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GO! with Microsoft PowerPoint 2013 Introductory (Gaskin et al.) PowerPoint Chapter 2: Formatting PowerPoint Presentations

1) Changing bulleted and numbered list styles on a slide is an example of:
A) clipping.
B) scaling.
C) formatting.
D) editing.
Answer: C
Diff: 1
Objective: 1. Format Numbered and Bulleted Lists
2) A box that appears on a slide with dotted or hatch-marked borders where text, charts, tables,
or pictures can be placed is called a:
A) placeholder.
B) template.
C) layout.
D) spread.
Answer: A
Diff: 1
Objective: 1. Format Numbered and Bulleted Lists
3) When you see a border around a placeholder, you know you can edit the
placeholder text.
A) red
B) dashed
C) thin yellow
D) thick yellow
Answer: B
Diff: 1
Objective: 1. Format Numbered and Bulleted Lists
4) A border around a placeholder means that any formatting commands will be
applied to all of the text within the placeholder.
A) dashed
B) thin yellow
C) solid
D) thick yellow
Answer: C
Diff: 2
Objective: 1. Format Numbered and Bulleted Lists

5) The color of the numbers in a numbered list is determined by the presentation: A) gallery. B) style. C) foundation. D) theme. Answer: D Diff: 3 Objective: 1. Format Numbered and Bulleted Lists
6) You can customize a bullet by changing any of the following EXCEPT: A) its style. B) its size. C) its color. D) its intensity. Answer: D Diff: 2
Objective: 1. Format Numbered and Bulleted Lists
7) A button that turns a feature on and off is called a button. A) toggle B) dialog C) binary D) choice Answer: A Diff: 1 Objective: 1 Format Numbered and Bulleted Lists
Objective: 1. Format Numbered and Bulleted Lists
8) A is a single media file including art, sound, animation, or movies. A) snippet B) cut C) clip D) presentation Answer: C Diff: 1 Objective: 2. Insert Online Pictures
9) When you use the OnLine Pictures command on the Ribbon to insert a picture, PowerPoint inserts the image: A) at the bottom of the slide. B) at the top of the slide. C) in the center of the slide. D) at the left margin of the slide. Answer: C Diff: 3 Objective: 2. Insert Online Pictures
Objective. 2. Insert Online Fretures

10) When an object is selected, it is surrounded by, which allow you to change the
size of the object.
A) rotation handles
B) move pointers
C) dragging handles
D) sizing handles
Answer: D
Diff: 1
Objective: 2. Insert Online Pictures
11) An image can be resized by using the Shape Height and Shape Width boxes or by using the:
A) rotation handles.
B) shape handles.
C) move pointer.
D) sizing handles.
Answer: D
Diff: 1
Objective: 2. Insert Online Pictures
12) The feature reduces the size of a picture by removing unwanted areas of the
picture.
A) clip
B) crop
C) remove
D) move
Answer: B
Diff: 2
Objective: 2. Insert Online Pictures
13) Dashed lines that display on your slide when you are moving an object and that assist you
with alignment are referred to as:
A) rulers.
B) alignment tools.
C) smart guides.
D) Screen Tips.
Answer: C
Diff: 2
Objective: 2. Insert Online Pictures

14) If you wish to constrain an object's movement horizontally, you should hold down theA) Home B) Alt C) Shift D) Ctrl Answer: C Diff: 2 Objective: 2. Insert Online Pictures	
 15) An object that allows you to position text any A) text box. B) clip. C) thumbnail. D) handle. Answer: A Diff: 1 Objective: 3. Insert Text Boxes and Shapes 	where on the slide is called a:
16) are displayed as dotted horizontal a position. A) Headers B) Rotation handles C) Ruler guides D) Sizing handles Answer: C Diff: 2 Objective: 3. Insert Text Boxes and Shapes	nd vertical lines and indicate the pointer's
17) Lines, arrows, stars, banners, ovals, and rectarillustrate an idea, a process, or a workflow. A) clips B) shapes C) crops D) headers Answer: B Diff: 1 Objective: 3. Insert Text Boxes and Shapes	ngles are examples of that are used to
18) When the displays, you know you of A) placeholder B) text box C) crosshair pointer D) ruler guide Answer: C Diff: 2 Objective: 3. Insert Text Boxes and Shapes	can draw a shape.

