## **Chapter 2: Atoms, Molecules, and Ions**

A periodic table is required to work many of the problems in this chapter.

1.	In a c A) B) C) D) Ans:	elec elec prot prot	de ray tube trons pass from the trons pass from the ons pass from the a ons pass from the o Category: Medium	e cathode to the anode to the cat cathode to the a	anode hode. node.	
2.	A) B) C)	John Rob J. J.	ist who determined n Dalton. ert Millikan. Thomson. Category: Easy	-	of the D) E)	e electric charge of the electron was Henry Moseley. R. Chang.
3.	he me A) B) C)	easur its c its c its to		o, e/m	, what D) E)	physical property of the electron did its mass, $m$ its atomic number, $Z$
4.	A) B) C)	John Rob J. J.	the following scien n Dalton ert Millikan Thomson Category: Easy		the nu D) E)	uclear model of the atom? Henry Moseley Ernest Rutherford
5.	A) B) C) D) E)	protelece elece atom prot	d's experiment with ons are not evenly trons have a negati trons have a positiv ns are made of prot ons are 1840 times Category: Mediun	distributed throwe charge. we charge. tons, neutrons, a heavier than el	oughou and ele ectron	ectrons.
6.	A) ic	ns.	the same element v B) neutrons. C) Category: Easy	allotropes. I		mbers are called emical families. E) isotopes.

7.	7. An atom of the isotope <sup>137</sup> Ba consists of how many protons (p), neutrons (n), and electrons (e)?					
	A) 56 p, 137 n, 56 e		D)	56 p, 56 n,	56 e	
	B) 56 p, 81 n, 56 e			81 p, 56 n,		
	C) 137 p, 81 n, 56 e		,	- 1))		
	Ans: B Category: Medium	Section:	2.3			
8.	Give the number of protons (p)	, neutrons (	(n), and	electrons (e	) in one atom of $^{238}$ U	J.
	A) 146 p, 92 n, 92 e		D)	146 p, 28 r	n, 146 e	
	B) 92 p, 92 n, 92 e		E)	238 p, 146	n, 238 e	
	C) 92 p, 146 n, 92e					
	Ans: C Category: Medium	Section:	2.3			
9.	Which of the following are ison	opes?				
	A) <sup>14</sup> C and <sup>13</sup> C		/	<sup>12</sup> C and <sup>12</sup> C		
	B) <sup>14</sup> C and <sup>14</sup> N		E)	<sup>14</sup> N and <sup>14</sup> N	$\sqrt{1}$	
	C) <sup>14</sup> N and <sup>14</sup> N <sup>3</sup> -					
	Ans: A Category: Easy S	ection: 2.3	3			
10.	Complete the following chart, in o	order from l	eft to rig	ht		
	Isotope Mass N				Electrons	
	14N	#1110 <b>0</b> 1	o to Ho	i (Cut) Chi	<u> </u>	
			Τ.			
	A) 14, 7, 7, 7			7, 14, 7, 7		
	B) 14, 7, 14, 7		E)	Some othe	r answer	
	C) 7, 7, 7, 7	<b>a</b>	2.2			
	Ans: A Category: Medium	Section:	2.3			
11.	Complete the following chart, in o	order from l	eft to rig	ht		
	Isotope Mass N			1	Electrons	
		0	19		19	
	A) 407 21 D) 197 40 C)	21z 10 D	\ 40 <b>TZ</b> \	1 E) 38G	10	
	A) <sup>40</sup> Zr, 21 B) <sup>19</sup> K, 40 C)		*	(I E) Sr,	19	
	Ans: D Category: Medium	Section:	2.3			
12.	Complete the following chart, in o		eft to rig	ht		
	Isotope Mass N	ımber Pr	otons	Neutrons	Electrons	
			40	57	40	

A) <sup>97</sup>Zr, 97 B) <sup>40</sup>Zr, 57 C) <sup>57</sup>La, 40 D) <sup>97</sup>Bk, 80 E) <sup>80</sup>Hg, 97 Ans: A Category: Medium Section: 2.3 13. Complete the following chart, in order from left to right

