# 

- 1. Accounts are records of increases and decreases in individual financial statement items.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01
ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.01 - Purpose
ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.AFC.02 - GAAF
ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 2. A chart of accounts is a listing of accounts that make up the journal.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.01 - Purpose

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 3. The chart of accounts should be the same for each business.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False
DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.03 - Business Forms ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 4. Accounts payable are accounts that you expect will be paid to you.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False
DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.04 - Cash vs. Accrual ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 5. Consuming goods and services in the process of generating revenues results in expenses.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 6. Prepaid expenses are an example of an expense.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False
DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.04 - Cash vs. Accrual ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 7. The Unearned Revenues account is an example of a liability.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.04 - Cash vs. Accrual ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 8. The Dividends account is an expense.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False
DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 9. Accounts in the ledger are usually maintained in alphabetical order.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False
DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 10. Depending on the account title, the right side of the account is referred to as the credit side.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False
DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

**BUSPROG:** Analytic

- 11. To determine the balance in an account, always subtract credits from debits.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False
DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

**BUSPROG:** Analytic

- 12. An account in its simplest form has three parts to it: a title, an increase side, and a decrease side.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 13. The T account got its name because it resembles the letter "T."
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 14. The right hand side of a T account is known as a debit and the left hand side is known as a credit.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 15. Debiting the cash account will increase the account.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 16. A credit to the cash account will increase the account.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 17. The cash account will always be debited.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False
DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

**BUSPROG:** Analytic

- 18. The recording of cash receipts to the cash account will be done by debiting the account.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 19. The recording of cash payments from the cash account is done by entering the amount as a credit.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 20. The balance of the account can be determined by adding all of the debits, adding all of the credits, and adding the amounts together.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 21. Liabilities are debts owed by the business entity.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.03 - Business Forms ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 22. The accounts payable account is listed in the chart of accounts as an asset.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.16 - Current Liabilities Reporting

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 23. A dividends account represents the amount of earnings paid to the stockholders.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.03 - Business Forms ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 24. Revenues are equal to the difference between cash receipts and cash payments.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False
DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.04 - Cash vs. Accrual ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 25. Expenses result from using up assets or consuming services in the process of generating revenues.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 26. Stockholders' equity will be reduced by the amount in the dividends account.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.03 - Business Forms ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 27. When an owner invests assets in the business, the retained earnings account increases due to revenue being earned.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False
DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01

FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 28. When an account receivable is collected in cash, the total assets of the business increase.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False
DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01

FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.15 - Current Assets Reporting

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 29. When an account payable is paid with cash, the stockholders' equity in the business decreases.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False
DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01

FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.16 - Current Liabilities Reporting

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 30. The normal balance of a stockholders' equity account is a debit.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 31. For a month's transactions for a typical medium-sized business, the salary expense account is likely to have only credit entries.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False
DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 32. When a business receives a bill from the utility company, no entry should be made until the invoice is paid.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False
DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.16 - Current Liabilities Reporting

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 33. A debit is abbreviated as *Db*. and a credit is abbreviated as *Cr*.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 34. For a month's transactions for a typical medium-sized business, the accounts payable account is likely to have only credit entries.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False
DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 35. Dividends decrease stockholders' equity and are listed on the income statement as a deduction from revenue.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False
DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 36. The normal balance of revenue accounts is a credit.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 37. The normal balance of the dividends account is a debit.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

**BUSPROG**: Analytic

- 38. The normal balance of an expense account is a credit.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

**BUSPROG**: Analytic

- 39. Expense accounts are increased by credits.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 40. Revenue accounts are increased by credits.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 41. Liability accounts are increased by debits.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 42. Journalizing transactions using the double-entry bookkeeping system will eliminate fraud.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False
DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 43. Transactions are listed in the journal chronologically.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 44. Journalizing is the process of entering amounts in the ledger.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 45. The process of recording a transaction in the journal is called journalizing.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 46. Transactions are initially entered into a record called a journal.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 47. The double-entry accounting system records each transaction twice.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 48. The increase side of an account is also the side of the normal balance.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 49. Journal entries include both debit and credit accounts for each transaction.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 50. A transaction that is recorded in the journal is called a journal entry.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 51. Assets are increased with debits and decreased with credits.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 52. Liabilities are increased with debits and decreased with credits.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 53. Debits will increase unearned revenues and revenues.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False
DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.04 - Cash vs. Accrual ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 54. All stockholders' equity accounts record increases to the accounts with credits.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

**BUSPROG:** Analytic

- 55. Journalizing always eliminates fraudulent activity.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.01 - Purpose

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

**BUSPROG:** Analytic

- 56. Journal entries can have more than two accounts as long as the debits equal the credits.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 57. Normal account balances are on the increase side of the accounts.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 58. The process of transferring the data from the journal to the ledger accounts is called posting.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-03 - LO: 02-03

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 59. The post reference notation used in the ledger is the account number.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-03 - LO: 02-03 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 60. The post reference notation used in the journal is the page number.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-03 - LO: 02-03 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 61. A notation in the post reference column of the general journal indicates that the amount has been posted to the ledger.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

**LEARNING OBJECTIVES:** FNMN.WARD.16.02-03 - LO: 02-03 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 62. The order of the flow of accounting data is (1) record in the ledger, (2) record in the journal, (3) prepare the financial statements.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

FNMN.WARD.16.02-03 - LO: 02-03 LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 63. The process of transferring the debits and credits from the journal entries to the accounts is known as posting.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-03 - LO: 02-03

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

**BUSPROG:** Analytic

- 64. Postings made to standard account forms show a new balance after each entry.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-03 - LO: 02-03

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

**BUSPROG:** Analytic

- 65. A group of related accounts that make up a complete unit is called a trial balance.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-04 - LO: 02-04

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 66. A trial balance determines the accuracy of the numbers.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-04 - LO: 02-04

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 67. Even when a trial balance is in balance, there may be errors in the individual accounts.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-04 - LO: 02-04

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 68. The totals at the bottom of the trial balance and the totals at the bottom of the balance sheet both show equality and balancing, and therefore should be equal.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-04 - LO: 02-04

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 69. A proof of the equality of debits and credits in the ledger at the end of an accounting period is called a balance sheet.
  - a. True

b. False

ANSWER: False
DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-04 - LO: 02-04

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 70. If the trial balance is in balance, it can be assumed that all journal entries were posted correctly and no errors were made.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False
DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-04 - LO: 02-04

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 71. Posting a part of a transaction to the wrong account will cause the trial balance totals to be unequal.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-04 - LO: 02-04

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 72. The erroneous arrangement of digits, such as writing \$45 as \$54, is called a slide.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False
DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-04 - LO: 02-04

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 73. Journalizing a transaction with both the debit and the credit for \$69 instead of \$96 will cause the trial balance to be out of balance.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False
DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-04 - LO: 02-04

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 74. The erroneous moving of an entire number one or more spaces to the right or left, such as writing \$85 as \$850, is called a transposition.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False
DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-04 - LO: 02-04 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

#### 75. Accounts

- a. do not reflect money amounts
- b. are not used by entities that manufacture products
- c. are records of increases and decreases in individual financial statement items
- d. are only used by large entities with many transactions

ANSWER: c
DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01
ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.01 - Purpose
ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 76. Accounts are classified in the ledger
  - a. chronologically
  - b. alphabetically
  - c. in accordance with their appearance in the financial statements
  - d. with the accounts used most often listed first

ANSWER: c

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

**BUSPROG**: Analytic

- 77. Which of the following accounts is a stockholders' equity account?
  - a. Cash
  - b. Accounts Payable
  - c. Prepaid Insurance
  - d. Common Stock

ANSWER: d
DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 78. The gross increases in stockholders' equity attributable to business activities are called
  - a. assets
  - b. liabilities
  - c. revenues
  - d. expenses

ANSWER: c
DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 79. A chart of accounts is
  - a. the same as a balance sheet
  - b. usually a listing of accounts in alphabetical order
  - c. usually a listing of accounts in financial statement order
  - d. used in place of a ledger

ANSWER: c

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 80. The debit side of an account
  - a. depends on whether the account is an asset, liability, or stockholders' equity
  - b. can be either side of the account depending on how the accountant set up the system
  - c. is the right side of the account
  - d. is the left side of the account

ANSWER:

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 81. An account is said to have a debit balance if
  - a. the amount of the debits exceeds the amount of the credits
  - b. there are more entries on the debit side than on the credit side
  - c. there are more entries on the credit side than on the debit side
  - d. the first entry of the accounting period was posted on the debit side

ANSWER:

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 82. Which side of the account increases the cash account?
  - a. credit
  - b. neither a debit or a credit
  - c. debit
  - d. either a debit or a credit

ANSWER:

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 83. Which statement(s) concerning cash is (are) true?
  - a. cash will always have more debits than credits
  - b. cash will never have a credit balance
  - c. cash is increased by debiting
  - d. all are true

ANSWER: c

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 84. Which of the following is true about T accounts?
  - a. The left side of a T account is called the debit side.
  - b. The left side of a T account is called the credit side.
  - c. The right side of a T account is called the debit side.
  - d. Transactions are first recorded in T accounts and then posted to the journal.

ANSWER: a
DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 85. A cash payment is recorded in the cash account as
  - a. neither a debit nor a credit
  - b. a credit
  - c. a debit
  - d. either a debit or a credit

ANSWER: b

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

**BUSPROG**: Analytic

- 86. The balance of an account is determined by
  - a. adding all of the debits to all of the credits
  - b. always subtracting the debits from the credits
  - c. always subtracting the credits from the debits
  - d. adding all of the debits, adding all of the credits, and then subtracting the smaller sum from the larger sum

ANSWER: d

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 87. A list of the accounts used by a business is called the
  - a. journal
  - b. chart of accounts
  - c. T chart
  - d. debit listing

ANSWER: b
DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 88. In the chart of accounts, the balance sheet accounts are normally listed in which order?
  - a. liabilities, assets, stockholders' equity
  - b. assets, liabilities, stockholders' equity
  - c. stockholders' equity, assets, liabilities
  - d. assets, stockholders' equity, liabilities

ANSWER: b

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

**BUSPROG:** Analytic

- 89. In which order are the accounts listed in the chart of accounts?
  - a. assets, expenses, liabilities, stockholders' equity, revenues
  - b. stockholders' equity, assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses
  - c. assets, liabilities, stockholders' equity, revenues, expenses
  - d. assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses, stockholders' equity

ANSWER: c
DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 90. Which are the parts of the T account?
  - a. title, date, total
  - b. date, debit side, credit side
  - c. title, debit side, credit side
  - d. title, debit side, total

ANSWER: c

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 91. The chart of accounts is designed to
  - a. alphabetize the accounts to make reading easier for financial statement users
  - b. organize accounts in order of dollar amount to simplify the accounting information for users
  - c. summarize the transactions and determine ending account balances
  - d. meet the information needs of a company's managers and other users of its financial statements

ANSWER:

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 92. Which group of accounts is comprised of only assets?
  - a. Cash, Accounts Payable, Buildings
  - b. Accounts Receivable, Revenue, Cash
  - c. Prepaid Expenses, Buildings, Patents
  - d. Unearned Revenues, Prepaid Expenses, Cash

ANSWER:

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 93. Of the following, which is **true** about assets?
  - a. Assets include both physical and intangible items.
  - b. Assets include only physical items.
  - c. Assets are the personal property of the stockholders of the company.
  - d. Assets are the result of selling products or services to customers.

