https://selldocx.com/products/test-bank-employment-and-labor-law-9e-cihon Class Name e: Chapter 02: Employment Contracts and Wrongful Discharge True / False 1. Common law deals with issues of wrongful discharge. b. False ANSWER: True 2. If the statute itself provides the employee with a cause of action, the courts are reluctant to recognize an alternative remedy in the form of a lawsuit for wrongful discharge. a. False b. ANSWER: True 3. Employees cannot be terminated under the public policy exception. a. True b. False False ANSWER: 4. Pennsylvania Human Relations Act provides that a person fired on the basis of gender or race discretion has to initially seek redress from the commission created under the Act and not with the court. True a. b. False ANSWER: True 5. A tort is a private or civil wrong or injury that can be caused either intentionally or negligently. True b. False ANSWER: True 6. The National Labor Relations Act (NLRA) forbids firing employees for engaging in protected concerted activities. True a. b. False ANSWER: True 7. An implied contract is a contract which is made either verbally or in writing. a. True

ANSWER: False

False

False

8. Public Policy Exception is not a commonly adopted exception to the pure employment-at-will rule. True

b.

a.

b.

ANSWER:

9. Section 10 of the Model Employment Termination Act forbids retaliation against employees who make claims or who Copyright Cengage Learning. Powered by Cognero. Page 1

False

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testify under the proce	edural provisions of t	ne META.	
	a.	True	
	b .	False	
ANSWER:			True
10. The Sarbanes-Oxlo	ey Act amended the l	Employee Retirement Income Secu	rity Act (ERISA).
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
•	•	SHA), does not offer protection to nployer retaliation, such as employ	
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
12. A whistleblower is entity.	s an employee who re	eports his or her employer's illegal	activities to the appropriate governmental
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
13. Section 3(a) of the employee without goo		Termination Act states "an employ	ver may terminate the employment of an
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
		ct is criminal provision, which used ing to commission of any federal o	
	a.	True	
	b .	False	
ANSWER:			True
15. Individuals found	guilty under SOX's o	criminal provision can be imprisone	d up to 15 years.
	a.	True	
	b .	False	
ANSWER:			False
Multiple Choice			
16. The law that is cre		_	e equity, justice and conscious is called:
	a. common		
	b. codified		
1	c. statutory	law.	

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		d.	ordinance.			
ANSWER:					a	
17 The freed	lom of er	nnlovees	to quit the employm	ent relationship is an impor	tant iccue underlying:	
a.			tract doctrine.		ant issue underlying.	
b.	_		t-at-will doctrine.			
c.			employee doctrine.			
d.		•	ne of an implied emp	olovment.		
ANSWER:	me reg	ar dovari	ne or un impriou emp	10)11101111	b	
18. An emploreason. This i		etrine of: self e empl	employed. oyment-at-will.	than a year can be fired by t	he employer for any reason or for no	
	c.		ractual employed.			
(Martine)	d.	whist	tleblowers.			
ANSWER:					b	
19. Courts are in the form of		it for: wil neg	Iful misconduct. gligence. ongful discharge.	remedy if the statute itself p	provides an employee with a cause of ac	tion
ANSWER.					C	
		t or fulfi court of admin public	lling that legal duty of	le, where the employer canrereated by a statute, is called	not fire an employee from employment l:	for
ANSWER:	u.	Statuto	лу схеерион.		c	
	er the Pe	nnsylvan	nia:	-	imination, then State law remedy is	
a.		-	Discrimination Act.			
b.			tions Act.			
c.		or Relation				
d.	Gen	der and F	Race Discrimination	Act.		
ANSWER:					b	
22. A private	or civil a.	_	injury caused by one	e party to another, either int	entionally or negligently is a(n):	

