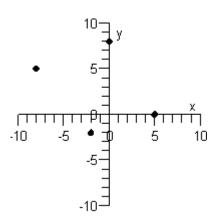
https://selldocx.com/products

/test-bank-college ក្នុងខ្លួច នេះ ក្នុង ខ្លួច នេះ ក្រុង ខ្លួច ខេះ ក្រុង ខ្លួច ខេះ ក្រុង ខ្លួច នេះ ក្រុង ខ្លួច ខេះ ក្រុង ខេះ

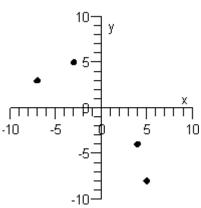
1. Plot the points below whose coordinates are given on a Cartesian coordinate system.

$$(0,8),(-8,5),(-2,-2),(5,0)$$

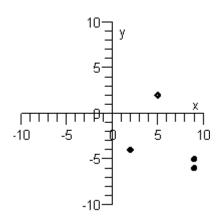
A)



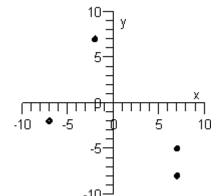
B)



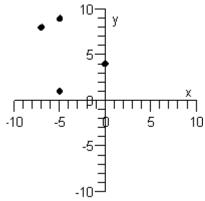
C)



D)



E)



Ans: A

2. Find the distance between the points. Round to the nearest hundredth, if necessary.

$$(-6, 2), (7, -4)$$

- A) 2.24
- B) 6.08
- C) 14.32
- D) 13.15
- E) 13.6

Ans: C

3. Find the midpoint of the line segment joining the points.

(0, 9), (4, -3)

- A) (-2, -3)
- B) (3, 2)
- C) (6, -2)
- D) (-2, 6)
- E) (2,3)

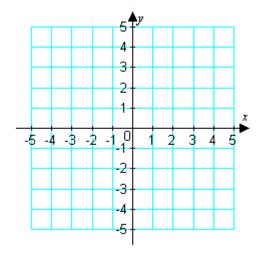
Ans: E

- 4. Find x such that the distance between the point (-2,5) and (x,17) is 15.
- A) x = -14, -11
- B) x = -14,10
- C) x = -11,10
- D) x = -14, 7
- E) x = -11, 7

Ans: E

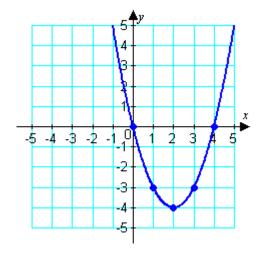
5. After completing the table, use the resulting solution points to sketch the graph of the equation $y = x^2 - 4x$.

x	0	1	2	3	4
y					
(x,y)					



Ans:

х	0	1	2	3	4
У	0	-3	-4	-3	0
(x,y)	(0,0)	(1,-3)	(2,-4)	(3,-3)	(4,0)



- 6. Find the x- and y-intercepts of the graph of the following equation. 9x + 6y = 11
- A) $x-int: \left(\frac{3}{2}, 0\right)$; y-int: $\left(0, \frac{2}{3}\right)$
- B) x-int: $\left(\frac{3}{2}, 0\right)$; y-int: $\left(0, \frac{11}{6}\right)$
- C) x int: $\left(\frac{11}{9}, 0\right)$; y-int: $\left(0, \frac{11}{6}\right)$
- D) x-int: $\left(\frac{9}{11}, 0\right)$; y-int: $\left(0, \frac{3}{2}\right)$
- E) $\frac{11}{x-\text{int:}} \left(\frac{11}{9}, 0\right)_{; y-\text{int:}} \left(0, \frac{2}{3}\right)$

Ans: C

7. Find the x- and y-intercepts of the graph of the equation below.

$$y = x\sqrt{x+3}$$

- A) (3,0),(0,3)
- B) (0,0),(-3,0)
- (0,0),(3,0)
- D) (0,0),(-3,0),(3,0)
- E) (0,0),(3,0),(0,3)

Ans: B

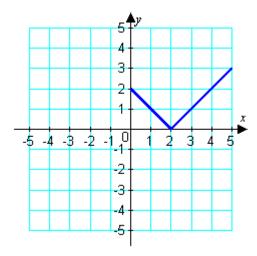
- 8. $y = \frac{x^3}{x^4 + 1}$, use the algebraic tests to determine symmetry with respect to both axes and the origin.
- A) y-axis symmetry only
- B) x-axis symmetry only
- C) origin symmetry only
- D) x-axis, y-axis, and origin symmetry
- E) no symmetry

Ans: C

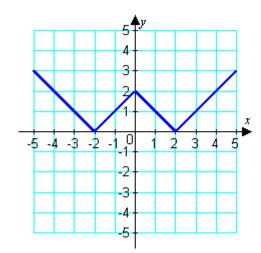
- 9. Given $x^2 + y^2 = 4$, use the algebraic tests to determine symmetry with respect to both axes and the origin.
- A) y-axis symmetry only
- B) x-axis symmetry only
- C) origin symmetry only
- D) x-axis, y-axis, and origin symmetry
- E) no symmetry

Ans: D

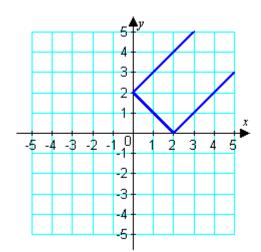
10. Assuming that the graph shown has y-axis symmetry, sketch the complete graph.



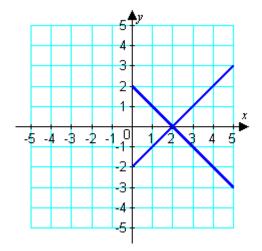
A)



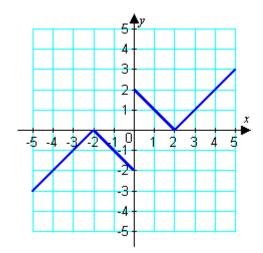
B)



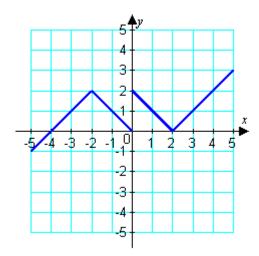
C)



D)



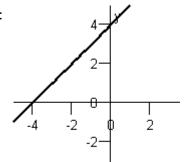
E)



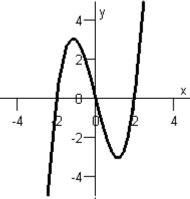
11. Match the equation below with its graph.

$$y = 4 + x$$

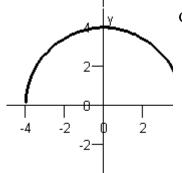
Graph I:



Graph IV:

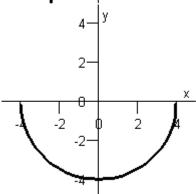


Graph II :

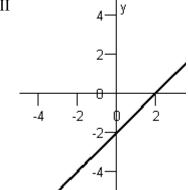


-4

Graph V:

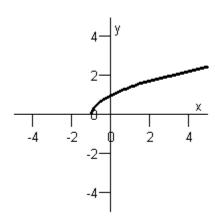


Graph III :

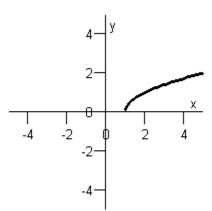


- A) Graph IV
- B) Graph III
- C) Graph V
- D) Graph II
- E) Graph I
- Ans: E

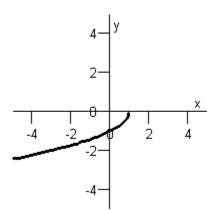
A)



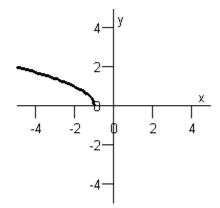
B)

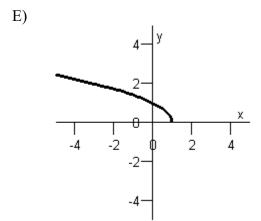


C)



D)

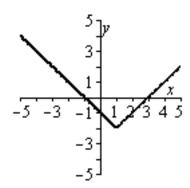




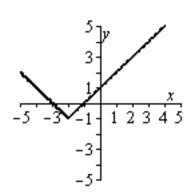
13. Graph the following equation by plotting points that satisfy the equation.

$$y = |x+1| - 2$$

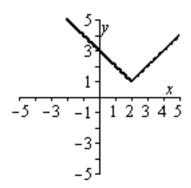
A)



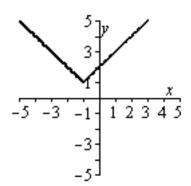
B)



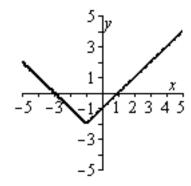
C)



D)

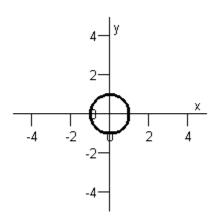


E)

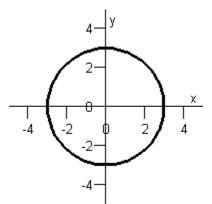


Ans: E

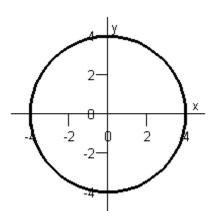
A)



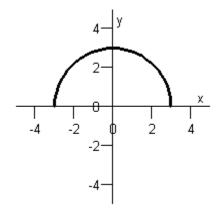
B)



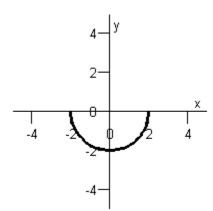
C)



D)



E)



Ans: B

15. Find an equation of a circle that satisfies the following condition. Write your answer in standard form.

Center: (1, 2); passing through (5, -3)

A)
$$(x+1)^2 + (y+2)^2 = (\sqrt{41})^2$$

B)
$$(x-5)^2 + (y+3)^2 = (\sqrt{41})^2$$

C)
$$(x-1)^2 + (y-2)^2 = (\sqrt{34})^2$$

D)
$$(x-1)^2 + (y-2)^2 = (\sqrt{41})^2$$

E)
$$(x-5)^2 + (y+3)^2 = (\sqrt{34})^2$$

Ans: D

16. Write the standard form of the equation of the circle whose diameter has endpoints of (8, -12) and (14, -4).

A)
$$(x-11)^2 + (y+8)^2 = 25$$

B)
$$(x-11)^2 + (y+8)^2 = 5$$

C)
$$(x+8)^2 + (y-11)^2 = 25$$

D)
$$(x-8)^2 + (y+11)^2 = 25$$

E)
$$(x+11)^2 + (y-8)^2 = 5$$

17. The population y (in millions of people) of North America from 1980 to 2050 can be modeled by

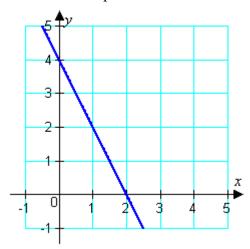
$$y = 5.3x + 430, -30 \le x \le 40$$

where x represents the year, with x = 40 corresponding to 2050. Find the yintercept of the graph of the model. What does it represent in the given situation?

- A) (0,483); It represents the population (in millions of people) of North America in 2020.
- B) (0,536); It represents the population (in millions of people) of North America in 2030.
- C) (0,377); It represents the population (in millions of people) of North America in 2000.
- D) (0,430); It represents the population (in millions of people) of North America in 2010.
- E) (0,324); It represents the population (in millions of people) of North America in 1990.

Ans: D

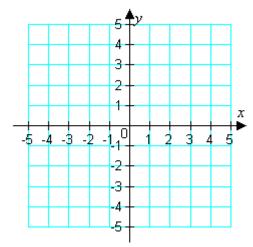
18. Estimate the slope of the line.



- A) $-\frac{1}{2}$
- B) 2
- C) -2
- D) $\frac{1}{2}$
- E) -3

Ans: C

19. Plot the points and find the slope of the line passing through the pair of points.



- A) slope:
- slope: $\frac{5}{2}$ B)
- C) slope:
- D) slope:
- slope: $\frac{2}{5}$ E)

Ans: D

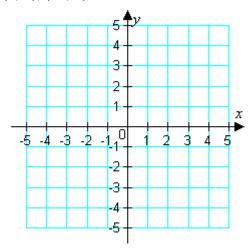
20. Find the slope of the line that passes through the points (7,-2) and (7,-3).

- _9 A)
- -1B)
- C) 1
- D) 0
- undefined E)

Ans: E

21. Plot the points and find the slope of the line passing through the pair of points.

$$(1, 0), (-2, 0)$$



- A) slope: 0
- B) slope: 1
- C) slope: -3
- D) $-\frac{1}{3}$

E) slope: undefined

Ans: A

22. Find the slope of the line that passes through the points A(-4,-2) and B(10,9).

- A) $\frac{11}{14}$
- B) $-\frac{1}{2}$
- C) $-\frac{11}{14}$
- D) $\frac{13}{12}$
- E) $\frac{7}{6}$

23. Use the point on the line and the slope of the line to determine whether any of the three additional points lies on the line.

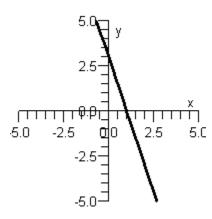
Point Slope
$$(-2,4)$$
 $m = \frac{1}{2}$

- I: (8,6)
 II: (2,6)
 III: (4,7)
- A) Only points II and III lie on the line.
- B) Only point II lies on the line.
- C) Only point III lies on the line.
- D) Only points I and II lie on the line.
- E) Only points I and III lie on the line.

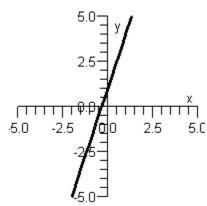
24. Graph y as a function of x by finding the slope and y-intercept of the line below.