ANSWER:

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 94. Which of the following is **not** considered to be a liability?
  - a. Wages Payable
  - b. Accounts Receivable
  - c. Unearned Revenues
  - d. Accounts Payable

ANSWER: b

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

**BUSPROG**: Analytic

- 95. Which of the following statements is **not** true about liabilities?
  - a. Liabilities are debts owed to outsiders.
  - b. Account titles of liabilities often include the term "payable."
  - c. Cash received before a service is performed creates a liability.
  - d. Liabilities do not include wages owed to employees of the company.

ANSWER: d

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

96. The stockholders' equity will be reduced by all of the following except

a. revenues

b. expenses

c. dividends

d. all of these

ANSWER: a

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

97. The accounts in the ledger of Monroe Entertainment Co. are listed below. All accounts have normal balances.

Accounts payable	\$1,500	Fees earned	\$3,600
Accounts receivable	1,800	Insurance expense	1,300
Prepaid insurance	2,000	Land	3,000
Cash	3,200	Wages expense	1,400
Dividends	1,200	Common stock	8,800

Total assets are

a. \$10,000

b. \$8,000

c. \$9,700

d. \$9,800

ANSWER:

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Applying

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 98. Expenses can result from
  - a. increasing stockholders'
  - b. consuming services
  - c. using up liabilities
  - d. purchasing assets

ANSWER: b

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

**BUSPROG**: Analytic

- 99. In the chart of accounts, each account number has two digits. The first digit indicates the major account group to which the account belongs. Which of the following correctly identifies the major account groups typically represented by the numbers 1 through 5?
  - a. 1-Assets, 2-Liabilities, 3-Stockholders' Equity, 4-Expenses, 5-Revenues
  - b. 1-Assets, 2-Liabilities, 3-Stockholders' Equity, 4-Revenues, 5-Expenses
  - c. 1-Assets, 2-Stockholders' Equity, 3-Revenues, 4-Expenses, 5-Dividends
  - d. 1-Stockholders' Equity, 2-Dividends, 3-Revenues, 4-Expenses

ANSWER:

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

**BUSPROG**: Analytic

- 100. The balance of an account is determined by
  - a. adding all of the debits to all of the credits
  - b. always subtracting the debits from the credits
  - c. always subtracting the credits from the debits
  - d. adding all of the debits, adding all of the credits, and then subtracting the smaller sum from the larger sum

ANSWER:

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 101. Which of the following entries records the purchase of common stock by stockholders?
  - a. debit Common Stock; credit Accounts Receivable
  - b. debit Cash; credit Common Stock
  - c. debit Dividends; credit Cash
  - d. debit Cash; credit Common Stock

ANSWER: b

DIFFICULTY: Bloom's:

Remembering Easy

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.03 - Business Forms

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 102. A debit may signify a(n)
  - a. decrease in asset accounts
  - b. decrease in liability accounts
  - c. increase in the common stock account
  - d. decrease in the dividends account

ANSWER: b

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

**BUSPROG**: Analytic

- 103. Which of the following types of accounts have a normal credit balance?
  - a. assets and liabilities
  - b. liabilities and expenses
  - c. revenues and common stock
  - d. common stock and dividends

ANSWER: c

DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 104. Which of the following groups of accounts have a normal debit balance?
  - a. revenues, liabilities, and stockholders' equity
  - b. stockholders' equity and assets
  - c. liabilities and stockholders' equity
  - d. assets and expenses

ANSWER: d
DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 105. Which one of the statements below is **not** a purpose for the journal?
  - a. to show increases and decreases in accounts
  - b. to show a chronological order by date
  - c. to show a complete transaction in one place
  - d. to help locate errors

ANSWER:

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.01 - Purpose

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

**BUSPROG:** Analytic

- 106. A credit may signify a
  - a. decrease in assets
  - b. decrease in liabilities
  - c. decrease in common stock
  - d. decrease in revenue

ANSWER: a

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

100		1 1		. ~		1	
101	/. A	debit	S191	nties	a	decrease	1n

- a. assets
- b. expenses
- c. dividends
- d. revenues

ANSWER: d

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

108. Which of the following applications of the rules of debit and credit is true?

- a. decrease Prepaid Insurance with a credit and the normal balance is a credit
- b. increase Accounts Payable with a credit and the normal balance is a debit
- c. increase Equipment with a debit and the normal balance is a debit
- d. decrease Cash with a debit and the normal balance is a credit

ANSWER:

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

**BUSPROG**: Analytic

109. Which of the following describes the classification and normal balance of the fees earned account?

- a. asset, credit
- b. liability, credit
- c. stockholders' equity, debit
- d. revenue, credit

ANSWER: d

DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 110. The classification and normal balance of the accounts payable account is
  - a. an asset with a credit balance
  - b. a liability with a credit balance
  - c. stockholders' equity with a credit balance
  - d. revenue with a credit balance

ANSWER: b
DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 111. The classification and normal balance of the dividends account is
  - a. an expense with a credit balance
  - b. an expense with a debit balance
  - c. a liability with a credit balance
  - d. stockholders' equity with a debit balance

ANSWER: d
DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

**BUSPROG:** Analytic

- 112. Which of the following accounts are debited to record increases?
  - a. assets and liabilities
  - b. dividends and liabilities
  - c. expenses and liabilities
  - d. assets and expenses

ANSWER: d
DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 113. In which of the following types of accounts are increases recorded by credits?a. revenues and liabilitiesb. dividends and assets
  - c. liabilities and dividends
  - c. liabilities and dividends
  - d. expenses and liabilities

ANSWER: a
DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 114. In which of the following types of accounts are decreases recorded by debits?
  - a. assets
  - b. liabilities
  - c. expenses
  - d. dividends

ANSWER: b
DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 115. In which of the following types of accounts are decreases recorded by credits?
  - a. liabilities
  - b. stockholders' equity
  - c. assets
  - d. revenues

ANSWER: c
DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 116. A credit balance in which of the following accounts would indicate a likely error?
  - a. Fees Earned
  - b. Salary Expense
  - c. Common Stock
  - d. Accounts Payable

ANSWER: b

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 117. A debit balance in which of the following accounts would indicate a likely error?
  - a. Salaries Expense
  - b. Notes Payable
  - c. Common Stock
  - d. Supplies

ANSWER: b

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 118. Which of the following entries records the payment of an account payable?
  - a. debit Cash; credit Accounts Payable
  - b. debit Accounts Receivable; credit Cash
  - c. debit Cash; credit Supplies Expense
  - d. debit Accounts Payable; credit Cash

ANSWER: d

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 119. Which of the following entries records the payment of a bill for your insurance premium?
  - a. debit Prepaid Insurance; credit Cash
  - b. debit Insurance Payable; credit Accounts Receivable
  - c. debit Accounts Payable; credit Cash
  - d. debit Cash; credit Prepaid Insurance

ANSWER:

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

FNMN.WARD.16.02-03 - LO: 02-03

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 120. Which of the following entries records the payment of dividends?
  - a. debit Common Stock; credit Cash
  - b. debit Dividends; credit Cash
  - c. debit Salaries Expense; credit Cash
  - d. debit Salaries Expense; credit Salaries Payable

ANSWER: b

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 121. Office supplies were sold by Janer's Cleaning Service at cost to another repair shop, with cash received. Which of the following entries for Janer's Cleaning Service records this transaction?
  - a. Office Supplies, debit; Cash, credit
  - b. Office Supplies, debit; Accounts Payable, credit
  - c. Cash, debit; Office Supplies, credit
  - d. Accounts Payable, debit; Office Supplies, credit

ANSWER:

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 122. Office supplies purchased by Janer's Cleaning Service on account were returned. Which of the following entries for Janer's Cleaning Service records this transaction?
  - a. Cash, debit; Office Supplies, credit
  - b. Office Supplies, debit; Accounts Receivable, credit
  - c. Accounts Payable, debit; Office Supplies, credit
  - d. Office Supplies, debit; Accounts Payable, credit

ANSWER:

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 123. Cash was paid by Janer's Cleaning Service to creditors on account. Which of the following entries for Janer's Cleaning Service records this transaction?
  - a. Cash, debit; Common Stock, credit
  - b. Accounts Payable, debit; Cash, credit
  - c. Accounts Receivable, debit; Cash, credit
  - d. Accounts Payable, debit; Account Receivable, credit

ANSWER:

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 124. The process of initially recording a business transaction is called
  - a. closing
  - b. posting
  - c. journalizing
  - d. balancing

ANSWER: c

DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 125. Which of the following entries records the acquisition of office supplies on account?
  - a. Office Supplies, debit; Cash, credit
  - b. Cash, debit; Office Supplies, credit
  - c. Office Supplies, debit; Accounts Payable, credit
  - d. Accounts Receivable, debit; Office Supplies, credit

ANSWER:

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 126. Which of the following entries records the payment of insurance for the current month?
  - a. Cash, debit; Insurance Expense, credit
  - b. Insurance Expense, debit; Cash, credit
  - c. Insurance Expense, debit; Accounts Receivable, credit
  - d. Prepaid Insurance, debit; Cash, credit

ANSWER: b

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

FNMN.WARD.16.02-03 - LO: 02-03

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 127. Which of the following entries records the receipt of cash from clients on account?
  - a. Accounts Payable, debit; Fees Earned, credit
  - b. Accounts Receivable, debit; Fees Earned, credit
  - c. Accounts Receivable, debit; Cash, credit
  - d. Cash, debit; Accounts Receivable, credit

ANSWER: d

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

FNMN.WARD.16.02-03 - LO: 02-03

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 128. Which of the following entries records the collection of cash from cash customers?
  - a. Fees Earned, debit; Cash, credit
  - b. Fees Earned, debit; Accounts Receivable, credit
  - c. Cash, debit; Fees Earned, credit
  - d. Accounts Receivable, debit; Fees Earned, credit

ANSWER:

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 129. Which of the following entries records the receipt of cash for two months' rent? The cash was received in advance of providing the service.
  - a. Prepaid Rent, debit; Rent Revenue, credit.
  - b. Cash, debit; Unearned Rent, credit.
  - c. Cash, debit; Prepaid Rent, credit.
  - d. Cash, debit; Rent Expense, credit.

