- 1. Which of the following is <u>not</u> a goal of the tax law?
 - a. Encouraging certain social goals such as contributions to charity.
 - b. Encouraging certain economic goals such as a thriving business community.
 - c. Encouraging smaller families.
 - d. Raising revenue to operate the government.
 - e. None of these are goals of the tax law.

ANSWER: c

- 2. Which one of the following provisions was passed by Congress to meet a social goal of the tax law?
 - a. The deduction for job hunting expenses.
 - b. The charitable deduction.
 - c. The moving expense deduction for adjusted gross income.
 - d. The deduction for soil and water conservation costs available to farmers.
 - e. None of these.

ANSWER: b

3. List two general objectives of the tax code.

ANSWER: The tax code promotes social goals, economic goals, and raising revenue.

- 4. Mark a "Yes" to each of the following if it is an objective of the tax code. Otherwise mark with a "No."
- a. To provide a car to each American.
- b. To promote giving to charities.
- c. To encourage taxpayers to send their children to college.
- d. To raise money to operate the government.
- e. To promote the use of solar energy.

ANSWER:

- a. No
- b. Yes
- c. Yes
- d. Yes
- e. Yes
- 5. The US federal tax law's sole purpose is to raise revenue.

a. True

b. False

ANSWER: False

- 6. Which of the following is not a goal of the tax law?
 - a. Ensuring that all persons pay the same amount of tax.
 - b. Economic goals such as reduction in unemployment.
 - c. Social goals such as lowering the cost of adoption.
 - d. Raise adequate revenue to operate the government.

ANSWER: a

7. A corporation is a reporting entity but *not* a tax-paying entity.

a.

True

Name :			Class :	<u>Г</u> е:	Dat :
Chapter 1 The	Individua	I Income Tax Ret	<u>urn</u>		
		b.	False		
ANSWER:				False	
8. Partnership cap	ital gains a	nd losses are allocat	ed separately to each of t	the partners.	
	-	a.	True	_	
		b.	False		
ANSWER:				True	
9. In 2019, Wesley	y has a fair	ly simple tax situation	on with moderate wage in	ncome and a modest amoun	nt of interest income.
		e the easiest possible	e tax form. He may file:		
	a.	Form 1040EZ			
	b.	Form 1040A			
	c. d.	Form 1040 Form 1065			
	e.	None of these			
ANSWER:	C.	None of these			С
					· ·
10. Which of the f	following f	•	y individual taxpayers?		
	a.	Form 1040			
	b.	Form 1041			
	C.	Form 1065			
	d.	Form 1120 None of these			
ANSWER:	e.	None of these			а
WOWEN.					u
11. Partnerships:					
	e not taxab				
		the same manner as	individuals.		
		ns on Form 1120.			
d. Fil ANSWER :	e tax returi	ns on Form 1041.			2
ANSVILIN.					a
12. Which of the f	following is	s correct?			
			at not a taxable entity.		
-	-	a taxable entity and			
•	_		ut not a taxable entity.		
-	tnership is	a reporting entity bu	it not a taxable entity.		
ANSWER:					d
13. In 2019, Scheo	dule 1 of Fo	orm 1040 is used to	report:		
a.	Salary in				
b.	Capital g	gains and losses.			

c.

Withholding on wages.

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Chapter 1	The_Individu	ıal Income Tax Retur	<u> </u>	
	d. Unem	ployment compensation.		
ANSWER:				d
14. Partnersh	ip income is r	reported on:		
	a.	Form 1040PTR.		
	b.	Form 1120S.		
	c.	Form 1040X.		
	d.	Form 1065.		
ANSWER:				d
15. In 2019, o	depending on	the amounts of income a	and other tax information, so	me individuals may report their income on:
	a.	Form 1040A.		
	b.	Form 1065.		
	c.	Form 1120.		
	d.	Form 1041.		
	e.	None of these.		
ANSWER:				е
16. Mark eac a. Individuals b. Corporatio c. Partnership ANSWER:	s ons	a. Taxable and	reporting entity, or both: reporting entity reporting entity reporting entity ntity	
		or an individual, a corpor	ration, or a partnership tax re	turn.
a. Form 1065	A, Itemized D	aductions		
c. Form 1040		eductions		
d. Form 1120)			
	3, Interest and			
ANSWER:	a. Partneb. Indivi	•		
	c. Indivi			
	d. Corpo			
	e. Indivi	dual		
18. Distingui	sh between re	porting entities and taxa	ble entities and give example	es of each.
ANSWER:	and the alloc	cation of income or loss		orations, estates, and certain trusts are acome taxation.
19. Which of	the following	g is not considered one o	f the five basic taxable or rep	porting entities?

b.

