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:			<u> </u>	e:
02: The H	History of	Managemo	e <u>nt</u>	
1.	were the fir	rst to recog	nize the need for submitting written requests.	
		a.	Sumerians	
		b.	Egyptians	
		c.	Persians	
		d.	Venetians	
ANSWER.	<i>:</i>			b
2.	was the firs	st to use wi	tnesses in legal cases.	
		a.	Hammurabi	
		b.	al-Farabi	
		c.	Cyrus	
		d.	Cato	
ANSWER	<i>:</i>			a
3. Which	of the follo	wing was	al-Farabi's contribution to management thought and practice?	
	a.	•	criptions	
	b.	Leaders	hip traits	
	c.	Organiz	rational structures	
	d.	Human	relations	
ANSWER.	:			b
4. The first	st individua	al to list ma	nagerial traits was	
		a.	al-Farabi	
		b.	Ghazali	
		c.	Sun Tzu	
		d.	Barbarigo	
ANSWER.	<i>:</i>			ь
5. Which	of the follo	owing is tru	te of jobs and organizations during the Industrial Revolution?	
a. Jo	bs were pe	erformed in	fields, homes, or small shops.	
b. M	lanagers re	alized the i	mportance of customer relations.	
c. U	nskilled la	borers runn	ing machines began to replace high-paid, skilled artisans.	
	ottage labo		d with each other out of small homes that were often built in a so	emicircle and did not
ANSWER	:			c

- - a. It is the thorough studying and testing of different work methods to identify the best, most efficient way to complete a job.
 - b. It is the set of moral principles or values that defines right and wrong for a person or a group.
 - c. It is the behavior that conforms to a society's accepted principles of right and wrong.
 - d. It is maintaining planning flexibility by making small, simultaneous investments in many alternative plans.

ANSWER: a

6. Which of the following best defines scientific management?

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7. When works	ers deliberat	ely slow their pace or restric	t their work output, it is kr	nown as .
	a.	soldiering	1 /	
	b.	policing		
	c.	whistle-blowing		
	d.	accommodation		
ANSWER:				a
give the worke	ers a raise. T	he workers started taking logement, this behavior of the	nger breaks and did little to	ever, the management did not want to o no work for the next two weeks. In the
	a.	soldiering		
	b.	policing		
	c.	whistle-blowing		
	d.	accommodation		
ANSWER:				a
this behavior o	-	rs is known as soldiering policing whistle-blowing accommodation	by taking frequent breaks.	In the context of scientific management,
ANSWER:				a
				deliberately introduced errors in the he workers is known as
ANSWER:				a
they decided to	rebel agair		vees started coming late an	ere introduced by the management, so d left before completing their shifts. In
ANSWER:				a

12. The management of Won League Lotteries was planning to shut down one of its offices. This shutdown was going to result in layoffs, and the employees were not happy. The employees stopped picking up client calls and started leaving work before completing their eight-hour shifts. In the context of scientific management, this behavior of the employees is Copyright Cengage Learning. Powered by Cognero.

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known as				
	a.	soldiering		
	b.	policing		
	c.	whistle-blowing		
	d.	accommodation		
ANSWER:				a
workers were not p	leased w			ight hours they were supposed to. The n the context of scientific management,
	a.	soldiering		
	b.	policing		
	c.	whistle-blowing		
	d.	accommodation		
ANSWER:				a
14. A(n) is a	a group r a. b. c. d.	rate buster soldier bureaucrat	is significantly faster than the	ne normal pace in his or her group.
ANSWER:	a.	opinion leader		a
		· ·		performance never dropped even when ntific management, Jane can be
ANSWER:		•		a
		1 1	1 0	the due date by giving ten percent of his loyee who is considered a(n)
ANSWER:	u.	opinion leader		a
				ű
17. Lenny finishes	his work	x 30 percent faster than his	s coworkers. In the context of	of scientific management, Lenny is a(n)
 -	a.	rate buster		
	b.	soldier		