ANSWER: b

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

FNMN.WARD.16.02-03 - LO: 02-03

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

**BUSPROG:** Analytic

- 130. A client has a massage and asks the company bookkeeper to mail her the bill. The bookkeeper should make which entry to record the invoice?
  - a. No entry until the cash is received
  - b. Fees Earned, debit; Accounts Receivable, credit
  - c. Cash, debit; Fees Earned, credit
  - d. Accounts Receivable, debit; Fees Earned, credit

ANSWER:

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

FNMN.WARD.16.02-03 - LO: 02-03

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 131. Which of the following abbreviations is correct?
  - a. Debit, "Dr"; Credit, "Cd"
  - b. Debit, "Db"; Credit, "Cr"
  - c. Debit, "Db"; Credit, "Cd"
  - d. Debit, "Dr"; Credit, "Cr"

ANSWER: d

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 132. Which of the following is **not** a correct rule of debits and credits?
  - a. Assets, expenses, and dividends are increased by debits.
  - b. Assets are decreased by credits and have a normal debit balance.
  - c. Liabilities, revenues, and stockholders' equity are increased by credits.
  - d. The normal balance for revenues and expenses is a credit.

ANSWER: d

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

133. Gently Laser Clinic purchased laser equipment for \$8,500 and paid \$2,250 down, with the remainder to be paid later. The correct entry would be

a. Equipment 2,250

Cash 2,250

b. Cash 2,250 Accounts Payable 6,250

Equipment 8,500

c. Equipment Expense 8,500

Accounts Payable 2,250 Cash 6,250

d. Equipment 8,500

Accounts Payable 6,250
Cash 2,250

ANSWER: d

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

FNMN.WARD.16.02-03 - LO: 02-03

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.04 - Cash vs. Accrual

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

134. The is where a transaction can first be found in the accounting records.

a. chart of accounts

b. income statement

c. balance sheet

d. journal

ANSWER:

DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 135. The process of recording a transaction in the journal is called
  - a. ledgerizing
  - b. journalizing
  - c. posting
  - d. summarizing

ANSWER: b
DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

136. Joshua Scott invests \$40,000 into his new business. How would this transaction be entered in the journal in good form?

a. Cash 40,000

Common Stock 40,000

Invested cash in business.

b. Accounts Receivable 40,000

Common Stock 40,000

Invested cash in business.

c. Common Stock 40,000

Cash 40,000

Invested cash in business.

d. Loans Payable 40,000

Cash 40,000

Invested cash in business.

ANSWER:

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

137.

May	23	Cash	22,000	
		Common Stock		22,000
		Invest cash in business.		

This journal entry will

- a. increase Common Stock and decrease Cash
- b. increase Cash and decrease Common Stock
- c. increase Cash and increase Common Stock
- d. decrease Cash and decrease Common Stock

ANSWER:

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

138.

May	24	Land	105,000	
		Cash		105,000
		Purchased land for business.		

What effects does this journal entry have on the accounts?

- a. increase Cash and increase Land
- b. increase Land and decrease Cash
- c. decrease Cash and decrease Land
- d. increase Cash and decrease Land

ANSWER: b

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

139.

March	10	Accounts Payable	800	
		Cash		800
		Paid creditors on account.		

What effects does this journal entry have on the accounts?

- a. decrease Accounts Payable, increase Cash
- b. increase Cash, decrease Accounts Payable
- c. increase Accounts Payable, increase Cash
- d. decrease Accounts Payable, decrease Cash

ANSWER:

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 140. Which of the following accounts would be increased with a credit?
  - a. Land; Accounts Payable; Dividends
  - b. Accounts Payable; Unearned Revenue; Common Stock
  - c. Dividends; Accounts Receivable; Unearned Revenue
  - d. Cash; Accounts Receivable; Common Stock

ANSWER: b

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 141. In accordance with the debit and credit rules, which of the following is true?
  - a. Debits increase assets.
  - b. Credits increase assets.
  - c. Debits increase both assets and common stock.
  - d. Credits increase both assets and liabilities.

ANSWER:

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 142. All of the following accounts are increased with a debit except
  - a. Unearned Revenues
  - b. Land
  - c. Accounts Receivable
  - d. Cash

ANSWER: a
DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

3. ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 143. Which of the following stockholders' equity accounts follows the same debit and credit rules as liabilities?
  - a. expense accounts only
  - b. dividends accounts only
  - c. revenue accounts only
  - d. expense and dividends accounts

ANSWER: c

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 144. The payment for the monthly rent will require which of the following entries?
  - a. debit Cash and debit Rent Expense
  - b. credit Cash and credit Rent Expense
  - c. debit Rent Expense and credit Cash
  - d. credit Rent Expense and debit Cash

ANSWER:

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 145. Expenses follow the same debit and credit rules as
  - a. revenues
  - b. the asset account
  - c. the common stock account
  - d. liabilities

ANSWER: b

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 146. Net income will result when
  - a. revenues (credits) > expenses (debits)
  - b. revenues (debits) > expenses (credits)
  - c. expenses (credits) = revenues (debits)
  - d. revenues (credits) = expenses (debits)

ANSWER:

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 147. Which of the following will increase stockholders' equity?
  - a. expenses > revenues
  - b. the company pays dividends
  - c. revenues > expenses
  - d. cash is received from customers on account

ANSWER:

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 148. Which of the following situations increase stockholders' equity?
  - a. Supplies are purchased on account.
  - b. Services are provided on account.
  - c. Cash is received from customers on account.
  - d. Utility bill will be paid next month.

ANSWER: b

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 149. Which of the following groups of accounts are increased with a debit?
  - a. assets, liabilities, stockholders' equity
  - b. assets, dividends, expenses
  - c. assets, revenues, expenses
  - d. assets, liabilities, revenues

ANSWER: b

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 150. Which of the following groups of accounts increase with a credit?
  - a. common stock, revenues, expenses
  - b. assets, common stock, revenues
  - c. liabilities, common stock, revenues
  - d. none of these

ANSWER: c

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 151. Which of the following is true regarding normal balances of accounts?
  - a. All accounts have a normal debit balance.
  - b. The normal balance of all accounts will have either a positive or negative balance.
  - c. Accounts that have a normal debit balance will only have debit entries, never credit entries.
  - d. The normal balance is on the increase side of the account.

ANSWER:

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 152. Which of the following is **not** true with a double-entry accounting system?
  - a. The accounting equation remains in balance.
  - b. The sum of all debits is always equal to the sum of all credits in each journal entry.
  - c. Each business transaction will have two debits.
  - d. Every transaction affects at least two accounts.

ANSWER:

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

#### 153.

March	6	Cash	2,500	
		Unearned Fees		2,500
		??????????		

What is the best explanation for this journal entry?

- a. Received cash for services performed.
- b. Received cash for services to be performed in the future.
- c. Paid cash in advance for services to be performed.
- d. Performed services for which cash is owed.

ANSWER: b

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

FNMN.WARD.16.02-03 - LO: 02-03

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.04 - Cash vs. Accrual

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

154.

April	14	Equipment	15,000	
		Cash		5,000
		Note Payable		10,000
		??????????.		

Which is the best explanation for this journal entry?

- a. Purchased equipment; paid cash of \$5,000, with the remainder to be paid in the future.
- b. Purchased equipment; paid cash of \$10,000, with the remainder to be received in the future.
- c. Purchased equipment with cash.
- d. Purchased equipment on account.

ANSWER:

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

FNMN.WARD.16.02-03 - LO: 02-03

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.04 - Cash vs. Accrual

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 155. The process of transferring the debits and credits from the journal entries to the accounts is called a. sliding
  - b. transposing
  - c. journalizing
  - d. posting

ANSWER: d
DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-03 - LO: 02-03

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 156. The posting process will include the transfer of which of the following data from the journal to the account?
  - a. date, amount (debit or credit)
  - b. date, amount (debit or credit), journal page number
  - c. amount (debit or credit), account number
  - d. date, amount (debit or credit), account number

ANSWER: b

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-03 - LO: 02-03

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 157. The Posting Reference columns are used to trace transactions from the accounts to the journal. What will be entered in the Posting Reference column of (1) the journal and (2) the account?
  - a. (1) the amount of the debit or credit and (2) the journal page number
  - b. (1) the journal page number and (2) the date of the transaction
  - c. (1) the journal page number and (2) the account number
  - d. (1) the account number and (2) the journal page number

ANSWER:

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-03 - LO: 02-03

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

The chart of accounts for the Corning Company includes the following:

Account Name	Account Number
Cash	11
Accounts Receivable	13
Prepaid Insurance	15
Accounts Payable	21
Unearned Revenue	24
Common Stock	31
Dividends	32
Fees Earned	41
Salaries Expense	54
Rent Expense	56

#### Page 3 of the journal contains the following entry:

Prepaid Insurance	1,530	
Cash		1,530

158. What is the posting reference that will be found in the cash account?

a. 11

b. 15

c. 3

d. 13

ANSWER: c

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Applying

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-03 - LO: 02-03

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

159. What is the posting reference that will be found in the prepaid insurance account? a. 11 b. 15 c. 3 d. 13 ANSWER: c DIFFICULTY: Moderate Bloom's: Applying LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-03 - LO: 02-03 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic 160. What posting references will be found in the journal entry? a. 15, 11 b. 15, 3 c. 11, 3 d. 3, 15 ANSWER: DIFFICULTY: Challenging Bloom's: Applying LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-03 - LO: 02-03 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic

#### 161. The chart of accounts for the Miguel Company includes the following:

Account Name	Account Number
Cash	11
Accounts Receivable	13
Prepaid Insurance	15
Accounts Payable	21
Unearned Revenue	24
Common Stock	31
Dividends	32
Fees Earned	41
Salaries Expense	54
Rent Expense	56

#### Page 3 of the journal contains the following transaction:

Cash	640	
Fees Earned		640

What posting references will be found in the journal entry?

a. 41, 3

b. 3, 11

c. 11, 41

d. 11, 3

ANSWER:

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Applying

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-03 - LO: 02-03

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

#### 162. The chart of accounts for the Miguel Company includes the following:

Account Name	Account Number
Cash	11
Accounts Receivable	13
Prepaid Insurance	15
Accounts Payable	21
Unearned Revenue	24
Common Stock	31
Dividends	32
Fees Earned	41
Salaries Expense	54
Rent Expense	56

#### Page 5 of the journal contains the following transaction:

Salaries Expense	525	
Cash		525

What is the posting reference that will be found in the salaries expense account?

a. 5

b. 11

c. 54

d. 21

ANSWER:

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Applying

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-03 - LO: 02-03

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 163. Which of the following errors, each considered individually, would cause the trial balance totals to be unequal?
  - a. A transaction was not posted.
  - b. A payment of \$67 for insurance was posted as a debit of \$76 to Prepaid Insurance and a credit of \$76 to Cash.
  - c. A payment of \$4,450 to a creditor was posted as a debit of \$4,500 to Accounts Payable and a credit of \$450 to Cash.
  - d. Cash received from customers on account was posted as a debit of \$720 to Cash and a credit of \$720 to Accounts Payable.

