# **Chapter 2—Strategic Planning for Competitive Advantage**

## TRUE/FALSE

1.	The manufacturer of Macho brand martial arts products was implementing a strategic plan when it
	sponsored a local karate tournament for teenagers.

ANS: F

Such a short-range decision is typically a tactical plan or operating decision, not a strategic plan.

PTS: 1 REF: 25 OBJ: 02-1 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application

2. In theory, an SBU should have its own resources for handling basic business functions.

ANS: T PTS: 1 REF: 26 OBJ: 02-2 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking KEY: CB&E Model Strategy

MSC: BLOOMS Level I Knowledge

3. When the Walt Disney Company opened Disneyland Paris for the French market, it was an example of market penetration.

ANS: F

Market penetration is the strategy of selling more to the existing customers. This is an example of a market development strategy, which is attracting new customers to existing products.

PTS: 1 REF: 27 OBJ: 02-3 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application

4. A market penetration strategy entails the creation of new products for current customers.

ANS: F

This is an example of product development strategy. A market penetration strategy in one that tries to increase market share among existing customers.

PTS: 1 REF: 27 OBJ: 02-3 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level I Knowledge

5. The Home Depot's purchase of Hughes Supply Company allows it to better meet the needs of its current business customers. This is an example of product development.

ANS: T PTS: 1 REF: 27 OBJ: 02-3 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking KEY: CB&E Model Strategy

MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application

6. When a florist shop begins to sell burial caskets to its customers, it is engaged in product development.

ANS: T

Product development is the offering of new products to current markets.

PTS: 1 REF: 27 OBJ: 02-3 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application

7.	A diversification strategy entails increasing sales by introducing new products into new markets.
	ANS: T PTS: 1 REF: 27-28 OBJ: 02-3 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level I Knowledge  REF: 27-28 OBJ: 02-3 KEY: CB&E Model Strategy
8.	A portfolio model is a tool for allocating resources among products or strategic business units on the basis of relative market share and degree of innovation.
	ANS: F A portfolio model is based on relative market share and market growth rate.
	PTS: 1 REF: 28 OBJ: 02-3 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level I Knowledge
9.	In the portfolio mix, notebook computers would be an example of a star.
	ANS: T A star is a market leader that is growing fast.
	PTS: 1 REF: 28 OBJ: 02-3 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application
10.	The harvest strategy is appropriate for all SBUs except dogs.
	ANS: F The harvest strategy is appropriate for all SBUs except stars.
	PTS: 1 REF: 30 OBJ: 02-3 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level II Comprehension
11.	In the General Electric model, SBUs that have low overall attractiveness should be avoided if the organization is not already serving them.
	ANS: T PTS: 1 REF: 30 OBJ: 02-3
	TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level II Comprehension
12.	The marketing plan is a written document that acts as a guidebook of marketing activities for a marketing manager.
	ANS: T PTS: 1 REF: 31 OBJ: 02-3
	TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level I Knowledge  KEY: CB&E Model Marketing Plan
13.	A firm's mission statement should answer the question, "What products do we produce best?"
	ANS: F Mission statements should not focus on specific product offerings but on the market or markets served.
	PTS: 1 REF: 32 OBJ: 02-4 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level II Comprehension

14.	A production costs analysis could be a part of	of a con	npany's SWOT	analys	is.
			33 CB&E Model	OBJ: Strateg	
15.	Environmental scanning entails the collection external environment that may affect the fut marketing plan.				
	ANS: T PTS: 1 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level II Comprehension	REF: KEY:		OBJ: Strateg	
16.	A competitive advantage is the set of unique by the target market as significant and super				s products that are perceived
	ANS: T PTS: 1 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level II Comprehension		_	OBJ: Strateg	
17.	Developing a cost competitive advantage ca	an enabl	e a firm to deli	ver sup	erior customer value.
		REF: KEY:	34 CB&E Model	OBJ: Strateg	
18.	As marketers gain more experience in marketexample of the maturity effect.	eting a p	product, costs t	end to	decrease, which is an
	ANS: F This is an example of the experience curve experience with a product increases.	effect, w	which means co	sts dec	line at a predictable rate as
	PTS: 1 REF: 34 KEY: CB&E Model Product	OBJ: MSC:	02-6 BLOOMS Lev		AACSB Reflective Thinking Analysis
19.	Niche competitive advantages are difficult to	to develo	op and consequ	ently a	re quite rare.
	ANS: F The text lists several examples of how comp	panies h	ave created nic	he com	npetitive advantages.
	PTS: 1 REF: 35 KEY: CB&E Model Strategy	OBJ: MSC:	02-6 BLOOMS Lev		AACSB Reflective Thinking omprehension
20.	To be useful, marketing objectives should be	e realist	ic, measurable	, time s	pecific, and based on sales.
	ANS: F The four criteria for useful marketing object to a benchmark. They do not have to be ba			surable	e, time specific, and compared
	PTS: 1 REF: 37 KEY: CB&E Model Strategy	OBJ: MSC:			AACSB Reflective Thinking omprehension

21.	The company's marketing objective is to incobjective.	crease sales next year. This is an example of a well-stated
	ANS: F This marketing objective is not measurable	or compared to a benchmark.
	PTS: 1 REF: 37 KEY: CB&E Model Strategy	OBJ: 02-7 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application
22.		f selecting and describing one or more target markets and ix that will produce mutually satisfying exchanges with
	ANS: T PTS: 1 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level I Knowledge	REF: 38 OBJ: 02-8 KEY: CB&E Model Strategy
23.	The development of a target market strategy	y begins with a marketing audit.
	ANS: F The development of a target market strategy	y begins with a market opportunity analysis (MOA).
	PTS: 1 REF: 38 KEY: CB&E Model Strategy	OBJ: 02-8 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level II Comprehension
24.	The four Ps of the marketing mix are produ	ct, planning, promotion, and price.
	ANS: F The four Ps are product, place, promotion, a	and price
	PTS: 1 REF: 39 KEY: CB&E Model Strategy	OBJ: 02-9 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level II Comprehension
25.	Typically, the development of the marketing	g mix starts with determining the promotion for a product.
	ANS: F The development of the marketing mix beg	ins with the product.
	PTS: 1 REF: 39 KEY: CB&E Model Product	OBJ: 02-9 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level II Comprehension
26.	The implementation process can be describ	ed as simply "doing what you said you were going to do."
	ANS: T PTS: 1 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level II Comprehension	REF: 42-43 OBJ: 02-10 KEY: CB&E Model Strategy
27.	Evaluation entails gauging the extent to wh specified time period.	ich marketing objectives have been achieved during the
	ANS: T PTS: 1 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level I Knowledge	REF: 43 OBJ: 02-10 KEY: CB&E Model Strategy

28.	A marketing audit helps management allocat	e mark	teting resources	efficie	ently.
	ANS: T PTS: 1 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level II Comprehension		44 CB&E Model		02-10 ting Plan
29.	Strategic planning is most effective when ma	anagers	s view it as an a	ınnual e	exercise.
	ANS: F Strategic planning requires creativity and an once a year.	ongoir	ng commitment	, not ju	st going through the motions
	PTS: 1 REF: 45 KEY: CB&E Model Strategy				AACSB Reflective Thinking Evaluation
30.	The most critical element for successful strat participation.	tegic pl	lanning is top n	nanage	ment's support and
	ANS: T PTS: 1 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level VI Evaluation		45 CB&E Model	OBJ: Strateg	
MULT	TIPLE CHOICE				
1.	is the managerial process of creating a and resources and the evolving market oppora. Tactical management  b. The market audit c. Functional planning d. Environmental scanning e. Strategic planning  ANS: E PTS: 1	rtunitie	s.	oetweer	
		REF: KEY:	CB&E Model		
2.	Strategic plans require:  a. long-term resource commitments  b. a change in organizational structure  c. the addition of new personnel  d. new product development  e. changes in prices				
	ANS: A The goal of strategic planning is long-run prolong-term commitments of resources.	ofitabil	ity and growth	. Thus	s, strategic decisions require
			02-1 BLOOMS Lev		AACSB Reflective Thinking Evaluation
3.	With hospitals nationwide facing budget cuts Center decided to cash in on one of the most initiated a three-year project to build a \$55 m delivery suites. When the hospital decided to	consis	tently profitabl state-of-the-art	e servi wome	ces—delivering babies. It n's center with 18 labor and

- a. benchmarking
- b. alternative problem solving
- c. strategic planning
- d. portfolio evaluation
- e. tactical control

ANS: C

Strategic planning provides a long-term vision and thus guides long-term commitment of resources.

PTS: 1 REF: 25 OBJ: 02-1 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application

- 4. Since gas prices have soared and consumers have cut back on their spending on new trucks and SUVs Ford Motor Corporation is transforming several of its plants to create small cars. Ford has engaged in:
  - a. benchmarking
  - b. tactical resource realignment
  - c. alternative selection
  - d. portfolio evaluation
  - e. strategic planning

ANS: E

Strategic planning provides a long-term vision and thus guides long-term commitment of resources.

PTS: 1 REF: 25 OBJ: 02-1 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application

- 5. A subgroup of a single business or a collection of related businesses within the larger organization is called a(n):
  - a. conglomerate
  - b. joint venture
  - c. strategic business unit (SBU)
  - d. oligarchy
  - e. strategic alliance

ANS: C

This is the definition of an SBU.

PTS: 1 REF: 26 OBJ: 02-2 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level I Knowledge

- 6. When properly created, an SBU has all of the following characteristics EXCEPT:
  - a. plans independent of the other SBUs in the total organization
  - b. control over its own resources
  - c. a distinct mission
  - d. no competitors
  - e. a specific target market

ANS: D

When properly created, an SBU has a number of characteristics, including its own competitors.