19) can be applied to clip art, shapes, and text boxes to complement slide backgrounds
and colors.
A) Styles and effects
B) Styles and placeholders
C) Themes and prototypes
D) Themes and placeholders
Answer: A
Diff: 2
Objective: 4. Format Objects
20) The inside color of text or of an object is called the:
A) fill color.
B) line color.
C) theme.
D) style.
Answer: A
Diff: 2
Objective: 4. Format Objects
21) The provides predefined combinations of fill colors and line colors that can be
applied to shapes.
A) Shape Styles gallery
B) Geometric Styles gallery
C) SmartArt Styles gallery
D) Text Styles gallery
Answer: A
Diff: 3
Objective: 4. Format Objects
22) The softens and blurs the outer edge of the selected picture so that it blends into
the slide background.
A) dotted edges effect
B) fade out effect
C) soft edges effect
D) blur edges effect
Answer: C
Diff: 2
Objective: 4. Format Objects

28) To show a timeline, you should use the A) process B) hierarchy C) matrix D) cycle Answer: A	SmartArt graphic type.
Diff: 3 Objective: 6. Create and Format a SmartArt Graphic	
29) To show proportional relationships with the larges SmartArt graphic type. A) cycle B) process C) list D) pyramid Answer: D Diff: 3 Objective: 6. Create and Format a SmartArt Graphic	st component on the top or bottom, use the
30) Use the SmartArt graphic type if you w A) hierarchy B) relationship C) pyramid D) list Answer: B Diff: 3 Objective: 6. Create and Format a SmartArt Graphic	vant to illustrate connections.
31) The graphic type used in a SmartArt gr A) relationship B) list C) process D) matrix Answer: D Diff: 3 Objective: 6. Create and Format a SmartArt Graphic	raphic shows how parts relate to the whole.
 32) Combinations of formatting effects that can be ap A) SmartArt Styles. B) SmartArt Templates. C) SmartArt Themes. D) WordArt Styles. Answer: A Diff: 2 Objective: 6. Create and Format a SmartArt Graphic 	plies to SmartArt graphics are called:

33) When the bullet button is toggled off, the indentation associated with the list is removed.

Answer: TRUE

Diff: 2

Objective: 1. Format Numbered and Bulleted Lists

34) When a placeholder border displays as a solid line, formatting is not applied to the text.

Answer: FALSE

Diff: 3

Objective: 1. Format Numbered and Bulleted Lists

35) If a picture's height is adjusted using the Shape Height box, its width is automatically adjusted proportionally.

Answer: TRUE

Diff: 2

Objective: 2. Insert Online Pictures

36) PowerPoint does not allow you to crop a picture by changing its shape.

Answer: FALSE

Diff: 2

Objective: 2. Insert Online Pictures

37) PowerPoint's horizontal ruler starts with "0" on the left side of the slide and proceeds to the edge of the right side of the slide.

Answer: FALSE

Diff: 3

Objective: 2. Insert Online Pictures

38) By default, an inserted picture is rectangular in shape.

Answer: TRUE

Diff: 2

Objective: 2. Insert Online Pictures

39) An inserted picture is rectangular in shape, but you can modify its shape using Crop to Shape.

Answer: TRUE

Diff: 2

Objective: 2. Insert Online Pictures

40) Using the sizing handles is the only way to change the size of an image in PowerPoint.

Answer: FALSE

Diff: 2

Objective: 2. Insert Online Pictures

41) Text can be placed inside shapes.

Answer: TRUE

Diff: 2

Objective: 3. Insert Text Boxes and Shapes

42) The width of text box expands automatically as you type.

Answer: TRUE

Diff: 3

Objective: 3. Insert Text Boxes and Shapes

43) A text box can be used to place text anywhere on a slide.

Answer: TRUE

Diff: 2

Objective: 3. Insert Text Boxes and Shapes

44) Text placed in a shape must be centered.

Answer: FALSE

Diff: 2

Objective: 3. Insert Text Boxes and Shapes

45) The process for formatting text in a text box is different than for other placeholders.

