https://selldocx.com/products/test-bank-contemporary-marketing-17e-boone Class Name e: chapter 2 *Indicate whether the statement is true or false.* 1. According to the BCG matrix, stars require considerable inflows of cash to finance further growth. True a. b. False 2. Planning often is classified on the basis of its scope or breadth. True b. False 3. Marketing strategy is an overall company-wide program for selecting a particular target market and satisfying consumers through a careful blend of the elements of the marketing mix. a. True h. False 4. Each strategic business unit (SBU) in a firm has to prepare its plans in collaboration with other units in the organization. True a. False b. 5. Good relationships with customers can equip a firm with vital strategic weapons. True a. b. False 6. Promotion is the communications link between sellers and buyers. True a. False b. 7. The chief executive officer (CEO) and vice president of marketing spend a greater proportion of their time on operational planning than do managers at all other organizational levels. True False b. 8. Porter's Five Forces are potential new entrants, bargaining power of buyers, bargaining power of suppliers, threat of substitute products, and rivalry among competitors. True a. False b.

9. Organizations within the same industry usually have the same mission.

10. Marketing planning establishes the basis for a firm's overall strategic plan.

b.

a.

True

False

True

b. False 11. Tactical planning usually involves the production of quarterly and semiannual plans, along with divisional budgets, policies, and procedures. a. True b. False 12. An organization lays out its basic objectives, or goals, in its complete mission statement. a. True b. False 13. The five dimensions of the marketing environment are competitive, political-legal, economic, technological, and social-cultural. a. True b. False 14. The Internet has impacted business for new firms by increasing the barriers to market entry. a. True b. False 15. A firm describes its overall goals and operational scope in its standard operating procedures manual. a. True b. False 16. Strategies once implemented should not be changed even if the actual performance does not meet the desired results. a. True b. False 17. Employees at middle-management levels engage themselves in business unit budgets and divisional policies and procedures. a. True b. False 18. A mission can be defined as an essential purpose that differentiates one company from others. a. True b. False 19. Each element of the marketing mix—product, price, distribution, and promotion—is a subset of the overall marketing strategy. a. True b. False	Name :		Class :	Dat e:
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19. Each element of the marketing mix—product, price, distribution, and promotion—is a subset of the overall marketing strategy. a. True		a.	True	- •
marketing strategy. a. True		b.	False	
a. True		marketing mix-	-product, price, distribution, and p	romotion—is a subset of the overall
		a.	True	

20. The rule of three states that the third major company in an industry has little chance of survival.

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	a.	True	
	b.	False	
21. A target market is a	group of custon	ners toward whom a firm directs its	marketing efforts.
J	a.	True	
	b.	False	
22. Matching an extern	al opportunity w	ith an internal weakness produces a	situation known as leverage.
C	a.	True	C
	b.	False	
23. Middle and supervi	sory-level manas	gers spend less time as compared to	CEOs on planning activities.
1	a.	True	1 8
	b.	False	
24. According to the Bounit's own promotions	·		flows and invest heavily in the
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
25. The ability to down firm's pricing strategy.		and IBM software products directly f	from the Internet is a part of each
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
26. SWOT analysis reforganizational structure		ation of a firm that is limited to the vical expertise. True	variables of its stability, work ethic,
	ь. b.	False	
27 TL 1' 1	C		. 11
27. The disadvantage o	-	cies is that they can be easily duplica	ited by competitors.
	a. b.	True	
	D.	False	
28. The five dimension strategies.	s of the marketing	ng environment exert a fairly constar	nt and static influence on marketing
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
29. Strategic planning l the decision makers.	nas a minimal im	pact on a firm's destiny because it p	rovides only short-term direction to
	a.	True	
	b.	False	

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30. A product strategy patents, and warrantie		ns about customer service, package of	design, brand names, trademarks,
•	a.	True	
	b.	False	
31. A statement such a statement.	as "to hit the 300 of	employee mark by the end of the year	ar" is typically a part of a mission
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
32. Adjustments in the management philosop		nt of an organization reflect changin	g business environments and
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
33. According to the E	BCG matrix, dog p	products can be sold to other firms,	where they are a better fit.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
34. The planning proc objectives.	ess begins at the c	corporate level with the first step bei	ng the development of strategic
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
35. Apple iTunes is an	n example of a suc	ccessful first mover.	
• •	a.	True	
	b.	False	
		enjoyed by customers has increased hat is not easily available elsewhere	<u> </u>
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
		ire and nurture the human spirit – or of a mission statement.	ne person, one cup and one
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
38. Organizational res and employees.	ources include the	e capabilities of the firm's production	n, marketing, finance, technology,
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
39. As the senior vice-	-president of mark	xeting, Naomi will be closely involv	ed in her firm's strategic planning.

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	a.	True	
	b.	False	
40. Marketers put the ma are being achieved.	arketing strateg	y into action in order to monitor per	rformance to ensure that objectives
S	a.	True	
	b.	False	
41. Strategic business un customers.	nits are key bus	iness units within small companies	that offer only a few items to its
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
•		research manager, and other middle nting the strategic plan of the comp	
-	a.	True	
	b.	False	
43. Each SBU pursues it	s own distinct	mission and often develops its own	plans independently.
1	a.	True	1 7
	b.	False	
44. The idea of first mov first movers from the ma	-	pletely replaced by second movers a nyth.	and the resulting disappearance of
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
45 The planning process	s is an intermitt	ent process held after substantial in	tervals
is. The planning process	a.	True	ter vars.
	b.	False	
46. Tactical plans typica actions from their purvis	-	n organization's primary strategic o	bjectives and exclude short-term
-	a.	True	
	b.	False	
	cts. All of these	materials are part of the integrated	tionally, in-store pamphlets promote marketing communications intended
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
48. To be most effective and external to the organ		process should include input from a	wide range of sources both internal

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	a.	True	
	b.	False	
49. Supervisory managers te	nd to focus	exclusively on strategic plannin	ıg.
1 , 5	a.	True	
	b.	False	
50. With increased availabilithemselves from the crowd.	ity of inform	nation, rivalry heats up among c	competitors who try to differentiate
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
51. Relationship-building go	als and stra	tegies are seldom included in th	e plans of business firms.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
52. In a SWOT analysis, marweaknesses.	rketers face	a problem when environmental	threats attack their organization's
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
53. The position of an SBU a	along the ho	orizontal axis indicates the annua	al growth rate of the market.
•	a.	True	
	b.	False	
54. The pricing strategy is th	ne area of m	arketing that receives the least a	amount of public scrutiny.
1 6 6	a.	True	1
	b.	False	
55. All planning strategies has companies cannot imitate.	ave the goa	l of creating a sustainable compo	etitive advantage for a firm which other
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
56. The planning process creethe organizational objectives	-	orint that everyone in the organic	zation must follow in order to achieve
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
57. Targeting consumers in s	specific glo	bal markets represents a challen	g e.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
58. An organizational object	ive should	specify time frames stating "Our	r organization aims to generate a 15

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percent profit over the ne	ext 24 months.	,	
1	a.	True	
	b.	False	
<u> </u>	•	hould state specific intentions, I soft drink market to 25 percer	such as "Snapple Corporation seeks to at within the next two years."
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
60. A customer-driven or	rganization beg	gins its marketing strategy with	a detailed description of its target market.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
61. The number of suppli	iers available to	o a manufacturer or retailer affo	ects the bargaining power of buyers.
11	a.	True	
	b.	False	
1 1 0		he creation and implementation responsibility of top-level man	n of tactical plans for the departments agement.
C	a.	True	
	b.	False	
63. A SWOT analysis he opportunities and threats	• •	ompare internal organizational	strengths and weaknesses with external
11	a.	True	
	b.	False	
64. Toyota's introduction legal issues about the nat	•	<u> -</u>	f how it has turned public concerns and
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
65. According to the BCC market and target other r			star, the firm should pull out of the
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
66. A strategic window is opportunities because of			rganizations are unable to capitalize on
-	a.	True	
	b.	False	
67. A marketing mix sho	uld be an ever- a.	changing combination of varia	bles to achieve success.