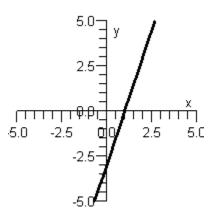
A)



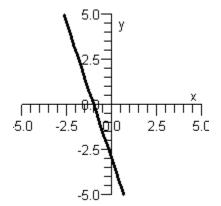
B)



C)

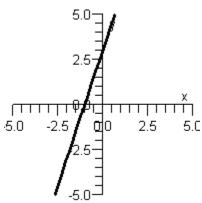


D)



Larson, College Algebra and Calculus: An Applied Approach, 2e

E)



Ans: B

25. Find the slope and *y*-intercept of the equation of the line.

$$y = 3x - 4$$

- A)
- slope: $\frac{1}{3}$; y-intercept: -4
- B)
 - slope: 4; *y*-intercept: 3
- slope: 3; *y*-intercept: –4 C)
- D) slope: –4; *y*-intercept: 3
- E) slope: 3; y-intercept: 4

Ans: C

26. Find the slope and y-intercept of the equation of the line.

$$-3y - 9x = -12$$

- *y*-intercept: –12 A) slope: 9;
- *y*-intercept: 9 slope: -12; B)
- C) slope: 9; y-intercept: −3
- *y*-intercept: –3 slope: 4; D)
- E) slope: -3; y-intercept: 4

Ans: E

27. Use the *intercept form* to find the equation of the line with the given intercepts. The intercept form of the equation of a line with intercepts (a, 0) and (0, b) is

$$\frac{x}{a} + \frac{y}{b} = 1, \quad a \neq 0, \ b \neq 0.$$

x-intercept:
$$(-4, 0)$$
 y-intercept: $(0, 1)$

- A) x 4y = 1
- B) $x 4y = -\frac{1}{4}$
- C) $-4x + y = -\frac{1}{4}$
- D) 4x y = 4
- E) x 4y = -4
- Ans: E
 - 28. Determine if lines L_1 and L_2 are parallel, perpendicular, or neither.

$$L_1: 4x - 4y = -4$$

$$L_2: 8x + 8y = 9$$

- A) parallel
- B) neither
- C) perpendicular
- Ans: C
 - 29. Determine whether lines L_1 and L_2 passing through the pairs of points are parallel, perpendicular, or neither.

$$L_1: (-8, 0), (4, -3)$$

 $L_2: (0, 1), (-4, 2)$

- A) parallel
- B) perpendicular
- C) neither
- Ans: A
 - 30. Determine whether lines L_1 and L_2 passing through the pairs of points are parallel, perpendicular, or neither.

$$L_1$$
: (1, 9), (–4, 8)

$$L_2: (8, -7), (7, -1)$$

- A) parallel
- B) perpendicular
- C) neither
- Ans: C

31. Determine whether lines L_1 and L_2 passing through the pairs of points are parallel, perpendicular, or neither.

$$L_1: (-5, -9), (-7, 2)$$

 $L_2: (-8, 1), (-19, -1)$

- parallel A)
- B) perpendicular
- C) neither
- Ans: B
 - 32. Assume that y is directly proportional to x. If x = 36 and y = 27, determine a linear model that relates y and x.

- Ans: D
 - 33. Write the equation that expresses the relationship between the variables described below, then use the given data to solve for the variation of constant.

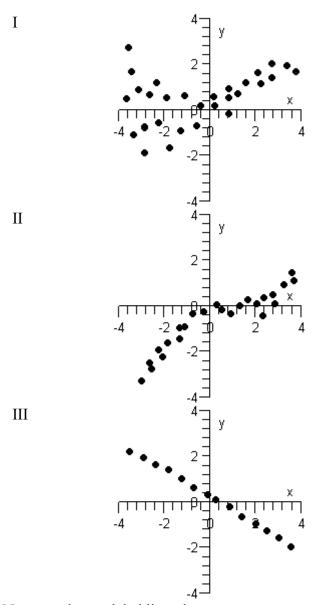
"y varies directly as z, and y = 86.66 when z = 14."

- $y = \frac{k}{z}; \qquad k = 1213.24$
- B) $y = \sqrt{kz}$; k = 38.32C) y = kz; k = 6.19D) $y = k^2z$; k = 2.49E) $y = \sqrt{kz}$; k = 536.43

Ans: C

- 34. The simple interest on an investment is directly proportional to the amount of the investment. By investing \$8750 in a certain certificate of deposit, you obtained an interest payment of \$210.00 after 1 year. Determine a mathematical model that gives the interest, *I*, for this CD after 1 year in terms of the amount invested, *P*.
- A) I = (0.022)P
- B) I = (0.027)P
- C) I = (0.019)P
- D) I = (0.028) P
- E) I = (0.024)P
- Ans: E
 - 35. The sales tax on an item with a retail price of \$612 is \$61.20. Create a mathematical model that gives the retail price, *y*, in terms of the sales tax, *x*, and use it to determine the retail price of an item that has a sales tax of \$70.38.
- A) \$716.03
- B) \$705.79
- C) \$648.11
- D) \$675.43
- E) \$703.80
- Ans: E
 - 36. After opening the parachute, the descent of a parachutist follows a linear model. At 3:31 P.M., the height of the parachutist is 2800 feet. At 3:32 P.M., the height is 1600 feet. Use a linear equation that gives the height of the parachutist in terms of the time to find the time when the parachutist will reach the ground.
- A) 3:33:40 P.M.
- B) 3:33:20 P.M.
- C) 3:32:10 P.M.
- D) 3:34:00 P.M.
- E) 3:33:50 P.M.
- Ans: B
 - 37. A car was purchased for \$42,000. Assuming the car depreciates at a rate of \$5040 per year (*straight-line depreciation*) for the first 5 years, write the value v of the car as a function of the time t (measured in years) for $0 \le t \le 5$.
- A) v(t) = 5040t 42,000
- B) v(t) = 42,000 5040(5)t
- C) v(t) = 42,000 5040t
- D) v(t) = 42,000 + 5040(5)t
- E) v(t) = 42,000 + 5040t
- Ans: C

38. Which of the following graphs below can be approximated by a linear model?



- A) None can be modeled linearly.
- B) Only graph III can be modeled linearly.
- C) Only graphs I and II can be modeled linearly.
- D) Only graphs I and III can be modeled linearly.
- E) Graphs I, II, and III can be modeled linearly.

Ans: B

39. The table below shows the velocities, in feet per second, of a ball that is thrown horizontally from the top of a 50 foot building and the distances, in feet, that it lands from the base of the building. Compute the linear regression equation for these data.