Answer: FALSE

Diff: 2

Objective: 3. Insert Text Boxes and Shapes

46) Shapes and images can be sized and formatted using the same techniques.

Answer: TRUE

Diff: 2

Objective: 3. Insert Text Boxes and Shapes

47) The term "fill color" only applies to text.

Answer: FALSE

Diff: 3

Objective: 4. Format Objects

48) An object's fill color and its line color must always be the same.

Answer: FALSE

Diff: 2

Objective: 4. Format Objects

49) Multiple objects on a slide can be aligned and distributed precisely using commands on the

Ribbon.

Answer: TRUE

Diff: 3

Objective: 4. Format Objects

50) The keyboard shortcut to duplicate an object is CTRL + D.

Answer: TRUE

Diff: 2

Objective: 4. Format Objects

51) Using a glow effect allows you to apply a colored, softly blurred outline to an object. Answer: TRUE Diff: 2 Objective: 4. Format Objects
52) SmartArt is a gallery of text styles that can be used to create decorative effects such as mirrored or shadowed text. Answer: FALSE Diff: 2 Objective: 5. Remove Picture Backgrounds and Insert WordArt
53) Entering text into a SmartArt graphic must be done through the Text pane. Answer: FALSE Diff: 2 Objective: 6. Create and Format a SmartArt Graphic
54) An existing bulleted list can be converted into a SmartArt graphic. Answer: TRUE Diff: 2 Objective: 6. Create and Format a SmartArt Graphic
55) The PowerPoint SmartArt graphic type relationship is used to show an organizational chart. Answer: FALSE Diff: 3 Objective: 6. Create and Format a SmartArt Graphic
56) The PowerPoint SmartArt graphic type matrix shows how parts relate to a whole. Answer: TRUE Diff: 3 Objective: 6. Create and Format a SmartArt Graphic
57) Use the PowerPoint SmartArt graphic type pyramid if you want to show proportional relationships with the largest component on the top or the bottom. Answer: TRUE Diff: 3 Objective: 6. Create and Format a SmartArt Graphic
58) A(n) can hold titles and body text or other content such as charts, tables, and pictures. Answer: placeholder Diff: 2 Objective: 1. Format Numbered and Bulleted Lists
59) A button that turns a feature on and off is called a(n) button. Answer: toggle Diff: 2 Objective: 1. Format Numbered and Bulleted Lists
Objective. 1. Politiat Numbered and Duffeted Lists

60) A single media file such as a sound, animation, or movie that can be inserted into a slide is
called a(n) Answer: clip
Diff: 2
Objective: 2. Insert Online Pictures
61) By default, an inserted picture is in shape, but the shape can be changed later. Answer: rectangular Diff: 2
Objective: 2. Insert Online Pictures
62) are dashed lines that display on your slide when you are moving an object. Answer: Smart guides Diff: 2 Objective: 2. Insert Online Pictures
Objective. 2. insert Online Fictures
63) Use the like sizing handles to remove unwanted areas of the pictures. Answer: crop handles Diff: 3
Objective: 2. Insert Online Pictures
64) When an image is selected, it is surrounded by, which allow the image to be resized.
Answer: sizing handles Diff: 2
Objective: 2. Insert Online Pictures
65) When your mouse cursor turns into a(n), you know you can draw a shape. Answer: crosshair pointer Diff: 3
Objective: 3. Insert Text Boxes and Shapes
66) Dotted vertical and horizontal lines that display in the rulers indicating the pointer's position are called Answer: ruler guides
Diff: 1
Objective: 3. Insert Text Boxes and Shapes
67) A(n) object can be used to position text anywhere on a slide. Answer: text box Diff: 2
Objective: 3. Insert Text Boxes and Shapes