	<u>'</u>			
Ion	Mass Number	Protons	Neutrons	Electrons
$^{40}\text{Ca}^{2+}$				

A) 40, 20, 20, 20

D) 40, 20, 20, 22

B) 40, 20, 20, 18

E) 20, 40, 20, 22

C) 20, 20, 40, 20

Ans: B Category: Medium Section: 2.3

14. Complete the following chart, in order from left to right

Ion	Mass Number	Protons	Neutrons	Electrons
	4	2		0

A) <sup>4</sup>He, 2 B) <sup>4</sup>Be, 4 C) <sup>4</sup>Be, 2 D) <sup>4</sup>He, 4 E) <sup>2</sup>H, 2

Ans: A Category: Medium Section: 2.3

15. The elements in a column of the periodic table are known as

A) metalloids. B) a period. C) noble gases. D) a group. E) nonmetals.

Ans: D Category: Easy Section: 2.4

16. Which of the following elements is most likely to be a good conductor of electricity?

A) N B) S C) He D) Cl E) Fe

Ans: E Category: Easy Section: 2.4

17. Which of the following elements is chemically similar to magnesium?

A) sulfur B) calcium C) iron D) nickel E) potassium

Ans: B Category: Easy Section: 2.4

- 18. Which of the following elements is chemically similar to oxygen?
  - A) sulfur B) calcium C) iron D) nickel E) sodium

Ans: A Category: Easy Section: 2.4

- 19. Which of the following elements is chemically similar to potassium?
  - A) calcium B) arsenic C) phosphorus D) cerium E) cesium

Ans: E Category: Easy Section: 2.4

- 20. An anion is defined as
  - A) a charged atom or group of atoms with a net negative charge.
  - B) a stable atom.
  - C) a group of stable atoms.
  - D) an atom or group of atoms with a net positive charge.

Ans: A Category: Easy Section: 2.5

21.	. Which one of the following is an ion?  A) B <sup>3+</sup> B) NaCl C) He D) <sup>14</sup> C E) nor Ans: A Category: Easy Section: 2.5	ne of the above
22.	A) calcium B) carbon C) fluorine D) o Ans: A Category: Easy Section: 2.5	
23.	A) scandium B) selenium C) silicon D) Ans: B Category: Easy Section: 2.5	
24.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<ul><li>24 protons and 22 electrons.</li><li>12 protons and 14 electrons.</li></ul>
25.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	13 protons and 10 electrons 10 protons and 13 electrons
26.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	8 protons and 7 electrons 10 protons and 7 electrons
27.	A phosphide ion has:  A) 10 protons and 13 electrons  B) 12 protons and 15 electrons  C) 15 protons and 15 electrons  Ans: D Category: Medium Section: 2.5	15 protons and 18 electrons 18 protons and 21 electrons
28.	,	28 electrons and a charge of 2- 28 electrons and a charge of 2-
29.	. How many protons and electrons are present in A) 35 p, 35 e B) 80 p, 81 e C) 35 p, 34 e Ans: D Category: Medium Section: 2.5	

