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/test-bank-microsoft-access-2013-illustrated-complete-1e-friedrichsen Access 2013 Unit E: Modifying the Database Structure

1. Each field must be given an associated field description.

TRUE/I	ALSE	ì
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	ANS: F PTS: 1 REF: Access 108 OBJ: Set field descriptions in Table Design View
2.	You can edit or delete a relationship once it has been created in the Relationships window.
	ANS: T PTS: 1 REF: Access 110
3.	The "one" field of a one-to-many relationship is never the primary key field in the table on the "one" side of the relationship.
	ANS: F PTS: 1 REF: Access 106 OBJ: Design primary and foreign key fields
4.	Enforcing referential integrity guarantees that inaccurate data is not entered into any field.
	ANS: F PTS: 1 REF: Access 110 OBJ: Enforce referential integrity on a one-to-many relationship
5.	The Enforce Referential Integrity button is found on the DESIGN tab of the ribbon.
	ANS: F PTS: 1 REF: Access 110 OBJ: Enforce referential integrity on a one-to-many relationship
6.	Referential integrity allows the user to delete a record from the "one" table if it has matching records it the "many" table.
	ANS: F PTS: 1 REF: Access 111 OBJ: Enforce referential integrity on a one-to-many relationship
7.	A common place to use an Input Mask property would be for a Phone Number field.
	ANS: T PTS: 1 REF: Access 114 OBJ: Modify the Input Mask property
8.	A subdatasheet is used to modify field properties.
	ANS: F PTS: 1 REF: Access 114 OBJ: Modify the Field Size property for Short Text fields
9.	When a Caption property is not entered, the field name is used to label the field.
	ANS: T PTS: 1 REF: Access 115
10.	The Field Size property is not available for Currency fields.
	ANS: T PTS: 1 REF: Access 116

	ANS: T OBJ: Mod		PTS: 1 imal Places		REF:	Access 116			
12.	Modifying t	he Decimal	l Places pro	perty chan	ges the	e way the data	is prese	ented.	
	ANS: T OBJ: Mod		PTS: 1 imal Places		REF:	Access 116			
13.	For a Date/7	Γime field, ι	use the For	mat proper	ty to d	isplay the date	1/17/20	015 as January	17, 2015.
	ANS: T OBJ: Mod		PTS: 1 nat propert			Access 118 fields			
14.	The Validati	on Rule pro	operty is no	ot used with	n Text	or Date/Time	fields.		
	ANS: F OBJ: Mod		PTS: 1 dation Rule		REF:	Access 120			
15.	The Attachn	nent data ty	pe is exact	ly the same	e as the	e OLE data typ	e of pre	evious versions	of Access.
	ANS: F	P	PTS: 1]	REF:	Access 122	OBJ:	Create an Atta	chment field
MUL	ГІРЬЕ СНО	OICE							
1.	In an Access		database, to	o tie the int	format	ion from one t	able to	another, a(n)	must be
	a. record b. field	each table.				object property			
	ANS: B OBJ: Anal		PTS: 1 many relat		REF:	Access 106			
2.			an best be d	lescribed a	s a col	lection of rela	ed	_designed to m	inimize
	redundant da. indexesb. tables	ata.			c. d.	links properties			
	ANS: B	P	PTS: 1]	REF:	Access 106	OBJ:	Design tables	and fields
3.	a. Key fielb. One-to-c. There as	e following ds are defir many relati re multiple redundant	ned for each onships are tables in th	n table. defined fo e database.	or each	eds to be redes	igned?		
	ANS: D	P	PTS: 1]	REF:	Access 106	OBJ:	Design tables	and fields
4.	The goal of a. redunda b. textual		ne-to-many	relationshi	c.	•	to mini	mize data	

