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## /test-bank-chemistry-a-molecular-approache-lst-danadiah-ediiton-by-nivaldo-j-tro-1e-nan

Chapter 1: Units of Measurement for Physical and Chemical Change

# Chapter 1 Units of Measurement for Physical and Chemical Change

## Multiple Choice Questions

- 1) Which of the following is an example of physical change?
- A) Sugar is dissolved in water.
- B) Tea is brewed.
- C) Dry ice sublimes.
- D) Ice (solid water) melts.
- E) All of the above are examples of physical change.

Answer: E

Diff: 1 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.1

- 2) Which of the following is an example of physical change?
- A) Dew forms on a blade of grass.
- B) A Halloween light stick glows after shaking.
- C) An egg solidifies during cooking.
- D) A hydrogen balloon explodes when contacted with a flame.
- E) None of the above is a physical change.

Answer: A

Diff: 1 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.1

- 3) Which of the following is an example of a chemical change?
- A) Copper building materials develop a green patina over time.
- B) A match burns.
- C) Ethanol evaporates.
- D) Both A and B are examples of chemical change.
- E) All of the above are examples of chemical change.

Answer: D

Diff: 1 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.1

- 4) Which of the following is an example of a chemical change?
- A) tea brewing
- B) water boiling
- C) leaves turning colour in the fall
- D) salt dissolving in water
- E) None of the above is a chemical change.

Answer: C

- 5) A physical change
- A) occurs when iron rusts.
- B) occurs when sugar is heated into caramel.
- C) occurs when glucose is converted into energy within your cells.
- D) occurs when water is evaporated.
- E) occurs when propane is burned for heat.

Answer: D

Diff: 1 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.1

- 6) A chemical change
- A) occurs when methane gas is burned.
- B) occurs when paper is shredded.
- C) occurs when water is vaporized.
- D) occurs when salt is dissolved in water.
- E) occurs when powdered lemonade is stirred into water.

Answer: A

Diff: 1 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.1

- 7) Which of the following represents a physical property?
- A) Sodium metal is extremely reactive with chlorine gas.
- B) Mercury is a silvery liquid at room temperature.
- C) Aluminum has a tendency to "rust."
- D) Butane is highly flammable.
- E) Argon has an unreactive nature.

Answer: B

Diff: 1 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.1

- 8) Which of the following represents a chemical property of hydrogen gas?
- A) It is gaseous at room temperature.
- B) It is less dense than air.
- C) It reacts explosively with oxygen.
- D) It is colourless.
- E) It is tasteless.

Answer: C

Diff: 1 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.1

- 9) Define thermal energy.
- A) energy associated with the temperature of an object
- B) energy associated with the motion of an object
- C) energy associated with the force of an object
- D) energy associated with the gravity of an object

Answer: A

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10) Which of the following is an SI base unit?
A) volt
B) gram
C) hour
D) kelvin
E) dozen
Answer: D
Diff: 1 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3
11) Identify the unit of measurement that is a SI base unit of measurement.
A) second
B) Celsius
C) cup
D) pound
E) yard
Answer: A
Diff: 1 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3
12) Kilogram is a measure of
A) mass.
B) time.
C) temperature.
D) length.
E) volume.
Answer: A
Diff: 1 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3
13) Metre is a measure of
A) mass.
B) time.
C) temperature.
D) length.
E) volume.
Answer: D
Diff: 1 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3
14) Kelvin is a measure of
A) mass.
B) time.
C) temperature.
D) length.
E) volume.
Answer: C
Diff: 1 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3
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15) Second is a measure of
A) mass.
B) time.
C) temperature.
D) length.
E) volume.
Answer: B
Diff: 1 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3
16) Mole is a measure of
A) luminous intensity.
B) amount.
C) mass.
D) length.
E) current.
Answer: B
Diff: 1 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3
17) Ampere is a measure of
A) luminous intensity.
B) amount.
C) mass.
D) length.
E) current.
Answer: E
Diff: 1 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3
18) Which of the following is an example of intensive properties?
A) density
B) volume
C) mass
D) None of the above is an example of intensive properties.
E) All of the above are examples of intensive properties.
Answer: A
Diff: 1 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3
19) Which of the following is an example of extensive properties?
A) mass
B) colour
C) density
D) temperature
E) taste
Answer: A
Diff: 1 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3
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20) Identify the common substance that has the highest density. A) sugar B) water C) glass D) lead E) aluminum Answer: D Diff: 1 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3 21) Identify the common substance that has the lowest density. A) ice B) aluminum C) copper D) table salt E) sugar Answer: A Diff: 1 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3 22) If the temperature is 178 °F, what is the temperature in degrees Celsius? A) 352 °C B) 451 °C C) 67 °C D) 81.1 °C E) 378 °C Answer: D Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3 23) How many ns are in 16 ms? A)  $1.6 \times 10^{-2}$  ns B)  $1.6 \times 10^7$  ns C)  $1.6 \times 10^{-5}$  ns D)  $1.6 \times 10^5$  ns E)  $1.6 \times 10^2$  ns Answer: B Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3 24) How many dm are in 345 dam? A) 0.345 dm B) 3.45 dm C) 3450 dm D) 34500 dm E) 345000 dm Answer: D

25) Convert 514 nm to m and express it in scientific notation. A)  $514 \times 10^{-5}$  m B)  $5.14 \times 10^{-7}$  m C)  $51.4 \times 10^{-7}$  m D)  $5.14 \times 10^{11}$  m E)  $5.14 \times 10^{-9}$  m Answer: B Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3 26) Convert 12.5 µL to L and express it in scientific notation. A)  $1.25 \times 10^5$  L B)  $1.25 \times 10^7$  L C)  $1.25 \times 10^{-3}$  L D)  $1.25 \times 10^{-7}$  L E)  $1.25 \times 10^{-5}$  L Answer: E Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3 27) Convert 8.3 mg to μg. A) 0.0083 μg B) 83 µg C) 830 µg D) 8300 μg E) 83000 µg Answer: D Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3 28) Convert 46.9 GHz to THz. A) 0.0469 THz B) 46900 THz C) 0.469 THz D) 4690 THz E) 0.000469 THz Answer: A Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3 29) If the speed limit on a highway is  $100 \text{ km h}^{-1}$ , what is the speed limit in m h<sup>-1</sup>? A)  $1 \times 10^7$  m h<sup>-1</sup> B)  $0.1 \text{ m h}^{-1}$ C)  $1 \times 10^3$  m h<sup>-1</sup> D)  $1 \times 10^5$  m h<sup>-1</sup>

