which interval will the times of approximately 99.73% of all workers fall?
	A. [305.8, 520.2]
	B. [386.2, 439.8]
	C. [372.8, 453.2]
	D. [359.4, 466.6]
	E. [332.6, 493.4]
100	According to Chebyshev's Theorem, at least what percentage of measurements in a data set will be within two standard deviations of the mean?
	A. 68%
	B. 50%
	C. 25%
	D. 75%
	E. 34%



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105 What is the range?
    A. 22.72
    B. 12.00
    C. 4.77
    D. 516.20
    E. 144.00
106 What is the variance?
    A. 22.72
    B. 12.00
    C. 4.77
    D. 516.20
    E. 144.00
107 What is the standard deviation?
    A. 22.72
    B. 12.00
    C. 4.77
    D. 516.20
    E. 144.00
    The numbers of rooms for 15 homes recently sold were (mean = 7.4):
    8, 8, 8, 5, 9, 8, 7, 6, 6, 7, 7, 7, 7, 9, 9
108 What is the range?
    A. 1.183
    B. 1.400
    C. 4.00
    D. 16.00
    E. 1.96
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109	9 What is the variance?
•	A. 1.183 B. 1.400 C. 4.00 D. 16.00 E. 1.96
110	O What is the standard deviation?
	A. 1.183 B. 1.400 C. 4.00 D. 16.00 E. 1.96
	The values given below are snow depths measured as part of a study of satellite observations and water resources (mean = 16). 19, 18, 12, 25, 22, 8, 8, 16
11 <sup>.</sup>	1 What is the range?
	A. 39.14 B. 6.26 C. 17 D. 289 E. 18
11:	2 What is the variance?
-	A. 39.14 B. 6.26 C. 17 D. 289 E. 18

	A. 39.14 B. 6.26 C. 17 D. 289 E. 18
	In a hearing test, subjects estimate the loudness (in decibels) of sound, and the results are (mean = 70): 68, 67, 70, 71, 68, 75, 68, 62, 80, 73, 68
114	4 What is the range?
	A. 18 B. 4.73 C. 22.40 D. 324 E. 6.76
11	5 What is the variance?
	A. 18 B. 4.73 C. 22.40 D. 324 E. 6.76
11(	6 What is the standard deviation?
	A. 18 B. 4.73 C. 22.40 D. 324 E. 6.76
	The reaction time in seconds to a stop light for a group of adult men were found to be 0.74, 0.71, 0.41, 0.82, 0.74, 0.85, 0.99, 0.71, 0.57, 0.85, 0.57, 0.55 (mean = .709)

113 What is the standard deviation?

### 117 What is the range? A. 0.026 B. 0.052 C. 0.580 D. 0.1613 E. 0.0007 118 What is the variance? A. 0.026 B. 0.052 C. 0.580 D. 0.1613 E. 0.0007 119 What is the standard deviation? A. 0.026 B. 0.052 C. 0.580 D. 0.1613 E. 0.0007 In a rating of the satisfaction with their instructor, 13 students gave the following scores from a scale of 1 to 5 (mean = 3): 3, 2, 1, 1, 5, 5, 4, 3, 3, 2, 4, 3, 3 120 What is the range? A. 3 B. 4 C. 1.291 D. 1.667

E. 2.779

	i what is the variance?
	A. 3 B. 4 C. 1.291 D. 1.667 E. 2.779
12:	2 What is the standard deviation?
	A. 3 B. 4 C. 1.291 D. 1.667 E. 2.779
	The company financial officer was interested in the average cost of PCs that had been purchased in the past six months. A random sample of the price of 10 computers was taken with the following results (mean = \$3,213): \$3,250, \$1,127, \$2,995, \$3,250, \$3,445, \$3,449, \$1,482, \$6,120, \$3,009, \$4,000
12:	3 What is the range?
	A. 1359 B. 4993 C. 1846575 D. 3587 E. 1976454
12	4 What is the variance?
•	A. 1359 B. 4993 C. 1846575 D. 3587

E. 1976454

•	
	A. 1359 B. 4993 C. 1846575 D. 3587 E. 1976454
	The local amusement park was interested in the average wait time at their most popular roller coaster at the peak park time (2 p.m.). They selected 13 patrons and had them get in line between 2 and 3 p.m. Each was given a stop watch to record the time they spent in line. The times recorded were as follows (in minutes) (mean = 114.15): 118, 124, 108, 116, 99, 120, 148, 118, 119, 121, 45, 130, 118
126	What is the range?
•	A. 103 B. 23.62 C. 557.97 D. 128.8 E. 115
127	What is the variance?
	A. 103 B. 23.62 C. 557.97 D. 128.8 E. 115
128	What is the standard deviation?
•	A. 103 B. 23.62 C. 557.97 D. 128.8 E. 115

125 What is the standard deviation?

Quality control is an important issue at ACME Company which manufacturers light bulbs. In order to conduct testing of the life hours of their light bulbs, they randomly sampled nine light bulbs and measured how many hours they lasted (mean = 346.6).

378, 361, 350, 375, 200, 391, 375, 368, 321

### 129 What is the range?

.

- A. 342.43
- B. 3424.3
- C. 58.5
- D. 191
- E. 10609

#### 130 What is the variance?

.

- A. 342.43
- B. 3424.3
- C. 58.5
- D. 191
- E. 10609

#### 131 What is the standard deviation?

•

- A. 342.43
- B. 3424.3
- C. 58.5
- D. 191
- E. 10609

Twenty students were randomly selected from the most recent graduating class at a Canadian university. The number of semesters they were enrolled was calculated (mean = 9.6)

 $7,\, 8,\, 10,\, 11,\, 8,\, 6,\, 10,\, 9,\, 9,\, 8,\, 13,\, 12,\, 8,\, 11,\, 11,\, 14,\, 8,\, 7,\, 10,\, 12$ 

### 132 What is the range?

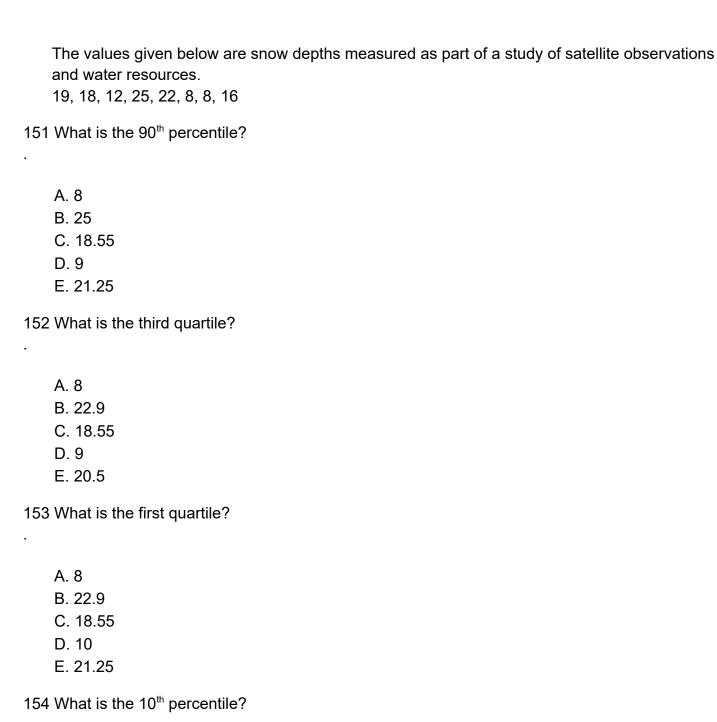
- A. 8
- B. 2.162
- C. 9.5
- D. 4.674
- E. 21.846

133 What is the variance?
A. 8
B. 2.162
C. 9.5
D. 4.674 E. 21.846
134 What is the standard deviation?
A. 8
B. 2.162
C. 9.5
D. 4.674
E. 21.846
In a statistic class, 10 scores were randomly selected with the following results were obtained: 74, 73, 77, 77, 71, 68, 65, 77, 67, 66
135 What is the 90 <sup>th</sup> percentile?
A. 77
B. 73
C. 74
D. 67
E. 65.9
136 What is the third quartile?
·
A. 65.9
B. 67.3 C. 66.75
D. 73.85
E. 77.0
<del></del>

### 137 What is the first quartile? A. 65.9 B. 67.3 C. 67.0 D. 73.85 E. 77.0 138 What is the 10<sup>th</sup> percentile? A. 65.5 B. 67.3 C. 66.75 D. 73.85 E. 77.0 139 What is the 65<sup>th</sup> percentile? A. 65.9 B. 67.3 C. 66.75 D. 74.0 E. 77.0 140 What is the IQR? A. 12.00 B. 5.25 C. 10.00 D. 5.00 E. 11.00 141 What are the inner fences? A. 15.375, 30.75 B. 82.125, 92.375 C. 97.50, 107.75 D. 52.00, 92.00 E. 35.95, 107.75

142 What are the outer fences?	
A. 15.375, 30.75 B. 51.375, 92.375 C. 37.00, 107.00 D. 82.125, 92.375 E. 97.50, 107.75	
The numbers of rooms for 15 home recently sold were 8, 8, 8, 5, 9, 8, 7, 6, 6, 7, 7, 7, 7, 9, 9	e;
143 What is the 90 <sup>th</sup> percentile?	
A. 9 B. 8 C. 7 D. 6 E. 5  144 What is the third quartile?	
A. 9 B. 8 C. 7 D. 6 E. 5	
145 What is the first quartile?	
A. 9 B. 8 C. 7 D. 6 E. 5	

146 What is the 10 <sup>th</sup> percentile?
A. 9 B. 8 C. 7 D. 6 E. 5
147 What is the 65 <sup>th</sup> percentile?
A. 9 B. 8 C. 7 D. 6 E. 5
148 What is the <i>IQR</i> ?
A. 15 B. 1.5 C. 3 D. 4 E. 1
149 What are the inner fences?
A. 4, 11 B. 8.5, 9.5 C. 5.5, 9.5 D. 10, 9.5 E. 5.5, 10
150 What are the outer fences?
A. 5.5, 9.5 B. 4, 11 C. 8.5, 9.5 D. 10, 9.5 E. 5.5, 10



A. 8 B. 22.9 C. 18.55 D. 9

E. 21.25

```
155 What is the 65<sup>th</sup> percentile?
    A. 8
    B. 22.9
    C. 19
    D. 9
    E. 21.25
156 What is the IQR?
    A. 10.5
    B. 18.375
    C. 36.75
    D. 21.25
    E. 30.25
157 What are the inner fences?
    A. 27.375, 39.625
    B. -5.75, 36.25
    C. -27.75, 58.00
    D. 45.75, 58.00
    E. 18.375, 36.75
158 What are the outer fences?
    A. -9.375, 39.625
    B. -21.5, 52.00
    C. 27.375, 39.625
    D. 45.75, 58.00
    E. 18.375, 36.75
    In a hearing test, subjects estimate the loudness (in decibels) of sound, and the results are;
    68, 67, 70, 71, 68, 75, 68, 62, 80, 73, 68
```

159	What is the 90 <sup>th</sup> percentile?
	A. 73 B. 68 C. 70.5 D. 67 E. 75
160	What is the third quartile?
	A. 73 B. 68 C. 70.5 D. 67 E. 75
161	What is the first quartile?
	A. 73 B. 68 C. 70.5 D. 67 E. 75
162	What is the 10 <sup>th</sup> percentile?
	A. 73 B. 68 C. 70.5 D. 67 E. 75
163	What is the 65 <sup>th</sup> percentile?
	A. 73 B. 68 C. 71 D. 67 E. 75

```
164 What is the IQR?
    A. 18
    B. 6
    C. 5
    D. 7.5
    E. 15
165 What are the inner fences?
    A. 75.5, 80.5
    B. 83, 88
    C. 60.5, 80.5
    D. 53, 88
    E. 7.5, 15
166 What are the outer fences?
    A. 60.5, 80.5
    B. 75.5, 80.5
    C. 53, 88
    D. 83, 88
    E. 7.5, 15
    The reaction time (in seconds) to a stop at a red light for a group of adult men was found to be
    0.74, 0.71, 0.41, 0.82, 0.74, 0.85, 0.99, 0.71, 0.57, 0.85, 0.57, 0.55
167 What is the 90<sup>th</sup> percentile?
    A. 0.752
    B. 0.552
    C. 0.85
    D. 0.8425
    E. 0.57
```

# 168 What is the third quartile? A. 0.752 B. 0.552 C. 0.85 D. 0.835 E. 0.57 169 What is the first quartile? A. 0.752 B. 0.552 C. 0.85 D. 0.8425 E. 0.57 170 What is the 10<sup>th</sup> percentile? A. 0.752 B. 0.55 C. 0.85 D. 0.8425 E. 0.57 171 What is the 65<sup>th</sup> percentile? A. 0.74 B. 0.552 C. 0.85 D. 0.8425 E. 0.57 172 What is the IQR? A. 265 B. 8175 C. 40875 D. 57