11. Changing the Decimal Places property for a field does not change the actual data stored in the field.

	ANS: A PTS: 1 REF: Access 106 OBJ: Analyze one-to-many relationships	
5.	The key field is the linking field on the "many" side of the relationship. a. record c. link b. table d. foreign	
	ANS: D PTS: 1 REF: Access 106 OBJ: Design primary and foreign key fields	
6.	Which of the following is NOT a good candidate for a primary key field for a Customer table? a. Last Name c. Employee Identification Number b. Customer Number d. Customer ID	
	ANS: A PTS: 1 REF: Access 106 OBJ: Design primary and foreign key fields	
7.	A(n) key field is the field used on the "one" side of a one-to-many relationship. a. primary c. foreign b. first d. infinity	
	ANS: A PTS: 1 REF: Access 106 OBJ: Design primary and foreign key fields	
8.	A field that contains unique information for each record is called a(n) field. a. text	
	ANS: D PTS: 1 REF: Access 106 OBJ: Design primary and foreign key fields	
9.	 Which of the following is NOT a problem with duplicated data? a. It is error-prone. b. It limits query capabilities. c. It limits reporting capabilities. d. It creates its own one-to-many relationships. 	
	ANS: D PTS: 1 REF: Access 106 OBJ: Design tables and fields	3
10.	 Which of the following is NOT a principle of relational database design? a. Design each table to contain fields that describe only one subject. b. Identify a primary key field or key field combination for each table. c. Data should be entered before table relationships are built. d. Build one-to-many relationships between the tables of your database using a field common to each table. 	
	ANS: C PTS: 1 REF: Access 106 OBJ: Design tables and fields	3
11.	The table that joins to other tables that have many-to-many relationship is called the table. a. junction c. primary b. linking d. relational	
	ANS: A PTS: 1 REF: Access 107	
12.	What data type sequences each new record with the next available integer? a. Yes/No c. Attachment	

	b. Memo d.	AutoNumber
	ANS: D PTS: 1 REF: OBJ: Set field data types in Table Design View	Access 108
13.	Which of the following is NOT defined in Table D a. field names c. b. field entries d.	
	ANS: B PTS: 1 REF: OBJ: Set field data types in Table Design View	Access 108
14.	You can enter optional field descriptions in Table a. SQL c. b. Query d.	Design
	ANS: C PTS: 1 REF: OBJ: Set field descriptions in Table Design View	
15.	Which of the following is NOT shown on a Relational table names c. b. field names d.	primary key field data values
	ANS: C PTS: 1 REF:	Access 110 OBJ: Create a Relationship report
	Employees Donations	HospitalStreet HospitalCity HospitalState HospitalZip
16.		subdatasheet symbol primary key field symbol
	ANS: D PTS: 1 REF: OBJ: Enforce referential integrity on a one-to-ma	Access 111 any relationship
17.	a. 1 c.	e-to-many relationship is referenced by which item? 3 4
	ANS: C PTS: 1 REF: OBJ: Enforce referential integrity on a one-to-ma	Access 111 any relationship
18.		field property table name
	ANS: D PTS: 1 REF:	Access 111

	OBJ: Enforce referential integrity on a one-to-m	any relationship
19.		n) relationship . link line
	ANS: A PTS: 1 REF OBJ: Enforce referential integrity on a one-to-m	: Access 111 nany relationship
20.		ds is often called applying syntax adding criteria
	ANS: A PTS: 1 REF OBJ: Enforce referential integrity on a one-to-m	: Access 111 nany relationship
21.		add or edit the list of items in a Lookup field. Allow Value List Edits Display Control
	ANS: C PTS: 1 REFORM OBJ: Modify field Lookup properties	: Access 112
22.	The Lookup property determines whether yo Lookup properties.	ou can enter a new value into a field with other
		. Allow Value List Edits . Display Control
	ANS: B PTS: 1 REF. OBJ: Modify field Lookup properties	: Access 112
23.	properties allow you to supply a drop-down a. Key c b. Relationship d	. Lookup
	ANS: C PTS: 1 REF. OBJ: Modify field Lookup properties	: Access 112
24.	The Field Properties pane displays information for a. Only the selected field. c b. However many are visible in the window. d	. All of the fields in that particular table.
	ANS: A PTS: 1 REF	: Access 114
25.	What property controls both the values that users as users enter data?	can enter into a text box and provides a visual guide
	a. Format c b. Caption d	
	ANS: D PTS: 1 REF OBJ: Modify the Input Mask property	: Access 114
26.	(999)000-000;1;_ would be a possible entry for w	
	a. Formatb. Input Maskd	•