E) 1 × 10<sup>1</sup> m h<sup>-1</sup> Answer: D

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30) Convert 3000 \text{ m h}^{-1} to km h<sup>-1</sup>.
A) 3 \text{ km h}^{-1}
B) 0.3 \text{ km h}^{-1}
C) 30 \text{ km h}^{-1}
D) 300 \text{ km h}^{-1}
E) 0.03 \text{ km h}^{-1}
Answer: A
Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3
31) Convert 1.34 km<sup>2</sup> to m<sup>2</sup>.
A) 1340000 m<sup>2</sup>
B) 134000 m<sup>2</sup>
C) 1.34 \times 10^7 \text{ m}^2
D) 1.34 \times 10^4 \text{ m}^2
E) 1340 m<sup>2</sup>
Answer: A
Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3
32) Convert 4392 m<sup>3</sup> to hm<sup>3</sup>.
A) 4.392 \times 10^{-5} \text{ hm}^3
B) 4.392 \times 10^{-3} \text{ hm}^3
C) 4.392 \times 10^{-1} \text{ hm}^3
D) 4.392 \times 10^1 \text{ hm}^3
E) 4.392 \times 10^2 \text{ hm}^3
Answer: B
Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3
33) If a solution has a temperature of 355 K, what is its temperature in degrees Celsius?
A) 165 °C
B) 628 °C
C) 179 °C
D) 279 °C
E) 82 °C
Answer: E
Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3
34) If the outside temperature is 35 °C, what is the temperature in K?
A) -238 K
B) 308 K
C) 95 K
D) 31 K
E) 63 K
Answer: B
Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3
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35) Determine the density of an object that has a mass of 149.8 g and displaces 12.1 mL of water when
placed in a graduated cylinder.
A) 8.08 \text{ g mL}^{-1}
B) 1.38 g mL<sup>-1</sup>
C) 12 .4 g mL<sup>-1</sup>
D) 18.1 g mL<sup>-1</sup>
E) 11.4 g mL<sup>-1</sup>
Answer: C
Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3
36) Determine the volume of an object that has a mass of 455.6 g and a density of 19.3 g cm<sup>-1</sup>.
A) 87.9 mL
B) 42 .4 mL
C) 18.5 mL
D) 23.6 mL
E) 31.2 mL
Answer: D
Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3
37) Determine the mass of an object that has a volume of 88.6 mL and a density of 9.77 g mL<sup>-1</sup>.
A) 298 g
B) 1100 g
C) 907 g
D) 568 g
E) 866 g
Answer: E
Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3
38) If the outside air temperature is 30 °F, what is the temperature in kelvin?
A) 303 K
B) 307 K
C) 274 K
D) 272 K
Answer: D
Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3
39) If the outside temperature is 35 °C, what is the temperature in °F?
A) 95 °F
B) 31 °F
C) 121 °F
D) 5.4 °F
E) 63 °F
Answer: A
Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3
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40) A solution has a temperature of 68 °C. What is the temperature in K?
A) 427 K
B) 20 K
C) 154 K
D) 341 K
E) 296 K
Answer: D
Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3
41) A solution has a temperature of 18.65 °C. What is the temperature in K?
A) 324.80 K
B) 291.80 K
C) 301.65 K
D) 65.57 K
E) 283.15 K
Answer: B
Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3
42) A gas phase mixture has a temperature of 643 °C. Calculate the temperature in K.
A) 916 K
B) 873 K
C) 188 K
D) 1391 K
E) 37<u>0</u> K
Answer: A
Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3
43) An unknown metal is heated to 850 °F. What is the temperature in K?
A) 1350 K
B) 11<u>2</u>0 K
C) 4<u>6</u>0 K
D) 540 K
E) 730 K
Answer: E
Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3
44) The melting point of copper is 1984 °F. What is the melting point in K?
A) 1724 K
B) 1631 K
C) 1358 K
D) 2257 K
E) 1286 K
Answer: C
Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3
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45) Ethylene glycol is commonly used as antifreeze in the cooling systems of vehicles due to its low
freezing point, 8.6 °F. What is the freezing point in K?
A) 280 K
B) -13 K
C) 260 K
D) 273 K
E) 240 K
Answer: C
Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3
46) Ethylene glycol is commonly used as antifreeze in the cooling systems of vehicles due to its low
freezing point, 8.6 °F. What is the freezing point in °C?
A) 0.0°C
B) -13°C
C) -26°C
D) -45°C
E) -54°C
Answer: B
Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3
47) Ethanol has a boiling point of 351 K. What is the boiling point in °C?
A) 78 °C
B) -195 °C
C) 122 °C
D) 62 °C
E) 86 °C
Answer: A
Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3
48) Ethanol has a freezing point of 159 K. What is the freezing point in °C?
A) -81 °C
B) -78 °C
C) -62 °C
D) -114 °C
E) -195 °C
Answer: D
Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3
49) A student performs an experiment to determine the density of a sugar solution. She obtains the
following results: 1.11 g mL<sup>-1</sup>, 1.81 g mL<sup>-1</sup>, 1.95 g mL<sup>-1</sup>, 1.75 g mL<sup>-1</sup>. If the actual value for the density of
the sugar solution is 1.75 g mL<sup>-1</sup>, which statement below best describes her results?
A) Her results are precise, but not accurate.
B) Her results are accurate, but not precise.
C) Her results are both precise and accurate
D) Her results are neither precise nor accurate.
E) It isn't possible to determine from the information given.
Answer: D
Diff: 1 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.4
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- 50) A student performs an experiment to determine the density of a sugar solution. She obtains the following results:  $1.71 \text{ g mL}^{-1}$ ,  $1.73 \text{ g mL}^{-1}$ ,  $1.67 \text{ g mL}^{-1}$ ,  $1.69 \text{ g mL}^{-1}$ . If the actual value for the density of the sugar solution is  $1.40 \text{ g mL}^{-1}$ , which statement below best describes her results?
- A) Her results are precise, but not accurate.
- B) Her results are accurate, but not precise.
- C) Her results are both precise and accurate
- D) Her results are neither precise nor accurate.
- E) It isn't possible to determine from the information given.