PTS: 1 REF: 26 OBJ: 02-2 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level II Comprehension

7. Yildiz Holding of Turkey purchased Godiva Chocolates from Campbell's Soup Company. Campbell's sold one of its:

- a. strategic business units (SBUs) b. strategic alliances c. action programs d. transactional units e. synergistic divisions ANS: A An SBU is a subgroup of a single business or a collection of related businesses within the larger organization. PTS: 1 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking REF: 26 OBJ: 02-2 MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application KEY: CB&E Model Strategy 8. Until spun off in 2007, Kraft was part of Altria Group, Inc. Kraft had its own management team, mission statement, and target markets different from Altria Group, Inc. Kraft was a of Altria Group, Inc. a. joint venture b. diversified division c. heterogeneous element d. strategic alliance e. strategic business unit An SBU usually has its own mission statement, target markets, and separate functional departments. PTS: 1 **REF: 26** TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking OBJ: 02-2 KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application 9. General Electric has a financing business called GE Capital, which has its own mission, products, services, and strategic plans separate from the parent organization. GE Capital is an example of a(n): a. organizational level b. SWOT c. secure business unit d. diversified division e. strategic business unit An SBU is a subgroup of a single business or collection of related businesses within a larger organization. PTS: 1 REF: 26 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking OBJ: 02-2 KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application 10. Which of the following is a type of strategic alternative that tries to increase market share among existing customers? a. Vertical integration b. Product penetration c. Divestment
- - d. Horizontal integration
  - e. Market penetration

ANS: E PTS: 1 REF: 27 OBJ: 02-3 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking KEY: CB&E Model Strategy

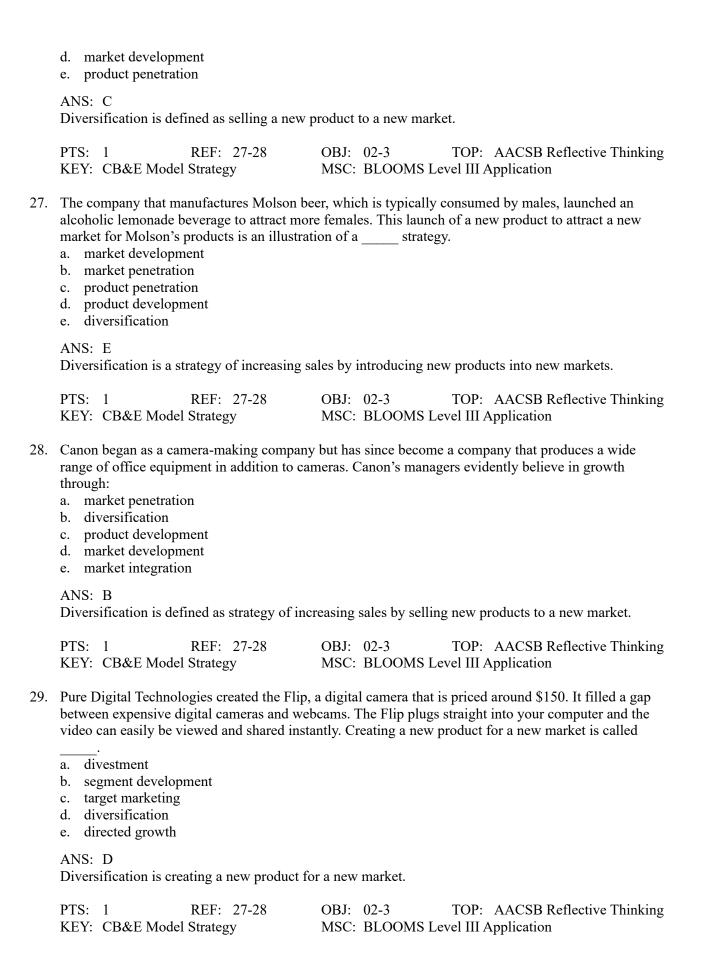
MSC: BLOOMS Level I Knowledge

11.	All of the following are strategic alternative a. product development b. market penetration c. product penetration d. diversification e. market development	s that match products with markets EXCEPT:
	ANS: C The four strategic alternatives that match pr development, product development, and div	oducts with markets are market penetration, market rersification.
	PTS: 1 REF: 27-28 KEY: CB&E Model Strategy	OBJ: 02-3 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level IV Analysis
12.	is a strategy of increasing market sha a. Market penetration b. Product development c. Market development d. Diversification e. Product penetration	re for present products in existing markets.
	ANS: A PTS: 1 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level I Knowledge	REF: 27 OBJ: 02-3 KEY: CB&E Model Strategy
13.	Market penetration occurs when:  a. a supermarket adds a new store  b. a U.Sbased company begins to sell its c. Motown records sells DVDs to Wal-Ma d. Yoplait yogurt sends coupons to its exis e. 3M distributes breathe-right nasal strips	rt ting customers
	ANS: D Market penetration is the marketing of the s	ame product to current customers.
	PTS: 1 REF: 27 KEY: CB&E Model Strategy	OBJ: 02-3 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application
14.		es and coupons for customers as well as a Web site with as to get current customers to purchase more of Kraft's re of a strategy.
	ANS: D Selling more of the same product to existing	g markets is market penetration.
	PTS: 1 REF: 27 KEY: CB&E Model Strategy	OBJ: 02-3 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application
15.	is a strategy that attempts to attract no.  Product development	ew customers to existing products.

	<ul><li>b. Market development</li><li>c. Market penetration</li><li>d. Product penetration</li><li>e. Diversification</li></ul>	
	ANS: B A market development strategy entails attract	ing new customers to existing products.
		OBJ: 02-3 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level I Knowledge
16.		ket, BRL, an Australia-based winemaker, agreed to a company. According to Ansoff's strategic opportunity strategy.
	ANS: B Market development refers to the attracting of	f new markets (U.S. consumers) to existing products.
		OBJ: 02-3 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application
17.	use to announce births, anniversaries, and suc	business, began by making wooden signs for residential ch. The company then turned to the business market by for a new market is an implementation of a strategy.
	ANS: A Yard Whimzees used the same product (signs) a market development strategy.	e) for a new market (businesses), which is characteristic of
		OBJ: 02-3 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application
18.	effective in keeping refrigerators smelling free	rinced millions of homemakers that their product could be sh. After years of languishing sales, this campaign led to duct. This is a classic example of a strategy.
	ANS: A Market development finds new uses for a pro-	duct to stimulate sales among new customers.
	PTS: 1 REF: 27	OBJ: 02-3 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

	KEY: CB&E Model Strategy	MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application
19.	LVMH, a maker of luxury-goods, has expected the Middle East. This exemplifies aa. market development b. product development c. market penetration d. diversification e. product expansion	panded its products offerings into China, Russia, India, and _ strategy.
	ANS: A Market development is the introduction a	and sale of present products to new markets.
	PTS: 1 REF: 27 KEY: CB&E Model Strategy	OBJ: 02-3 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinkin MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application
20.	is a marketing strategy that creates a. Product penetration b. Market penetration c. Product development d. Market development e. Diversification	new products for present markets.
	ANS: C A product development strategy entails the	he creation of new products for current customers.
	PTS: 1 REF: 27 KEY: CB&E Model Strategy	OBJ: 02-3 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinkin MSC: BLOOMS Level I Knowledge
21.		Eat Cheesecake Filling for those who do not have time to er. This is an example of a strategy.
	ANS: C A product development strategy entails the	ne creation of a new product for existing markets.
	PTS: 1 REF: 27 KEY: CB&E Model Strategy	OBJ: 02-3 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinkin MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application
22.	strategy. a. market development b. product development c. market penetration d. product penetration e. diversification	Life is good's existing customers would be an example of a
	ANS: B Product development is the introduction	of new products to existing customers.
	PTS: 1 RFF: 27	OBJ: 02-3 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinkin

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application 23. When McDonald's introduced yogurt parfaits, entrée salads, and fruit to offer their current customers more healthy options, the company was engaging in a \_\_\_\_\_ strategy. a. vertical integration b. market penetration c. diversification d. product development e. market development ANS: D Product development stimulates new sales to existing markets. Since the question states the items are for the firm's customers, they are aimed at existing markets (buyers). PTS: 1 REF: 27 OBJ: 02-3 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application KEY: CB&E Model Strategy 24. The Hallmark Company was inspired by the popularity of Jan Karon's best-selling novels about Mitford, a fictional town in the mountains of North Carolina, to develop a new line of products for Hallmark Gold Crown Stores nationwide. Hallmark created hundreds of Mitford-inspired products that authentically bring "the little town with the big heart" into tangible reality. The products include greeting cards, partyware and gift wrap, mugs, and puzzles for Hallmark's existing customers. Hallmark used a strategy. a. market development b. market penetration c. product penetration d. product development e. diversification Hallmark created new Mitford-based items for its regular customers. REF: 27 OBJ: 02-3 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application KEY: CB&E Model Strategy 25. is the strategy of increasing sales by introducing new products into new markets. a. Product penetration b. Product development c. Market penetration d. Market development e. Diversification ANS: E This is the definition of the diversification strategic alternative. PTS: 1 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking REF: 27-28 OBJ: 02-3 KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level I Knowledge 26. Orange growers in Florida have lost millions of dollars due to hurricanes. As a result, some growers have decided to bulldoze their orange groves and put in freshwater lakes for raising shrimp, a product that has a strong popularity and is more weather-resistant. Former orange growers who are now raising shrimp are pursuing a strategy. a. market penetration b. product development c. diversification



30.	The is a tool for allocating resources among products or strategic business units on the basis of relative market share and market growth rate.  a. market audit  b. portfolio model  c. experience matrix  d. market development analysis  e. market opportunity analysis
	ANS: B The portfolio model classifies each SBU by its present or forecast growth and market share and is a tool for allocating resources.
	PTS: 1 REF: 28 OBJ: 02-3 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level I Knowledge
31.	All of the following are categories used in the Boston Consulting Group's portfolio model EXCEPT:  a. cash cows  b. stars  c. problem children  d. meat eaters  e. dogs
	ANS: D The four categories of the Boston Consulting Group portfolio model are stars, cash cows, problem children (or question marks), and dogs.
	PTS: 1 REF: 28-29 OBJ: 02-3 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level IV Analysis
32.	Which of the following category in the portfolio model is a market leader and growing fast?  a. Star  b. Meteor  c. Cash cow  d. Shiner  e. Top dog
	ANS: A A star is a fast-growing market leader.
	PTS: 1 REF: 28 OBJ: 02-3 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level II Comprehension
33.	Russell Athletic, which is part of Berkshire Hathaway, Inc., is a market leader in sports apparel, an industry that is growing rapidly. Russell Athletic is an example of a(n) according to the portfolio model.  a. star b. question mark c. problem child d. exclamation point e. widow
	ANS: A A star has a large market share in a rapidly growing industry.
	PTS: 1 REF: 28 OBJ: 02-3 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