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	b.	criminal act.		
	c.	tort.		
	d.	act of god.		
ANSWER:		-		c
23. Some e coverage of		nave express contracts of negotiated for them b	employment, usually for a definite y their union.	e duration. Others fall within the
	a. coll	ective bargaining agreen	nent	
	b. emp	ployment bargaining agre	eement	
	c. coo	perative bargaining agre-	ement	
	d. neg	otiable agreement		
ANSWER:				a
24. Contrac	a. b. c.	implied contract. void contract. express contract.	policies and the behavior of the part	ties are known as:
ANGWED	d.	voidable contract	•	
ANSWER:				a
employmer a. ar b. ar c. ar	nt and states n employer n employer n employer	s that: may not terminate employme can terminate employme cannot terminate an emp	emination Act (META) protects emorphism of an employee without govern of an employee with perverse reployee without government consentable apployee from work without court of	eason.
ANSWER:	i employer	may not terminate an en	iployee from work without court of	
		Jniform Employment Tem misdemeanors.	rmination Act deals with protection	a of employees from:
	a. b.	wrongful discharge		
	о. с.	government order.	•	
	d.	court order.		
ANSWER:	u.	court order.		b
27. An emp		makes complaints again	st his or her employer pertaining to	o fraud and corruption is protected under
•		pational Discrimination	Act.	
		el Employment Termina		
		anes-Oxley Act.		
		e Act.		
ANSWER:				c

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	a.	the Equa	al wage Act.		
	b.	the Civil	l Procedure Act.		
	c.	the Gene	der Discrimination Act.	,	
	d.	the Occi	upational Safety and He	ealth Act.	
ANSWE	CR:				d
29. Whi	ich Act	was passe	ed by Congress on July	30, 2002 and signed by the president	dent for the protection of whistleblowers?
	a.	-	nes-Oxley Act		•
	b.	Nation	al Labor Relation Boar	rd	
	c.	Occupa	ational Safety and Heal	th Act	
	d.	Wage .	Act		
ANSWE	CR:				a
30. An <i>a</i> provisio		ich makes	it illegal to fire an emp	ployee in retaliation for filing a sa	afety complaint is covered under the
	a.	Title V	'II of Civil Rights Act.		
	b.	Nation	al Labor Relations Act.		
	c.	Occupa	ational Safety and Heal	th Act.	
	d.	Public	Policy Exception.		
ANSWE	CR:				c
31. Emp	oloyees	of public	companies are protecte	ed from retaliation for engaging in	n certain whistleblowing activities under:
	a.	the Occi	upational Safety and He	ealth Act.	
	b.	the Wor	kers' Compensation Ac	et.	
	c.	the Natio	onal Labor Relations A	ct.	
	d.	the Sarb	anes-Oxley Act.		
ANSWE	CR:				d
32. Mar retaliati		ral and sta	te statutes seek to prote	ect whistleblowers from the emplo	oyer's retaliation by declaring such
		a.	illegal acts.		
		b.	defenses.		
		c.	legal rights.		
		d.	improper conduct.		
ANSWE	CR:				a
for refus	sing to	sell what lox v. Board	he insisted to managem d of School Directors of	ent was an unsafe product? f Susquenita School District	it brought by a salesman who was fired
ł		•	ted State Steel Corpora	tion	
(c. Ası	nus v. Pac	ific Bell		

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ANSWER:

d. Marcus v. KFG Employment Services, Inc.

b

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34. An express	s contract is a	contract in which:		
_	e terms are exp			
b. the	e terms are ger	nerally written, but son	netimes only verbal.	
c. are	e expressed in	great detail.	·	
d. Al	l of these answ	vers.		
ANSWER:				d
female worker employees. Where terminates a.	s were compar hen Kelly brou ed without goo Sarbanes-C	rable, the remuneration aght this to the attention d cause. Under which oxley Act	paid to male workers was s	nd duties performed by both male and ignificantly higher compared to the female jected to the difference in pay, her services rmination?
b.		abor Relation Board		
c.	•	nal Safety and Health A		
d.	Model Emp	ployment Termination	Act	
ANSWER:				d
factory, but du employees wer	e to the econore fired and no a. implie b. good f	mic downturn she deci explanation was provid d contract. aith and fair dealing. yment-at-will.	ded to let go of the new hire	ck she hired 20 employees to work in his es in order to save her business. All 20 relegal and covered by the doctrine of:
ANSWER:				c
belonged to the	e employee be	nefit plan and several	clients. Robert, his corporate	rly misappropriated company funds that e secretary was aware of his superior's nat is Robert's role in the above scenario?
ANSWER:		o utworker		ь
HIDHER.				U
selected by the the entire dura terminated. In	court to perfo tion. Upon his this scenario F	orm jury duty on a case return, he discovered to Robert can challenge hi	. The case went on for sever that his team member had re	h a local architectural firm. He was ral days and caused Robert to miss work for eplaced him and his services were abruptly
a. 1.	•	e policy exception.		
b.				
C.		nal Labor Relation Act	- .•	
d	thellS	Onstitution		