30.	What are the two different ions present in the compound CaS?  A) Ca <sup>+</sup> , S <sup>-</sup> B) Ca <sup>2-</sup> , S <sup>2+</sup> C) Ca <sup>-</sup> , S <sup>+</sup> D) Ca <sup>2+</sup> , S <sup>2-</sup> E) Ca, S  Ans: D Category: Medium Section: 2.6
31.	What are the two different ions present in the compound Na <sub>2</sub> S?  A) Na <sub>2</sub> <sup>+</sup> , S <sup>2-</sup> B) Na <sup>+</sup> , S <sup>2-</sup> C) Na <sup>2+</sup> , S <sup>2-</sup> D) Na <sup>+</sup> , S <sup>-</sup> E) Na <sup>2+</sup> , S <sup>-</sup> Ans: B Category: Medium Section: 2.6
32.	What are the two different ions present in the compound $Li_3N$ ? A) $Li^+$ , $N^{3-}$ B) $Li_3^+$ , $N^-$ C) $Li_3^{3+}$ , $N^{3-}$ D) $Li^+$ , $N^-$ E) $Li^{3+}$ , $N^{3-}$ Ans: A Category: Medium Section: 2.6
33.	What are the two different ions present in the compound FeCl <sub>3</sub> ?  A) Fe <sup>2+</sup> , Cl <sub>3</sub> - B) Fe <sup>3+</sup> , Cl <sup>3-</sup> C) Fe <sup>+</sup> , Cl <sup>-</sup> D) Fe <sup>3+</sup> , Cl <sup>-</sup> E) Fe <sup>+</sup> , Cl <sup>-</sup> Ans: D Category: Medium Section: 2.6
34.	What are the ions present in the compound CO <sub>2</sub> ?  A) C <sup>4+</sup> , 2 O <sup>2-</sup> B) C <sup>2+</sup> , 2 O <sup>-</sup> C) C <sup>2+</sup> , O <sup>2-</sup> D) C <sup>2+</sup> , O <sub>2</sub> <sup>2-</sup> E) no ions present Ans: E Category: Medium Section: 2.6
35.	What are the ions present in the compound CH <sub>4</sub> ?  A) C <sup>4+</sup> , H <sup>+</sup> B) C <sup>4-</sup> , H <sup>+</sup> C) C <sup>-</sup> , H <sup>+</sup> D) C <sup>4-</sup> H <sup>4+</sup> E) no ions present  Ans: E Category: Medium Section: 2.6
36.	Which of the following is an example of an empirical formula? A) $C_9H_{12}$ B) $C_9H_{18}Cl_2$ C) $C_6H_6$ D) $N_2O_4$ E) $C_2H_2O_2$ Ans: B Category: Medium Section: 2.6
37.	What is the empirical formula for $C_{10}H_{22}O_2$ ? A) $C_{10}H_{22}O_2$ B) $C_5H_{11}O$ C) $C_{20}H_{44}O_4$ D) $C_2H_{11}O$ E) $C_5H_{11}O_2$ Ans: B Category: Medium Section: 2.6
38.	What is the empirical formula for $C_6H_{14}O$ ? A) $C_6H_{14}O$ B) $C_3H_7O$ C) $C_2H_7O$ D) $C_{12}H_{28}O_2$ E) CHO Ans: A Category: Medium Section: 2.6
39.	What is the ion ClO <sub>4</sub> <sup>-</sup> named?  A) chloride ion  B) chlorite ion  C) hypochlorite ion  Ans: E Category: Medium Section: 2.7
40.	What is the formula for the ionic compound containing calcium ions and nitrate ions? A) Ca <sub>3</sub> N <sub>2</sub> B) Ca(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> C) Ca <sub>2</sub> NO <sub>3</sub> D) Ca <sub>2</sub> NO <sub>2</sub> E) CaNO <sub>3</sub> Ans: B Category: Medium Section: 2.7

