

c2

Student: _____

1. The economic, educational, and other related resources available comprise one's _____.

2. The largest minority group in the U.S. is _____.

3. The most basic kinship unit is the _____.

4. Awareness, knowledge and skills are the three critical components of the term known as _____.

5. In patriarchal and matriarchal groups, the criterion of _____ is most important and it is seconded by _____.

6. The author's goal in Chapter 2 was:

A.
B.
C.
D.
7. _____% of gay men are estimated to be involved in romantic relationship?

A.
B.
C.
D.

8. The common physical characteristics of a group, generally skin color, is an individual's:
- A.
 - B.
 - C.
 - D.
9. Caucasians constitute approximately _____ of the United States population.
- A.
 - B.
 - C.
 - D.
10. Which of the following statement is true, according to current U.S. Census studies?
- A.
 - B.
 - C.
 - D.
11. The largest minority group in the United States is:
- A.
 - B.
 - C.
 - D.
12. Most American Indians:
- A.
 - B.
 - C.
 - D.
13. The Native American population in the United States represents _____ tribes.
- A.
 - B.
 - C.
 - D.

14. American Indian populations are unique because their tribes have their own:
- A.
 - B.
 - C.
 - D.
15. The most financially successful ethnic group in the United States is:
- A.
 - B.
 - C.
 - D.
16. The ethnic group with the highest median household income is:
- A.
 - B.
 - C.
 - D.
17. Certain Asian Americans have typically been in the United States, but more recent immigrants and refugees include people from:
- A.
 - B.
 - C.
 - D.
18. Antonio identifies as a Chilean male. He and his family embrace the traditions and values of his culture. This is part of his:
- A.
 - B.
 - C.
 - D.

19. According to Fowers and Davidov, to lead to self-awareness, a person must begin with:
- A.
 - B.
 - C.
 - D.
20. The nuclear family is an example of:
- A.
 - B.
 - C.
 - D.
21. The most transitory family system is a/an:
- A.
 - B.
 - C.
 - D.
22. "Kinship" refers to a culture's norms regarding all the following EXCEPT:
- A.
 - B.
 - C.
 - D.
23. Which of the following is the best example of a pseudo-kin relationship?
- A.
 - B.
 - C.
 - D.
24. A typical "family tree" kind of genealogy reflects _____ norms for descent.
- A.
 - B.
 - C.
 - D.

25. If a man considers his sister, but not his sister's children, to be part of his family, he most likely lives in a _____ society.
- A.
B.
C.
D.
26. The cultural, democratic ideals of the United States are most likely to lead to
- A.
B.
C.
D.
27. In a patriarchal kin group, who is likely to have the least power?
- A.
B.
C.
D.
28. In a matrilineal society, a newly married couple is most likely to live:
- A.
B.
C.
D.
29. You and your partner had a beautiful wedding in Wisconsin, your family flew in from Texas and your partner's family flew in from California. The two of you plan to move to New Hampshire after the wedding to look for work. The norms that have influenced this decision regarding your new home are most likely:
- A.
B.
C.
D.

30. If a newly married couple is living with or near the wife's kin, it could be in a:
- A.
 - B.
 - C.
 - D.
31. Which of the following questions would NOT assess family flexibility?
- A.
 - B.
 - C.
 - D.
32. African American families are known for strengths such as:
- A.
 - B.
 - C.
 - D.
33. All are strengths of African American families EXCEPT:
- A.
 - B.
 - C.
 - D.
34. In the United States, Latinos tend to:
- A.
 - B.
 - C.
 - D.

35. The sense of contentment found in many American Indian tribes comes from:
- A.
 - B.
 - C.
 - D.
36. "Filial piety" refers to:
- A.
 - B.
 - C.
 - D.
37. To assume that one's culture is the standard by which one judges all others is:
- A.
 - B.
 - C.
 - D.
38. Early family research that judged minority families as inadequate or pathological because they differed from majority families:
- A.
 - B.
 - C.
 - D.
39. The family of a German-American Lutheran who is engaged to an Italian-American Catholic is convinced that the differences between their child and their child's partner do not matter and will not create conflict between the couple. This family is arguing from a/an _____ perspective.
- A.
 - B.
 - C.
 - D.

40. _____ is the process in which old cultural trait and value are relinquished and replaced by the dominant culture.
- A.
B.
C.
D.
41. _____ is the process in which an ethnic group isolates itself or is forced into isolation within the dominant culture.
- A.
B.
C.
D.
42. _____ is the process whereby cultural traits and values from one ethnic group become blended with the dominant culture.
- A.
B.
C.
D.
43. At the world cup match, Renaldo cheers that Brazil's success is yet another example of Brazilian superiority. He believes that Brazilians are better at many things, smarter and more attractive than other groups. This is an example of:
- A.
B.
C.
D.