Partnership Corporation

ivanie :			Class	e:
Chapter 1 The	Individual	Income Tax Ret	urn	
	c.	Portfolio		
	d.	Individual		
	e.	Trust		
ANSWER:				С
20. Married taxp	ayers may d	ouble their standard	deduction amount by filing sep	parate returns.
		a.	True	
		b.	False	
ANSWER:				False
21. An item is <i>no</i>	ot included in	n gross income unle	ss the tax law specifies that the	item is subject to taxation.
		a.	True	
		b.	False	
ANSWER:				False
22. For taxpayers gross income.	s who do not	t itemize deductions	, the standard deduction amoun	t is subtracted from the taxpayer's adjuste
		a.	True	
		b.	False	
ANSWER:				True
file separate retuing its going to itemize	rns. They ha ze. Eugene's	ve no deductions fo itemized deduction e's taxable income?	r adjusted gross income. Velma s are \$4,000. Assuming Eugene	na earned \$30,000. They have decided to a's itemized deductions are \$14,200 so she and Velma do not live in a community
	a.	\$18,000		
	b.	\$12,800		
	C.	\$21,000		
	d.	\$26,000		
ANSWER:	e.	None of these		С
				Ç .
24. An individua	l is a head of		s her standard deduction?	
	a.	\$12,200		
	b.	\$24,400		
	c.	\$18,350		
	d.	\$18,000		
	e.	None of these		
ANSWER:				С
0.5 E 1.3		: 1 E 2010 E	1 0 2 5 0 0 0 1 3 7 1	1020,000 TI 1 1 1111

25. Eugene and Velma are married. For 2019, Eugene earned \$25,000 and Velma earned \$30,000. They have decided to file separate returns. They have no deductions for adjusted gross income. Eugene's itemized deductions are \$14,200 and Velma's are \$4,000. Assuming Eugene and Velma do not live in a community property state and Eugene deducts the greater of the standard deduction or itemized deductions, what is Eugene's taxable income?

Name	Class	Dat
• •	:	e:

- a. \$10,800
- b. \$18,000
- c. \$1,000
- d. \$21,000
- e. None of these

ANSWER:

а

26. Oscar and Mary have no dependents and file a joint income tax return for 2019. They have adjusted gross income (all wages) of \$140,000 and itemized deductions of \$30,000. What is the amount of taxable income that Oscar and Mary must report on their 2019 income tax return?

a.	\$116,000
b.	\$93,600
c.	\$102,000
d.	\$110,000
e.	\$140,000

Ф116 000

ANSWER:

d

- 27. Barry is age 45 and a single taxpayer. In 2019, he has gross income of \$17,000 and itemized deductions of \$6,500. If Barry claims no dependents on his 2019 income tax return, calculate the following amounts:
- a. His personal exemption amount
- b. Barry's taxable income

ANSWER:

- **\$0.** There are no personal exemptions in 2019
- b. \$4,800 = \$17,000 \$12,200 standard deduction
- 28. What is the formula for computing taxable income, as summarized in the text?

ANSWER:

Gross income

- Deductions for adjusted gross income

Adjusted gross income

- Greater of itemized deductions or standard deduction

- Qualified business income deduction

Taxable income

- 29. Mary is age 33 and a single taxpayer with adjusted gross income for 2019 of \$29,400. Mary maintains a home for three dependent children and has itemized deductions of \$3,000. Calculate the following amounts for Mary's 2019 income tax return:
- a. Mary's standard or itemized deduction amount
- b. Mary's taxable income

- a. \$18,350
- b. **\$11,050**= \$29,400 \$18,350

Name	Class	Dat
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30. Kenzie is a research scientist in Tallahassee, Florida. Her spouse Gary stays home to take care of their house and two dogs. Kenzie's total wages for 2019 were \$60,500 from which \$5,900 of federal income tax was withheld.

Calculate the income tax due or income tax refund on Kenzie and Gary's 2019 individual income tax return. Use the tax formula for individuals and show your work.

ANSWER:	Gross income	\$60,500
	Deductions for	
	adjusted gross	
	income	0
	Adjusted gross	
	income	60,500
	Standard deduction	(24,400)
	Taxable income	\$36,100
	Gross tax liability	
	(from tax table)	\$3,947
	Tax withheld	<u>(5,900)</u>
	Refund due	<u>\$(1,953)</u>

- 31. Melissa is a 35-year-old single taxpayer with adjusted gross income of \$49,600. She uses the standard deduction and has no dependents.
- a. Calculate Melissa's 2019 taxable income. Please show your work.
- b. When you calculate Melissa's tax liability, are you required to use the tax tables or the tax rate schedules, or does it matter?
- c. What is Melissa's tax liability?