41. What is the formula for the ionic compound containing calcium ions and oxide ions?

	A) CaO B) Ca <sub>2</sub> O C) CaO <sub>2</sub> D) Ca <sub>3</sub> O E) CaO <sub>3</sub> Ans: A Category: Medium Section: 2.7
42.	What is the formula for the ionic compound containing iron (III) ions and iodide ions? A) FeI B) Fe <sub>2</sub> I C) FeI <sub>2</sub> D) FeI <sub>3</sub> E) Fe <sub>3</sub> I Ans: D Category: Medium Section: 2.7
43.	What is the formula for the ionic compound containing sodium ions and nitride ions?  A) NaN B) Na <sub>2</sub> N C) NNa <sub>2</sub> D) Na <sub>3</sub> N E) NNa <sub>3</sub> Ans: D Category: Medium Section: 2.7
44.	What is the formula for the ionic compound containing barium ions and sulfate ions? A) $BaSO_4$ B) $Ba_2SO_4$ C) $BaS$ D) $Ba(SO_4)_2$ E) $Ba_3S_2$ Ans: A Category: Medium Section: 2.7
45.	What are the two different ions present in the compound Al(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> ?  A) Al <sup>3+</sup> , (NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> D) Al <sup>3+</sup> , NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>3-</sup> B) Al <sup>+</sup> , NO <sub>3</sub> E) Al <sup>+</sup> , (NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> C) Al <sup>3+</sup> , NO <sub>3</sub> E  Ans: C Category: Medium Section: 2.7
46.	What are the two different ions present in the compound NH <sub>4</sub> NO <sub>3</sub> ?  A) NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>-</sup> , NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>+</sup> B) NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup> , NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup> C) N <sup>3-</sup> , H <sup>+</sup> , O <sup>2-</sup> Ans: B Category: Medium Section: 2.7
47.	Which is the correct formula for iron(II) phosphate?  A) Fe <sub>2</sub> PO <sub>4</sub> B) Fe <sub>3</sub> (PO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> C) Fe <sub>2</sub> PO <sub>3</sub> D) Fe(PO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> E) Fe(PO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Ans: B Category: Medium Section: 2.7
48.	Which of the following is the formula for hydroiodic acid?  A) HIO <sub>4</sub> B) HIO <sub>3</sub> C) HIO <sub>2</sub> D) HIO E) HI  Ans: E Category: Medium Section: 2.7
49.	The formula for calcium phosphate is  A) CaPO <sub>4</sub> . B) Ca <sub>3</sub> (PO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> . C) Ca <sub>2</sub> (PO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> . D) Ca <sub>3</sub> P <sub>2</sub> . E) Ca <sub>3</sub> (PO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> .  Ans: B Category: Medium Section: 2.7
50.	The formula for magnesium sulfate is A) MnS B) MgS C) MnSO <sub>3</sub> D) MgSO <sub>4</sub> E) MgSO <sub>3</sub> Ans: D Category: Medium Section: 2.7

51.	The formula for sodium sulfide is A) NaS. B) K <sub>2</sub> S. C) NaS <sub>2</sub> . Ans: D Category: Medium	D) Na <sub>2</sub> S. E)	SeS.
52.	The name for NH <sub>4</sub> NO <sub>3</sub> is  A) ammonium nitrate.  B) ammonium nitrogen trioxid  C) ammonia nitrogen oxide.  Ans: A Category: Medium	,	,
53.	The name for Ba(OH) <sub>2</sub> is A) barium hydrogen oxide. B) boron hydroxide. C) barium hydrate. Ans: E Category: Medium	D) E) Section: 2.7	beryllium hydroxide. barium hydroxide.
54.	The name for KHCO <sub>3</sub> is  A) calcium bicarbonate.  B) calcium carbonate.  C) potassium carbonate.  Ans: E Category: Medium	D) E) Section: 2.7	, .
55.	The name for CuSO <sub>4</sub> ·5H <sub>2</sub> O is  A) copper sulfate acid.  B) copper sulfate pentahydrate  C) copper(II) sulfate acid.  Ans: D Category: Medium		
56.	Give the formula for cobalt(II) ch A) CoCl <sub>2</sub> ·2H <sub>2</sub> O B) CoClO <sub>3</sub> (H <sub>2</sub> O) <sub>2</sub> C) Co(ClO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> (H <sub>2</sub> O) <sub>2</sub> Ans: D Category: Medium	D) E)	Co(ClO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> ·2H <sub>2</sub> O Co <sub>2</sub> (ClO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> ·2H <sub>2</sub> O
57.	Name the compound Co(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> A) Cobalt (I) nitrate B) Cobalt (II) nitrate C) Cobalt (I) nitride Ans: B Category: Medium	D) E) Section: 2.7	Cobalt nitrite Cobalt (II) nitride
58.	Name the compound CuSO <sub>4</sub> A) Copper (I) sulfate B) Copper (I) sulfite C) Copper (II) sulfite Ans: D Category: Medium	D) E) Section: 2.7	Copper (II) sulfate Copper (IV) sulfate