44. Sakura is a second generation American and is tired of what she feels are constricting norms and expectations for her behavior. She wants to be like "regular" teens despite family resistance. This is an example of:
- A.
 - B.
 - C.
 - D.
45. Celebrating Cinch de Mayo in the U.S. when you are not of Mexican descent is an example of:
- A.
 - B.
 - C.
 - D.
46. "Asian's are good at math" is an example of:
- A.
 - B.
 - C.
 - D.
47. Various "isms"—racism, sexism, and ethnocentrism—tend to create distance between individuals and groups of people by:
- A.
 - B.
 - C.
 - D.
48. There is a lot of data available used to study same-sex marriage.
- True False
49. Race refers to the common physical characteristics of a group and generally describes skin color and hair texture.
- True False

50. Some U.S. states are known as "majority-minority" states, which means their total minority population exceeds 50%.
- True False
51. The median age of the Hispanic population is very young as compared to the U.S. population as a whole.
- True False
52. Because of increasing diversity in the Black population, we need to be more aware of the diverse cultural values and beliefs in what was once thought to be a relatively homogeneous cultural group.
- True False
53. The African American population is the largest ethnic group in the U.S., closely followed by the Hispanic population.
- True False
54. About three-quarters of American Indian families live on reservations.
- True False
55. Nuclear families are recognized as distinct entities even in societies that focus primarily on larger, extended family groups.
- True False
56. Extended families are more likely to maintain strong traditions than are nuclear families.
- True False
57. All cultures have norms and expectations that govern kinship behavior.
- True False
58. Family patterns have more conflict in polygamous and polyandrous societies than in monogamous societies.
- True False

59. American Indian parents are more likely to use social shame, verbal, and emotional reprimands than physical punishment.
- True False
60. Patriarchal family groups place the greatest emphasis on fathers.
- True False
61. Latino families today tend to be stereotyped by male dominance and authoritarian fathering.
- True False
62. Latinos place a higher priority on blood relationships than on pseudo-kin relationships.
- True False
63. After about 40 years, the United States government agreed to repay the value of lost homes and businesses to Japanese Americans who had been in resettlement camps during World War II.
- True False
64. The great respect that Asian American families have for their elders is called Filial piety.
- True False
65. The process by which old cultural traits and values are replaced by those of the new dominant culture is known as acculturation.
- True False
66. The view that your society or culture is "better" than others and using this view to measure other cultures is known as ethnocentrism.
- True False
67. Children develop into adults much like their own parents.
- True False

c2 Key

1.
(p. 53)

The economic, educational, and other related resources available comprise one's _____

social system

Olson - Chapter 02 #1

2.
(p. 56)

The largest minority group in the U.S. is _____.

Hispanic

Olson - Chapter 02 #2

3.
(p. 49)

The most basic kinship unit is the _____.

nuclear family

Olson - Chapter 02 #3

4.
(p. 48)

Awareness, knowledge and skills are the three critical components of the term known as _____.

cultural competence

Olson - Chapter 02 #4

5.
(p. 51)

In patriarchal and matriarchal groups, the criterion of _____ is most important and it is seconded by _____.

gender; age

Olson - Chapter 02 #5

6.
(p. 35)

The author's goal in Chapter 2 was:

- A.
- B.
- C.
- D.**

Olson - Chapter 02 #6

7.
(p. 37)

_____ % of gay men are estimated to be involved in romantic relationship?

- A.**
- B.
- C.
- D.

Olson - Chapter 02 #7

8.
(p. 41)

The common physical characteristics of a group, generally skin color, is an individual's:

- A.
- B.
- C.**
- D.

Olson - Chapter 02 #8

9.
(p. 37)

Caucasians constitute approximately _____ of the United States population.

- A.
- B.
- C.**
- D.

Olson - Chapter 02 #9

10.
(p. 43)

Which of the following statement is true, according to current U.S. Census studies?

- A.**
- B.
- C.
- D.

Olson - Chapter 02 #10

11.
(p. 43)

The largest minority group in the United States is:

- A.**
- B.
- C.
- D.

Olson - Chapter 02 #11

12.
(p. 45)

Most American Indians:

- A.
- B.**
- C.
- D.

Olson - Chapter 02 #12

13.
(p. 45)

The Native American population in the United States represents _____ tribes.

- A.
- B.
- C.**
- D.