E. 8425

173 What are	the inner fences?
A. 97875,	, 1.25125
B. 3875,	1.66
C2475	, 1.66
D. 40875	
E. 1725,	1.2325
174 What are	the outer fences?
A225, B. 16125, C. 97875 D. 1.3875 E. 40875,	, 1.25125 , 1.25125 5, 1.66
scale of 1	of the satisfaction with their instructor, 13 students gave the following scores from a to 5; 5, 5, 4, 3, 3, 2, 4, 3, 3
175 What is th	ne 90 <sup>th</sup> percentile?
A. 1.2 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4 E. 5	
176 What is th	ne third quartile?
A. 1.2 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4 E. 4.8	

177	What is the first quartile?
	A. 1.2 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4 E. 4.8
178	What is the 10 <sup>th</sup> percentile?
	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4 E. 4.8
179	What is the 65 <sup>th</sup> percentile?
	A. 1.2 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4 E. 4.8
180	What is the <i>IQR</i> ?
	A. 2 B. 6 C. 3 D. 4 E. 1
181	What are the inner fences?
	A1, 7 B4, 10 C. 5, 7 D. 8, 10 E. 3, 6

A1, 7 B4, 10 C. 5, 7 D. 8, 10 E. 3, 6	
The company financial officer was interested in the average cost of PC in the past six months. A random sample of the price of 10 computers following results; \$3,250, \$1,127, \$2,995, \$3,250, \$3,445, \$3,449, \$1,482, \$6,120, \$3,0	was taken with the
183 What is the 90 <sup>th</sup> percentile?	
A. \$1,446.5 B. \$2,617 C. \$3,415.75 D. \$3,587 E. \$5,060	
184 What is the third quartile?	
A. \$1,446.5 B. \$2,617 C. \$3,415.75 D. \$3,449 E. \$4,212	
185 What is the first quartile?	
A. \$1,446.5 B. \$2,995 C. \$3,415.75 D. \$3,587 E. \$4,212	

182 What are the outer fences?

```
186 What is the 10<sup>th</sup> percentile?
    A. $1,304.50
    B. $2,617
    C. $3,415.75
    D. $3,587
    E. $4,212
187 What is the 65<sup>th</sup> percentile?
    A. $1,446.5
    B. $2,617
    C. $3,445
    D. $3,587
    E. $4,212
188 What is the IQR?
    A. 1455
    B. 454
    C. 2910
    D. 4993
    E. 6204
189 What are the inner fences?
    A. 1455, 2910
    B. 4072, 5042
    C. 5527, 6497
    D. 2314, 4130
    E. -293, 6497
190 What are the outer fences?
    A. 1455, 2910
    B. 4072, 5042
    C. 5527, 6497
    D. 1162, 5042
    E. 1633, 4811
```

The local amusement park was interested in the average wait time at their most popular roller coaster at the peak park time (2 p.m.). They selected 13 patrons and had them get in line between 2 and 3 p.m. Each was given a stop watch to record the time they spent in line. The times recorded were as follows (in minutes)

118, 124, 108, 116, 99, 120, 148, 118, 119, 121, 45, 130, 118

## 191 What is the 90<sup>th</sup> percentile?

.

- A. 100.8
- B. 119.8
- C. 130
- D. 112
- E. 122.5

### 192 What is the third quartile?

.

- A. 100.8
- B. 119.8
- C. 128.8
- D. 112
- E. 121

### 193 What is the first quartile?

- A. 100.8
- B. 119.8
- C. 128.8
- D. 116
- E. 122.5

## 194 What is the 10<sup>th</sup> percentile?

- A. 99
- B. 119.8
- C. 128.8
- D. 112
- E. 122.5

```
195 What is the 65<sup>th</sup> percentile?
    A. 100.8
    B. 120
    C. 128.8
    D. 112
    E. 122.5
196 What is the IQR?
    A. 21.00
    B. 5
    C. 15.75
    D. 31.50
    E. 11.50
197 What are the inner fences?
    A. 108.50, 128.50
    B. 80.50, 154.00
    C. 127.75, 138.25
    D. 143.50, 154.00
    E. 15.75, 31.50
198 What are the outer fences?
    A. 96.25, 138.25
```

B. 101.00, 136.00

C. 127.75, 138.25

D. 143.50, 154.00

E. 15.75, 31.50

Quality control is an important issue at ACME Company which manufacturers light bulbs. In order to conduct testing of the life hours of their light bulbs, they randomly sampled nine light bulbs and measured how many hours they lasted.

378, 361, 350, 375, 200, 391, 375, 368, 321

# 199 What is the 90<sup>th</sup> percentile? A. 335.5 B. 370.5 C. 391 D. 296.8 E. 375 200 What is the third quartile? A. 335.5 B. 370.5 C. 380.6 D. 296.8 E. 375 201 What is the first quartile? A. 350 B. 370.5 C. 380.6 D. 296.8 E. 375 202 What is the 10<sup>th</sup> percentile? A. 335.5 B. 370.5 C. 380.6 D. 200 E. 375 203 What is the 65<sup>th</sup> percentile? A. 335.5 B. 370.5 C. 380.6 D. 296.8 E. 375

## 204 What is the IQR? A. 25 B. 22 C. 61.50 D. 191 E. 82 205 What are the inner fences? A. 312.5, 412.5 B. 212.5, 499.5 C. 397.0, 438.0 D. 458.5, 499.5 E. 61.5, 123.0 206 What are the outer fences? A. 274.0, 438.0 B. 275.0, 450.0 C. 397.0, 438.0 D. 458.5, 499.5 E. 61.5, 123.0 Twenty students were randomly selected from a business statistics course and were asked to report the number of times that they had eaten a meal at the university's cafeteria within the past month. Below are the values reported: 7, 8, 10, 11, 8, 6, 10, 9, 9, 8, 13, 12, 8, 11, 11, 14, 8, 7, 10, 12 207 What is the 90<sup>th</sup> percentile?

A. 7

B. 10.35 C. 12.5 D. 11 E. 8

## 208 What is the third quartile? A. 7 B. 10.35 C. 12.1 D. 11 E. 8 209 What is the first quartile? A. 7 B. 10.35 C. 12.1 D. 11 E. 8 210 What is the 10<sup>th</sup> percentile? A. 7 B. 10.35 C. 12.1 D. 11 E. 8 211 What is the 65<sup>th</sup> percentile? A. 7 B. 10.5 C. 12.1 D. 11 E. 8 212 What is the IQR? A. 3 B. 8 C. 3.5 D. 11 E. 4.5

.

A. 17, 20

B. 3.5, 15.5

C. 12.5, 15.5

D. -1, 20

E. 4.5, 9.0

#### 214 What are the outer fences?

.

A. 17, 20

B. -1, 20

C. 3.5, 15.5

D. 12.5, 15.5

E. 4.5, 9.0

In a survey of 550 randomly-selected business statistic students were surveyed on their impressions of their course, instructor, and textbook. The results are as follows:

Rate the overall quality of your course.		
	Excellent	154
	Good	187
	Fair	71
	Poor	138
How effective was your instructor?		
	Very effective	75
	Somewhat effective	220
	Somewhat ineffective	155
	Very ineffective	100
How easy was it to read and understand the textbook?		
	Very easy	21
	Easy	83
	Hard	361
	Very hard	85

Use the above results to answer the following questions: Compute a point estimate of the proportion of all college statistic students who:

## 215 Think their instructor was "very effective"

.

A. 0.136

B. 0.536

C. 0.182

D. 0.280

E. 0.014

216	Feel their textbook is not "easy" or "very easy"
	A. 0.189 B. 0.811 C. 0.009 D. 0.656 E. 0.151
217	Think the quality of the course was "fair"
•	
	A. 0.251 B. 0.620 C. 0.129 D. 0.871 E. 0.340
218	Think that they had a "very ineffective" or "somewhat ineffective" instructor
•	
	A. 0.282 B. 0.136 C. 0.182 D. 0.280 E. 0.464
	Of the students who thought their textbook was very hard to read, 50 also thought that the quality of the course was "poor". What proportion of students who think that their textbook was "hard" also thought their course was "poor".
	A. 0.588 B. 0.155 C. 0.091 D. 0.251 E. 0.616

The 550 students answered an additional question with the following results based on their rating of their instructor:

	Very or Somewhat Effective	Very or Somewhat Ineffective
Final Grade		
A	190	85
В	75	120
С	20	17
D	9	18
F	1	15

220 What proportion of the students who rated their instructor as very or somewhat effective received . a B or better in the class?

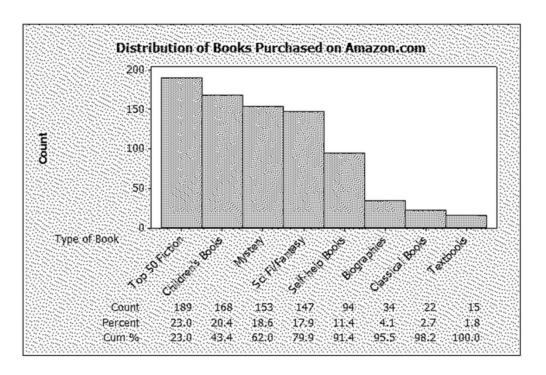
- A. 0.345
- B. 0.254
- C. 0.482
- D. 0.898
- E. 0.644

221 What proportion of all 550 students received less than a C?

.

- A. 0.03
- B. 0.06
- C. 0.08
- D. 0.13
- E. 0.15

822 customers were randomly selected from those who had recently bought a book over the internet. The chart below shows the breakdown of the classification of the book type:



222 What percentage of the books purchased were either mystery or science fiction/fantasy?

.

- A. 18.61
- B. 36.50
- C. 17.88
- D. 24.33
- E. 22.99

223 What proportion of the books purchased were self-help books?

.

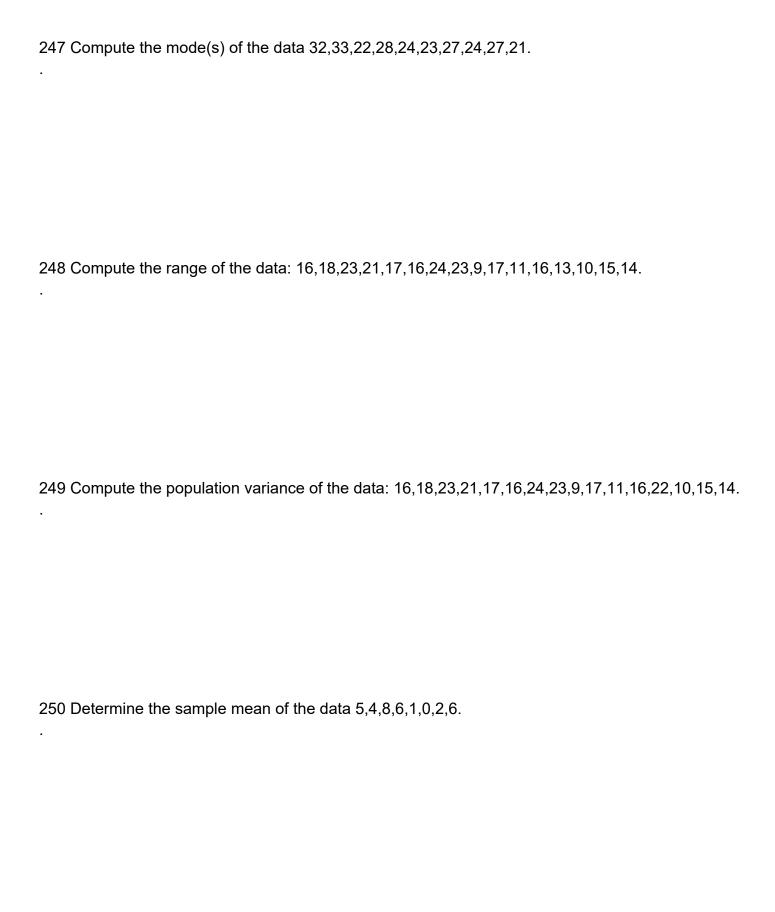
- A. 0.1144
- B. 11.44
- C. 1.82
- D. 0.0182
- E. 0.940

	A. 22.99
	B. 20.44
	C. 4.50
	D. 43.43
	E. 4343
225	A graphical display of categorical data made up of vertical or horizontal bars is called a
226	A measurement located between the inner and outer fences of a box-and-whisker display is a(n
-	<del>.</del>
227	A measurement located outside the outer fences of a box-and-whisker display is a(n)
	A graphical portrayal of a data set that divides the data into classes and gives the frequency of each class is a(n)
229	Another name for the 50 <sup>th</sup> percentile is the
230	The measurement in a sample or a population that occurs most frequently is the
231	The average of the squared deviations of the individual population measurement from the population mean is the
232	If a process is able to consistently produce output that meets customer requirements (specifications), we say that it is a process.