Velocity (ft/sec)	Distance (ft)	
15	48	
25	80	
29	100	
33	95	
38	112	
40	130	
48	150	
= 2.00462255 +2.606001400		

A)
$$y = 3.02463355x + 3.626221498$$

B)
$$y = 3.156886228x + .5988023952$$

C)
$$y = 3.073502956x + 2.338987407$$

D)
$$y = 3.028222013x - 1.079962371$$

E)
$$y = 2.944432432x - 0.7139459459$$

40. Suppose the average remaining lifetime for women in a given country is given in the following table.

Age	Years
5	75.2
30	54.3
50	37.5
65	25.4
75	17.0

Compute the linear regression equation for these data, where x is the age, in years, and A is the remaining lifetime, in years. Round parameters to the nearest hundredth.

- A) A(x) = -14.53x + 44.37
- B) A(x) = -0.83x + 44.37
- C) A(x) = -14.53x + 85.47
- D) A(x) = -14.53x + 79.27
- E) A(x) = -0.83x + 79.27

Ans: E

41. Suppose the average remaining lifetime for women in a given country is given in the following table.

Age	Years
5	72.4
25	53.1
30	49.5
35	44.5
40	39.2

Find the linear regression equation for these data, whose parameters are rounded to the nearest hundredth, where x is the age, in years, and A is the remaining lifetime, in years. Use the regression equation to estimate the remaining lifetime for a 31-year old woman.

- A) 42.29 years
- B) 50.75 years
- C) 46.99 years
- D) 55.45 years
- E) 52.63 years

Ans: C

42. Which set of ordered pairs represents a function from *P* to *Q*?

$$P = \{5, 10, 15, 20\} \qquad Q = \{-2, 0, 2\}$$
A)
$$\{(5, -2), (10, 0), (10, 2), (15, 0), (20, -2)\}$$

- B) $\{(15, -2), (15, 0), (15, 2)\}$
- C) $\{(15, 0), (10, -2), (5, 0), (10, 2), (15, -2)\}$
- D) $\{(10, 0), (15, 2), (20, 0)\}$
- E) $\{(5, 2), (15, 0), (5, -2), (15, 2)\}$

Ans: D

- 43. Given $q(x) = 6x^2 3$, find q(3).
- A) 33
- B) 15
- C) 51
- D) 54
- E) 57

Ans: C

44. Given
$$t(x) = 3x^2 + 5$$
, find $t(-8)$.

- A) 192
- B) -19
- C) 187
- D) -43
- E) 197

Ans: E

45. Evaluate the function at the specified value of the independent variable and simplify.

$$g(s) = -6s + 3;$$
 $g(-0.2)$

- A) 1.2s 18
- B) -1.8
- C) 4.2
- D) -0.2s + 3
- E) -0.2s 3

Ans: C

- 46. Given $m(x) = 3x^2 6$, find m(r).
- A) $3r^2 6$
- B) $9r^2 + 36$
- C) $-3r^2$
- D) $9r^2 6$
- E) $3r^2 6r$

47. Find all real values of x such that f(x) = 0.

$$f(x) = \frac{7x - 4}{5}$$

- E)

Ans: D

48. Find all real values of x such that f(x) = 0.

$$f(x) = 4x^2 - 25$$

- B)
- D)
- E)

Ans: B

49. Find the domain of the function.

$$f(y) = \frac{-6y}{y+9}$$

all real numbers $y \neq -9$

- all real numbers $y \neq -9$, $y \neq 0$ B)
- C) all real numbers
- y = -9, y = 0D)
- E) y = -9

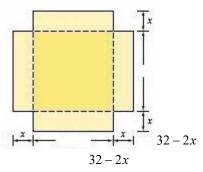
50. Find the domain of the function.

$$q(w) = \sqrt{1 - w^2}$$

- A) $-1 \le w \le 1$
- B) $w \le -1 \text{ or } w \ge 1$
- C) $w \ge 0$
- D) $w \le 1$
- E) all real numbers

Ans: A

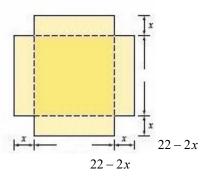
51. An open box is to be made from a square piece of cardboard having dimensions 32 inches by 32 inches by cutting out squares of area x^2 from each corner as shown in the figure below. Express the volume V of the box as a function of x.



- A) $V(x) = 32x^2 2x^3$
- B) $V(x) = 32x 64x^2 + 4x^3$
- C) $V(x) = 1024 128x + 4x^2$
- D) $V(x) = 1024x 128x^2 + 4x^3$
- E) $V(x) = 1024x 64x^2 + 4x^3$

Ans: D

- 52. An open box is to be made from a square piece of cardboard having dimensions 22 inches by 22 inches by cutting out squares of area x^2 from each corner as shown in the figure below. If the volume of the box is given by $V(x) = 484x + 88x^2 + 4x^3$
 - $V(x) = 484x 88x^2 + 4x^3$, state the domain of V.



- A) 0 < x < 22
- B) 0 < x < 11
- C) 88 < x < 484
- D) 4 < x < 88
- E) all real numbers
- Ans: B
 - 53. The national defense budget expenses V (in billions of dollars) for veterans in the United States from 1990 to 2005 can be approximated by the model

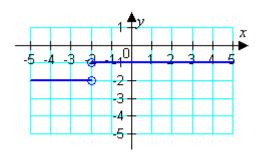
$$V = \begin{cases} -0.326t^2 + 3.40t + 28.7, & 0 \le t \le 6\\ 0.441t^2 - 6.23t + 62.6, & 7 \le t \le 15 \end{cases}$$

- where t represents the year, with t = 0 corresponding to 1990. Use the model to find total veteran expenses in 1995.
- A) \$61.816 billion
- B) \$37.550 billion
- C) \$37.364 billion
- D) \$32.894 billion
- E) \$44.736 billion
- Ans: B

- 54. The inventor of a new game believes that the variable cost of producing the game is \$3.75 per unit and the fixed costs are \$5000. The inventor sells each game for \$8.99. Let x be the number of games sold. Write the average cost per unit $\overline{C} = C/x$ as a function of x where x is defined as the total cost of producing x games.
- $A) \qquad \overline{C} = \frac{5000}{x} 5.24x$
- B) $\overline{C} = 5000 + 3.75x$
- C) $\overline{C} = 5000 5.24x$
- D) $\overline{C} = \frac{5000}{x} + 3.75$
- E) $\overline{C} = \frac{5000}{x} 5.24$

Ans: D

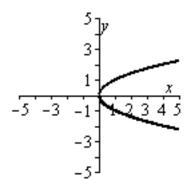
55. Use the graph of the function to find the domain and range of f.



- A) domain: $(-\infty, -2) \cup (-2, \infty)$ range: $(-\infty, -2) \cup (-1, \infty)$
- B) domain: $(-\infty, -2) \cup (-2, \infty)$ range: (-1,1)
- C) domain: $(-\infty, -2) \cup (-2, \infty)$ range: $\{-2, -1\}$
- D)
 domain: all real numbers
 range: (-1,1)
- E) $domain: \{-2,-1\}$ $range: (-\infty,-2) \cup (-2,\infty)$

Ans: C

56. Use the vertical line test to determine if the following graph is the graph of a function.



- A) function
- B) not a function

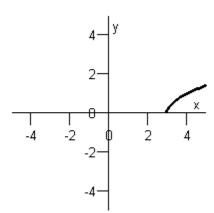
Ans: B

57. Use a graphing utility to graph the function and approximate (to two decimal places) any relative minimum or relative maximum values.