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	b.	False	
68. Data suggests twinners.	hat business owners	who adopt the first mover strategy	will always be long-term market
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
69. The planning p objectives.	rocess identifies obje	ectives and determines the actions	that are needed to attain those
•	a.	True	
	b.	False	
70. Strategic busine competitors.	ess units (SBUs) of a	diversified firm have common m	anagers, resources, objectives, and
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
a. create long-b. reduce its srelationshipc. locate mored. eliminate th	trategic planning efformarketing. e effective media for ne strategic planning	ive links with individual customer ort since the need for such plannin use in advertising and mass marke process and move into tactical plan roducts and divisions to determine	eting. ans directly.
а. b.	market analysis	Taisai	
c.	utilization analysis		
d.	portfolio analysis	•	
	casions when the key	y. ows.	particular competencies of a firm best
	e of gasoline in the U	nited States reached \$4 per gallon	powered by a hydrogen-oxygen fuel, this would best be described as a

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		b.	operational		
		c.	strategic		
		d.	tactical		
President sessions should be	t, and V and wo	Vice-President orked togethet ved over the	its. Over the course r to articulate the d next 5 years. The t	e of the two-days, the ex irection the hospital show eam focused considerab	or hospital including the hospital's CEO, ecutives engaged in brainstorming ald take and specific objectives that le attention to objectives related to the re. The executives were engaged in
		ı. strate	gic planning		
	ł		al planning		
	(tional planning		
	C	=	sive planning		
	and the	ve dimensions marketing m The strate	nix?	ver changing, and drives	the marketer's decisions about target
	a. b.	The strate	O 1		
	c. d.		eting concept		
			eting environment mer orientation		
	e.	The custo	mer orientation		
			onditions would lea maintain an advant		rs to find a new market, change prices,
a	. Wł	nen the barga	ining power of supp	pliers is low	
b). Wł	nen the barga	ining power of buy	ers is low	
c	. Wł	nen the threat	of substitute produ	ects is high	
Ċ	l. Wł	nen the threat	of new entrants it	low	
festival.	The ex	ecutives of the are a part of		ted various activities that	order to promote an upcoming music t could be used for the radio campaign.
	b.	_	perating procedures	,	
	c.	-	eduling plans	•	
	d.	•	oudgeting plans		
	u.	unit-wise c	dudgeting plans		
facility.	Γhey w	ant it to be lo	ocated near a popula	-	so provide ample access to those who

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	b.	short-term		
	c.	operational		
	d.	economic		
80. Which of the	e following d	efines an organiza	tion's mission?	
	_	g future events and		
	•	_		t are low on profitability
- '		_	e company from others	
				f a market and a firm's particular
	ncies best fit		J 1	•
81. Compared to	other organi	zation personnel,	more time is devoted to	o long-range strategic planning by the:
a.	•	nanagement.		
b.	manufact	turing labor.		
c.	top mana	gement.		
d.	superviso	ory management.		
82. Which of the	e following is	true of a strategic	business unit?	
	_	_	ion of its parent organi	zation.
_		-	the other units in the or	
	_		esources, objectives, ar	
_		•		that does not differ significantly from
	nt company.			and december of the control of the c
		on those organizated to as pla		will significantly affect a firm for five or
	a.	strategic		
	b.	marketing		
	c.	economic		
	d.	tactical		
84. Which of the	e following w	ould qualify as an	example of a firm's w	eakness?
	_	tastes in the mark	•	
		modern production	=	

- 8
 - Inadequate financing capabilities c.
 - d. An addition to the current product line
- 85. At a time when computer users were having trouble storing, sending, and displaying photos, Apple introduced the iMac computer, which was equipped with a digital camera interface and photo-handling software. This product was a result of Apple recognizing its:
 - economies of scale. a.

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	b.	com	petitive constraints.		
	c.	-	egic window.		
	d.	seco	nd-mover benefits.		
86. An ex	ample	of a firm's	s strength discovere	ed by a SWOT analysis migh	t be:
a.	own	ership of	valuable patents.		
b.	a na	rrow curre	ent product line.		
c.	char	nging buye	er tastes in the mark	ketplace.	
d.	exis	ting gover	rnment policies favo	oring the industry.	
only 32 M 2001 and for \$400 a	IB of includand it v	memory in led a 1.8-in was only c e the mark	n 1998. Other comp nch Toshiba 5GB h compatible with Ma ket leader. What ty	petitors entered the market an nard drive and a large black-a ac computers. The early bran	the world's first MP3 player featuring and the Apple iPod made its debut in and-white display. The model retailed ds are no longer available and the loy with its introduction of the iPod in
	a.		nover strategy		
	b.		er strategy		
	c.	_	window strategy		
	d.	competit	ive differential stra	itegy	
	trans	portation 1		ssing, and development of ma	QVC. He will be involved in matters arketing channels. Maxwell is involved
•	_		product	C	
		b.	distribution		
		c.	promotional		
		d.	test marketing		
89. The te	rm ma	arketing m	ix describes:		
a. a	compo	osite analy	sis of all environme	ental factors inside and outsi	de the firm.
b. a	series	of busines	ss decisions that aid	d in selling a product.	
c. th	e relat	tionship be	etween a firm's mar	rketing strengths and its busin	ness weaknesses.
d. a	blend	of the four	r strategic marketin	ng elements to satisfy specific	target markets.
overwheln	ned as	you anticip e responsib	ate the demands of the		anagement job, but you feel a bit es to help, pointing out that you will also ur new job?

Daily and weekly plans Divisional policies

Divisional procedures

b.

c. d.