ANSWER: c

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-04 - LO: 02-04

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 164. Proof that the dollar amount of the debits equals the dollar amount of the credits in the ledger means
  - a. all of the information from the journal was correctly transferred to the ledger
  - b. all accounts have their correct balances in the ledger
  - c. only the journal is accurate; the ledger may be incorrect
  - d. only that the debit dollar amounts equal the credit dollar amounts

ANSWER: d

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-04 - LO: 02-04

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG:

Analytic

- 165. That the total dollar amount of the debits equals the total dollar amount of the credits in the ledger accounts can be verified through a(n):
  - a. chart of accounts
  - b. trial balance
  - c. income statement
  - d. balance sheet

ANSWER: b

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-04 - LO: 02-04

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

166. Randomly listed below are the steps for preparing a trial balance:

- (1) Verify that the total of the Debit column equals the total of the Credit column.
- (2) List the accounts from the ledger and enter their debit or credit balance in the Debit or Credit column of the trial balance.
- (3) List the name of the company, the title of the trial balance, and the date the trial balance is prepared.
- (4) Total the Debit and Credit columns of the trial balance.

What is the proper order of these steps?

a. (3), (2), (4), (1)

b. (2), (3), (4), (1)

c. (3), (2), (1), (4)

d. (4), (3), (2), (1)

ANSWER: a

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-04 - LO: 02-04

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

#### 167. A trial balance is prepared to

- a. prove that there were no errors made in recording transactions into the journal
- b. prove that no errors were made in posting to the ledger
- c. prove that each account balance is correct
- d. discover errors that affect the equality of debits and credits

ANSWER: d

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-04 - LO: 02-04

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

168. The accounts in the ledger of Monroe Entertainment Co. are listed below. All accounts have normal balances.

Accounts Payable	\$1,500	Fees Earned	\$3,600
Accounts Receivable	1,800	Insurance Expense	1,300
Prepaid Insurance	2,000	Land	3,000
Cash	3,200	Wages Expense	1,400
Dividends	1,200	Common Stock	8,800

Prepare a trial balance. The total of the debits is

a. \$13,900

b. \$11,200

c. \$12,700

d. \$9,700

ANSWER:

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Applying

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-04 - LO: 02-04

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 169. Of the following, which is an internal report that will determine if debit balances equal credit balances in the ledger?
  - a. chart of accounts
  - b. income statement
  - c. trial balance
  - d. account reconciliation

ANSWER: c

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-04 - LO: 02-04

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 170. An overpayment error was discovered in computing and paying the wages of a Jamison Tree Trimming employee. When Jamison receives cash from the employee for the amount of the overpayment, which of the following entries will Jamison make?
  - a. Cash, debit; Wages Expense, credit
  - b. Wages Payable, debit; Wages Expense, credit
  - c. Wages Expense, debit; Cash, credit
  - d. Cash, debit; Wages Payable, credit

ANSWER:

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-04 - LO: 02-04

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 171. If the two totals of a trial balance are not equal, it could be due to
  - a. failure to record a transaction
  - b. recording the same erroneous amount for both the debit and the credit parts of a transaction
  - c. an error in determining the account balances, such as a balance being incorrectly computed
  - d. recording the same transaction more than once

ANSWER: c

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-04 - LO: 02-04

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 172. When a transposition error is made on the trial balance, the difference between the debit and credit totals on the trial balance will be
  - a. zero
  - b. twice the amount of the transposition
  - c. one-half the amount of the transposition
  - d. divisible by 9

ANSWER: d

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-04 - LO: 02-04

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 173. Which of the following errors could cause the trial balance totals to be unequal?
  - a. posting the debit portion of a journal entry incorrectly when the credit portion of the entry is correctly posted
  - b. failure to record a transaction or to post a transaction
  - c. recording the same transaction more than once
  - d. recording the same erroneous amount for both the debit and the credit parts of a transaction

ANSWER:

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-04 - LO: 02-04

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 174. The trial balance is out of balance and the accountant suspects that a transposition or slide error has occurred. What will the accountant do to confirm this suspicion?
  - a. Determine the amount of the error and look for that amount on the trial balance.
  - b. Determine the amount of the error and divide by two, then look for that amount on the trial balance.
  - c. Determine the amount of the error and refer to the journal entries for that amount.
  - d. Determine the amount of the error and divide by nine. If the result is evenly divided, then this type of error is likely.

ANSWER:

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-04 - LO: 02-04

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 175. The purchase of supplies on account was recorded and posted as a debit to Supplies for \$500 and a credit to Accounts Receivable for \$500. The correcting entry would include a:
  - a. credit to Accounts Receivable for \$500
  - b. credit to Accounts Receivable for \$1,000
  - c. credit to Accounts Payable for \$500
  - d. credit to Accounts Payable for \$1,000

ANSWER:

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Applying

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-04 - LO: 02-04

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 176. Which of the following is **not** a useful step in finding errors on the trial balance?
  - a. Determine the difference between debits and credits and look for the amount.
  - b. Determine the difference between debits and credits and change any account to make the trial balance correct.
  - c. Determine the difference between debits and credits, divide the amount by 2, and look for the amount.
  - d. Determine the difference between debits and credits, divide the amount by 9, and if it divides evenly, look for a transposition or slide error.

ANSWER: b

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-04 - LO: 02-04

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

ACCI.AICI A.I.IV.03 - Micasu

- 177. All of the following statements regarding a horizontal analysis are true **except**:
  - a. A horizontal analysis is used to compare an item in a current statement with the same item in prior statements.
  - b. A horizontal analysis can be performed on a balance sheet and income statement, but not on a statement of cash flows.
  - c. If Fees Earned in Year 1 is \$125,000 and Fees Earned in Year 2 is \$143,750, a horizontal analysis will indicate a 15% increase over this period.
  - d. When two statements are compared in horizontal analysis, the earlier statement is used as the base for computing the amount and the percent of change.

ANSWER: b

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-05 - LO: 02-05

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

178. McNally Industries has a condensed income statement as shown.

	Year 2	Year 1
Sales	\$198,000	\$165,500
Total operating expenses	163,000	147,500
Net income	35,000	18,000

Using horizontal analysis, calculate the amount and percent change for sales. Round to one decimal place.

a. \$32,500, 19.6%

b. \$18,000, 10.9%

c. \$35,000, 17.7%

d. \$17,000, 9.4%

ANSWER: a

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Applying

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-05 - LO: 02-05

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

179. Richardson Company has a condensed income statement as shown.

	Year 2	Year 1
Sales	\$150,000	\$165,500
Total operating expenses	133,000	147,500
Net income	17,000	18,000

Using horizontal analysis, calculate the amount and percent change for sales. Round to one decimal place.

- a. \$(17,000), (11.3%)
- b. \$(15,500), (10.3%)
- c. \$(18,000), (10.9%)
- d. \$(15,500), (9.4%)

ANSWER: d

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Applying

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-05 - LO: 02-05

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 180. On January 1, Cassie Harris and other stockholders established a catering service. Listed below are accounts she would like to open in the general ledger. List the accounts in the order in which they should appear in the ledger and propose a two digit account numbering scheme that is consistent with the rules of a proper chart of accounts.
  - 1. Cash
  - 2. Supplies
  - 3. Equipment
  - 4. Accounts Payable
  - 5. Common Stock
  - 6. Wages Expense
  - 7. Rent Expense
  - 8. Truck
  - 9. Utilities Expense
  - 10. Dividends
  - 11. Truck Expense
  - 12. Prepaid Insurance
  - 13. Fees Earned
  - 14. Miscellaneous Expense
  - 15. Insurance Expense
  - 16. Notes Payable
  - 17. Accounts Receivable

ANSWER: 11 Cash

12 Accounts Receivable

13 Supplies

14 Prepaid Insurance

15 Equipment

16 Truck

21 Accounts Payable

22 Notes Payable

31 Common Stock

32 Dividends

41 Fees Earned

51 Wages Expense

52 Rent Expense

53 Utilities Expense

54 Truck Expense

55 Insurance Expense

56 Miscellaneous Expense

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

181. The chart of accounts classifies the accounts to make identification of the accounts easier. Describe the numbering system businesses use in setting up the chart of accounts.

ANSWER: A chart of accounts is set up by assigning 2-digit numbers to each of the accounts

for use as references. The first digit indicates the major account group of the ledger in which the account is located. Accounts beginning with 1 represent assets; 2, liabilities; 3, stockholders' equity; 4, revenue; 5, expenses. The second digit indicates the location of the account within its group. Large companies may

have additional digits to accommodate a large number of accounts.

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

**BUSPROG:** Analytic

182. On January 31, the cash account balance was \$96,750. During January, cash receipts totaled \$305,000 and cash payments totaled \$375,880. Determine the cash balance on January 1.