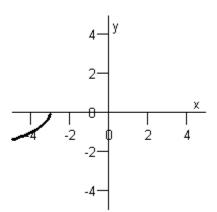
$$f(x) = x^3 - x^2 - 2x - 1$$

- A) relative maximum: (-0.55, -0.37)
 - relative minimum: (1.22, -3.11)
- B) relative maximum: (1.22, -3.11)
- relative minimum: (-0.55, -0.37)C) relative maximum: (-0.37, -0.55)
 - relative minimum: (-3.11, 1.22)
- D) relative maximum: (-3.11, 1.22) relative minimum: (-0.37, -0.55)
- E) relative maximum: (-3.11, -34.62)
- relative minimum: (-0.37, -0.45)

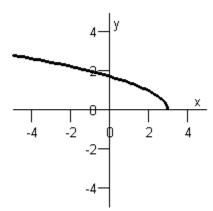
A)



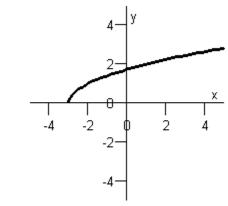
B)

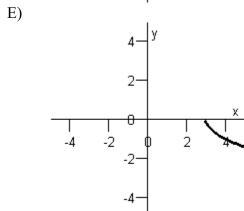


C)



D)

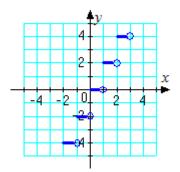




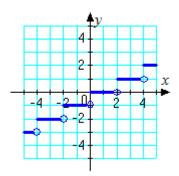
Ans: C

$$g(x) = \llbracket 2x \rrbracket$$

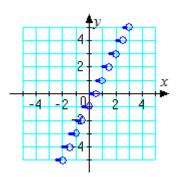
A)



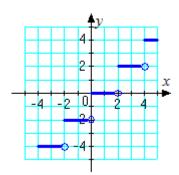
B)



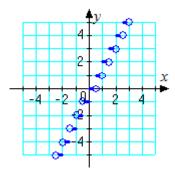
C)



D)



E)



Ans: C

60. The marketing department of a company estimates that the demand for a product is given by p = 180 - 0.0001x, where P is the price per unit and x is the number of units. The cost C of producing x units is given by C = 450,000 + 50x, and the profit P for producing and selling x units is given by

$$P = R - C = xp - C.$$

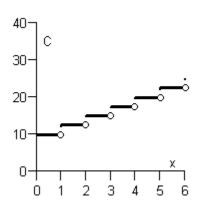
Sketch the graph of the profit function and estimate the number of units that would produce a maximum profit.

- A) 690,000 units
- B) 650,000 units
- C) 610,000 units
- D) 710,000 units
- E) 580,000 units

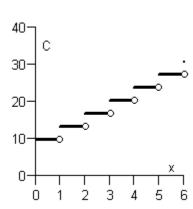
Ans: B

61. The cost of sending an overnight package from New York to Atlanta is \$9.80 for up to, but not inc portion of a pound). A model for the total cost C of sending the package is $C = 9.80 + 3.50 \lfloor x \rfloor$, the graph of this function. Note that the function $\lfloor x \rfloor$ is the greatest integer function.

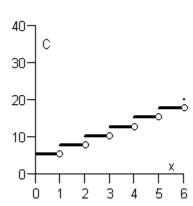
A)



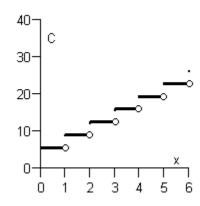
B)

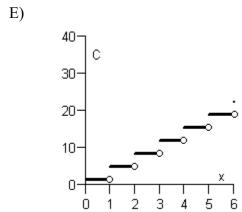


C)



D)

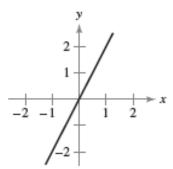




Ans: B

62. Describe the increasing, decreasing, and constant behavior of the function. Find the point or points where the behavior of the function changes.

$$f(x) = 2x$$



A) Increasing on $(-\infty, \infty)$

No change in the graph's behaviour

B) Decreasing on $(-\infty,1)$ Incresing on $(1,\infty)$

The graph's behaviour changes at the point (1,-1)

C) Increasing on $(-\infty,0)$ and $(2,\infty)$ Decresing on (0,2)

The graph's behaviour changes at the points (0,0) and (2,-4)

D) Decreasing on $(-\infty, -2)$ Increasing on $(2, \infty)$

The graph's behaviour changes at the points (-2,0) and (2,0)

E) Decreasing on $(-\infty,0)$ Incresing on $(0,\infty)$

The graph's behaviour changes at the point (0,0)

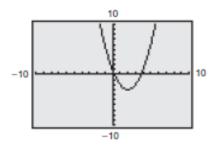
Ans: A

63. Use a graphing utility to graph the function, approximate the relative minimum or maximum of the function, and estimate the open intervals on which the function

is increasing or decreasing.

$$f(x) = x^2 - 4x + 1$$

A)

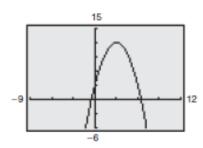


Decreasing on $(-\infty, 2)$

Increasing on $(2, \infty)$

Relative minimum: (2,-3)

B)

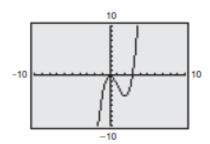


Decreasing on $(3,\infty)$

Increasing on $(-\infty,3)$

Relative maximum: (3,12)

C)



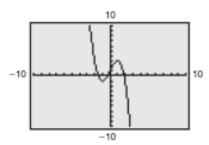
Decreasing on (0,2)

Increasing on $(-\infty,0),(2,\infty)$

Relative minimum: (0,0)

Relative maximum: (2,-4)

D)



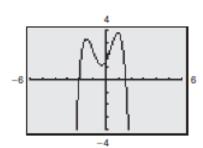
Decreasing on $(-\infty, -1), (1, \infty)$

Increasing on (-1,1)

Relative minimum: (-1,-1)

Relative maximum: (1,3)

E)



Decreasing on $(1,\infty)$

Increasing on $(-\infty,1)$

Relative minimum: (-1,1)

Relative maximum: (1,2)

Ans: A

64. Evaluate the function at each specified value of the independent variable.

$$f(x) = [x]$$

- a) f(2)
- b) f(2.5)
- c) f(-2.5)
- d) f(-4)
- A) 2, 2, -3, -4
- B) 2, 3, -3, -4
- C) 2, 2, -2, -4
- D) 2, 2.5, 2.5, 4
- E) 2, 2.5, -2.5, -4