59.		Aluminum trioxide Aluminum (I) oxide
60.	Which is the formula for lead(IV) chloride?  A) Pb <sub>4</sub> Cl B) PbCl <sub>2</sub> C) PbCl <sub>3</sub> D) PbCl <sub>4</sub> E)  Ans: D Category: Medium Section: 2.7	Pb <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>4</sub>
61.	What type of compound is Mg(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> ?  A) Ionic B) Molecular C) Acid D) Base I Ans: A Category: Medium Section: 2.7	E) Hydrate
62.	What type of compound is NH <sub>4</sub> NO <sub>3</sub> A) Ionic B) Molecular C) Acid D) Base I Ans: A Category: Medium Section: 2.7	E) Hydrate
63.	What type of compound is IF <sub>5</sub> ?  A) Ionic B) Molecular C) Acid D) Base I Ans: B Category: Medium Section: 2.7	E) Hydrate
64.	What type of compound is HBrO <sub>2</sub> ?  A) Ionic B) Binary C) Acid D) Base E) I Ans: C Category: Medium Section: 2.7	Hydrate
65.	What type of compound is NaOH?  A) Binary B) Molecular C) Acid D) Base Ans: D Category: Medium Section: 2.7	E) Hydrate
	What type of compound is H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>3</sub> ?  A) Ionic B) Binary C) Acid D) Base E) I Ans: C Category: Medium Section: 2.7	
67.	What type of compound is NH <sub>3</sub> ?  A) Ionic B) Ternary C) Acid D) Base E)  Ans: D Category: Medium Section: 2.7	Hydrate
68.		Hydrophosphate acid Hydrophosphoric acid

<ul> <li>69. Name the acid H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>3</sub> (dissolved in A) Sulfuric acid</li> <li>B) Sulfurous acid</li> <li>C) Hydrosulfuric acid</li> <li>Ans: B Category: Medium</li> </ul>	<ul><li>D) Persulfuric acid</li><li>E) Hyposulfurous acid</li></ul>
70. The chemical formula for iron(II)  A) Fe <sub>2</sub> (NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> B) Ir(NO <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> C)  Ans: D Category: Medium	$Fe_2N_3$ D) $Fe(NO_3)_2$ E) $Fe(NO_2)_2$
71. Name the compound Co <sub>2</sub> (SO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> .  A) cobalt sulfate B) cobalt(II) sulfite C) cobalt(II) sulfate Ans: D Category: Medium	D) cobalt(III) sulfite E) cobalt(III) sulfate Section: 2.7
72. Name the compound CrO <sub>3</sub> .  A) chromium oxide  B) chromium(II) oxide  C) chromium(III) trioxide  Ans: E Category: Medium	D) chromium(III) oxide E) chromium(VI) oxide Section: 2.7
<ul> <li>73. Name the compound Cl<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub></li> <li>A) chlorine pentoxide</li> <li>B) dichlorine pentoxygen</li> <li>C) dichlorine pentoxide</li> <li>Ans: C Category: Medium</li> </ul>	D) chloride oxide E) dichloride pentoxide Section: 2.7
<ul> <li>74. Name the compound N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub></li> <li>A) nitrous oxide</li> <li>B) dinitrogen pentoxide</li> <li>C) nitrogen oxide</li> <li>Ans: D Category: Medium</li> </ul>	D) dinitrogen tetroxide E) nitrogen tetroxide Section: 2.7
75. Name the compound NO <sub>2</sub> A) mononitrogen dioxygen B) nitrogen dioxide C) dinitrogen monoxide Ans: B Category: Medium	D) nitrogen oxide E) nitrite Section: 2.7
	C) sulfite D) sulfur trioxygen E) sulfur oxide Section: 2.7

- 77. The straight chain hydrocarbon that contains six carbon atoms is
  - A) propane B) butane C) pentane D) hexane E) heptane

Ans: D Category: Medium Section: 2.8

78. What is the law of conservation of mass?

Ans: Matter can be neither created nor destroyed.