*ANSWER*: ??? + \$305,000 - \$375,880 = \$96,750

Cash balance at January 1 is \$167,630

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Applying

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

183. Organize the following accounts into the usual sequence of a chart of accounts.

Miscellaneous Expense Accounts Payable Accounts Receivable

Cash

Common Stock Fees Earned Prepaid Rent Salaries Expense Unearned Revenue

Dividends

ANSWER: Cash

Accounts Receivable

Prepaid Rent Accounts Payable Unearned Revenue Common Stock Dividends Fees Earned Salaries Expense

Miscellaneous Expense

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

#### 184. Calculate the following:

(a) Determine the cash receipts for April based on the following data:

Cash payments during April \$63,000
Cash account balance, April 1 25,500
Cash account balance, April 30 31,750

(b) Determine the cash received from customers on account during April based on the following data:

Accounts receivable account balance, April 1 \$22,500
Accounts receivable account balance, April 30 15,250
Fees billed to customers during April 45,000

ANSWER: (a) \$69,250 (\$31,750 + \$63,000 - \$25,500)

(b) \$52,250 (\$22,500 + \$45,000 - \$15,250)

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Applying

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

Asset - A	D	evenue - R		
Liability - L		spense - E		
None of the above - N	127	xpense - E		
(b) In the second column, ind	icate the increa	se side of each acco	unt by inserting Dr. o	r Cr.
Account	,	Type of Account	Increase Side	
(1) Supplies				
(2) Notes Receivable				
(3) Fees Earned				
(4) Retained Earnings				
(5) Accounts Payable				
(6) Salaries Expense				
(7) Common Stock				
(8) Accounts Receivable				
(9) Equipment				
(10) Notes Payable				
ANSWER:		Type of Ac	count	Increase Side
	(1)	A		Dr.
	(2)	A		Dr.
	(3)	R		Cr.
	(4)	N		Dr.
	(5)	L		Cr.
	(6)	Е		Dr.
	(7)	N		Cr.
	(8)	A		Dr.
	(9)	A		Dr.
	(10)	L		Cr.
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate Bloom's: A	pplying		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	EARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01 FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02			
ACCREDITING STANDARDS	S ACCT ACB	SP APC 02 - GA AT	)	

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

186. All nine transactions for Dalton Survey Company for September, the first month of operations, are recorded in the following T accounts:

	Cash		Common Stock	
(1)	20,000(3)	7,500	$\frac{}{(1)}  2$	0,000
(7)	6,900(5)	2,600		
(9)	4,700(6)	5,500		
	(8)	2,000	I	
	Accounts Receivable	<b>:</b>	Dividends	
(4)	4,900(9)	4,700	(8) 2,000	
	Supplies		Fees Earned	
$\overline{(3)}$	7,500		$\phantom{aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa$	4,900
			(7)	6,900
	Equipment		Operating Expenses	
(2)	4,500		(6) 5,500	
	Accounts Payable			
(5)	2,600(2)	4,500		

Indicate the following for each debit and each credit:

- (a) The type of account affected (asset, liability, equity, dividends, revenue, or expense).
- (b) The effect on the account, using "+" for increase and "-" for decrease.

Present your answers in the following form:

_	ccount Debited Type Effect	Account Credited Type Effect				
ANSWER:		Account Debited Account Credi			<u>Credited</u>	
	<u>Transaction</u>	<u>Type</u>	<b>Effect</b>	<u>Type</u>	<b>Effect</b>	
	(1)	asset	+	equity	+	
	(2)	asset	+	liability	+	
	(3)	asset	+	asset	_	
	(4)	asset	+	revenue	+	
	(5)	liability	_	asset	_	
	(6)	expense	+	asset	_	
	(7)	asset	+	revenue	+	
	(8)	equity	+	asset	_	
	(9)	asset	+	asset	_	
DIFFICULTY:	Challenging Bloom's: Appl	Challenging Bloom's: Applying				
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:		FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01 FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02				
ACCREDITING STANDAR		: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions				

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

187. On June 1, the cash account balance was \$96,750. During June, cash receipts totaled \$305,000 and the June 30 balance was \$75,880. Determine the cash payments made during June.

*ANSWER*: \$75,880 = \$96,750 + \$305,000 - ?

Cash payments = \$325,870

DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Applying

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01

FNMN.WARD.16.02-03 - LO: 02-03

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 188. On January 1, Merry Walker and other stockholders established a catering service. Listed below are accounts to use for transactions (a) through (d), each identified by a number. Following this list are the transactions that occurred during the first month of operations. You are to indicate for each transaction the accounts that should be debited and credited by placing the account number(s) in the appropriate box.
  - 1. Cash
  - 2. Accounts Receivable
  - 3. Supplies
  - 4. Prepaid Insurance
  - 5. Equipment
  - 6. Truck
  - 7. Notes Payable
  - 8. Accounts Payable
  - 9. Common Stock
  - 10. Dividends
  - 11. Fees Earned
  - 12. Wages Expense
  - 13. Rent Expense
  - 14. Utilities Expense
  - 15. Truck Expense
  - 16. Miscellaneous Expense

Transactions	Account(s) Debited	Account(s) Credited
a. Stockholders purchased shares of common stock.		
b. Paid rent for the period of January 3 to the end of the month.		
c. Purchased truck for \$30,000 with a cash down payment of \$5,000 and the remainder on a note.		
d. Purchased equipment on account.		

#### ANSWER:

Transactions	Account(s) Debited	Account(s) Credited
a.	1	9
b.	13	1
c.	6	1,7
d.	5	8

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01

FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02 FNMN.WARD.16.02-03 - LO: 02-03

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 189. On January 1, Merry Walker and other stockholders established a catering service. Listed below are accounts to use for transactions (a) through (e), each identified by a number. Following this list are the transactions that occurred in Walker's first month of operation. You are to indicate for each transaction the accounts that should be debited and credited by placing the account number(s) in the appropriate box.
  - 1. Cash
  - 2. Accounts Receivable
  - 3. Supplies
  - 4. Prepaid Insurance
  - 5. Equipment
  - 6. Truck
  - 7. Notes Payable
  - 8. Accounts Payable
  - 9. Common Stock
  - 10. Dividends
  - 11. Fees Earned
  - 12. Wages Expense
  - 13. Rent Expense
  - 14. Utilities Expense
  - 15. Truck Expense
  - 16. Miscellaneous Expense
  - 17. Insurance Expense

Transactions	Account(s) Debited	Account(s) Credited
a. Purchased supplies for cash.		
b. Paid the annual premiums on property and casualty insurance.		
c. Received cash for a job previously recorded on account.		
d. Paid a creditor a portion of the amount owed for equipment previously purchased on account.		
e. Received cash for a completed job.		

#### ANSWER:

Transactions	Account(s) Debited	Account(s) Credited
a.	3	1
b.	4	1
c.	1	2
d.	8	1
e.	1	11

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01

FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02 FNMN.WARD.16.02-03 - LO: 02-03

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 190. On January 1, Merry Walker and other stockholders established a catering service. Listed below are accounts to use for transactions (a) through (f), each identified by a number. Following this list are the transactions that occurred in Walker's first month of operations. You are to indicate for each transaction the accounts that should be debited and credited by placing the account number(s) in the appropriate box.
  - 1. Cash
  - 2. Accounts Receivable
  - 3. Supplies
  - 4. Prepaid Insurance
  - 5. Equipment
  - 6. Truck
  - 7. Notes Payable
  - 8. Accounts Payable
  - 9. Common Stock
  - 10. Dividends
  - 11. Fees Earned
  - 12. Wages Expense
  - 13. Rent Expense
  - 14. Utilities Expense
  - 15. Truck Expense
  - 16. Miscellaneous Expense
  - 17. Insurance Expense

Transactions	Account(s) Debited	Account(s) Credited
Recorded jobs completed on account and sent invoices to customers.		
b. Received an invoice for truck expenses to be paid in February.		
c. Paid utilities expense		
d. Received cash from customers on account.		
e. Paid employee wages.		
f. Paid dividends to stockholders.		

ANSWER:

Transactions	Account(s) Debited	Account(s) Credited
a.	2	11
b.	15	8
c.	14	1
d.	1	2
e.	12	1
f.	10	1

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01

FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02 FNMN.WARD.16.02-03 - LO: 02-03

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 191. Listed below are accounts to use for transactions (a) through (d), each identified by a number. Following this list are the transactions. You are to indicate for each transaction the accounts that should be debited and credited by placing the account number(s) in the appropriate box.
  - 1. Cash
  - 2. Accounts Receivable
  - 3. Office Supplies
  - 4. Land
  - 5. Interest Receivable
  - 6. Building
  - 7. Accumulated Depreciation—Building
  - 8. Depreciation Expense—Building
  - 9. Accounts Payable
  - 10. Interest Payable
  - 11. Insurance Payable
  - 12. Utilities Expense
  - 13. Notes Payable
  - 14. Prepaid Insurance
  - 15. Service Revenue
  - 16. Common Stock
  - 17. Insurance Expense
  - 18. Interest Expense
  - 19. Office Supplies Expense
  - 20. Unearned Service Revenue
  - 21. Dividends

Transactions	Account(s) Debited	Account(s) Credited
a. Utility bill is received; payment will be made in 10 days.		
b. Paid the utility bill previously recorded in transaction (a).		
c. Bought a three-year insurance policy and paid in full.		
d. Received \$7,000 from a contract to perform accounting services over the next two years.		

ANSWER:

	Debit	Credit
a.	12	9
b.	9	1
c.	14	1
d.	1	20

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01

FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02 FNMN.WARD.16.02-03 - LO: 02-03

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 192. The following two situations are independent of each other.
  - 1. On June 1, the cash account balance was \$45,750. During June, cash payments totaled \$243,910, and the June 30 balance was \$53,200. Determine the cash receipts during June and show your calculation.
  - 2. On March 1, the supplies account balance was \$1,800. During March, supplies of \$2,450 were purchased, and \$630 of supplies were on hand as of March 31. Determine the supplies expense for March and show your calculation.

ANSWER: 1. \$53,200 = \$45,750 + Cash receipts - \$243,910

Cash receipts = \$251,360

2. \$630 = \$1,800 + \$2,450 - Supplies expense

Supplies expense = \$3,620

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Applying

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01

FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

FNMN.WARD.16.02-03 - LO: 02-03

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 193. Set up T accounts for Cash; Accounts Receivable; Supplies; Accounts Payable; Common Stock; Dividends; Professional Fees; and Operating Expenses.
  - (a) In the T accounts, record the following transactions of Potter Pool Services for June, identifying each entry by number:
    - (1) Shareholders invested \$12,500 cash in the business by purchasing common stock.
    - (2) Purchased supplies on account, \$6,250.
    - (3) Paid operating expenses, \$5,500.
    - (4) Billed clients for fees, \$7,440.
    - (5) Received cash from cash clients, \$4,700.
    - (6) Paid creditors on account, \$1,400.
    - (7) Received \$3,100 from clients on account.
    - (8) Paid \$1,500 cash dividends.
  - (b) Prepare a trial balance as of June 30 for Potter Pool Services.
  - (c) Assuming that supplies expense (which has not been recorded) amounts to \$1,500 for June, determine the following:
    - (1) Net income for the month.
    - (2) Stockholders' equity as of June 30.

ANSWER:

(a)			
	Cash		Common Stock
(1)	12,500(3)	5,500	(1) 12,500
(5)	4,700(6)	1,400	
(7)	<u>3,100</u> (8)	_1,500	
Bal.	11.900		

Accounts Receivable			Dividends		
(4)	<u>7,440</u> (7)	3,100	(8)	1,500	
Bal.	4,340				

	Supplies	Professional Fees
(2)	6,250	(4) 7,440
		(5) <u>4,700</u>
		Bal. 12,140

	Accounts Payable			Operating Expenses	
(6)	<u>1,400</u> (2)	6,250	(3)	5,500	
	Bal.	4,850			

(b)
Potter Pool Services
Trial Balance

June 3	50	
Cash	11,900	_
Accounts Receivable	4,340	
Supplies	6,250	
Accounts Payable		4,850
Common Stock		12,500
Dividends	1,500	
Professional Fees		12,140
Operating Expenses	_5,500	
	<u>29,490</u>	<u>29,490</u>

(c) (1) \$\frac{\$5,140}{}\$ (\$12,140 - \$5,500 - \$1,500) (2) \$16,140 (\$12,500 + \$5,140 - \$1,500)

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Applying

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01

FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02 FNMN.WARD.16.02-03 - LO: 02-03 FNMN.WARD.16.02-04 - LO: 02-04

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

194. On September 1, Erika Company purchased land for \$47,500 cash. Provide the journal entry for this transaction.

ANSWER: Sept. 1 Land 47,500

Cash 47,500

Purchased land for the company.

