

Exam

Name \_\_\_\_\_

**MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.**

- 1) The \_\_\_\_\_ Amendment to the U.S. Constitution states, “no person shall be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of the law.” 1) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) First
  - B) Fifth
  - C) Tenth
  - D) Thirteenth
  - E) Fourteenth

Answer: B

- 2) The \_\_\_\_\_ Amendment outlawed slavery, and courts have held that it bars racial discrimination. 2) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) First
  - B) Fifth
  - C) Tenth
  - D) Thirteenth
  - E) Fourteenth

Answer: D

- 3) In what year was the 13th Amendment to the U.S. Constitution ratified? 3) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) 1791                      B) 1868                      C) 1776                      D) 1865                      E) 1808

Answer: D

- 4) The \_\_\_\_\_ Amendment makes it illegal for any state to “make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges and immunities of citizens of the United States.” 4) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) First
  - B) Fifth
  - C) Tenth
  - D) Thirteenth
  - E) Fourteenth

Answer: E

- 5) Which amendment is generally viewed as barring discrimination based on sex, national origin, or race? 5) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) First
  - B) Fifth
  - C) Tenth
  - D) Thirteenth
  - E) Fourteenth

Answer: E

- 6) The \_\_\_\_\_ gives all persons the same right to make and enforce contracts and to benefit from the laws of the land. 6) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) Thirteenth Amendment
  - B) Fifth Amendment
  - C) Civil Rights Act of 1866
  - D) Title VII of the 1964 Civil Rights Act
  - E) Civil Rights Act of 1991

Answer: C

- 7) Title VII of the 1964 Civil Rights Act prohibits discrimination based on all of the following characteristics except \_\_\_\_\_. 7) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) sexual orientation
  - B) color
  - C) race
  - D) national origin
  - E) religion

Answer: A

- 8) Title VII of the 1964 Civil Rights Act bars discrimination on the part of most employers, including all public or private employers of \_\_\_\_\_ or more persons. 8) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) 5                      B) 10                      C) 15                      D) 50                      E) 100

Answer: C

- 9) What type of organization is covered by Title VII of the 1964 Civil Rights Act? 9) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) state government
  - B) private educational institutions
  - C) private employers of 15 or more persons
  - D) federal government
  - E) all of the above

Answer: E

- 10) How many members serve on the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission? 10) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) 3                      B) 5                      C) 9                      D) 10                      E) 12

Answer: B

- 11) Members of the EEOC are appointed by the \_\_\_\_\_. 11) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) Supreme Court
  - B) President of the United States
  - C) Senate
  - D) Vice-President of the United States
  - E) none of the above

Answer: B

- 12) Members of the EEOC serve \_\_\_\_\_ terms. 12) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) 3 years                      B) 5 years                      C) 10 years                      D) indefinite                      E) life long

Answer: B

- 13) The \_\_\_\_\_ made it unlawful to discriminate in pay on the basis of sex when jobs involve equal work, require equivalent skills, effort, and responsibility, and are performed under similar working conditions. 13) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) Equal Pay Act of 1963
  - B) Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967
  - C) Title VII
  - D) 13th Amendment to the U.S. Constitution
  - E) Executive Order 11246

Answer: A

- 14) When companies utilize \_\_\_\_\_, they take steps to eliminate the present effects of past discrimination. 14) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) equal pay rules
  - B) executive orders
  - C) affirmative action
  - D) rehabilitation action
  - E) anti-discrimination guidelines

Answer: C

- 15) Which of the following factors is not an acceptable basis for different pay for equal work under the Equal Pay Act of 1963? 15) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) quality of production
  - B) seniority system
  - C) gender
  - D) merit pay system
  - E) all are unacceptable factors

Answer: C

- 16) Jack is a 55 year-old American of Anglo-Saxon descent. What legislation is intended to protect Jack from discrimination? 16) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) 13th Amendment to the U.S. Constitution
  - B) Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967
  - C) Equal Pay Act of 1963
  - D) Title VII
  - E) Executive Order 11246