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e.	Semiannual plans		
91. Which of the f	following is a dimension of	of Porter's Five Forces model	?
a. Barg	gaining power of buyers		
b. Exis	tence of second-movers		
c. Exis	ting firms in the business	environment	
d. Riva	alry among strategic busin	ness units	
92. In addition to to competitors?	the four forces of the Five	e Forces Model, which of the	following influences rivalry among
a. Decrea	ased availability of inform	nation of competitors	
	ased consumption during	•	
c. Lack o	of differentiation between	products	
d. Lack o	of major differences in pri	icing strategies	
a. inside infb. databasesc. large adv	ionship marketing often in formation about competite is to track customer prefer vertising budgets aimed so sources of performance-re	ors that is not in the public dorences. olely at end-users.	omain.
a. It separate b. The mode c. It identifie d. It only app	del, which one of the follows the forces into internal all was later updated to include	owing statements is true? and external categories. lude the impact of the Interne controls as one of the five forcture their own products.	G
example of	planning. If a		aw materials to it, this would be an urses in ethics and business analysis to planning.
a.	Tactical, Strategic		
b.	Marketing, Operational		
c.	Strategic, Organization		
d.	Organizational, Tactica	al	
e.	Strategic, Tactical		
<u> </u>	Canticipating future event ectives is known as: a. retrospecting.	ts and conditions and determine	ning the best way to achieve

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- b. planning.
- c. archiving.
- d. correlating.
- 97. In marketing, the term product:
 - a. refers only to tangible items that can be seen, tasted, or touched.
 - b. refers to a broad concept encompassing the satisfaction of consumer needs.
 - c. limits itself to include goods alone.
 - d. excludes package design, brand name, or warranty from its purview.
- 98. Many companies use an approach called _____ to coordinate all promotional activities so that the consumer receives a unified and consistent message.
 - a. intra-organizational communications
 - b. internal marketing strategies
 - c. integrated marketing communications
 - d. corporate communications
- 99. A shoe manufacturer has multiple suppliers for leather. Based on this information, which of the following statements is true?
 - a. The suppliers have lesser bargaining than the buyer.
 - b. The barriers to market entry are high.
 - c. The rivalry among competitors is low.
 - d. The buyer has lesser bargaining power than the suppliers.
- 100. You are the project manager for this year's planning process for your firm. Unlike in the past, you intend to get input from a variety of stakeholders during the course of the planning process. You are doing this because:
 - a. This will ensure that the planning process will be completed faster than in previous years.
 - b. It will ensure that many ideas are considered and these stakeholders will become advocates for the final plan.
 - c. Your company's mission statement mandates that this approach be taken.
 - d. All stakeholders must approve the plan once it is finalized.
 - e. The plan will include responsibilities for all stakeholders.
- 101. The Original Penguin clothing brand which features a cute penguin with a tie wrapped around its neck has made a successful comeback to men's fashions since 2003. The brand is popular among young men and the company recently articulated its interest in generating a 10% increase in sales among college students in the United States for the next year. Which step in the marketing planning process best corresponds to the articulation of a 10% increase in sales?
 - a. determine organizational objectives
 - b. assess organizational resources and evaluate risks and opportunities
 - c. formulate strategy

- d. implement strategy through operational plans
- 102. Decisions about distribution strategy primarily involve challenges such as:
 - a. how to advertise the product.
 - b. how to position a product.
 - c. when to raise prices to cover costs.
 - d. which marketing channels to adopt.
- 103. You are the head of marketing for a technology company in Boston, and you are meeting with your company's CEO to discuss a new market opportunity that you believe offers significant profit potential for the firm. You are anxious to launch an initiative to establish the firm's presence in this new market as quickly as possible. However, your CEO is a bit more cautious about the potential in this market and would prefer that you take a more conservative approach to entering the market. In fact, your CEO would rather see what others do in the market before launching the firm's initiative.

In order to appease your CEO, which of the following strategies should you pursue?

- a. A target marketing strategy.
- b. A first mover strategy.
- c. A marketing research strategy.
- d. A product strategy.
- e. A second mover strategy.
- 104. Microsoft Windows generates considerable income for its parent company but is expensive to support. However, the expense is acceptable because Windows is the world's dominant operating system. Based on this information, Windows would be categorized under the BCG market share/market growth matrix as a:
 - a. star.
 - b. cash cow.
 - c. question mark.
 - d. dog.
- 105. With respect to the BCG matrix, which one of the following generates considerable income, but requires sizeable investments to underwrite further growth in the future?
 - a. Cash cows
 - b. Stars
 - c. Question marks
 - d. SBUs
 - e. Dogs
- 106. Heather is the director of human resources at a medium-sized firm and has spent significant time in workshops and working with her insurance suppliers to understand the Affordable Care Act and how it might impact the benefits that the company provides its employees. The Affordable Care Act is an example of a(n) factor that can impact organizations.

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	a.	political-legal		
	b.	competitive		
	c.	socio-cultural		
	d.	economic		
significant	inroads in s		such as Boston Beer Compa	e and Budweiser Platinum have faced any and Sierra Nevada Brewing
	a.	threat		
	b.	weakness		
	c.	strategic window		
	d.	opportunity		
a. reb. hac. sh d. no 109. Marketing a. Por org	as low mark nould be with eeds heavy in eters can relaplans. With other ter's Five Figanization to second move	o/no go" decision within et share of a high-growt hdrawn from the market nvestment to make it a sy on a full arsenal of too respect to these tools are orces Model is a model use in its marketing mixer strategy suggests that	th rate market. t or sold off as quickly as postar. ols and techniques to facilitate that identifies five competitions. the firm that is second to o	ossible. Interpretate the development of effective of the following statements is true? The pricing strategies for an offer a product or service will
	•	ng term winner in the m		Lancour in the control of
d. So	cial respons		influenced by the number of influence the strategies that	companies use to distinguish
		vindow refers to periods re in a given market.	of time where what a firm of	does well is a close fit to what the
		<u>-</u>	its product line. A completencing. This is best classified	e expansion would cost \$100 million, l as a(n):
	a.	constraint.		
	b.	opportunity.		
	c.	threat.		
	d.	instance of leverage.		
111. Accor	ding to the	BCG market share/mark	tet growth matrix, typ	pically require more cash than they

generate.

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a	cash cows		
b	. stars		
c	question marks		
d	achievers		
112. Which of the f	ollowing statements is indi-	cative of a second mover stra	ategy?
a. Entering no	ew markets with existing pr	oducts	
		rn old products into new one	
_		irst movers and then improv	-
d. Entering no	ew markets with new produ	cts before any other entrants	
113. Decisions rela	ing to the product strategy	primarily revolve around	
a. the promot	onal offers that would incre	ease the visibility of the prod	luct in the market
b. the features	of the products being relea	ased in the market	
c. the choice	of high/low or everyday lov	v pricing by the company	
d. the selectio	n of wholesalers and retaile	ers to transport the stock to the	ne market
114. Newsletters, ca narketing mix acti	=	ompany-sponsored events ar	re most closely associated with the
a.	product pricing.		
b.	product distribution.		
c.	product development.		
d.	product promotion.		
recessionary trends the firm to change	are being observed. This is ts pricing decisions. legal		it entered a new market where s of the marketing environment led
	political		
	environmental		
(l. economic		
116. In SWOT anal internal limitations	•	nizations are unable to capita	alize on opportunities because of
a.	strategic windows.		
b.	threats.		
c.	constraints.		
d.	leverages.		

117. The first step of the marketing planning process involves:

a. writing the mission statement.

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- b. establishing organizational objectives.
- c. formulating a marketing plan.
- d. hiring a senior planner.

118. According to the BCG market share/market growth matrix, the revenues earned from cash cows should be used to finance the growth of:

- a. question marks and dogs.
- b. dogs and stars.
- c. stars and question marks.
- d. question marks and cash cows.