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Applying

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 195. On October 10, Nikle Company purchased supplies for \$1,800 on account. On October 25, Nikle Company paid the invoice.
  - (a) Provide the journal entry for the purchase on account.
  - (b) Provide the journal entry for the payment of the invoice.

ANSWER: (a) Oct. 10 Supplies 1,800

Accounts Payable 1,800

Purchased supplies on account.

(b) Oct. 25 Accounts Payable 1,800

Cash 1,800

Paid for supplies on account.

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Applying

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

196. On October 17, Nikle Company purchased a building and a plot of land for \$750,000. The building was valued at \$500,000 while the land carried a value of \$250,000. Nikle paid \$300,000 down in cash and signed a note payable for the balance. Provide the journal entry for this transaction.

ANSWER: Oct. 17 Building 500,000

Land 250,000

 Cash
 300,000

 Notes Payable
 450,000

Purchased building and land with cash down payment.

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Applying

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

197. On November 1, Nikle Company made a cash payment of \$200,000 on a note payable that was generated in the purchase of a building and land. Provide the journal entry for this transaction.

ANSWER: Nov. 1 Notes Payable 200,000

Cash 200,000

Made payment on note payable.

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Applying

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

198. On January 7, stockholders invest \$45,000 to initiate the operation of a business, JumpStart. Provide the journal entry for this transaction.

ANSWER: Jan. 7 Cash 45,000

Common Stock 45,000

Invest cash in JumpStart.

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Applying

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

199. On January 8, stockholders transfer ownership of several pieces of office equipment to the new business, JumpStart, for common stock. When new, these items were worth \$72,500. The fair market value of the equipment is \$60,000. Journalize this transfer.

ANSWER: Jan. 8 Office Equipment 60,000

Common Stock 60,000

Invested equipment in business.

While stockholders may have paid \$72,500 for this equipment sometime in the past, it should be transferred into the company at fair market value

(FMV), \$60,000.

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Applying

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

200. On August 30, JumpStart incurred the following expenses:

Payment to the landlord for August rent, \$2,300

Payment to the Gas & Electric Company for August's bill, \$525 Payment of employee wages for the last half of August, \$1,750 Payment of shopping center's parking lot cleaning fee, \$275

Journalize these payments as one compound journal entry.

ANSWER:

Aug. 30Rent Expense2,300Utilities Expense525Wages Expense1,750Maintenance Expense275

Cash 4,850

Paid expenses.

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Applying

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.04 - Cash vs. Accrual

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

201. On October 30, JumpStart pays \$3,330 in dividends to its stockholders. Journalize this event.

ANSWER: Oct. 30 Dividends 3,330

Cash 3,330

Payment of dividends to stockholders.

DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Applying

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

202. Several transactions are listed below, with the accounting equation stated to the right side of each. Use the following identification codes to indicate the effects of each transaction on the accounting equation. Write your answers in the space provided under the accounting equation. You need an identification code for **each** element of the accounting equation. An example is given before the first transaction.

I-Increase	D-Decrease	e	NE-No Effec	et			
			Assets	=	Liabilities	+	Stockholders' Equity
Example	A stockholder invest business by giving e valued at \$3,500.		I		NE		I
(a)	Cash sales are made		<u>=</u>				
(b)	Equipment is purcha credit.	sed on					
(c)	Payment is made for equipment purchased (b).						
(d)	The company sold essupplies to another corredit.						
(e)	Cash is collected fro for accounts receival						
ANSWER:				As	ssets =	Liabilities	Stockholders' + Equity
		(a) Casl	h sales are				<del></del>
		mad	le.		<u> </u>	NE	I
			ipment is chased on cred	lit	<u>I</u> _	I	NE
			ment is made equipment	for			
		purc in (b	chased on credo).		<u>D</u> _	<u>D</u>	NE
		exce	company soless supplies to the company	)			
		cred			<u>NE</u> _	<u>NE</u>	NE
		acco	n customers fo ounts receivab nces.	le	<u>ne</u> _	<u>NE</u>	NE
DIFFICULT	TY:	Moderate Bloom's: A	applying				
LEARNING	OBJECTIVES:	FNMN.W	ARD.16.02-02	2 - LO: (	02-02		
	ING STANDARDS:	ACCT.AC	BSP.APC.02 BSP.APC.09 CPA.FN.03 - 1	- GAAF - Financ	o cial Statemen	nts	

203. Journalize the following five transactions for Nexium & Associates, Inc. Omit explanations.

March 1 Bills are sent to clients for services provided in February in the amount of \$800.

- 9 Corner Office, Inc. delivers office furniture (\$1,060) and office supplies (\$160) to Nexium, leaving an invoice for \$1,220.
- Payment is made to Corner Office, Inc. for the furniture and office supplies delivered on March 9.
- A bill for \$430 for electricity for the month of March is received and will be paid on its due date in April.
- 31 Salaries of \$850 are paid to employees.

ANSWER:	March 1	Accounts Receivable Service Revenue	800	800
	9	Office Furniture Office Supplies Accounts Payable	1,060 160	1,220
	15	Accounts Payable Cash	1,220	1,220
	23	Electricity Expense Accounts Payable	430	430
	31	Salaries Expense Cash	850	850

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Applying

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

04. For the following, mark a "D" if account normally has a credit ba	the following account normally has a debit balance and mark a "C" if the following lance.
1. Notes Payable	
2. Mortgage Payable	
3. Dividends	
4. Accounts Receivable	
5. Common Stock	
6. Rent Revenue	
7. Unearned Income	
8. Utility Expense	
9. Automobiles	
ANSWER:	1.C 2.C 3.D 4.D 5.C 6.C 7.C 8.D 9.D
DIFFICULTY:	Easy
	Bloom's: Remembering
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP
	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions
	ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement
	BUSPROG: Analytic

205. Increases and decreases in various types of accounts are listed below. In each case, indicate by "Dr." or "Cr." (a) whether the change in the account would be recorded as a debit or a credit and (b) whether the normal balance of the account is a debit or a credit.

the account is a debit of a cred	11.	(a)	(b)	
		Recorded	Normal	
		As	Balance	
(1) Increase in Common Sto	ek	115	<u>Darance</u>	
(2) Increase in Dividends				
(3) Decrease in Accounts Re	ceivable			
(4) Increase in Note Payable				
(5) Increase in Accounts Pay	able			
(6) Decrease in Supplies				
(7) Decrease in Salaries Exp	ense			
(8) Increase in Accounts Rec				
(9) Increase in Cash				
(10) Decrease in Land				
ANSWER:	(1)	<u>(a)</u>		<u>(b)</u>
	(1)	Cr.		Cr.
	(2)	Dr.		Dr.
	(3)	Cr.		Dr.
	(4)	Cr.		Cr.
	(5)	Cr.		Cr.
	(6)	Cr.		Dr.
	(7)	Cr.		Dr.
	(8)	Dr.		Dr.
	(9)	Dr.		Dr.
	(10)	Cr.		Dr.
DIFFICULTY:	Moderate			
	Bloom's: Apply	ring		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:		16.02-02 - LO: 02	-02	
ACCREDITING STANDARDS				
		APC.06 - Recording	•	
	ACCT.AICPA.l	FN.03 - Measurem	ent	

206. Record the following selected transactions for April in a two-column journal, identifying each entry by letter:

- (a) Received \$18,000 from sale of common stock.
- (b) Purchased equipment for \$27,000, paying \$10,000 in cash and giving a note payable for the remainder.
- (c) Paid \$2,300 for rent for April.
- (d) Purchased \$1,500 of supplies on account.
- (e) Recorded \$9,800 of fees earned on account.
- (f) Received \$7,500 in cash for fees earned.
- (g) Paid \$1,200 to creditors on account.
- (h) Paid wages of \$3,425.
- (i) Received \$7,900 from customers on account.
- (i) Recorded dividends of \$1,875.

• /				
ANSWER:	(a)	Cash Common Stock	18,000	18,000
	(b)	Equipment 2 Cash Notes Payable	27,000	10,000 17,000
	(c)	Rent Expense Cash	2,300	2,300
	(d)	Supplies Accounts Payable	1,500	1,500
	(e)	Accounts Receivable Fees Earned	9,800	9,800
	(f)	Cash Fees Earned	7,500	7,500
	(g)	Accounts Payable Cash	1,200	1,200
	(h)	Wages Expense Cash	3,425	3,425
	(i)	Cash Accounts Receivable	7,900	7,900
	(j)	Dividends Cash	1,875	1,875
DIFFICULTY:		allenging		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:		oom's: Applying MN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02		
ACCREDITING STANDARDS:		CCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions CCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement		

207. On January 12, JumpStart Co. purchased \$870 in office supplies.

- (a) Journalize this transaction as if JumpStart paid cash.
- (b) (1) Journalize this transaction as if JumpStart placed it on account.
- (b) (2) On January 18, JumpStart pays the amount due. Journalize this event.

ANSWER:	(a) Jan. 12	Office Supplies Cash	870	870
	(b)(1) Jan. 12	Office Supplies Accounts Payable	870	870
	(b)(2) Jan. 18	Accounts Payable Cash	870	870

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Applying

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 208. On November 10, JumpStart Co. provides \$2,900 in services to clients. At the time of service, the clients paid \$600 in cash and put the balance on account.
  - (a) Journalize this event.
  - (b) On November 20, JumpStart Co. clients paid an additional \$900 on their accounts due. Journalize this event.
  - (c) Calculate the accounts receivable balance on November 30.

ANSWER:	(a) Nov. 10	Cash	600
		Accounts Receivable	2,300

Fees Earned 2,900

(b) Nov. 20 Cash 900

Accounts Receivable 900

(c)

Original invoice \$2,900
Less cash paid upon completion 600
Original amount on accounts receivable \$2,300
Less Nov. 20 payment 900
Accounts receivable balance \$1,400

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Applying

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

**BUSPROG:** Analytic

209. Prepare a journal entry for the purchase of a truck on April 4 for \$85,700, paying \$15,000 cash and the remainder on account. Omit explanation.