Answer: A

Diff: 1 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.4

- 51) A student performs an experiment to determine the density of a sugar solution. She obtains the following results:  $1.79 \text{ g mL}^{-1}$ ,  $1.81 \text{ g mL}^{-1}$ ,  $1.81 \text{ g mL}^{-1}$ . If the actual value for the density of the sugar solution is  $1.80 \text{ g mL}^{-1}$ , which statement below best describes her results?
- A) Her results are precise, but not accurate.
- B) Her results are accurate, but not precise.
- C) Her results are both precise and accurate
- D) Her results are neither precise nor accurate.
- E) It isn't possible to determine from the information given.

Answer: C

Diff: 1 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.4

- 52) Systematic error is defined as
- A) error that tends to be consistently too high or too low.
- B) error that has equal probability of being too high or too low.
- C) error that averages out with repeated trials.
- D) error that is random.

Answer: A

53) Read the water level with the correct number of significant figures.



- A) 5 mL
- B) 5.3 mL
- C) 5.32 mL
- D) 5.320 mL
- E) 5.3200 mL

Answer: B

54) Read the temperature with the correct number of significant figures.

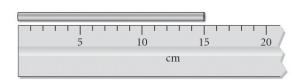


- A) 87 °C
- B) 87.2 °C
- C) 87.20 °C
- D) 87.200 °C
- E) 87.2000 °C

Answer: C

Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.4

55) Read the length of the metal bar with the correct number of significant figures.



- A) 20 cm
- B) 15 cm
- C) 15.0 cm
- D) 15.00 cm
- E) 15.000 cm

Answer: C

56) Read the length of the metal bar with the correct number of significant figures.



- A) 20 cm
- B) 15 cm
- C) 15.0 cm
- D) 15.00 cm
- E) 15.000 cm
- Answer: D

Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.4

- 57) How many significant figures are in 1009.630 mL?
- A) 3
- B) 4
- C) 5
- D) 6
- E) 7

Answer: E

Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.4

- 58) How many significant figures are in  $3.408 \times 10^4$  m?
- A) 3
- B) 4
- C) 5
- D) 7
- E) 8

Answer: B

59) How many significant figures are in the measurement 463.090 m?  A) 2  B) 3  C) 4  D) 5  E) 6  Answer: E
Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.4
60) How many significant figures are in the measurement 0.0005890 g? A) 4 B) 5 C) 6 D) 7 E) 8 Answer: A Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.4
61) How many significant figures are in the measurement 20.300 m?  A) 3  B) 4  C) 5  D) 1  E) 2  Answer: C  Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.4
62) What answer should be reported, with the correct number of significant figures, for the following calculation?
$(433.621 - 333.9) \times 11.900$ A) $1.19 \times 10^3$ B) $1.187 \times 10^3$ C) $1.1868 \times 10^3$ D) $1.18680 \times 10^3$ E) $1.186799 \times 10^3$ Answer: A Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.4
63) What answer should be reported, with the correct number of significant figures, for the following calculation?
(249.362 + 41) / 63.498
A) 4.6 B) 4.57 C) 4.573 D) 4.5728 E) 4.57277 Answer: B
Diff: 3 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.4

64) What answer should be reported, with the correct number of significant figures, for the following calculation?

$$(965.43 \times 3.911) + 9413.4136$$

- A) 13189
- B) 13189.2
- C)  $1.32 \times 10^4$
- D)  $1.3 \times 10^4$
- E)  $1.319 \times 10^4$

Answer: A

Diff: 3 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.4

65) What answer should be reported, with the correct number of significant figures, for the following calculation?

$$\frac{(16.84 - 15.93)}{9.6318} \times 12.3$$

- A) 1.16
- B) 1
- C) 1.162
- D) 1.1621
- E) 1.2

Answer: E

Diff: 3 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.5

66) What answer should be reported, with the correct number of significant figures, for the following calculation?

$$100.0 \text{ g} \times 4.18 \text{ J g}^{-1} \,^{\circ}\text{C}^{-1} \times (26.4 \,^{\circ}\text{C} - 25.5 \,^{\circ}\text{C})$$

- A)  $3 \times 10^2 \,\text{J}$
- B)  $3.8 \times 10^2$  J
- C) 376 J
- D) 376.2 J
- E) 376.20 J

Answer: A

Diff: 3 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.5

67) What answer should be reported, with the correct number of significant figures, for the following calculation?

$$-\log(3.28 \times 10^{-3})$$

- A) 2
- B) 2.484
- C) 2.4841
- D) 2.48
- E) 2.5

Answer: B

68) What answer should be reported, with the correct number of significant figures, for the following calculation?

$$6.83192458 + \log(6.7831 \times 10^4)$$

- A) 11.66335
- B) 11.663353
- C) 11.6634
- D) 11.6633528
- E) 11.663

Answer: A

Diff: 3 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.5

69) What answer should be reported, with the correct number of significant figures, for the following calculation?

- A)  $2.1 \times 10^{-5}$
- B)  $2.09 \times 10^{-5}$
- C)  $2 \times 10^{-5}$
- D)  $2.089 \times 10^{-5}$
- E)  $2.0893 \times 10^{-5}$

Answer: A

Diff: 3 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.5

70) What answer should be reported, with the correct number of significant figures, for the following calculation?

$$\log(4.28 \times 10^3) - 1$$

- A) 2.63144
- B) 2.6314
- C) 2.631
- D) 2.6
- E) 3

Answer: E

Diff: 3 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.5

71) What answer should be reported, with the correct number of significant figures, for the following calculation?

$$100 \times 10^{-1.4} + \log(1.6 \times 10^2)$$

- A) 6.2
- B) 6.19
- C) 6.18
- D) 6
- E) 6.185

Answer: D

72) What answer should be reported, with the correct number of significant figures, for the following calculation?

