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/test-bank-human-behavior-and-the-social-environment-social-systems-theory-7e-dale

Chapter 2 Test Bank

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Difficulty: 1 = Easy; 2 = Medium; 3 = Challenging

Multiple Choice Questions

Choose the best possible answer for each of the following.

- 1. The person largely responsible for formulating general systems theory was
 - a. Allport
 - b. Freud
 - c. Lewin
 - d. vonBertalanffy

Answer: d

Difficulty:1

Bloom's Level: Knowledge

- 2. General systems theory seeks to explain the principles of
 - a. Social behavior
 - b. Organization
 - c. Models
 - d. Personality development

Answer: b

Difficulty: 1

Bloom's Level: Comprehension

- 3. Properties of a whole that are not possessed by the parts comprising the whole are known as
 - a. Emergent
 - b. System
 - c. Feedback
 - d. Entropy

Answer: a

Difficulty: 2

Bloom's Level: Analysis

- 4. According to general systems theory, all systems are
 - a. Autonomous
 - b. Closed
 - c. Open
 - d. Humanistic

Answer: c

Difficulty: 1

Bloom's Level: Comprehension

- 5. The quality of the self as being able to consider itself objectively is termed
 - a. Syntonic
 - b. Autistic
 - c. Conundrum
 - d. Reflexive

Answer: d

Difficulty: 2

Bloom's Level: Comprehension

- 6. The 'generalized other' is defined by Mead as
 - a. The family system
 - b. An internal representation
 - c. The same as the id
 - d. Public opinion

Answer: b

Difficulty: 2

Bloom's Level: Synthesis

- 7. Goal attainment (one of the four functional requisites) is consummatory (an end state) and
 - a. Internal
 - b. Instrumental
 - c. External
 - d. Equifinal

Answer: c

Difficulty: 2

Bloom's Level: Comprehension

- 8. According to Koestler, the attribute of all systems is to be simultaneously oriented outward to the environment and inward toward internal functioning. This is known as
 - a. Holon
 - b. Multifinality
 - c. Equifinality
 - d. Entropy

Answer: a

Difficulty: 2

Bloom's Level: Knowledge

- 9. Ecological theory offers a way of examining the effects of environment on social organization and therefore it becomes an approach to the general study of
 - a. Well-being
 - b. Homeostasis
 - c. Social change
 - d. Social work practice

Answer: c

Difficulty: 2

Bloom's Level: Analysis

- 10. Working with individuals to improve their conditions, while at the same time, working to change the social conditions that oppress and limit human potential is
 - a. Policy practice
 - b. Community practice
 - c. Systems emergence
 - d. The dual tradition

Answer: d

Difficulty: 2

Bloom's Level: Synthesis

- 11. Social functions that are formally recognized by society, as the police function of preventing crime are
 - a. Manifest social functions
 - b. Latent social functions
 - c. Family social functions
 - d. Autonomous social functions

Answer: a

Difficulty: 2

Bloom's Level: Analysis

- 12. An agency program is created to treat heroin addiction. Over time the need for this treatment decreases, while the need to address Ecstasy addition increases. This is an example of
 - a. Integration
 - b. Adaptation
 - c. Latency
 - d. Goal attainment

Answer: b

Difficulty: 2

Bloom's Level: Application

- 13. A sociological theory that addresses the interactions between the individual and society through symbolic communication is
 - a. Role theory
 - b. General systems theory
 - c. Symbolic Interactionism
 - d. Functional theory

Answer: c

Difficulty: 2

Bloom's Level: Synthesis

- 14. The internalized rules for proper behavior in a particular situation involve
 - a. Roles
 - b. The reflexive
 - c. Latency
 - d. Adaptation

Answer: a

Difficulty: 2

Bloom's Level: Comprehension

- 15. For most of us, the family is central in the development of our sense of the generalized other and also our enduring values. The family is
 - a. A primary group
 - b. A secondary group
 - c. A tertiary group
 - d. A dominant group

Answer: a

Difficulty: 2

Bloom's Level: Application

Essay Questions

1. General systems theory is essentially a theory of order. From this perspective define and contrast the concepts of entropy and negative entropy and the link with the concepts of open and closed systems.

Difficulty: 3

Bloom's Level: Synthesis

2. The social systems perspective is based on nine assumptions. Identify and discuss four of these assumptions

Difficulty: 3

Bloom's Level: Comprehension

3. Ecological theory focuses on the interdependence of everything sharing the same habitat. Provide a definition of PIE and discuss its impact on social work practice.

Difficulty: 2

Bloom's Level: Application

4. Identify and differentiate the four functions that can, according to Parsons, be used for the analysis of all social systems.

Difficulty: 3

Bloom's Level: Analysis

5. What are the hallmarks of a good theory?

Difficulty: 2

Bloom's Level: Evaluation