ANSWER: April 4 Truck 85,700

Cash 15,000

Accounts Payable 70,700

DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Applying

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.04 - Cash vs. Accrual

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

210. Journalize the following selected transactions for January. Explanations may be omitted.

- Jan. 1 Received cash from the sale of common stock, \$14,000.
  - 2 Received cash for providing accounting services, \$9,500.
  - 3 Billed customers on account for providing services, \$4,200.
  - 4 Paid advertising expense, \$700.
  - 5 Received cash from customers on account, \$2,500.
  - 6 Paid dividends, \$1,010.
  - 7 Received telephone bill, \$900.
  - 8 Paid telephone bill, \$900.

Date	Description	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit

ANSWER:

Date	Description	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit
Jan. 1	Cash		14,000	
	Common Stock			14,000
2	Cash		9,500	
	Revenues			9,500
3	Accounts Receivable		4,200	
	Revenues			4,200
4	Advertising Expense		700	
	Cash			700
5	Cash		2,500	
	Accounts Receivable			2,500
6	Dividends		1,010	
	Cash			1,010
7	Telephone Expense		900	
	Accounts Payable			900
8	Accounts Payable		900	
	Cash			900

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Applying

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 211. On December 1, JumpStart Company provides \$2,800 in services to clients.
  - (a) Journalize this event as if the clients had paid cash at the time the services were rendered.
  - (b)(1) Journalize this event as if the clients had placed this on account.
  - (b)(2) Assume that the clients paid \$1,200 of the amount on account on December 30. Journalize this transaction.

ANSWER:	(a) Dec. 1	Cash Fees Earned	2,800	2,800
	(b)(1) Dec. 1	Accounts Receivable Fees Earned	2,800	2,800
	(b)(2) Dec. 30	Cash	1,200	_,
		Accounts Receivable		1,200

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Applying

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

- 212. Analyze the effect of the following transactions on the accounting equation.
  - (a) The company paid \$725 to a vendor for supplies purchased previously on account.
  - (b) The company performed \$850 of services and billed the customer.
  - (c) The company received a utility bill for \$395 and will pay it next month.
  - (d) The company paid dividends of \$145.
  - (e) The company paid \$315 in salaries to its employees.
  - (f) The company collected \$730 of cash from its customers on account.

Some of the possible effects of a transaction on the accounting equation are listed below:

- (1) Assets, Dr.; Assets, Cr.
- (2) Assets, Dr.; Stockholders' Equity, Cr.
- (3) Assets, Dr.; Liabilities, Cr.
- (4) Assets, Dr.; Revenues, Cr.
- (5) Liabilities, Dr.; Assets, Cr.
- (6) Dividends, Dr.; Assets, Cr.
- (7) Expenses, Dr.; Assets, Cr.
- (8) Expenses, Dr.; Liabilities, Cr.

Put the appropriate letter next to each transaction.

ANSWER:	Transaction	Effect on the accounting equation
111,577 211	(a)	5
	(b)	4
	(c)	8
	(d)	6
	(e)	7
	(f)	1

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Applying

*LEARNING OBJECTIVES*: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02 *ACCREDITING STANDARDS*: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

213. Prepare a journal entry on October 12 for the fees earned on account, \$14,600. Omit explanation.

ANSWER: Oct. 12 Accounts Receivable 14,600

Fees Earned 14,600

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Applying

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

FNMN.WARD.16.02-03 - LO: 02-03

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

				x Rentals described below. wo new saws on credit at \$425 each. T Mirmax's rental inventory. Payment is d		
	8	Mirmax accepts advance deposits for tool rentals of \$125 that will be applied to the cash rental when the tools are returned.				
	15			oill from Macon Utility Company for ue in 30 days.		
	20		_	ged \$1,250 by Mirmax for tool due from the customers in 30 days.		
	31			00 in payments from the customers rentals on August 20.		
ANSWER:	•		Aug. 1	Equipment Accounts Payable	850	850
			8	Cash Unearned Revenue	125	125
			15	Utilities Expense Accounts Payable	180	180
			20	Accounts Receivable Rental Revenue	1,250	1,250
DIEELCH			31 M. 1	Cash Accounts Receivable	600	600
DIFFICU.	LTY:		Moderate Bloom's:	Applying		
LEARNIN	G OBJEC'	TIVES:	FNMN.W	VARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02 VARD.16.02-03 - LO: 02-03		
ACCREDA	ITING STA	NDARDS:	ACCT.Al	CBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions ICPA.FN.03 - Measurement OG: Analytic		

215. State for each account whether it is likely to have (a) debit entries only, (b) credit entries only, or (c) both debit and credit entries when recording business transactions during the month. Also, indicate the normal balance of each account.

Fees Earned
 Utilities Expense
 Cash

3. Accounts Payable 6. Accounts Receivable

ANSWER: 1. Credit entries only, normal credit balance

2. Debit entries only, normal debit balance

3. Both debit and credit entries, normal credit balance4. Both debit and credit entries, normal debit balance5. Both debit and credit entries, normal debit balance6. Both debit and credit entries, normal debit balance

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Applying

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

FNMN.WARD.16.02-03 - LO: 02-03

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

216. The bookkeeper for Brockton Industries prepared the following journal entries and posted the entries to the general ledger as indicated in the T accounts presented. Assume that the dollar amounts and the descriptions of the entries are correct.
 July 3 Accounts Receivable 1,000

the chi	iics aic t	correct.		
July	3	Accounts Receivable Service Revenue Customers were billed for services completed.	1,000	1,000
	11	Cash Accounts Receivable Payment is received from a customer billed for services on July 3.	500	500
	12	Office Supplies Accounts Payable Purchased office supplies on credit; payment is due in 30 days.	600	600
	25	Office Furniture  Cash  Payment is made for office furniture received on July 25.	700	700

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE				SERVICE REVENUE			
7/3	1,000		7/3	1,000 7/11	500		
	CASH			ACCOUNTS PAYAL	BLE		
7/11	500 7/25	700	7/12	600			
OFFICE SUPPLIES				OFFICE FURNITUR	E.		
7/12	600		7/25	700			

**Required**: If you assume that all journal entries have been recorded correctly, use the above information to:

(1) Identify the postings to the general ledger that were made incorrectly.

(2) Describe how each incorrect posting should have been made.

ANSWER: (1) The bookkeeper incorrectly posted the July 3, July 11, and 12 journal entries.

(2) For the July 3 journal entry, the \$1,000 credit to Service Revenue should have been posted to the Service Revenue account as a credit, not as a debit. For

the July 11 journal entry, the \$500 credit should be posted to Accounts Receivable, not to Service Revenue. For the July 12 journal entry, the \$600 credit to Accounts Payable should have been posted as a credit, not as a debit.

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Applying

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-03 - LO: 02-03

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

**BUSPROG:** Analytic

#### 217. Journalize the entries to correct the following errors:

(a) A purchase of supplies for \$500 on account was recorded and posted as a debit to Supplies for \$200 and as a credit to Accounts Receivable for \$200.

(b) A receipt of \$2,500 from Fees Earned was recorded and posted as a debit to Fees Earned for \$2,500 and a credit to Cash for \$2,500.

ANSWER: (a) Accounts Receivable 200

Supplies 200

Supplies 500

Accounts Payable 500

(b) Cash 5,000

Fees Earned 5,000

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Applying

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-04 - LO: 02-04

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

218. On November 30, the company accountant discovers that \$550 of a transaction recording the purchase of office supplies was really office equipment. Prepare the journal entry to correct this situation.

ANSWER: Nov. 30 Office Equipment 550

Office Supplies 550

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Applying

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-04 - LO: 02-04

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

**BUSPROG:** Analytic

- 219. The following errors took place in journalizing and posting transactions:
  - a. Dividends were recorded as a debit to Office Expense and a credit to Cash.
  - b. Accounts receivable payment for \$7,800 was recorded as a debit to Cash and a credit to Fees Earned.

Journalize the entries to correct the errors. Omit the explanations.

ANSWER: a. Dividends 5,000

Office Expense 5,000

b. Fees Earned 7,800

Accounts Receivable 7,800

DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Applying

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-04 - LO: 02-04

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG:

Analytic

- 220. For each of the following errors, considered individually, indicate whether the error would cause the trial balance tot to be unequal. If the error would cause the trial balance totals to be unequal, indicate whether the debit or credit total is higher and by how much.
  - A. Payment of a cash dividend \$6,800 was journalized and posted as a debit of \$8,600 to Salaries Expense and a credit of \$8,600 to Cash.
  - B. A fee of \$9,780 earned was debited to Accounts Receivable for \$7,980 and credited to Fees Earned for \$9,780.
  - C. A payment of \$3,000 to a creditor was posted as a credit of \$3,000 to Accounts Payable and a credit of \$3,000 to Cash.

ANSWER: a. The totals are equal.

b. The totals are unequal. The credit total is higher by \$1,800.

c. The totals are unequal. The credit total is higher by \$6,000.

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Applying

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-04 - LO: 02-04

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

221. Below is the unadjusted trial balance for Dawson Designs.

# REQUIRED:

- (1) Identify the errors in the trial balance. All accounts have normal balances.
- (2) Prepare a corrected trial balance.

Dawson Designs Co.							
Unadjusted Trial Balance							
For t	For the Month of January						
	Debits	Credits					
Cash	23,000						
Accounts Receivable		49,700					
Prepaid Insurance	11,300						
Equipment	150,500						
Accounts Payable	6,050						
Salaries Payable		4,250					
Common Stock		110,000					
Dividends		18,500					
Service Revenue		236,600					
Salary Expense	98,930						
Miscellaneous Expense		4,970					
	424,020	424,020					

c.

ANSWER: (1)

a. The debit column is added incorrectly; the sum is actually \$289,780.

b. The trial balance should be dated January 31, rather than "For the Month of January"

The Accounts Receivable balance should be in the debit column.

d. The Accounts Payable balance should be in the credit column.

e. The Dividends balance should be in the debit column.

f. The Miscellaneous Expense balance should be in the debit column.

(2)

(2)						
Daws	on Designs Co.					
Unadjus	sted Trial Balance					
J	January 31					
Debits Credits						
Cash	23,000					
Accounts Receivable	49,700					
Prepaid Insurance	11,300					
Equipment	150,500					
Accounts Payable		6,050				
Salaries Payable		4,250				
Common Stock		110,000				
Dividends	18,500					
Service Revenue		236,600				
Salary Expense	98,930					
Miscellaneous Expense	4,970					
-	356,900	<u>356,900</u>				

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Applying

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-04 - LO: 02-04 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

222. Prepare a trial balance, listing the following accounts in proper sequence. The accounts (all normal balances) were taken from the ledger of Sophie Designs Co. on April 30.

