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CHAPTER 2 - ENVIRONMENTAL HISTORY: LEARNING FROM THE PAST

- 1. How many years has the species *Homo sapiens sapiens* lived on Earth?
 - a. 4000 years
 - b. 12 000 years
 - c. 30000 years
 - d. 60 000 years

ANSWER:

- 2. What is one characteristic of all major culture revolutions that have happened since the hunter-gatherer era?
 - a. shorter life spans
 - b. decreased resource consumption and pollution
 - c. improved living standards
 - d. decreased food supplies

ANSWER:

- 3. Which statement is NOT characteristic of early hunter-gatherer societies?
 - a. They gradually developed tools and hunting weapons.
 - b. They lived in small groups of 50 or less.
 - c. They learned to hunt large game cooperatively.
 - d. They had little knowledge about their natural surroundings.

ANSWER:

- 4. Which statement is NOT characteristic of relationships between early hunter-gatherers and the environment?
 - a. Population size was low.
 - b. They exploited their environment for food and other resources.
 - c. They caused major environmental impacts.
 - d. They used potentially renewable resources.

ANSWER:

- 5. What was NOT a characteristic of advanced hunter-gatherer societies?
 - a. Using fire to convert forests into grasslands
 - b. Stampeding herds to get food
 - c. Subduing and dominating most other forms of life
 - d. Redistributing plant populations during migrations

ANSWER:

- 6. What helped to limit the effects of hunter-gatherer societies on the environment?
 - a. giving nature time to recuperate after they moved on
 - b. high use of resources
 - c. exponential growth of their populations
 - d. reliance on fossil fuels as an energy source

ANSWER:

7. What is one characteristic of the agricultural revolution?

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 a. lack of concern for the natural wo b. fertilizing to improve soil fertility c. cultivating wild plants d. decreasing population size ANSWER:		c
8. When did domestication of wild plants and anima a. 5000 years ago b. 10 000 years ago c. 15 000 years ago d. 20 000 years ago	als occur?	
ANSWER:		b
9. What was probably NOT a characteristic of the final algorithms also also slash-and-burn cultivation be specialized farming of one crop composition cultivation described by the shifting cultivation and shifting cultivation are shiftened by the shifting cultivation and shifting cultivation are shiftened by the shifting cultivation and shifting cultivation are shiftened by the shifting cultivation and shifting cultivation are shiftened by the shifting cultivation and shifting cultivation are shiftened by the shifting cultivation are shiftened by the shifting cultivation and shifting cultivation are shiftened by the shifting cultivation and shifting cultivation are shiftened by the shifting cultivation and shifting cultivation are shiftened by the shifting cult		b
10. Which statement about slash-and-burn cultivation a. it contours and terraces the land b. ashes from burned vegetation are left in place. crops are rotated yearly d. it ultimately leads to desertification ANSWER:		s to the soil b
a. they tend to cause severe deforestation b. they grow only enough food to feed the c. they require large, flat fields in grasslend. they use draft animals to pull plows ANSWER:	n heir families	b
 12. Which human-resource relationship is NOT cha a. Use of domesticated animals increased the b. People began accumulating material good c. People used muscle, sun, and coal as ener d. The population increased with the increase ANSWER:	e average energy use per pers ls. gy sources.	

13. What is NOT a change that occurred as a result of the shift from hunter-gatherer to agricultural societies?

specialized occupations and long-distance trade

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b.	increased of	competition for resource	s		
c.		k distribution among peo			
d.	growth of	villages			
ANSWER:				c	
		utcome of the agricultura	al revolution?		
a.		ed soil erosion			
b.		ed manipulation of natur			
c. d.	-	ion of wild plants and ar ed deforestation	iiiiais		
4NSWER:	mercas	ed deforestation		c	
nvow Ex.					
15. What was		aracteristic of the agricul	tural revolution?		
	-	read of disease			
		mand for minerals			
	•	llution			
ANSWER:	d. res	spect for the environmen	t	d	
ANSWEK.				a	
16. In which c	country did	the industrial-medical re	evolution begin?		
	a.	England			
	b.	the United States			
	c.	Japan			
	d.	France			
ANSWER:				a	
17. In which e	era did the i	industrial-medical evolu	tion reach Canada?		
		a. mid 1500s			
		b. mid 1600s	S		
		c. mid 1700s	S		
		d. mid 1800s	S		
ANSWER:				d	
18. What is N	OT a chara	eteristic of the industrial	-medical revolution?		
a.		o utilize Earth's resource			
b.	social co	oncern for workers			
c.	average	per capita energy consu	mption		
d.	econom	ic growth			
ANSWER:				b	
19. What was	a maior sti	mulus for the industrial-	medical revolution?		
mut was	a.	a shortage of wood	modioni io ioinnoii.		
	b.	the bubonic plague			

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c. po	verty	
d. the	European wars	
ANSWER:		a
	eristic of the industrial-medical revolution? on non-renewable energy resources to reliance on pote	entially renewable energy
•	employment to factory employment	
	le production to small-scale production	
•	op productivity to lower crop productivity	
ANSWER:		Ь
	rimarily used during the industrial-medical revolution domesticated animals	?
b. solar powe		
	able sources	
d. wood ANSWER:		
a. an increased numbeb. negative human porc. movement of human		a
22 Which situation is locat like	ely for most citizens of industrialized countries?	
a. a higher average li	•	
-	ntial growth of the human population	
•	rage agricultural production per person	
d. more affordable m	naterial goods	
ANSWER:		b
24. Which attitude was most cl a. The land should	naracteristic of Native cultures? be conquered.	
b. The land should	be exploited as soon as possible.	
	resources are to be respected.	
d. The wilderness i	s hostile.	
ANSWER:		c
25. What was the primary view	of the early colonists who came to the North Americ	can continent?

a. it was a hostile wilderness that needed to be conqueredb. it was a friendly environment that needed care and nurturing

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c. it was a	finite reservoir of resources	
d. it was an	easy place to make a comfortable living	
ANSWER:		a
26. What are both H a.	enry David Thoreau and George Perkins Marsh called? Native Americans	
b.	industrialists	
c.	land barons	
d.	conservationists	
ANSWER:		d
	dous working conditions in the factories	
	lishing the first bird sanctuary	
•	the father of conservation in Canada	
d. the di <i>ANSWER:</i>	rty air from burning coal	c
b. he foundec. he wrote	arkin known for? hed "Man and Nature" ed the Sierra Club in 1892 "Life in the Woods" I a critical role in development of the National Parks Act	d
	Congress establish in 1905?	
	ational Park System	
	repartment of the Interior	
	nvironmental Protection Agency	
d. U ANSWER:	S Forest Service	d
30. Which decade is	considered the golden age of conservation? a. 1890–1900	
	b. 1900–1910	
	c. 1910–1920	
	d. 1920–1930	
ANSWER:		b
-	ationists and wise-use resource managers agree on? ic lands should remain untouched forever	

b. sustainable yield is the best management principlec. multiple use is the best management principle

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d. public lands should be managed to	benefit the greatest number of people	
ANSWER:		d
32. Who developed the Sierra Club in 1892?		
a. Theodore Roosev	elt	
b. Aldo Leopold		
c. Gifford Pinchot		
d. John Muir		
ANSWER:		d
33. What are Theodore Roosevelt and Giffor	d Pinchot known as?	
a. conservationists		
b. preservationists		
c. people with a frontier environ		
d. leaders of the Wilderness Soci 4NSWER:	ety	
HIVSWER.		a
34. After WWI, why did the US federal governices?	ernments promote increased resource re	emoval from public lands at low
a. to ensure species preserva	tion	
b. to employ single-use man	agement	
c to stimulate economic g	rowth	
d. to attract homesteaders		
ANSWER:		c
35. What was the CCC?		
a. a world conference that focused on the agree of western remakers that we		
b. a group of western ranchers that wasc. a group of unemployed -people emp	_	ha gavarnment
d. a conservation lobby that supported		ne government
4NSWER:	significant environmental legislation	c
HVSWER.		C
36. Which environmental event did NOT occ	eur during the 1960s?	
a. Ecology emerged as a science an	d received media attention.	
b. Rachel Carson wrote "Silent Spr	ing".	
c. The first annual Earth Day was h	eld.	
d. The Ecology Action Centre was	established in the Maritimes.	
ANSWER:		c
M W 1111 A 2 2 1 2		
37. When did the first Earth Day take place-		
a. b.	1950 1960	
n	1900	

1970

c.

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	d.		1980	
ANSWER:				c
38. In which year was	-CITES created	1?		
	a.		1965	
	b.		1975	
	c.		1978	
	d.		1985	
ANSWER:				b
39. Which Canadian Pr	rime Minister w	vent head-to-h	ead with President Ronald Re	eagan over acid rain?
a.	Jean C	hretien		
b.	Stephe	en Harper		
c.	Brian l	Mulroney		
d.	Pierre	Trudeau		
ANSWER:				c
40. Which U.S. preside by the National ParkSy			in the National Wilderness S	ystem and doubled the area administered
	a.	Nixon		
	b.	Kennedy		
	c.	Carter		
(Matter)	d.	Reagan		
ANSWER:				c
41Which US preside and reduced funding for				ent and timber cutting on public lands,
	b.	Kennedy		
	c.	Nixon		
	d.	Reagan		
ANSWER:		8		d
42. Bison were often sl	hot from the pa	ssenger windo	ws of trains just for sport.	
	a.	-	True True	
	b.	I	False	
ANSWER:				True
43. The agricultural rev	volution took p	lace some 500	0 to 6000 years ago.	
6	a.		True	
	b.		False	
ANSWER:				False

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	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
45. Shifting cultivation	n was practiced in tro	opical regions primarily.	
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
46. The agricultural re	evolution often led to	· ·	esert from overgrazing by livestock.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
47. The industrial-med	dical revolution reach	ned Canada during the first half	of the 19th century.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
48. The industrial-med	dical revolution led to	a higher standard of living for	many people.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
49. During the industr	ial-medical revolutio	n there was a shift to burning n	on-renewable fossil fuels.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
50. The early colonists	s believed in the myt	h of superabundance.	
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
51. Grey Owl was a st	aunch conservationis	st and wrote several books making	ing a case for conservation.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
52. Spaceship-Earth e	nvironmental worldv	iew was developed in 1962 afte	er Rachel Carson wrote her book, Silent Spring.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	

ANSWER:

False

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53. A major goal of th	ne wise-use movemen	-	the US environmental laws and regulations.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
54. Kyoto was not sup	pported by the Stephe	en Harper government in Canada.	
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
55. George W. Bush, emissions.	elected president of t	he United States, supported Kyoto	and was committed to reducing automobile
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
56. During most of the	eir existence, humans	s have been hunter-gatherers.	
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
57. Early hunter-gathe	erers had a greater en	vironmental impact than more adv	ranced hunter-gatherers.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
58. The industrial-med	dical revolution led to	bo both increased air pollution and g	groundwater depletion.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
59. The information-g	globalization revolution	on can lead to homogenizing of the	e Earth's surface.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
60. In Canada, the Bri	itish North American	Act of 1867 placed wildlife in the	hands of the provinces.
	a.	True	-
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
61. Clifford Sifton hel	lped establish the firs	t National Park in the United State	es.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	

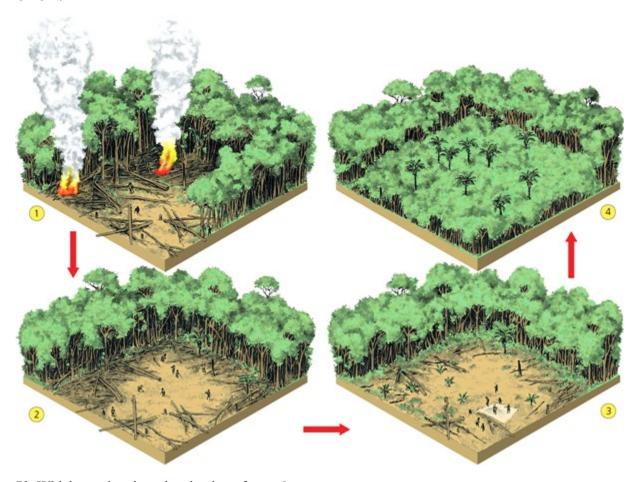
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ANSWER:			False	
62. The science of ecology bega	ın to emerge between	1965 and1970.		
	a. T	rue		
	b. F	alse		
ANSWER:			False	
63. The		-	00 to 12 000 years ago.	
ANSWER:	agricultura	l revolution		
64. The	began	in England in the	mid-1700s and spread	to the United States in the
1800s. ANSWER:	industrial-medica	l revolution		
65. The	era in North	America was occi	upied by tribal people t	for at least 10 000 years
before Europeans arrived.				·
ANSWER:		pre-Columbian		
	·	was a view helped	l by most colonists wh	o viewed the continent as
having inexhaustible resources. <i>ANSWER</i> :	myth of super	rabundance		
67. In the United States,		founded the S	ierra Club in 1892.	
ANSWER:		John	Muir	
68. The		of 1916 dec	lared that parks are to	be maintained in a manner
that leaves them unimpaired for	•			
ANSWER:	National Park S	Service Act		
69. Prime Minister	and President Ror	nald Reagan were	at loggerheads over the	e issue of international
pollution. ANSWER:	E	Brian Mulroney		
70. The	_ movement was for	med to weaken or	repel most of the Unit	ed States' environmental
laws and regulations.				
ANSWER:		•	wise-use	
71. Canadian environmentalist		c	haired the historic Eart	th Summit held in Rio de
Janeiro. ANSWER:]	Maurice Strong		
72. The	Protocol was signe	d in 1997 by Prim	e Minister Jean Chréti	en a pledge to reduce
Canada's greenhouse gas emiss:	ions.	1,5,7 Og 111111		, p11-50 to 104400
ANSWER:			Kyoto	
73	is best kno	wn as a strong pro	ponent of land ethics.	
ANSWER:		Aldo Leopold		

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	•	۵.
	•	℧.

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74. Today, most wood bison are found in		and in parts of northern
ANSWER:	Wood Buffalo National Park	
	vation technique ofbrush to help fertilize the soil.	involved cutting down the forests and then
ANSWER:	slash-and-burn	
76. The	era saw the conquering Colonial settlement	of Native people and the taking over of their land.
	vironmental awakening" started in the	
ANSWER:		1960s
78. In 1978,list of species at ri	sk.	began to research and publish its
ANSWER: Th	he Committee on the Status of Endangered Wildlife	in Canada, COSEWIC

CROPS



79. Which step involves the planting of crops?

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ANSWER:	Ste	p 2	
80. Which step allows the area to renew to soil <i>ANSWER:</i>	fertility?	p 4	
81. Which is the step after which the soil's nutral ANSWER:	rients are depleted?	pp 3	
82. Which is the step that occurs after the best <i>ANSWER</i> :	timber has been removed, but before	• •	
83. What was Aldo Leopold's view of humans ANSWER: He held a philosophy which views		an ethical responsibility to preserve-	

nature