ANSWER:

a

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a pay rate of 120 hours in	\$20 per ho total, she	our. Krista's duties cons was paid only for part of	isted of driving trucks and making d	thad hired Krista as a staff assistant at eliveries. Although Krista worked for the terms and conditions agreed in the
	a.	breach of trust.	-	
	b.	breach of contract.		
	c.	gender discrimination		
	d.	wrongful discharge.		
ANSWER:				b
was known a	as the star pes, and she in this sce employee	performer on her team. I was one of the employed	Oue to the economic recession the costs who was asked to leave without be under Section 3(a) of META which y reason.	
c.		can be terminated in fir	-	
d.		may not be terminated		
ANSWER:	1 3	,	8	b
		_	inated from his job without wages a META his claim is subject to:	nd benefits for a period of three
	c.	Employer.		
	d.	Arbitration.		
ANSWER:				d
of its factori agencies reg scenario, Ac a. Pen b. Sec c. OS	es. He raise garding the lam is prote insylvania l tion 203 ar HA and Tit	ed objection against the illegal activities. The enected under: Human Relation Act whad Section 806 of the Sa	employer's practices and provided in ployer retaliated against Adam by the ich prohibits employee retaliation. rbanes-Oxley Act for illegal strikes. ployees who blow the whistle on illegal	erminating his employment. In this
ANSWER:				c
	services hi a. a b. a c. a	s company would provide an implied contract. an express contract. a specification of contract	de in exchange for a fixed monthly r	ract with Carter Telecon. The contract ate. This is an example of:
	d. a	a breach of contract.		
ANSWER:				Ь

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debris to coll	ect in B		unately her son was highly allergic	ng his house, which caused dust and to these particulates and fell grievously
	ь. b.	the Labor Act.	•	
	c.	tort laws.		
	d.	breach of trust.		
ANSWER:	u.	oreach of trust.		c
with his white Lionel conter	e male on the	co-worker, Tom. Followin	g this, Lionel was fired from his jo his race. In this scenario, Lionel is	ment factory. He had a public fallout by while Tom was let off with a warning most likely to file his case under:
a. b.		laws.	ct.	
		Labor Act.		
c. d.		Labot Act. Pennsylvania Human Rela	tions A at	
ANSWER:	uic	r emisyrvama muman Reia	mons Act.	d
46. Unions pi	rovide e	employees:		
io. Omons pi	a.	increased bargaining pow	/er.	
	b.	decreased bargaining pov		
	c.	a pay raise.		
	d.	None of these answers.		
ANSWER:	.	Trone of these answers.		a
47. The Sarba	anes Ox	aley Act (SOX) was passed	l in the wake of	
a.		nber 11, 2001.		
b.	Mende	oza v. Western Medical Ce	enter Santa Ana.	
c.	the En	aron and Worldcom scanda	als.	
d.	None	of these answers.		
ANSWER:				c
48. Advocate	s of em	ployment-at-will point ou	t that:	
a. empl	oyees c	an use bargaining power t	o attempt to demand an employmen	nt contract covering a specific term.
b. the en	mploye	e is free to sever employm	ent at any time.	
c. Both	of thes	e answers.		
d. None	of thes	se answers.		
ANSWER:				c
49. A tort is:				
a. an ag	reemen	t that both an employee ar	nd an employer are free to terminate	e the relationship at any time and for

any legally permissible reason.

b. an employee who reports employer wrongdoing.

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- c. a private or civil wrong or injury, caused either intentionally or negligently.
- d. None of these answers.

ANSWER:

- 50. SOX protects employees of:
 - a. private companies.
 - b. publically traded companies.
 - c. Both of these answers.
 - d. None of these answers.

ANSWER: b

Subjective Short Answer

51. Explain the meaning of the term whistleblower.

ANSWER: An employee who reports his/her employer's illegal activities to the appropriate governmental entity or, under some state statutes, to the board of directors or senior management of the firm is known as a whistleblower.

