Student r	name:		
best comp 1) The following?	LE CHOICE - Choose the one alternative that eletes the statement or answers the question. The principles of economics can explain which of the elewhy people choose to work or go to collegeWhy a eight prosperHow the value of money changes over		
A) B)	II and III only I and II only	C) D)	III only I, II, and III
2) Whresources?	no makes decisions about how to allocate		
A) B) C)	Individuals Businesses Governments	D) make decis resource all	ions about
3) Wh	nich of the following statements best describes the conomics?		
B)	Economics studies how the Federal Reserve actuation in business cycles. Economics studies how individuals and groups arce resources. Economics studies how people maximize returns	studies how	market. Economics governments appropriate tax
making wl	an could apply the principles of economic decision hen deciding:how to spend his paycheck.who to at to have for dinner after a long day at work.		
A) B)	I, II, and III I only	C) D)	I and III II and III

5) econo	The two broad fields that make up the subject of omics are:	
	A) microeconomics and macroeconomics.B) personal investments and business investments.C) fiscal policy and monetary policy.	D) imports and exports.
6) micro	Which of the following is considered a peconomic issue?	
	 A) The local university decides to raise tuition for e course offerings. B) The country of Zimbabwe has experienced a ne in inflation. C) The economic growth rate rises in the United 	States. D) The unemployment rate in Greece falls.
7) micro	Which of the following is considered a peconomic issue?	
1980	 A) The unemployment rate in the United States from to present day B) Apple's newest version of the iPhone C) France's growth rate over the last year 	D) All of these are examples of microeconomic issues.
8) reside	Suppose Disney World decides to charge local ents a lower price than other park visitors. This would	fall under which field of economics?
	A) MacroeconomicsB) Public policyC) Customer service	D) Microeconomics
9)	Which of the following is considered a	microeconomic issue?

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- A) Chinese economic growth has declined.
- B) The Federal Reserve cuts key interest rates in order to stimulate lending.
- C) Walmart decides to add more self-checkout machines as the cost of labor rises.
- D) India experiences a reduction in unemployment after opening its borders to trade.

- **10)** Which of the following is considered a microeconomic issue?
- A) The Bureau of Economic Analysis reviews quarterly national income accounting data.
- B) A firm decides to purchase pay-per-click online advertising.
 - C) The Federal Reserve increases the discount rate.
- D) The CPI reports a rise in inflation during the month of July.

- 11) Which of the following questions would be studied in microeconomics?
- A) Why did our economic growth rate slow down during the 2000s?
- B) How did the recession end in 2009 if unemployment continued to rise?
 - C) How will the legalization of marijuana in

- Colorado affect the market for cigarettes?
- D) When should Congress raise taxes in order to tackle the debt crisis?
- **12)** Which broad field of economics would most likely study how consumers respond to a hike in alcohol taxes?
 - A) Microeconomics
 - B) Marginal economics
 - C) Macroeconomics

D) Monetary economics

13) The broad field of _____ would most likely study how all consumers respond to a

- A) microeconomics
- B) development economics
- C) macroeconomics
- D) labor economics

14) The Bureau of Economic Analysis releases last quarter's growth rate in real GDP. This release would most

likely have been written by a:

- A) monetary economist.
- B) macroeconomist.
- C) microeconomist.

D) labor economist.

15) Which of the following is considered a macroeconomic topic?

- A) iTunes raises the price of all its music.
- B) iTunes raises the price of its pop artists' music only.
 - C) A local McDonald's franchise decides to hire

more workers.

D) The U.S. labor force participation rate falls.

- **16)** Which of the following is considered a macroeconomic issue?
- A) T-Mobile and Sprint announce plans for a merger.
- B) Sears goes bankrupt and the entire retail fashion industry experiences losses.
 - C) The unemployment rate in the U.S. falls during

the month of June.

D) Microsoft decides to offer all users a free upgrade to Windows 10.

- 17) Which of the following questions would a macroeconomist most likely try to answer?
- A) What stage of the business cycle is our economy currently in?
- B) Why do Broadway musicals and airlines have different price discrimination strategies?
 - C) How much would marijuana consumption change

if the market became legal?

D) Should IZZE increase its distribution from national to international?

- **18)** Which of the following is a topic that would be studied in macroeconomics?
 - A) Gasoline price changes
 - B) Unemployment rates over time
 - C) Taxation strategies of major corporations
- D) Consumer participation in Facebook

- **19)** A macroeconomist would study how:
- A) the economy works on a regional, national, or international scale.
- B) rent ceilings impact the construction rates of new apartments.
 - C) the increase in the female labor force

- participation rate impacts childhood obesity.
- D) grocery cart rental fees impact parking lot accident rates.

- **20)** Economists have observed that economic growth generally leads to improved standards of living. This
 - A) microeconomics.
 - B) public policy.
 - C) macroeconomics.

- observation is most related to the field of:
- D) financial economics.

- 21) Which of the following economic decisions would most likely be studied by a macroeconomist?
- A) Domino's Pizza decides to provide quantity discounts in order to increase revenue.
- B) A local entrepreneur decides to open a Waffle House in the local Walmart parking lot.
 - C) The government of Estonia implements a flat rate

personal income tax for all citizens.

D) Prices for train fares rise as labor unions negotiate higher wage rates.