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	c.	bureaucrat		
	d.	opinion leader		
ANSWER.		1		a
18. Bill m	anages to complete	e every project he is involv	ved in before its deadline. l	In the context of scientific management,
	e considered a(n) _	• • •		ر ا
	a.	rate buster		
	b.	soldier		
	c.	bureaucrat		
	d.	opinion leader		
ANSWER.	•			a
		before its scheduled end dagement, Hodge is a(n) rate buster soldier bureaucrat		colleagues who are lagging behind. In
	d.			
ANSWER.		opinion leader		a
1111077 211	•			u u
	ever managed" and			rs stated that he was the "fastest worker in the context of scientific management,
	a.	rate buster		
	b.	soldier		
	c.	bureaucrat		
	d.	opinion leader		
ANSWER.		-		a
a. b. c.	Jasmine, who co Samantha, who is Jamie, who is the	ic management, who amore impletes her work before it is always the first one to rece most sociable member in	s due date ach her workplace his team	ıster?
d.	ŕ	most experienced membe	r of his team	
ANSWER.	:			a
difference	between the first j	principle and the third prin	ciple?	ent, which of the following is a
u. 111	inst principle,	,	is appliant with employee	2 to this are miprementation of

- a. In the first principle, managers are instructed to cooperate with employees to ensure the implementation of scientific principles, whereas in the third principle, managers are required to divide work and responsibility equally between management and workers.
- b. The first principle is to develop a science for each element of work, whereas the third principle instructs managers to cooperate with employees to ensure that scientific principles are actually implemented.
- c. In the first principle, managers are required to scientifically select, train, teach, and develop workers to help

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them reach their full potential, where to do work.	as in the third principle, managers are	required to determine the best way
d. The first principle is to divide work a the third principle guides managers to reach their full potential.	nd responsibility equally between man o scientifically select, train, teach, and	
ANSWER:		b
23. Which of the following is a similarity beta. They both used film cameras to andb. They both developed time study.c. They both proposed giving workers		Gilbreth?
d. They both strove to simplify work. <i>ANSWER</i> :		d
24. One of the objectives of the motion study a. extend the duration of time requir b. increase the number of motions re c. foster soldiering among workers. d. improve the productivity of work ANSWER:	red to complete a task. equired to complete a task.	eth was to:
25 invented the microchronometer. a. Chester Barna b. Frank Gilbreth c. Elton Mayo d. Max Weber		
ANSWER:		ь
 26. Which of the following statements is true a. It is based on the belief that manager b. It allows political connections to dete c. It allows people to lead by virtue of t d. It relies on scheduled, periodic correct ANSWER:	ment can be taught to others. ermine an individual's power base with their rational-legal authority.	nin organizations.
 27. Which of the following is true of bureauc a. Tasks, responsibilities, and authori b. Promotion within a company is base c. The owners of an organization mand d. Employees are hired on the basis of 	ity are not divided clearly. sed on who one knows. nage or supervise the organization.	
ANSWER:		d
28. According to the elements of bureaucratic	c organizations, which of the following	should be a criterion for promoting

employees?

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a. b.	Physical ap	-	S	
c. d.	Political in	or achievement		
ANSWER:	1 officion fil	nuonee		c
	a. b.	with organizational pureaucracies anarchies	employee behavior by fairly policies, rules, and procedu	y rewarding or punishing employees for ares.
	c. d.	monarchies aristocracies		
ANSWER:	u.	aristociacies		a
a. protecb. assignc. achiev	t the authority positions to l e an organiza	-		c
a. do nob. pronc. hire	ot have a griev note employee people based	tions, bureaucratic of vance redressal systems based on who they on their technical train of command.	em for employees. v know.	c
a. promob. preferc. vest au	te employees company own athority in peo	ners over professiona	rience or achievements. al managers for supervision sk-defined positions.	ı. a
a. Peopleb. Organc. Organ	e in lower pos nizational own nizational own	itions are protected l	•	oureaucracy?
34. According to	bureaucratic 1	management,	should supervise an organi	ization to reduce favoritism.