	KEY: CB&E Model Strategy	MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application
34.	If market share is maintained, stars are like a. weak sisters b. problem children c. cash cows d. top dogs e. constellations	ly to grow into:
	ANS: C Cash cows are often former stars that have	a dominant market share.
	PTS: 1 REF: 28 KEY: CB&E Model Strategy	OBJ: 02-3 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level IV Analysis
35.	A business unit that usually generates more in a portfolio model. a. star b. cash cow c. problem child d. dog e. independent	e than it needs to maintain its market share is called a(n)
	ANS: B A cash cow is in a low-growth market but t more cash than it needs to maintain its mar	the product has a dominant market share, so it generates ket share.
	PTS: 1 REF: 28 KEY: CB&E Model Strategy	OBJ: 02-3 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level I Knowledge
36.	Tide laundry detergent is the market leader would be classified as a in a portfolia. star b. cash cow c. problem child d. question mark e. dog	, but overall industry growth is low in this market. Tide o model.
	ANS: B Cash cows generate more cash than they no product with a dominant market share in a	eed to maintain its market share and are characterized as a low-growth market.
	PTS: 1 REF: 28 KEY: CB&E Model Strategy	OBJ: 02-3 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application
37.	<ul><li>a. Star</li><li>b. Cash cow</li><li>c. Problem child</li><li>d. Loss leader</li><li>e. Dog</li></ul>	ss unit that shows rapid growth but poor profit margins?
	ANS: C A problem child, also called a question man	rk, has a low market share in a high-growth industry.

	PTS: 1 KEY: CB&E Mode		OBJ: 02-3 MSC: BLOOMS L	TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking evel II Comprehension
38.		gh-growth market. The		dentified the product as having a low ld classify 9-Lives as a(n):
	ANS: C A problem child, als	so called a question ma	ark, shows rapid growt	h but has poor profit margins.
	PTS: 1 KEY: CB&E Mod	REF: 29 el Strategy	OBJ: 02-3 MSC: BLOOMS L	TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking evel III Application
39.	Levi's re-launched style. Within a few a. widow b. cash cow c. problem child d. loss leader e. dog  ANS: C	their jeans, led by adve months, sales factors h	ertising for 501s, which ad increased dramatical	aickly, but jeans were out of fashion.  In had never been a fashionable jean ally, turning a into a star.  Share in a rapidly growing industry.
	PTS: 1	REF: 29	OBJ: 02-3	
		el Strategy		
40.	In the portfolio mod a(n): a. widow b. problem child c. cash cow d. dog e. bust  ANS: D	del, a business unit that	t has low growth poten	tial and a small market share is called
		th potential and a sma	ll market share.	
	PTS: 1 KEY: CB&E Mode	REF: 29 el Strategy	OBJ: 02-3 MSC: BLOOMS L	TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking evel I Knowledge
41.	<ul><li>a. harvest</li><li>b. build</li><li>c. hold</li><li>d. divest</li><li>e. milk</li></ul> ANS: E	g are basic strategies re		g the company's SBUs EXCEPT:

	KEY: CB&E Model Strategy	MSC: BLOOMS Level IV Analysis
42.	software for mortgage companies, which producing at the desired level of profital acquiring other companies that develop strategy.  a. harvesting b. diversification c. divesting d. holding e. building  ANS: E	on for printing checks. Its Financial Solutions division develops the is a growing industry. This division is currently not ability, but Harland plans to turn the division into a success by a similar software. Harland would be engaging in a
	appropriate strategy.	1
	PTS: 1 REF: 29 KEY: CB&E Model Strategy	OBJ: 02-3 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application
43.	Which of the following strategies would a. harvesting b. diversification c. divesting d. holding e. building ANS: C	d be most appropriate for a dog?
	Getting rid of SBUs with low shares of dogs are most suitable for this strategy.	low-growth markets is often appropriate. Problem children and
	PTS: 1 REF: 30 KEY: CB&E Model Strategy	OBJ: 02-3 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application
44.	A written document that acts as a guidely known as the a. strategy document b. marketing plan c. vision statement d. mission statement e. strategic plan	book of marketing activities for the marketing manager is
	ANS: B The marketing plan is a written docume marketing manager.	ent that acts as a guidebook of marketing activities for the
	PTS: 1 REF: 30-31 KEY: CB&E Model Marketing Plan	OBJ: 02-3 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level I Knowledge
45.	discussed their mission, defined objective	r opening day Earl had a meeting with all employees. He ves for the bank for the coming years and shared who their product offerings and where their future branches would be

OBJ: 02-3

TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

PTS: 1

REF: 29-30

	<ul> <li>a. reengineering</li> <li>b. hierarchical restructuring</li> <li>c. financial analysis</li> <li>d. marketing plan</li> <li>e. strategic contingency planning</li> </ul>
	ANS: D See Exhibit 2.4. All the listed activities are part of the marketing planning process.
	PTS: 1 REF: 31 OBJ: 02-3 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking KEY: CB&E Model Marketing Plan MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application
46.	Marketing plans should be written to do all of the following EXCEPT:  a. compare actual and expected performance  b. provide clearly stated activities  c. create common goals for employees to work toward  d. allow managers to enter the marketplace with an awareness of possibilities and problems  e. control the elements of the external marketing environment
	ANS: E Marketing environment variables cannot be controlled.
	PTS: 1 REF: 31-32 OBJ: 02-3 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking KEY: CB&E Model Marketing Plan MSC: BLOOMS Level VI Evaluation
47.	<ul> <li>a. business mission statement</li> <li>b. situation analysis</li> <li>c. target market strategy</li> <li>d. marketing mix</li> <li>e. portfolio analysis</li> </ul> ANS: E
	See Exhibit 2.4.  PTS: 1 REF: 31 OBJ: 02-3 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking
	KEY: CB&E Model Marketing Plan MSC: BLOOMS Level IV Analysis
48.	A statement of the firm's business based on a careful analysis of benefits sought by present and potential customers and an analysis of existing and anticipated environmental conditions is known as a(n):  a. business audit  b. marketing plan  c. mission statement  d. environmental focus  e. portfolio model
	ANS: C This is the definition of a mission statement, which answers the question, "What business are we in?"
	PTS: 1 REF: 32 OBJ: 02-4 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level I Knowledge
49.	The answers the question, "What business are we in?" a. mission statement

- b. financial statement
- c. situation analysis
- d. market strategy
- e. strategic plan

ANS: A

A mission statement is a statement of the firm's business based on a careful analysis of benefits sought by present and potential customers and on analysis of existing and anticipated environmental conditions.

PTS: 1 REF: 32 OBJ: 02-4 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level II Comprehension

- 50. The annual report of Albertson's grocery has the following statement: "Guided by relentless focus on our five imperatives, we will constantly strive to implement the critical initiatives required to achieve our vision. In doing this, we will deliver operational excellence in every corner of the Company and meet or exceed our commitments to the many constituencies we serve. All of our long-term strategies and short-term actions will be molded by a set of core values that are shared by each and every associate." This statement is an example of Albertson's:
  - a. marketing mix strategy
  - b. quantifiable goal
  - c. mission statement
  - d. statement of economic potential
  - e. market segmentation strategy

ANS: C

A mission statement answers the question, "What business are we in?"

PTS: 1 REF: 32 OBJ: 02-4 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application

- 51. The focus of an organization's mission statement should be on:
  - a. the products it wishes to sell
  - b. the market it wishes to serve
  - c. its social responsibilities
  - d. the desires of government regulators
  - e. technologies it understands well

ANS: B

A mission statement should focus on the market or markets the organization is attempting to serve rather than on the good or service offered. The choice of the market to serve determines the product and technology decisions.

PTS: 1 REF: 32 OBJ: 02-4 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level VI Evaluation

- 52. \_\_\_\_\_ occurs when a business is defined in terms of goods and services rather than by the benefits customers seek from it.
  - a. Synergy
  - b. Tunnel vision
  - c. Narrowcasting
  - d. Unempowerment
  - e. Marketing myopia

ANS: E PTS: 1 REF: 32 OBJ: 02-4

TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking KEY: CB&E Model Product

MSC: BLOOMS Level II Comprehension

- 53. By defining its business as "printing books" instead of "empowering imaginations," a children's book publishing company would more than likely experience:
  - a. market synergy
  - b. product entropy
  - c. market harvesting
  - d. nonspecific strategic planning
  - e. marketing myopia

ANS: E

Publishing books focuses on one product rather than a broad range of opportunities as found in "empowering imaginations."

PTS: 1 REF: 32 OBJ: 02-4 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application

- 54. A \_\_\_\_\_ is a study conducted by an organization to identify its internal strengths and weaknesses and also examine external opportunities and threats.
  - a. situation analysis
  - b. marketing audit
  - c. trend analysis
  - d. strategic alternative selection
  - e. competitive advantage audit

ANS: A

A situation analysis is sometimes referred to as a SWOT analysis and involves identifying internal strengths (S) and weaknesses (W) and also examine external opportunities (O) and threats (T).

PTS: 1 REF: 33 OBJ: 02-5 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level I Knowledge

- 55. The SWOT acronym refers to a firm's analysis of its:
  - a. sales, width of product mix, observations, and technology
  - b. situations, wealth, organizational strengths, and target markets
  - c. strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and threats
  - d. service levels, willingness to spend, organizational culture, and total revenues
  - e. strategies, willingness to change, objectives, and trends

ANS: C

SWOT stands for strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and threats.