Category: Easy Section: 2.1

79. Describe the contributions of Marie Curie.

Ans: (note that answers will vary) Marie Curie discovered two new elements, and is one of three people to win two Nobel Prizes. She also suggested the term

"radioactivity" to describe the spontaneous emission of particles and/or radiation.

Category: Easy Section: 2.2

80. What are the three types of radiation that can be produced by the decay of radioactive substances like uranium?

Ans: Alpha, beta, and gamma radiation

Category: Easy Section: 2.2

81. Marie Curie suggested the name "radioactivity" to describe the spontaneous emission of particles and/or radiation.

Ans: True Category: Easy Section: 2.2

82. Using a cathode ray tube, J. J. Thomson determined the magnitude of the electric charge on the electron.

Ans: False Category: Easy Section: 2.2

83. When a beam of alpha particles passes between two electrically charged plates, the beam is deflected toward the positive plate.

Ans: False Category: Medium Section: 2.2

84. The proton is about 1840 times heavier than the electron.

Ans: True Category: Easy Section: 2.2

85. How many electrons, protons, and neutrons does an iron-55 atom have?

Ans: 26 electrons, 26 protons, and 29 neutrons

Category: Medium Section: 2.3

86. How many protons are there in one atom of nickel?

Ans: 28

Category: Easy Section: 2.3

87. How many protons are there in one atom of magnesium?

Ans: 12

Category: Easy Section: 2.3

88. How many protons are there in one atom of xenon?

Ans: 54

Category: Easy Section: 2.3

89. Almost all the mass of an atom is concentrated in the nucleus.

Ans: True Category: Easy Section: 2.3

90. The atomic number is equal to the number of protons in the nucleus of each atom of an element.

Ans: True Category: Easy Section: 2.3

91. The number of neutrons in all atoms of an element is the same.

Ans: False Category: Medium Section: 2.3

92. How many protons are there in one atom of uranium?

Ans: 92

Category: Easy Section: 2.3

93. What are isotopes?

Ans: Atoms of the same element that have the same atomic number but different mass numbers.

Category: Easy Section: 2.3

94. The table below describes four atoms.

	Atom A	Atom B	Atom C	Atom D
Number of protons	79	80	80	79
Number of neutrons	118	120	118	120
Number of electrons	79	80	80	79

Which atoms represent the same element?

Ans: Atoms A and D represent the same element, and atoms B and C represent the same element.

Category: Medium Section: 2.3

95. Consider a neutral atom of the following isotope of sulfur:

 $^{34}_{16}S$ 

How many electrons, protons, and neutrons does the atom contain?

Ans: 16 electrons, 16 protons, and 18 neutrons

96. How many electrons, protons, and neutrons are in a neutral atom of the following isotope of calcium?

Ans: 20 electrons, 20 protons, and 24 neutrons

Category: Medium Section: 2.3

97. How many electrons, protons, and neutrons are in a neutral atom of the following isotope of krypton?

$$^{84}_{36}$$
Kr

Ans: 36 electrons, 36 protons, and 48 neutrons

Category: Medium Section: 2.3

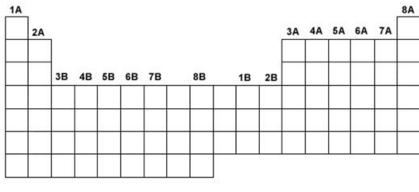
98. How many electrons, protons, and neutrons are in a neutral atom of the following isotope of gadolinium?