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a	. cred	itors	
b		ness partners	
c		essional managers	
d	_	cholders	
ANSWER:			c
35. When viewed	l in historical	context, Max Weber's ideas about bureaucracy sho	ow that:
a. arbitrary	decision ma	king supplanted logical rules and procedures in org	ganizations.
b. personal	gain scored	over efficiency in organizations.	
c. fairness	supplanted fa	avoritism in organizations.	
d. political	connections	were given preference over merit for promotions is	n organizations.
ANSWER:			c
	_	a bureaucratic organization?	
		people based on their qualifications and skills	
		promotes employees based on their social connec	tions
	•	e the owner manages and supervises the company	
	On Inc., when	re organizational rules and procedures are changed	every day
ANSWER:			a
because he has be	een with the owing does I	es team of his company. His team members listen to company for five years and has been consistent in a Reginald lead by to control his teammates?	
	a. b.	Synergy Coercion	
	c.	Bureaucracy	
ANCINED.	d.	Monarchy	_
ANSWER:			c
numerous accoun	ts. His team	nce department of his company. He has worked we members never question his decisions and approach by to control his teammates?	
	a.	Synergy	
	b.	Coercion	
	c.	Bureaucracy	
	d.	Monarchy	
ANSWER:			c
and asked Betty t inexperienced. W	o join the tea Then her tean	nts department of her company for four years. Her im. Everyone in the team, apart from Betty, was ein members learned more about Betty's qualification natically started following her lead and did as she a	ther new to the company or fairly n and the number of years she has been

does Betty lead by to control his teammates?

Bureaucracy

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	b.	Coercion		
	c.	Synergy		
	d.	, .,		
ANSWER:	u.	1 auturony		a
Harrison becau	use he had	•	for six years and was a more co	heir manager, decided to promote onsistent performer than Jameson. Which
	a.	Bureaucracy		
	b.	Coercion		
	c.	Synergy		
	d.	Patriarchy		
ANSWER:				a
-	eter was re a. b. c.	eferred by the owner. W Bureaucracy Coercion synergy	hich of the following did the rec	e recruiting manager decided to hire Mary cruiting manager lead by to hire Mary?
(A) (GIVED	d.	patriarchy		
ANSWER:				a
a. Trolb. Crokc. Sene	lies Inc., w kers, where ergy, where	where employees do not the owner decides who e each employee reports	reaucratic organization? have a reporting manager om to hire and dismiss to an employee at a higher posi onsibilities are not clearly define	
ANSWER:				c
	a. bib. fl	eone he or she reports to ureaucratic organization at organization nonarchy	o. Based on the given information	each employee are clearly defined, and on, Prince&Princess Clothing is a
ANGINED	a. pa	atriarchy		
ANSWER:				a
and has hired s	several ma ok manufac	nagers to manage the vacturing company is a	arious departments of the compa	part in the management of his company my. Based on the given information,
		ureaucratic organization	l	
		at organization		
	c. m	onarchy		

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	d.	patria	archy		
ANSWER:		1	,		a
approached Jason's man	the direcager, rec	ctor of the	ne company and explain	ned his situation to him. The	r the extra hours he was putting in. Jason director took appropriate action against e had earlier put in. Based on the given
	a.	burea	nucratic organization		
	b.	flat o	rganization		
	c.	mona	archy		
	d.	patria	archy		
ANSWER:					a
•	acy, the	technical	l lead of the company.		ne reports the performance of every team management followed by Ket
		a.	bureaucratic		
		b.	flat		
		c.	favoritism		
ANGINER		d.	patriarchy		
ANSWER:					a
chefs and ot	her wor	kers. Tas Kevin's ro burea flat o low-l			a dedicated team that handles the hiring of defined and documented. Based on the
ANSWER:	u.	paura	archy organization		0
	eveloped	d the 14 j a. b. c. d.	principles of managem Henri Fayol Max Weber Frank Gilbreth Elton Mayo	ent.	a
ANSWER:		u.	LIMII WIAYU		9
ANSWEK.					a
а. Н b. Н	e believ e develo	ed that noped time	-	ould be taught to others. be considered a fair day's wo	rk.

d. He invented the microchronometer.