Answer: B

- 17) Which of the following federal agencies does not participate in the issuance of uniform guidelines on procedures including employee selection, record keeping, and preemployment inquiries? 17) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) EEOC
  - B) Department of Labor
  - C) Department of Justice
  - D) Civil Service Commission
  - E) Better Business Bureau

Answer: E

- 18) The \_\_\_\_\_ requires employers with federal contracts over \$2500 to take affirmative action in employing handicapped persons. 18) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) Equal Pay Act
  - B) Age Discrimination in Employment Act
  - C) Vocational Rehabilitation Act
  - D) Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs
  - E) none of the above

Answer: C

- 19) Payment for future pecuniary losses, emotional pain, suffering, inconvenience, mental anguish, loss of enjoyment of life, and other nonpecuniary losses are called \_\_\_\_\_. 19) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) punitive damages
  - B) double damages
  - C) compensatory damages
  - D) specific performance
  - E) none of the above

Answer: C

- 20) Uniform guidelines from the EEOC are recommended for employers to use in matters regarding all of the following except \_\_\_\_\_. 20) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) record keeping
  - B) psychological testing
  - C) sexual harassment
  - D) preemployment inquiries
  - E) employee selection

Answer: B

- 21) What was the name of the landmark case the Supreme Court used to define unfair discrimination? 21) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) Griggs v. Duke Power Company
  - B) Meritor Savings Bank FSB v. Vinson
  - C) Faragher v. City of Boca Raton
  - D) Roe v. Wade
  - E) Burlington Industries v. Ellerth

Answer: A

- 22) In Griggs v. Duke Power Company, Griggs sued the power company because it required coal handlers to be high school graduates. The case was decided in favor of Griggs because \_\_\_\_\_. 22) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) Griggs held a GED
  - B) high school diplomas were not related to job success as a coal handler
  - C) no business necessity existed
  - D) Duke Power Company intended to discriminate against blacks
  - E) all of the above

Answer: B

- 23) If a person is in a protected class, he or she is protected by \_\_\_\_\_. 23) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) Department of Labor
  - B) Title VII of the Civil Rights Act
  - C) Better Business Bureau
  - D) Consumer Protection Act
  - E) Sarbanes-Oxley Act

Answer: B

- 24) Which of the following is not a principle established by Griggs v. Duke Power Company? 24) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) business necessity is a defense
  - B) burden of proof is on the employer
  - C) performance standards must be clear and ambiguous
  - D) intent not to discriminate is irrelevant
  - E) testing must be job-related

Answer: C

- 25) Which court case was important because its ruling provided details regarding how employers should validate screening tools? 25) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) Roe v. Wade
  - B) Burlington Industries v. Ellerth
  - C) Faragher v. City of Boca Raton
  - D) Albemarle Paper Company v. Moody
  - E) Griggs v. Duke Power Company

Answer: D

- 26) \_\_\_\_\_ means that an employer engages in an employment practice or policy that has a greater adverse effect on the members of a protected group under Title VII than on other employees, regardless of intent. 26) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) Disparate impact
  - B) Unintentional discrimination
  - C) Affirmative action
  - D) Biased effect
  - E) Adverse discrimination

Answer: A

- 27) Intentional discrimination is also called \_\_\_\_\_. 27) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) adverse discrimination
  - B) quid pro quo
  - C) disparate treatment
  - D) disparate impact
  - E) mixed motive

Answer: C

- 28) Who has the heaviest burden when it comes to the burden of proof in discrimination cases? 28) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) the employer in question
  - B) the EEO office
  - C) the employee in question
  - D) EEOC
  - E) all of the above

Answer: A

- 29) If an employee can show that an employer engaged in intentional discrimination with malice or reckless indifference to the federally protected rights of an aggrieved individual, the employee can ask for \_\_\_\_\_. 29) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) job reinstatement
  - B) compensatory damages
  - C) punitive damages
  - D) back pay
  - E) all of the above