119. The performance framework developed by the Boston Consulting Group (BCG) plots:

- a. market share against market growth potential.
- b. market attractiveness against number of product lines.
- c. current market conditions against past trends.
- d. performance in test markets before a full-scale rollout.

120. Every company, whether for-profit or not-for-profit, must plan. Otherwise, the company will find itself reacting to future events rather than proactively positioning itself to take advantage of future events.

Which of the following statements is false in regards to strategic planning?

- a. It includes the process of determining the organization's primary objectives.
- b. It is done after the company completes its tactical planning activities.
- c. It involves choosing actions that will facilitate the achievement of its primary objectives.
- d. It provides longer term guidance for the marketers and other decision makers in the firm.
- e. It establishes the company objectives that are used to develop the tactical plan.
- 121. You are the head of market strategies for a large media company, and you are responsible for leading the enterprise through its annual marketing planning process. Which one of the following statements is true about this process?
 - a. Your organization's objectives are the essential set of statements that outlines its purpose and differentiates it from other organizations.
 - b. Your organization's objectives specify the organization's goals and operational scope.
 - c. After your firm establishes its objectives, the next step in the marketing planning process is to develop the marketing strategy.
 - d. The last step in your marketing planning process should include an analysis of the risks and opportunities that you will face in striving to achieve your objectives.
 - e. Your organization's objectives should be specific in describing what achievements are intended and desired.
- 122. The strategic business unit (SBU) concept is best identified as a:
 - a. planning tool that separates tactical and operational issues for analysis.

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c. marketi	ng plannin	g tool that best suits	parate marketing costs from the needs of large, diversit hall enterprises producing a	fied organizations.
123. The basic	objectives o	or goals of an organi	zation are derived from its	:
a.	standard o	operating procedures		
b.	operationa	al plans.		
c.	supervisor	ry management strate	egy.	
d.	mission st	tatement.		
-	-	rly and semiannual p l be classified as	· ·	the general sales manager or
	a.	consumer		
	b.	tactical		
	c.	procedural		
	d.	operational		
		G market share/mark growth of other SBU		that produces strong cash flows which
	a.	dog.		
	b.	question mark.		
	c.	cash cow.		
	d.	laggard.		
		-	sal Studios and the highest This decision is the direct re	t executive who approved this esult of planning process at
	a.	tactical		
	b.	strategic		
	c.	operational		
	d.	technological		
customizing we	eddings to t	the wishes of the fam	nilies, taking charge of the	ng industry. The owners realized that responsibilities, and creating a day that Bell Weddings illustrates the value of
·	organiza	ational vulnerabilitie	S	
b.	_	mover strategy	-	
c.	operatin	-		
d.	-	o analysis		
<i>'</i>	ronnin			

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marketing environment. In particular, you are worried about potential new trade restrictions that could be imposed by other countries. Your concern primarily involves which dimension of the marketing environment?

- a. Economic.
- b. Social-cultural.
- c. Competitive.
- d. Political-legal.
- e. Technological.
- 129. A company can modify a strategy when its actual performance is not in line with expected results by:
 - a. redefining the firm's mission.
 - b. focusing exclusively on long-range strategic issues.
 - c. putting the marketing strategy into action and monitoring performance.
 - d. interpreting the mission, vision, and values of the company differently.
- 130. You are responsible for writing the statements of organizational goals to be included in the mission statement of your retail company. Choose the goal(s) that are not stated appropriately for this purpose.
 - a. Add 5 new stores each quarter of the next two years.
 - b. Create an aura of prestige.
 - c. Improve recycling by 10 percent within six months.
 - d. Reduce the costs of employee turnover by 5 percent within a year.
 - e. Add two new clothing designers to your list of vendors within a year.
- 131. Relationship marketing refers to a firm's effort to develop long-term, cost-effective links with individual customers and suppliers. Many companies:
 - a. have been reluctant to adopt such initiatives because there is no evidence of their effectiveness.
 - b. focus on relationship marketing as the sole purpose of their marketing research efforts.
 - c. include relationship-building goals and strategies in their larger plans for the organization.
 - d. believe that relationship marketing is just a fad and may not be sustainable or profitable in the long run.
- 132. Based on your understanding of Porter's Five Forces, you have identified potential new entrants as the key threat to your florist business. Choose the most accurate reason(s) for this situation.
 - a. The Internet has reduced barriers to entry.
 - b. The Internet has increased barriers to entry.
 - c. The number of flower suppliers has increased.
 - d. The quality of silk flowers has improved.
 - e. All of the above are accurate reasons.
- 133. Which of the following best represents a mission statement?
 - a. U.S. Army: Be all that you can be
 - b. Bass Pro Shop: To be the leading merchant of outdoor recreational products, inspiring people to love, enjoy, and conserve the great outdoors

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c. Kellogg's:	Breakfa	st cereals at a price ev	eryone can afford	
d. Walmart:	Stores b	ig enough to make sho	opping interesting for ever	ry family member
134. A good mark	eting pla	an revolves around an	efficient, flexible, and ad	aptable
a.	S	trategic plan		
b.	N	Marketing strategy		
c.	N	Marketing mix		
d.	N	Mission statement		
e.	S	SWOT Analysis		
135. Decisions inv	_	-	using, inventory control,	and order processing relate to the
	a.	pricing		
	b.	competitive		
	c.	product		
	d.	distribution		
136. The concept		refers		rs make sure their customers get the
a.		ct strategy		
b.		otion strategy		
c.		strategy		
d.	Distri	bution strategy		
e.	Custo	mer service strategy		
				or market shares. According to the a as seen in its poor prospects
	a.	star		
	b.	question mark		
	c.	cash cow		
	d.	dog		
138. The is market through th	_		r selecting a target marke	et and satisfying customers in that
a. (peration	nal plan		
b. r	narketin	g strategy		
c. r	elations	hip marketing approac	h	
d. s	short-ter	m plan		

139. A SWOT analysis is designed to reveal, among other things, a firm's core competencies, which reflect its:

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<u> </u>	a.	threats.			
	b.	strengths.			
	c. d.	opportunities. vulnerabilities.			

