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## **Chapter 2 - Test Bank Questions**

- 1. T F Following protocol is vital for searching a crime scene so that evidence can be submitted in court.
- 2. T F If two cigarette butts are found in a crime scene they can be packaged together.
- 3. T F Crimes can be discovered by witnesses, victims or law enforcement.
- 4. T F The first step for a police officer arriving at a crime scene is to tend to the injured.
- 5. T F PMI is short for Pre-Mortem Interval.
- 6. T F A crime scene is secured before a search warrant is obtained.
- 7. T F A total station is a device that records measurements in a crime scene.
- 8. T F Probative value of evidence refers to the importance of evidence.
- 9. Which of the following is not one of the major steps of evidence collection?
  - a. collection
  - b. packaging
  - c. photographing
  - d. recognition
  - e. all are major steps of evidence collection
- 10. The amount of evidence collected at a crime scene should be:
  - a. as little as possible
  - b. as much as possible
  - c. just enough to substantiate probable cause
  - d. just enough to wrap up the scene in 24 hours
  - e. none of the above
- 11. Chain of Custody is
  - a. a record of who is in possession of the evidence at the crime scene
  - b. a record of who is in possession of the evidence from scene collection to court
  - c. a record of who is in possession of the evidence at the crime lab
  - d. a record of who is in possession of the evidence from the scene to the lab
  - e. none of the above
- 12. Evidence must be packaged in
  - a. plastic bags for all types of evidence
  - b. tamper evident packaging for all types of evidence
  - c. paper bags for all types of evidence
  - d. metal tins for all types of evidence

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- e. all of the above
- 13. The most important elements of evidence collection are:
  - a. tamper evident packaging
  - b. approval of the judge to admit evidence
  - c. chain of custody form
  - d. all of the above
  - e. a and c, but not b
- 14. Plants collected at a crime scene should be packaged in
  - a. Plastic baggies
  - b. Metal tins
  - c. Breathable containers
  - d. Airtight containers
  - e. Envelopes
- 15. Small dry pieces of glass should be packaged
  - a. on tape within an envelope
  - b. in a piece of paper using a druggist's fold within an envelope
  - c. in a loosely sealed container or envelope
  - d. all the above
  - e. none of the above
- 16. Fire residues should be put in a
  - a. in a breathable container
  - b. in a paper bag
  - c. in a perforated plastic bag
  - d. in an airtight container
  - e. any of the above
- 17. A type of crime in which evidence is most likely collected away from the crime scene is
  - a. homicide
  - b. breaking and entering
  - c. burglary
  - d. sexual assault
  - e. larceny
- 18. Blood samples that are damp should be collected by
  - a. towel drying them and placing in a plastic bag
  - b. placing them in a sealed tin or metal container
  - c. placing them in a sealed plastic bag
  - d. first air drying and then packaging in a paper bag
  - e. take photos and leave the blood at the scene

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- 19. Which of the following is an example of an exemplar?
  - a. A latent fingerprint found on a door handle
  - b. a voice print from a suspect
  - c. a soil sample from a suspect shoe
  - d. a hair sample found on a victim's jacket
  - e. a tire track found in the driveway
- 20. Which of the following is not a crime search method?
  - a. quad method
  - b. spiral method
  - c. line searching
  - d. zone method
  - e. grid method

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