$$\frac{10^{-3.8214}}{e^{-5.513}}$$

- A) 0.037
- B) 0.0374
- C) 0.03740
- D) 0.037399
- E) 0.0373995

Answer: B

Diff: 3 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.5

73) What answer should be reported, with the correct number of significant figures, for the following calculation?

$$1.682 \times 10^{-3} + 4.311 \times 10^{-2}$$

- A)  $4.44792 \times 10^{-2}$
- B)  $4.44792 \times 10^{-3}$
- C)  $4.48 \times 10^{-2}$
- D)  $4.479 \times 10^{-3}$
- E)  $4.479 \times 10^{-2}$

Answer: E

Diff: 3 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.5

74) What answer should be reported, with the correct number of significant figures, for the following calculation?

$$3.000 \times 10^5 + 614283$$

- A) 914283
- B)  $9.1428 \times 10^5$
- C) 914300
- D)  $9.14283 \times 10^5$
- E) 914000

Answer: C

Diff: 3 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.5

- 75) What wavelength of light would you report in units of nm if the light had a wavelength of  $7.60 \times 10^{-10}$  m?
- A)  $7.60 \times 10^{-3}$  nm
- B)  $7.60 \times 10^{-19}$  nm
- C) 1.32 nm
- D) 0.760 nm
- E) 760 nm

Answer: D

- 76) How many mg does a 433 kg sample contain?
- A)  $4.33 \times 10^{-4}$  mg
- B)  $4.33 \times 10^7$  mg
- C)  $4.33 \times 10^{-3}$  mg
- D)  $4.33 \times 10^6$  mg
- E)  $4.33 \times 10^8$  mg
- Answer: E
- Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.5
- 77) How many kL does a  $1.25 \times 10^8$  cL sample contain?
- A)  $1.25 \times 10^3 \text{ kL}$
- B)  $1.25 \times 10^{13} \text{ kL}$
- C)  $1.25 \times 10^4 \text{ kL}$
- D)  $1.25 \times 10^{12} \text{ kL}$
- E)  $1.25 \times 10^2 \text{ kL}$
- Answer: A
- Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.5
- 78) How many cm<sup>3</sup> are contained in  $3.77 \times 10^4$  mm<sup>3</sup>?
- A)  $3.77 \times 10^4 \text{ cm}^3$
- B)  $3.77 \times 10^1 \text{ cm}^3$
- C)  $3.77 \times 10^{-10}$  cm<sup>3</sup>
- D)  $3.77 \times 10^{20}$  cm<sup>3</sup>
- E)  $3.77 \times 10^6 \text{ cm}^3$
- Answer: B
- Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.5
- 79) How many mL are in 2.54 L?
- A)  $2.54 \times 10^{-3}$  mL
- B)  $2.54 \times 10^{1}$  mL
- C)  $2.54 \times 10^3$  mL
- D)  $2.54 \times 10^{-1}$  mL
- E)  $2.54 \times 10^2$  mL
- Answer: C
- Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.5
- 80) How many mm are in 3.20 cm?
- A)  $3.20 \times 10^{1}$  mm
- B)  $3.20 \times 10^{-1}$  mm
- C)  $3.20 \times 10^{-2}$  mm
- D)  $3.20 \times 10^{2}$  mm
- E)  $3.20 \times 10^{3}$  mm
- Answer: A
- Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.5