22)	The assumption of rational behavior:		
	 A) offers a perfect framework for how people ly behave. B) helps economists explain how people behave in a hat will best achieve their goals. C) explains why people voluntarily engage in 	exceed ben D) to psycholo	is best applied ogy and should I in the science
ration excee	Which of the following statements about rationality is Economists wish to prove that all individuals are al. Engaging in a behavior for which the marginal costs d the marginal benefits is irrational. As long as the nal benefit of an action is positive, the action is	rational.Inc	dividuals are rational.
	A) II only B) I and III	C) D)	II and IV II, III, and IV
24) decisi	When we believe the best result will come from the on we have made, we are being:		
	A) gullible.B) short-sighted.	C) D)	rational. considerate.
25) lowes	When we assume that consumers want to pay the t price possible, we assume that consumers are:		
	A) cheap.B) deceitful.	C) D)	rational. informed.
26)	Scarcity can best be defined as a situation in which:		
	A) consumers look for bargains.	B) producers a	some are selfish with

resources.

- C) people respond to incentives.
- D) all wants cannot be satisfied due to resource

constraints.

- 27) Scarcity reflects our inability to satisfy wants due to:
 - A) an unequal distribution of resources.
 - B) limited resources.
 - C) inefficient political systems.

D) unemployed workers.

- **28)** Which of the following is a basic tenant of the economic concept of scarcity?
- A) Developing countries will always have a battle to fight hunger.
- B) Resources are often wasted, which results in shortages.
- C) Income must be redistributed through taxation in order to address income disparity.
- D) Limited resources require economies to make choices among production alternatives.

- **29)** Which of the following is *not* a direct result of scarcity?
- A) Buildings in New York City are taller than buildings in Greenville, SC due to fewer acres of land per person.
- B) Due to high gas prices, Shana decides to trade her Chevy Tahoe for a Honda Accord.
 - C) A college student misses a test review in order to
- get a few more hours of sleep.
- D) The energy industry is searching for a way to store the extra power generated by renewable energy.

30) Which of the following is a problem created by scarcity?

- A) The college course you need to take in the fall is only offered at times that conflict with your work schedule.
- B) The White House eliminates tours for the public due to budget constraints.
 - C) Your cell phone battery is low and you decline a

phone call from a friend to conserve energy.

- D) All of these are problems created by scarcity.
- **31)** Individuals, firms, and societies are limited in the amount of goods and services that they can produce. This is a direct result of:
 - A) unemployment.
 - B) waste.

- C) irrational behavior.
 - D) scarcity.

- **32)** The problems created by scarcity:
 - A) could be solved if more people worked overtime.
 - B) are of no concern to the top income earners.
 - C) concern individuals, but are not a concern on the
- macro level.
- D) apply to everyone because resources are limited in general.
- Which of the following statements about scarcity is true?
- A) Scarcity is an undeniable part of everyone's reality due to the world's limited resources.
- B) Scarcity is not a problem for billionaires like Bill Gates.
 - C) Scarcity in the world can be eliminated by

rational decision making.

D) Scarcity is a problem studied in microeconomics and is not a macroeconomic concern.

- A) We should only desire things that we are capable of consuming and producing.
- B) We should make changes to fiscal policy until the situation of scarcity is eliminated.
 - C) We should make decisions that allow us to

arrange our resources rationally.

D) We should adopt economic policies that will lead to unlimited resources.

- 35) The problem of having unlimited wants under the constraint of limited resources describes:
 - A) opportunity cost.
 - B) sunk costs.

- C) scarcity.
- D) the marginal principle.
- **36)** The greatest constraint faced by banks considering the alternative of lending to Bangladeshi villagers is:
- A) not having qualified loan officers to make the loans.
 - B) having limited funds available for loans.
 - C) not being able to determine appropriate currency

exchange rates.

- D) counterfeit financial reports that make it difficult to properly assess collateral.
- 37) Suppose Hassan wants to rent a house near the lake over a holiday weekend, but the only house available is out of
 - A) a resource constraint.
 - B) rising marginal benefits.

his price range. This is an example of:

- C) changing incentives.
 - D) sunk costs.

38) The famous saying, "There is no such thing as a free lunch," is an example of which economic concept?

	A)	Maximization	effect
	B)	Trade-offs	
	C)	Basic necessities	
-	ases a	mi gets a job twenty miles from her house and a new car to commute. As a result of this new limi decides to sell her season tickets to the local	football stadium. Mimi's situation can be described as:
	A) B) C)	ignoring sunk costs. a trade-off. irrational decision making.	D) a normative choice.
40)	Tra	de-offs:	
	A) B) C)	are associated with every decision. do not exist if we receive something for free. always result in market failure.	D) can be avoided through economic planning.
41) identi		en making a decision, it is often more difficult to associated with the decision because	
	B)	costs; an individual must weigh monetary costs unity costs differently costs; an individual should consider opportunity more sunk costs benefits; it is impossible to put a dollar value on	benefits D) benefits; individual people identify benefits while firms identify costs
42) some		onomists assume that people choose to do when they believe:	
	A)	the benefits outweigh the costs of the decision.	B) it will make society better off.