PTS: 1 REF: 33 OBJ: 02-5 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level II Comprehension

- 56. Tub King is a small company that refinishes antique claw foot bathtubs, antique sinks, and provides training for bathtub refinishing. The company's management is currently conducting a formal study of its current strengths and weaknesses by looking at the company's profit and sales histories and searching for opportunities and threats by studying consumer trends. Tub King is conducting a(n):
  - a. marketing audit
  - b. SWOT analysis
  - c. environmental scan
  - d. market differentiation scan
  - e. strategic window search

	ANS: I A SWO		empts to ascertain the	present	situation.		
	PTS: 1		REF: 33 Strategy		02-5 BLOOMS Lev		AACSB Reflective Thinking Application
57.	custome horizon weakne a. env b. mar c. tren d. situ	er trends, its c . It has also ex	ompetitors, and the economic stamined its production of Stratton is conducting st	onomy policie	to see if there a	re any	The company is looking at threats or opportunities on the o determine its strengths and
				gths (S)	and weakness	es (W) a	and also examines external
	PTS: 1 KEY: 0	l CB&E Model	REF: 33 Strategy		02-5 BLOOMS Lev		AACSB Reflective Thinking Application
58.	interactive ringtone machine analysis a. stre b. adv c. wead. opp	ive screen that es after they he is to "allow s, the technologingth because antage because akness because portunity because	ave bought a drink. Th	and allower reasons to more the more in estimated in technology.	ws users to obt in for the introd directly with it an example of nvironment ing environment logy al environment	tain free luction of s custor a(n):	e photos of themselves and of this new style vending mers." According to a SWOT
	ANS: I Technol		ces represent an extern	al oppo	rtunity.		
	PTS: 1 KEY: 0	l CB&E Model	REF: 33 Strategy	OBJ: MSC:	02-5 BLOOMS Lev		AACSB Reflective Thinking Application
59.	Pringles	s represented a cortunity ength akness eat	oods, Inc. purchased Pra(n) to Diamond			Gamble	e. The decision to purchase
	ANS: An oppo		avorable option externa	al to the	e organization.		
	PTS: 1		REF: 33	OBJ:	02-5 BLOOMS Lev		AACSB Reflective Thinking

60.	interactive screen that runs advert ringtones after they have bought a	es are found all over the world. The newest machines have an isements and allows users to obtain free photos of themselves and a drink. Critics of these new vending machines are concerned that used to market sugary products. In terms of a SWOT analysis, this a(n):			
	ANS: E A threat is an external condition the	nat may lessen the success of the strategy.			
	PTS: 1 REF: 33 KEY: CB&E Model Strategy	OBJ: 02-5 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application			
61.		and interpretation of information about forces, events, and comment that may affect the future of the organization or the plan.			
	ANS: D Environmental scanning helps ide design of marketing strategy.	entify market opportunities and threats and provides guidelines for the			
	PTS: 1 REF: 33 KEY: CB&E Model Research	OBJ: 02-5 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level I Knowledge			
62.	2	customers were shopping at a nearby health-food store for free-range A grocery stores began stocking more organic items. IGA adjusted its			
	ANS: C Environmental scanning helps identify market opportunities and threats and provides guidelines for the design of marketing strategy.				
	PTS: 1 REF: 33 KEY: CB&E Model Research	OBJ: 02-5 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application			
63.	Which of the following is NOT a a. Economic b. Demographic	commonly studied macroenvironmental force?			

- c. Sociald. Political
- e. Ethical

ANS: E

The six most often studied macroenvironmental forces are social, demographic, economic, technological, political, and legal.

PTS: 1 REF: 33 OBJ: 02-5 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

KEY: CB&E Model Research MSC: BLOOMS Level I Knowledge

- 64. The set of unique features of a company and its products that are perceived by the target market as significant and superior to the competition is known as a(n):
  - a. environmental advantage
  - b. experience curve
  - c. competitive advantage
  - d. market segment
  - e. strategic business unit

ANS: C

A competitive advantage is a set of unique features of a company and its products that are perceived by the target market as significant and superior to the competition.

PTS: 1 REF: 34 OBJ: 02-6 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level I Knowledge

- 65. As a customer entered the Hornady store, which sells muzzleloading rifles, a salesperson approached her and said, "Hornady lead round balls are the musket balls you ought to buy. They are the most uniform in size and shape, and they are made of pure lead. Our shot is used by the Muzzle Loading World Champion." The salesperson was describing Hornady's:
  - a. competitive advantage
  - b. strategic strength
  - c. tactical opportunity
  - d. opportunity mission
  - e. quality objective

ANS: A

A competitive advantage is a set of unique features of a company and its product that are perceived by the target market as significant and superior to the competition.

PTS: 1 REF: 34 OBJ: 02-6 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application

- 66. BMW offers customers a four-year, 50,000 mile maintenance-cost-free program called "BMW Ultimate Service." The service includes free replacement of brake pads and rotors, wiper blades, scheduled maintenance, oil changes, and roadside maintenance. This marketing gives BMW a:
  - a. strategic edge
  - b. competitive advantage
  - c. tactical strength
  - d. marketing mix
  - e. mission statement

ANS: B

A competitive advantage is set of unique features of a company and its products that are perceived by the target market as significant and superior to the competition.

PTS: 1 REF: 34 OBJ: 02-6 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application

- 67. Each labor and delivery room at the new Dekalb County Medical Center has hardwood floors, soft lighting, and mission-style furniture. The facility also features a stone fireplace in the lobby, a bistrostyle restaurant, and VIP suites for discerning mothers-to-be. This unique design and furnishings give the medical center a:
  - a. profit-enhanced advantage
  - b. competitive advantage
  - c. quality objectivity
  - d. strategic strength
  - e. tactical opportunity

ANS: B

A competitive advantage is a set of unique features of a company and its product that are perceived by the target market as significant and superior to the competition.

PTS: 1 REF: 34 OBJ: 02-6 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application

- 68. Which of the following is NOT a type of competitive advantage?
  - a. Management structure
  - b. Cost
  - c. Product/service differentiation
  - d. Niche strategies
  - e. All of these choices are types of competitive advantages

ANS: A

The three types of competitive advantage are cost, product/service differentiation, and niche strategies.

PTS: 1 REF: 34 OBJ: 02-6 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level IV Analysis

- 69. All of the following are sources of a cost competitive advantage EXCEPT:
  - a. reengineering
  - b. experience curves
  - c. break-even analyses
  - d. efficient labor
  - e. production innovations

ANS: C

Costs can be reduced in a variety of ways, such as experience curves, efficient labor, no-frills goods and services, government subsidies, product design, reengineering, production innovations, and new methods of service delivery.

PTS: 1 REF: 34-35 OBJ: 02-6 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level IV Analysis

- 70. \_\_\_\_\_ show costs declining at a predictable rate as experience with a product increases.
  - a. Liquidity growth curves
  - b. EOQ graphs
  - c. Breakeven analyses
  - d. Experience curves
  - e. Supply/demand curves

ANS: D

Experience curves tell us that costs decline at a predictable rate as experience with a product increases.

PTS: 1 **REF: 34** TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking OBJ: 02-6 MSC: BLOOMS Level II Comprehension KEY: CB&E Model Strategy 71. Walmart realizes a using its relationships with suppliers to give customers low prices and good customer service. brand name strategy b. niche competitive advantage c. cost competitive advantage d. marketing competitive advantage synergistic competitive advantage A cost competitive advantage means being the low-cost competitor in an industry while maintaining satisfactory profit margins. PTS: 1 REF: 34 OBJ: 02-6 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application 72. Aldi is a no-frills grocery chain. It sells grocery staples right out of crates and boxes with emphasis on low-priced, private-label brands. Aldi stores are typically about one-third the size of the traditional supermarket. By controlling expenses, Aldi enables its customers to save 30 to 50 percent compared to Kroger customers. The chain targets bargain hunters who are willing to rent a cart and bag their own groceries. Aldi has a(n) a. market-homogeneous focus b. cost competitive advantage c. product aggregation strategy d. revenue-based competitive advantage e. profit-enhanced advantage ANS: B A competitive advantage is a set of unique features of a company and its product that are perceived by the target market as significant and superior to the competition. PTS: 1 **REF: 34** TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking OBJ: 02-6 KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application 73. Jiffy Mixes does not do any type of traditional advertising or use fancy packaging in marketing its products. The company stores its own wheat and makes its own flour and little blue boxes. Jiffy is an example of a low cost strategy based on: efficient labor b. no-frills goods and services government subsidies product design reengineering No-frills goods and services offers low costs to the consumer because they do not do much marketing.

OBJ: 02-6

MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application

TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

**REF: 34** 

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy

- 74. Zipcar is a car rental service found in many metropolitan areas. It targets people who take mass transit or carpool to work but who occasionally need a car to run errands, visit the doctor, or check on a sick child. Zipcar is one of a few companies currently providing cars that can be rented by the hour. Zipcar has created a(n) advantage.
  - a. reengineering
  - b. experience curve
  - c. service differentiation competitive
  - d. alternative market
  - e. sustainable competitive

ANS: C

A service differentiation competitive advantage exists when a firm provides something unique that is valuable to buyers beyond simply offering a low price.

PTS: 1 REF: 35 OBJ: 02-6 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application

- 75. Everyone knows the brand name Maytag. Maytag is what many consumers think of when they think of home appliances. This widely recognized brand name is a source of:
  - a. a product differentiation competitive advantage
  - b. a cost advantage
  - c. market augmentation
  - d. a niche competitive advantage
  - e. none of these things

ANS: A

Brand names differentiate products from competitive offerings and can provide competitive advantage.

PTS: 1 REF: 35 OBJ: 02-6 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application

- 76. Arizona Tea is marketed by Vultaggio & Sons. Vultaggio & Sons took a basic drink and put it into unusual bottles with elaborate designs. The wide-mouthed, long-necked bottles are now considered to be trendsetters in the new age beverage industry, and customers often buy the tea just for the bottle. The success of Arizona Tea is based on:
  - a. supply-demand curves
  - b. reengineering
  - c. a product differentiation competitive advantage
  - d. a cost competitive advantage
  - e. a heterogeneous marketing strategy

ANS: C

A product differentiation competitive advantage exists when a firm provides something unique that is valuable to buyers beyond simply offering a low price.