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ANSWER:			a
	one boss to avoid confusion		ach employee should report to and
a.	unity of direction		
b.	centralization		
c.	remuneration		
d.	unity of command		
ANSWER:			d
a. All employees sb. Employees musc. There should be	should report to and receives put the organization's in the no overlapping responsi	gement, which of the following we orders from just one boss. terests and goals before their own bilities for the employees.	7n.
•	one plan should be used	in deciding the activities to be co	
ANSWER:			d
satisfactory to both the e a. b. c.	mployees and the organiz initiative centralization equity	gement, advocates that coation.	ompensation should be fair and
d.	remuneration		
ANSWER:			d
a. promoting incb. resolving conc. having a place	lividuals based on their possible flicts through the process	of compromise. everyone in his or her place.	chieved in an organization by:
54. Mary Parker Follett b	believed that the best way	to deal with conflict was	
a			
ь	. domination		
c	. coercion		
d	. compromise		
ANSWER:			a
55 is an approach the other party's desires a		n which one party satisfies its do	esires and objectives at the expense of
a	. Resolution		
b	. Integration		
	Domination		

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	d.	Negotiation		
ANSWER:		C		c
employees. Th number of emp	ey fail to con ployees loses	me to a conclusion benefic	ial to both the companies. Ed to stop using the parking	king facilities available to their ventually, the company with fewer facilities. In the given scenario, which of
	a.	Integration		
	b.	Domination		
	c.	Accommodation		
	d.	Mediation		
ANSWER:				b
They fail to res	solve the conced to ask it a. b. c.	afflict, and the company that is employees to park their value integration domination accommodation	t pays more rent gets the ber	ouilding's basement parking facilities. The other are the control of the control
	d.	mediation		
ANSWER:				b
of productivity	. The manag		ployees for the overtime an	when they do not meet the desired levels d dismisses anyone who asks for a raise.
	a.	Integration	•	
	b.	Domination		
	c.	Accommodation		
	d.	Mediation		
ANSWER:				b
				performed the best in the last quarter. wing concepts does this scenario
1 7	a.	Integration		
	b.	Domination		
	c.	Accommodation		
	d.	Mediation		
ANSWER:				b
have lunch dur rent gets the be	ring lunch ho enefit of usin	ours in the building's cafete	ria. They fail to resolve the h hours. The other company	pace available for their employees to conflict, and the company that pays more is forced to ask its employees to use the

a.

integration

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	b.	domination		
	c.	accommodation		
	d.	mediation		
ANSWER:				Ъ
when they no lon	ger add va d off and t	lue to the company. Whe	en a group of employees appro	able and that they should be replaced bached the management and asked for a this scenario, the approach used by
	a.	mediation		
	b.	domination		
	c.	integration		
	d.	collaboration		
ANSWER:				b
managers want al	ll the top-p ly share the	erforming employees of e number of top-perform	the firm to work in their proje	replete their new projects. Both the sets. Eventually, they arrive at a decision cenario, which of the following methods
	d.	Mediation		
ANSWER:				c
on the project. Ex	ventually, t	hey decide to work toget		tive project. Both teams want to work ne credit for its completion. In the given?
,	a.	Domination		
	b.	Coercion		
	c.	Compromise		
	d.	Mediation		
ANSWER:				c
The workers wen decided to give the	it on strike ne workers	when the management re a 15 percent raise and or cepts does this scenario i	efused to meet their demands. ne additional day off every mo	nd two additional days off every month. After two days, the management onth and the workers ended their strike.
	a.	Domination		
	b.	Compromise		
	c.	Despotism		
	d.	Repression		
ANSWER:				b
65. The sales dep	artment of	Trade Fort was short of	employees, and the marketing	department was short of funds for one