D) The income

C) their decision cannot be questioned by anyone else. D) it won't harm anyone and will better themselves. 43) Suppose a university offers college seniors one "free" course. Is this course also free to society? opportunity to take it. A) Yes, because the seniors live in society. D) No, because some students will not take B) Yes, because the school has satisfied the assumption of making a rational choice. a free class seriously and C) No, because if a college senior takes the last seat will ultimately become less in the class, then a paying student will not have the productive workers. 44) Opportunity cost: D) would not only includes explicit, out-of-pocket expenses. include wages lost when B) is the value of your next best alternative. you take a vacation. C) is never provided in dollar values. 45) You decide to drive your car on a long road trip of 1,500 miles. The opportunity cost of driving your car: instead of driving. A) is only the amount of money spent on gas. D) equals the B) is zero, because the car is paid for. total expenses of the trip. C) includes lost wages you could have earned 46) If Johnny weren't in economics class this morning, he'd be sleeping. The value Johnny places on sleeping represents his:

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A) marginal benefit.

B) incentives.

- C) sunk cost.
- D) opportunity cost.

- 47) Your sister always brags about how savvy she is as a grocery shopper, claiming she saves lots of money by using coupons and shopping at multiple stores to get the lowest prices on all goods. Why might your sister be overestimating her savings?
- A) She does not count the value of the time it takes her to sort and clip coupons as a cost.
- B) She does not count the cost of the gas she uses driving extra miles to multiple grocery stores.
- C) She does not count the value of the time it takes her to check out at multiple stores and use multiple coupons,
- **48)** A gas station that does not offer pay at the pump service decides to require drivers to prepay for gas to decrease the amount of drive-offs. Which of the following could be an
- A) The value of the gas that is no longer stolen by people who drove off
- B) The time saved from not having to look for people waiting for you to turn on the pump
- C) Lost revenue from people who underestimate how much their gas tank can hold so they don't end up
- 49) The drug approval process regulated by the Federal Drug Administration (FDA) slows the pace at which helpful medications reach the marketplace. The alternative of having
 - A) the opportunity cost of the FDA's regulation.
 - B) how easy it is to identify and evaluate sunk costs.
 - C) the marginal benefit of the FDA's regulation.

compared to a trip to one store with no coupons.

D) All of these are correct.

opportunity cost of this decision?

overpaying

D) A loss of snack sales due to people paying for gas before pumping rather than after pumping

the medication available to consumers earlier is an example of:

- D) promoting consumer health in the population.
- **50)** You're trying to determine whether to

spend your Saturday afternoon attending a street festival, working to earn \$100, or studying for your midterm exam. You really don't want to work, so you flip a coin between attending the street festival and studying. The coin flip determines that you should stay home and study. The

- opportunity cost of your time spent studying includes:
- A) the loss of \$100 worth of wages and the joy from going to the street festival.
- B) earning a high score on your midterm and thus improving your grade in the class.
- C) the benefit that you could have received from attending the street festival.
- D) the time you spent deciding and using a coin flip to determine your Saturday afternoon activity.
- 51) Jimmy is invited to a costume party with a 1990s theme. His first thought is to dress up as MC Hammer, but he is also considering going as a lifeguard from Baywatch. The
- opportunity cost of arriving dressed like MC Hammer is:
- A) the cost of purchasing parachute pants like those MC Hammer would wear.
- B) the money he saves since he doesn't need to purchase red swimming trunks.
 - C) the enjoyment he would have received if he had
- dressed as a lifeguard.
- D) There is no opportunity cost because he was going to attend the party either way.
- **52)** A local fast-food restaurant mails coupons for a free sandwich to every home in the community. Natasha, who is on a diet, receives one of the coupons. Which of the following
- is an opportunity cost of redeeming the sandwich coupon for Natasha?
- A) Lost wages due to spending time going out to eat rather than eating the Healthy Choice meal she brought to work
- B) The benefit she would receive from sticking to her "get fit for the summer" diet plan
- C) The benefit she would receive from eating a "Blastin' Burger," one of her favorite fast food options

D) There is no opportunity cost of redeeming the coupon because the sandwich is free.

- 53) You are shopping at the local mall with an \$80 gift card that expires tomorrow. Only three items catch your attention: a bottle of perfume, a remote control helicopter, and an "Amazing Ab Belt." You would be willing to give up \$60 for the perfume, \$70 for the belt, and \$80 for the helicopter.
- Knowing this, you decide to purchase the helicopter. The opportunity cost of the helicopter is:
- A) \$130, the combined value of the alternatives forgone.
- C) \$70, the value of the ab belt.
- B) \$80, the amount spent using the gift card.
- D) \$60, the value of the perfume.
- 54) Cameron can spend his weekend afternoon doing one of three things: playing golf, driving his boat, or cleaning his house. Although he enjoys golfing, he sometimes becomes frustrated when playing so he decides to enjoy a more relaxing afternoon on his boat. Cameron never really considered the idea of cleaning the house, but he did give playing golf some serious thought. Cameron's opportunity cost of driving the boat is:
 - A) having a messy house, since he decided not to
- B) the enjoyment he would have gotten from playing golf.
 - C) having a messy house and not being able to enjoy
- playing golf.
- D) enjoying a relaxing day out on the lake.

55) Making a decision "on the margin" involves comparing:

clean it.

- A) additional benefits against additional costs.
- B) total benefits against total costs, including benefits and costs from past decisions.
 - C) sunk costs against opportunity costs.

- D) all of the benefits you could expect to get, without considering costs.
- **56)** Jasmin purchases a

coffee cup from her local gas station for \$5.00 that can be refilled at any time for \$0.50. The marginal cost of her 10th cup of coffee is:

- C) \$10.00.
- D) \$5.50.

- A) \$0.50.
- B) \$5.00.
- 57) Aria purchases a coffee cup from her local gas station for \$5.00 that can be refilled at any time for \$0.50. Economists would say that the \$5.00 she spent on the cup is:
 - A) an opportunity cost.
 - B) a sunk cost.
 - C) a marginal cost.