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81) A recipe requires 1.89 litres of milk for a soup base. How many quarts are needed?
A) 1.79 qts
B) 2.00 qts
C) 1.89 qts
D) 2.10 qts
E) 2.15 qts
Answer: B
Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.5
82) If an object has a density of 8.65 g cm<sup>-3</sup>, what is its density in units of kg m<sup>-3</sup>?
A) 8.65 \times 10^{-3} \text{ kg m}^{-3}
B) 8.65 \times 10^{-7} \text{ kg m}^{-3}
C) 8.65 \times 10^3 \text{ kg m}^{-3}
D) 8.65 \times 10^{1} \text{ kg m}^{-3}
E) 8.65 \times 10^{-1} \text{ kg m}^{-3}
Answer: C
Diff: 3 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.5
83) If a room requires 25.4 square yards of carpeting, what is the area of the floor in units of t^2? (3 ft = 1
yd)
A) 76.2 \text{ ft}^2
B) 8.47 ft<sup>2</sup>
C) 282 ft<sup>2</sup>
D) 229 ft<sup>2</sup>
E) 68.6 \text{ ft}^2
Answer: D
Diff: 3 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.5
84) What is the area, in m^2, of a house that has 1236 square feet of floor space? (1 foot = 0.3048 m)
A) 376.7 \text{ m}^2
B) 214.8 m<sup>2</sup>
C) 114.8 \text{ m}^2
D) 687 m<sup>2</sup>
E) 573 \text{ m}^2
Answer: C
Diff: 3 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.5
85) If a car gets 43.0 miles per gallon (mpg) fuel efficiency, calculate the fuel efficiency in litres per 100 km.
(1 US gal = 3.78541 L; 1 mile = 1609.34 m)
A) 5.47 L (100 km)<sup>-1</sup>
B) 8.17 L (100 km)<sup>-1</sup>
C) 3.19 L (100 km)<sup>-1</sup>
D) 9.40 L (100 km)<sup>-1</sup>
E) 4.43 L (100 km)<sup>-1</sup>
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```
Answer: A
Diff: 3 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.5
86) If a truck gets 13.5 miles per gallon (mpg) fuel efficiency, calculate the fuel efficiency in litres per 100
km. (1 US gal = 3.78541 L; 1 mile = 1609.34 m)
A) 8.19 L (100 km)<sup>-1</sup>
B) 12.9 L (100 km)<sup>-1</sup>
C) 17.4 L (100 km)<sup>-1</sup>
D) 21.3 L (100 km)<sup>-1</sup>
E) 24.7 L (100 km)<sup>-1</sup>
Answer: C
Diff: 3 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.5
87) If the speed limit is 40 miles per hour, calculate the speed limit in kilometres per hour. (1 km = 0.6214
miles)
A) 95 \text{ km h}^{-1}
B) 64 km h<sup>-1</sup>
C) 80 \text{ km h}^{-1}
D) 35 \text{ km h}^{-1}
E) 60 \text{ km h}^{-1}
Answer: B
Diff: 3 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.5
88) If the speed limit is 65 miles per hour, calculate the speed limit in kilometres per hour. (1 mile = 1609
m)
A) 95 \text{ km h}^{-1}
B) 105 \text{ km h}^{-1}
C) 80 \text{ km h}^{-1}
D) 65 km h<sup>-1</sup>
E) 78 \text{ km h}^{-1}
Answer: B
Diff: 3 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.5
89) I'm on a boat. It is travelling at 5.0 knots. What is the velocity in m s<sup>-1</sup>? (1 knot = 1.15078 miles per
hour; 1 \text{ km} = 0.6214 \text{ miles})
A) 2.6 \text{ m s}^{-1}
B) 39 m s<sup>-1</sup>
C) 1.9 \text{ m s}^{-1}
D) 6.9 m s<sup>-1</sup>
E) 0.83 \text{ m s}^{-1}
Answer: A
Diff: 3 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.5
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90) If I wish to travel 88 mph (miles per hour) in a DeLorean. How fast would I be travelling in m s<sup>-1</sup>?
(1 \text{ km} = 0.6214 \text{ miles})
A) 39 \text{ m s}^{-1}
B) 142 m s<sup>-1</sup>
C) 129 \text{ m s}^{-1}
D) 76 m s<sup>-1</sup>
E) 44 \text{ m s}^{-1}
Answer: A
Diff: 3 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.5
91) If a person buys a 1.00 US gallon jug of milk, how much milk does he have in L? (1 US gallon = 4 US
quarts; 1 US quart = 2 US pints; 1 US pint = 0.473176 L.)
A) 4.00 L
B) 3.78 L
C) 4.55 L
D) 3.50 L
E) 2.00 L
Answer: B
Diff: 3 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.5
92) How many square kilometres (km^2) are in 246 square miles? (1 km = 0.621371 miles)
A) 153 \text{ km}^2
B) 481 km<sup>2</sup>
C) 396 \text{ km}^2
D) 95.0 \text{ km}^2
E) 637 \, \text{km}^2
Answer: E
Diff: 3 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.5
93) How many cubic metres (m^3) are in 240 cubic feet? (1 m = 3.28084 feet)
A) 73.2 \text{ m}^3
B) 12.7 m<sup>3</sup>
C) 22.3 \text{ m}^3
D) 6.80 \text{ m}^3
E) 2.08 \text{ m}^3
Answer: D
Diff: 3 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.5
94) A person is 64.00 inches tall. How tall is she in cm?
A) 162.6 cm
B) 25.20 cm
C) 25.60 cm
D) 192.0 cm
E) 128.0 cm
Answer: A
Diff: 3 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.5
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95) A person weighs 77.1 kg. What is his weight in pounds?
A) 154 pounds
B) 170 pounds
C) 35.0 pounds
D) 162 pounds
Answer: B
Diff: 3 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.5
96) A person is 1.890 yards tall. How tall is he in cm?
A) 172.8 cm
B) 1.728 cm
C) 2.232 cm
D) 4.801 cm
E) 14.40 cm
Answer: A
Diff: 3 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.5
97) An alligator is 244.0 cm long. How long is it in feet?
A) 8.00 ft
B) 96.0 ft
C) 20.3 ft
D) 6.00 ft
E) 9.00 ft
Answer: A
Diff: 3 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.5
98) How many cm are in 22.2 ft?
A) 4.70 cm
B) 105 cm
C) 56.4 cm
D) 677 cm
E) 0.728 cm
Answer: D
Diff: 3 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.5
99) If the walls in a room are 955 square feet in area, and a gallon of paint covers 15 square yards, how
many gallons of paint are needed for the room? (3 ft = 1 yd)
A) 47 gallons
B) 21 gallons
C) 7.1 gallons
D) 24 gallons
E) 2.3 gallons
Answer: C
Diff: 3 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.5
```

100) Gas is sold for \$1.399 per litre in Toronto. Your car needs 12.00 gallons. How much will your credit card be charged in Canadian dollars?

A) \$16.79

B) \$67.15

C) \$4.44

D) \$63.54

Answer: D

Diff: 3 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.5

- 101) Molecules can be described as
- A) mixtures of two or more pure substances.
- B) mixtures of two or more elements that have a specific ratio between components.
- C) two or more atoms chemically joined together.
- D) heterogeneous mixtures.
- E) homogeneous mixtures.

Answer: C

Diff: 1 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: Review

- 102) Give the composition of water.
- A) two hydrogen atoms and two oxygen atoms
- B) one hydrogen atom and one oxygen atom
- C) two hydrogen atoms and one oxygen atom
- D) one hydrogen atom and two oxygen atoms

Answer: C

Diff: 1 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: Review

- 103) Which of the following statements about the phases of matter is TRUE?
- A) In both solids and liquids, the atoms or molecules pack closely to one another.
- B) Solids are highly compressible.
- C) Gaseous substances have long-range repeating order.
- D) There is only one type of geometric arrangement that the atoms or molecules in any solid can adopt.
- E) Liquids have a large portion of empty volume between molecules.

Answer: A

Diff: 1 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: Review

- 104) Choose the pure substance from the list below.
- A) sea water
- B) sugar
- C) air
- D) lemonade
- E) milk

Answer: B

Diff: 1 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: Review

105) Choose the pure substance from the list below. A) tea B) a casserole C) carbon monoxide D) sugar water E) pomegranate juice Answer: C Diff: 1 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: Review 106) A substance that can't be chemically broken down into simpler substances is A) a homogeneous mixture. B) an element. C) a heterogeneous mixture. D) a compound. E) an electron. Answer: B Diff: 1 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: Review 107) A substance composed of two or more elements in a fixed, definite proportion is A) a homogeneous mixture. B) a heterogeneous mixture. C) a compound. D) a solution. E) an alloy. Answer: C Diff: 1 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: Review 108) Choose the element from the list below. A) sodium chloride B) water C) carbon dioxide D) helium E) rust Answer: D Diff: 1 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: Review 109) Choose the compound from the list below. A) magnesium B) water C) neon

D) helium E) lithium Answer: B

Diff: 1 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: Review

- 110) Decanting is
- A) a process in which the more volatile liquid is boiled off.
- B) dissolving a solid into a liquid.
- C) separating a solid from a liquid by pouring off the liquid.
- D) pouring a mixture through a filter paper to separate the solid from the liquid.
- E) heating a mixture of two solids to fuse them together.

Answer: C

Diff: 1 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: Review