Ans: A

65. Decide whether the function is even, odd, or neither.

$$g(x) = x^3 - 5x$$

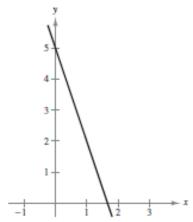
- A) Odd
- B) Even
- C) Neither even nor odd

Ans: A

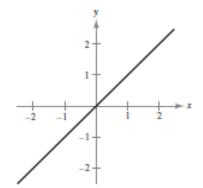
66. Sketch the graph of the function and determine whether the function is even, odd, or neither.

$$f(x) = 5 - 3x$$

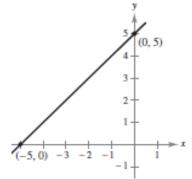
A) Neither even nor odd



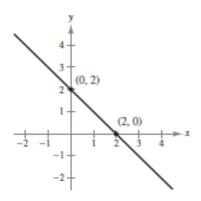
B) Even



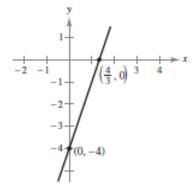
C) Odd



D) Odd



E) Neither even nor odd

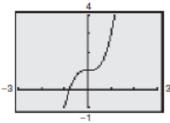


Ans: A

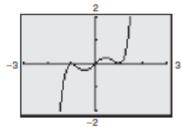
67. Use a graphing utility to graph the function and determine whether the function is even, odd, or neither.

$$f(x) = x^2 - x^4$$

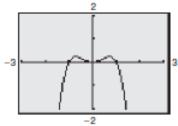
A) Neither even nor odd



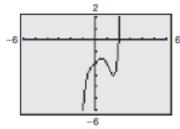
B) Odd



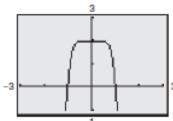
C) Even



D) Neither even nor odd



E) Even

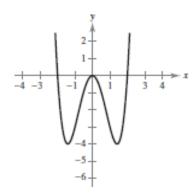


Ans: C

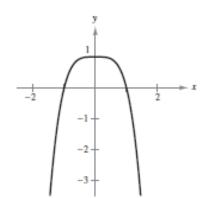
68. Sketch the graph of the function.

$$f(x) = x^2 - 9$$

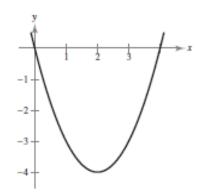
A)



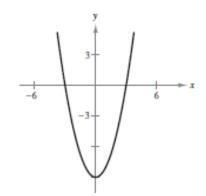
B)



C)

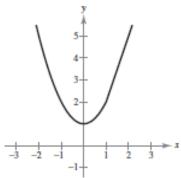


D)



E)

Page 48

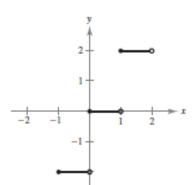


Ans: D

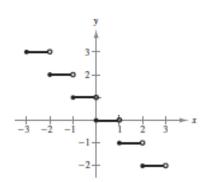
69. Sketch the graph of the function.

$$f(x) = -[x]$$

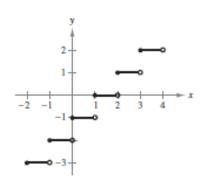
A)



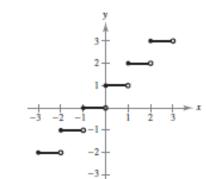
B)



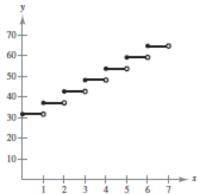
C)



D)



E)



Ans: B

70. Describe the sequence of transformation from $f(x) = x^2$ to g(x) if

$$g(x) = (x-6)^2 - 7$$

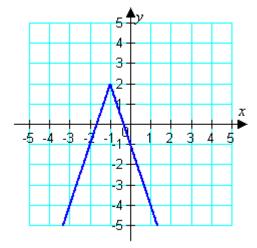
- A) Shifted seven units to the right and six units upwards.
- B) Shifted seven units to the left and six units upwards.
- C) Shifted six units to the right and seven units upwards.
- D) Shifted six units to the left and seven units upwards.
- E) Shifted six units to the right and seven units downwards.

Ans: E

71. Use the graph of

$$f(x) = |x|$$

to write an equation for the function whose graph is shown.



A)

$$f(x) = |-3x - 1| + 2$$

B)

$$f(x) = |-3x + 1| + 2$$

C)

$$f(x) = -3|x+1|-2$$

D)

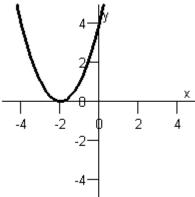
$$f(x) = -3|x-1|+2$$

E)

$$f(x) = -3|x+1| + 2$$

Ans: E

72. Use the graph of $f(x) = x^2$ to write an equation for the function whose graphs is shown below.



A)
$$g(x)=(x-4)^2$$

B)
$$g(x) = -(x+4)^2$$

C)
$$g(x) = (x+2)^2$$

D)
$$g(x) = -(x-2)^2$$

E)
$$g(x) = -(x-4)^2$$

Ans: C

73. Consider the graph of $f(x) = x^3$. Use your knowledge of rigid and nonrigid transformations to write an equation for the following descriptions.

The graph of f is shifted four units to the right.

$$A) \qquad y = (x+4)^3$$

B)
$$y = (x-4)^3$$

C)
$$y = x^3 - 4$$

D)
$$y = x^3 + 4$$

E)
$$y = -4x^3$$

Ans: B

74. Consider the graph of $g(x) = \sqrt{x}$. Use your knowledge of rigid and nonrigid transformations to write an equation for the following descriptions.

The graph of g is reflected in the x-axis, shifted eight units to the right, and shifted nine unit downward.

A)
$$h(x) = -\sqrt{x+8} - 9$$

B)
$$h(x) = -\sqrt{x-8} - 9$$

C)
$$h(x) = \sqrt{x-8} - 9$$

D)
$$h(x) = \sqrt{x+8} + 9$$

E)
$$h(x) = -\sqrt{x-9} + 8$$

Ans: B

75. The weekly profit P (in hundreds of dollars) for a business from a product is given by the model

$$P(x) = 70 - 20x + 0.8x^2, \ 0 \le x \le 20$$

where x is the amount (in hundreds of dollars) spent on advertising. Rewrite the profit equation so that x measures advertising expenditures in dollars.