	ANS: B PTS: 1 RE OBJ: Enter data using an input mask	F: Access 114-115
27.	a. In Table Layout View.b. In Table Design View.c. In Database Design Viewd. As you are entering data in a form.	
	ANS: B PTS: 1 RE OBJ: Modify the Field Size property for Short	F: Access 114 Text fields
28.	 a. Which of the following is NOT true about field a. Modifying them helps ensure database accub. b. Some are required, and some are optional. c. They are the same for each data type. d. They can be used to change the way data is 	racy.
	ANS: C PTS: 1 RE OBJ: Modify the Field Size property for Short	F: Access 114 Text fields
29.	A good Field Size property value for a state abba. 2b. 10	reviation field is c. 50 d. 255
	ANS: A PTS: 1 RE OBJ: Modify the Field Size property for Short	F: Access 114 Text fields
30.	The Input Mask property contains how many paa. 1b. 2	rrts? c. 3 d. 4
	ANS: C PTS: 1 RE OBJ: Enter data using an input mask	F: Access 115
31.	The property provides a label used to desca. Formatb. Caption	cribe the field. c. Input Mask d. Default Value
	ANS: B PTS: 1 RE	F: Access 115
32.	Which Short Text field property should you usea. Default Valueb. Default	to specify whether an entry was required for the fields c. Required d. Test
	ANS: C PTS: 1 RE OBJ: Modify the Field Size property for Short	F: Access 115 Text fields
33.	Which of the following is NOT a possible entrya. Currencyb. Byte	for the Field Size property of a Number field? c. Long Integer d. Single
	ANS: A PTS: 1 REOBJ: Modify the Field Size property for Num	F: Access 117 ber fields
34.	Byte, Long Integer, Single, and Double are example.	mples of entries for which property?

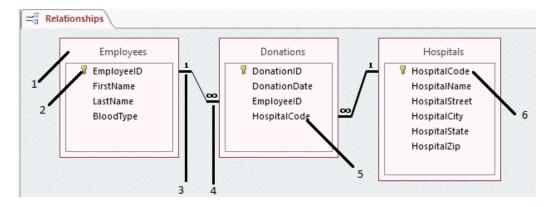
	a. Field Sizeb. Format	c. d.	Input Mask Validation F	Rule
	ANS: A PTS: 1 OBJ: Modify the Field Size propert		Access 116 - fields	-117
35.	The entry mm/dd/yyyy in a Date/Tin	ne field's Form	at property w	yould display September 6, 2016 as
	a. 09/06/2016 b. 9/6/2016	c. d.	9/6/16 09/06/16	
	ANS: A PTS: 1 OBJ: Modify the Format property f		Access 118 fields	
36.	>=#1/1/93# is an example of an entry a. Format b. Default Value		operty for a D Validation F Input Mask	
	ANS: C PTS: 1 OBJ: Define Validation Rule expres		Access 120	
37.	Use the property to display an evalidation rule. a. Validation Rule b. Description Rule		Input Mask	
COM	ANS: D PTS: 1 OBJ: Modify the Validation Text pr		Access 120	
COM	PLETION			
	Table1			
	Field Name	Data 1		
	PaymentNo	AutoNumber	•	
	PaymentDate	Date/Time		
	PaymentAmt	Currency		
	SalesNo	Number		
1.	In the accompanying figure, the primary key field.		field v	would be the best candidate for the
	ANS: PaymentNo			
	PTS: 1 REF: Access	106 OBJ:	Design prim	ary and foreign key fields
2.	In the accompanying figure, the data	type for the Pa	aymentAmt f	ield is
	ANS: Currency			

3. ______ is the data type for the SalesNo field in the accompanying figure.