- 111) Two or more substances in variable proportions, where the composition is constant throughout, are
- A) a compound.
- B) an element.
- C) a heterogeneous mixture.
- D) a homogeneous mixture.
- E) a crystalline solid.

Answer: D

Diff: 1 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: Review

- 112) Two or more substances in variable proportions, where the composition is variable throughout, are
- A) a solution.
- B) a homogeneous mixture.
- C) a compound.
- D) an amorphous solid.
- E) a heterogeneous mixture.

Answer: E

Diff: 1 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: Review

- 113) Choose the heterogeneous mixture from the list below.
- A) sports drink
- B) chlorine gas
- C) black coffee
- D) chicken noodle soup
- E) carbon (graphite)

Answer: D

Diff: 1 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: Review

- 114) Choose the homogeneous mixture from the list below.
- A) lemonade
- B) mud
- C) ice water
- D) salad dressing
- E) salsa

Answer: A

Diff: 1 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: Review

- 115) Choose the homogeneous mixture from the list below. A) chicken noodle soup B) air C) concrete D) trail mix E) blood Answer: B Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 1 Page Ref: Review Algorithmic Questions 1) What symbol is used to represent the factor  $10^{1}$ ? A) M B) da C) µ D) n Answer: B Diff: 1 Type: MC Var: 5 Page Ref: 1.3 2) Which of the following is the **smallest** volume? A)  $44 \text{ cm}^3$ B) 1.0 dL C)  $5.5 \times 10^3 \text{ mL}$ D)  $1.0 \times 10^8 \text{ nL}$ Answer: A Diff: 1 Type: MC Var: 5 Page Ref: 1.3
- 3) What symbol is used to represent the factor  $10^{-1}$ ?
- A) M
- B) m
- C) µ
- D) d
- Answer: D

Diff: 1 Type: MC Var: 5 Page Ref: 1.3

- 4) The factor 1,000,000 corresponds to which prefix?
- A) deka
- B) deci
- C) mega
- D) milli
- Answer: C

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5) The factor 10^{-3} corresponds to which prefix?
A) deka
B) deci
C) milli
D) centi
Answer: C
Diff: 1 Type: MC Var: 5 Page Ref: 1.3
6) What decimal power does the abbreviation f represent?
A) 1 \times 10^{6}
B) 1 \times 10^{3}
C) 1 \times 10^{-1}
D) 1 \times 10^{-15}
E) 1 \times 10^{-12}
Answer: D
Diff: 1 Type: MC Var: 10 Page Ref: 1.3
7) What decimal power does the abbreviation pico represent?
A) 1 \times 10^6
B) 1 \times 10^9
C) 1 \times 10^{-1}
D) 1 \times 10^{-12}
E) 1 \times 10^{-15}
Answer: D
Diff: 1 Type: MC Var: 10 Page Ref: 1.3
8) What is the volume (in cm<sup>3</sup>) of a 43.6 g piece of metal with a density of 2.71 g cm<sup>-3</sup>?
A) 16.1
B) 19.5
C) .425
D) 6.65
E) none of the above
Answer: A
Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 9 Page Ref: 1.3
9) A piece of metal ore weighs 8.25 g. When a student places it into a graduated cylinder containing
water, the liquid level rises from 21.25 mL to 26.47 mL. What is the density of the ore?
A) 0.312 \text{ g mL}^{-1}
B) 0.633 \text{ g mL}^{-1}
C) 1.58 \text{ g mL}^{-1}
D) 3.21 \text{ g mL}^{-1}
Answer: C
Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 5 Page Ref: 1.3
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•	-	upies 0.750 L. What volume would an equal mass of ethanol occupy? The $^{16}$ g mL $^{-1}$ and the density of ethanol is 0.789 g mL $^{-1}$ .
Diff: 2 Type: MC	Var: 5	Page Ref: 1.3
11) If the melting p A) 1029 K B) 1637 K C) 2183 K D) 3470 K Answer: C	point of	vanadium metal is 1910°C, what is its melting point in kelvin?
Diff: 3 Type: MC	Var: 5	Page Ref: 1.3
A) 42 °C B) 57 °F C) 318 K D) All of these tem Answer: B	peratur	
Diff: 3 Type: MC	var: 5	Page Ref: 1.3
13) How many sign A) 1 B) 2 C) 4 D) 3 E) 5 Answer: D	nificant	figures are in the measurement 5.34 g?
Diff: 1 Type: MC	Var: 10	Page Ref: 1.4
14) What is the corcalculation?	rect ans	wer, with the proper number of significant figures, for the following
11.5 × 8.78		
Answer 101		

15) Round the following number to four significant figures and express the result in standard exponential notation: 229.613

- A)  $0.2296 \times 10^3$
- B) 229.6
- C) 2.296 × 10<sup>-2</sup>
- D)  $2.296 \times 10^2$
- E)  $22.96 \times 10^{-1}$

Answer: D

Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 10 Page Ref: 1.4

- 16) Which of the following numbers has the greatest number of significant figures?
- A) 0.5070
- B) 0.201
- C) 418000
- D)  $6.02 \times 10^{24}$

Answer: A

Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 5 Page Ref: 1.4

17) How many of the following numbers contain three significant figures?

$$0.408 \quad 9.040 \quad 0.0400 \quad 9.05 \times 10^{24}$$

- A) one
- B) two
- C) three
- D) four
- Answer: C

Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 5 Page Ref: 1.4

18) How many significant figures are there in the answer to the following problem?

$$(9.992 \times 3.200) + 0.610$$

- A) one
- B) two
- C) three
- D) four

Answer: D

19)	How many	significant	figures are	there in	the answer	to the fol	lowing pr	oblem?

$$56.4 + 0.8822 + 21$$

- A) one
- B) two
- C) three
- D) four

Answer: B

Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 5 Page Ref: 1.4

20) How many significant figures are there in the answer to the following problem?

$$\frac{[(143.7 - 121) \times 2.06]}{0.600}$$

- A) one
- B) two
- C) three
- D) four

Answer: B

Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 5 Page Ref: 1.4

- 21) An acetylene molecule contains 2 atoms of carbon. The number 2 represents how many significant figures?
- A) one
- B) two
- C) three
- D) infinite

Answer: D

Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 5 Page Ref: 1.4

- 22) Round off 00907506 to four significant figures.
- A) 0091
- B) 9076
- C) 9100
- D)  $9.075 \times 10^5$

Answer: D

Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 5 Page Ref: 1.4

- 23) The width, length, and height of a large, custom-made shipping crate are 1.22 m, 3.22 m, and 0.83 m, respectively. The volume of the box using the correct number of significant figures is \_\_\_\_\_  $m^3$ .
- A) 3.26057
- B) 3.3
- C) 3.26
- D) 3.261
- E) 3.2606

Answer: B

24) What is the correct answer, with the proper number of significant figures, for the following calculation?

$$(1815 - 1806) \times (9.11 \times 7.92)$$

Answer: 600

Diff: 3 Type: SA Var: 10 Page Ref: 1.4

25) Without using a calculator, solve the following problem:

$$\frac{[(1 \times 10^4) \times (1 \times 10^3)]^2}{(1 \times 10^{-9})}$$

- A)  $1 \times 10^{-4}$
- B)  $1 \times 10^{5}$
- C)  $1 \times 10^{23}$
- D)  $1 \times 10^{32}$

Answer: C

Diff: 1 Type: MC Var: 5 Page Ref: 1.5

26) Without using a calculator, solve the following problem:

$$\frac{[(1 \times 10^{-8}) \times (1 \times 10^{5})]^{2}}{(1 \times 10^{6})}$$

- A)  $1 \times 10^6$
- B)  $1 \times 10^{0}$
- C)  $1 \times 10^{-12}$
- D)  $1 \times 10^{-18}$

Answer: C

Diff: 1 Type: MC Var: 5 Page Ref: 1.5

- 27) Which of the following is the greatest mass?
- A) 1000 μg
- B)  $1.000 \times 10^{-4}$  kg
- C)  $1.000 \times 10^{-4}$  cg
- D)  $1.000 \times 10^{-8}$  mg

Answer: B

Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 5 Page Ref: 1.5

28) The mass of a proton is  $1.67 \times 10^{-27}$  kg. What is the mass of a proton in picograms?

- A)  $1.67 \times 10^{-18}$  pg
- B)  $1.67 \times 10^{-15}$  pg
- C)  $1.67 \times 10^{-12}$  pg
- D)  $1.67 \times 10^{-9}$  pg

Answer: C

29) The mass of a single zinc atom is  $1.086 \times 10^{-22}$  g. This is the same mass as A)  $1.086 \times 10^{-16}$  mg. B)  $1.086 \times 10^{-25}$  kg. C)  $1.086 \times 10^{-28} \mu g$ . D)  $1.086 \times 10^{-31}$  ng. Answer: B Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 5 Page Ref: 1.5 30) A student weighed 30.00 µg of sulfur in the lab. This is the same mass as A)  $3.000 \times 10^{-8}$  g. B)  $3.000 \times 10^{-5}$  kg. C)  $3.000 \times 10^{-5}$  mg. D)  $3.000 \times 10^4$  ng. Answer: D Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 5 Page Ref: 1.5 31) Convert 4 µm to metres. A)  $4 \times 10^{-9}$  m B)  $4 \times 10^{-6}$  m C)  $4 \times 10^{-3}$  m D)  $4 \times 10^6$  m Answer: B Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 5 Page Ref: 1.5 32) The average distance between nitrogen and oxygen atoms is 115 pm in a compound called nitric oxide. What is this distance in millimeters? A)  $1.15 \times 10^{-8}$  mm B)  $1.15 \times 10^{-7}$  mm C)  $1.15 \times 10^{13}$  mm D) 1.15 × 10<sup>17</sup> mm Answer: B Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 5 Page Ref: 1.5 33) The diameter of an atom is approximately  $1 \times 10^{-10}$  m. What is the diameter in millimeters? A)  $1 \times 10^{-16}$  mm B)  $1 \times 10^{-13}$  mm C)  $1 \times 10^{-7}$  mm D)  $1 \times 10^{-4}$  mm Answer: C

