Justice, Crime, and Ethics, 10th Edition

1.	Mill's higher order of pleasures includes:
	sexual gratification
	fine foods
	poetry
d.	none of the above
ΑN	NS: c
2.	Deontologists have argued that human beings sometimes have to make right decisions based upon nothing more than:
a.	positive consequences
	a sense of duty
	avoiding pain
d.	all of the above
ΑN	NS: b
3.	Factors relevant in calculating the amount of pleasure and pain produced by an action consist of these three things:
a.	duration, intensity, probability
	probability, proximity, pleasure
	proximity, duration, probability
d.	none of the above
ΑN	NS: a
4.	Justice theories address broad social issues, including human rights, distribution of wealth, and:
a.	leadership
b.	education
c.	equality
	all of the above
d.	
	NS: c

b. c.	legality validity viability morality
Aì	NS: d
6.	is one of the central ethical issues concerning criminal justice.
b. c.	Deception Force Interrogation none of the above
Aì	NS: b
7.	The most famous deontologist was
c.	John Mill Immanuel Kant Jeremy Bentham none of the above
Aì	NS: b
8.	believed one had a duty to make right choices regardless of the consequences.
b. c.	Kohlberg Mill Kant Bentham
Aì	NS: c
9.	holds that the morality of an action is determined by the consequences produced by the action.
b. c.	Bentham Functionalism Consequentialism a and c
Aì	NS: d
10	When evaluating specific justice-related issues (such as how much power is given to

police officers), which theory has a weakness of being too simplistic?

b.	utilitarianism deontology both
d.	neither
AN	NS: c
11.	Bentham holds that only actions that are done for the sake of duty have moral worth.
	True False
AN	NS: b
12.	According to deontologists, the fundamental principle of morality is the "categorical imperative."
a. b.	True False
AN	NS: a
13.	The utilitarian holds that we should not judge the morality of an action in terms of the consequences or results of that action.
a. b.	True False
AN	NS: b
14.	Theories of justice address broad social issues, including human rights, equality, and distribution of wealth.
a. b.	True False
AN	NS: a
15.	Mill (1979) considered pleasures such as drinking and playing video games to be superior to "lower order" pleasures such as poetry and reading.
a. b.	True False

ANS. h

ANS: b		
16. Utilitarianism is classified as a consequentialist ethical theory.		
a. Trueb. False		
ANS: a		
17. Deontologists would agree that justice involves the maximizing of pleasure for the majority, sometimes at the expense of the minority.		
a. True b. False		
ANS: b		
18. The use of force is a central criminal justice ethical issue unique to the profession.		
a. Trueb. False		
ANS: a		
19. A normative ethical theorist tries to discover basic, fundamental principles of right and wrong		
a. True b. False		
ANS: a		
20. Interest in professional ethics has decreased steadily over the last 15 to 20 years.		
a. True b. False		
ANS: b		
21. Utilitarianism is closely associated with deterrence theory.		
a. Trueb. False		

ANS: a