ANSWER:

- a. **\$37,400** = \$49,600 \$12,200
- b. Taxpayers with income less than \$100,000 must use the tax tables.
- c. \$4,297
- 32. Betty, age 39, and Steve, age 50, are married with two dependent children. They file a joint return for 2019. Their income from salaries totals \$165,000; they receive \$1,000 in taxable interest and \$2,000 in royalties. Their deductions for adjusted gross income amount to \$3,100; they have itemized deductions totaling \$41,000. Calculate the following amounts:
- a. Gross income
- b. Adjusted gross income
- c. Itemized deduction or standard deduction amount
- d. Deduction for exemptions
- e. Taxable income
- f. Regular income tax liability from rate schedules

- a. \$168,000 = \$165,000 + \$1,000 + \$2,000
- b. \$164,900 = \$168,000 \$3,100
- c. \$41,000
- d. \$0

Name	Class	Dat
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- e. \$123,900 = \$164,900 \$41,000
- f. $\$18,975 = \$9,086 + ((\$123,900 \$78,950) \times 22\%)$
- 33. Steven, age 35 and single, is a commodities broker. His salary for 2019 is \$111,500 and he has taxable interest income of \$40,000. He has no deductions for adjusted gross income. His itemized deductions are \$31,000. Steven does not have any dependents.
- a. What is the amount of his adjusted gross income?
- b. What are his allowable itemized deductions?
- c. What is his deduction for personal exemptions?
- d. What is his taxable income?
- e. What is his regular tax liability from the tax rate schedules?

ANSWER:

- a. \$151,500 = \$111,500 + \$40,000
- b. \$31,000
- c. \$0
- d. **\$120,500**= \$151,500 \$31,000
- e. \$23,094.50 [tax rate schedule: $$14,382.50 + [($120,500 $84,200) \times 24\%]$]
- 34. Nathan is 24 years old, single, and works as an accountant in a salmon cannery in Alaska. His total wages for 2019 were \$32,000. Federal income tax of \$4,500 was withheld from his wages. His only other income was \$260 of interest and he had no deductible expenses.

Calculate the income tax due or income tax refund on Nathan's 2019 individual income tax return. Use the tax formula for individuals and show your work.

ANSWER:	Gross income	\$32,260
	Deductions for adjusted	
	gross income	0
	Adjusted gross income	32,260
	Standard deduction	(12,200)
	Taxable income	\$20,060
	Gross tax liability (from tax	
	table)	\$2,215
	Tax withheld	(4,500)
	Refund due	<u>\$(2,285)</u>

- 35. In 2019, Len has a salary of \$40,700 from his job. He also has interest income of \$400. Len is single and has no dependents. During the year, Len sold stock held as an investment for a \$10,000 loss. Calculate the following amounts for Len:
- a. Adjusted gross income
- b. Standard deduction

- c. Taxable income
- d. Tax liability
- e. Explain the tax treatment of the loss from the stock sale

ANSWER:

- a. \$38,100 = \$40,700 + \$400 \$3,000
- b. \$12,200
- c. \$25,900 = \$38,100 \$12,200
- d. **\$2,917** (tax table)
- e. Up to \$3,000 of net capital loss per year can be deducted from ordinary income; the unused portion of \$7,000 is carried forward.
- 36. Roger, age 39, and Lucy, age 37, are married taxpayers who file a joint income tax return for 2019. They have gross income of \$26,100. Their deductions for adjusted gross income are \$550 and they have itemized deductions of \$5,400. If Roger and Lucy have no dependents for 2019, calculate the following amounts:
- a. Their adjusted gross income
- b. The greater of the amount of their standard deduction or their itemized deductions
- c. Their taxable income

ANSWER:

- a. \$25.550 = \$26.100 \$550
- b. **\$24,400**
- c. \$1,150 = \$25,550 \$24,400
- 37. Hansel and Gretel are married taxpayers who file a joint income tax return for 2019. They have no dependents. On their 2019 income tax return, they have adjusted gross income of \$62,000 and total itemized deductions of \$4,000. What is their taxable income?

ANSWER:

$$\$37,600 = \$62,000 - \$24,400$$

- 38. Rod, age 50, and Ann, age 49, are married taxpayers who file a joint return for 2019. They have gross income of \$150,700. Their deductions for adjusted gross income are \$5,100 and they have itemized deductions of \$18,000, consisting of \$10,000 in state income taxes and \$8,000 in mortgage interest expense. If they have no dependents for 2019, calculate the following amounts:
- a. Their adjusted gross income
- b. The greater of the amount of their standard deduction or their itemized deductions
- c. Their taxable income

- a. \$145,600 = \$150,700 \$5,100
- b. **\$24,400**
- c. \$121,200 = \$145,600 \$24,400
- 39. Theodore, age 74, and Maureen, age 59, are married taxpayers with two dependents. Their adjusted gross income for the 2019 tax year is \$43,600, and they have itemized deductions of \$7,800. Determine the following for Theodore and Maureen's 2019 income tax return:

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•	-	℧.