```
34) Which of the following volumes is equal to 40 mL?
A) 40 \text{ cm}^3
B) 40 \, \text{dm}^3
C) 0.40 L
D) 0.00040 kL
Answer: A
Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 5 Page Ref: 1.5
35) Convert 10 \text{ cm}^3 to \text{m}^3.
A) 1 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^3
B) 1 \times 10^{-1} \text{ m}^3
C) 1 \times 10^3 \text{ m}^3
D) 1 \times 10^7 \text{ m}^3
Answer: A
Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 5 Page Ref: 1.5
36) Convert 35 m<sup>3</sup> to litres.
A) 3.5 \times 10^{-2} L
B) 3.5 L
C) 3.5 \times 10^2 L
D) 3.5 \times 10^{4} L
Answer: D
Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 5 Page Ref: 1.5
37) 38.325 lbs = _____ grams. (1 lb = 454 g)
Answer: 17400
Diff: 3 Type: SA Var: 10 Page Ref: 1.5
38) If 1.4% of the mass of a human body is calcium, how many kilograms of calcium are there in a 185-
pound man?
A) 1.2 kg Ca
B) 5.7 kg Ca
C) 1.2 \times 10^2 kg Ca
D) 5.7 \times 10^2 \text{ kg}
Answer: A
Diff: 3 Type: MC Var: 5 Page Ref: 1.5
39) A fishing boat accidentally spills 3.0 barrels of diesel oil into the ocean. Each barrel contains 42
gallons. If the oil film on the ocean is 2.5 \times 10^2 nm thick, how many square metres will the oil slick cover?
A) 1.9 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^2
B) 1.9 \times 10^6 \text{ m}^2
C) 1.9 \times 10^7 \text{ m}^2
D) none of the above
Answer: B
Diff: 3 Type: MC Var: 5 Page Ref: 1.5
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40) Because of the high heat and low humidity in the summer in Death Valley, California, a visitor
requires about one quart of water for every two miles travelled on foot. Calculate the approximate
number of litres required for a person to walk 10. kilometres in Death Valley.

```
A) 2.9 L
B) 12 L
C) 30 L
D) 47 L
Answer: A
Diff: 3 Type: MC Var: 5 Page Ref: 1.5
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41) The estimated costs for remodelling the interior of an apartment are three 1-gallon cans of paint at \$13.22 each, two paint brushes at \$9.53 each, and \$135 for a helper. The total estimated cost with the appropriate significant figures is  $$\_\_$ .