- 140. Core competencies are capabilities that customers value and competitors:
 - a. can easily copy.
 - b. tend to overestimate.
 - c. find difficult to duplicate.
 - d. undervalue.
- 141. Operational planning:
 - a. should be used to establish the fundamental strategies of the organization.
 - b. is used to determine departmental rules and procedures.
 - c. is the primary responsibility of the top management.
 - d. should be completed at the same time the total budget is prepared.
- 142. Business strategist Michael E. Porter identified five competitive forces that influence _____ in a model called Porter's Five Forces.
 - a. planning strategies
 - b. corporate social responsibility
 - c. consumer behavior
 - d. sustainable development
- 143. There are many roles played in the planning process for a typical company. Depending on the organizational level, the planning focus and the effort devoted will be different. Which of the following statements is true about planning within an organization?
 - a. In their role in the planning process, top management focuses on short-term operational objectives for the company.
 - b. Only top management spends time focused on strategic and operational planning activities for the organization.
 - c. Middle management employees spend more of their time focusing on planning than other levels of the organization.
 - d. Supervisors are tasked with developing specific programs and tactics for achieving the goals of their responsibility areas.
 - e. Middle managers are primarily focused on strategic planning considerations.
- 144. Justin is the marketing director for Tire Rack and is responsible for working with their advertising agency and identifying the messages and means for communicating with customers. Justin's job involves the _____ strategy of the marketing mix.
 - a. promotion
 - b. product

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c. communicat	ion	
d. distribution		
145. After working as an analyst in the n promoted to marketing team lead for the responsible for the following major fund	company's leisure products line. I	n your new role, you will be
Inventory controlOrder processingWarehousingLogistics		
Within the context of the marketing mix	, your responsibilities are primarily	y focused on
a. Product strategy		
b. Promotion strategy		
c. Retail strategy		
d. Distribution strategy		
e. Customer service str	ategy	
146. In the planning hierarchy, plans dea budget would be classified as plan a. weekly b. tactical	ns.	ives, long-term plans, and the total
c. operati	onal	
d. strategi	c	
147. One of General Electric's business of the revenues of this business unit are us potentials. How would this unit be classed a. Cash cow	ed to finance the growth of other b	ousiness units with higher growth
b. Star		
c. Question m	ark	
d. Dog		
148. A company's plans that focus largel middle level management are referred to	as plans.	tivities and are determined by its
a. strategi		
b. long-te		
c. operati		
d. tactical		

149. H&M stores have grown quickly and established a high share of the market by targeting women who like to wear the latest fashion trends and are price conscious. H&M determines their mix of product, pricing, Copyright Cengage Learning. Powered by Cognero.

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		<u> </u>	ch regarding consumer preferences and ting mix elements is known as the
·	marketing strategy		
b.	environmental plan		
c.	target market mix		
d.	competitive strategy		
150. The group of pas its marke	•	ects its marketing efforts and	l ultimately its merchandise is known
a	undifferentiated		
b	unsegmented		
c.	mass		
d	. target		
continues to invest	in its Mac & Cheese braz y that Kraft views Mac &		development as well as promotional ng the BCG matrix.
b	cash cow		
c	quotation mark		
Ć	l. dog		
sodium and no caff	-	- ·	yal following due to its low levels of e and low growth rate. TaB is a
a	. dog		
t	cash cow		
C	quotation mark		
Ċ	l. star		
four-quadrants: a. Strengths,	Weaknesses, Opportunit	es and Threats	ss units into which of the following
b. Oligopoly,	, Monopoly, Monopolisti	c Competition and Perfect Co	empetition

d. North, South, East and West

c. Micro, Small, Medium, and Large

e. Stars, Cash Cows, Question Marks and Dogs

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					nain, and you've learned that the marketing pleted. What do you need to do now?
	a.	Define the cha	ain's mission.		
	b.	Determine the	e chain's specific objecti	ves.	
	c.	Formulate a n	narketing strategy.		
	d.	Implement str	rategy.		
	e.	Assess organi	zational resources and o	opportunities.	
		omobile manu g statements	<u> </u>	on a single supplier for tir	es. Based on this information, which of
	a.	The barriers	to market entry are lo	W.	
	b.	The buyer ha	as greater bargaining p	oower.	
	c.	The threat of	new entrants is high.		
	d.	The supplier	has significant bargai	ining power.	
156. Th	e bas	sic elements o	of a marketing strategy	consist of	
	a.	Product and	promotion		
	b.	Strategic pla	anning and tactical pla	anning	
	c.	The custom	er and the exchange		
	d.	Strategic pla	anning and marketing	planning	
	e.	The target n	narket and the market	ing mix	
157. W	hich	of the followi	ng would qualify as a	n example of a firm's wea	kness?
a.	A bi	ill passed by t	he government regard	ling the work timings of al	l organizations
b.	A co	ompetitor plan	nning to open a new b	ranch close to the firm's p	lace of operations
c.	The	firm's failure	to pay its taxes on tin	ne leading to a poor reputa	ation in the market
d.	A ba	an imposed or	n the use of animals for	or testing cosmetics	
158. Th market		CG market sha	nre/market growth ma	trix classifies products with	h a low relative share of a high-growth
		a.	stars		
		b.	question marks		
		c.	cash cows		
		d.	dogs		
consun	ners t				t of the marketing mix to influence nt if a customer purchases multiple
		a.	price		
		b.	promotion		
		c.	product		

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	d. distributi	on	
to purchase non-bran purchasing luxury br high income consum	ded merchandise as tands that do not featuers have increased the	they are concerned with flaunting are the brands logo on the product eir wealth in the last several years	. This trend is related to the fact that
a.	social-cultur	al	
b.	technologica	ıl	
c.	political-lega	al	
d.	competitive		
respect to its impact?		he widespread use of the Internet.	Which of the following is true with
	has reduced barriers		
		aining power of end-users.	
	_	er awareness about the differences	amana aomnatitors
d. The internet	nas reduced consume	awareness about the differences	among competitors.
162. Strategic plannii makers.	ng has a critical impa	ect on a firm's destiny because it p	rovides to its decision
a.	customer input		
b.	individual goals		
c.	departmental goa	ls	
d.	long-term direction	on	
-	the BCG market sharrowth represents the:	<u> </u>	esents both a high market share and a
	a. cash cov	VS.	
	b. innovato	ors.	
	c. stars.		
	d. strivers.		
team recently engage	ed in to det		in the United States. Jamal and his jectives over the next three years and jectives.
a.	strategic planning		
b.	tactical planning		
c.	operations planning	ng	
d.	near-term plannin	g	

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decisions involving customer closely associated with the _	ed the marketing manager for Spark Clean r service, package design, brand names, as dimension of the marketing planning	nd warranties. In this scenario, Jenny is
a. product stra		
	aluation and pricing	
_	nd distribution	
d. target mark	tet	
166. Which of the following	best describes the activity of promotion?	
•	ucts available to meet consumer demand	
-	ent location to sell the products in	
_	h level of regulation in production	
	etween buyers and sellers	
Porter's Five Forces model, s a. reduce the threa b. decrease the riva	t of new entrants. alry among competitors.	entives to loyal buyers. Considering
	gaining power of the supplier.	
d. increase the thre	eat of substitute products.	
168. A certain social network This is an example of the firr	ting corporation has the highest number om's:	f users in the social networking industry.
a.	opportunity.	
b.	constraint.	
c.	strength.	
d.	threat.	
169. In terms of the BCG Ma	strix, which of the following SBUs are charge?	aracterized by earning only low market

a. Starsb. Question marks

c. Dogs

d. Cash cows

170. As chief executive of Stalwart Shipfitting Company, a diversified producer of marine supplies and equipment, John needs a method for spotting promising product lines that warrant commitment of additional resources, as well as those that should be removed from the firm's product portfolio. A good choice for this firm at this stage would be to use:

- a. computer models.
- b. strategic business units.
- c. a marketing audit.

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d. an industry analysis.

