https://selldocx.com/products/test-bank-exploring-microsoft-excel-2013-comprehensive-1e-poatsy

Exploring Microsoft Access 2013, Comprehensive (Poatsy) Chapter 1 Introduction to Access: Hands-On-Exercise Videos

- 1) The purpose of a database is to:
- A) manage, store, sort, and query information.
- B) help provide access to the internet.
- C) compose e-mail messages.
- D) create presentations.

Answer: A Diff: 1

Objective: HOE 1: Databases Are Everywhere!

- 2) Which one of the following objects allows users to add data to the database?
- A) Table
- B) Record
- C) Query
- D) Form

Answer: D

Diff: 2

Objective: HOE 1: Databases Are Everywhere!

- 3) Where are the changes to an Access table saved as soon as you move the insertion point?
- A) To memory
- B) To a storage location
- C) To the cloud
- D) To the desktop

Answer: B Diff: 2

Objective: HOE 1: Databases Are Everywhere!

- 4) The Filter by Selection returns:
- A) only records matching the set criteria.
- B) results filtered from a selected range.
- C) specific query results.
- D) any data with a comparison operator.

Answer: A Diff: 2

Objective: HOE 2: Sorts and Filters

- 5) What is an advantage of using Filter by Form?
- A) There is no minimum number of records that can be filtered.
- B) You can use the AND and OR operators.
- C) The records are also sorted.
- D) Access automatically saves the results to storage.

Answer: B Diff: 2

Objective: HOE 2: Sorts and Filters

A) Filters scan for viruses. B) Filters hide records that do match the criteria. C) Filters speed up the CPU. D) Filters reduce the file size. Answer: B Diff: 2 Objective: HOE 2: Sorts and Filters 7) Which of the following is NOT an Access comparison operator? A) < B) ≠ C) >=D) =Answer: B Diff: 2 Objective: HOE 2: Sorts and Filters 8) What is a relationship? A) Two Excel spreadsheets with similar data B) A database and a spreadsheet with similar data C) Similar queries applied to the same table D) A connection between two tables with a common field Answer: D Diff: 2 Objective: HOE 3: Access Versus Excel, and Relational Databases 9) Why would you enforce referential integrity? A) To avoid accidental deletion of macros B) So data cannot be entered into a related table until the data is entered in the primary table C) To confirm error free data D) To determine which software to use Excel or Access Answer: B Diff: 2 Objective: HOE 3: Access Versus Excel, and Relational Databases 10) A key is the field in the related table that you would use to connect to the primary key in another table. A) secondary B) foreign C) composite D) merged Answer: B Diff: 2 Objective: HOE 3: Access Versus Excel, and Relational Databases

6) Why is there a need to filter records?

- 11) How does the Getting Started page help learn about a database?
- A) The Getting Started page links you to introductory Access videos.
- B) The Getting Started page details how to install software.
- C) The Getting Stated page explains what to do if your system crashes.
- D) The Getting Stated page shows how to create relationships between tables.

Answer: A Diff: 2

Objective: HOE 4: Access Database Creation

- 12) Which of the following is NOT a method for creating a new database?
- A) A blank desktop database
- B) A database from a style
- C) A custom Web app
- D) A database from a template

Answer: B Diff: 3

Objective: HOE 4: Access Database Creation

13) Clicking Undo will restore a deleted record.

Answer: FALSE

Diff: 2

Objective: HOE 1: Databases Are Everywhere!

14) You can use the Compact and Repair utility to help improve the performance of a database.

Answer: TRUE

Diff: 2

Objective: HOE 1: Databases Are Everywhere!

15) When performing a filter by selection, equals and contains produce the same result.

Answer: FALSE

Diff: 1

Objective: HOE 2: Sorts and Filters

16) A table can only be sorted on a single field.

Answer: FALSE

Diff: 1

Objective: HOE 2: Sorts and Filters

17) In the Relationships window, join lines indicate the relationships between tables.

Answer: TRUE

Diff: 1

Objective: HOE 3: Access Versus Excel, and Relational Databases

18) Enforcing referential integrity ensures that no data are duplicated.

Answer: FALSE

Diff: 2

Objective: HOE 3: Access Versus Excel, and Relational Databases

19) Creating a desktop database using a theme saves creation time.

Answer: FALSE

Diff: 1

Objective: HOE 4: Access Database Creation

20) You can use Access to create a Web app for sharing data with others through the Internet.

Answer: TRUE

Diff: 1

Objective: HOE 4: Access Database Creation