- 52. What is employment-at-will?
- ANSWER: A kind of employment wherein both the employee and the employer are free to unilaterally terminate the relationship at any time and for any legally permissible reason, or for no reason at all.
- 53. What is the exception under employment-at-will?
- ANSWER: The most common exception to the employment-at-will rule is the public policy exception. Under this although the employee is employed at-will, termination is illegal if a clear and significant mandate of law (statutory or common) is damaged if the firing is permitted to stand unchallenged.
- 54. When did the employment-at-will doctrine become the norm in American common law?

ANSWER: The employment-at-will doctrine became the norm in 19th century American common law.

55. What is a tort?

ANSWER: Tort is a private or civil wrong or injury, caused by one party to another, either intentionally or negligently.

56. What are the two most common types of contracts?

ANSWER: Two kinds of contract are:

- a. Express contract which has terms spelled out by the parties, usually in writing.
- b. Implied contracts are contracts that the courts infer from company policies and the behavior of the parties or that are implied from the law.
- 57. What is META? Explain the importance of Section 3(a) of META.
- ANSWER: META stands for Model Employment Termination Act and Section 3(a) of META prohibits the employers from terminating the employees from employment without having good reasons.
- 58. Identify two Acts that protect whistleblowers from employer retaliation.

ANSWER: Occupational Safety and Health Act (OSHA) and Title VII provide protection to whistleblowing employees.

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59. What is SOX?

ANSWER: SOX is the Sarbanes-Oxley Act. It protects employees who report improper conduct by corporate officials concerning securities fraud and corruption.

60. What does Title VII of the NRLA deal with?

ANSWER: Title VII forbids discharge on the basis of race, color, gender, creed, or national origin.

Essay

61. Define the doctrine of employment-at-will? Explain its exceptions?

ANSWER: Employment-at-will holds that an employee who has not been hired for an express period of a year can be fired from his/her job by employer at any time with or without any reason. Both the employer and the employee are free unilaterally to terminate their relationship any stage without any compulsion or force. However there are exceptions under the doctrine. The most commonly adopted exceptions under employment-at-will is Public Policy exception. If a statute creates a right or a duty for the employee, he or she may not be fired for exercising that legal right or fulfilling that legal duty.

62. What is a contract? Explain the differences between express and implied contracts?

ANSWER: Contract is an agreement between two persons that is enforceable by law. The object must be legal in contract.

Express contract: A contract in which the terms are explicitly stated, usually in writing but perhaps only verbally, and often in great detail. In interpreting such a contract, the judge and/ or the jury is asked only to determine what the explicit terms are and to interpret them according to their plain meaning. Implied contract: A contractual relationship, the terms and conditions of which must be inferred from the contracting parties' behavior toward one another.

63. Describe the Model Employment Termination Act.

ANSWER: Model Employment Termination Act (META) relates to laws pertaining to termination of an employee. The heart and soul of META in its present form is Section 3(a), which states that "an employer may not terminate the employment of an employee without good cause." Section 3(b) limits application of the "good cause" limitation on employment-at-will to workers who have been with the particular employer for at least one year. The META suggests that claims under it be subject to binding arbitration with arbitral awards being issued within thirty days of hearings. Section 10 forbids retaliation against employees who make claims or who testify under the procedural provisions of the META.

64. What are the protections for corporate whistleblowers under law?

ANSWER: Sarbanes-Oxley Act provides the protection for the corporate whistleblowers. SOX protects the employees who report for improper misconduct by corporate officials pertaining to fraud and corruption. Apart from SOX, OSHA and Title VII also protects employees who blow the whistle on illegal practices or who cooperate in investigations and testify at hearings from employer retaliation, such as employment termination.

65. Define a whistleblower and describe the protection offered to whistleblower employees.

ANSWER: A whistleblower is an employee who calls attention to the employer's illegal or unethical activities. Many federal and state statutes such as SOX, OSHA and Title VII seek to protect whistleblowers by making retaliation an illegal act. The most significant whistleblower-protection law of the 21st century is the federal Sarbanes-Oxley Act (SOX), which protects employees who blow the whistle on illegal financial transactions. However, whistleblowers' rights may conflict with the privacy rights of others.

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