A)
$$P\left(\frac{x}{100}\right) = \frac{7}{10} - \frac{x}{5} + 0.8x^2$$

B)
$$P\left(\frac{x}{100}\right) = \frac{7}{10} - \frac{x}{5} + 0.00008x^2$$

C)
$$P\left(\frac{x}{100}\right) = \frac{7}{10} - \frac{x}{5} + 0.008x^2$$

D)
$$P\left(\frac{x}{100}\right) = 70 - \frac{x}{5} + 0.00008x^2$$

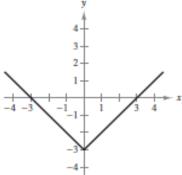
E)
$$P\left(\frac{x}{100}\right) = 70 - \frac{x}{5} + 0.008x^2$$

Ans: D

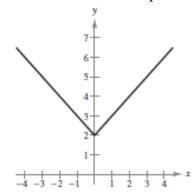
Describe the sequence of transformations from f(x) = |x| to g. Then sketch the graph of g by hand. Verify with a graphing utility.

$$f(x) = |x| + 2$$

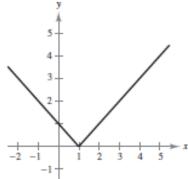
Vertical shifts down 3 units A)



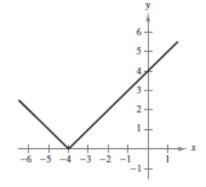
Vertical shifts 2 units upward B)



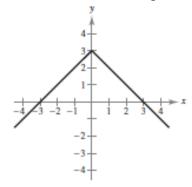
Horizontal shift 1 unit to the right C)



Horizontal shifts 4 units to the left D)

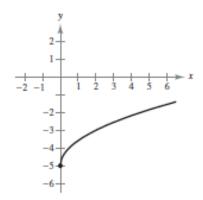


E) Vertical shifts 3 units upward

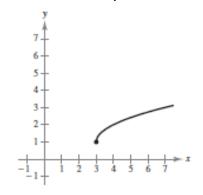


Ans: B

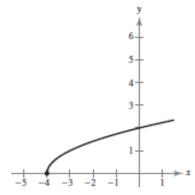
- 77. Describe the sequence of transformations from $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$ to g. Then sketch the graph of g by hand. Verify with a graphing utility. $g(x) = \sqrt{x-3}$
- A) Shifted 5 units downward



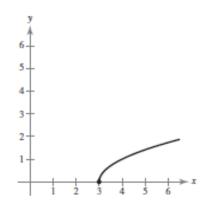
B) Shifted 1 unit upward



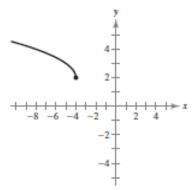
C) Shifted 4 units to the left



D) Shifts 3 units to the right

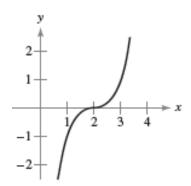


E) 4 units to the left and 2 units upward



Ans: D

78. Identify the transformation shown in the graph and identify the associated common function. Write the equation of the graphed function.



Common function: $y = x^3$ A)

Transformation: horizontal shift 2 units to the right

Equation:
$$y = (x-2)^3$$

Common function: $y = x$

B)

Transformation: multiplied by 2 shrinking

Equation:
$$y = \frac{1}{2}x$$

- Common function: $y = x^2$ C) Transformation: reflection about the x-axis

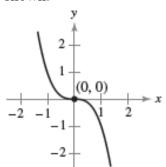
Equation:
$$y = -x^2$$

- Common function: y = cD) Transformation: $c_{is 7}$. Equation: y = 7
- Common function: $y = \sqrt{x}$ E) Transformation: reflection about the x-axis and a vertical shift 1 unit upward

Equation: $y = -\sqrt{x} + 1$

Ans: B

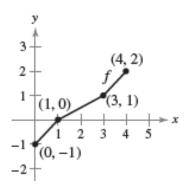
79. Use the graph of $f(x) = x^3$ to write equations for the functions whose graphs are shown.



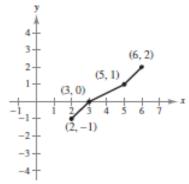
- A) $y = -x^3$
- B) $(x+1)^3+1$
- C) x^2
- D) $x^2 + 1$
- E) $-x^2 + 1$

Ans: A

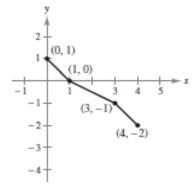
80. Use the graph of f to sketch the graph of y = f(x) + 2.



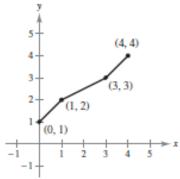
A) Horizontal shift 2 units to the right



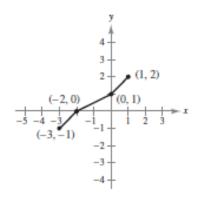
B) Reflection in the x-axis



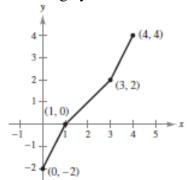
C) Vertical shift 2 units upward



D) Horizontal shift 3 units to the left

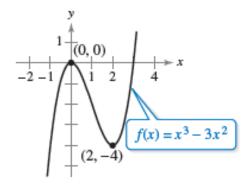


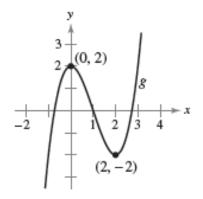
E) Stretching by 2



Ans: C

81. Use the graph of $f(x) = x^3 - 3x^2$ to write an equation for the function g.





- A) The graph is shifted 2 units upward, so $g(x) = x^3 3x^2 + 2$
- B) The graph is reflected in the x-axis and shifted 1 unit upward, so $g(x) = -x^3 + 3x^2 + 1$
- C) The graph is shifted 1 unit to the left,so $g(x) = x^3 3x 2$
- D) The graph is shifted 2 unit to the left, so $g(x) = -x^3 + 3x^2 + 3x + 2$
- E) The graph is shifted 1 unit to the right $g(x) = x^3 + 3x + 1$

Ans: A

- 82. The point (3,9) on the graph of $f(x) = x^2$ has been shifted to the point (4,7)after a rigid transformation. Identify the shift and write the new function g in terms of f.
- Shift: shifted 1 unit to the left. A) $h(x) = (x+1)^2$
- Shift: horizontally 3 units to the left and vertically 2 units downward. B) $h(x) = (x+3)^2 - 2$
- Shift: horizontally 2 units to the right and vertically 1 unit upward. C) $h(x) = (x-2)^2 + 1$
- Shift: horizontally 1 unit to the right and vertically 2 units downward. $h(x) = (x-1)^2 - 2$
- Shift: shifted 1 unit upward. E) $h(x) = x^2 + 1$