Answer: E

- 30) Under the principles established by Griggs v. Duke Power Company, \_\_\_\_\_ can be used as a defense for any existing program that has adverse impact. 30) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) occupational qualification
  - B) affirmative action
  - C) business necessity
  - D) fair in form
  - E) burden of proof

Answer: C

- 31) Under the Civil Rights Act of 1991, once a plaintiff shows disparate impact, who has the burden of proving that the challenged practice is job related for the position in question? 31) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) the employer
  - B) the plaintiff
  - C) the courts
  - D) the defense attorney
  - E) the EEOC office

Answer: A

- 32) If race, color, religion, sex, or national origin is a motivating factor in a termination, but the employee would have been terminated for failure to perform anyway, a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ exists. 32) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) mixed motive
  - B) disparate impact
  - C) defense for liability
  - D) business necessity
  - E) none of the above

Answer: A

- 33) The \_\_\_\_\_ prohibits employers with 15 or more workers from discriminating against qualified individuals with disabilities with regard to applications, hiring, discharge, compensation, advancement, training, or other terms, conditions, or privileges of employment. 33) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) Vocational Rehabilitation Act of 1973
  - B) Civil Rights Act of 1991
  - C) Vietnam Era Veterans' Readjustment Assistance Act of 1974
  - D) Federal Violence Against Women Act of 1994
  - E) American with Disabilities Act of 1990

Answer: E

34) According to the Americans with Disabilities Act, which of the following is considered a disability? 34) \_\_\_\_\_  
A) voyeurism  
B) compulsive gambling  
C) AIDS  
D) homosexuality  
E) pyromania

Answer: C

35) The ADA prohibits discrimination against \_\_\_\_\_, those who can carry out the essential functions of the job with or without reasonable accommodation. 35) \_\_\_\_\_  
A) disabled individuals  
B) drug users  
C) women  
D) qualified individuals  
E) all of the above

Answer: D

36) The greatest number of claims brought under the ADA is related to \_\_\_\_\_ disabilities. 36) \_\_\_\_\_  
A) vision  
B) hearing  
C) mobility impairments  
D) mental  
E) learning

Answer: D

37) Depression, anxiety disorders, panic disorders, obsessive-compulsive disorders, and personality disorders are examples of \_\_\_\_\_ under EEOC guidelines. 37) \_\_\_\_\_  
A) hearing and/or speech impairments  
B) mental impairments  
C) mobility impairments  
D) physical impairments  
E) none of the above

Answer: B

38) Under the ADA, who holds the responsibility of establishing that an employee has a disability as defined by the ADA? 38) \_\_\_\_\_  
A) employer  
B) Supreme Court  
C) EEOC office  
D) employee  
E) none of the above

Answer: D

- 39) When is harassment on the basis of sex a violation of Title VII? 39) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) when such conduct has the purpose or effect of substantially interfering with a person's work performance
  - B) when such conduct has the purpose or effect of creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive work environment
  - C) when a crime of violence is motivated by gender
  - D) both A and B
  - E) all of the above

Answer: D

- 40) The \_\_\_\_\_ provides that a person who commits a crime of violence motivated by gender and thus deprives another of her rights shall be liable to the party injured. 40) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) Vocational Rehabilitation Act of 1973
  - B) Civil Rights Act of 1991
  - C) Federal Violence Against Women Act of 1994
  - D) Vietnam Era Veterans' Readjustment Assistance Act of 1974
  - E) Pregnancy Discrimination Act

Answer: C

- 41) Which of the following is not a form of sexual harassment according to EEOC guidelines? 41) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) requests for sexual favors made as a condition of employment
  - B) unwelcome sexual advances that create an intimidating work environment
  - C) mutually consensual physical conduct of a sexual nature
  - D) verbal conduct of a sexual nature which unreasonably interferes with an individual's work performance
  - E) all are forms of sexual harassment