PTS: 1 REF: Access 108 - 109 OBJ: Set field data types in Table Design View

	ANS: N	umber					
	PTS: 1 OBJ: Se			Access 108 - 1 Table Design			
4.	In the acc	companying	figure, t	he data type o	f the Pa	ymentDate field is	·
	ANS: D	ate/Time					
	PTS: 1		REF:	Access 109	OBJ:	Set field data types in Table Design	n View
5.	A printou	at of the Rela	tionship	s window is c	alled th	e report.	
	ANS: Relations	•					
	PTS: 1		REF:	Access 110	OBJ:	Create a Relationship report	
6.				_ record is a re e "one" table.	cord in	the "many" table that doesn't have	a matching
	ANS: or	rphan					
	PTS: 1 OBJ: E			Access 111 egrity on a one	e-to-ma	ny relationship	
7.	The Row Lookup f		 	Lookup	propert	ry stores the values for the drop-dov	vn list of a
	ANS: So	ource					
	PTS: 1		REF:	Access 112	OBJ:	Modify field Lookup properties	
8.	Thedata entry			property prov	ides an	easy-to-use visual pathway to facil	itate accurate
	ANS: In	put Mask					
	PTS: 1		REF:	Access 114	OBJ:	Modify the Input Mask property	

ESSAY



1. Using the accompanying figure, explain the term "orphan record" and how to avoid creating one in the Donations table.

ANS:

An orphan record is a record in the "many" table in a one-to-many relationship that doesn't have a matching record in the linking field of the "one" table. If you enforce referential integrity when you are creating one-to-many table relationships, rules will be applied that prevent you from creating orphan records.

In the figure above, an orphan record would be a record in the Donations table that doesn't have a matching record in the Employees or Hospitals tables.

PTS: 1 REF: Access 111

OBJ: Enforce referential integrity on a one-to-many relationship TOP: Critical Thinking

2. In the accompanying figure, explain why using an employee's last name as the primary key field in the Employees table does not constitute good database design.

ANS:

A primary key field is a field that contains unique information for each record. Using an employee's last name as the primary key field would be a poor choice because it does not allow for employees with the same last name.

PTS: 1 REF: Access 106 OBJ: Design primary and foreign key fields

TOP: Critical Thinking

3. Using the accompanying figure, list three principles of relational database design. Use the specific table and field names in your explanation.

ANS:

- 1. Design each table to contain fields that describe only one subject: Employees, Donations, and Hospitals.
- 2. Identify a primary key field or key field combination for each table: EmployeeID for the Employees table, DonationID for the Donations table, and HospitalCode for the Hospitals table.
- 3. Build one-to-many relationships between the tables of your database using a field common to each table: EmployeeID between Employees and Donations and the HospitalCode between Hospitals and Donations.

PTS: 1 REF: Access 106 OBJ: Design tables and fields

TOP: Critical Thinking

MODIFIED TRUE/FALSE

1.	Field descriptions may be entered in Table <u>Design</u> View.
	ANS: T PTS: 1 REF: Access 108 OBJ: Set field descriptions in Table Design View
2.	If the primary key field on the "one" side of a one-to-many relationship has an AutoNumber data type then the data type on the foreign key field must be set to <u>AutoNumber</u> .
	ANS: F, Number
	PTS: 1 REF: Access 109 OBJ: Set field data types in Table Design View
3.	To move a field list in the Relationships window, drag the table's <u>primary key field</u> .
	ANS: F, title bar
	PTS: 1 REF: Access 110
4.	To edit the list of values for a Lookup Field in Datasheet View, click the Edit List Items button.
	ANS: T PTS: 1 REF: Access 112 OBJ: Edit data in a Lookup field
5.	To quickly remove all Lookup properties, change the Display Control property to Combo Box.
	ANS: F, Text
	PTS: 1 REF: Access 112 OBJ: Modify field Lookup properties
6.	You <u>can</u> modify the Field Size property of a Short Text field
	ANS: T PTS: 1 REF: Access 114 OBJ: Modify the Field Size property for Short Text fields
7.	The <u>Input Mask</u> property provides a pattern for data to be entered using three parts.
	ANS: T PTS: 1 REF: Access 115 OBJ: Enter data using an input mask
8.	You can modify the Field Size property of a Number field.
	ANS: T PTS: 1 REF: Access 116 OBJ: Modify the Field Size property for Number fields
9.	A(n) Number data type is used to store values that represent money.
	ANS: F, Currency
	PTS: 1 REF: Access 116 OBJ: Modify the Field Size property for Number fields