Olson - Chapter 02 #13

14.
(p. 45)

American Indian populations are unique because their tribes have their own:

- A.
- B.
- C.
- D.**

Olson - Chapter 02 #14

15.
(p. 45)

The most financially successful ethnic group in the United States is:

- A.
- B.
- C.**
- D.

Olson - Chapter 02 #15

16.
(p. 45)

The ethnic group with the highest median household income is:

- A.
- B.
- C.**
- D.

Olson - Chapter 02 #16

17.
(p. 45)

Certain Asian Americans have typically been in the United States, but more recent immigrants and refugees include people from:

- A.
- B.
- C.
- D.

Olson - Chapter 02 #17

18.
(p. 47)

Antonio identifies as a Chilean male. He and his family embrace the traditions and values of his culture. This is part of his:

- A.
- B.
- C.
- D.

Olson - Chapter 02 #18

19.
(p. 48)

According to Fowers and Davidov, to lead to self-awareness, a person must begin with:

- A.
- B.
- C.
- D.

Olson - Chapter 02 #19

20.
(p. 49)

The nuclear family is an example of:

- A.
- B.
- C.
- D.

Olson - Chapter 02 #20

21.
(p. 49)

The most transitory family system is a/an:

- A.
- B.
- C.
- D.

Olson - Chapter 02 #21

22.
(p. 49)

"Kinship" refers to a culture's norms regarding all the following EXCEPT:

- A.
- B.
- C.
- D.**

Olson - Chapter 02 #22

23.
(p. 50)

Which of the following is the best example of a pseudo-kin relationship?

- A.
- B.**
- C.
- D.

Olson - Chapter 02 #23

24.
(p. 51)

A typical "family tree" kind of genealogy reflects _____ norms for descent.

- A.
- B.
- C.**
- D.

Olson - Chapter 02 #24

25.
(p. 50)

If a man considers his sister, but not his sister's children, to be part of his family, he most likely lives in a _____ society.

- A.
- B.
- C.**
- D.

Olson - Chapter 02 #25

26.
(p. 51)

The cultural, democratic ideals of the United States are most likely to lead to

- A.
- B.
- C.
- D.

Olson - Chapter 02 #26

27.
(p. 51)

In a patriarchal kin group, who is likely to have the least power?

- A.
- B.
- C.
- D.

Olson - Chapter 02 #27

28.
(p. 51)

In a matrilineal society, a newly married couple is most likely to live:

- A.
- B.
- C.
- D.

Olson - Chapter 02 #28

29.
(p. 51)

You and your partner had a beautiful wedding in Wisconsin, your family flew in from Texas and your partner's family flew in from California. The two of you plan to move to New Hampshire after the wedding to look for work. The norms that have influenced this decision regarding your new home are most likely:

- A.
- B.
- C.
- D.

Olson - Chapter 02 #29

30.
(p. 51)

If a newly married couple is living with or near the wife's kin, it could be in a:

- A.
- B.
- C.**
- D.

Olson - Chapter 02 #30

31.
(p. 52)

Which of the following questions would NOT assess family flexibility?

- A.
- B.**
- C.
- D.

Olson - Chapter 02 #31

32.
(p. 55)

African American families are known for strengths such as:

- A.
- B.
- C.
- D.**

Olson - Chapter 02 #32

33.
(p. 56-57)

All are strengths of African American families EXCEPT:

- A.
- B.**
- C.
- D.

Olson - Chapter 02 #33

34.
(p. 56-57)

In the United States, Latinos tend to:

- A.
- B.**
- C.
- D.

Olson - Chapter 02 #34

35.
(p. 59)

The sense of contentment found in many American Indian tribes comes from:

- A.
- B.
- C.
- D.**

Olson - Chapter 02 #35

36.
(p. 58)

"Filial piety" refers to:

- A.
- B.**
- C.
- D.

Olson - Chapter 02 #36

37.
(p. 63)

To assume that one's culture is the standard by which one judges all others is:

- A.
- B.**
- C.
- D.

Olson - Chapter 02 #37

38.
(p. 63)

Early family research that judged minority families as inadequate or pathological because they differed from majority families:

- A.
- B.
- C.
- D.**

Olson - Chapter 02 #38

39.
(p. 63)

The family of a German-American Lutheran who is engaged to an Italian-American Catholic is convinced that the differences between their child and their child's partner do not matter and will not create conflict between the couple. This family is arguing from a/an _____ perspective.

- A.
- B.
- C.
- D.

Olson - Chapter 02 #39

40.
(p. 64)

_____ is the process in which old cultural trait and value are relinquished and replaced by the dominant culture.

- A.
- B.
- C.
- D.

