

Chapter 01: Veterinary Medical Terminology and Abbreviations

1. Which part of the word *subcutaneous* is the root?

- a. sub-
- b. cutane/o
- c. tane/o
- d. -ous

ANSWER:

b

2. The plantar part of the body is located:

- a. on the bottom of the front feet
- b. on the bottom of the rear feet
- c. on the top of the rear feet
- d. on the top of the front feet

ANSWER:

b

3. The term for toward the nose is:

- a. medial
- b. distal
- c. rostral
- d. proximal

ANSWER:

c

4. Which prefix means within or inside?

- a. peri-
- b. inter-
- c. exo-
- d. endo-

ANSWER:

d

5. A *cavy* is a:

- a. rabbit
- b. hamster
- c. guinea pig
- d. rat

ANSWER:

c

6. What is the species term for a sheep?

- a. bovine
- b. porcine
- c. caprine
- d. ovine

ANSWER:

d

7. What does the root word *cost/o* mean?

- a. rib
- b. nerve
- c. joint
- d. lung

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ANSWER:

a

8. The term *anorexia* means:

- a. tired or inactive
- b. not eating
- c. having difficulty urinating
- d. vomiting

ANSWER:

b

9. The suffix *-stomy* means:

- a. to make an incision
- b. to create a new opening
- c. to suture to
- d. to remove

ANSWER:

b

10. What does the abbreviation *BPM* stand for?

- a. beats per minute
- b. breaths per minute
- c. blood pressure measurement
- d. twice a day

ANSWER:

a

11. When reading a prescription, the abbreviation *L* means:

- a. left
- b. liter
- c. liquid
- d. lethargy

ANSWER:

b

12. Which surgical procedure is abbreviated as *oh* or *ovh*?

- a. excision
- b. caudectomy
- c. castration
- d. spay

ANSWER:

d

13. The veterinarian, running down the hall, tells you to quickly prepare exam room 2 because a high-risk patient in the parking lot is queening and will need to be seen immediately. What is happening?

- a. A dog is experiencing respiratory distress.
- b. A cat is having a heart attack.
- c. An injured dog is bleeding profusely.
- d. A cat is going into labor.

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ANSWER:

a

14. At the end of her dog's physical exam, a client asks for a written prescription because she wants to take it to a compounding pharmacy, where they will be able to create a liquid form of the medication that is easier to administer than the pill form offered at the veterinary pharmacy. The veterinarian fills out the prescription and gives it to her before moving on to the next appointment. Before leaving, the client reviews the prescription and asks you what *0.5 ml qd* means. What should you tell her?

- a. It means one-half milliliter, twice a day.
- b. It means one-half milliliter with meals.
- c. It means one-half milliliter every day.
- d. It means five milliliters per day.

ANSWER:

c

15. A veterinary medical term can have more than one root word.

- a. True
- b. False

ANSWER:

True

16. The prefix *macro-* means small.

- a. True
- b. False

ANSWER:

False

17. The suffix *-cyte* means cell.

- a. True
- b. False

ANSWER:

True

18. The root word of *ophthalmology* means ear.

- a. True
- b. False

ANSWER:

False

19. The veterinary abbreviation DOA means dead or alive.

- a. True
- b. False

ANSWER:

False

20. Using your knowledge of veterinary medical word parts, combine the root that means blood with the suffix that refers to a record of something and write the term for blood report.

ANSWER:

hemogram

21. What does the veterinary term *enteritis* mean?

ANSWER:

inflammation of the intestines

Name _____ Class _____ Date _____
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