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some members of	the marketi	ng team helped the sales team	ch the sales department lent funds with its project. Both teams mana- ving concepts does this scenario il	ged to get close to their
1	a.	Domination		
	b.	Compromise		
	c.	Despotism		
	d.	Repression		
ANSWER:		1		b
products. The research	arch and de company's	velopment team also needed fur funds so that both teams could ustrate?	funds to carry out market research ands to improve the company's exi I use them, but not optimally. Wh	isting products. The teams
	a.	Domination		
	b.	Compromise		
	c.	Despotism		
	d.	Repression		
ANSWER:				b
67. According to N	Mary Parkei	Follett, in the context of const	ructive conflict and coordination,	involves invention.
	a.	domination		
	b.	integration		
	c.	coercion		
	d.	compromise		
ANSWER:		•		b
	ılted in the	newly formed organization sec	organization, thereby eliminating uring a better place in the market.	_
_	a.	Domination		
	b.	Compromise		
	c.	Despotism		
	d.	Integration		
ANSWER:		· ·		d
were short of empl	loyees, and pany's proje	the company decided to combi	mpetitor offered them more pay. In the teams to form a new team. securing a good position in the management	The new team managed to
•	a.	domination		
	b.	compromise		
	c.	despotism		
	d.	integration		
ANSWER:		-		d

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	, integrative conflict resolution tries to resolve conflicts by: arty wait for the other party to complete their goals.	
b. making both p	parties work together to find an alternative that meets the nee	eds of both.
 c. making both p 	parties reach a compromise, where each side gives up some of	of what it wants.
d. allowing one j	party to influence the other, where one side wins and the other	er side loses.
ANSWER:		b
a. She believed t	wing statements is true of Mary Parker Follett? that giving orders involves discussing instructions and dealined that the best way to deal with conflict is domination.	g with resentment.
c. She cast powe	er as "over" rather than "with" others.	
d. She believed t	that authority flows from position rather than from job knowl	ledge and experience.
ANSWER:		a
	udies showed how can influence work.	
a. or	rganizational codes of ethics	
b. w	orkers' feelings	
	ork quotas	
	erit-based promotions	
ANSWER:		b
73. The Hawthorne Stu		
_	ace is much simpler than previously thought	
	ncentives are the most important motivators of work	
	elings and attitude do not affect their work	
•	ormance is affected by group dynamics	
ANSWER:		d
	wing management theorists provided managers with a better employee satisfaction have on individual and group perform Henri Fayol	
b.	Max Weber	
c.	Elton Mayo	
d.	Chester Barnard	
ANSWER:		c
75 proposed a c	comprehensive theory of cooperation in formal organizations Max Weber	5.
b.	Mary Parker Follett	
c.	Elton Mayo	
d.	Chester Barnard	

ANSWER:

d

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			ext of cooperation and acceptance o	f authority, which of the following
		zone of indifference? managerial directives ar	e not understood	
		· ·	re inconsistent with the organization	la numaga
		managerial authority is		s purpose.
		managerial authority is		
ANSWER:	unis zone,	managerial authority is	chancinged.	c
77. Accord	ing to Che	ster Bernard, people wil	be indifferent to managerial directi	ves or orders if they:
a.	-	om a peer rather than a s		ves or oracis ir mey.
b.		istent with the purpose of		
c.		mpatible with the people	•	
d.		be carried out by those pe	•	
ANSWER:		, ,	1	ь
78 Referri	ng to the "	fiction of superior author	rity " helieved that workers u	ltimately grant managers their authority.
70. Referri	a.	Chester Barnard	ity, believed that workers a	itiliately grant managers their authority.
	b.	Max Weber		
	c.	Charles Clinton Spauld	ino	
	d.	Elton Mayo	6	
ANSWER:	u.	Ellen Maye		a
79. i	s the amou	ant and number of raw m	naterials, parts, and finished product	s that a company has in its possession.
		a. Throughpu	-	1 2 1
		b. Cabotage		
		c. Contingen	cy	
		d. Inventory		
ANSWER:				d
and other n	naterials us		niture in a warehouse. In the contex	yood, particleboard, softwood lumber, t of operations management, Jek's
	a.	throughput		
	b.	information system	ıs.	
	c.	contingency system	ns	
	d.	inventory		
ANSWER:				d
-			erials such as cotton, polyester, and elent, the raw materials used by Polyt	- · ·
	a.	throughput		
	b.	information system	s	
	c.	contingency systen	ns	
	d.	inventory		