```
B) 1.9 × 10<sup>2</sup>

C) 194

D) 2 × 10<sup>2</sup>

E) 193.7

Answer: C

Diff: 3 Type: MC Var: 10 Page Ref: 1.5
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42) How many litres of wine can be held in a wine barrel whose capacity is 26.0 gal?

```
(1 \text{ gal} = 4 \text{ qt} = 3.7854 \text{ L})
```

- A)  $1.46 \times 10^{-4}$
- B) 0.146

A) 193.72

- C) 98.4
- D)  $6.87 \times 10^3$
- E) 6.87

Answer: C

Diff: 3 Type: MC Var: 10 Page Ref: 1.5

- 43) The recommended adult dose of Elixophyllin<sup>®</sup>, a drug used to treat asthma, is  $6.00 \text{ mg kg}^{-1}$  of body mass. Calculate the dose in milligrams for a 115-lb person. (1 lb = 453.59 g)
- A) 24
- B) 1,521
- C) 1.5
- D) 313
- E)  $3.1 \times 10^5$

Answer: D

44) The density of air under ordinary conditions at 25° C is 1.19 g L<sup>-1</sup>. How many kilograms of air are in a room that measures 11.0 ft × 11.0 ft and has a 10.0 ft ceiling? (1 in. = 2.54 cm (exactly);  $1 L = 10^3$  cm<sup>3</sup>) A) 3.66 B) 0.152 C)  $4.08 \times 10^4$ D) 0.0962 E) 40.8 Answer: E Diff: 3 Type: MC Var: 12 Page Ref: 1.5 45) How many litres of air are in a room that measures  $10.0 \text{ ft} \times 11.0 \text{ ft}$  and has an 8.00 ft ceiling?  $(1 \text{ in.} = 2.54 \text{ cm (exactly)}; 1 \text{ L} = 10^3 \text{ cm}^3)$ A)  $2.49 \times 10^4$ B) 92.8 C) 26.8 D)  $2.68 \times 10^7$ E)  $8.84 \times 10^5$ Answer: A Diff: 3 Type: MC Var: 12 Page Ref: 1.5 46) Crude oil is an example of A) a compound. B) an element. C) a heterogeneous mixture. D) a homogeneous mixture. Answer: C Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 5 Page Ref: Review 47) Gasoline is an example of A) a compound. B) an element. C) a heterogeneous mixture. D) a homogeneous mixture. Answer: D Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 5 Page Ref: Review 48) Gold is an example of A) a compound. B) an element. C) a heterogeneous mixture. D) a homogeneous mixture.

Answer: B

Diff: 2 Type: MC Var: 5 Page Ref: Review

## **Matching Questions**

Match the following.

```
A) 10-6
```

B) 10<sup>-9</sup>

C)  $10^{-1}$ 

D) 10<sup>-3</sup>

E)  $10^3$ 

F) 10<sup>-2</sup>

G)  $10^6$ 

1) kilo

Diff: 1 Type: MA Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3

2) centi

Diff: 1 Type: MA Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3

3) milli

Diff: 1 Type: MA Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3

4) nano

Diff: 1 Type: MA Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3

5) micro

Diff: 1 Type: MA Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3

6) deci

Diff: 1 Type: MA Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3

7) mega

Diff: 1 Type: MA Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3

Answers: 1) E 2) F 3) D 4) B 5) A 6) C 7) G

## **Short Answer Questions**

#### 1) Define matter.

Answer: Matter is anything that occupies space and has mass.

Diff: 1 Type: SA Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.1

2) A sample of liquid isopropyl alcohol is placed in a sealed container. Some of the volatile isopropyl alcohol vaporizes. Does the mass of the sealed container and its contents change during the vaporization? Explain.

Answer: No. The vaporized isopropyl alcohol is just in a different physical state. It still has mass and therefore the gas plus the remaining liquid and container have the same total mass after the vaporization of some of the isopropyl alcohol.

3) What is the difference between a physical property and a chemical property? Give an example of each. Answer: A physical property is something that can be observed without changing the chemical identity of the substance, such as colour or scent. A chemical property can only be observed while the chemical identity of a substance is changing, such as the tendency of sodium metals to react with water to form hydrogen gas and sodium hydroxide.

Diff: 1 Type: SA Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.1

4) Define energy.

Answer: Energy is the capacity to do work. Diff: 1 Type: SA Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.2

5) Define the law of the conservation of energy.

Answer: Energy is neither created nor destroyed, only transferred.

Diff: 1 Type: SA Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.2

6) A flash drive contains 4 gigabytes. How many bytes does it contain?

Answer: 4 000 000 000 bytes, or 4 292 967 296 bytes if you are is computer literate

Diff: 1 Type: SA Var: 1 Page Ref: 1.3

7) Describe the difference between an intensive and extensive property using examples.

Answer: An intensive property does NOT depend on the amount of the substance present, such as colour or density. An extensive property is one that does depend on the amount of the substance, such as mass or volume.

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8) What happens to the density of a sample of iron metal as it is heated from room temperature to 100 °C? (This is below the melting point of iron.)

Answer: Since the mass of the iron stays constant, but the volume increases as the temperature is raised, the density of the iron decreases upon heating.

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9) What does it mean to be an exact number? Give an example of an exact number.

Answer: An exact number has an infinite number of significant figures even though we typically don't write many of them out. If there are 26 people in a classroom, there are exactly 26.00000.... people in that room. There is no possibility of a half person, so this is an exact whole number with no ambiguity.

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10) Define random error.

Answer: Random error has an equal probability of being too high or too low.