Ans: D

83. Find (f/g)(x).

$$f(x) = 4x^2 - 8x$$
 $g(x) = -7 - x$

A)
$$(f/g)(x) = \frac{4x^2 - 8x}{-7 - x}, x \ne 7$$

B)
$$(f/g)(x) = \frac{4x^2 - 8x}{-7 - x}, \ x \neq -7$$

C)
$$(f/g)(x) = \frac{4x^2 - 8x}{-7 - x}, x \neq 0$$

D)
$$(f/g)(x) = \frac{4x-8}{-7}, x \neq 0$$

E)
$$(f/g)(x) = -\frac{4x^2}{7} + 8, \ x \neq 0$$

Ans: B

84. Find
$$(f+g)(x)$$
.

$$f(x) = -6x^2 + 5x - 2$$
$$g(x) = -3x^2 + 1$$

A)
$$(f+g)(x) = -3x^4 + 5x - 3$$

B)
$$(f+g)(x) = -9x^4 + 5x - 1$$

C)
$$(f+g)(x) = -3x^2 + 5x - 3$$

D)
$$(f+g)(x) = -9x^2 + 5x - 1$$

E)
$$(f+g)(x) = 9x^2 - 5x + 1$$

Ans: D

85. Find (fg)(x).

$$f(x) = \sqrt{2x}$$

$$(fg)(x) = x\sqrt{-2} + \sqrt{6x}$$

$$g(x) = \sqrt{-x+3}$$

A)
$$(fg)(x) = x\sqrt{-2} + \sqrt{6x}$$

B)
$$(fg)(x) = x\sqrt{-2+6x}$$

C)
$$(fg)(x) = \sqrt{x+3}$$

D)
$$(fg)(x) = \sqrt{-2x^2 + 3}$$

E)
$$(fg)(x) = \sqrt{-2x^2 + 6x}$$

Ans: E

86. Find (f - g)(x).

$$f(x) = \frac{2x}{6x+9} \qquad g(x) = -\frac{9}{x}$$

A)
$$(f-g)(x) = \frac{2x+9}{5x+9}$$

B)
$$(f-g)(x) = \frac{2x+63}{6x+9}$$

C)
$$(f-g)(x) = \frac{2x+45}{6x+9}$$

D)
$$(f-g)(x) = \frac{2x^2 + 54x - 81}{6x^2 + 9x}$$

E)
$$(f-g)(x) = \frac{2x^2 + 54x + 81}{6x^2 + 9x}$$

Ans: E

87. Evaluate
$$(f+g)(6)$$
 where $f(x) = x^2 - 7x + 12$ and $g(x) = x - 5$.

Ans: E

88. Evaluate
$$(f-g)(3)$$
 where $f(x) = x^2 + 5x - 50$ and $g(x) = -3x - 8$.

A)
$$-25$$

C)
$$-15$$

D)
$$-26$$

Ans: B

89. Evaluate
$$(fg)(2)$$
 where $f(x) = x^2 + 15x + 54$ and $g(x) = -10x - 6$.

- A) 2288
- B) 520
- C) -2288
- D) -392
- E) -1766

Ans: C

90. Evaluate
$$\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(8)$$
 where $f(x) = x^2 - 6x - 135$ and $g(x) = 17x + 14$.

- A) $-\frac{7}{6}$
- B) $-\frac{119}{150}$
- C) $-\frac{119}{22}$
- D) $\frac{8}{75}$
- E) $-\frac{71}{150}$

Ans: B

91.
$$\operatorname{Find} f \circ g$$
.

$$f(x) = -5x - 9$$
 $g(x) = x + 5$

A)
$$(f \circ g)(x) = _{-5x-34}$$

B)
$$(f \circ g)(x) = _{-5x-4}$$

C)
$$(f \circ g)(x) = _{-5x^2 - 34x - 45}$$

D)
$$(f \circ g)(x) = _{-6x-14}$$

E)
$$(f \circ g)(x) = _{-6x-4}$$

Ans: A

92. Find
$$g \circ f$$
.

$$f(x) = x + 4 \qquad g(x) = x^2$$

A)
$$(g \circ f)(x) = x^2 + 4$$

B)
$$(g \circ f)(x) = x^2 - 16$$

C)
$$(g \circ f)(x) = x^2 + 16$$

D)
$$(g \circ f)(x) = x^2 + 4x + 16$$

E)
$$(g \circ f)(x) = x^2 + 8x + 16$$

Ans: E

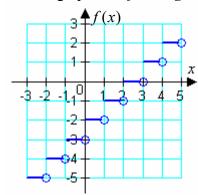
93. Determine the domain of $f \circ g$ if

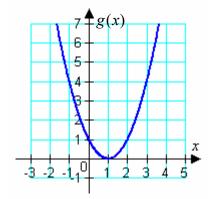
$$f(x) = x^2 - 17$$
 and $g(x) = \sqrt{x}$.

- $(-\infty,\infty)$
- B) $(-\infty, -17] \cup [17, \infty)$ C) $(-\infty, -\sqrt{17}] \cup [\sqrt{17}, \infty)$
- D)
- $[0,\infty)$ E)

Ans: C

94. Use the graphs of f and g to evaluate the function.





$$(f \circ g)(3)$$

- A) 1
- B) -2
- C) 4
- -1D)
- E) 2

Ans: E

95. The monthly cost C of running the machinery in a factory for t hours is given by

$$C(t) = 10t + 150.$$

The number of hours t needed to produce x products is given by

$$t(x) = 9x$$
.

Find the equation representing the cost *C* of manufacturing *x* products.

- A) C(x) = 90x + 150
- B) C(x) = 90x + 1500
- C) C(x) = 19x + 150
- D) C(x) = 19x + 160
- E) C(x) = 10x + 159

Ans: A

96. You own two fast-food restaurants. During the years 2000 to 2008, the sales for the first restaurant have been increasing according to the function

$$R_1 = 323 + 11.8t$$
, $t = 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8$

where R_1 represents the sales (in thousands of dollars) and t represents the year, with t=0 corresponding to 2000. During the same nine-year period, the sales for the second restaurant have been decreasing according to the function

$$R_2 = 470 - 18.6t, \ t = 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8.$$

Write a function that represents the total sales for the two restaurants to determine whether the total sales have been increasing or decreasing.

- A) $R_T = -147 6.8t$, total sales have been decreasing.
- B) $R_T = 793 + 6.8t$, total sales have been increasing.
- C) $R_T = 793 6.8t$, total sales have been decreasing.
- D) $R_T = -147 + 30.4t$, total sales have been increasing.
- E) $R_T = 147 30.4t$, total sales have been decreasing.

Ans: C

97. A pebble is dropped into a calm pond, causing ripples in the form of concentric circles. The radius (in feet) of the outermost ripple is given by

$$r(t) = 0.5t$$

where t is time in seconds after the pebble strikes the water. The area of the outermost circle is given by the function

$$A(r) = \pi r^2$$
.

Find and interpret $(A \circ r)(t)$.

- A) $(A \circ r)(t) = \pi t^{2}$; $A \circ r$ represents the radius of the circle at time t.
- B) $(A \circ r)(t) = 0.5\pi t^2$; $A \circ r$ represents the radius of the circle at time t.
- C) $(A \circ r)(t) = 0.25\pi t^2$; $A \circ r$ represents the radius of the circle at time t.
- D) $(A \circ r)(t) = 0.25\pi t^2$; $A \circ r$ represents the area of the circle at time t.
- E) $(A \circ r)(t) = 0.5\pi t^2$; $A \circ r$ represents the area of the circle at time t.

Ans: D