Answer: C

- 42) All of the following are ways an employee can prove sexual harassment except \_\_\_\_\_. 42) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) hostile environment created by co-workers
  - B) quid pro quo
  - C) hostile environment created by nonemployees
  - D) hostile environment created by supervisors
  - E) all are ways an employee can prove sexual harassment

Answer: E

- 43) Judy was up for a promotion when her supervisor, Will, encouraged her to develop a sexual relationship with him. He suggested that her promotion would be a sure thing if they were involved. When Judy declined his advances, Will fired her. Which form of sexual harassment is this? 43) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) quid pro quo
  - B) hostile environment created by co-workers
  - C) hostile environment created by nonemployees
  - D) hostile environment created by supervisors
  - E) none of the above

Answer: A



- 44) Gus is always making sexual jokes at work. Many employees find the jokes funny, but Shelley, Gus's executive assistant, is uncomfortable with the jokes. Eventually, she decided to quit rather than endure the jokes any longer. What form of sexual harassment is Shelley a victim of? 44) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) hostile environment created by co-workers
  - B) hostile environment created by supervisors
  - C) hostile environment created by nonemployees
  - D) quid pro quo
  - E) none of the above; Shelley is not a victim of sexual harassment

Answer: B

- 45) Sally is known as a big flirt around the office. She often makes sexual innuendos to men at work—both co-workers and her subordinates. What form of sexual harassment is this an example of? 45) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) quid pro quo
  - B) hostile environment created by co-workers
  - C) hostile environment created by nonemployees
  - D) hostile environment created by supervisors
  - E) This is not sexual harassment.

Answer: E

- 46) Which of the following is not a way an employer can show reasonable care to defend against sexual harassment liability? 46) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) training employees in sexual harassment policies
  - B) development of a strong sexual harassment policy
  - C) instituting a sexual harassment reporting process
  - D) investigating sexual harassment charges promptly
  - E) all are ways of showing reasonable care

Answer: E

- 47) What is the first step an employee should take to address a problem of sexual harassment? 47) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) write a letter to the accuser
  - B) file a verbal complaint with the harasser's boss
  - C) consult an attorney
  - D) file a complaint with the human resource director
  - E) file a complaint with the local EEOC office

Answer: B

- 48) When harassment is of a serious nature, an employee can consider suing for \_\_\_\_\_. 48) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) compensatory and punitive damages
  - B) injunctive relief
  - C) intentional infliction of emotional distress
  - D) assault and battery
  - E) all of the above

Answer: E

49) \_\_\_\_\_ exists when an employer treats an individual differently because that individual is a member of a particular race, religion, gender, or ethnic group. 49) \_\_\_\_\_  
A) Unintentional discrimination  
B) Prima facie  
C) Disparate treatment  
D) Disparate impact  
E) Adverse impact

Answer: C

50) \_\_\_\_\_ refers to the total employment process that results in a significantly higher percentage of a protected group in the candidate population being rejected for employment, placement, or promotion. 50) \_\_\_\_\_  
A) Disparate treatment  
B) Prima facie  
C) Adverse impact  
D) Unintentional discrimination  
E) Disparate impact

Answer: C

51) Which of the following is a way to show adverse impact? 51) \_\_\_\_\_  
A) population comparisons  
B) restricted policy  
C) McDonnell-Douglas test  
D) disparate rejection rates  
E) all of the above

Answer: E

52) If a person belongs to a protected class, and applied and was qualified for a job for which the employer was seeking applicants, and after rejection, the position remained open and the employer continued to seek applications from persons with the complainant's qualifications, then the \_\_\_\_\_ can be used to show adverse impact. 52) \_\_\_\_\_  
A) McDonnell-Douglas test  
B) population comparisons  
C) disparate rejection rates  
D) restricted policy  
E) all of the above