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ANSWER:				d
			r. It manufactures cookies, batterie red by Shroden are its	s, toothpaste, and soap. In the context of
_	a.	throughput		
	b.	information systems	s	
	c.	contingency system	s	
	d.	inventory		
ANSWER:				d
				ar, corn, wheat, oats, rice, and barley Krisp Bite uses the storage facility to store
	a.	throughput		
	b.	information systems	S	
	c.	contingency system	S	
	d.	inventory		
ANSWER:				d
		-	the storage facility to hold its	y and manufacturing plant. In the context
ANSWER:	u.	inventory		d
mvon EK.				u
85. The	_			gy developed in the 1950s and 1960s.
a.		mation approach to man	-	
b.	•	ems approach to manager		
c.		ingency approach to mar	_	
d.	oper	ations approach to mana	gement	
ANSWER:				ь
86. In the con	text of o	• -	are smaller systems that oper	ate within the context of a larger system.
	a.	multi-agent systems		
	b.	meta-systems		
	c.	subsystems		
	d.	transcendental system	ns	
ANSWER:				c
convenience f	oods, an	d detergents—and three	•	atteries, oral care, men's grooming, th America, one for Asia, and one for as are examples of

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	a.	supras	ystems			
	b.	_	nctional systems			
	c.	subsys	stems			
	d.	closed	systems			
ANSWER:					c	
increase producteams into or	duction. In they for	Each team ound that coordination	produced 100 conta the number of conta	iners per day. When the man	teams to foster competition in order to agers of the company integrated the tw 800. This was due to the increased ample of	
		a. 1-				
		b.	synergy			
		C.	anarchy			
ANSWER:		d.	compromise		ь	
		he employ a. b. c.	ees. This approach i dominance synergy anarchy		00. This was due to the better	
		d.	compromise			
ANSWER:					b	
boys do mino	or chores	in the kite	chen when they were		number, so it started making its delive de some of the chefs pick up customers ach is an example of	
		a.	dominance			
		b.	synergy			
		c.	anarchy			
		d.	compromise			
ANSWER:					b	
departments.	It then no proving to	nade the d	epartments share fre	e resources with each other.	ff half its employees from two of its This sharing of resources led to the helped in reducing costs. This approach	ı is
-		a.	dominance			
		b.	synergy			
		c.	anarchy			
		d.	compromise			
ANSWER:					b	

:		::	e:
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layoffs, the avail	able resources	o lay off many of its employees across the world in or among all the departments of the organization were productivity. This approach is an example of	
	a.	dominance	
	b.	synergy	
	c.	anarchy	
	d.	compromise	
ANSWER:			b
management of t	he company of icants. This re	eshmart was not happy with the employees that the receided to let a few members from the marketing teams aduced the workload of the recruitment team and allow example of dominance	sit in for the interviews and give their
	b.	synergy	
	c.	anarchy	
	d.	compromise	
ANSWER:	u.	Compromise	b
a. interab. use syc. can fu	ect with and degree ynergy to comunication without	penanagement, unlike open systems, closed systems: epend on their environments for survival. municate with their external environments. It interacting with their environments. The hole without their elements being interrelated.	
ANSWER:			c
a. It encour	ages manager	tements is true of a systems view of organizations? s to focus on managing the daily production of goods operation within their organization.	and services rather than on better
		makes managers acutely aware that good internal managers survival.	nagement of an organization is
c. The system parts.	ems approach	encourages managers to view one part of an organiza	tion as separate from the other
		riew their organizations as part of and subject to the coal/regulatory forces in their environments.	ompetitive, economic, social,
ANSWER:	_		d
a. forces m	anagers to vie	ment, a systems view of organizations: w their organizations as independent of the competitively regulatory forces in their environments.	ve, economic, social,

b. makes managers acutely aware that good internal management of the organization is more than enough to

c. forces managers to be aware of how the environment affects specific parts of their organizations.d. makes managers involve themselves in the management of the daily production of goods and services.