171. DK Motors' difficulty in competing with other car makers due to its lack of responsiveness to changing consumer preferences constitutes a:

- a. strategic window.
- b. leveraged situation.
- c. threat from the environment.
- d. constraint on its activity.
- 172. Which of the following statements is true of tactical planning?
 - a. It is conducted exclusively by the supervisory personnel.
 - b. It is used to generate weekly plans, unit budgets, departmental rules and procedures.
 - c. It is designed to determine annual budgets and long-range strategic goals.
 - d. It is performed to substitute the strategic planning process in large organizations.
- 173. You are about to launch a digital advertising startup. Your former marketing professor warns you to get the first element in the marketing strategy right -- because otherwise, your new company is doomed to failure. Which is this essential element?
 - a. Target market
 - b. Promotion
 - c. Price
 - d. Distribution
 - e. Product

174. Jose is the social media manager for a children's museum and is making decisions about the best mix of social media tools to utilize in order to achieve the objective of increasing the number of family memberships by 10% during the year. Jose likes to use Twitter, Instagram, Facebook and Pinterest to reach the museum's desired target market but he spends most of his time developing the appropriate content and determining the frequency of posts. Which term best describes Jose's activity related to determining the use of social media?

- a. tactical planning
- b. media scheduling
- c. strategic planning
- d. operations planning

175. Jose is part of a team that is analyzing current demographic trends. The team will make a recommendation concerning the groups of consumers toward whom the firm should direct its new marketing effort. Jose's team is involved in which of the following elements of the firm's marketing strategy?

- a. Target market
- b. Distribution
- c. Product
- d. Promotion

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		nc., a small grocery s planning process wo		on its tactical plans. The personnel most
a. to	op management, s	uch as the owner.		
b. m	niddle managemei	nt, such as the merch	andising and advertising	managers.
c. st	tore managers.			
d. sı	upervisory manag	ement, such as shift	managers and night audit	ors.
	marketing mix dec s strategy.	eisions which are clo	sely regulated and subject	t to public scrutiny usually relate to a
1 3	a.	short-term		
	b.	resource		
	c.	distribution		
	d.	pricing		
178. Mark	eting planning es	tablishes the:		
		ovided by the firm's	strategy.	
b.	economic impac	et of additional sales.		
c.	daily and weekl	y schedules for indiv	idual employees.	
d.	basis for any ma	arketing strategy.		
179. Matc	hing an internal st	rength with an exter	nal opportunity produces	a situation known as:
	a.	leverage.		
	b.	constraint.		
	c.	vulnerability.		
	d.	plateau.		
	erful video game	_	<u> </u>	he innovations of Nintendo Co., the et share of Nintendo eventually. This
•	a. followed a f	irst-mover strategy.		
	b. created a ne	w product indigenou	sly.	
	c. remained ur	influenced by Ninte	ndo.	
	d. applied a se	cond-mover strategy		
			re goods after determining planning process at	g apparel production to be its new ADA Inc.
	a.	tactical		
	b.	research		
	c.	strategic		
	d.	economic		

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for a foreign market and consumers. She is also ta	wants to ensure that the promotional camp king special care to see that the campaign one. In this scenario, Carmen is specifically	
a.	social-cultural	
b.	political-legal	
c.	competitive	
d.	economic	
team's progress in meetin manager collaborate with plans. What type of plan a. op b. str c. tac	their individual sales representatives to dening is Jamie and her sales managers engagerational planning ategic planning stical planning	ny objectives. Jamie requires that each sales evelop weekly call schedules and account
d. CO	nstructive planning	
	ers to the theory that in any industry, the the of the competitive market.	hree strongest competitors dominate between
percent	60 and 80	
b.	20 and 80	
c.	70 and 90	
d.	60 and 90	
e.	50 and 95	
automobiles that run on s a. switched o b. recognized c. applied a s	hike affected the expenses of users of Carolar energy. The introduction of such autover to less sustainable fuels. It its competitive constraints. He cond-mover advantage. He set of a strategic window.	
186. An example of a thre	eat to a firm discovered by a SWOT analys	sis might be:
_	cost advantages due to advanced technological	_
b. the chance to a	equire firms with the needed technology.	
c. the entry of new	w competitors in the industry.	
d. the narrow pro-	duct line produced by the firm.	
187. The rule of three stat	es that the three leading firms in an indust	try will control percent of the market.

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- a. less than 25
- b. less than 50
- c. between 70 and 90
- d. 100
- 188. A bill passed by the government stipulates the mandatory use of revised engine mapping and particulate filters in the automobile industry. Which of the following factors of the marketing environment has affected the automobile industry in this scenario?
 - a. competitive
 - b. political-legal
 - c. economic
 - d. social-cultural
- 189. Product lines, pricing decisions, selection of appropriate distribution channels, and decisions relating to promotional campaigns are .
 - a. fixed and unchanging
 - b. independent of the impact of external factors
 - c. dynamic in today's boundaryless business environment
 - d. determined from a purely retrospective viewpoint
- 190. All planning strategies have the goal of creating:
 - a. sustainable competitive advantage.
 - b. undifferentiated markets.
 - c. a market with no distinct segments.
 - d. barriers to market entry.

Indicate one or more answer choices that best complete the statement or answer the question.

- 191. When you open an organic food store, you intend to follow a second mover strategy. Choose the benefit(s) of this approach.
 - a. You can observe and avoid the mistakes of Whole Foods and other innovative retailers.
 - b. You can be the first to enter this market.
 - c. You may be able to improve upon the innovations of first movers.
 - d. You can promote this strategy in your advertising.
 - e. Second movers can charge less than first movers.
- 192. You are explaining the elements of your bookstore's marketing strategy to a summer intern. Which of the following do you include?
 - a. A target market of adults 18-62
 - b. A wide array of bestselling fiction and nonfiction titles
 - c. Prices competitive with online sellers
 - d. Low employee turnover

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ϵ	e. Advertising in loc	al newspapers		
		ocessed-food firm, t	here are SBUs for fruits, vego	etables, dairy products, and baked goods.
Each SB	U has its own: a.	Managers		
	ь. b.	Resources		
	c.	Objectives		
	d.	Competitors		
	e.	Portfolios		
purpose. a. b. c.	Now you must turn to Develop a five-year	tactical planning. We funding allocation purposes in local newspourite press releases	Thich of the following tasks stan. apers for the next six months.	·
a. b. c.	ach definition to the planning marketing planning strategic planning	ng	m.	
d.	tactical planning			
e. c	cash cows			
f.	first mover strateg	gy		
g. L	SWOT analysis			
h. :	strategic window			
i. i	marketing mix product strategy			
k.	strategic business	unite		
k. I	Porter's Five Ford			
m.	marketing strateg			
n.	dogs	y		
0.	stars			
p.	annual growth rat	<u>a</u>		
ρ.	aiiiluai giowiii iai	C		
	is the process of a tional objectives.	anticipating future	events and conditions and	determining the best way to achieve
196 The	process invo	lves implementing	planning activities devoted	d to achieving marketing objectives.