224 What percentage of books were in the top two categories?

233	Histograms and stem-and-leaf displays are used to visualize the distribution of data.
234	The difference between the largest and smallest measurements in a population or sample is the
235	A relative frequency curve having a long tail to the right is said to be to the right.
236	If the mean is greater than the median, then the distribution is skewed
237	The proportion of measurements in a class is called the of that class.
238	A histogram that tails out towards larger values is skewed
239	A histogram that tails out towards smaller values is skewed
	The point estimate of the population is the positive square root of the sample variance.
241	The is a quantity that measures the variation of a population or sample relative to its mean.
242	A(n) is a graphical display of categorical data made up of vertical or horizontal bars.

243	What percent of a normal population is within 2 standard deviations of the mean?
244	Twenty students were randomly selected from a business statistics course and were asked to report the number of times that they had eaten a meal at the university's cafeteria within the past month. Below are the values reported: 7, 8, 10, 11, 8, 6, 10, 9, 9, 8, 13, 12, 8, 11, 11, 14, 8, 7, 10 12. What is the 90 <sup>th</sup> percentile?
245	Compute the mean of the data 32,33,22,28,24,23,27,24,27,21.
246	Compute the median of the data 32,33,22,28,24,23,27,24,27,21.



251 Determine the median of the data 2,4,6,8,10,12,14.
252 Determine the mode of the data 2,4,6,2,5,6,2,9,4,5,2,1
253 Compute the sample standard deviation of the data 5,4,8,6,1,0,2,6.
254 What is the range of the following set of data: 3,7,2,1,8?

255	Calculate a one standard deviation tolerance interval for the data that has a sample mean of 28,475 and a standard deviation of 9,369.
256	Calculate a two standard deviation tolerance interval for the data that has a sample mean of 28,475 and a standard deviation of 9,369.
257	Calculate a three standard deviation tolerance interval for the data that has a sample mean of 28,475 and a standard deviation of 9,369.

258	If the median of a data set is 760 and the upper quartile is 950, and the lower quartile is 650, what is the interquartile range?
259	If the median of the data set is 40 and the upper quartile is 42 and the lower quartile is 37, what is the interquartile range?
260	Given a set of data with a mean of 150 and a standard deviation of 20. Using Chebyshev's Theorem, what is the minimum percentage of data between 110 and 190?

261 Given a set of data with mean of 150 and a standard deviation of 25. Using Chebyshev's . Theorem, what is the minimum percentage of data between 75 and 225?
262 Determine the median of the data set 95,86,78,90,62,73,89,92,84,76.
263 Compute the sample standard deviation of the data set 6,4,2,1,4,1 .
264 If 50 of 500 sampled customers said they would make a purchase of a new TV set, what is the sample proportion?

265	Describe the shape of a population distribution, if the median is greater than the mean.
266	In a normally distributed population, what tolerance interval contains 68.26 percent of all measurements?
267	In a normally distributed population, what tolerance interval contains 95.44 percent of all measurements?
268	In a normally distributed population, what tolerance interval contains 99.73 percent of all measurements?

269 What are three important properties of any data set?
270 If specifications for a process are (1.6, 1.8), and a 99.73 percent tolerance interval is (1.62, 1.83 . is the process capable?
271 The average lateness for one of the top airline companies is 10 minutes. The variance of the . lateness measure is calculated as 9. What is the coefficient of variation?

272 The average lateness for one of the top airline companies is 10 minutes. The variance of the lateness measure is calculated as 9. An airplane arrived 13 minutes after the stated arrival time. Calculate the Z-score for this particular airplane's lateness.
The average life of Canadian women is 73.75 years and the standard deviation of the women's life expectancy in Canada is 6.5 years.
273 Using the Chebychev's theorem, determine the minimum percentage of women in Canada whose . life expectancy is between 64 and 83.5 years.
274 Based on Chebychev's inequality determine the upper and lower bounds on the average life expectancy of the Canadian women such that at least 90% of all population is included.

275 The average lateness for one of the top airline companies is 10 minutes. The variance of the lateness measure is calculated as 9. An airplane arrived 8.5 minutes after the stated arrival time. Calculate the Z-score for this particular airplane's lateness.

The following table shows the Price-to-Earnings ratio for a Stereo equipment manufacturing company between 1998 and 2002.

Year	P/E Ratio
1998	12.4
1999	14.6
2000	11.1
2001	8.2
2002	6.8

276 Determine the percentage change in the P/E ratios from 1998 to 1999.

277 Determine the percentage change in the P/E ratios from 1999 to 2000.

•

- 278 The following table shows the annual percentage growth rate for a Stereo equipment
- . manufacturing company between 1998 and 2002. The of the P/E ratios are also calculated and given below:

Year	Growth rate %
2007	17.74% (2006 – 2007)
2008	<b>-</b> 23.97% (2007 – 2008)
2009	<b>-</b> 26.13% (2008 – 2009)
2010	<b>-17.07%</b> (2009 – 2010)

Calculate the mean growth rate.

The following frequency table summarizes the ages of 64 shoppers at the local grocery store.

Age of the shopper	Frequency
15 - 23	10
24 - 32	21
33 - 41	10
42 - 50	8
51 - 59	5
60 - 68	6

279 Calculate the (approximate) sample mean for this data (mean for the grouped data).

.

. (approxir	(approximate) sample variance and standard deviation for this data set.			
	looking at the percentage of a company's resources are spent on computing. The CF companies in the pharmaceutical industry and developed the following stem-and-leaf			
5	269			
6	255568999			
7	11224557789			
8	001222458			
9	02455679			
10	1556			
11	137			
12				
13	255			
281 What is t	he approximate shape of the distribution of the data?			
282 What is t	he smallest percent spent on computing?			
•				

280 The sample mean for the above frequency table is calculated as 36.25. Calculate the

283	If a frequency histogram were to be created using these data, how many classes would you create?
284	Personnel managers usually want to know where a job applicant ranked in an entrance test for
	their company. With a score of 3.83, Michelle Robinson ranked above the 93 <sup>rd</sup> percentile of the other applicants. What is the percentile rank of an applicant whose score was the median value?

285 The Rivertown city council is attempting to choose one of two sites (A or B) as the location for its new emergency facility. After the new emergency facility becomes available for service, the current emergency facility will be shut down. The project manager has estimated the following response times in minutes from each of the proposed sites to the four areas that must be served by the emergency facility.

	Area Served			
Proposed	1	2	3	4
Site				
$\mathbf{A}$	5.2	4.4	3.6	6.5
В	6.0	7.4	3.4	4.0

The number of emergency runs from the current emergency facility to each of the four areas over the past year is as follows:

Area	1	2	3	4
Number of runs	150	65	175	92

Compute the weighted mean response time from both proposed locations and determine which proposed site should be selected for the new emergency facility.

## 286 Consider the following data:

11.5 6. 13.7 11. 11 16. 14.5 1. 2. 13.5 7. 14 12. 13 17. 15.5 3. 12.5 12 16.7 13 8. 13. 18. 4. 15.2 9. 12.7 12.5 19. 18.2 14. 5. 14.7 10. 12.5 11.5 20. 11.7 15.

- (a) Create a stem and leaf display for the sample.
- (b) Describe the shape of the stem and leaf display.
- (c) What is the mode?
- (d) What is the media?

## Chapter 2 Key

1. A stem-and-leaf display is a graphical portrayal of a data set that shows the data set's overall pattern of variation.

#### **TRUE**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #1

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-01 Explain what is demonstrated by a stem-and-leaf display that you have constructed

2. The median is the measure of central tendency that divides a population or sample into four equal parts.

#### **FALSE**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #2 Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

3. The population mean is the average of the population measurements.

### **TRUE**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #3 Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

4. The mode is the measurement in a sample or population that occurs most frequently.

#### **TRUE**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #4

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

5. The population mean is a point estimate of the sample mean.

### **FALSE**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #5 Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

The median is said to be resistant to extreme values. 6.

#### **TRUE**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #6 Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

7. The range of set of measurements is the largest measurement plus the small measurement.

#### **FALSE**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #7 Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

The population variance is the average of the squared deviations of the individual population 8. measurements from the population mean.

#### **TRUE**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #8 Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

9. In a symmetric population, the median equals the mean.

#### **TRUE**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #9 Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-04 Differentiate between a symmetrical distribution and a positively or negatively skewed distribution

10. It is appropriate to use the Empirical Rule to describe a population that is extremely skewed.

#### **FALSE**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #10 Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-04 Differentiate between a symmetrical distribution and a positively or negatively skewed distribution

11. The median is the value below which approximately 50 percent of the measurements lie.

#### **TRUE**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #11 Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

12. An independent variable is a variable that can be used to describe, predict, or control a dependent variable.

### **TRUE**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #12 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

13. The relative frequency is the frequency of a class divided by the total number of measurements.

### **TRUE**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #13 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe how a histogram is constructed

14. The box-and-whiskers display is a graphical portrayal of data sets that depict both the central tendency and variability of the data.

# <u>TRUE</u>

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #14 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

15. When establishing the classes for a frequency table it is generally agreed that the more classes you use the better your frequency table will be.

# **FALSE**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #15 Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe how a histogram is constructed

16. If there are 7 classes in a frequency distribution, then the fourth class will always contain the median.

### **FALSE**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #16 Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe how a histogram is constructed

17. A Pareto chart is a type of histogram.

## **FALSE**

18. Range is a better measure of variation than standard deviation.

<b>FALSE</b>	
--------------	--

E. scale

	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #18 Difficulty: Mediun Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
19.	A normal population has 99.73 percent of the population measurements within standard deviations of the mean.
	A. one
	B. two
	<u>C.</u> three
	D. four
	E. five
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #19 Difficulty: Mediun
	Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw date
20.	A number calculated using the sample measurements that describes some aspect of the sample is a sample
	A. mean
	B. variance
	C. statistic
	D. parameter
	w i pararriotor

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #20 Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

21.	All of the following can be used to describe quantitative data with the exception of a
	A. histogram
	B. stem-and-leaf display
	C. dot plot
	<u>D.</u> pie chart
	E. scatter plot
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigatior Bowerman - Chapter 02 #21 Difficulty: Medium
	Learning Objective: 02-01 Explain what is demonstrated by a stem-and-leaf display that you have constructed Learning Objective: 02-03 Identify when a histogram should be used
22.	All of the following are measures of central tendency except the
	<u>A.</u> range
	B. mode
	C. mean
	D. median
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigatior Bowerman - Chapter 02 #22 Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode
23.	A measurement that is separated from most of the other measurements is a(n)
	A. absolute extreme
	B. outlier
	C. mode
	D. quartile
	E. median
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #23

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier

24.	Which of the following graphs is used to summarize qualitative data?	
	A. Histogram  B. Bar Chart C. Time series plot D. Stem-and-leaf display E. Scatter plot	
		Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #24 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A
25.	Which percentile describes the first quartile, Q1?	
	A. 25 <sup>th</sup> B. 50 <sup>th</sup> C. 75 <sup>th</sup> D. 100 <sup>th</sup> E. 125 <sup>th</sup>	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #25 Difficulty: Easy
		Learning Objective: N/A
26.	Which percentile describes the third quartile, Q3?	
	A. 25 <sup>th</sup> B. 50 <sup>th</sup> C. 75 <sup>th</sup> D. 100 <sup>th</sup> E. 125 <sup>th</sup>	
		Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #26 Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: N/A

	is a plot.
	A. runs
	B. scatter
	C. dot
	D. time series
	E. box
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #2 Difficulty: Mediun Learning Objective: N//
28.	A stem-and-leaf display is best used to
	<ul> <li>A. provide a point estimate of the variability in the population.</li> <li>B. provide a point estimate of the central tendency in the population.</li> <li>C. display the shape of the distribution of measurements.</li> <li>D. reduce sampling bias.</li> <li>E. represent the distribution of qualitative data.</li> </ul>
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #20 Difficulty: Medium
	Learning Objective: 02-01 Explain what is demonstrated by a stem-and-leaf display that you have constructed
29.	When grouping a large sample of items into classes, the is a better tool than the
	<ul> <li>A. histogram, stem-and-leaf display</li> <li>B. box-and-whiskers display, histogram</li> <li>C. stem-and-leaf display, histogram</li> <li>D. scatter plot, box-and-whiskers display</li> <li>E. box-and-whiskers display, scatter plot</li> </ul>
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation  Bowerman - Chapter 02 #2:

A plot of the values of a dependent variable y versus the values of an independent variable x

27.

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #29 Difficulty: Medium leaf display that you have constructed

Learning Objective: 02-01 Explain what is demonstrated by a stem-and-leaf display that you have constructed Learning Objective: 02-03 Identify when a histogram should be used

30.	Α	displays the frequency of ea	ach group with qualitative data and a
		displays the frequency of each gro	up with quantitative data.
	A. histo	ogram, stem-and-leaf display	
	<u><b>B.</b></u> bar	chart, histogram	
	C. scat	tter plot, bar chart	
	D. ster	n-and-leaf display, pie chart	
	E. scat	tter plot, pie chart	
			Accessibility: Keyboard Navigatior Bowerman - Chapter 02 #30 Difficulty: Medium
			Learning Objective: 02-03 Identify when a histogram should be used
31.	Α	shows the relationship betw	een two quantitative variables.
	A. box	-and-whiskers display	
	B. bar		
	C. histo	ogram	
	D. scat	tter plot	
	E. pie	chart	
			Accessibility: Keyboard Navigatior Bowerman - Chapter 02 #31 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A
32.	In a giv	ven data set, the 25 <sup>th</sup> percentile is	equal to the lower hinge.
	A. alwa	ays	
	<u><b>B.</b></u> som	netimes	
	C. nev	er	
			Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #32 Difficulty: Hard Learning Objective: N/A

33.	<ol> <li>An airline company is, on average, late 10 m statistic is 9, then the coefficient of variation</li> </ol>	inutes for arrivals. If the variance for the lateness is
	A. 3	
	В. 300	
	C. 10	
	D. 90	
	<u>E.</u> 30	
		Accessibility: Keyboard Navigatior Bowerman - Chapter 02 #33 Difficulty: Medium
	Learning C	bjective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
34.	4 and are use	ed to describe qualitative (categorical) data.
	<u><b>D.</b></u> Bar charts; pie charts  E. Pie charts; histograms	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #34 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A
35.	5. Which of the following is influenced the least sample?	by the occurrence of extreme values in a
	A. Mean	
	<b>B.</b> Median	
	C. Mode	
	D. Range	
	E. Variance	
		Accessibility: Keyboard Navigatior Bowerman - Chapter 02 #35

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #35 Difficulty: Medium tween a mean; a median; and a mode

Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

36.	If a population distribution is positively skewed (i.e. skewed to the right), then, given a random sample from that population, one would expect that the
	A. median would be greater than the mean
	B. mode would be equal to the mean
	C. median would never equal the mode
	D. median would be equal to the mean
	E. median would be less than the mean
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation  Bowerman - Chapter 02 #36  Difficulty: Medium
	Learning Objective: 02-04 Differentiate between a symmetrical distribution and a positively or negatively skewed distribution
37.	If a statistics course is determined by three exams. Exam 1 is worth 25% of the course grade. Exam 2 is worth 35% of the course grade. Exam 3 is worth 40% of the course grade.
	Calculate the term grade for a student with a 52% for the first exam, 63% for the second
	exam, and 75% for the third exam.
	A. 45.75%
	<b>B.</b> 65.05%
	C. 55.25%
	D. 36.35%
	E. 63.00%
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #37 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A
38.	If the mean, median, and mode for a given population are all equal, then we know that its distribution is
	A. bimodal
	B. skewed to the right
	C. symmetric
	D. skewed to the left
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #38

Difficulty: Medium

39.	If one intends to compare the relative variation between two samples involving two different quantitative variables with different measurement scales, then the most appropriate way is to
	compare the from the two samples.
	A. standard deviations
	B. variances
	<u>C.</u> coefficients of variation
	D. ranges
	E. interquartile ranges
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #39 Difficulty: Medium
	Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
40.	A disadvantage of using grouping (a frequency table) with sample data is that
	A. calculations involving central tendency and variation are more complicated than central tendency and variation calculations based on ungrouped data.
	<u>B.</u> the descriptive statistics are less precise than the descriptive statistics obtained using ungrouped data.
	C. the interpretation of the grouped data descriptive statistics is meaningless.
	D. it is much more difficult to summarize the information than it is with the ungrouped data.  E. it is more difficult to interpret a pie chart.
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #40 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A
41.	When developing a frequency distribution, the class intervals should be
	A. large.
	B. small.
	C. different lengths.
	<u>D.</u> mutually exclusive.
	E. of equal length.

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #41 Difficulty: Hard

Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe how a histogram is constructed

42.	Which of the following graphical tools is not used to study the shapes of distributions?
	<ul> <li>A. Stem-and-leaf display</li> <li>B. Scatter plot</li> <li>C. Histogram</li> <li>D. Dot plot</li> <li>E. Cumulative frequency distribution</li> </ul>
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #42 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-01 Explain what is demonstrated by a stem-and-leaf display that you have constructed Learning Objective: 02-03 Identify when a histogram should be used
43.	For a bell-shaped distribution, score <i>x</i> would be considered an outlier if:
	A. $x = 15$ , mean = 20, standard deviation = 3 B. $x = 15$ , mean = 50, standard deviation = 30 C. $x = 15$ , mean = 25, standard deviation = 5 D. $x = 15$ , mean = 10, standard deviation = 100 E. $x = 15$ , mean = 50, standard deviation = 10
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #43 Difficulty: Hard Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier
44.	A quantity that measures the variation of a population or a sample relative to its mean is called the
	A. range B. standard deviation C. coefficient of variation D. variance E. interquartile range
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #44 Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

45.	Which of the following sample statistics is a measure of variation that is based only on the minimum and maximum values in a sample?
	<ul> <li>A. Range</li> <li>B. Standard deviation</li> <li>C. Variance</li> <li>D. Interquartile range</li> <li>E. Coefficient of variation</li> </ul>
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #45 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
46.	If there are 130 values in a data set, how many classes should be created for a frequency histogram?
	A. 4 B. 5 C. 6 D. 7 E. 8  Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #46
	Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe how a histogram is constructed
47.	If there are 120 values in a data set, how many classes should be created for a frequency histogram?
	A. 4 B. 5 C. 6 D. 7 E. 8  Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #47 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe how a histogram is constructed

48.	If there are	e 62 values in a data set, how many classes should be created for a frequency ?
	A. 4	
	B. 5	
	<u>C.</u> 6	
	D. 7	
	E. 8	
		Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #48 Difficulty: Medium
		Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe how a histogram is constructed
49.	If there are	e 30 values in a data set, how many classes should be created for a frequency ?
	A. 4	
	<u>B.</u> 5	
	C. 6	
	D. 7	
	E. 8	
		Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #49 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe how a histogram is constructed
		Learning Objective. 02-02 Describe now a histogram is constructed
	CFO samp	ooking at what percentage of a company's resources are spent on computing. The ples companies in the pharmaceutical industry and developed the following stemisplay. The leaf unit is 0.1.
	5	269
	6	255568999
	7	11224557789
	8	001222458
	9	02455679
	10	1556
	11	137
	12	255
	13	255
		Bowerman - Chapter 02

50.	What is the approximate shape of the distribution of the data?
	A. Normal  B. Skewed to the right C. Skewed to the left D. Bimodal E. Uniform
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #50 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-01 Explain what is demonstrated by a stem-and-leaf display that you have constructed
51.	What is the smallest percent spent on computing?
	A. 5.9 B. 5.6 C. 5.2 D. 5.02 E. 50.2
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #51 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-01 Explain what is demonstrated by a stem-and-leaf display that you have constructed
52.	If a frequency histogram were to be created using these data, how many classes would you create?
	A. 4 B. 5 C. 6 D. 7 E. 8
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #52 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe how a histogram is constructed

53.	What would be the class length that would be used in creating a frequency histogram?

- A. 1.4 B. 8.3 C. 1.2 D. 1.7
- E. 0.9

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #53
Difficulty: Medium
Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe how a histogram is constructed

- 54. What would be the first class interval for the frequency histogram?
  - A. 5.2 6.5 B. 5.2 - 6.0 C. 5.0 - 6.0 D. 5.2 - 6.6 E. 5.2 - 6.4

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #54
Difficulty: Medium
Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe how a histogram is constructed

A local airport keeps track of the percentage of flights arriving within 15 minutes of their scheduled arrivals. The stem-and-leaf plot of the data for one year is below. The leaf unit is 0.1.

76	9
77	114
78	
79	07
80	88
81	2
82	1
83	88

Bowerman - Chapter 02

55.	What is the sample size?
	A. 7 B. 9 C. 10 D. 11 <u>E.</u> 12
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #55 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-01 Explain what is demonstrated by a stem-and-leaf display that you have constructed
56.	In developing a histogram of these data, how many classes would be used?
	A. 4 B. 5 C. 6 D. 7 E. 8  Bowerman - Chapter 02 #56
	Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe how a histogram is constructed
57.	What would be the class length for creating the frequency histogram?
	A. 1.4 B. 0.8 C. 2.7 D. 1.7 E. 2.3
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #57 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe how a histogram is constructed

A company collected the ages from a random sample of its middle managers with the resulting frequency distribution shown below:

Class Interval	Frequency
20 to <25	8
25  to < 30	6
30 to <35	5
35 to <40	12
40  to < 45	15
45  to < 50	7

Bowerman - Chapter 02

- 58. What would be the approximate shape of the relative frequency histogram?
  - A. Uniform
  - B. Normal
  - C. Bimodal
  - **D.** Skewed to the left
  - E. Skewed to the right

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #58

Difficulty: Hard

Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe how a histogram is constructed

- 59. What is the relative frequency for the largest interval?
  - A. 0.132
  - B. 0.226
  - C. 0.231
  - **D.** 0.283
  - E. 0.288

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #59

Difficulty: Hard

Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe how a histogram is constructed

- 60. What is the midpoint of the third class interval?
  - A. 22.5
  - B. 27.5
  - **C.** 32.5
  - D. 37.5
  - E. 42.5

In a statistic class, 10 scores were randomly selected with the following results were obtained: 74, 73, 77, 71, 68, 65, 77, 67, 66

Bowerman - Chapter 02

- 61. What is the mean?
  - **A.** 71.5
  - B. 72.0
  - C. 77.0
  - D. 71.0
  - E. 73.0

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #61

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

- 62. What is the median?
  - A. 71.5
  - **B.** 72.0
  - C. 77.0
  - D. 71.0
  - E. 73.0

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #62

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

- 63. What is the mode?
  - A. 71.5
  - B. 72.0
  - <u>**C.**</u> 77.0
  - D. 71.0
  - E. 73.0

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #63 Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

T	he	nu	ımk	oers	s of	roc	ms	fo	r '	15	ho	me	es	rece	ntly	sold	were	€:
Ջ	R	R	5	a	გ 7	7 6	6	7	7	7	7	a	a					

Bowerman	Ch + /	^

- 64. What is the mean?
  - A. 8.0
  - B. 7.0
  - C. 6.0
  - D. 9.0
  - **E.** 7.4

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #64 Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

- 65. What is the median?
  - A. 8.0
  - **B.** 7.0
  - C. 6.0
  - D. 9.0
  - E. 7.4

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #65 Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

- 66. What is the mode?
  - A. 8.0
  - **B.** 7.0
  - C. 6.0
  - D. 9.0
  - E. 7.4

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #66 Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

The values given below are snow depths measured as part of a study of satellite observations
and water resources.
19, 18, 12, 25, 22, 8, 8, 16

### 67. What is the mean?

- A. 8
- B. 23.5
- <u>C.</u> 16
- D. 17
- E. 18

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #67 Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

Bowerman - Chapter 02

# 68. What is the median?

- A. 8
- B. 23.5
- C. 16
- <u>D.</u> 17
- E. 18

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #68
Difficulty: Easy
Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

# 69. What is the mode?

- <u>**A.</u>** 8</u>
- B. 23.5
- C. 16
- D. 17
- E. 18

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #69
Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

In a	a hearing test,	subjects	estimate	the loudness	(in decibels)	of sound,	and the re	esults are:
68	, 67, 70, 71, 68	3, 75, 68,	62, 80, 73	3, 68				

_	<b>~</b> ' '	~~
Bowerman	- Chapter	U'2

7	0.	What	is the	mean?
•	<b>U</b> .	· · · · · · · ·		mount.

- <u>**A.**</u> 70
- B. 75
- C. 68
- D. 71
- E. 80

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #70 Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

### 71. What is the median?

- A. 70
- B. 75
- <u>C.</u> 68
- D. 71
- E. 80

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #71 Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

#### 72. What is the mode?

- A. 70
- B. 75
- <u>**C.**</u> 68
- D. 71
- E. 80

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #72 Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

The reaction time in seconds to a stop light of a group of adult men were found to be 0.74, 0.71, 0.41, 0.82, 0.74, 0.85, 0.99, 0.71, 0.57, 0.85, 0.57, 0.55

70	1 4 /1 /		_
73.	What	ic tha	mean?
10.	vviiai	13 1110	mcan:

- **A.** 0.709
- B. 0.710
- C. 0.920
- D. 0.725
- E. 0.550

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #73
Difficulty: Easy
Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

#### 74. What is the median?

- A. 0.709
- B. 0.710
- C. 0.920
- **D.** 0.725
- E. 0.550

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #74
Difficulty: Easy
Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

### 75. What is the mode?

- A. 0.709
- **B.** 0.710
- C. 0.920
- D. 0.725
- E. 0.550

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #75 Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

In a rating of the satisfaction with their instructor, 13 students gave the following scores from a scale of 1 to 5:

3, 2, 1, 1, 5, 5, 4, 3, 3, 2, 4, 3, 3

76.	What is the mean?	
	A. 3 B. 5 C. 2 D. 4 E. 3.25	
	Lear	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #76 Difficulty: Easy ning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode
77.	What is the median?	
	A. 3 B. 5 C. 2 D. 4 E. 3.25	
	Lear	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #77 Difficulty: Easy ning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode
78.	What is the mode?	
	A. 3 B. 5 C. 2 D. 4 E. 3.25	
	/ ear	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #78 Difficulty: Easy ning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode
	The company financial officer was interested	

The company financial officer was interested in the average cost of PCs that had been purchased in the past six months. A random sample of the price of 10 computers was taken with the following results:

\$3,250, \$1,127, \$2,995, \$3,250, \$3,445, \$3,449, \$1,482, \$6,120, \$3,009, \$4,000

79.	What is the mean?	
	A. 3447 <u>B.</u> 3213  C. 3250  D. 6120	
	E. 3445	
		Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #79 Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode
80.	What is the median?	
	A. 3447 B. 3213 C. 3250 D. 6120 E. 3445	
		Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #80
		Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode
81.	What is the mode?	
	A. 3447 B. 3213 C. 3250 D. 6120 E. 3445	Acceptability of Marketine
		Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #81

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #81
Difficulty: Easy
Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

The local amusement park was interested in the average wait time at their most popular roller coaster at the peak park time (2 p.m.). They selected 13 patrons and had them get in line between 2 and 3 p.m. Each was given a stop watch to record the time they spent in line. The times recorded were as follows (in minutes):

118, 124, 108, 116, 99, 120, 148, 118, 119, 121, 45, 130, 118

<u><b>A.</b></u> 114.15 B. 118	
C. 148 D. 45	

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #82 Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

83. What is the median?

A. 114.15

E. 115.5

- **B.** 118
- C. 148
- D. 45
- E. 115.5

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #83 Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

84. What is the mode?

- A. 114.15
- **B.** 118
- C. 148
- D. 45
- E. 115.5

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #84 Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

Quality control is an important issue at ACME Company which manufacturers light bulbs. In order to conduct testing of the life hours of their light bulbs, they randomly sampled nine light bulbs and measured how many hours they lasted.

378, 361, 350, 375, 200, 391, 375, 368, 321

85.	What is the mean?	
	A. 375	
	B. 368	
	C. 389.9	
	D. 200	
	<u>E.</u> 346.6	
		Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #85 Difficulty: Easy
		Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode
86.	What is the median?	
	A. 375	
	<u><b>B.</b></u> 368	
	C. 389.9	
	D. 200	
	E. 346.6	
		Accessibility: Keyboard Navigatior Bowerman - Chapter 02 #86 Difficulty: Easy
		Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode
87.	What is the mode?	
	<u>A.</u> 375	
	D 000	

B. 368

C. 389.9

D. 200

E. 346.6

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #87 Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

Twenty students were randomly selected from a business statistics course and were asked to report the number of times that they had eaten a meal at the university's cafeteria within the past month. Below are the values reported:

7, 8, 10, 11, 8, 6, 10, 9, 9, 8, 13, 12, 8, 11, 11, 14, 8, 7, 10, 12

88.	What is the mean?	
	A. 8	
	<u><b>B.</b></u> 9.6 C. 9.5	
	D. 10.5 E. 9	
	L. <b>9</b>	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
		Bowerman - Chapter 02 #88 Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode
89.	What is the median?	
	A. 8	
	B. 9.6	
	<u>C.</u> 9.5	
	D. 10.5	
	E. 9	
		Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #89
		Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode
90.	What is the mode?	
	Δ. 8	

<u>A.</u> 8

B. 9.6

C. 9.5

D. 10.5

E. 9

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #90 Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

91.	Find the coefficient of variation for an IQ test with a mean of 100 and a standard deviation of 15.
	<u>A.</u> 15.0
	B. 6.7
	C. 0.15
	D. 1.5
	E. 0.67
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #91 Difficulty: Medium
	Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
92.	Find the z-score for an IQ test score of 142 when the mean is 100 and the standard deviation is 15.
	A. 42
	<u><b>B.</b></u> 2.8
	C. 18.78
	D. 1.27
	E. <b>-2.8</b>
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #92 Difficulty: Medium
	Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
93.	Find the <i>z</i> -score for an IQ test score of 92.2 when the mean is 100 and the standard deviation is 15.
	A. 0.53
	B. 0.77
	C0.77
	<u>D.</u> -0.52
	E8.00
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #93 Difficulty: Medium
	Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

	15-13.
	<u>A.</u> 1.2 B. 1.0
	C. 18.0
	D1.03
	E1.2
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #94 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
95.	Find the z-score for an IQ test score of 125 when the mean is 100 and the standard deviation is 15.
	A. 25 B. 1.1 C. 1.67 D1.1 E1.67
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #95 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
96.	Using Chebyshev's Rule, find the interval that contains at least 93.75% of all measurements when mean = $2.549$ and $s = 1.828$ .
	A. [-2.935, 8.033] B. [-1.107, 6.205]

Find the z-score for an IQ test score of 118 when the mean is 100 and the standard deviation

94.

C. [-26.699, 31.797]
D. [2.435, 2.663]
E. [-4.763, 9.861]

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #96 Difficulty: Hard

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

According to a survey of the top 10 employers in a major city, a worker spends an average of 413 minutes a day on the job. Suppose the standard deviation is 26.8 minutes and the time spent is approximately a normal distribution.

97.	Within which interval will the times of approximately 68.26% of all workers fall?
	A. [394.8, 431.2]
	<b>B.</b> [386.2, 439.8] C. [372.8, 453.2]
	D. [359.4, 466.6]
	E. [332.6, 493.4]
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation  Bowerman - Chapter 02 #9
	Difficulty: Mediur Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw dat
98.	Within which interval will the times of approximately 95.44% of all workers fall?
	A F007 5 400 51
	A. [387.5, 438.5]
	B. [386.2, 439.8] C. [372.8, 453.2]
	<u>D.</u> [359.4, 466.6]
	E. [332.6, 493.4]
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #9 Difficulty: Mediur
	Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
99.	Within which interval will the times of approximately 99.73% of all workers fall?
	A. [305.8, 520.2]
	B. [386.2, 439.8]
	C. [372.8, 453.2]
	D. [359.4, 466.6]
	<u>E.</u> [332.6, 493.4]
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigatio. Bowerman - Chapter 02 #9 Difficulty: Mediur

100.	00. According to Chebyshev's Theorem, at least what percentage of measure will be within two standard deviations of the mean?	ements in a data set
	A. 68%	
	B. 50%	
	C. 25%	
	<b>D.</b> 75%	
	E. 34%	
		ccessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #100 Difficulty: Medium
	Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and	standard deviation from raw data
101.	01. According to Chebyshev's Theorem, at least what percentage of measure will be within 2.5 standard deviations of the mean?	ements in a data set
	A. 16%	
	B. 40%	
	C. 68%	
	D. 60%	
	<u>E.</u> 84%	
	Ac	ccessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #101
	Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and	Difficulty: Medium standard deviation from raw data
102.	02. According to Chebyshev's Theorem, at least what percentage of measure will be within 1.6 standard deviations of the mean?	ements in a data set
	A. 39%	
	B. 58%	
	C. 68%	
	<u>D.</u> 61%	
	E. 92%	
	Ac	ccessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #102
	Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and	Difficulty: Medium standard deviation from raw data

103.	According to Chebyshev's Theorem, at least what percentage of measurements in a data set will be within 3.2 standard deviations of the mean?
	<u>A.</u> 90% B. 95% C. 84% D. 97% E. 10%
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #103 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
104.	Consider the interval $\mu^{\pm k\sigma}$ for some population. According to Chebyshev's theorem, what value of $k$ would guarantee this interval would include at least 80% of the measurements in the population?
	A. 5.0 <u>B.</u> 2.2  C. 2.5  D. 1.6  E. 2.0
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #104 Difficulty: Hard Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
	In a statistic class, 10 scores were randomly selected with the following results were obtained (mean = 71.5): 74, 73, 77, 71, 68, 65, 77, 67, 66
105.	What is the range?
	A. 22.72 <u>B.</u> 12.00  C. 4.77  D. 516.20  E. 144.00
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

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106.	What	ic tha	varianc	Θ'/
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- **A.** 22.72
- B. 12.00
- C. 4.77
- D. 516.20
- E. 144.00

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #106 Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

### 107. What is the standard deviation?

- A. 22.72
- B. 12.00
- **C.** 4.77
- D. 516.20
- E. 144.00

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #107 Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

The numbers of rooms for 15 homes recently sold were (mean = 7.4):

 $8,\,8,\,8,\,5,\,9,\,8,\,7,\,6,\,6,\,7,\,7,\,7,\,7,\,9,\,9$ 

Bowerman - Chapter 02

# 108. What is the range?

- A. 1.183
- B. 1.400
- <u>**C.**</u> 4.00
- D. 16.00
- E. 1.96

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #108 Difficulty: Easy

109.	What is the variance?
	A. 1.183 <u>B.</u> 1.400  C. 4.00  D. 16.00  E. 1.96
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #109 Difficulty: Medium
	Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
110.	What is the standard deviation?
	A. 1.183 B. 1.400 C. 4.00 D. 16.00 E. 1.96
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #110 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
	The values given below are snow depths measured as part of a study of satellite observations and water resources (mean = 16). 19, 18, 12, 25, 22, 8, 8, 16
	Bowerman - Chapter 02
111.	What is the range?

A. 39.14

B. 6.26

<u>C.</u> 17

D. 289

E. 18

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #111 Difficulty: Easy

112.	What is the variance?
	<u>A.</u> 39.14
	B. 6.26
	C. 17
	D. 289
	E. 18
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #112 Difficulty: Medium
	Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
113.	What is the standard deviation?
	A. 39.14
	<u>B.</u> 6.26
	C. 17
	D. 289
	E. 18
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #113
	Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
	In a hearing test, subjects estimate the loudness (in decibels) of sound, and the results are (mean = 70):
	68, 67, 70, 71, 68, 75, 68, 62, 80, 73, 68
	Bowerman - Chapter 02
114.	What is the range?
	<u>A.</u> 18
	B. 4.73
	C. 22.40
	D. 324

E. 6.76

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #114 Difficulty: Easy

115.	What is the variance?
	A. 18 B. 4.73 C. 22.40 D. 324 E. 6.76
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #115
	Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
116.	What is the standard deviation?
	A. 18 <u>B.</u> 4.73  C. 22.40  D. 324  E. 6.76
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #116 Difficulty: Medium
	Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
	The reaction time in seconds to a stop light for a group of adult men were found to be 0.74, 0.71, 0.41, 0.82, 0.74, 0.85, 0.99, 0.71, 0.57, 0.85, 0.57, 0.55 (mean = .709)
	Bowerman - Chapter 02
117.	What is the range?
	A. 0.026 B. 0.052 C. 0.580 D. 0.1613 E. 0.0007

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #117 Difficulty: Easy

118.	What is the variance?
	<u>A.</u> 0.026 B. 0.052 C. 0.580 D. 0.1613 E. 0.0007
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #118 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
119.	What is the standard deviation?
	A. 0.026 B. 0.052 C. 0.580 D. 0.1613 E. 0.0007
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #119 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
	In a rating of the satisfaction with their instructor, 13 students gave the following scores from a scale of 1 to 5 (mean = 3): 3, 2, 1, 1, 5, 5, 4, 3, 3, 2, 4, 3, 3
	Bowerman - Chapter 02
120.	What is the range?

A. 3

<u>B.</u> 4

C. 1.291

D. 1.667

E. 2.779

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #120 Difficulty: Easy

404	1471 ( 1	
121.	What is the	(Variance)
141.	vviiat is tile	vanance:

- A. 3
- B. 4
- C. 1.291
- **D.** 1.667
- E. 2.779

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #121 Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

#### 122. What is the standard deviation?

- A. 3
- B. 4
- **C.** 1.291
- D. 1.667
- E. 2.779

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #122 Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

The company financial officer was interested in the average cost of PCs that had been purchased in the past six months. A random sample of the price of 10 computers was taken with the following results (mean = \$3,213):

\$3,250, \$1,127, \$2,995, \$3,250, \$3,445, \$3,449, \$1,482, \$6,120, \$3,009, \$4,000

Bowerman - Chapter 02

## 123. What is the range?

- A. 1359
- **B.** 4993
- C. 1846575
- D. 3587
- E. 1976454

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #123 Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

#### 124. What is the variance?

- A. 1359
- B. 4993
- **C.** 1846575
- D. 3587
- E. 1976454

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #124 Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

#### 125. What is the standard deviation?

- **A.** 1359
- B. 4993
- C. 1846575
- D. 3587
- E. 1976454

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #125 Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

The local amusement park was interested in the average wait time at their most popular roller coaster at the peak park time (2 p.m.). They selected 13 patrons and had them get in line between 2 and 3 p.m. Each was given a stop watch to record the time they spent in line. The times recorded were as follows (in minutes) (mean = 114.15):

118, 124, 108, 116, 99, 120, 148, 118, 119, 121, 45, 130, 118

Bowerman - Chapter 02

## 126. What is the range?

- **A.** 103
- B. 23.62
- C. 557.97
- D. 128.8
- E. 115

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #126 Difficulty: Easy

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- A. 103
- B. 23.62
- **C.** 557.97
- D. 128.8
- E. 115

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #127 Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

#### 128. What is the standard deviation?

- A. 103
- **B.** 23.62
- C. 557.97
- D. 128.8
- E. 115

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #128
Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

Quality control is an important issue at ACME Company which manufacturers light bulbs. In order to conduct testing of the life hours of their light bulbs, they randomly sampled nine light bulbs and measured how many hours they lasted (mean = 346.6). 378, 361, 350, 375, 200, 391, 375, 368, 321

Bowerman - Chapter 02

## 129. What is the range?

- A. 342.43
- B. 3424.3
- C. 58.5
- **D**. 191
- E. 10609

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #129 Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

130.	What is the variance?
	A. 342.43  B. 3424.3  C. 58.5  D. 191  E. 10609
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #130 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
131.	What is the standard deviation?
	A. 342.43 B. 3424.3 C. 58.5 D. 191 E. 10609
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #131 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
	Twenty students were randomly selected from the most recent graduating class at a Canadian university. The number of semesters they were enrolled was calculated (mean = 9.6) 7, 8, 10, 11, 8, 6, 10, 9, 9, 8, 13, 12, 8, 11, 11, 14, 8, 7, 10, 12
	Bowerman - Chapter 02
132.	What is the range?
	<u>A.</u> 8 B. 2.162

C. 9.5D. 4.674E. 21.846

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #132 Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

133.	What is the variance?
	A. 8 B. 2.162 C. 9.5 D. 4.674 E. 21.846
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #133
	Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
134.	What is the standard deviation?
	A. 8 <b>B.</b> 2.162 C. 9.5 D. 4.674 E. 21.846
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #134 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
	In a statistic class, 10 scores were randomly selected with the following results were obtained: 74, 73, 77, 71, 68, 65, 77, 67, 66
135.	What is the 90 <sup>th</sup> percentile?
	A. 77 B. 73 C. 74 D. 67 E. 65.9

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #135 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

136.	What is	the	third	quartile?
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- A. 65.9
- B. 67.3
- C. 66.75
- D. 73.85
- **E.** 77.0

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #136 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

# 137. What is the first quartile?

- A. 65.9
- B. 67.3
- <u>**C.**</u> 67.0
- D. 73.85
- E. 77.0

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #137 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

# 138. What is the 10<sup>th</sup> percentile?

- <u>**A.</u>** 65.5</u>
- B. 67.3
- C. 66.75
- D. 73.85
- E. 77.0

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #138 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

139. What is the 65 <sup>th</sup> percenti
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- A. 65.9
- B. 67.3
- C. 66.75
- **D.** 74.0
- E. 77.0

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #139 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

### 140. What is the IQR?

- A. 12.00
- B. 5.25
- <u>C.</u> 10.00
- D. 5.00
- E. 11.00

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #140 Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: N/A

#### 141. What are the inner fences?

- A. 15.375, 30.75
- B. 82.125, 92.375
- C. 97.50, 107.75
- **D.** 52.00, 92.00
- E. 35.95, 107.75

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #141 Difficulty: Hard

Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier

142.	What are the outer fences?	
	A. 15.375, 30.75 B. 51.375, 92.375 C. 37.00, 107.00 D. 82.125, 92.375 E. 97.50, 107.75	
		Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #142 Difficulty: Hard
		Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier
	The numbers of rooms for 15 home recently sold were; 8, 8, 8, 5, 9, 8, 7, 6, 6, 7, 7, 7, 7, 9, 9	
		Bowerman - Chapter 02
143.	What is the 90 <sup>th</sup> percentile?	
	A. 9 B. 8 C. 7 D. 6 E. 5	
		Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #143 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A
144.	What is the third quartile?	
	A. 9 <b>B.</b> 8 C. 7 D. 6 E. 5	
		Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #144 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

145.	What is the first quartile?	
	A. 9 B. 8 C. 7 D. 6 E. 5	
		Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #145 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A
146.	What is the 10 <sup>th</sup> percentile?	
147.	A. 9 B. 8 C. 7 D. 6 E. 5  What is the 65 <sup>th</sup> percentile?	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #146 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A
	A. 9 <b>B.</b> 8 C. 7 D. 6 E. 5	
		Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #147 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

148. What	is the	IQR?
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- A. 15
- B. 1.5
- C. 3
- D. 4
- <u>E.</u> 1

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #148 Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: N/A

#### 149. What are the inner fences?

- A. 4, 11
- B. 8.5, 9.5
- **C.** 5.5, 9.5
- D. 10, 9.5
- E. 5.5, 10

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #149 Difficulty: Hard Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier

#### 150. What are the outer fences?

- A. 5.5, 9.5
- **B.** 4, 11
- C. 8.5, 9.5
- D. 10, 9.5
- E. 5.5, 10

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #150 Difficulty: Hard Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier

The values given below are snow depths measured as part of a study of satellite observations and water resources.

19, 18, 12, 25, 22, 8, 8, 16

151.	What is t	the 90 <sup>th</sup>	percentile?
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- A. 8
- **B.** 25
- C. 18.55
- D. 9
- E. 21.25

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #151 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

# 152. What is the third quartile?

- A. 8
- B. 22.9
- C. 18.55
- D. 9
- **E.** 20.5

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #152 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

### 153. What is the first quartile?

- A. 8
- B. 22.9
- C. 18.55
- <u>**D.**</u> 10
- E. 21.25

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #153 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

10-1. William to the percentile	154.	What is the	ne 10 <sup>th</sup>	percentile <sup>e</sup>
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<u>**A.</u>** 8</u>

B. 22.9

C. 18.55

D. 9

E. 21.25

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #154 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

# 155. What is the 65<sup>th</sup> percentile?

A. 8

B. 22.9

<u>C.</u> 19

D. 9

E. 21.25

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #155 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

# 156. What is the IQR?

<u>**A.</u>** 10.5</u>

B. 18.375

C. 36.75

D. 21.25

E. 30.25

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #156 Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: N/A

157.	What a	re the	inner i	fences?
101.	VVIIGE		11 11 101	

- A. 27.375, 39.625
- **B.** -5.75, 36.25
- C. -27.75, 58.00
- D. 45.75, 58.00
- E. 18.375, 36.75

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #157 Difficulty: Hard

Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier

#### 158. What are the outer fences?

- A. -9.375, 39.625
- **B.** -21.5, 52.00
- C. 27.375, 39.625
- D. 45.75, 58.00
- E. 18.375, 36.75

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #158 Difficulty: Hard Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier

In a hearing test, subjects estimate the loudness (in decibels) of sound, and the results are; 68, 67, 70, 71, 68, 75, 68, 62, 80, 73, 68

Bowerman - Chapter 02

# 159. What is the 90<sup>th</sup> percentile?

- A. 73
- B. 68
- C. 70.5
- D. 67
- **E.** 75

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #159 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

160.	What is the third quartile?	
	<b>A.</b> 73 B. 68 C. 70.5 D. 67 E. 75	
		Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #160 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A
161.	What is the first quartile?	
	A. 73 <b>B.</b> 68  C. 70.5  D. 67  E. 75	
		Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #161 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A
162.	What is the 10 <sup>th</sup> percentile?	
	A. 73 B. 68 C. 70.5 D. 67 E. 75	

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #162 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

163.	What is th	е 65 <sup>th</sup> ре	ercentile?
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- A. 73
- B. 68
- <u>C.</u> 71
- D. 67
- E. 75

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #163 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

### 164. What is the IQR?

- A. 18
- B. 6
- <u>C.</u> 5
- D. 7.5
- E. 15

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #164 Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: N/A

#### 165. What are the inner fences?

- A. 75.5, 80.5
- B. 83, 88
- <u>C.</u> 60.5, 80.5
- D. 53, 88
- E. 7.5, 15

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #165 Difficulty: Hard Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier

166.	What are the outer fences?

- A. 60.5, 80.5
- B. 75.5, 80.5
- **C.** 53, 88
- D. 83, 88
- E. 7.5, 15

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #166

Difficulty: Hard

Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier

The reaction time (in seconds) to a stop at a red light for a group of adult men was found to be 0.74, 0.71, 0.41, 0.82, 0.74, 0.85, 0.99, 0.71, 0.57, 0.85, 0.57, 0.55

Bowerman - Chapter 02

#### What is the 90<sup>th</sup> percentile? 167.

- A. 0.752
- B. 0.552
- **C.** 0.85
- D. 0.8425
- E. 0.57

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #167 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

#### 168. What is the third quartile?

- A. 0.752
- B. 0.552
- C. 0.85
- **D.** 0.835
- E. 0.57

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #168 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

169.	What is	s the	first c	uartile?

- A. 0.752
- B. 0.552
- C. 0.85
- D. 0.8425
- **E.** 0.57

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #169 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

# 170. What is the 10<sup>th</sup> percentile?

- A. 0.752
- **B.** 0.55
- C. 0.85
- D. 0.8425
- E. 0.57

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #170 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

# 171. What is the 65<sup>th</sup> percentile?

- **A.** 0.74
- B. 0.552
- C. 0.85
- D. 0.8425
- E. 0.57

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #171 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

#### 172. What is the IQR?

- **A.** 265
- B. 8175
- C. 40875
- D. 57
- E. 8425

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #172 Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: N/A

#### 173. What are the inner fences?

- A. 97875, 1.25125
- B. 3875, 1.66
- C. -. 2475, 1.66
- D. 40875, .8175
- **E.** 1725, 1.2325

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #173 Difficulty: Hard Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier

#### 174. What are the outer fences?

- **A.** -.225, 1.63
- B. 16125, 1.25125
- C. 97875, 1.25125
- D. 1.3875, 1.66
- E. 40875, .8175

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #174 Difficulty: Hard

Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier

In a rating of the satisfaction with their instructor, 13 students gave the following scores from a scale of 1 to 5;

3, 2, 1, 1, 5, 5, 4, 3, 3, 2, 4, 3, 3

175.	What is the 90 <sup>th</sup> percentile?	
	A. 1.2 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4 <u>E.</u> 5	
		Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #175 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A
176.	What is the third quartile?	
	A. 1.2 B. 2 C. 3 <u>D.</u> 4 E. 4.8	
		Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #176 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A
177.	What is the first quartile?	
	A. 1.2 <b>B.</b> 2  C. 3  D. 4  E. 4.8	
		Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #177 Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: N/A

178.	What is the 10 <sup>th</sup> percentile?	
	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4 E. 4.8	
		Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #178 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A
179.	What is the 65 <sup>th</sup> percentile?	
	A. 1.2 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4 E. 4.8	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #179 Difficulty: Medium
180.	What is the <i>IQR</i> ?	Learning Objective: N/A
	A. 2 B. 6 C. 3 D. 4 E. 1	Accordibilities Koshoord Noving ting
		Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #180 Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: N/A

181.	M/hat a	ara tha	innor	fences?
101.	vviial	ม ๒ แ ๒		1611662 (

- <u>**A.</u>** -1, 7</u>
- B. -4, 10
- C. 5, 7
- D. 8, 10
- E. 3, 6

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #181

Difficulty: Hard

Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier

#### 182. What are the outer fences?

- A. -1, 7
- **B.** -4, 10
- C. 5, 7
- D. 8, 10
- E. 3, 6

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #182 Difficulty: Hard

Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier

The company financial officer was interested in the average cost of PCs that had been purchased in the past six months. A random sample of the price of 10 computers was taken with the following results;

\$3,250, \$1,127, \$2,995, \$3,250, \$3,445, \$3,449, \$1,482, \$6,120, \$3,009, \$4,000

Bowerman - Chapter 02

### 183. What is the 90<sup>th</sup> percentile?

- A. \$1,446.5
- B. \$2,617
- C. \$3,415.75
- D. \$3,587
- **E.** \$5,060

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #183 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

### 184. What is the third quartile?

- A. \$1,446.5
- B. \$2,617
- C. \$3,415.75
- **D.** \$3,449
- E. \$4,212

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #184 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

# 185. What is the first quartile?

- A. \$1,446.5
- **B.** \$2,995
- C. \$3,415.75
- D. \$3,587
- E. \$4,212

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #185 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

# 186. What is the 10<sup>th</sup> percentile?

- **A.** \$1,304.50
- B. \$2,617
- C. \$3,415.75
- D. \$3,587
- E. \$4,212

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #186 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

# 187. What is the 65<sup>th</sup> percentile?

- A. \$1,446.5
- B. \$2,617
- **C.** \$3,445
- D. \$3,587
- E. \$4,212

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #187 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

### 188. What is the IQR?

- A. 1455
- **B.** 454
- C. 2910
- D. 4993
- E. 6204

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #188 Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: N/A

#### 189. What are the inner fences?

- A. 1455, 2910
- B. 4072, 5042
- C. 5527, 6497
- <u>D.</u> 2314, 4130
- E. -293, 6497

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #189 Difficulty: Hard

Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier

190.	What	are	the	outer	fences?	)
100.	vviiai	aıc	uic	Outer	1011003:	

- A. 1455, 2910
- B. 4072, 5042
- C. 5527, 6497
- D. 1162, 5042
- **E.** 1633, 4811

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #190 Difficulty: Hard

Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier

The local amusement park was interested in the average wait time at their most popular roller coaster at the peak park time (2 p.m.). They selected 13 patrons and had them get in line between 2 and 3 p.m. Each was given a stop watch to record the time they spent in line. The times recorded were as follows (in minutes)

118, 124, 108, 116, 99, 120, 148, 118, 119, 121, 45, 130, 118

Bowerman - Chapter 02

# 191. What is the 90th percentile?

- A. 100.8
- B. 119.8
- **C.** 130
- D. 112
- E. 122.5

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #191 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

### 192. What is the third quartile?

- A. 100.8
- B. 119.8
- C. 128.8
- D. 112
- **E.** 121

193.	What is	the first	quartile?
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- A. 100.8
- B. 119.8
- C. 128.8
- **D.** 116
- E. 122.5

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #193 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

# 194. What is the 10<sup>th</sup> percentile?

- <u>**A.</u>** 99</u>
- B. 119.8
- C. 128.8
- D. 112
- E. 122.5

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #194 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

- 195. What is the 65<sup>th</sup> percentile?
  - A. 100.8
  - **B.** 120
  - C. 128.8
  - D. 112
  - E. 122.5

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #195 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

- A. 21.00
- **B.** 5
- C. 15.75
- D. 31.50
- E. 11.50

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #196 Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: N/A

- 197. What are the inner fences?
  - **A.** 108.50, 128.50
  - B. 80.50, 154.00
  - C. 127.75, 138.25
  - D. 143.50, 154.00
  - E. 15.75, 31.50

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #197 Difficulty: Hard Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier

- 198. What are the outer fences?
  - A. 96.25, 138.25
  - **B.** 101.00, 136.00
  - C. 127.75, 138.25
  - D. 143.50, 154.00
  - E. 15.75, 31.50

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #198 Difficulty: Hard Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier

Quality control is an important issue at ACME Company which manufacturers light bulbs. In order to conduct testing of the life hours of their light bulbs, they randomly sampled nine light bulbs and measured how many hours they lasted.

378, 361, 350, 375, 200, 391, 375, 368, 321

199.	What is th	ne 90 <sup>th</sup>	percentile?
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- A. 335.5
- B. 370.5
- **C.** 391
- D. 296.8
- E. 375

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #199 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

### 200. What is the third quartile?

- A. 335.5
- B. 370.5
- C. 380.6
- D. 296.8
- **E.** 375

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #200 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

### 201. What is the first quartile?

- **A.** 350
- B. 370.5
- C. 380.6
- D. 296.8
- E. 375

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #201 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

# 202. What is the 10<sup>th</sup> percentile?

- A. 335.5
- B. 370.5
- C. 380.6
- **D.** 200
- E. 375

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #202 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

# 203. What is the 65<sup>th</sup> percentile?

- A. 335.5
- B. 370.5
- C. 380.6
- D. 296.8
- **E.** 375

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #203 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

### 204. What is the IQR?

- **A.** 25
- B. 22
- C. 61.50
- D. 191
- E. 82

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #204 Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: N/A

- **A.** 312.5, 412.5
- B. 212.5, 499.5
- C. 397.0, 438.0
- D. 458.5, 499.5
- E. 61.5, 123.0

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #205

Difficulty: Hard

Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier

- 206. What are the outer fences?
  - A. 274.0, 438.0
  - **B.** 275.0, 450.0
  - C. 397.0, 438.0
  - D. 458.5, 499.5
  - E. 61.5, 123.0

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #206 Difficulty: Hard

Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier

Twenty students were randomly selected from a business statistics course and were asked to report the number of times that they had eaten a meal at the university's cafeteria within the past month. Below are the values reported:

7, 8, 10, 11, 8, 6, 10, 9, 9, 8, 13, 12, 8, 11, 11, 14, 8, 7, 10, 12

Bowerman - Chapter 02

- 207. What is the 90<sup>th</sup> percentile?
  - A. 7
  - B. 10.35
  - **C.** 12.5
  - D. 11
  - E. 8

208.	What is	s the	third o	quartile?

- A. 7
- B. 10.35
- C. 12.1
- <u>D.</u> 11
- E. 8

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #208 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

### 209. What is the first quartile?

- A. **7**
- B. 10.35
- C. 12.1
- D. 11
- **E.** 8

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #209 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

# 210. What is the 10<sup>th</sup> percentile?

- <u>**A.</u>** 7</u>
- B. 10.35
- C. 12.1
- D. 11
- E. 8

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #210 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

# 211. What is the 65<sup>th</sup> percentile?

- A. 7
- **B.** 10.5
- C. 12.1
- D. 11
- E. 8

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #211 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

### 212. What is the IQR?

- **<u>A.</u>** 3
- B. 8
- C. 3.5
- D. 11
- E. 4.5

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #212 Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: N/A

#### 213. What are the inner fences?

- A. 17, 20
- **B.** 3.5, 15.5
- C. 12.5, 15.5
- D. -1, 20
- E. 4.5, 9.0

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #213 Difficulty: Hard

Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier

#### 214. What are the outer fences?

A. 17, 20

**B.** -1, 20

C. 3.5, 15.5

D. 12.5, 15.5

E. 4.5, 9.0

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #214 Difficulty: Hard

Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier

In a survey of 550 randomly-selected business statistic students were surveyed on their impressions of their course, instructor, and textbook. The results are as follows:

Rate the overall quality of your course.		
	Excellent	154
	Good	187
	Fair	71
	Poor	138
How effective was your instructor?		
	Very effective	75
	Somewhat effective	220
	Somewhat ineffective	155
	Very ineffective	100
How easy was it to read and understand the textbook?		
	Very easy	21
	Easy	83
	Hard	361
	Very hard	85

Use the above results to answer the following questions: Compute a point estimate of the proportion of all college statistic students who:

Bowerman - Chapter 02

# 215. Think their instructor was "very effective"

**A.** 0.136

B. 0.536

C. 0.182

D. 0.280

E. 0.014

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #215 Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: N/A

216.	Feel their textbook is not "easy" or "very easy"	
	A. 0.189 <b>B.</b> 0.811  C. 0.009  D. 0.656  E. 0.151	
		Bowerman - Chapter 02 #216 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A
217.	Think the quality of the course was "fair"	
	A. 0.251 B. 0.620 C. 0.129 D. 0.871 E. 0.340	
		Bowerman - Chapter 02 #217 Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: N/A
218.	Think that they had a "very ineffective" or "somewhat ineffective" instructor	
	A. 0.282 B. 0.136 C. 0.182 D. 0.280	
	<u>E.</u> 0.464	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #218 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

219.	Of the students who thought their textbook was very hard to read, 50 also thought that the
	quality of the course was "poor". What proportion of students who think that their textbook was
	"hard" also thought their course was "poor".

**A.** 0.588

B. 0.155

C. 0.091

D. 0.251

E. 0.616

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #219 Difficulty: Hard Learning Objective: N/A

The 550 students answered an additional question with the following results based on their rating of their instructor:

	Very or Somewhat Effective	Very or Somewhat Ineffective
Final Grade		
A	190	85
В	75	120
С	20	17
D	9	18
F	1	15

Bowerman - Chapter 02

220. What proportion of the students who rated their instructor as very or somewhat effective received a B or better in the class?

A. 0.345

B. 0.254

C. 0.482

**D.** 0.898

E. 0.644

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #220 Difficulty: Hard Learning Objective: N/A 221. What proportion of all 550 students received less than a C?

A. 0.03

B. 0.06

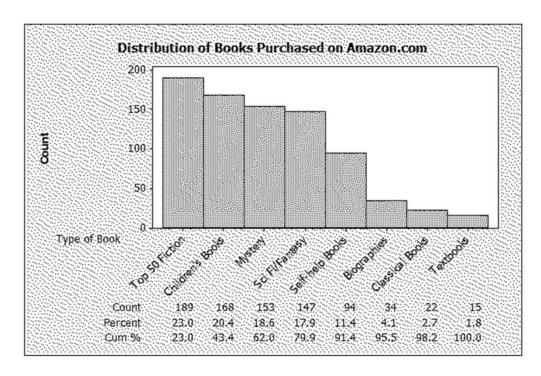
**C.** 0.08

D. 0.13

E. 0.15

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #221 Difficulty: Hard Learning Objective: N/A

822 customers were randomly selected from those who had recently bought a book over the internet. The chart below shows the breakdown of the classification of the book type:



Bowerman - Chapter 02

222. What percentage of the books purchased were either mystery or science fiction/fantasy?

A. 18.61

**B.** 36.50

C. 17.88

D. 24.33

E. 22.99

	A. 0.1144 B. 11.44 C. 1.82 D. 0.0182 E. 0.940  Bowerman - Chapter 02 #223 Difficulty: Easy
224.	What percentage of books were in the top two categories?
	A. 22.99 B. 20.44 C. 4.50 D. 43.43 E. 4343
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #224 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A
225.	A graphical display of categorical data made up of vertical or horizontal bars is called a
	Bar Chart
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #225 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A
226.	A measurement located between the inner and outer fences of a box-and-whisker display is a(n)
	mild outlier
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #226 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier
227.	A measurement located outside the outer fences of a box-and-whisker display is a(n)
	extreme outlier

What proportion of the books purchased were self-help books?

223.

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #227 Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier

228.	A graphical portrayal of a data set that divides the data into classes and gives the frequency of each class is a(n)
	<u>Histogram</u>
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #228 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe how a histogram is constructed
229.	Another name for the 50 <sup>th</sup> percentile is the
	<u>Median</u>
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #229 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode
230.	The measurement in a sample or a population that occurs most frequently is the
	<u>Mode</u>
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #230 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode
231.	The average of the squared deviations of the individual population measurement from the population mean is the
	<u>Variance</u>
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #231 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
232.	If a process is able to consistently produce output that meets customer requirements (specifications), we say that it is a process.
	<u>capable</u>
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #232 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A
233.	Histograms and stem-and-leaf displays are used to visualize the distribution of data.

<u>quantitative</u>

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #233

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-01 Explain what is demonstrated by a stem-and-leaf display that you have constructed Learning Objective: 02-03 Identify when a histogram should be used

234.	The difference between the largest and smallest measurements in a population or sample is the	
	Range	
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #234 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data	
235.	A relative frequency curve having a long tail to the right is said to be to the right.	
	Skewed	
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #235 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-04 Differentiate between a symmetrical distribution and a positively or negatively skewed distribution	
236.	If the mean is greater than the median, then the distribution is skewed	
	Right or positively	
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #236 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-04 Differentiate between a symmetrical distribution and a positively or negatively skewed distribution	
237.	The proportion of measurements in a class is called the of that class.	
	Relative frequency	
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #237 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe how a histogram is constructed	
238.	A histogram that tails out towards larger values is skewed	
	positively or to the right	
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #238 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-04 Differentiate between a symmetrical distribution and a positively or negatively skewed distribution	
239.	A histogram that tails out towards smaller values is skewed	
	negatively or to the left	
	Davidor 00 #000	

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #239 Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-04 Differentiate between a symmetrical distribution and a positively or negatively skewed distribution

240.	The point estimate of the population is the positive square root of the sample variance.
	Standard deviation
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #240 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
241.	The is a quantity that measures the variation of a population or sample relative to its mean.
	coefficient of variation
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #241 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
242.	A(n) is a graphical display of categorical data made up of vertical or horizontal bars.
	Bar chart
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #242 Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: N/A
243.	What percent of a normal population is within 2 standard deviations of the mean?
	95.44
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #243 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
244.	Twenty students were randomly selected from a business statistics course and were asked to report the number of times that they had eaten a meal at the university's cafeteria within the past month. Below are the values reported: 7, 8, 10, 11, 8, 6, 10, 9, 9, 8, 13, 12, 8, 11, 11, 14, 8, 7, 10, 12. What is the 90 <sup>th</sup> percentile?
	12.5

245.	Compute the mean of the data 32,33,22,28,24,23,27,24,27,21.	
	26.1	
	Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #245 Difficulty: Easy a mean; a median; and a mode
246.	Compute the median of the data 32,33,22,28,24,23,27,24,27,21.	
	25.5	
247.	Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between Compute the mode(s) of the data 32,33,22,28,24,23,27,24,27,21.	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #246 Difficulty: Easy a mean; a median; and a mode
	24 and 27	
	Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #247 Difficulty: Medium a mean; a median; and a mode
248.	Compute the range of the data: 16,18,23,21,17,16,24,23,9,17,11,16,13,10	,15,14.
	15 Range = 24 - 9 = 15	
	Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and st	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #248 Difficulty: Medium andard deviation from raw data



20.5

$$\sigma^2 = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} (X_i - \mu)^2}{N} = \frac{(16 - 17)^2 + (18 - 17)^2 + \dots + (14 - 17)^2}{16} = \frac{328}{16} = 20.5$$

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #249

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

250. Determine the sample mean of the data 5,4,8,6,1,0,2,6.

4

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #250

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

251. Determine the median of the data 2,4,6,8,10,12,14.

8

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #251

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

252. Determine the mode of the data 2,4,6,2,5,6,2,9,4,5,2,1.

2

253.	Compute the sample standard deviation of the data 5,4,8,6,1,0,2,6.
	0.77
	2.77
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #253
	Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
254.	What is the range of the following set of data: 3,7,2,1,8?
	7
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #254
	Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
255.	Calculate a one standard deviation tolerance interval for the data that has a sample mean of
	28,475 and a standard deviation of 9,369.
	19,106 to 37,844
	28,475 - 9,369 = 19,106 28,475 + 9,369 = 37,844
	20,473 + 9,309 - 37,044
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #255
	Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
256.	Calculate a two standard deviation tolerance interval for the data that has a sample mean of

28,475 and a standard deviation of 9,369.

9,737 to 47,213 28,475 - 2(9,369) = 9,73728,475 + 2(9,369) = 47,213 257. Calculate a three standard deviation tolerance interval for the data that has a sample mean of 28,475 and a standard deviation of 9,369.

368 to 56,582 28,475 - 3(9,369) = 368 28,475 + 3(9,369) = 56,582

> Bowerman - Chapter 02 #257 Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

258. If the median of a data set is 760 and the upper quartile is 950, and the lower quartile is 650, what is the interquartile range?

300 Interquartile range = 950 - 650 = 300

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #258 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

259. If the median of the data set is 40 and the upper quartile is 42 and the lower quartile is 37, what is the interquartile range?

5 Interquartile range = 42 - 37 = 5

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #259 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A 260. Given a set of data with a mean of 150 and a standard deviation of 20. Using Chebyshev's Theorem, what is the minimum percentage of data between 110 and 190?

75%

$$k = \frac{150 - 110}{20} = 2$$

$$1 - \frac{1}{k^2} = 1 - \frac{1}{4} = .75$$

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #260

Difficulty: Hard

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

261. Given a set of data with mean of 150 and a standard deviation of 25. Using Chebyshev's Theorem, what is the minimum percentage of data between 75 and 225?

88.89%

$$k = \frac{150 - 75}{25} = 3$$

$$1 - \frac{1}{k^2} = 1 - \frac{1}{9} = .8889$$

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #261

Difficulty: Hard

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

262. Determine the median of the data set 95,86,78,90,62,73,89,92,84,76.

85

2

$$s = \sqrt{\frac{(5-3)^2 + (4-3)^2 + (2-3)^2 + (1-3)^2 + (4-3)^2 + (1-3)^2}{6-1}} = \sqrt{\frac{20}{5}} = 2$$

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #263

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

264. If 50 of 500 sampled customers said they would make a purchase of a new TV set, what is the sample proportion?

10

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #264 Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: N/A

265. Describe the shape of a population distribution, if the median is greater than the mean.

Skewed to the left, or negatively skewed.

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #265

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-04 Differentiate between a symmetrical distribution and a positively or negatively skewed distribution

266. In a normally distributed population, what tolerance interval contains 68.26 percent of all measurements?

 $\mu \pm \sigma$ 

267.	In a normally distributed population, what tolerance interval contains 95.44 percent of all measurements?
	$\mu \pm 2\sigma$
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #26: Difficulty: Mediun
268.	In a normally distributed population, what tolerance interval contains 99.73 percent of all measurements?
	$\mu \pm 3\sigma$
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #268 Difficulty: Mediun Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
269.	What are three important properties of any data set?
	central tendency, variation, and shape
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #269 Difficulty: Hard Learning Objective: 02-01 Explain what is demonstrated by a stem-and-leaf display that you have constructed Learning Objective: 02-03 Identify when a histogram should be used
270.	If specifications for a process are (1.6, 1.8), and a 99.73 percent tolerance interval is (1.62, 1.83), is the process capable?
	No
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #270 Difficulty: Mediun Learning Objective: N/A

271. The average lateness for one of the top airline companies is 10 minutes. The variance of the lateness measure is calculated as 9. What is the coefficient of variation?

30

$$\frac{\sqrt{9}}{10}(100) = \frac{3}{10}(100) = 30$$

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #271 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

272. The average lateness for one of the top airline companies is 10 minutes. The variance of the lateness measure is calculated as 9. An airplane arrived 13 minutes after the stated arrival time. Calculate the Z-score for this particular airplane's lateness.

1

$$Z = \frac{13-10}{\sqrt{9}} = 1$$

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #272 Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

The average life of Canadian women is 73.75 years and the standard deviation of the women's life expectancy in Canada is 6.5 years.

Bowerman - Chapter 02

273. Using the Chebychev's theorem, determine the minimum percentage of women in Canada whose life expectancy is between 64 and 83.5 years.

55.56%

$$k = \frac{83.5 - 73.75}{6.5} = 1.5$$
$$1 - \frac{1}{k^2} = 1 - \frac{1}{(1.5)^2} = 0.5666$$

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #273
Difficulty: Hard

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

274. Based on Chebychev's inequality determine the upper and lower bounds on the average life expectancy of the Canadian women such that at least 90% of all population is included.

53.2 to 94.3

$$1 - \frac{1}{k^2} = .90$$

$$\frac{1}{k^2} = 0.1$$

$$k^2 = \frac{1}{.1} = 10; k = \sqrt{10} = 3.162$$

$$lower bound = 73.75 - (3.162)(6.5) \approx 53.2$$

$$upper bound = 73.75 + (3.162)(6.5) = 94.3$$

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #274 Difficulty: Hard

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

275. The average lateness for one of the top airline companies is 10 minutes. The variance of the lateness measure is calculated as 9. An airplane arrived 8.5 minutes after the stated arrival time. Calculate the Z-score for this particular airplane's lateness.

-0.5

$$Z = \frac{8.5 - 10}{\sqrt{9}} = -0.5$$

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #275 Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

The following table shows the Price-to-Earnings ratio for a Stereo equipment manufacturing company between 1998 and 2002.

Year	P/E Ratio
1998	12.4
1999	14.6
2000	11.1
2001	8.2
2002	6.8

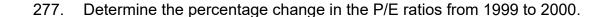
Bowerman - Chapter 02

276. Determine the percentage change in the P/E ratios from 1998 to 1999.

17.74%

$$R_1 = \left(\frac{14.6 - 12.4}{12.4}\right) \times 100 = 17.74\%$$

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #276 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A



-23.97%

$$R_2 = \left(\frac{11.1 - 14.6}{14.6}\right) \times 100 = -23.97\%$$

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #277 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

# 278. The following table shows the annual percentage growth rate for a Stereo equipment manufacturing company between 1998 and 2002. The of the P/E ratios are also calculated and given below:

Year	Growth rate %
2007	17.74% (2006 - 2007)
2008	-23.97% (2007 – 2008)
2009	<b>-</b> 26.13% (2008 – 2009)
2010	<b>-17.07%</b> (2009 – 2010)

Calculate the mean growth rate.

-12.36%

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #278 Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: N/A

The following frequency table summarizes the ages of 64 shoppers at the local grocery store.

requency
10
21
10
8
5
6

279. Calculate the (approximate) sample mean for this data (mean for the grouped data).

#### 36.25 years

Age of the shopper	Frequency	Class Midpoint	$f_iM_i$
15 – 23	10	19	190
24 - 32	21	28	588
33 - 41	10	37	370
42 - 50	8	46	368
51 - 59	5	55	275
60 - 68	6	64	<u>384</u>
			2175

$$\overline{x} = \frac{\sum f_i M_i}{\sum f_i} = \frac{2175}{60} = 36.25$$

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #279 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A

280. The sample mean for the above frequency table is calculated as 36.25. Calculate the (approximate) sample variance and standard deviation for this data set.

#### 184.1493 and 13.57

$$s^{2} = \frac{10864.81}{59} \approx 184.149$$
$$s = \sqrt{184.149} = 13.57 \text{ years}$$

A CFO is looking at the percentage of a company's resources are spent on computing. The CFO samples companies in the pharmaceutical industry and developed the following stemand-leaf display.

5	269
6	255568999
7	11224557789
8	001222458
9	02455679
10	1556
11	137
12	
13	255

Bowerman - Chapter 02

281. What is the approximate shape of the distribution of the data?

Skewed to the right

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #281

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-04 Differentiate between a symmetrical distribution and a positively or negatively skewed distribution

282. What is the smallest percent spent on computing?

5.2

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #282

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-03 Identify when a histogram should be used

283. If a frequency histogram were to be created using these data, how many classes would you create?

6

284.	Personnel managers usually want to know where a job applicant ranked in an entrance test for their company. With a score of 3.83, Michelle Robinson ranked above the 93 <sup>rd</sup> percentile of the other applicants. What is the percentile rank of an applicant whose score was the median value?			
	50 <sup>th</sup>	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #284		

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

285. The Rivertown city council is attempting to choose one of two sites (A or B) as the location for its new emergency facility. After the new emergency facility becomes available for service, the current emergency facility will be shut down. The project manager has estimated the following response times in minutes from each of the proposed sites to the four areas that must be served by the emergency facility.

	-	Area Served				
Proposed	1	2	3	4		
Site A	5.2	4.4	3.6	6.5		
В	6.0	7.4	3.4	4.0		

The number of emergency runs from the current emergency facility to each of the four areas over the past year is as follows:

Compute the weighted mean response time from both proposed locations and determine which proposed site should be selected for the new emergency facility.

$$\mu_A = 6.01$$
,  $\mu_B = 6.14$ , choose site A.

$$\mu_{\scriptscriptstyle A} = \frac{150(5.2) + 65(4.4) + 175(3.6) + 92(6.5)}{150 + 65 + 75 + 92} = \frac{2294}{382} \cong 6.01 \ \mathrm{min} \,.$$

$$\mu_{\rm B} = \frac{150(6) + 65(7.4) + 175(3.4) + 92(4)}{150 + 65 + 75 + 92} = \frac{2344}{382} \cong 6.14 \text{ min}.$$

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #285 Difficulty: Hard Learning Objective: N/A

#### 286. Consider the following data:

1.	11.5	6.	13.7	11.	11	16.	14.5
2.	13.5	7.	14	12.	13	17.	15.5
3.	12.5	8.	12	13.	16.7	18.	13
4.	15.2	9.	12.7	14.	12.5	19.	18.2
5.	14.7	10.	12.5	15.	11.5	20.	11.7

- (a) Create a stem and leaf display for the sample.
- (b) Describe the shape of the stem and leaf display.
- (c) What is the mode?
- (d) What is the media?

### (a) Stem and leaf of C1, N = 20 Leaf Unit = 0.10

```
4
          11
                0557
9
          12
                05557
(4)
          13
                 0057
          14
                057
          15
4
                25
2
          16
1
          17
1
          18
                 2
```

- (b) Single peaked, skewed to the right.
- (c) 12.5
- (d) 13.0

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #286

Difficulty: Hard

Learning Objective: 02-01 Explain what is demonstrated by a stem-and-leaf display that you have constructed Learning Objective: 02-04 Differentiate between a symmetrical distribution and a positively or negatively skewed distribution Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

## Chapter 2 Summary

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