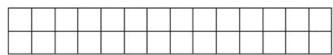
$$^{160}_{64}{
m Gd}$$

Ans: 64 electrons, 64 protons, and 96 neutrons

Category: Medium Section: 2.3

Use the following to answer questions 99-102:





99. Use the periodic table above to show where the alkali metals are located.

Ans: Group 1A or Group 1 Category: Easy Section: 2.4

100. Use the periodic table above to show where the alkaline earth metals are located.

Ans: Group 2A or Group 2 Category: Easy Section: 2.4 101. Use the periodic table above to show where the halogen elements are located.

Ans: Group 7A or Group 17 Category: Easy Section: 2.4

102. Use the periodic table above to show where the noble gases are located.

Ans: Group 8A or Group 18 Category: Easy Section: 2.4

103. The elements known as the halogens are useful as disinfectants. Name two halogens.

Ans: (two of these) fluorine, chlorine, bromine, iodine

Category: Easy Section: 2.4

104. Define the term *molecule*.

Ans: A molecule is an aggregate of at least two atoms in a definite arrangement held together by chemical forces.

Category: Easy Section: 2.5

105. What are the seven elements that naturally occur as diatomic molecules?

Ans: Hydrogen, nitrogen, oxygen, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, iodine

Category: Medium Section: 2.5

106. Define ion.

Ans: An ion is an atom or group of atoms that has a net positive or negative charge.

Category: Easy Section: 2.5

107. A molecule of antifreeze, ethylene glycol, has the formula C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub>(OH)<sub>2</sub>. How many atoms are there in one molecule of antifreeze?

Ans: 10

Category: Easy Section: 2.5

108. How many carbon atoms are in one molecule of CH<sub>3</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>?

Ans: 5

Category: Easy Section: 2.5

109. How many hydrogen atoms are in one molecule of CH<sub>3</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>?

Ans: 12

Category: Easy Section: 2.5

110. The formula for isopropyl alcohol is sometimes written as (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CHOH to better indicate how the atoms are connected. How many hydrogen atoms would be contained in 3 dozen isopropyl alcohol molecules?

Ans: 288

111. Define allotrope.

Ans: An allotrope is one of the two or more distinct forms of an element.

Category: Easy Section: 2.6

112. An empirical formula tell us which elements are present in a compound and gives us the simplest, whole-number ratio of the atoms of these elements in the compound.

Ans: True Category: Easy Section: 2.6

113. Give the formula for potassium oxide.

Ans: K<sub>2</sub>O

Category: Medium Section: 2.7

114. Give the formula for magnesium chloride.

Ans: MgCl<sub>2</sub>

Category: Medium Section: 2.7

115. Give the formula for carbon disulfide.

Ans: CS<sub>2</sub>

Category: Medium Section: 2.7

116. Give the formula for potassium hydroxide.

Ans: KOH

Category: Medium Section: 2.7

117. Give the formula for nickel(II) sulfite.

Ans: NiSO<sub>3</sub>

Category: Medium Section: 2.7

118. Name the following binary compound: FeS.

Ans: iron(II) sulfide or ferrous sulfide

Category: Medium Section: 2.7

119. Name the following binary compound: NaH.

Ans: sodium hydride

Category: Medium Section: 2.7

120. Name the following binary compound: MnCl<sub>2</sub>.

Ans: manganese(II) chloride or manganous chloride

Category: Medium Section: 2.7

121. Name the following binary compound: Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>.

Ans: iron(III) oxide (or ferric oxide)