PTS: 1 REF: 35 OBJ: 02-6 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application

- 77. LaRosa's is a popular and successful Italian restaurant chain located in the Cincinnati, Ohio area. It is found only in the "tri-state area" of southwestern Ohio, northern Kentucky, and southeastern Indiana. For over 50 years, this strategy has given the restaurant a:
  - a. brand name strategy
  - b. niche competitive advantage
  - c. price differentiation advantage
  - d. marketing competitive advantage

	e. sustainable competitive advantage
	ANS: B A niche competitive advantage is achieved when a firm seeks to target and effectively serve a small segment of the market.
	PTS: 1 REF: 35-36 OBJ: 02-6 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application
78.	Fujisawa is Japan's seventh-largest pharmaceutical company. It sells drugs for organ transplant patients to increase the probability the new organ will operate efficiently and not be rejected. Currently, the only products Fujisawa makes are these organ transplant drugs, which it sells worldwide. Its patents protect it from competitors. Fujisawa has a:  a. brand name advantage  b. niche competitive advantage  c. cost competitive advantage  d. marketing competitive advantage  e. complete competitive advantage
	ANS: B A niche competitive advantage is the advantage achieved when a firm seeks to target and effectively serve a small segment of the market, in this case people who need organ transplant drugs.
	PTS: 1 REF: 35-36 OBJ: 02-6 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application
79.	Technol Medical Products makes specialty face masks to shield health-care workers from infection.  Because it focuses on this narrow market, it is able to outsell its primary competitors—3M and Johnson & Johnson. Technol Medical Products has a(n):  a. aggregated positioning strategy  b. demarketing focus  c. heterogeneous target marketing strategy  d. cost competitive advantage  e. niche competitive advantage
	ANS: E A niche competitive advantage is the advantage achieved when a firm seeks to target and effectively serve a small segment of the market.
	PTS: 1 REF: 35-36 OBJ: 02-6 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application
80.	An advantage that cannot be copied by the competition is called a(n) competitive advantage.  a. sustainable b. monopolistic c. primary d. unique e. dominant
	ANS: A A sustainable competitive advantage is an advantage that cannot be copied by the competition.

OBJ: 02-6 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level I Knowledge

PTS: 1 REF: 36 KEY: CB&E Model Strategy

81.	for 17 years until the patent expires.  a. targeted market position  b. sustainable competitive advantage  c. strategic focus  d. situational strength  e. opportunistic privilege	armaceutical companies that own the patents a(n)
	ANS: B A sustainable competitive advantage is one least until the patent expires.	that cannot be copied by the competition, in this case at
	PTS: 1 REF: 36 KEY: CB&E Model Strategy	OBJ: 02-6 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application
82.	iTunes has a(n) as it has exclusive ag corporations that other digital music stores a. targeted market position b. sustainable competitive advantage c. strategic focus d. situational strength e. opportunistic privilege	greements with some of the most sought-after music do not have.
	ANS: B A sustainable competitive advantage is one	that cannot be copied by the competition.
	PTS: 1 REF: 36 KEY: CB&E Model Strategy	OBJ: 02-6 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application
83.	A is defined as a statement of what i a. mission statement b. business plan c. marketing objective d. goal-driven directive e. marketing criteria	s to be accomplished through marketing activities.
	ANS: C This is the definition of a marketing objecti	ve.
	PTS: 1 REF: 37 KEY: CB&E Model Strategy	OBJ: 02-7 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level I Knowledge
84.	All of the following are characteristics of a a. profitable b. realistic c. measurable d. time-specific e. compared to a benchmark	good objective EXCEPT:
	ANS: A Good objectives are not necessarily stated i	n terms of profit.
	PTS: 1 REF: 37 KEY: CB&E Model Strategy	OBJ: 02-7 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level VI Evaluation

- 85. Of the following, what is the most useful objective for Purina cat food? To increase sales of Purina brand cat food by 15 percent over 2010 sales of \$300 million. b. To increase sales of Purina brand cat food between January 1, 2010 and December 31, c. To increase sales of Purina brand cat food from \$300 million to \$345 million. d. To increase sales of Purina Brand cat food. e. To increase sales of Purina pet food. ANS: A Marketing objectives should be realistic, measurable, time specific and compared to a benchmark. TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking PTS: 1 **REF: 37** OBJ: 02-7 MSC: BLOOMS Level VI Evaluation KEY: CB&E Model Strategy 86. All of the following are functions served by objectives EXCEPT: a. communicate philosophies and provide direction b. motivate employees c. clarify executives' thinking d. form the basis for control e. guarantee market performance ANS: E Objectives serve four functions: communicate, motivate, clarify, and aid in the control function. PTS: 1 **REF: 37** OBJ: 02-7 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level IV Analysis describes and estimates the size and sales potential of market segments of interest to the firm and assesses key competitors in these market segments. a. marketing orientation b. environmental scan c. marketing mix audit

  - d. target market strategy
  - e. market opportunity analysis

ANS: E PTS: 1 **REF: 38** OBJ: 02-8 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking KEY: CB&E Model Research

MSC: BLOOMS Level I Knowledge

- 88. Heinz is introducing 400 new products in the next two years. To know which markets to reach, Heinz should first perform a:
  - a. market diversification analysis
  - b. market audit
  - c. social audit
  - d. market opportunity analysis
  - niche analysis

ANS: D

An market opportunity analysis (MOA) is the description and estimation of the size and sales potential of market segments that are of interest to the firm.

TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking **REF: 38** OBJ: 02-8

KEY: CB&E Model Research MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application

89.	The is the unique blend of product, distribution, promotion, and pricing strategies designed to produce mutually satisfying exchanges with a target market.  a. internal environmental mix  b. marketing mix  c. product mix  d. product line  e. market portfolio  ANS: B  The marketing mix is made up of the four Ps: product, price, place, and promotion.		
	PTS: 1 REF: 39 KEY: CB&E Model Strategy	OBJ: 02-9 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level I Knowledge	
90.	Subway's ability to market itself as a "healt directly affected the element of the ca. place b. production c. product d. distribution e. target market	thy" alternative to traditional fast food offerings most company's marketing mix.	
	ANS: C PTS: 1 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application	REF: 39 OBJ: 02-9 KEY: CB&E Model Product	
91.	<ul><li>b. design of the promotion campaign to be</li><li>c. selection of the places through which the</li></ul>	is available and owned by the company e used for the product he good or service will be sold labling future revenues and budgets to be estimated	
		arketing mix. Without it, pricing, distribution, and apacity can be changed to fit the proposed product.	
	PTS: 1 REF: 39 KEY: CB&E Model Strategy	OBJ: 02-9 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level II Comprehension	
92.	Lands' End guarantees its products for as lo concerned with which element of the marketa. Price b. Distribution c. Personalization d. Promotion e. Product	ong as you own them. The company would seem most eting mix?	
	ANS: E The product element of the marketing mix	includes guarantees and quality.	
	PTS: 1 REF: 39 KEY: CB&E Model Product	OBJ: 02-9 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application	

93.	Golden Valley Microwave Foods, Inc. is the manufacturer of ACT II popcorn. In its early years, the company had trouble financing the development and marketing of products for the microwave, so it chose to participate in a financial arrangement in which it agreed that it would not sell ACT II popcorn in supermarkets or grocery stores. Which element of the marketing mix was most influenced by this arrangement?  a. Product b. Place c. Price d. Public relations e. Promotion
	ANS: B Where a product is sold is part of the place (distribution) element of its marketing mix.
	PTS: 1 REF: 39 OBJ: 02-9 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking KEY: CB&E Model Distribution MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application
94.	Making sure products are available when and where customers want them is the job of which element of the marketing mix?  a. Advertising strategies b. Production strategies c. Product strategies d. Promotion strategies e. Distribution strategies
	ANS: E Distribution strategies make products available when and where customers want them.
	PTS: 1 REF: 39 OBJ: 02-9 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking KEY: CB&E Model Distribution MSC: BLOOMS Level II Comprehension
95.	In 2007, Kodak announced that their new line of EasyShare printers would be available only in Best Buy stores for the first three months following the product launch. This limitation on the element of its marketing mix supported the product's competitive advantage.  a. planning b. product c. promotion d. distribution e. production  ANS: D  Distribution strategies make products available when and where customers want them.

PTS: 1 REF: 39 OBJ: 02-9 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

KEY: CB&E Model Distribution MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application

- 96. InBev bought Anheuser Busch. How will this purchase affect InBev's marketing mix?
  - a. It will only affect the product element of InBev's marketing mix.
  - b. It will only affect InBev's four Ps--not its marketing mix.
  - c. It will affect all of InBev's marketing mix elements, either directly or indirectly.
  - d. It will not affect the promotion or distribution elements of the InBev marketing mix.
  - e. It will have no affect on InBev's marketing mix.

ANS: C

	The purchase will directly change the company's product mix and indirectly affect its promotion, pricing, and distribution elements.	
		OBJ: 02-9 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinkin MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application
97.	consumers of the company and its benefits.  a. Promotion  b. Price c. Publicity d. Place e. Product	tilian mascot, the GEICO Gecko, who is used to remind Which of the four Ps does the GEICO Gecko represent?
	ANS: A Promotion covers a wide range of communi	cation vehicles.
		OBJ: 02-9 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application
98.	Wendy's 99¢ Everyday Value Menu offers s each. This new strategy reflects a change in a. price b. production c. product d. distribution e. target market	everal of the chain's most popular menu items for 99 cents the element of its marketing mix.
		REF: 40-41 OBJ: 02-9 KEY: CB&E Model Pricing
99.	Which of the marketing mix elements is often a. Product b. Promotion c. Publicity d. Place e. Pricing	en the most flexible?
	ANS: E The only element that is often subject to qui	ck and easy change is price.
	PTS: 1 REF: 40-41 KEY: CB&E Model Pricing	OBJ: 02-9 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinkin MSC: BLOOMS Level VI Evaluation
100.	metropolitan area's largest apartment comple	Atlanta. Post Properties, the owner of many of the exes, has reduced its rent so it can fill vacant apartments. perties change to create more demand for its apartments?
	e. File	

	PTS: 1 REF: 40-41 KEY: CB&E Model Pricing	OBJ: 02-9 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinkin MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application
101.	is the process that turns marketing plane executed in a way that accomplishes the a. Mechanistic control b. Strategic analysis c. Implementation d. Strategic planning e. Strategic design	plans into action assignments and ensures these assignments are plan's objectives.
	ANS: C PTS: 1 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level I Knowledge	REF: 42 OBJ: 02-10 KEY: CB&E Model Marketing Plan
102.	drives and they are in the process of working	launching an electric vehicle soon. The car has been in test ng out any bugs that may occur. GM is in the process of hicle. They are in what stage of the marketing plan?
	ANS: E GM is turning their marketing plan into act	tion.
	PTS: 1 REF: 42 KEY: CB&E Model Marketing Plan	OBJ: 02-10 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinkin MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application
103.		ring company that has developed a marketing plan designed in the next two decades. As part of its marketing, it that run between Shanghai and Beijing.
	ANS: B Implementation is the process that turns ma	arketing plans into action assignments.
	PTS: 1 REF: 42 KEY: CB&E Model Marketing Plan	OBJ: 02-10 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinkin MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application
104.	A(n) is a tightly organized unit under authority to accomplish a single goal or mis a. SBU b. quality control team c. task force d. joint venture e. structural division	er the direction of a manager who, usually, has broad ission.