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197. The process of determining an achieve these objectives is known a		nd adopting courses of action that will
198. Strategic planning is complement the strategic plan.	ented by which guides the imp	plementation of activities specified in
199. A is the overall, compar consumers in that market through the		cular target market and then satisfying
200. The is the blending of the market.	ne four strategy elements to fit the ne	eds and preferences of a specific target
201 identifies five competiti	ve forces that influence planning stra	ategies.
	empts to capture the greatest market o enter the market with a good or ser	
203 is a review that helps ple external opportunities and threats.	anners compare internal organization	al strengths and weaknesses with
204. Limited periods during which organization best fit together are ca	the key requirements of a market and lled the	the resources and skills of an
205 primarily involves decis	sions concerning the goods and service	ces to be offered by a firm.
206 are key business units w	vithin diversified firms.	
207 represent units with high	h market shares in high-growth mark	ets.
208. In the BCG matrix, the position	n of an SBU along the vertical axis in	ndicates the of the market.
209 command high market	shares in low-growth markets.	
210. SBUs in the category ofbusinesses or product lines as quick		marketers should withdraw from these
211. What is a marketing strategy?	Explain the process of implementing	the marketing strategy into action.
212. What is a strategic window? G	ive an example of a strategic window	v that exists today.
213. Describe the aspects of strategic	ic and tactical planning.	
214. What is a marketing mix? In or marketing mix?	rder for a product to succeed, what ca	an be said about the variables in the

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- 215. Explain the forces that influence the rivalry among competitors in Porter's Five Forces Model.
- 216. Describe the market share/market growth matrix.
- 217. Distinguish between an organization's mission and its objectives. Provide an example of each.
- 218. Describe the basic elements of a marketing strategy.
- 219. Define SWOT analysis and explain its importance.
- 220. Define marketing planning.
- 221. Describe the strategic business unit concept.
- 222. Describe the structure and dynamics of Porter's Five Forces model. How has the Internet affected the operation of this model?
- 223. Discuss pricing strategy in the marketing mix and its relevance in the changing economy.
- 224. What does a distribution strategy involve? Define two marketing channels.
- 225. How does planning differ at various levels of organizational management?
- 226. Explain the difference between a first-mover and a second-mover strategy. Give examples of companies that have followed each strategy.
- 227. List the environmental characteristics that influence strategic decisions. What is the "rule of three?" Provide an example of this phenomenon.
- 228. Define and explain the term "planning" in the context of marketing.

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Answer Key

- 1. True
- 2. True
- 3. True
- 4. False
- 5. True
- 6. True
- 7. False
- 8. True
- 9. False
- 10. False
- 11. True
- 12. True
- 13. True
- 14. False
- 15. False
- 16. False
- 17. True
- 18. True
- 19. True
- 20. False
- 21. True
- 22. False
- 23. True
- 24. False

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25. False		
26. False		
27. False		
28. False		
29. False		
30. True		
31. False		
32. True		
33. True		
34. False		
35. True		
36. True		
37. True		
38. True		
39. True		
40. True		
41. False		
42. False		
43. True		
44. False		
45. False		
46. False		
47. True		

48. True

49. False

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- 50. True
- 51. False
- 52. True
- 53. False
- 54. False
- 55. True
- 56. True
- 57. True
- 58. True
- 59. True
- 60. True
- 61. False
- 62. False
- 63. True
- 64. True
- 65. True
- 66. False
- 67. True
- 68. False
- 69. True
- 70. False
- 71. a
- 72. d
- 73. b
- 74. c

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- 75. a
- 76. d
- 77. c
- 78. a
- 79. a
- 80. c
- 81. c
- 82. c
- 83. a
- 84. c
- 85. c
- 86. a
- 87. a
- 88. b
- 89. d
- 90. b
- 91. a
- 92. c
- 93. b
- 94. b
- 95. e
- 96. b
- 97. b
- 98. c
- 99. a

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- 100. b
- 101. a
- 102. d
- 103. e
- 104. a
- 105. b
- 106. a
- 107. a
- 108. c
- 109. e
- 110. a
- 111. c
- 112. c
- 113. b
- 114. d
- 115. d
- 116. c
- 117. a
- 118. c
- 119. a
- 120. b
- 121. e
- 122. c
- 123. d
- 124. b

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- 125. с
- 126. b
- 127. b
- 128. d
- 129. c
- 130. b
- 131. c
- 132. a
- 133. b
- 134. b
- 135. d
- $136.\,\mathrm{d}$
- 137. d
- 138. b
- 139. b
- 140. с
- 141. b
- 142. a
- 143. d
- 144. a
- 145. d
- 146. d
- 147. a
- 148. d
- 149. a

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- 150. d
- 151. a
- 152. a
- 153. e
- 154. e
- 155. d
- 156. e
- 157. c
- 158. b
- 159. a
- 160. a
- 161. b
- $162.\ \mathsf{d}$
- 163. c
- 164. a
- 165. a
- 166. d
- 167. a
- 168. c
- 169. c
- 170. b
- 171. d
- 172. c
- 173. a
- 174. a

- 175. a
- 176. b
- 177. d
- 178. d
- 179. a
- $180.\;\mathrm{d}$
- 181. c
- 182. a
- 183. a
- 184. c
- $185.\,\mathrm{d}$
- 186. c
- 187. c
- 188. b
- 189. c
- 190. a
- 191. a, c
- 192. a, b, c, e
- 193. a, b, c, d
- 194. b, c, d
- 195. a
- 196. b
- 197. с
- 198. d
- 199. m

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211. A marketing strategy is an overall, companywide program for selecting a particular target market and then satisfying consumers in that market through a careful blending of the elements of the marketing mix—product, distribution, promotion, and price—each of which is a component of the overall marketing strategy. In the two final steps of the planning process, marketers put the marketing strategy into action; then they monitor performance to ensure that objectives are achieved. Sometimes strategies need to be modified if the product's or company's actual performance is not in line with expected results.

212. A strategic window is a limited period during which the key requirements of a market and the particular competencies of a firm best fit together.

The growth of China has increased the number of strategic windows as their demand for products increases. The auto industry, in particular, is facing a strategic window as the demand for automobiles rises in the Chinese market.

213. Strategic planning is the process of determining an organization's primary objectives and adopting courses of action that will achieve these objectives.

Strategic planning has a critical impact on the organization's destiny because it provides long-term direction for its decision makers.

Tactical planning guides the implementation of activities specified in the strategic plan.

Tactical plans are usually shorter in duration than strategic plans and focus on current and near-future activities that a firm must complete to implement the larger strategies.

214. The marketing mix variables - product, distribution, promotion, and price - are combined to satisfy the needs of the target market. Product is a broad concept encompassing goods, services and ideas, but also including the satisfaction of all consumer needs with respect to the relevant good, service, or idea. Distribution refers to getting products to consumers in the right quantities, at the right place, and at the right times.

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Promotion refers to the communications that link buyers and sellers. Pricing deals with the means of setting justifiable and profitable prices.

Successful products have a marketing mix where all variables are on target. Great pricing, product, and promotion mean nothing if the customer cannot find the product. Lack of promotion could leave a great product gathering dust on retail shelves.