Olson - Chapter 02 #40

41.
(p. 64)

_____ is the process in which an ethnic group isolates itself or is forced into isolation within the dominant culture.

- A.
- B.
- C.
- D.

Olson - Chapter 02 #41

42.
(p. 64)

_____ is the process whereby cultural traits and values from one ethnic group become blended with the dominant culture.

- A.
- B.
- C.
- D.

Olson - Chapter 02 #42

43.
(p. 63)

At the world cup match, Renaldo cheers that Brazil's success is yet another example of Brazilian superiority. He believes that Brazilians are better at many things, smarter and more attractive than other groups. This is an example of:

- A.
- B.**
- C.
- D.

Olson - Chapter 02 #43

44.
(p. 64)

Sakura is a second generation American and is tired of what she feels are constricting norms and expectations for her behavior. She wants to be like "regular" teens despite family resistance. This is an example of:

- A.**
- B.
- C.
- D.

Olson - Chapter 02 #44

45.
(p. 64)

Celebrating Cinch de Mayo in the U.S. when you are not of Mexican descent is an example of:

- A.
- B.
- C.**
- D.

Olson - Chapter 02 #45

46.
(p. 64)

"Asian's are good at math" is an example of:

- A.
- B.**
- C.
- D.

Olson - Chapter 02 #46

47.
(p. 64)

Various "isms"—racism, sexism, and ethnocentrism—tend to create distance between individuals and groups of people by:

- A.
- B.
- C.
- D.**

Olson - Chapter 02 #47

48.
(p. 37)

There is a lot of data available used to study same-sex marriage.

FALSE

Olson - Chapter 02 #48

49.
(p. 41)

Race refers to the common physical characteristics of a group and generally describes skin color and hair texture.

TRUE

Olson - Chapter 02 #49

50.
(p. 62)

Some U.S. states are known as "majority-minority" states, which means their total minority population exceeds 50%.

TRUE

Olson - Chapter 02 #50

51.
(p. 43)

The median age of the Hispanic population is very young as compared to the U.S. population as a whole.

TRUE

Olson - Chapter 02 #51

52.
(p. 44-45)

Because of increasing diversity in the Black population, we need to be more aware of the diverse cultural values and beliefs in what was once thought to be a relatively homogeneous cultural group.

TRUE

Olson - Chapter 02 #52

53.
(p. 56)

The African American population is the largest ethnic group in the U.S., closely followed by the Hispanic population.

FALSE

Olson - Chapter 02 #53

54.
(p. 45)

About three-quarters of American Indian families live on reservations.

FALSE

Olson - Chapter 02 #54

55.
(p. 49)

Nuclear families are recognized as distinct entities even in societies that focus primarily on larger, extended family groups.

TRUE

Olson - Chapter 02 #55

56.
(p. 50)

Extended families are more likely to maintain strong traditions than are nuclear families.

TRUE

Olson - Chapter 02 #56

57.
(p. 49)

All cultures have norms and expectations that govern kinship behavior.

TRUE

Olson - Chapter 02 #57

58.
(p. 50)

Family patterns have more conflict in polygamous and polyandrous societies than in monogamous societies.

FALSE

Olson - Chapter 02 #58

59.
(p. 60)

American Indian parents are more likely to use social shame, verbal, and emotional reprimands than physical punishment.

TRUE

Olson - Chapter 02 #59

60.
(p. 51)

Patriarchal family groups place the greatest emphasis on fathers.

FALSE

Olson - Chapter 02 #60

61.
(p. 56-57)

Latino families today tend to be stereotyped by male dominance and authoritarian fathering.

FALSE

Olson - Chapter 02 #61

62.
(p. 56-57)

Latinos place a higher priority on blood relationships than on pseudo-kin relationships.

FALSE

Olson - Chapter 02 #62

63.
(p. 58)

After about 40 years, the United States government agreed to repay the value of lost homes and businesses to Japanese Americans who had been in resettlement camps during World War II.

TRUE

Olson - Chapter 02 #63

64.
(p. 58)

The great respect that Asian American families have for their elders is called Filial piety.

TRUE

Olson - Chapter 02 #64

65.
(p. 34)

The process by which old cultural traits and values are replaced by those of the new dominant culture is known as acculturation.

FALSE

Olson - Chapter 02 #65

66.
(p. 63)

The view that your society or culture is "better" than others and using this view to measure other cultures is known as ethnocentrism.

TRUE

Olson - Chapter 02 #66

67.
(p. 67)

Children develop into adults much like their own parents.

TRUE

Olson - Chapter 02 #67

c2 Summary