10. The .jpg file extension is short for <u>JPEG</u>, an acronym for the Joint Photographic Experts Group.

ANS: T PTS: 1 REF: Access 122

MATCHING

Match the following common Number field properties with the correct description.

a. Long integer

d. Field size

b. Single

e. Double

- c. Byte
- 1. Stores numbers in the range of 10 to the -324th to +324th power
- 2. Stores numbers from -2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647
- 3. Stores numbers from 0 to 255
- 4. Stores numbers times 10 to the -38th to +38th power
- 5. Determines the largest number that can be entered in a field
- 1. ANS: E PTS: 1 REF: Access 117
 - OBJ: Modify the Field Size property for Number fields
- 2. ANS: A PTS: 1 REF: Access 117
 - OBJ: Modify the Field Size property for Number fields
- 3. ANS: C PTS: 1 REF: Access 117
 - OBJ: Modify the Field Size property for Number fields
- 4. ANS: B PTS: 1 REF: Access 117
 - OBJ: Modify the Field Size property for Number fields
- 5. ANS: D PTS: 1 REF: Access 117
 - OBJ: Modify the Field Size property for Number fields

CASE

Field Name	Data Type
aymentNo	AutoNumber
PaymentDate	Date/Time
PaymentAmt	Currency
SalesNo	Number

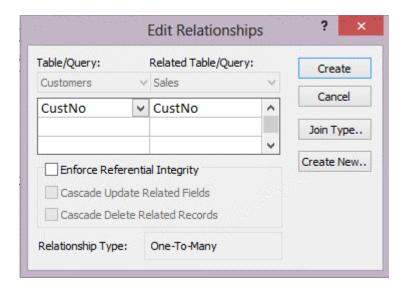
1. Anne Michael is working with the table in the accompanying figure. Explain what will happen when she works with the PaymentNo field in Datasheet View.

ANS:

The PaymentNo field is an AutoNumber data type. Access automatically provides a unique, sequential value for each record. Anne will not be able to edit that value.

PTS: 1 REF: Access 108 OBJ: Set field data types in Table Design View

TOP: Critical Thinking



2. In the accompanying figure, how does the Enforce Referential Integrity option relate to the creation of orphan records?

ANS:

Enforce Referential Integrity is a set of rules to help ensure that no orphan records are created in the database. An orphan record is a record in the "many" table that has no match in the "one" table. Checking the Enforce Referential Integrity option prevents this possibility for new records entered into the database.

PTS: 1 REF: Access 111

OBJ: Enforce referential integrity on a one-to-many relationship TOP: Critical Thinking

3. In the accompanying figure, explain how two tables are being joined. Mention which tables are being joined, the relationship that is being created, and the fields used to make the connection.

ANS:

The Customers and Sales tables are being related in a one-to-many relationship using the common CustNo field.

PTS: 1 REF: Access 110

OBJ: Enforce referential integrity on a one-to-many relationship TOP: Critical Thinking

4. In the accompanying figure, identify the "one" and "many" tables. Identify the "parent" and "child" tables.

ANS:

The Customers table is in the "one" or "parent" position. The Sales table is in the "many" or "child" position.

PTS: 1 REF: Access 111

OBJ: Enforce referential integrity on a one-to-many relationship TOP: Critical Thinking

5. Kelsey wants to create queries to answer management questions from a relational database she does not have much experience with. Why might a Relationships report help her create the queries?

ANS:

A Relationship report would show her how the relational database is designed and includes table names, field names, primary key fields, and one-to-many relationships. This is information that is helpful when creating queries given a query often requires that you select fields from multiple tables. Therefore, she first needs to know the field names, tables, and how the tables are related in order to select the fields you want for the query. The less familiar she is with the database, the more valuable the Relationship report is in explaining how it is structured.

PTS: 1 REF: Access 110 OBJ: Create a Relationship report

TOP: Critical Thinking