Class

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ANSWER:

ensure survival.

Name

c

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	e following is true of a systemanagers understand the eff	ms view of organizations? Fect of group social interactions on in	ndividual performance.
b. It helps	managers understand that go	ood internal management of an organ	nization is enough to ensure survival.
c. It encou	rages managers to focus on	better communication and cooperation	on within an organization.
d. It forces	s managers to view their orga	anization as separate, unrelated parts	•
ANSWER:			c
that managers ar	o the, the most effecti re facing at a particular time scientific management app	and place.	nds on the kinds of problems or situations
a. b.	• 11		
	systems approach to manage		
С.	administrative managemen	• •	
d. <i>ANSWER:</i>	contingency approach to m	anagement	d
mvon En.			ū.
a. Manageb. Managec. Manage	ers can develop quantitative ers need to spend more time ers need to group all problen	polication of the contingency approach approaches to solve organizational panalyzing problems before taking ac ans in the same category.	roblems. tion to fix them.
ANSWER:	ors can action a anniorsari.	numugement invert to serve un preer	b
_	tion of the contingency appr	oach to management is that: alyzing problems, situations, and em	aployees before taking action to fix
b. a compa	any's problems can be quickl	y and easily solved if its managemen	nt takes a few simple steps.
c. most ma	anagement ideas and practice	es are universal.	
	rs need to look for key possi n or problems.	bilities that differentiate today's situa	ation or problems from yesterday's
ANSWER:	•		d
101. For most of	f humankind's history, peopl	e have commuted to and from their p	place of work.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
102. A major ch low-skilled labo		the Industrial Revolution was that his	ghly skilled artisans took over the jobs of
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
103. Frank and l	Lillian Gilbreth used motion	-picture films to analyze jobs.	

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	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
104. Motion study invo	olved timing how los	ng it took good workers to comple	ete each part of their jobs.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
105. A Gantt chart ind	icates informal com	-	
	a.	True	
(2.70	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
106. A Gantt chart sho	ws tasks on the x-ax	is and time in various units on y-a	axis.
	a.	True	
ANGUED.	b.	False	F.1
ANSWER:			False
107. Gantt charts were information they provi		era of seat-of-the-pants managem	nent because of the detailed planning
	a.	True	
	b .	False	
ANSWER:			True
108. In his work with our trained first.	companies, Henry G	antt found that workers achieved t	their best performance levels if they were
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
109. The Hawthorne S	tudies demonstrated	that financial incentives were the	most important motivator for workers.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
110. In general, operat quality, and manage or			vays to increase productivity, improve
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False

111. Contingency is the amount and number of raw materials, parts, and finished products that a company has in its

possession.

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	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
112. One of the most of understand the psychological transfer of the most of t			tive mapping, which is used to better
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
113. For most of recor	rded history, informa	tion has been costly, difficult to o	obtain, and slow to spread.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
114. One of the first to	echnologies to truly 1	revolutionize the business use of i	nformation was a stone tablet.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
115. Chester Barnard	invented the printing	-	
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
116. Businesses have	always looked for in	_	d speed access to timely information.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
117. A systems approa	ach to management e	-	n division as a separate, vital entity.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
118. Nearly all organi for survival.	zations should be vie		t with their environments and depend on them
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
119. The contingency	approach to manage	•	ement ideas or practices are universal.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	

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:		::	e:e:
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ANSWER:			False
120. One of the practic than it looks.	cal implications of th	e contingency approach to manager	nent is that management is much harder
	a.	True	
	b.	False	

True

ANSWER: