https://selldocx.com/products/test-bank-canadian-business-law-today-1e-breen

Exam

Name		
RUE/FALSE. Write 'T' if the	e statement is true and 'F' if the statement is false.	
1) Laws are the rules Answer: True	s of conduct that protect the rights of individuals and businesses. False	1)
2) Each level of gov Answer: • True	ernment can pass laws to protect businesses and the public from harm. False	2)
	is a list of rules of conduct for employees relating to the creation, usage, tenance of personal information.	3)
Answer: • True	False	
•	follow the guidelines of the <i>Personal Information Protection and</i> nents <i>Act (PIPEDA)</i> , when collecting and using personal information ers.	4)
Answer: 💿 True	False	
5) A business can us Answer: ☑ True	e personal information only for the purposes for which it was collected. False	5)
	only obtain consent once for the personal information it collects.	6)
Answer: True	False	
	7) When drafting a privacy policy, it is important to include what information is being collected and how it is being collected.	
Answer: O True	False	
•	ll the laws that are created in order to form and run a business.	8)
Answer: • True	False	
9) Business laws are Answer: • True	in place to protect the business, the owner, and the public. False	9)
10) Laws guide the bu	isinessperson in the proper way to conduct the business. False	10)
11) If a business did r losing their lawsu	not retain documentation necessary for a lawsuit, they run the risk of it.	11)
Answer: <a> True	False	
12) It is not necessary	for a business to retain documentation for lawsuits.	12)

Answer: True False

13) A business can protect its rights and ability to do business by understanding its	13)
obligations to the public. Answer: True False	
14) Risk management allows a business to understand and assess risks associated with doing	14)
business. Answer: True False	
	15)
15) Good risk management may allow a business to avoid legal consequences. Answer: ○ True False	15)
	1/)
16) Business ethics refers to the moral decisions made by the stakeholders of a business. Answer: True False	16)
	47)
17) How to manage a conflict of interest with an employee is not an example of an ethical decision.	17)
Answer: True • False	
18) How to submit information to the Canada Revenue Agency to maximize profits while	18)
following rules is an example of an ethical decision.	
Answer: True False	
19) You need to understand the area of law that may apply to your business.	19)
Answer: True False	
20) Canada has three (3) types of law.	20)
Answer: True 🗸 False	
21) Canada has two (2) types of law.	21)
Answer: True False	
22) Public law governs the relationship between individuals.	22)
Answer: True • False	
23) Public law sets the rules for the relationship between society and business.	23)
Answer: True False	
24) Private law governs the relationship between individuals.	24)
Answer: True False	
25) Private law sets the rules for the relationship between society and business.	25)
Answer: True Palse	
26) Public law dictates how a business resolves a dispute with the government.	26)
Answer: True False	

27)	Businesses need not be concerned with white-collar crime.	27)
	Answer: True 🗸 False	
28)	Criminal law is designed to protect society from crimes.	28)
	Answer: True False	
29)	Criminal law is a set of rules that individuals and not businesses must obey.	29)
	Answer: True 🗸 False	
30)	Constitutional law limits the exercise of governmental power over individuals and businesses through the protection of fundamental rights and freedoms.	30)
	Answer: Variable True False	
31)	Administrative laws set out broad policy statements and establish a board commission or	31)
	agency to ensure compliance by business. Answer: True False	
0.0\		20)
32)	Administrative tribunals, boards, or commissions usually use Registration or licensing to control business subject to the administrative law.	32)
	Answer: True False	
33)	Administrative tribunals, boards, or commissions all use the same process to resolve	33)
	issues. Answer: True © False	
34)	The Tax Court of Canada is a superior court in which businesses may litigate disputes	34)
J+)	concerning GST with the federal government.	
	Answer: True False	
35)	Civil law is another name for private law.	35)
	Answer: O True False	
36)	In civil law, a plaintiff sues a defendant for compensation. Answer: True False	36)
07\		27)
31)	A slip and fall outside your business is an example of civil law. Answer: True False	37)
38)	In civil law, the Crown tries to prove that the accused is guilty beyond a reasonable	38)
	doubt.	
	Answer: True 🕑 False	
39)	Common law is used in all courts of Canada.	39)
	Answer: True 👂 False	

40) Canada adopted common law from Britain.		
Answer: <a> True	False	
	of codes, rules, and regulations that have been enacted by	41)
government.		
Answer: <a> True	False	
42) Common law is case	e law or judge made precedent law.	42)
Answer: <a>O True	False	
43) <i>Stare decisis</i> means in their provinces.	that judges in lower courts must follow decisions from higher courts	43)
Answer: • True	False	
	common law as precedent to help make its decisions involving legal	44)
risks. Answer: ☑ True	False	
Allswer. • Huc	T disc	
45) The <i>Constitution Ac</i> provincial government	et 1867 outlines the executive and legislative powers of federal and ents.	45)
Answer: 💇 True	False	
	et 1982 entrenches the Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms as such as Aboriginal rights.	46)
Answer: ⊘ True	False	
47) Δ statute is a law en	acted at the municipal, provincial, or federal level.	47)
Answer: ② True	False	47)
	s developed by departments and other organizations in specific areas.	48)
Answer: 🖸 True	False	
49) A business needs to business.	only be aware of statutes made for the province in which it does	49)
Answer: True	False	
50) Canada has three (3) branches of government.	50)
Answer: ② True	False	
[1] The male of the judic	sions is to intermed and management the law	F1)
Answer: True	ciary is to interpret and pronounce the law. False	51)
Aliswei. Vilue	I disc	
52) The executive branc	ch of government has the power to make, alter, and repeal the laws.	52)
Answer: True	Falso	

53)		nent has the power to make, alter and repeal the laws.	53)
	Answer: True False		
54)	 The executive branch of governm laws. 	ent is responsible for administering and enforcing the	54)
	Answer: True False		
EE)	The legislative branch of governm	nent is responsible for administering and enforcing the	EE)
55)	laws.	hent is responsible for administering and enforcing the	55)
	Answer: True • False		
56)	s) Court decisions are based on what	t the law says and what the evidence proves.	56)
	Answer: True False		
57)	The hierarchy of courts is the sam	ne in each province.	57)
	Answer: True False	•	
58)	3) Alternative Dispute Resolution is	a process to resolve disputes in a way that does not	58)
	involve going to court.		
	Answer: True False		
59)) Mediation and arbitration are example.	mples of ADR.	59)
	Answer: True False		
60))) ADR is usually less expensive that	an litigation.	60)
	Answer: True False		
61)) ADR is usually more expensive th	nan litigation.	61)
	Answer: True False		
62)	2) ADR is usually less time consumi	ing than litigation.	62)
	Answer: True False		
63)	s) ADR is usually more time consum	ning than litigation.	63)
	Answer: True • False		
64)	A) ADR is usually less private than l	itigation.	64)
	Answer: True • False		
65)	s) ADR is usually more private than	litigation.	65)
ŕ	Answer: True False		
66)	s) ADR can preserve the goodwill be	etween the parties.	66)
·	Answer: True False	- -	

67) ADR can harm the goodwill between the parties.	67)	
Answer: True 👂 False		
MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.		
68) Which of the following is not required to be put into a privacy policy? A) How the information is going to be shared with third parties.	68)	
B) Details on how the information is being kept secure.C) Details of the impact of the information on the business.D) A pledge to protect the client's privacy.		
Answer: C		
69) The <i>Personal Information Protection and Electronics Documents Act</i> is:A) A federal statute that applies in none of the provinces.	69)	
B) A provincial statute that applies in all provinces.		
C) A provincial statute that applies in one province only.		
D) A federal statute that applies in all provinces.		
Answer: D		
70) As a general rule, it is best for a businessperson to:	70)	
A) Resolve legal business problems without legal advice.		
B) Get legal advice after making any business decision.		
c) Get legal advice before making complex legal business decisions.		
D) Get legal advice before making any business decision.		
Answer: C		
71) Having access to legal advice is:	71)	
A) A critical component of a risk management plan.		
B) Usually too expensive to be worthwhile.		
C) A legal requirement of operating a business.		
D) Only necessary for large companies.		
Answer: A		
72) Which of the following is <u>not</u> a good reason for a businessperson to seek advice from a	72)	
lawyer?		
A) The businessperson cannot find the necessary legal information.		
B) The businessperson cannot understand the necessary legal information. C) It would take too long for the businessperson to find the necessary legal		
information.		
D) The necessary legal information is available online.		

Answer: D

73)	73) The difference between law and ethics is that: A) Law tells us what we must do and ethics tells us what we should do B) Law tells us what we should do and ethics tells us what we must do C) Law tells us what others should do and ethics tells us what we must do D) Law tells us what others must do and ethics tells us what we must do		73)	
	Answer: A			
74)	Which one of the following is not a business state A) Shareholders B) Suppliers Answer: D	ikeholder? C) Employees	D) Customers	74)
75)	Which of the following is <u>not</u> an area of public A) Contract law C) Tax law Answer: A	law? B) Criminal law D) Administrative law		75)
76)	Which of the following is <u>not</u> a white-collar crit A) Identity theft C) Tax evasion Answer: B	me? B) Assault & battery D) Bankruptcy fraud		76)
 77) Which of the following activities does <u>not</u> constitute a criminal activity? A) A business owner seeks insurance compensation for a property he or she lost in a fire B) A business owner transfers his or her land to a related person before declaring bankruptcy C) A business owner tells a friend about an undisclosed merger that will increase his or her business's value D) A business owner forgets to advise the accountant that he or she sold an asset Answer: A 			77)	
78)	The Simpson brothers have applied to the Liquo obtain a wine and beer license for their new rest true? A) The decisions of the Board become part of B) All decisions of the Board are subject to ap C) The Board is an administrative tribunal, no D) The Simpsons will deal with civil servants applying for their license Answer: B	aurant. Which of the fo the administrative law proval by the provincia t a court of law	of the province l legislature	78)

9) When judges apply the principle of <i>stare decisis</i> in deciding a case before them they are,					
in effect, applying:					
A) Statute law	B) Precedent law				
c) Constitutional law	D) Civil law				
Answer: B					
80) Which of the following statues outlines the executive and legislative powers of federal and provincial governments?		80)			
A) Constitution Act 1982	B) Constitution Act 1867				
c) Charter of Rights and Freedoms	D) Constitution Act 1967				
Answer: B	<i>B</i> , <i>ee</i>				
81) If you were a judge in a court system in Cananormally be a role that you might be called up		81)			
 A) Deciding whether or not federal legislation interfered with provincial legislative jurisdiction. B) Deciding whether or not a plumber has the proper qualifications to be granted a license. C) Deciding whether or not an individual has breached the terms of a contract with another individual. 					
			D) Deciding whether a government agency of a citizen.	has interfered with the constitutional rights	
			Answer: B		
82) The legislative branch of government refers to	o which of the following?	82)			
A) Prime Minister and Cabinet	B) Courts and Judges				
C) Members of Parliament	D) The Senate				
Answer: C					
3) The executive branch of government refers to which of the following?		83)			
A) Prime Minister and Cabinet	B) Courts and Judges				
c) The Senate	D) Members of Parliament				
Answer: A					
84) The judicial branch of government refers to w	which of the following?	84)			
A) The Senate	B) Prime Minister and Cabinet				
c) Courts and Judges	D) Members of Parliament				

Answer: C