- D) The money spent on the cup can be all of these costs.
- 58) A local street festival that previously sold bracelets in exchange for unlimited alcohol consumption is now concerned about overconsumption. If the festival providers decide to instead sell tickets for each drink, will overall

alcohol consumption at the next festival decrease?

- A) No, because the marginal cost per additional drink will decrease for consumers.
- B) No, because the marginal cost per additional drink will increase for consumers.
 - C) Yes, because the marginal cost per additional
- drink will increase for consumers.
- D) Yes, because the marginal benefit per additional drink will increase for consumers.
- 59) A college student decides to spend his afternoon watching three movies rented from Redbox. The cost of each movie is \$1. The student was willing to pay \$4 to rent each of the first two movies and \$2 to rent the third movie. What was
- the marginal benefit received by the student when renting the second movie?
 - C) \$4
 - D) \$2

- A) \$1
- B) \$8

watching the movie is \$1 the first tw	ollege student decides to spend his afternoon aree movies rented from Redbox. The cost of each 1. The student was willing to pay \$4 to rent each of to movies and \$2 to rent the third movie. What was all benefit received by the student when renting the ?		
A) B)	\$1 \$8	C) D)	\$4 \$2
watching the movie is \$1 the first tw	ollege student decides to spend his afternoon aree movies rented from Redbox. The cost of each 1. The student was willing to pay \$4 to rent each of to movies and \$2 to rent the third movie. What was all benefit received by the student when renting the ee?		
A) B)	\$1 \$8	C) D)	\$4 \$2
,	e additional cost associated with producing or the next unit of a good or service is known as the: variable cost. marginal cost.	C) D)	utility cost.
,	ny theaters sell empty seats at a deep discount just w time. What economic concept is displayed by or?	D)	Thinking at
A) B) C)	Consumer demand Sunk costs Price optimization	the margin	<i>6</i>

64) The extra benefit associated with producing or consuming the next unit of a good or service is known as the:	D) cooperation
A) revenue product.B) spillover.C) marginal benefit.	D) economic benefit.
65) The deadline for your research paper is tomorrow and you anticipate you'll need a full day's worth of writing to complete the paper. Unfortunately, you are scheduled to work all day in the cafeteria. You can turn the paper in one day late for a 10 percent penalty or take the day off of work and turn the paper in by the deadline. Losing a day of wages will cost	you \$90. The marginal cost of turning the paper in on time is:
A) the 10 percent penalty on your final score.B) \$90 in forgone wages.C) respect from your professor.	D) the 10 percent penalty on your score and \$90 in forgone wages.
66) You and a friend decide to go see a movie at the theater, spending \$15 each on the tickets. Halfway through the movie you're struggling to stay awake and your friend is scrolling through Facebook. You suggest leaving the movie to do something else, since you're both obviously bored. However, your friend declines, stating he doesn't want to	waste the \$15 he spent on the ticket. Your friend is considering the of the movie.
A) opportunity costB) sunk cost	C) marginal benefit D) total cost
	67) You have paid all

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expenses to travel to your

vacation. You made these payments early in order to

favorite beach for a

receive a discount, and all payments are nonrefundable.
Unfortunately, the weatherman is now predicting that a
hurricane will hit the area during your vacation dates. As you

decide whether or not to take the trip, you should **not** consider the:

A) money that has already been spent on the trip.

take the trip.

- B) satisfaction you are likely to receive at the beach during a hurricane.
- D) additional costs you didn't anticipate while on the trip.
- C) best alternative use of your time if you do not

or decline the job offer, the \$500 spent on the class is:

68) Emir decides to sign up for a college accounting course. He pays the \$500 tuition, but before the course starts he is offered a job that would conflict with the class time. The tuition is no longer refundable. In deciding whether to accept

accounting course.

A) the opportunity cost of the job.

C) a sunk cost.

B) the expected gain in pay from taking the

D) a sunk benefit.

69) After paying the membership fee for a warehouse club like Costco, members are able to purchase items at a discounted price. Suppose the price of one pound of chicken is \$4.99 at a typical grocery store but \$2.99 at Costco. Also suppose the annual price of a Costco membership is \$60. The marginal cost of your 5th pound of chicken purchased at Costco is:

- C) -\$2.00.
- D) \$62.99.

- A) \$2.99.
- B) \$2.00.
- **70)** After paying \$12 to enter an all-you-can-eat buffet, you can eat as much food as you desire. The marginal cost of

an additional plate of food is:

- A) the benefit you will get from consuming the food.
- C) zero dollars.

- B) \$12 minus the time it takes you to eat the food.
- D) a sunk cost, and therefore irrelevant.

71) After paying \$12 to enter an all-you-can-eat buffet, you can eat as much food as you desire. Which of the

following statements is true?

- A) The marginal benefit of your first plate of food is larger than the marginal benefit of your third plate of food.
- your benefit.
- B) The marginal cost of a plate of food is sunk.

D) It is inefficient to eat at buffet restaurants.

C) You should eat as much as possible to maximize

72) Suppose that a policy maker knows there are currently 1,000 cars purchased each year in the city. In order to build a new park next year, which will cost \$500,000, the policy maker decides to impose a tax of \$500 on each car purchased.

Which of the following scenarios is most likely to occur?

- A) The \$500 tax will disincentivize car purchases, and fewer than \$500,000 will be raised.
- park will be funded.