Answer: A

53) The formula used by federal agencies to determine disparate rejection rates is based on a selection rate for any racial, ethnic, or sex group less than \_\_\_\_\_ percent of the rate for the group with the highest rate. 53) \_\_\_\_\_  
A) 25                      B) 50                      C) 75                      D) 80                      E) 100

Answer: D

- 54) A \_\_\_\_\_ approach to showing adverse impact means demonstrating that the employer's policy intentionally or unintentionally excluded members of a protected group. 54) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) population comparisons
  - B) McDonnell-Douglas test
  - C) prima facie
  - D) restricted policy
  - E) disparate rejection rates

Answer: D

- 55) The \_\_\_\_\_ approach compares the percentage of the minority/protected group and white workers in the organization with the percentage of the corresponding groups in the labor market. 55) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) McDonnell-Douglas test
  - B) restricted policy
  - C) population comparisons
  - D) disparate rejection rates
  - E) all of the above

Answer: C

- 56) Employers primarily use bona fide occupational qualification (BFOQ) as a defense against charges of discrimination based on \_\_\_\_\_. 56) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) race
  - B) sexual orientation
  - C) gender
  - D) age
  - E) all of the above

Answer: D

- 57) Religion may be used as a BFOQ if \_\_\_\_\_. 57) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) an employer does not want to honor an employee's religious holidays
  - B) hiring a person to teach in a nondenominational school
  - C) a religious organization requires employees to share their religion
  - D) all of the above
  - E) none of the above

Answer: C

- 58) Which of the following characteristics could serve as a BFOQ depending on the nature of the job requirements? 58) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) national origin
  - B) age
  - C) gender
  - D) religion
  - E) all of the above

Answer: E

59) Pictures and Promotions Modeling Studio seeks to hire male models for an upcoming fashion show featuring men's wear. The studio is using \_\_\_\_\_ as a justification for not considering women for the jobs. 59) \_\_\_\_\_

- A) EEOC
- B) BFOQ
- C) ADA
- D) ADEA
- E) none of the above

Answer: B

60) The defense of \_\_\_\_\_ requires showing that there is an overriding business purpose for the discriminatory practice and that the practice is therefore acceptable. 60) \_\_\_\_\_

- A) mixed motive
- B) business necessity
- C) adverse impact
- D) BFOQ
- E) none of the above

Answer: B

61) Which of the following recruitment practices could be considered discriminatory? 61) \_\_\_\_\_

- A) refusal to advise some of work opportunities
- B) misleading information
- C) word of mouth
- D) help wanted ads with discriminatory language
- E) all of the above

Answer: E

62) All of the following are examples of discriminatory selection standards except \_\_\_\_\_. 62) \_\_\_\_\_

- A) preference to relatives
- B) arrest records when security clearance is necessary
- C) non-job-related tests
- D) height, weight, and physical characteristics
- E) educational requirements

Answer: B

63) EEOC regulations require that all covered employers keep all personnel or employment records for \_\_\_\_\_. 63) \_\_\_\_\_

- A) six months
- B) one year
- C) two years
- D) three years
- E) five years

Answer: B

64) Under the Civil Rights Act of 1991, a discrimination claim must be filed within \_\_\_\_\_ after the alleged incident took place. 64) \_\_\_\_\_  
A) six months  
B) one year  
C) two years  
D) three years  
E) five years

Answer: C

65) The EEOC describes a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ as an informal process in which a neutral third party assists the opposing parties to reach a voluntary, negotiated resolution of a charge of discrimination. 65) \_\_\_\_\_  
A) attempted conciliation  
B) mandatory arbitration  
C) voluntary mediation  
D) fact-finding conference  
E) negotiation

Answer: C

66) The EEOC describes a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ as an informal meeting held early in the investigation aimed at defining issues and determining if settlement is possible. 66) \_\_\_\_\_  
A) fact-finding conference  
B) attempted conciliation  
C) voluntary mediation  
D) negotiation  
E) mandatory arbitration

Answer: A

67) Firms using \_\_\_\_\_ make an extra effort to hire and promote those in protected groups. 67) \_\_\_\_\_  
A) ethical hiring practices  
B) diversity management  
C) affirmative action  
D) BFOQ  
E) network groups

Answer: C

68) \_\_\_\_\_ aims to ensure that anyone, regardless of race, color, disability, sex, religion, national origin, or age has an equal chance for a job based on his or her qualifications and requires employers to make an extra effort to hire and promote those in a protected group. 68) \_\_\_\_\_  
A) Affirmative action  
B) Equal employment opportunity  
C) BFOQ  
D) Statements of diversity  
E) Diversity management

Answer: A

- 69) In *Bakke v. Regents of the University of California*, the University of California at Davis Medical School denied admission to white student, Allen Bakke, allegedly because of the school's affirmative action quota system, which required that a specific number of openings go to minority applicants. Bakke charged that \_\_\_\_\_ had occurred. 69) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) affirmative action
  - B) racial discrimination
  - C) quid pro quo
  - D) sexual harassment
  - E) reverse discrimination

Answer: E

- 70) Organizations can measure diversity by using \_\_\_\_\_. 70) \_\_\_\_\_
- A) employee attitude surveys
  - B) equal employment hiring metrics
  - C) management and employee evaluations
  - D) focus groups
  - E) all of the above

Answer: E

**TRUE/FALSE. Write 'T' if the statement is true and 'F' if the statement is false.**

- 71) The 13th Amendment to the U.S. Constitution states, "no person shall be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of the law." 71) \_\_\_\_\_

Answer: True  False

- 72) It was the 14th Amendment to the U.S. Constitution that established the EEOC. 72) \_\_\_\_\_

Answer: True  False

- 73) Title VII of the 1964 Civil Rights Act bars discrimination on the part of most employers, including all public or private employers of 15 or more persons. 73) \_\_\_\_\_

Answer:  True False

- 74) The EEOC receives and investigates job discrimination complaints from aggrieved individuals. 74) \_\_\_\_\_

Answer:  True False

- 75) Only an aggrieved individual can file discrimination charges against another. 75) \_\_\_\_\_

Answer: True  False

- 76) The Equal Pay Act of 1963 made it unlawful to discriminate against employees or applicants for employment who are between 40 and 65 years of age. 76) \_\_\_\_\_

Answer: True  False

- 77) In *O'Connor versus Consolidated Coin Caterers Corp.*, the Supreme Court held that an employee who is over 40 may sue for discrimination if he or she is replaced by a "significantly younger" employee, even if the replacement is also over 40. 77) \_\_\_\_\_

Answer:  True False

- 78) If an employer offers its employees disability coverage, then it must treat pregnancy and childbirth like any other disability and include it in the plan as a covered condition. 78) \_\_\_\_\_

Answer:  True False

- 79) Title VII forbids testing or screening of job applicants because testing could systematically discriminate against some protected classes. 89) \_\_\_\_\_  
 Answer: True  False
- 80) An employer can avoid liability for discrimination by proving that it would have taken the same action even without the discriminatory motive. 80) \_\_\_\_\_  
 Answer: True  False
- 81) The American with Disabilities Act of 1990 does not list specific disabilities. 81) \_\_\_\_\_  
 Answer:  True False
- 82) People with AIDS are protected from discrimination under the Americans with Disabilities Act. 82) \_\_\_\_\_  
 Answer:  True False
- 83) Simply being disabled qualifies someone for a job under the ADA. 83) \_\_\_\_\_  
 Answer: True  False
- 84) Employees must show that the costs of accommodation do not outweigh the benefit to show that an accommodation for an employee's disability is a reasonable one. 84) \_\_\_\_\_  
 Answer:  True False
- 85) Mental disabilities like depression account for the greatest number of claims brought under the ADA. 85) \_\_\_\_\_  
 Answer:  True False
- 86) The ADA requires employers to have job descriptions in order to document the essential functions of each position. 86) \_\_\_\_\_  
 Answer: True  False
- 87) To prove sexual harassment, it is necessary to show that the harassment had tangible consequences such as demotion or termination. 87) \_\_\_\_\_  
 Answer: True  False
- 88) In order for discrimination to exist, an employer's intent to discriminate must be established. 88) \_\_\_\_\_  
 Answer: True  False
- 89) Adverse impact refers to employment processes that result in more individuals from a protected group being rejected regardless of whether the difference is significant. 89) \_\_\_\_\_  
 Answer: True  False
- 90) With the exception of Title VII, congressional legislation generally applies only within U.S. territorial borders. 90) \_\_\_\_\_  
 Answer:  True False
- 91) U.S. citizens working overseas for U.S. companies do not have the same equal employment opportunity protection as those working within U.S. borders. 91) \_\_\_\_\_  
 Answer: True  False

- 92) Under the Civil Rights Act of 1991, disparate impact claims require proof of discriminatory intent. 92) \_\_\_\_\_  
Answer: True  False
- 93) Shippers Express is accused of adverse impact on a protected group. 80% of all male applicants are hired but only 50% of female applicants are hired. Using the formula for disparate rejection rates, adverse impact cannot be shown. 93) \_\_\_\_\_  
Answer: True  False
- 94) The restricted policy approach to showing adverse impact means demonstrating that the employer's policy intentionally or unintentionally excluded members of a protected group. 94) \_\_\_\_\_  
Answer:  True False
- 95) Defining the relevant labor market is a crucial step in using population comparisons to show adverse impact. 95) \_\_\_\_\_  
Answer:  True False
- 96) Employers primarily use a bona fide occupation qualification as a defense against charges of intentional discrimination based on gender. 96) \_\_\_\_\_  
Answer: True  False
- 97) The Age Discrimination in Employment Act prohibits discriminating against a person 50 or over in any area of employment because of age. 97) \_\_\_\_\_  
Answer: True  False
- 98) The EEOC uses testers—individuals who pose as applicants to test a firm's equal employment procedures. 98) \_\_\_\_\_  
Answer:  True False
- 99) EEOC investigators are empowered to act as courts and can conclude discrimination based on their investigations. 99) \_\_\_\_\_  
Answer: True  False
- 100) Managing diversity means maximizing diversity's potential advantages while minimizing the potential barriers that can undermine the functioning of a diverse workforce. 100) \_\_\_\_\_  
Answer:  True False

**ESSAY. Write your answer in the space provided or on a separate sheet of paper.**

- 101) What were the three crucial guidelines affecting equal employment legislation that Chief Justice Burger identified in his written opinion on *Griggs v. Duke Power Company*?  
Answer: Discrimination by the employer need not be overt. The employer does not have to be shown to have intentionally discriminated against the employee or applicant. It need only show that discrimination did take place. An employment practice must be job related if it has an unequal impact on members of a protected class. The burden of proof is on the employer to show that the hiring practice is job related.



102) Under the ADA, if a disabled individual cannot perform a job as currently structured, the employer must make a reasonable accommodation unless doing so would present an undue hardship. What might qualify as reasonable accommodation?

Answer: Reasonable accommodation might include redesigning the job, modifying work schedules, modifying or acquiring equipment or other devices to assist the person.

103) What legal obligations are required for employers by the Americans with Disabilities Act?

Answer: An employer must not deny a job to a disabled individual if the person is qualified and able to perform the essential functions of the job. If the person is otherwise qualified but unable to perform an essential function, the employer must make a reasonable accommodation unless doing so would result in undue hardship. Employers are not required to lower existing performance standards or stop using tests for a job. Employers may not make preemployment inquiries about a person's disability, but they may ask about the person's ability to perform specific essential job functions. Employers should review job application forms, interview procedures, and job descriptions for illegal questions and statements. While employers do not have to have job descriptions, it is advisable to have them.

104) What are the three forms of sexual harassment? Name and describe each one.

Answer: The three main ways an employee can prove sexual harassment is quid pro quo, hostile environment created by supervisors, or hostile environment created by co-workers or nonemployees. Quid pro quo means that submission to sexual conduct is made a term or condition of employment or advancement. Even when no direct threats or promises are made in exchange for sexual advances, if an offensive work environment is created, sexual harassment has occurred. Further, advances do not have to be made by the person's supervisor in order to qualify as sexual harassment. An employee's co-worker or customers can cause the employer to be held responsible for sexual harassment. EEOC guidelines state that an employer is liable for the sexually harassing acts of its nonsupervisor employees if the employer knew or should have known of the harassing conduct.

105) How can an employer defend itself against sexual harassment liability? Name two methods.

Answer: An employer must show that it exercised reasonable care to prevent and correct promptly any sexually harassing behavior. Reasonable care can be shown through strong sexual harassment policies, training managers and employees regarding their responsibilities for complying with these policies, instituting reporting processes, investigating charges promptly, and taking corrective action promptly. Second, the employer can demonstrate that the plaintiff "unreasonably failed to take advantage of any preventive or corrective opportunities provided by the employer." The employee's failing to use formal organizational reporting systems satisfies the second component. Figure 2-1 on page 45 provides a list of guidelines for minimizing liability in sexual harassment claims.

106) Some say that even when employers use reasonable care by taking steps to minimize liability for sexual harassment, minimize or eliminate the occurrence of sexual harassment, and take immediate action once it knows of harassing conduct, it still may not be enough. Why might this be the case? Explain.

Answer: Studies show that there are significant gender differences in perceptions of sexual harassment. Women tend to perceive a broader range of sexual behaviors as harassing than men. Employees may also be reluctant to report incidents of harassment. Reporting could trigger retaliation. Many victims do not complain or sue. They quit or try to avoid the harasser instead. In many cases, the harasser doesn't even know that he or she is offending another person.

107) What steps can an employee take to address the problem of harassment?

Answer: Employees can take the following 5 steps. First, employees can file a verbal complaint or protest with the harasser and the harasser's boss stating that the unwanted overtures should cease because the conduct is unwelcome. Second, employees can write a letter to the accused. This letter provides a detailed statement of the facts as the writer sees them, describes his or her feelings and what damage the writer thinks has been done, and states that he or she would like to request that the future relationship be on a purely professional basis. This letter should be delivered in person with a witness. Third, if the unwelcome conduct does not cease, verbal and written reports should be filed regarding the unwelcome conduct and unsuccessful efforts to get it to stop. These reports should be filed with the harasser's manager and/or the human resource director. Fourth, if the letters and appeals do not suffice, the accuser should turn to the local office of the EEOC to file a claim. Fifth, if the harassment is of a serious nature, the employee can also consult an attorney about suing the harasser for assault and battery, intentional infliction of emotional distress, and injunctive relief and to recover compensatory and punitive damages.

108) Compare and contrast disparate treatment and disparate impact.

Answer: Disparate treatment means intentional discrimination. It exists where an employer treats an individual differently because that individual is a member of a particular race, religion, gender, or ethnic group. Disparate impact means that an employer engages in an employment practice or policy that has a greater impact on the members of a protected group under Title VII than on other employees, regardless of intent. Disparate treatment requires finding intent to discriminate while disparate impact claims do not require proof of discriminatory intent.

109) What conditions did the U.S. Supreme Court set for applying the McDonnell–Douglas approach to showing adverse impact?

Answer: The person belongs to a protected class. He or she applied and was qualified for a job for which the employer was seeking applicants. The applicant was rejected and after rejection, the position remained open and the employer continued to seek applications from persons with the complainant's qualifications. If the plaintiff meets all these conditions, then a prima facie case of disparate treatment is established.

110) What are the five sets of voluntary organizational activities that support the success of a diversity management program?

Answer: The activities are to provide strong leadership, assess the situation, provide diversity training and education, change culture and management systems, and evaluate the diversity management program.