The firm tried to increase demand by altering its pricing strategies. This is often the only element of the marketing mix that is capable of quick and easy change.

	ANS: C PTS: 1 REF: 42 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking KEY: CB&E I MSC: BLOOMS Level I Knowledge	OBJ: 02-10 Model Marketing Plan
105.	o5 is the process of gauging the extent to which marketi specified time period.  a. Implementation  b. Control  c. Heuristic measurement  d. Evaluation  e. Mechanistic compliance	ng objectives have been achieved during a
	ANS: D After a marketing plan is implemented, it should be evaluate which marketing objectives have been achieved during the	
	PTS: 1 REF: 43 OBJ: 02-10 KEY: CB&E Model Marketing Plan MSC: BLOOM	TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking AS Level I Knowledge
106.	of provides the mechanisms for evaluating marketing refor correcting actions that do not help the organization react guidelines.  a. Control  b. Implementation  c. Reengineering  d. Planning  e. Budgeting	
	ANS: A This is the definition control.	
	PTS: 1 REF: 43 OBJ: 02-10 KEY: CB&E Model Marketing Plan MSC: BLOOM	TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking AS Level I Knowledge
107.	<ul> <li>O7. An international company that needs to develop a way to complanned results must engage in:</li> <li>a. external market research</li> <li>b. implementation</li> <li>c. comparative analyses</li> <li>d. planning</li> <li>e. control</li> </ul>	ompare its actual marketing results with
	ANS: E Control involves that mechanism for evaluating results and implementation phases.	correcting actions in the planning and
	PTS: 1 REF: 43 OBJ: 02-10 KEY: CB&E Model Marketing Plan MSC: BLOOM	TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking AS Level II Comprehension
108.	<ul> <li>O8. All of the following are common reasons why companies far EXCEPT:</li> <li>a. unrealistic marketing objectives</li> <li>b. poor implementation</li> <li>c. plan not formalized</li> </ul>	il to achieve a marketing objective

d. inappropriate marketing strategy

e. changes in the environment after the objective was specified and the strategy implemented

ANS: C

Even a formalized plan can fail.

PTS: 1 REF: 43 OBJ: 02-10 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level IV Analysis

- 109. A marketing audit is a(n):
  - a. thorough, systematic, periodic evaluation of the objectives, strategies, structure, and performance of the marketing organization
  - b. financial examination of the firm's marketing performance
  - c. financial examination of the firm's accounting records performed by outside consultants
  - d. evaluation of the effectiveness of advertising
  - e. evaluation of pricing strategies across all the relevant competitors in an industry

ANS: A

A marketing audit is a thorough, systematic, periodic evaluation of the objectives, strategies, structure, and performance of the marketing organization.

PTS: 1 REF: 44-45 OBJ: 02-10 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy | CB&E Model Research

MSC: BLOOMS Level I Knowledge

- 110. Le Feast is a catering company that has developed a marketing plan designed to make it the largest caterer in the country within the next two decades. Which of the following will be useful to the company to evaluate how successful its efforts have been at the end of the first decade?
  - a. SWOT analysis
  - b. Environmental scan
  - c. Competitive analysis
  - d. Marketing audit
  - e. Comprehensive sales analysis

ANS: D

A market audit is a thorough, systematic, periodic evaluation of the objectives, strategies, structure, and performance of a marketing organization.

PTS: 1 REF: 44-45 OBJ: 02-10 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy | CB&E Model Research

MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application

- 111. A planning manager visiting a company's health and beauty aids division discovers the division has no effective method for allocating resources, nor for evaluating actual results against planned results. He suggestion to the division would likely be to prepare a:
  - a. marketing audit
  - b. contingency plan
  - c. service audit
  - d. market share analysis
  - e. series of tactical evaluations

ANS: A

A marketing audit is a thorough, systematic, periodic evaluation of the objectives, strategies, structure, and performance of the marketing organization. A marketing audit will evaluate the past, present, and future performance of all aspects of the marketing department.

PTS: 1 REF: 44-45 OBJ: 02-10 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy | CB&E Model Research

MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application

- 112. Which of the following statements about marketing audits is true?
  - a. Marketing audits only need to be performed once.
  - b. The main purpose of the marketing audit is to develop a full profile of a company's marketing effort.
  - c. Marketing audits are only necessary after a major crisis.
  - d. Marketing audits simply examine the external environment in which a company operates.
  - e. The marketing audit should only be performed by outside accounting firms.

ANS: B

Marketing audits should be performed periodically by an inside or outside party who is independent enough to have top management's confidence and to be objective. Marketing audits examine all facets of an organization's internal and external marketing environments.

PTS: 1 REF: 45 OBJ: 02-10 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy | CB&E Model Research

MSC: BLOOMS Level VI Evaluation

- 113. The final postaudit task is to:
  - a. profile existing weaknesses and inhibiting factors within the organization
  - b. judge and prioritize recommendations generated by the marketing audit
  - c. create an action plan with both short- and long-run proposals for improving overall marketing effectiveness
  - d. make someone accountable for implementing recommendations
  - e. ensure that the role of the audit has been clearly communicated

ANS: D PTS: 1 REF: 45 OBJ: 02-10

TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking KEY: CB&E Model Strategy | CB&E Model Research

MSC: BLOOMS Level II Comprehension

- 114. What is the most critical element in successful strategic planning?
  - a. Creativity
  - b. Top management support and participation
  - c. Continual attention
  - d. The use of a BCG portfolio model
  - e. A stringent and narrow mission statement

ANS: B

Effective strategic planning requires continual attention, creativity, and management commitment--the latter being the most critical.

PTS: 1 REF: 46 OBJ: 02-11 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level VI Evaluation

DeFeet International started as a cyclist sock company. The founder, Shane Cooper, said that the existing socks for cyclists were just not of great quality so he made socks for his cycling team by knitting them inside out. The socks were of special materials aimed at giving the cyclist the most comfortable fit. These socks were not the traditional white socks but bright, bold, and flashy colored socks with cool graphics. These high tech socks were priced around \$10 a pair. Their web site says "DeFeet is Made for Driven Soles." Soon cycling elites like Lance Armstrong and Greg LeMond were sporting the DeFeet brand. The company branched into running, hiking and snow gear. Their products include socks, armskins, calfskins, boxer briefs, gloves, and shirts for the serious athlete. They also have a custom department where socks, armskins, and gloves can be customized with any motif including sponsor types of logos like Michelin, Pabst Blue Ribbon, or BP. Even kids can enjoy DeFeet's high quality socks. DeFeet's products can be found in retailers across the world, in more than twenty countries, like Israel, Australia, Belgium and the United States. More than two-dozen online retailers also carry their products.

- 115. Refer to DeFeet International. DeFeet branched from making socks for cyclists to making apparel for skiing, hiking, corporate sponsors, and kids. This is an example of which of Ansoff's strategic alternatives?
  - a. Market penetration
  - b. Market development
  - c. Product development
  - d. Diversification
  - e. Concentration

ANS: D

DeFeet made new products for different markets.

PTS: 1 REF: 27-28 OBJ: 02-3 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application

- 116. Refer to DeFeet International. If you were to define DeFeet's mission which would be most appropriate?
  - a. DeFeet makes socks.
  - b. DeFeet makes clothes for athletes.
  - c. DeFeet creates high-tech products for the serious athlete.
  - d. DeFeet provides the highest quality apparel for customers who demand the best.
  - e. DeFeet covers the world.

ANS: D

The mission statement should not be so broad as answer E as "covers" could be blankets or car covers. Yet answer A, B, and C would limit DeFeet business to socks, clothes and athletic products. From the discussion above we know that their products are made for kids, corporate sponsors, and athletes so answer D would be the best choice.

PTS: 1 REF: 32 OBJ: 02-4 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application

- 117. Refer to DeFeet International. What kind of competitive advantage would you say DeFeet has?
  - a. Low cost
  - b. Niche
  - c. Product/service differentiation
  - d. Product Development
  - e. Diversification

ANS: C

	variety of target groups and is not a low cos	st provider so answer (	C would be the best choice.
	PTS: 1 REF: 35 KEY: CB&E Model Strategy	OBJ: 02-6 MSC: BLOOMS Le	TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking vel III Application
118.	Refer to DeFeet International. What is DeF a. Appeal to the entire market b. Concentrate on one segment of the mar c. Appeal to multiple segments d. Appeal to athletes e. Appeal to the world		t market strategy?
	ANS: C DeFeet makes products for various target g corporate sponsors so their appeal would be		
	PTS: 1 REF: 38 KEY: CB&E Model Strategy	OBJ: 02-8 MSC: BLOOMS Le	TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking vel III Application
119.	Refer to DeFeet International. DeFeet's brand name, company image and value. a. product b. place c. price d. promotion e. position	is high-tech appare	el, the packaging it comes in, the
	ANS: A Product is the physical unit, the warranty, the other factors.	he service, brand name	e, company image, value, and many
	PTS: 1 REF: 39 KEY: CB&E Model Product	OBJ: 02-9 MSC: BLOOMS Le	$\mathcal{E}$
120.	Refer to DeFeet International. DeFeet's world. a. product strategy b. place strategy c. price strategy d. promotion strategy e. positioning strategy	includes retailers a	and online retailers throughout the
	ANS: B In this example place is the physical distrib	ution of DeFeet's prod	luct.
	PTS: 1 REF: 39 KEY: CB&E Model Distribution	OBJ: 02-9 MSC: BLOOMS Le	TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking vel III Application
121.	Refer to DeFeet International. DeFeet's and personal selling.  a. product b. place c. price	includes advertisin	ng, public relations, sales promotions,

A product/service differentiation competitive advantage exists when a firm provides something unique that is valuable to buyers beyond simply offering a low price. DeFeet has high-tech apparel for a

- d. promotione. position
- ANS: D

Promotion includes advertising, public relations, sales promotions, and personal selling.