68) Lines, arrows, stars, banners, ovals, and rectangles are examples of that can be used on a PowerPoint slide. Answer: shapes Diff: 1	
Objective: 3. Insert Text Boxes and Shapes	
69) The is a tool that captures the exact color from an object on your screen and the applies to the color to any shape, picture or text. Answer: eyedropper, eye dropper Diff: 1 Objective: 4. Format Objects	en
70) objects can formatted, aligned, and moved as one object. Answer: Grouped Diff: 2	
Objective: 4. Format Objects	
71) PowerPoint's feature flows a picture into the content of the presentation by removing unwanted parts of the picture so the pictures does not appear as a self-contained rectangle. Answer: Background Removal, background removal Diff: 2	
Objective: 5. Remove Picture Backgrounds and Insert WordArt	
72) To create mirrored or shadowed text you would use PowerPoint's feature. Answer: WordArt Diff: 2	
Objective: 5. Remove Picture Backgrounds and Insert WordArt	
73) Processes, hierarchies, cycles, lists, and relationships can be illustrated using PowerPoint' graphics. Answer: SmartArt Diff: 2	S
Objective: 6. Create and Format a SmartArt Graphic	
74) To show a continual process, choose a SmartArt layout. Answer: cycle Diff: 3	
Objective: 6. Create and Format a SmartArt Graphic	
75) To show non-sequential information, use a SmartArt layout. Answer: list Diff: 3	
Objective: 6 Create and Format a Smart Art Granbic	

76) The SmartArt graphic type _____ shows the steps in a timeline.

Answer: process

Diff: 3

Objective: 6. Create and Format a SmartArt Graphic

- 77) Match the following terms to their meanings:
- I. Presentation theme
- II. Dashed border
- III. Solid border
- IV. Sizing handles
- A. determines the color of the numbers or bullets in a list
- B. drag these to change the size of the selected object
- C. indicates that any formatting will affect all of the text in a placeholder
- D. indicates that a placeholder's text can be edited

Answer: A, D, C, B

Diff: 2

Objective: Multiple Objectives

- 78) Match the following terms to their meanings:
- I. Matrix
- II. Pyramid
- III. Picture
- IV. Cycle
- V. Relationship
- A. includes pictures in the layout to effectively communicate an idea
- B. shows a continual process
- C. shows how parts relate to a whole
- D. illustrates connections
- E. shows proportional relationships with the largest component on top or bottom

Answer: C, E, A, B, D

Diff: 3

Objective: 6. Create and Format a SmartArt Graphic

- 79) Match the following terms to their meanings:
- I. Soft Edges effect
- II. Background Removal
- III. Glow effect
- IV. Align selected objects
- V. WordArt
- A. aligns selected objects relative to each other
- B. blurs the outer edge of a picture
- C. a gallery of text styles
- D. flows a picture into the content of a presentation
- E. applies a colored, softly blurred outline to an object

Answer: B, D, E, A, C

Diff: 2

Objective: Multiple Objectives

- 80) Match the following terms to their meanings:
- I. Group
- II. Distribute
- III. Fill
- IV. Clip
- V. Crop
- A. a single media file
- B. evenly spaces selected objects relative to the slide or each other
- C. enables you to format multiple objects as one object
- D. reduce the size of a picture by removing a vertical or horizontal edge
- E. inside color of an object

Answer: C, B, E, A, D

Diff: 2

Objective: Multiple Objectives

- 81) Match the following terms to their meanings:
- I. Fill
- II. ScreenTip
- III. RGB
- IV. Background Removal
- V. Crosshair pointer
- A. color model in which red, green, and blue are combined to form anther color
- B. inside color of text or an object
- C. causes a picture to flow into the content of the presentation
- D. indicates when you can draw a shape
- E. displays information about the current object

Answer: B, E, A, C, D

Diff: 2

Objective: Multiple Objectives

- 82) Match the following terms to their meanings:
- I. WordArt
- II. SmartArt graphic
- III. Shapes
- IV. Text box
- A. lines, arrows, stars, banners, ovals, rectangles
- B. a gallery of text styles
- C. an object that can be used to place text anywhere on the slide
- D. can be used to illustrate processes, cycles, lists, and relationships

Answer: B, D, A, C

Diff: 2

Objective: Multiple Objectives

- 83) Match the following terms to their meanings:
- I. SmartArt Styles
- II. WordArt
- III. Fill color
- IV. Line color
- A. combinations of formatting effects applied to SmartArt graphics
- B. a gallery of text styles
- C. the outside color of an object
- D. the inside color of an object

Answer: A, B, D, C

Diff: 2

Objective: Multiple Objectives