- a. The greater of the amount of their standard deduction or their itemized deductions
- b. Their taxable income

ANSWER:

- a. **\$25,700** = \$24,400 + \$1,300
- b. \$17,900 = \$43,600 \$25,700
- 40. George, age 67, and Linda, age 60, are married taxpayers with three dependent children. Their adjusted gross income for the 2019 tax year is \$142,000. They have itemized deductions of \$24,600. Determine the following for their joint tax return for 2019:
- a. Exemption deduction amount
- b. The greater of the amount of their standard deduction or their itemized deductions
- c. Taxable income

ANSWER:

- a. **\$0**
- b. **\$25,700** (\$24,400 + \$1,300)
- c. \$116.300 = \$142.000 \$25.700
- 41. What is the difference between the standard deduction and itemized deductions?

ANSWER:

The <u>standard deduction</u> is a flat amount, varying based on a taxpayer's filing status (single, married, head of household, etc.), age, and vision, which is deducted from adjusted gross income (AGI) along with and qualified business income deductions to arrive at taxable income.

<u>Itemized deductions</u> are expenses paid by a taxpayer including medical expenses (over the 10 percent of AGI limit), various taxes (up to \$10,000), home mortgage interest and investment interest, charitable contributions, certain personal casualty losses and miscellaneous deductions (not subject to the 2 percent of AGI limit). If the total itemized deductions are larger than the taxpayer's standard deduction, the taxpayer should complete Schedule A, listing all itemized deductions, and use this amount instead of the standard deduction. By itemizing deductions when they are larger than the standard deduction, taxpayers may reduce their taxable income and pay less tax.

- 42. For each of the following situations, indicate whether the taxpayer(s) is(are) required to file a tax return for 2019. Explain your answer.
- a. Debra, age 68, and Jerry, age 70, are married and file a joint return. They received \$24,500 in interest income from a savings account.
- b. Margie is a single taxpayer with wages of \$8,400 and interest income of \$200.
- c. Janie, age 30, and Scott, age 28, are married and file a joint tax return. They had \$17,000 in earnings from wages.
- d. Kim, age 20, is a single college student who is claimed as a dependent by her parents. She earned \$2,000 from a part-time job and has \$450 in interest income.
- e. Stefanie, a 25-year-old single taxpayer, has wages of \$1,500, from which \$80 of federal income tax was withheld.

Name			Class :	Dat e:
Chapter 1	The_	Individual Income Ta	x Return	
ANSWER:	a.		etion of \$24,400 plus 2 additiona to than their income of \$24,500.	l standard deductions of \$1,300 each add up to
	b.	No. Income of \$8,600	is less than the \$12,200 standard	deduction.
	c.	No. The income of \$17	,000 is less than the \$24,400 stan	dard deduction.
	d.	Yes. Gross income is n	nore than the larger of \$1,100 or \$	\$2,350 (earned income of \$2,000 plus \$350).
	e.	No. Stefanie is not requ the income tax withhele		nust file if she wishes to receive a refund of
13 A taxnay	er wi	th self-employment inco	ne of \$600 must file a tax return.	
is. II tanpay	01 ,,1	a.	True	
		b.	False	
ANSWER:				True
14. A depend	dent c	child with earned income	in excess of the available standar	rd deduction amount must file a tax return.
		a.	True	
		b.	False	
ANSWER:				True
45. A single nust file a ta	•	•	ent on another's return, not blind	and under age 65, with income of \$11,750
		a.	True	
		b.	False	
ANSWER:				False
46. If a taxpa	ıyer i	s due a refund, it will be	mailed to the taxpayer regardless	of whether he or she files a tax return.
		a.	True	
		b.	False	
ANSWER:				False
47. Taxpaye	rs wit	h self-employment incon	ne of \$400 or more must file a tax	c return.
		a.	True	
		b.	False	
ANSWER:				True
		•	not have to file a tax return for 2 e 65, with income of \$13,500.	019?

d. A qualifying widow (age 67) with a dependent child and income of \$18,800. Copyright Cengage Learning. Powered by Cognero.

b. Married taxpayers (ages 45 and 50 years), filing jointly, with income of \$26,000.

c. A student, age 22, with unearned income of \$2,500 who is claimed as a dependent by her parents.

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	:	e:

e. All of these are correct.

ANSWER:

49. In which of the following situations is the taxpayer *not* required to file a 2019 income tax return?

- a. When an individual has a current year income tax refund and would like to obtain it.
- b. When the taxpayer is a single 67-year-old with wages of \$9,800.
- c. When the taxpayer is a 35-year-old head of household with wages of \$18,900.
- d. When the taxpayer is a 69-year-old widow (spouse died 3 years ago) with wages of \$16,500 and no dependents.
- e. When the taxpayers are a married couple with both spouses under 65 years old with wages of \$26,000.

ANSWER: b

- 50. All of the following factors are important in determining whether an individual is required to file an income tax return, *except*:
 - a. The taxpayer's filing status.
 - b. The taxpayer's gross income.
 - c. The taxpayer's total itemized deductions.
 - d. The availability of the additional standard deduction for taxpayers who are elderly.
 - e. None of these.