PTS: 1 REF: 40 OBJ: 02-9 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

KEY: CB&E Model Promotion MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application

- 122. Refer to DeFeet International. DeFeet's is what its customers give up to obtain their apparel.
  - a. product strategy
  - b. place strategy
  - c. price strategy
  - d. promotion strategy
  - e. positioning strategy

ANS: C

Price is what buyers give up to obtain a product.

PTS: 1 REF: 40-41 OBJ: 02-9 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

KEY: CB&E Model Pricing MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application

Novartis, a Swiss drug maker, is planning to purchase a majority stake in Zhejiang Tianyuan Bio-Pharmaceutical Company, a Chinese vaccine maker. Novartis has agreed to pay \$125 million for the company that holds a 3% share of China's \$1 billion vaccines market. The market for vaccines is growing 20% or more in developing nations of Asia, Africa, and Australasia. In the past, vaccine use has been limited to basic shots against diseases such as polio, tuberculosis, and measles, but as the economies of these countries grow, government and private healthcare spending focuses on preventing diseases such as hepatitis B, cholera and rotavirus, tetanus, and others. Some critics are against the acquisition, claiming that prices will increase. Novartis claims it is not interested in raising prices but rather to expand Tianyuan's product offerings.

- 123. Refer to Novartis. Novartis is creating and maintaining a fit between its objectives and resources and evolving market opportunities in developing countries. Novartis is engaging in:
  - a. strategic planning
  - b. selective assessment
  - c. functional planning
  - d. environment scanning
  - e. decision analysis

ANS: A

Strategic planning is the managerial process of creating and maintaining a fit between the organization's objectives and resources and evolving market opportunities.

PTS: 1 REF: 25 OBJ: 02-1 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application

- 124. Refer to Novartis. If Novartis goes through with the purchase of Tianyuan, it will become a subgroup of its overall pharmaceutical business and organization. Tianyuan will then be considered a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ of Novartis.
  - a. stock keeping unit (SKU)
  - b. portfolio element
  - c. strategic business unit (SBU)
  - d. market segment
  - e. business segment

ANS: C

A strategic business unit (SBU) is a subgroup of a single business or a collection of related businesses within the larger organization.

PTS: 1 REF: 26 OBJ: 02-2 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application

- 125. Refer to Novartis. By acquiring Tianyuan, Novartis will be offering vaccines, which is a product that it currently offers in its existing markets, to new markets for the company. This is an example of which strategic alternative?
  - a. Strategic window
  - b. Market penetration
  - c. Product development
  - d. Diversification
  - e. Market development

ANS: E

Market development entails marketing current products to new target markets.

PTS: 1 REF: 27 OBJ: 02-3 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application

126. Refer to Novartis. Tianyuan has a relatively small market share of a high-growth market in China. How would this company be classified in Novartis' portfolio model?

- a. Problem child
- b. Star
- c. Cash cow
- d. Dog
- e. Emergent

ANS: A

A problem child, also called a question mark, has a low market share in a high-growth industry.

PTS: 1 REF: 29 OBJ: 02-3 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application

127. Refer to Novartis. One thing Novartis plans to do is increase sales to governments and to the United Nations agencies because these are the typical buyers of vaccines to distribute in poor countries.

Thus, the company is willing to give up short-term profits to increase market share for this company. In terms of the portfolio model, which basic strategy will Novartis be implementing?

- a. Hold
- b. Harvest
- c. Divest
- d. Build
- e. Divert

ANS: D

If an organization has an SBU that it believes has the potential to be a star (probably a problem child at present), building would be an appropriate goal.

PTS: 1 REF: 29 OBJ: 02-3 TOP: AACSB Communication

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application

- 128. Refer to Novartis. Novartis assessed the opportunity presented by the growing potential markets in developing countries and determined it was consistent with its internal quality production processes and extensive R&D capabilities. This assessment process in which Novartis learned this about the environment is called a:
  - a. market audit
  - b. situation analysis
  - c. primary analysis
  - d. profit and loss assessment
  - e. strategic window search

ANS: B

When a company pursues a study to ascertain its current status and capabilities and its future expectations, it is conducting a situation analysis.

PTS: 1 REF: 33 OBJ: 02-5 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application

Masco is the name of a well-recognized company in the construction industry. It produces cabinetry, furniture, lighting, and plumbing fixtures for the upper-end homeowner and builder. One of the divisions of Masco is the Delta Faucet Company, which is the leader in the faucet industry. Delta Faucet was founded in 1955. Over the decades, it has developed a legacy based on well-crafted, high-quality products. Since the 1970s, Delta has focused its energies on building loyalty with the builder marketplace. Research in 2002 showed that while builders respect the Delta faucet for its quality, durability, and dependability, household consumers were not enamored with Delta products. Due to the number of new magazines and television programs devoted to home style, homeowners wanted faucets that were chic and stylish. This was not the image of the Delta Faucet. To change its image, Delta Faucet began a marketing program in which it committed itself to developing new products to appeal to homeowners. It adopted a new slogan, "Beautifully Engineered."

- 129. Refer to Delta Faucet Company. The marketing program, which Delta designed to develop new products to appeal to homeowners, is an example of:
  - a. strategic planning
  - b. a mission statement
  - c. mass marketing
  - d. production-oriented marketing
  - e. tactical planning

ANS: A

Strategic planning is the managerial process of creating and maintaining a fit between the organization's objectives and resources and evolving market opportunities.

PTS: 1 REF: 25 OBJ: 02-1 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application

- 130. Refer to Delta Faucet Company. The Delta Faucet Company is a of Masco.
  - a. target market
  - b. transactional division
  - c. strategic business unit (SBU)
  - d. share-bearing unit (SBU)
  - e. situational business usage (SBU)

ANS: C

A strategic business unit (SBU) is a subgroup of a single business or a collection of related businesses within the larger organization.

	PTS: 1 REF: 26 KEY: CB&E Model Strategy	OBJ: 02-2 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application
131.		ta was already marketing to homeowners (although not very s of faucets to appeal to this underserved market would be
	ANS: D A product development strategy entails the	creation of new products for current customers.
	PTS: 1 REF: 27 KEY: CB&E Model Strategy	OBJ: 02-3 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application
132.	the number of homeowners who are remoded portfolio model, Masco would consider Deca. question mark b. exclamation point c. star d. cash cow e. problem child  ANS: D	w home construction is not growing as rapidly as it once did, eling bathrooms and kitchens is growing. According to the lta a(n):
	PTS: 1 REF: 28	OBJ: 02-3 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking
	KEY: CB&E Model Strategy	MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application
133.	how homeowners perceive its products throa. break-even analysis b. correlation analysis c. sales potential assessment d. situation analysis e. economic forecast  ANS: D	cet would most likely have gathered the information about ough the use of a(n):  as a SWOT analysis, identifies a firm's internal strengths
	(S) and weaknesses (W) and external oppor	rtunities (O) and threats (T).
	PTS: 1 REF: 33 KEY: CB&E Model Strategy	OBJ: 02-5 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application
134.	Refer to Delta Faucet Company. The reputa dependability among builders is an example a. tactical threat b. competitive advantage c. experience curve d. economy of scale e. market differentiator	ation the Delta faucet has for its quality, durability, and e of a(n):

Δ	N	C	•	В
$\boldsymbol{\Gamma}$	LL N	$\mathbf{\mathcal{L}}$	٠	ப

A competitive advantage is the set of unique features of a company and its products that are perceived by the target market as significant and superior to the competition.

PTS: 1 REF: 34 OBJ: 02-6 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application

- 135. Refer to Delta Faucet Company. Delta's decision to make more stylish faucets represents a change in the element of its marketing mix.
  - a. product
  - b. promotion
  - c. place
  - d. production
  - e. distribution

ANS: A

The product includes not only the physical unit but also its package, warranty, after-sale service, brand name, company image, value, and many other factors.

PTS: 1 REF: 39 OBJ: 02-9 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

KEY: CB&E Model Product MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application

- 136. Refer to Delta Faucet Company. Delta's development of a new slogan represents a change in the \_\_\_\_\_ element of its marketing mix.
  - a. product
  - b. promotion
  - c. place
  - d. production
  - e. distribution

ANS: B

Promotion includes advertising, public relations, sales promotion, and personal selling.

PTS: 1 REF: 40 OBJ: 02-9 TOP: AACSB Reflective Thinking

KEY: CB&E Model Promotion MSC: BLOOMS Level III Application

# **ESSAY**

1. What is the difference between planning, strategic planning, and marketing planning?

### ANS:

Planning is the process of anticipating future events and determining strategies to achieve organizational objectives in the future.

Strategic planning is the managerial process of creating and maintaining a fit between the organization's objectives and resources and the evolving market opportunities. The goal of strategic planning is long-run profitability and growth. Thus, strategic decisions require long-term commitments of resources.

Marketing planning involves designing activities relating to marketing objectives and the changing marketing environment. Marketing planning is the basis for all marketing strategies and decisions. Issues such as product lines, distribution channels, marketing communications, and pricing are all delineated in the marketing plan.

PTS: 1 REF: 25, 30-31 OBJ: 02-1 | 02-3 TOP: AACSB Communication

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy | CB&E Model Marketing Plan

MSC: BLOOMS Level V Synthesis

2. If the owners of Jalapeno's Restaurant, a Mexican eatery in St. Louis, open a second restaurant across town, have they created an SBU? Explain your answer.