B) The \$500 tax will have no effect on car purchases, and the \$500,000 will be raised.

- D) The \$500 tax is a sunk cost and thus will be ignored by people making car purchases.
- C) Knowing the purpose of the \$500 tax, more people will be incentivized to make car purchases, and the
- 73) An Italian restaurant decreases the price of pizza relative to the price of spaghetti, so customers buy more
- pizza. This is an example of responding to:

A) marginal science.

C) disincentives.

B) incentives.

D) sunk benefit.

- **74)** Muhammad Yunus revolutionized banking in Bangladesh by issuing loans using group responsibility. This
- change to group responsibility:
- A) reduced the trade-offs faced when making a loan.
- loans.
- B) provided an incentive for villagers to repay loans.
- D) provided an incentive for villagers to offer collateral for loans.
- C) increased scarcity, making it easier to repay

			79) founde		nammad Yunus, he Grameen
	A) B)	a trade-off. a disincentive.	respon	C) D) sibili	marginal cost. group ty.
for cla	sses a	niversity posts a notice that anyone who registers after the deadline will be charged an additional \$30 an example of:			
77) examp		lying for a loan in five-person groups is an family and friends lending. party of five lending.	respon	C) sibili D)	-
year w	A) B)	bait and switch. marginal sales.	exchar	C) D) nge.	an incentive. voluntary
76)		ar dealership advertises free satellite radio for one			
	A) B)	the use of incentives. a macroeconomic decision.	scarce	C) resou D)	
75) offer of examp	n bre	st-food chain announces a "buy one get one free" akfast sandwiches bought before 9am. This is an			

bank, was highly successful in his use of applying social incentives through group responsibility in order to maximize loan repayment rates. This success created an incentive for other banks to:

- A) offer similar loans to the poor.
- B) go out of business.
- C) seek government action to ban group

responsibility lending.

D) avoid catering to a high risk group.

- **80)** Which of the following is an example of a positive incentive?
- A) Discover offers 0 percent balance transfer rates to anyone who opens a new credit card.
- B) McDonald's decides to add a white chocolate mocha to its menu.
 - C) A teacher who has taught for 30 years decides to

retire and focus on gardening.

D) A business decides to leave the industry after facing stiff competition.

81) An incentive is:

- A) the marginal cost of engaging in a course of action.
- B) the marginal benefit of engaging in a course of action.
 - C) something that changes the trade-offs people

face.

D) rational behavior that involves thinking on the margin.

- **82)** Which of the following is an example of a positive incentive?
 - A) Deciding not to play golf due to rain
 - B) Making a donation to the Red Cross
 - C) Hiring 10 new workers as you expand your

operations

D) Offering a reward to anyone who finds your missing pet

- **83)** Which of the following is an example of a disincentive?
- A) Law enforcement creates a "Mug Shots" webpage that publicizes law breakers.
- B) A technology company offers a bonus to any employee who sells more than 100 widgets per month.
- C) A local gym holds a weight loss competition, with the prize being a free trip to Bermuda.
- 84) Suppose that a policymaker is considering offering free college tuition to all low-to-moderate income families in your state. There are currently 1,000 students attending college who would meet the income qualifications to receive
- A) This program will cost the state approximately \$10 million per year.
- B) Some of the students will be disincentivized from attending college because they will have to apply for the program.
- C) The \$10,000 is a sunk cost that policymakers shouldn't consider when estimating the funds needed to
- 85) Suppose a salon owner notices that their pedicures are very popular with customers. The owner decides to double of the price of the pedicure in order to raise more revenue.
- A) The owner will double her revenue as a result of the price increase.
- B) More customers will get pedicures because the price indicates it is a desirable service.
- C) The salon's revenue will less than double as customers are disincentivized from getting a pedicure.

D) Your professor offers to give you feedback on your paper and allow a revision before grading it if you turn it in early.

free tuition, and tuition is \$10,000 per year. Which of the following statements is most likely to be true?

administer this program.

D) Free tuition will incentivize more students to attend college, and this program will cost more than \$10 million per year.

Which of the following statements is most likely to be true?

D) Customers will no longer visit the salon as a result of the price increase.

smoking rates among teenagers. Which of the following achieve this goal by changing incentives? C) The A) The government requires all high school students government raises the legal to take a health class, and the harmful effects of cigarette age for purchasing smoke will be a required component of the curriculum. cigarettes to 20. D) The B) The government asks all high schools to post "Thank you for not smoking" signs around the school government raises the tax grounds. on cigarettes. **87**) The idea of efficiency is used to address which of the following questions? D) Are resources What are the wants and constraints of those being allocated in the best involved? way possible? What are the trade-offs? B) C) How will others respond? 88) Something is valuable if: D) it was made A) it does not involve a trade-off. using resources. B) it is a good or a service. C) someone wants it. **89**) A resource is: C) a good or service. something that people respond to. anything that can be used to make something of something of value. value.

policies is designed to

Suppose the government would like to reduce

86)

90) The use of resources in the most productive way possible to produce the goods and services that have the

greatest total economic value to society is called:

- C) sustainability.
- D) economic quantity.

A) innovation.

B) efficiency.

91) Suppose you have an idea that you believe offers substantial opportunity, but no one has ever implemented this idea before. What conclusion should you draw?I. People are irrational.II. You have come up with a new innovative idea.III. Your may have misevaluated how people will

respond to new incentives.IV. You are being irrational.

- A) I only
- B) I and II only

- C) II and III only
- D) III only

- **92)** For which reason might you incorrectly conclude that an idea no other person has implemented is highly profitable?
 - A) You've misjudged people's wants and constraints.
 - B) You've miscalculated the trade-offs people face.
 - C) You've misunderstood how people will respond

to incentives.

D) All of these might lead you to incorrectly believe an idea is profitable.

- **93)** Which of the following is an assumption that economists make?
 - A) Most people possess entrepreneurial talent.
- B) People are very good at assessing the costs of decisions accurately.
- C) Individuals and firms will act to provide the things people want.

D) Individuals usually fail to optimize the use of their resources because they think on the margin.

94)	Wh	en the government alters normal market activity,	this is know	vn as:
	A) B)	innovation. intervention.	C) D) outcomes.	market failure unexpected
95)	-	ou generate a new idea that has not yet been ed by others, and the idea offers a more profitable	use of some	e resource, it is cample of:
	A) B)	innovation. market failure.	C) D) than profit.	intervention. a goal other
96) because		min has an idea, but she cannot implement it nonopoly producer has placed a barrier to entry.	What make	s this an ircumstance?
	A) B)	Innovation Market failure	C) D) than profit	Intervention Goals other
Howe	own ver, a	have an idea to open a rooftop restaurant in the area of your community, as none currently exists. Ifter some investigation you discover that any taurant would violate city regulations. What makes	this an abno	
	A) B)	Innovation Market failure	C) D) than profit	Intervention Goals other
98) than m		ich of the following is an example of a goal other g a profit?		
	A)	Helping the poor	B) art	Making great

- C) Promoting social justice
- D) All of these are examples of goals other than

making a profit.

- **99)** Muhammad Yunus, founder of Grameen Bank, was a pioneer in implementing group responsibility to lend to the
- poor. Why wasn't someone else already doing it?

- A) The government regulated against group responsibility.
 - B) The idea of group responsibility was genuinely
 - C) Group responsibility lending was not profitable.
- D) It was easy for groups to provide false social security numbers for members that did not exist.

- **100)** Economic analysis requires us to combine:
 - A) unlimited resources with limited wants.
 - B) theory with observations.

new.

C) developed and developing nations.

D) views from different political parties.

- **101)** Suppose the owner of a rare piece of art has recently died, and their will specified that an economist should make sure that the painting is passed on "efficiently". Which of the

 - A) The painting is given to the owner's only child.
- B) The painting is put into storage to preserve its quality.

- following methods is most likely to result in efficiency?
- C) The painting is auctioned to the highest bidder.
- D) All of these are equally efficient.
- 102) Consider two
 neighbors who each run a
 small business. Juan grows
 and sells vegetables.
 Amber grows and sells
 flowers. Currently, Juan

uses a herbicide on his vegetables, because he can grow more crops with the use of herbicide. Specifically, he earns \$1,500 more during the years when he uses herbicide. Amber's flower farm is harmed by Juan's use of herbicide because it drifts to her farm and kills \$3,000 worth of flowers each year.

Which would be an efficient solution to this problem?

- A) The government bans the use of herbicide.
- B) Amber sells her flower business.
- C) Amber pays Juan \$1,500 not to use a herbicide.

D) There is no need for an intervention, as the current situation is efficient.

103) When two variables have been observed to have a tendency to occur at the same time, we can say there is

____ but not necessarily

- A) causation; correlation
- B) correlation; causation
- C) positivity; causation

D) normality;

- **104)** The statement "People who drink coffee tend to wake up early" implies that:
 - A) drinking coffee causes people to wake up early.
- B) drinking coffee is negatively correlated with waking up early.
 - C) drinking coffee is positively correlated with

waking up early.

D) waking up early causes people to drink coffee.

- **105)** The Widgetville County Wolfpack has won 90 percent of their last 20 games played under a full moon. What does this imply?
 - A) The weather affects how they play.
- B) There is a positive correlation between their play and the occurrence of a full moon.
 - C) Full moons cause the team to play better.

D) Causation can be found between their play and a full moon

- **106)** Suppose that out of the two cities that send football teams to the Super Bowl, the city with the lowest unemployment rate wins 70 percent of the time. What does this imply?
- A) A positive correlation between Super Bowl wins and low unemployment rates
- B) Evidence that richer cities always have better football teams
 - C) The condition of ceteris paribus present in the
- **107)** When toilet paper sales increase, quarterly economic growth rates tend to rise. This is an example of:
 - A) two variables that are negatively correlated.
 - B) the presence of ceteris paribus.
 - C) correlation without causation.
- **108)** When the price of milk rises, there is no change in the amount of dog food purchased. This is an example of:
 - A) indifference trade-off between the two goods.
 - B) the interaction between two correlated goods.
 - C) two items that are uncorrelated.
- **109)** As corn prices rise, salsa sales tend to fall. This is an example of:
 - A) a positive correlation.
 - B) inferior goods.
 - C) two uncorrelated events.

winning cities

D) A negative correlation between Super Bowl wins and low unemployment rates

D) causation with no correlation.

D) the value people place on dogs versus milk.

D) a negative correlation.

	ses a	en the unemployment rate rises, college enrollment s workers seek to expand training. This is an		
	A) B) C)	correlation and causation. a negative correlation. normative economics.	D) macroecon	omics.
111) becaus of:		monthly rain levels rise, golf course revenue falls sual golfers prefer to stay dry. This is an example		
	A) B) C)	scarcity. incentives. normative analysis.	D) and causat	correlation ion.
examp	s hav	ournal reports that students who attend private we higher test scores. Which of the following is an an omitted variable that could explain this? I. Parents' education levelII. Socio-economic	statusIII. P tuition	rivate school
	A) B)	I only III only	C) D)	I, II, and III I and II only
113) other, describ	the r	en the occurrence of one event brings about the elationship between the two events is best as:		
	A) B)	a pattern. a trend.	C) D)	causation.
			•	en speed boat the city of Las

Vegas takes in more revenue. The omitted common variable between these outcomes is likely to be:

	A) B) C)	life jacket sales. prices of Las Vegas flights. childhood obesity.	D) disposable	increased income.
	cons	ne past, there was a strong correlation between ice umption and polio diagnoses in children. his was shown <i>not</i> to be a causal relationship by:		
variab	A) le.	identifying a common underlying omitted	D)	correcting ta reporting. eliminating
	B)	demonstrating reverse causality.	coincidence	es.
116) chicke		classic conundrum, "Which came first, the the egg?" seeks to address the common fallacy of in the context of correlation and causation.		
	A) B) C)	reverse causality omitted variables linear relationships	D) analysis	comparative
	re on	ournal reports that both minivan sales and birth the rise. If you were to conclude that minivans le to have children you would be making the		
	A) B) C)	extrapolation. omitted variables. correlation without causation.	D) causality.	reverse

A news article reports that students who take SAT preparation courses tend to have higher test scores. Which of the following describes an omitted variable that could explain this correlation? I. Parents with more education are more likely to enroll their children in SAT preparation courses.II. SAT preparation courses improve students' test-taking

abilities.III. Students who are more motivated to attend college are more likely to enroll in SAT preparation courses.

- A) I only
- B) II and III only

C) I, II, and III D) I and III only

- Suppose researchers are interested in the health effects of diet soda. It has been observed that individuals who consume diet soda are more likely to be overweight. Which of the following describes how reverse causation could explain
- this correlation?
- C) Diet soda advertises to people who wish to lose weight.
- B) Individuals who wish to lose weight choose to drink diet soda.

A) Overweight individuals have a genetic

predisposition to seek out sweet foods and beverages.

- D) All of these could be correct.
- You read a news article that states "More people purchase ChapStick after the weather report predicts a windy week." Which of the following statements is true?
- A) Buying ChapStick is negatively correlated with the announcement of a windy week.
- B) Reverse causation can explain this observed correlation.
 - C) Buying ChapStick is positively correlated with

the announcement of a windy week.

D) The observation reflects a normative statement.

121) Good economic models should:

A) attempt to include every detail of the situation

being studied.

attempt to

describ	De a s C) D)	ituation with perfect accuracy. not be applied to microeconomics. describe a real-life situation accurately.		
122)	The	purpose of an economic model is to:		
should	B)	describe the way economists think the world provide a simplified representation of a d situation. describe the best possible outcomes for society.	D) situation wi strong assur	explain a thout making nptions.
123) model'		ch is <i>not</i> a characteristic of a good economic		
	A)	Focuses on important details Predicts cause and effect Utilizes vague assumptions	D) world accur	Describes the ately
124)	One	of the most basic models of the economy is:		
	A) B) C)	real GDP per capita. the current population survey. consumer expenditure.	D) flow diagram	the circular m.

125) The two most important actors of the economy are:

D) exports and imports.

A) land and capital.

B) households and firms.

C) firms and capital.

126)	Hou	useholds are vital to the circular flow model in	which two	ways?
goods	A) and s B) C)	They supply factors of production and purchase services. They export and import goods and services. They vote for political officers and pay taxes.	D) exchange consumers supply fur	between s and firms and
127) or ren		ich actor in the simplified circular flow model buys d, labor, and capital?		
	A) B)	Firms Households	C) factors of D)	Markets for production Government
128) on the		ich actor in the simplified circular flow model is bly side of the goods market?		
	A) B)	Firms Households	C) factors of D)	Markets for production Government
129) on the		ich actor in the simplified circular flow model is bly side of the factor market?		
	A) B)	Firms Households	C) goods and D)	Market for services Government
130) circula		two flows, or things being exchanged, in the w model are:		
	A) B)	inputs and outputs. imports and exports.	C)	inputs/outputs

and money.

D) land and labor.

131) An economic model:

- A) exactly explains what happens in the real economy.
- B) discards unnecessary details to clearly demonstrate the central principles of the economic activity.
 - C) approximates all facets of what happens in the
- **132)** When attempting to understand why a model may not be accurate, which of the following is *not* an action you should take?
- A) Identify what important details were omitted when developing the model.
- B) Make sure assumptions made in the model are clear and accurate.
- **133)** Which of the following statements about an economic model is true?
- A) An economic model should include all possible details.
- B) An economic model always accurately predicts cause and effect.
 - C) An economic model should make clear
- 134) Thomas Malthus was an early 19th century economist who created a model describing the relationship between population growth and:
 - A) war.
 - B) birth control.

real economy.

D) does not make clear assumptions about the economic activity.

- C) Test the model for accuracy.
- D) Make sure the model includes all possible details.

assumptions.

D) An economic model should never use simplifying assumptions.

C) crime.

	D)	food production.					
135) to cons	Thomas Malthus's model made the mistake of failing sider:						
	4.		C)	comparative			
	A) B)	technological progress. inflation.	advantage. D)	scarcity.			
136)		statement is most likely to include the word					
"shoul	a''.		C)	footual			
	A)	positive	C) D)	factual marginal			
	B)	normative					
137)	A normative statement is generally based upon:						
			C)	subjective			
	A) B)	data that can be tested. a factual claim.	beliefs.	scientific fact.			
138) a		actual claim about how the world actually works is atement.					
	A)	nocitivo	C)	irrational			
	A) B)	positive marginal	D)	normative			
	s hav	sentence "Economies that adopt more open trade ve often historically enjoyed faster economic s as a result." is an example of a statement.					

	A) B)	marginal normative	C) D	, 1
-	rade sed e	e sentence "The United States should adopt more policies because they historically have caused conomic growth." is an example of a(n)		
	A) B)	unequivocally true normative	C D false	, I
141) are ba	People frequently confuse facts with judgments that sed on beliefs. This means that people have trouble		making the distinction between:	
	A)	political statements and non-political statements.		s and normative
	B) C)	rational statements and irrational statements. macroeconomic theories and microeconomic	statement	S.
142)	A p	ositive statement:		
			D) is the same as
	A)	can actually be false.	a normati	ve statement.
	B)	must always be true.		
	C)	provides an opinion with a positive outlook.		
143) statem		ich of the following is an example of a positive		
			C) Individuals
	A)	The state government should allocate more funds		chelor's degree
towar	,	cation.		er average
	B)	Teachers should be paid higher salaries.	_	than those with

only a high school diploma.

D) The consumption of marijuana is unacceptable

and should never be legally allowed in a society.

- **144)** Which of the following is an example of a normative statement?
 - A) Tom is a college student.
- B) Immigration into the United States should be encouraged.
 - C) The cost of basic health insurance rose from the
- **145)** Which of the following is an example of a positive statement?
- A) NCAA Football should have adopted a playoff system 10 years ago.
- B) An increase in the minimum wage results in higher teenage unemployment.
 - C) No one should be allowed to carry guns into the
- **146)** Which of the following is an example of a normative statement?
- A) The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act should not have been passed during the Great Recession.
- B) Unemployment soared to 25 percent during the Great Depression.
 - C) An increase in alcohol taxes will reduce the
- **147)** Which of the following is an example of a normative statement?

previous year.

D) The federal minimum wage is \$7.25.

classroom.

D) Cats make better house pets than dogs.

number of drunk driving accidents.

D) Great Britain has fewer hospital beds per capita today than they did in 1948.

- A) College tuition rates are rising.
- B) Twenty-eight percent of U.S. adults have a bachelor's degree.
- C) The average income of a college graduate exceeds that of the average high school graduate.
- D) State governments should pay for the first two years of college at public institutions.
- **148)** Which of the following is an example of a normative statement?
 - A) The average price of a Whopper Jr. is \$2.19.
- B) The United States ought to adopt a flat rate personal income tax.
 - C) Unemployment in the United States is too high.
- D) Average growth in real GDP per year was 1.84 percent between 2000 and 2010.
- **149)** Your friend comments that "A hair stylist should not have to obtain a cosmetology license." Her statement is an
- example of what kind of statement?

- A) Uninformed
- B) Biased

- C) Positive
- D) Normative

Answer Key

Test name: chapter 1

- 1) D
- 2) D
- 3) B
- 4) A
- 5) A
- 6) A
- 7) B
- 8) D
- 9) C
- 10) B
- 11) C
- 12) A
- 13) A
- 14) B
- 15) D
- 16) C
- 17) A
- 18) B
- 19) A

- 20) C
- 21) C
- 22) B
- 23) A
- 24) C
- 25) C
- 26) D
- 27) B
- 28) D
- 29) D
- 30) D
- 31) D
- 32) D
- 33) A
- 34) C
- 35) C
- 36) B
- 37) A
- 38) B
- 39) B
- 40) A

- 41) B
- 42) A
- 43) C
- 44) B
- 45) C
- 46) D
- 47) D
- 48) C
- 49) A
- 50) C
- 51) C
- 52) B
- 53) C
- 54) B
- 55) A
- 56) A
- 57) B
- 58) C
- 59) C
- 60) C
- 61) D

- 62) B
- 63) D
- 64) C
- 65) B
- 66) B
- 67) A
- 68) C
- 69) A
- 70) C
- 71) A
- 72) A
- 73) B
- 74) B
- 75) A
- 76) C
- 77) C
- 78) B
- 79) A
- 80) A
- 81) C
- 82) D

- 83) A
- 84) D
- 85) C
- 86) D
- 87) D
- 88) C
- 89) B
- 90) B
- 91) C
- 92) D
- 93) C
- 94) B
- 95) A
- 96) B
- 97) C
- 98) D
- 99) B
- 100) B
- 101) C
- 102) C
- 103) B

- 104) C
- 105) B
- 106) A
- 107) C
- 108) C
- 109) D
- 110) A
- 111) D
- 112) D
- 113) C
- 114) D
- 115) A
- 116) A
- 117) D
- 118) D
- 119) B
- 120) C
- 121) D
- 122) B
- 123) C
- 124) D

Version 1

- 125) B
- 126) A
- 127) A
- 128) A
- 129) B
- 130) C
- 131) B
- 132) D
- 133) C
- 134) D
- 135) A
- 136) B
- 137) C
- 138) A
- 139) C
- 140) B
- 141) D
- 142) A
- 143) C
- 144) B
- 145) B

Version 1

- 146) A
- 147) D
- 148) B
- 149) D