- 215. The four forces of Porter Five Forces Model including potential new entrants, bargaining power of buyers, bargaining power of suppliers, and threat of substitute products influence the rivalry among competitors. In addition, issues such as cost and differentiation or lack of differentiation of products—along with the Internet—influence the strategies that companies use to stand out from their competitors. With increased availability of information, which tends to level the playing field, rivalry heats up among competitors who try to differentiate themselves from the crowd.
- 216. The market share/market growth matrix places business units in a four-quadrant chart that plots market share the percentage of the market the firm controls against market growth potential.

Stars are units with high market shares and high growth potential. The firm should invest more funds for future growth.

Cash cows are units with high market shares but low growth potential. They generate strong cash flows that should be used to finance the growth of stars.

Question marks are units with low market shares but high growth potential. The firm needs to watch these units carefully, making prudent investment decisions. These units typically use more cash than they generate. Dogs are units with low market shares and low growth potential. These units are least attractive and the firm should consider withdrawal.

217. An organization's mission is its essential purpose that differentiates it from other organizations. An example of a mission statement is: "To be regarded as the quality and market leader of the hotel industry worldwide."

Objectives are organizational goals and guide the development of supporting marketing objectives and plans. Well-conceived objectives should state relatively specific intentions. An example of an objective is: "attain a 20 percent share of the market by 2018."

- 218. Success for a product in the marketplace—whether it is a tangible good, a service, a cause, a person, a place, or an organization—depends on an effective marketing strategy. An effective marketing strategy reaches the right buyers at the right time, persuades them to try the product, and develops a strong relationship with them over time. The basic elements of a marketing strategy consist of (1) the target market and (2) the marketing mix variables of product, distribution, promotion, and price that combine to satisfy the needs of the target market.
- 219. SWOT analysis is an important strategic planning tool that assists planners in their planning task.
 - SWOT stands for strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and threats. The analysis provides managers with
- a) a critical view of an organization's internal and external environment and helps them evaluate the firm's fulfillment of its basic mission.
- b) The analysis allows planners to match the firm's internal strengths with external opportunities to secure organizational leverage in the marketplace.
- c) It further assists the firm in recognizing internal weaknesses that might prevent capitalizing on opportunities, which would constrain its activities.
- d) SWOT analysis aids in the identification of environmental threats to the firm's strengths that could lead to Copyright Cengage Learning. Powered by Cognero.

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vulnerabilities.

- e) Finally, SWOT analysis helps spot internal weaknesses that environmental threats might attack, which would present the firm with problems.
- 220. Marketing planning is the process of implementing planning activities devoted to achieving the marketing objectives. It establishes the basis for a marketing strategy. Product lines, pricing decisions, selection of appropriate distribution channels, and decisions relating to promotional campaigns all depend on plans formulated within the marketing organization.
- 221. Strategic business units (SBUs) are key business units within diversified firms. Each SBU has its own managers, resources, objectives, and competitors. A division, product line, or single product may define the boundaries of an SBU. Each SBU pursues its own distinct mission and often develops its own plans independently of other units in the organization. Strategic business units, also called categories, focus the attention of company managers so that they can respond effectively to changing consumer demand within limited markets. Companies may have to redefine their SBUs as market conditions dictate.
- 222. Michael E. Porter identified five competitive forces that influence planning strategies in a model called Porter's Five Forces. They are potential new entrants, the bargaining power of buyers, the bargaining power of suppliers, threat of substitute products, and rivalry among competitors. The first four forces influence the fifth force.

Potential new entrants are sometimes blocked by the cost or difficulty of entering a market. The Internet has reduced the barriers to market entry in many industries. If customers have considerable bargaining power, they can greatly influence a firm's strategy. The Internet can increase a customer's buying power by providing information that might not otherwise be easily accessible. The number of suppliers available to a manufacturer or retailer affects their bargaining power. If customers have the opportunity to replace a company's products with goods or services from a competing firm or industry, the company's marketers may have to find a new market, change prices, or compete in other ways to maintain an advantage. The four previous forces influence the rivalry among competitors. In addition, issues such as cost and differentiation or lack of differentiation of products—along with the Internet—influence the strategies that companies use to stand out from their competitors. With increased availability of information, which tends to level the playing field, rivalry heats up among competitors, who try to differentiate themselves from the crowd.

The Internet has increased the speed and availability of information that the customers, suppliers, and competitors can use to make decisions. This leads to leveling of the competitive playing field which, in turn, increases the marketing challenge to stand out from the pack of competitors.

223. Pricing strategy deals with the methods of setting profitable and justifiable prices. It is closely regulated and subject to considerable public scrutiny. One of the many factors that influence a marketer's pricing strategy is competition.

A good pricing strategy should create value for customers, building and strengthening their relationship with a firm and its products. But sometimes conditions in the external marketing environment cause difficulties in pricing strategies. Political unrest overseas, the soaring price of fuel, or a freeze that destroys crops could all affect the price of goods and services.

If the economy is booming, consumers generally have more confidence and are willing to shop more often and pay more for discretionary goods. But when the economy takes a downturn, consumers look for bargains—they want high quality at low prices. It is a challenge for marketers to strike the right balance in order to make enough profits to survive and grow.

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224. Marketers develop distribution strategies to ensure that consumers find their products in the proper quantities at the right times and places. Distribution decisions involve modes of transportation, warehousing, inventory control, order processing, and selection of marketing channels. Marketing channels are intermediaries that may be involved in a product's movement from the producer to the final consumers. Technology continually opens new channels of distribution in many industries. The Internet has caused the biggest revolution in distribution since the mail-order catalog.

Two important types of marketing channels are wholesalers and retailers.

- 225. a) Top managers spend greater proportions of their time engaged in strategic planning than managers at middle and supervisory levels.
- b) Middle-level managers tend to focus on operational planning, which involves creating and implementing tactical plans for their own departments.
- c) Supervisory personnel engage in developing daily and weekly programs for meeting the goals in their areas of responsibility.
- 226. The first-mover strategy is based on the notion that the company who is first to offer a product in the marketplace will capture the greatest market share and be the long-term winner. Being the first can also refer to entering new markets with existing products or creating significant innovations that effectively turn an old product into a new one. An example of a successful first mover is eBay. The second-mover strategy, on the other hand, is based on the notion that the best way to gain advantage in the marketplace is to closely observe the innovations of first movers and then improve on them. Microsoft is famous for adopting a second-mover strategy.
- 227. Marketers do not make decisions about target markets and marketing mix variables in a vacuum. They must take into account the dynamic nature of the five dimensions of the marketing environment, i.e., competitive, political-legal, economic, technological, and social-cultural factors. In the competitive environment, some experts have coined the phrase "rule of three," meaning that in any industry, the three strongest, most efficient companies dominate between 70 and 90 percent of the competitive market. For example, the pharmaceutical industry is dominated by Merck, Pfizer, and Bristol-Myers Squibb.
- 228. Planning is the process of anticipating future events and conditions and determining the best way to achieve organizational objectives. Planning is a continuous process that includes identifying objectives and then determining the actions through which a firm can attain those objectives. The planning process creates a blueprint for marketers, executives, production staff, and everyone else in the organization to follow for achieving organizational objectives. It also defines checkpoints so that people within the organization can compare actual performance with expectations to indicate whether current activities are moving the organization toward its objectives. Before marketing planning begins, an organization must define its objectives.