# ANS:

The second restaurant is not an SBU, or strategic business unit. Each SBU has its own rate of return on investment, growth potential and associated risks, and requires its own strategies and funding. This would not be the case for a second restaurant operated under the same name by the same owners.

When properly created, an SBU will have the following characteristics:

- A distinct mission and a specific target market
- Control over its own resources
- Its own competitors
- A single business or collection of related businesses
- Plans independent of other businesses of the total organization
- Its own resources for handling basic business functions

These characteristics would not be shared by the second Jalapeno's Restaurant.

PTS: 1 REF: 26 OBJ: 02-2 TOP: AACSB Communication

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level V Synthesis

3. Name and describe the four strategic alternatives in Ansoff's strategic opportunity matrix, which matches products with markets. For each of the four strategic alternatives, give a specific example of a firm following that strategy.

# ANS:

MARKET PENETRATION - increase market share among existing customers. Kraft Foods using heavy promotional expenditures in the form of aggressive advertising and cents-off coupons for Maxwell House coffee.

MARKET DEVELOPMENT - attracting new customers to existing products. McDonald's opening restaurants in Russia, China, and Italy; colleges and universities expanding to executive development and continuing education.

PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT - creating new products for current customers. Brooks Brothers has introduced a line of poplin suits with polyester fibers that move moisture away from the body.

DIVERSIFICATION - introducing new products into new markets. LTV entering the monorail business; Sony's acquisition of Columbia Pictures; Coca-Cola manufacturing water treatment equipment.

PTS: 1 REF: 27-28 OBJ: 02-3 TOP: AACSB Communication

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level V Synthesis

4. List the four basic strategies used once an organization has identified its strategic business units in terms of the portfolio model. Describe when each is used.

#### ANS:

The four basic strategies are (1) **Build** is used when an organization has identified an SBU it believes has the potential to be a star. Most likely the SBU has been identified as a problem child. (2) **Hold** is used when the SBU has been identified as a very successful cash cow. (3) **Harvest** is used with all SBU classifications except stars. The basic goal with this strategy is to increase short-term cash return. (4) **Divest** means to get rid of SBUs with low market share. Divestment strategy may be used with either dogs or problem children (also called question marks).

PTS: 1 REF: 29-30 OBJ: 02-3 TOP: AACSB Communication

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level V Synthesis

5. Identify the dimensions used for selecting strategic alternatives in the General Electric model. What are some attributes of an attractive market in this model?

# ANS:

The dimensions used in the GE model are market attractiveness and company strength. Attributes of an attractive market in this model are high profitability, rapid growth, a lack of government regulation, consumer insensitivity to aprice increase, a lack of competition, and availability of technology.

PTS: 1 REF: 30 OBJ: 02-3 TOP: AACSB Communication

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level VI Evaluation

6. What is marketing myopia? If a movie theater company had a myopic orientation, how might it state its business purpose? If the movie theater company avoided a myopic orientation, how would its business purpose change?

### ANS:

Defining a business in terms of goods and services rather than in terms of the benefits customers seek is called marketing myopia, which implies a narrow, short-term orientation. This orientation can threaten the survival of an organization.

If a movie theater had a myopic orientation, it might state its business as "selling tickets to movies." A better business statement for the theater would be "to provide convenient entertainment."

PTS: 1 REF: 32 OBJ: 02-4 TOP: AACSB Communication

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level V Synthesis

7. What is a SWOT analysis? How does it relate to strategic planning?

#### ANS:

The SWOT acronym represents the four components of a situation analysis, the second step in strategic business planning. SWOT stands for strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and threats. Strengths and weaknesses are internal components of the organization that should be analyzed, while opportunities and threats are characteristics of the external environment that should be analyzed. With the SWOT analysis, the company is determining its present status, its current capabilities, and its future expectations.

PTS: 1 REF: 33 OBJ: 02-5 TOP: AACSB Communication

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level V Synthesis

8. What is environmental scanning? Name four environmental forces that affect marketing decision-making.

ANS:

Environmental scanning is the collection and interpretation of information about external forces, events, and relationships that may affect the future of the organization. It helps identify market opportunities and threats and provides guidelines for the design of marketing strategy.

Important forces include:

- social forces
- demographic forces
- economic forces
- technological forces
- political and legal forces
- competitive forces

PTS: 1 REF: 33 OBJ: 02-5 TOP: AACSB Communication

KEY: CB&E Model Research MSC: BLOOMS Level V Synthesis

9. Stump's Hot Olives are manufactured by a family business in Wisconsin and are sold in Midwestern grocery stores, through mail order, and to a few local restaurants. The company has been in operation since 1998 and relies on labor from family and friends to produce and package olives in attractive, reusable glass containers. They use store demonstrations to introduce their spicy olives to new customers. Discuss how this company can establish or maintain at least one of the three types of competitive advantage.

### ANS:

Student answers to this question will vary, but they should discuss one of the three types of competitive advantage: cost, product/service differentiation, and niche strategies. Their answers could include a cost competitive advantage, which can be achieved through no-frills goods and customer service, efficient labor, production innovations (such as new products not currently on the market), and the experience curve. A product differentiation competitive advantage might be achieved by the use of the value impression (this possibility is implied in the description of the containers). The company might also try selling an augmented product-offering by bundling pickles and pepper products with its olives. The niche competitive advantage may be appropriate for this company. Some students may suggest targeting gourmets or some other single market.

PTS: 1 REF: 34-36 OBJ: 02-6 TOP: AACSB Communication

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level V Synthesis

10. What is a competitive advantage? What makes a competitive advantage sustainable?

### ANS:

A competitive advantage is the unique set of features of a company and its products that are perceived by the target market as significant and superior to the competition.

A sustainable competitive advantage is one that cannot be copied by the competition. Without this, a competitive advantage could be easily copied and the advantage lost.

PTS: 1 REF: 34 | 36 OBJ: 02-6 TOP: AACSB Communication

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level V Synthesis

11. What is a marketing objective? Name three criteria for good marketing objectives. Use the criteria to write an objective for a business with which you are familiar.

ANS:

A marketing objective is a statement of what is to be accomplished through marketing activities.

For marketing objectives to be realized, they must meet several criteria. They must be:

- realistic managers should develop objectives that have a chance of being met
- measurable managers need to be able to quantitatively measure whether or not an objective has been met
- time-specific by what time should the objective be met?
- compared to a benchmark it is important to know the baseline against which the objective will be measured

The example objective should fulfill the above criteria and be stated in terms of actions expected by the target consumers.

PTS: 1 REF: 37 OBJ: 02-7 TOP: AACSB Communication

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level V Synthesis

12. An essential part of marketing strategy is target market strategy. Selection of target market(s) drives marketing objectives and selection of the marketing mix (the four Ps). What are the three general strategies for selecting target markets?

# ANS:

The strategies are to:

- appeal to the entire market with a single marketing mix
- concentrate on only one segment of the market
- appeal to multiple market segments using multiple marketing mixes

PTS: 1 REF: 38 OBJ: 02-8 TOP: AACSB Communication

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level V Synthesis

13. The marketing mix refers to a unique blend of marketing variables known as the four Ps. Name and briefly describe each of the 4 Ps.

# ANS:

PRODUCT. The firm's product offerings are the heart of the marketing mix. The Product P includes product development, production assistance, packaging, warranties, servicing, branding, company image, and other components in addition to the physical unit.

PLACE (or DISTRIBUTION). Distribution strategies make products available when and where customers want them. Products move through a channel of distribution that may include wholesalers and retailers. Physical distribution (stocking and transportation logistics) is also part of the Place P.

PROMOTION. Promotion includes personal selling, advertising, sales promotion, and public relations. Promotion serves to inform, educate, persuade, and remind target markets about product benefits.

PRICE. Price strategies are an important competitive weapon. Pricing is an important component of the marketing mix because it is flexible and allows revenue to be estimated and measured.

PTS: 1 REF: 39-40 OBJ: 02-9 TOP: AACSB Communication

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level V Synthesis

14. Identify four common reasons for failing to achieve a marketing objective.

# ANS:

Four common reasons for failing to achieve a marketing objective are unrealistic marketing objectives, inappropriate marketing strategies in the plan, poor implementation, and changes in the environment after the objective was specified and the strategy was implemented.

PTS: 1 REF: 43 OBJ: 02-10 TOP: AACSB Communication

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy | CB&E Model Marketing Plan

MSC: BLOOMS Level VI Evaluation

15. Perhaps the broadest control device available to marketing management is the marketing audit. Describe this tool and its characteristics.

# ANS:

A marketing audit is a thorough, systematic, periodic evaluation of the objectives, strategies, structure, and performance of the marketing organization. It incorporates both financial and nonfinancial reporting, is mainly futuristic in nature, and is largely strategy-oriented. The marketing audit is designed to aid management in allocating marketing resources efficiently. The marketing audit looks to the future allocation of marketing resources. All companies should use the audit system to uncover potential weaknesses and identify cost-cutting opportunities. The marketing audit should be comprehensive, systematic, independently conducted, and run periodically.

PTS: 1 REF: 44-45 OBJ: 02-10 TOP: AACSB Communication

KEY: CB&E Model Research MSC: BLOOMS Level V Synthesis

16. Name and describe the three requirements for effective strategic planning.

# ANS:

CONTINUAL PROCESS. Strategic planning should be an ongoing process because the environment is continually changing and the firm's resources and capabilities are continually evolving.

CREATIVITY. Sound planning is based on creativity. Existing assumptions about the firm and the environment should be challenged, and new rules of the game should be established. Developing unique and visionary strategies that defy conventional wisdom also prevents managers from locking into static and predictable options.

MANAGEMENT COMMITMENT. Perhaps the most critical element of successful strategic planning is top management's support and participation. Without the involvement of top management, no strategic plan can be effectively implemented.

PTS: 1 REF: 45 OBJ: 02-11 TOP: AACSB Communication

KEY: CB&E Model Strategy MSC: BLOOMS Level V Synthesis