ANSWER: c

51. Monica is a maid in a San Francisco hotel. Monica received \$500 in unreported tips during 2019 and owes Social Security and Medicare taxes on these tips. Her total income for the year, including tips, is \$4,500. Is Monica required to file an income tax return for 2019?

Why?

ANSWER: Yes. Monica must file a return and pay Social Security and Medicare taxes on the unreported tips.

- 52. John, 45 years old and unmarried, contributed \$1,000 monthly in 2019 to the support of his parents' household. The parents lived alone and their income for 2019 consisted of \$500 from dividends and interest. What is John's filing status and how many dependents should he claim on his 2019 tax return?
 - a. Single and no dependents
 - b. Head of household and no dependents
 - c. Single and 2 dependents
 - d. Head of household and 2 dependents
 - e. None of these

ANSWER: d

- 53. During 2019, Murray, who is 60 years old and unmarried, provided all of the support of his elderly mother. His mother was a resident of a home for the aged for the entire year and had no income. What is Murray's filing status for 2019, and how many dependents should he report on his tax return?
 - a. Head of household and 1 dependent
 - b. Single and 2 dependents
 - c. Head of household and 2 dependents
 - d. Single and 1 dependent

Name :		Class :	Dat e:	
Chapter 1 The Individ	lual Income Ta	x Return		
e. None o	f these		а	
54. Jeri is single and supp October and lives in his o		old son who has income of \$350) from working in a pumpkin patch during	
	household filing s son qualifies as a son must live in	dependent.	order for Jeri to be able to file as head of	
55. If your spouse dies du	-		ust file as single for the year of death.	
	a.	True		
ANSWER:	b.	False	False	
56. Taxpayers who do no as single.	t qualify for marr	ied, head of household, or qualit	fying widow or widower filing status must file)
C	a.	True		
	b.	False		
ANSWER:			True	
		an half the cost of keeping a homy use the head of household filing	ne which is the principal place of residence of ng status.	a
	a.	True		
	b.	False		
ANSWER:			False	
58. The maximum official investment income.	ıl individual incor	me tax rate for 2019 is 39.6 percent	ent, not including the Medicare surtax on net	
	a.	True		
	b.	False		
ANSWER:			False	
59. All taxpayers may use	e the tax rate sche	dule to determine their tax liabil	lity.	
	a.	True		
	b.	False		
ANSWER:			False	
60. The head of househol	d tax rates are hig	ther than the rates for a single ta	xpayer.	
	a.	True		
	b.	False		
ANSWER:			False	

Name :			Class :		Dat e:
Chapter 1 The	Individual In	come Tax Retu	ırn_		
61. Most states are	community p	roperty states.			
		a.	True		
		b.	False		
ANSWER:				False	
62. If taxpayers are	e married and	living together at	the end of the year,	they must file a joint tax	return.
		a.	True		
		b.	False		
ANSWER:				False	
63. A taxpayer wh child is not the tax			n unmarried child m	ay qualify to file as head	of household even if the
		a.	True		
		b.	False		
ANSWER:				False	
64. A married pers	son with a depe	endent child may	choose to file as he	ad of household if it reduc	ces his or her tax liability.
		a.	True		
		b.	False		
ANSWER:				False	
				r spouse under a separate	maintenance decree at
year-end, and has	no dependents		-		
		a.	True		
		b.	False	_	
ANSWER:				True	
					, Ann, who provides over k store. What is Ann's filing
a.	Single				
b.	Head of h	nousehold			
c.	Married,	filing separately			
d.		ng widow(er)			
e.	None of t	• ,			
ANSWER:					а
67. Robert is a singliability for 2019?	gle taxpayer w	ho has AGI of \$	145,000 in 2019; his	taxable income is \$122,0	00. What is his federal tax
•	a.	\$18,719.00			
	b.	\$9,480.00			
	c.	\$23,569.50			
	d.	\$23,454.50			
	e.	\$29,280.00			
		,			

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Chapter 1	The In	dividual Income Tax Retur	<u> </u>	
ANSWER:				d
			home for his dependent child, l	Edward. What filing status should
William ind		his tax return? Head of household		
	a. 1-			
	b.	Married, filing separately		
	c.	Single		
	d.	Qualifying widow(er) None of these		
ANCINED	e.	None of these		
ANSWER:				а
		n 2018, pays all costs related to dent. What is her filing status f		r unmarried son live. Her son does not
1 ,	a.	Single		
	b.	Married, filing separate		
	c.	Head of household		
	d.	Qualifying widow(er)		
	e.	None of these		
ANSWER:				а
		our dependent children live. In Single Qualifying widow(er) Head of household Married, filing separately		narry and continues to maintain his a for 2019, Alan should file as:
	e.	None of these		
ANSWER:				b
		s wife died in 2018. What is his		on resided. The son qualifies as his
	a.	Single		
	b.	Head of household		
	c.	Married, filing separately		
	d.	Qualifying widow(er)		
	e.	None of these		
ANSWER:				d
72. An unma	arried ta	xpayer who maintains a househ	old for a dependent child and v	whose spouse died four years ago should
	a.	Single		
	b.	Head of household		
	c.	Qualifying widow(er)		
	d.	Married, filing separately		
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Name	Class	Dat
		e:

e. None of these

ANSWER: b

- 73. Norman and Linda are married taxpayers with taxable income of \$126,000 in 2019.
- a. When you calculate their tax liability are you required to use the tax tables or the tax rate schedules, or does it matter? b. What is their tax liability?

ANSWER:

- a. Taxpayers with incomes of \$100,000 or more must use the tax rate schedules.
- b. Tax liability: $$19,437 = $9,086 + [($126,000 $78,950) \times 22\%]$
- 74. Curt and Linda were married on December 31 of the prior year. What are their options for filing status for their prior year taxes?

ANSWER: They may file either as married filing joint or married filing separately. Even though they were married on the last day of the year, they must file as if they were married for the full year.

75. Madeline is single and supports her 85-year-old parents who live in a senior home paid for by Madeline and have no income. What is Madeline's filing status and why?

ANSWER: Head of household. Madeline is single and Madeline's parents meet the tests to qualify as her dependents. Parents are the only exception to the requirement that dependents must live in the same household as the taxpayer to qualify the taxpayer for head of household status.

76. List each alternative filing status available to unmarried individual taxpayers.

ANSWER: Single.

Head of household. Qualifying widow(er).

77. Determine from the tax table or the tax rate schedule, whichever is appropriate, the amount of the income tax for each of the following taxpayers for 2019.

Taxpayer(s)	Filing Status	Taxable Income	Income Tax
Macintosh	Single	\$35,680	
Hindmarsh	MFS	\$62,100	
Kinney	MFJ	\$142,000	
Rosenthal	H of H	\$91,350	
Wilk	Single	\$21,130	

ANSWER: Macintosh, \$4,087 (tax table)

Hindmarsh, \$9,526 (tax table)

Kinney, \$22,957 [tax rate schedule: $$9,086 + [($142,000 - $78,950) \times 22\%]$

Rosenthal, \$14,684 (tax table)

Wilk, \$2,341 (tax table)

Match the letter of the filing status to the taxpayers below. Items may be used more than once.

- a. Single
- b. Married filing a joint return
- c. Married filing separate returns
- d. Head of household
- e. Qualifying widow(er)

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f. Married filing joint	or married filing	separate	
78. The taxpayer's husbar ANSWER:	nd died last year. I	Her 13-year-old dependent daughter lives with her.	е
79. The unmarried taxpay ANSWER:	er supports his de	ependent mother, who lives next door in a separate apartm	nent. d
80. The taxpayer is marrie The taxpayer has no deper ANSWER:		nd disappeared with a girlfriend while on vacation in Marc	ch of the current year.
01 Tl . 4			
81. The taxpayer is unman	ried and is fiving	with his giriffiend.	а
82. After living together f ANSWER:	or 6 months, the o	couple married on December 31.	f
83. The taxpayer who is u ANSWER:	nmarried legally	adopted a child who lives with her.	d
84. An individual, age 22, whether a dependency exe		l-time basis at a college, is considered a student for purpoted.	oses of determining
	a.	True	
ANSWER:	b.	False True	
85 A dependent that dies	during the tay we	ar may still qualify as a dependent.	
65. A dependent mat dies	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:		True	
86. For 2019, the deduction	on for personal an	nd dependency exemptions are \$4,200 each.	
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:		False	
87. Scholarships received the dependency exemption		be excluded for purposes of the support test for determin	ing the availability of
	a.	True	
ANSWER:	b.	False True	
88. The two types of depe		ying child or qualifying dependent.	
	a. 1-	True	
	b.	False	

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ANSWER:					True
89. An 18-y credit.	ear-old	full-time	student who is c	laimed on the parents' tax return as	a dependent is eligible for the child tax
			a.	True	
			b.	False	
ANSWER:					False
_		-	ar, Anita was ent le following pero	tirely supported by her three sons, centages:	Dudley, Carlton, and Isidore, who
Dudley				8 percent	
Carlton				45 percent	
sidore				47 percent	
Which of th		•		m his mother as a dependent, assur	ning a multiple support agreement exists?
	a. 1-	Dudley			
	b.	•	or Carlton		
	c.		n or Isidore		
	d.	•	, Carlton, or Isio	lore	
	e.	None o	of these		
ANSWER:					С
able to supp	ort his	son Ed. Ed	d is 67 years old		has left him with a sizeable income. He is a nursing home. Ed's income is less than
ŕ	·	a.	1		
		b.	2		
		c.	3		
		d.	4		
		e.	None of the	ese	
ANSWER:					а
exemption?				t with respect to the gross income to 4,200 of gross income in order to q	est for the qualifying relative dependency ualify.
b. The	gross i	ncome tes	t does not have t	to be met provided the relative is u	nder age 19 at the end of the tax year.

ANSWER: a

d. The gross income test does not have to be met provided the relative is a student.

93. Albert and Louise, ages 66 and 64, respectively, filed a joint return for 2019. They provided all of the support for their blind 19-year-old son, who had no gross income. They also provided the total support of Louise's father, who is a citizen and life-long resident of Peru. What is the amount of the credit for other dependents that Albert and Louise can claim?

e. All choices are correct

Name				Class	Dat e:	
Chapter	1 The	Individu	al Income Tax Re	 <u>turn</u>	<u> </u>	
		a.	\$0			
		b.	\$500			
		c.	\$1,000			
		d.	\$2,000			
		e.	None of these			
ANSWE	R:				b	
94. Which	n of the	following Sister	relatives will <i>not</i> sat	isfy the relationship test for the de	pendency?	
	b.	Adopte	ed child			
	c.	Aunt				
	d.	Parent				
	e.	All of t	he above satisfy the	test		
ANSWE	R:				е	
95 Which	h of the	following	is <i>not</i> a test that mus	st be met for a child to be considered	ed a denendent?	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	. 01 1110	a.	Age test		a a dependent.	
		b.	Domicile test			
		c.	Citizenship test			
		d.	Relationship test			
		e.	Nexus test			
ANSWE	R:				е	
19 years of income	old, lega e and pr	ally blind, ovided 70	and who earns no inc		I the support for their daughter who time student at a university, had \$4, her dependent credit Mr. and Mrs.	

b. \$500

\$1,000 c.

\$2,000 d.

None of these e.

ANSWER: b

97. Jessica, a 17-year-old guitarist in a successful band, earns \$100,000 a year and is completely self-supporting although she lives with her parents. Can her parents claim her as a dependent? Why or why not?

ANSWER: Because Jessica is self-supporting, her parents may not claim her as a dependent. The self-support test is applied to both children and relatives who otherwise qualify, so Jessica is disqualified.

98. Karl's father, Vronsky, is a 60-year-old Russian citizen who lived in Russia for the full year. Karl supported Vronsky while he looked for work. Vronsky had no income. Can Karl claim Vronsky as a dependent?

ANSWER: No. Vronsky cannot be claimed as a dependent because he is not a US citizen, or resident of United States, Mexico, or Canada.

Chapter 1	The Individual I	ncome Tax Re	<u>turn</u>	
99. Most ta	xpayers may deduct	the standard ded	luction amount or the amount of their itemized deductions,	whichever is
		a.	True	
		b.	False	
ANSWER	<i>:</i>		True	
100. Taxpa a. b. c.	Two standard dedu	n. unt added to thei	r standard deduction.	
d.	None of these.			
ANSWER	:			b
			the full cost of maintaining his dependent mother in a home of a standard deduction for 2019?	e for the aged
	c.	\$19,600		
	d.	\$24,400		
	e.	None of these		
ANSWER	<i>:</i>			b
			s a dependent by her parents. Jill's only income is \$1,400 fr. ndard deduction for 2019?	om her bank
	a.	\$1,200		
	b.	\$1,100		
	c.	\$1,750		
	d.	\$12,200		
	e.	None of these		
ANSWER	<i>:</i>			b
a. Sib. Sic. Sid. A	standard deduction v ngle and 67 years old ngle and 45 years old ngle, 27 years old, an nonresident alien. married individual f	d. d. nd blind.	a 2019 if you are: eturn and your spouse itemizes his deductions.	
ANSWER			•	b
104. Brian	is 60 years old, sing her costs of his fathe	r's residence. Wl	ind. Brian supports his father, who is 88 years old and blind hat is the total standard deduction amount that Brian should	d, by paying the
	a.	\$18,350		
	b.	\$24,400		

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	c.	\$13,850		
	d.	\$20,000		
	e.	None of these		
ANSWER:				d
105. Calculate	the amount of	the standard deduction	the taxpayers should claim	on their 2019 income tax returns.
under 65 years	of age. They	ed with one dependent calso support her aging fa		a, are in good health, and both of them are
c. George and C	Georgina are 1	narried and file a joint re	eturn. George is 64 years ol	d and Georgina is 63 years old.
d. Norm is 62 y				
			tus, is 42 years old, and is i	
-		her only income is \$3,20	0 of interest on a savings ac	ecount. She is claimed as a dependent on
her parents' tax	return.			