122. Name the following compound: CuCO<sub>3</sub>.

Ans: copper(II) carbonate or cupric carbonate Category: Medium Section: 2.7

123. Name the following compound: K<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>.

Ans: potassium phosphate

Category: Medium Section: 2.7

124. Name the following compound: Al(NO<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>.

Ans: aluminum nitrite

Category: Medium Section: 2.7

125. Name the following compound: Cl<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub>.

Ans: dichlorine heptoxide

Category: Medium Section: 2.7

126. Give the formula of magnesium nitrate.

Ans:  $Mg(NO_3)_2$ 

Category: Medium Section: 2.7

127. Give the formula of calcium phosphate.

Ans:  $Ca_3(PO_4)_2$ 

Category: Medium Section: 2.7

128. Give the formula of iron(II) phosphate.

Ans:  $Fe_3(PO_4)_2$ 

Category: Medium Section: 2.7

129. Give the formula of copper(II) bromide.

Ans: CuBr<sub>2</sub>

Category: Medium Section: 2.7

130. Give the formula of ammonium sulfate.

Ans:  $(NH_4)_2SO_4$ 

Category: Medium Section: 2.7

131. Give the formula of hydrochloric acid.

Ans: HCl

Category: Medium Section: 2.7

132. Give the formula of carbonic acid.

Ans: H<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>

133. Give the formula of nitrous acid.

Ans: HNO<sub>2</sub>

Category: Medium Section: 2.7

134. Give the formula of sulfuric acid.

Ans: H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>

Category: Medium Section: 2.7

135. Name the following: HF.

Ans: hydrofluoric acid

Category: Medium Section: 2.7

136. Name the following H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>3</sub>

Ans: phosphorous acid

Category: Medium Section: 2.7

137. Write the formula of ammonia.

Ans: NH<sub>3</sub>

Category: Medium Section: 2.7

138. Write the formula of lead(II) chloride.

Ans: PbCl<sub>2</sub>

Category: Medium Section: 2.7

139. Write the formula of calcium carbonate.

Ans: CaCO<sub>3</sub>

Category: Medium Section: 2.7

140. Write the formula of an anion that contains a metal.

Ans:  $CrO_4^{2-}$  or  $Cr_2O_7^{2-}$  or  $MnO_4^{-}$  Category: Medium Section: 2.7

141. Write the formula of a cation that contains a nonmetal.

Ans: NH<sub>4</sub><sup>+</sup>

Category: Medium Section: 2.7

142. Give an example of an anion that contains a metal and write the name.

Ans: chromate or dichromate or permanganate

Category: Medium Section: 2.7

143. What is the nitride ion, nitrate ion, and nitrite ion, in that order?

Ans:  $N^{3-}$ ,  $NO_{3-}$ , and  $NO_{2-}$ 

## Chapter 2: Atoms, Molecules, and Ions

144. What is the sulfide ion, sulfate ion, and sulfite ion, in that order?

Ans: S<sup>2-</sup>, SO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup>, SO<sub>3</sub><sup>2-</sup>

Category: Medium Section: 2.7

145. What is the chloride ion, chlorate ion, and perchlorate ion, in that order?

Ans: Cl<sup>-</sup>, ClO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>, and ClO<sub>4</sub><sup>-</sup>

Category: Medium Section: 2.7

146. What is chloric acid, chlorous acid, and hypochlorous acid, in that order?

Ans: HClO<sub>3</sub>, HClO<sub>2</sub>, HClO

Category: Medium Section: 2.7

147. What is ammonia and ammonium ion, in that order?

Ans: NH<sub>3</sub>, NH<sub>4</sub><sup>+</sup>

Category: Medium Section: 2.7

148. What is the formula for dinitrogen monoxide?

Ans: N<sub>2</sub>O

Category: Medium Section: 2.7

149. What is the formula for dibromine heptoxide?

Ans: Br<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub>

Category: Medium Section: 2.7

150. What is the formula for xenon difluoride?

Ans: XeF<sub>2</sub>

Category: Medium Section: 2.7

151. What is the formula for xenon hexafluoride?

Ans: XeF<sub>6</sub>

Category: Medium Section: 2.7

152. What is the formula for the compound hydrogen peroxide

Ans: H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>

Category: Medium Section: 2.7

153. Name the compound CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH

Ans: Ethanol

Category: Medium Section: 2.8

154. Name the compound CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>

Ans: Ethylamine

155. What is the formula for octane?

Ans:  $C_8H_{18}$ 

Category: Medium Section: 2.8

156. What is the formula for nonane?

Ans: C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>20</sub>