Accounts Payable	\$ 4,100	Rent Expense	\$11,500
Accounts Receivable	3,450	Salary Expense	14,000
Cash	6,700	Fees Earned	45,425
Common Stock	17,800	Supplies	3,125
Dividends	7,500	Supplies Expense	1,700
Equipment	14,500	Utilities Expense	4,000
Miscellaneous Expense	850	1	,

ANSWER:

Sophie Designs
Trial Balance
April 30

April 30	)	
Cash	6,700	
Accounts Receivable	3,450	
Supplies	3,125	
Equipment	14,500	
Accounts Payable		4,100
Common Stock		17,800
Dividends	7,500	
Fees Earned		45,425
Salary Expense	14,000	
Rent Expense	11,500	
Utilities Expense	4,000	
Supplies Expense	1,700	
Miscellaneous Expense	<u>850</u>	
_	<u>67,325</u>	<u>67,325</u>

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Applying

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-04 - LO: 02-04

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 223.(a) List the errors in the following trial balance. All accounts have normal balances.
  - (b) What would be the new totals of the trial balance after errors are corrected? What would be the balance of Accounts Receivable?

## Winslow's Auto Body Trial Balance For Month Ending April 30

	C I	
Cash		19,475
Accounts Receivable	?	
Supplies		1,000
Equipment	15,000	
Prepaid Insurance		500
Accounts Payable		2,500
Common Stock	17,000	
Dividends		1,000
Fees Earned		49,600
Salary Expense	14,500	
Rent Expense		9,000
Utilities Expense	1,400	
Supplies Expense	3,900	
Miscellaneous Expense	250	
•	<u>55,000</u>	<u>81,575</u>

ANSWER:

- In the heading, the date should be April 30; not for a period of time. (a) (1)
  - The Cash balance should be a debit. (2)
  - (3) The Accounts Receivable balance is missing.
  - The Supplies balance should be a debit.
  - The Prepaid Insurance balance should be a debit and this account should follow Accounts Receivable.
  - The Common Stock balance should be a credit. (6)
  - The Dividends balance should be a debit. (7)
  - Rent Expense should be a debit. (8)
  - The trial balance does not balance.
- (b) The new total for credits would be \$69,100 (\$2,500 accounts payable + \$49,600 fees earned + \$17,000 common stock). Accounts receivable would be \$3,075 (\$69,100 total credits – \$66,025 corrected debits).

Challenging DIFFICULTY:

Bloom's: Applying

LEARNING OBJECTIVES:

FNMN.WARD.16.02-04 - LO: 02-04 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

- 224. Answer the following questions for each of the errors listed below, considered individually:
  - Did the error cause the trial balance totals to be unequal?
  - What is the amount of the difference between the trial balance totals (where applicable)?
  - Which of the trial balance totals, debit or credit, is the larger (where applicable)? (c)

Present your answers in columnar form, using the following headings:

Error	Totals	Difference in Totals	Larger of Totals
(identifying number)	(equal or unequal)	(amount)	(debit or credit)

#### Errors:

- A dividend of \$3,000 cash to shareholders was recorded by a debit of \$3,000 to Salary Expense and a credit of \$3,000 to Cash.
- A \$650 purchase of supplies on account was recorded as a debit of \$1,650 to Equipment and a credit of \$1,650 to Accounts Payable.
- A purchase of equipment for \$3,450 on account was not recorded. (3)
- A \$870 receipt on account was recorded as a \$870 debit to Cash and a \$780 credit to Accounts Receivable.
- A payment of \$1,530 cash on account was recorded only as a credit to Cash. (5)
- Cash sales of \$8,500 were recorded as a credit of \$8,500 to Cash and a credit of \$8,500 to Fees Earned.
- The debit to record a \$4,000 cash receipt on account was posted twice; the credit was posted once.
- The credit to record a \$300 cash payment on account was posted twice; the (8) debit was posted once.
- (9) The debit balance of \$7,400 in Accounts Receivable was recorded in the trial balance as a debit of \$7,200.

ANSWER:	<u>Error</u>	<u>Totals</u>	Difference in Tota	Larger of Totals
	(1)	equal	_	_
	(2)	equal	_	_
	(3)	equal	_	_
	(4)	unequal	\$ 90	debit
	(5)	unequal	1,530	credit
	(6)	unequal	17,000	credit
	(7)	unequal	4,000	debit
	(8)	unequal	300	credit
	(9)	unequal	200	credit
DIFFICULTY:	Challengir	ng		

Bloom's: Applying

LEARNING OBJECTIVES:

FNMN.WARD.16.02-04 - LO: 02-04 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

**Exhibit 2-1**All nine transactions for Ralston Sports Co. for September, the first month of operations, are recorded in the following T accounts:

	Cash			Common Stock	
(1)	25,000(3)	12,500		(1)	25,000
(7)	11,900(5)	7,600			
(9)	9,700(6)	10,500			
, ,	(8)	7,000			
	Accounts Receivable			Dividends	
(4)	9,900(9)	9,700	(8)	7,000	
	Supplies			Fees Earned	
(3)	12,500			(4)	9,900
,				(7)	11,900
	Equipment			Operating Expense	
(2)	9,500		(6)	10,500	
	Accounts Payable				
(5)	7,600(2)	9,500			

#### 225. Refer to Exhibit 2-1. Prepare a trial balance, listing the accounts in their proper order.

#### ANSWER:

#### Ralston Sports Company Trial Balance September 30

J	
9,000	
200	
12,500	
9,500	
	1,900
	25,000
7,000	
	21,800
<u>10,500</u>	
48,700	<u>48,700</u>
	9,000 200 12,500 9,500 7,000

DIFFICULTY: Easy

Bloom's: Applying

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-04 - LO: 02-04 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.05 - Accounting Cycle

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

#### 226. Lewis Company has a condensed income statement as shown:

	Year 2	Year 1
Sales	\$178,400	\$162,500
Wage expenses	\$100,000	\$ 92,500
Rent expenses	33,000	30,000
Utilities expenses	30,000	25,000
Total operating expenses	\$163,000	\$147,500
Net income	\$ 15,400	\$ 15,000

#### **REQUIRED:**

Prepare a horizontal analysis of Lewis Company's income statements. Comment on the trends, both favorable and unfavorable.

#### ANSWER:

	**	***	Increase/ Decrease	Percent
	Year 2	Year 1	Amount	Change
Sales	\$178,400	\$162,500	\$15,900	9.8%
Wage expenses	\$100,000	\$ 92,500	\$ 7,500	8.1%
Rent expenses	33,000	30,000	3,000	10.0%
Utilities expenses	30,000	25,000	5,000	20.0%
Total operating expenses	\$163,000	\$147,500	\$15,500	10.5%
Net income	<u>\$ 15,400</u>	\$ 15,000	<u>\$ 400</u>	2.7%

While the trend in sales revenue is favorable, it is not sufficient enough to offset the rising expenses, resulting in a positive but small and slowing increase in net income.

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Applying

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-05 - LO: 02-05 ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

#### 227. Nebraska Technologies has a condensed income statement as shown:

	Year 2	Year 1
Sales	\$158,400	\$162,500
Wage expenses	\$ 80,000	\$ 92,500
Rent expenses	28,000	30,000
Utilities expenses	30,000	25,000
Total operating expenses	\$138,000	\$147,500
Net income	<u>\$ 20,400</u>	<u>\$ 15,000</u>

#### **REQUIRED:**

Prepare a horizontal analysis of Nebraska Technologies' income statements. Comment on the trends, both favorable and unfavorable.

#### ANSWER:

			Increase/Decrease	Percent
	Year 2	Year 1	Amount	Change
Sales	\$158,400	\$162,500	\$ (4,100)	(2.5)%
Wage expense	\$ 80,000	\$ 92,500	\$(12,500)	(13.5)%
Rent expense	28,000	30,000	(2,000)	(6.7)%
Utilities expense	30,000	25,000	5,000	20.0%
Total operating				
expenses	\$138,000	\$147,500	<u>\$ (9,500)</u>	(6.4)%
Net income	\$ 20,400	<u>\$ 15,000</u>	<u>\$ 5,400</u>	36.0%

The trend in sales revenue is unfavorable, but that is more than offset by the declines in operating expenses, with the exception of utilities, which increased over the period. Despite the 2.5% drop in sales, the net effect was a favorable increase in net income of 36%, which was in large part spurred by the drop in wages expense.

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Applying

*LEARNING OBJECTIVES:* FNMN.WARD.16.02-05 - LO: 02-05 *ACCREDITING STANDARDS:* ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

# Chapter 2: Analyzing

hapi	ter 2: Analyzing Transactions	
	Match each of the following acca. Assets	ounts with its proper account group from groups listed below
	b. Liabilities	
	c. Stockholders' Equity	
	d. Revenue	
	e. Expenses	
	DIFFICULTY:	Moderate Bloom's: Remembering
	LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	FNMN.WARD.16.02-01 - LO: 02-01
	ACCREDITING STANDARDS:	ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP ACCT.ACBSP.APC.09 - Financial Statements ACCT.ACBSP.APC.13 - Long-term Assets Reporting ACCT.ACBSP.APC.15 - Current Assets Reporting ACCT.ACBSP.APC.16 - Current Liabilities Reporting ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement BUSPROG: Analytic
228.	. Unearned Rent	
	ANSWER: b	
229.	Prepaid Insurance	

230. Fees Earned

ANSWER: d

231. Patents

ANSWER: a

232. Dividends

ANSWER: c

For each of the following accounts, indicate whether its normal balance is on the credit side or the debit side of the T account.

a. Credit side

b. Debit side

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-02 - LO: 02-02

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

233. Common Stock

ANSWER: a

234. Accounts Receivable

ANSWER: b

235. Accounts Payable

ANSWER: a

236. Interest Earned

ANSWER: a

237. Copyrights

ANSWER: b

Several typ	es of error	s can be m	ade during i	the journalizi	ng and p	osting pro	cess. Match	the following	with their
best descri	ption.								

- a. Trial balance preparation errors
- b. Account balance errors
- c. Posting errors

DIFFICULTY: Challenging

Bloom's: Remembering

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: FNMN.WARD.16.02-04 - LO: 02-04

ACCREDITING STANDARDS: ACCT.ACBSP.APC.02 - GAAP

ACCT.ACBSP.APC.06 - Recording Transactions

ACCT.AICPA.FN.03 - Measurement

BUSPROG: Analytic

238. Balance incorrectly computed.

ANSWER: b

239. Debit or credit posting omitted.

ANSWER: c

240. Wrong amount posted to an account.

ANSWER: c

241. Column incorrectly added.

ANSWER: a

242. Balance entered on wrong side of account.

ANSWER: b

243. Amount incorrectly entered on trial balance.

ANSWER: a

244. Balance entered in wrong column or omitted.

ANSWER: a

245. Debit posted as credit, or vice versa.

ANSWER: c