ANSWER:

- a. **\$24,400**
- b. \$12,200
- c. \$24,400
- d. \$13,850. An additional \$1,650 is allowed due to blindness
- e. \$18,350
- f. \$1,100. She is claimed as a dependent on her parents' tax return

106. How should a taxpayer decide whether to take the standard deduction or claim itemized deductions?

ANSWER: A taxpayer should claim the larger of the standard deduction or the total allowed itemized deductions since the amount reduces the taxpayer's income subject to tax.

107. An individual taxpayer with a net capital loss may deduct up to \$3,000 per year against ordinary income.

a. True

b. False

ANSWER: True

108. Clay purchased Elm Corporation stock 20 years ago for \$10,000. In the current year, he sells the stock for \$29,000. What is Clay's gain or loss?

- a. \$19,000 long-term
- b. \$19,000 short-term
- c. \$19,000 ordinary
- d. \$3,000, with the excess carried forward
- e. No gain or loss is recognized on this transaction

ANSWER: a

109. Alexis has a long-term capital loss of \$13,000 on the sale of stock in the current year. She has no other capital gains or losses for the year. Her taxable income without this transaction is \$60,000. What is her current year taxable income considering this capital loss?

a. \$47,000

b. \$54,000

c. \$57,000

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- d. \$70,000
- e. Some other amount

ANSWER: c

- 110. Which of the following is *not* a capital asset?
 - a. Inventory
 - b. Stocks
 - c. A personal automobile
 - d. Gold
 - e. Land

ANSWER: a

- 111. Bob owns a rental property that he bought several years ago for \$250,000. He has taken depreciation on the house of \$35,000 since buying it. He sells it in 2019 for \$290,000. His selling expenses are \$12,000 for the year. What is Bob's realized gain on the sale?
 - a. \$28,000
 - b. \$53,000
 - c. \$63,000
 - d. \$75,000
 - e. None of these

ANSWER: c

- 112. Mike purchased stock in MDH Corporation 5 years ago for \$15,500. This year he sold it for \$12,650 and then paid a \$250 sales commission to his broker. He had no other capital gains or losses during the year.
- a. What is Mike's amount realized?
- b. What is Mike's adjusted basis?
- c. What is Mike's realized gain or loss?
- d. What is Mike's recognized gain or loss?
- e. How much of the gain or loss can Mike report in his tax return?

ANSWER:

- a. Amount realized: \$12,400 = \$12,650 \$250
- b. Adjusted basis: \$15,500
- c. Realized loss: \$12,650 \$250 \$15,500 = \$3,100
- d. Recognized loss: \$12,650 \$250 \$15,500 = \$3,100
- e. \$3,000. Up to \$3,000 of capital loss can be written off each year
- 113. Fran bought stock in the FCM Corporation 4 years ago at a price of \$18,000. She sold it this year for \$22,225 and paid her broker \$225 from the proceeds of the sale.
- a. What is Fran's amount realized?
- b. What is Fran's adjusted basis?
- c. What is Fran's realized gain or loss?
- d. What is Fran's recognized gain or loss?
- e. How much of the gain or loss should be included in her tax return?

- a. Amount realized: \$22,000 = \$22,225 \$225
- b. Adjusted basis: \$18,000
- c. Realized gain: \$22,225 \$225 \$18,000 = \$4,000
- d. Recognized gain: \$22,225 \$225 \$18,000 = \$4,000

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	e. \$4,000 . There is no limit	on the amount of capital gain to be in	cluded in tax returns
114. Taxp	ayers can download tax forms fro		
	a.	True	
	b.	False	_
ANSWEF	₹:		True
115. The I			
a.	requires official tax forms be of		
b.	links to the H & R Block Web		
c.	provides information on how to	choose a stock.	
d.	has an app for mobile phones.		
ANSWEF	₹:		d
116. Intern	net users can sign on to http://ww	w.irs.gov/ and:	
a.	Download tax forms and publ	ications.	
b.	Find links to other useful IRS	pages.	
c.		forms and publications.	
d.	All of these.		
ANSWEF	₹:		d
a. A list ofb. A searchc. Advice	IRS forms.	that can be found on the IRS Web site	e. If not, mark with a "No."
ANSWEF			
	b. Yes		
	c. No d. Yes		
a. R b. G c. C d. R	ronic filing (e-filing): educes the chances that the IRS venerally results in a slower refunan be done only by telephone. equires the services of a professi	will make mistakes when inputting tax d.	
ANSWEF	τ :		a
119. Elect	ronically filed tax returns:		
a.	May not be transmitted from a t	• •	
b.		of the returns filed with the IRS.	
c.	Have error rates similar to pape		
d.	Offer faster refunds than paper	returns.	
ANSWEF	₹ <i>:</i>		d

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120. State two reasons why a person would want to e-file their return instead of mailing it.

ANSWER: A return that is e-filed has a smaller error rate than paper-filed returns. (Less than 1 percent versus more than 20 percent). E-filing also offers a faster refund because the IRS is able to process the return more quickly.