https://selldocx.com/products/test-bank-nutrition-and-you-4e-blake

Exam	intps	s.//Selidocx	.com/products/	iest-ballk-llutilitioli-ali	u-you- 4e-blake	
Name_						
MULT	TPLE CHOICE. C	Choose the one	e alternative that bes	st completes the statement o	r answers the question	٦.
	A) Go lean	following is <i>no</i> with protein. alf your grains A) B) C) D)	t a MyPlate tip for m whole.	aking food choices? B) Move away from m D) Vary your veggies.	nilk.	1)
		nce system rele		nat depicts five food groups	using the familiar	2)
	A) MyPlate		B) the DASH diet.	C) the Food Circle.	D) MyPyramid.	
	Answer: A Explanation:	A) B) C) D)				
	A) Fiber ma B) The solu C) Calcium	aintains regula able fiber in bea builds strong	ans can help you low	ver your cholesterol.		3)
	Answer: B Explanation:	A) B) C) D)				
	4) The relationsh A) moderat C) variety.	•	entity to another in	the diet is called B) proportionality. D) personalization.		4)
	Answer: B Explanation:	A) B) C) D)		D) porsonanzarioni		
			r calorie is known as			5)
	A) proporti C) a food gi Answer: B	onality. uidance systen	ղ.	B) nutrient density.D) energy density.		
	Explanation:	A) B) C) D)				

6)	The average an	nount of a nu	utrient that is know	wn to meet the needs of 50 p	ercent of the individuals	6)	
	in a similar age	and gender	group is called th	ne			
	A) EAR.		B) AI.	C) UL.	D) RDA.		
	Answer: A						
	Explanation:	A)					
		B)					
		C)					
		D)					
7)	_	-		-free or low-fat milk, or the	ir equivalent, should be	7)	
	consumed dail	y for all calo					
	A) 3		B) 4	C) 1	D) 2		
	Answer: A						
	Explanation:	A)					
		B)					
		C)					
		D)					
٥١	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\					0)	
8)		_	stances is <i>not</i> inclu	uded in a food label?		8)	
	A) polyunsa	turated fat		B) dietary fiber			
	C) trans fat			D) sugars			
	Answer: A	a >					
	Explanation:	A)					
		B)					
		C) D)					
		D)					
٥١	The highest am	ount of a nu	triant that can be	consumed without likely ha	rm in a group of	9)	
/)	individuals of a			consumed without fixery ha	ini in a group or	<i>''</i>	_
		_	ke Level (UL).				
			y Allowance (RD	A).			
	C) Dietary R		•	,			
	D) Adequate						
	Answer: A	, ,					
	Explanation:	A)					
		B)					
		C)					
		D)					
		,					
10)	Which of the fo	llowing was	developed out of	f concern over the incidence	of overnutrition among	10)	
	Americans?						
	A) Dietary G	uidelines for A	Americans				
	B) Dietary R						
	•	•	equirement (EAR)				
	D) Acceptab	le Macronuti	rient Distribution	Ranges (AMDR)			
	Answer: A						
	Explanation:	A)					
		B)					
		C)					
		D)					

•	Reference Inta			on food labels? d Dietary Allowances erage Requirements	11) _	
	iiues		D) Estimated Ave	arage Requirements		
Answer: C Explanation:	A) B) C) D)					
prevent chron		nd avoid unhealthy ex	cesses are known as th		12) _	
A) UL. Answer: B Explanation:	A) B) C) D)	B) DRIs.	C) EAR.	D) AI.		
13) According to I A) nonfat y	_	ch of the following foo B) fruit drinks	ods would be considere C) carrots	ed low in nutrient density? D) lean meat	13) _	
Answer: B Explanation:	A) B) C) D)	,	,	,		
in a similar ag A) Dietary I B) Recomm C) Adequat	e and gender Reference Inta nended Dietar te Intake (AI)	group is known as th akes (DRIs). ry Allowance (RDA).		percent of the individuals	14) _	
Answer: D Explanation:	A) B) C) D)					
15) According to I A) grains	MyPlate, half	of your plate should b	oe devoted to which foo B) vegetables and	• .	15) _	
C) oils			D) protein	a nans		
Answer: B			•			
Explanation:	A) B) C) D)					

16) Which of the f	following pie	eces of information is not	required on a standard fo	ood label?	16)
B) the name C) the net v	nt content cla e and addres veight of the ngredients ir	s of the manufacturer or food	distributor		
Answer: A	rigi calcilis ii	Title 1000			
Explanation:	A) B)				
	C) D)				
_	-	ole Macronutrient Distrib	ution Ranges (AMDR), w	hat percentage of your	17)
A) 45 to 65	-	B) 20 to 45 percent	C) 5 to 25 percent	D) 40 to 70 percent	
Answer: A					
Explanation:	A)				
	B) C)				
	D)				
		ny different foods is know			18)
A) moderat	e diet.	B) balanced diet.	C) varied diet.	D) paleo diet.	
Answer: C	۸)				
Explanation:	A) B)				
	C)				
	D)				
19) Which of the f	following do	es <i>not</i> need to be listed or	n a food label?		19)
A) vitamin			B) iron content		
C) vitamin	D content		D) calcium content		
Answer: C Explanation:	۸١				
Ехріанаціон.	A) B)				
	C)				
	D)				
20) Which of the f	followina do	not have Acceptable Mag	cronutrient Distribution F	Ranges (AMDR)?	20)
A) proteins		B) carbohydrates	C) vitamins	D) fats	
Answer: C					
Explanation:	A)				
	B) C)				
	C) D)				

 21) A food label claims that the food is a "good source of vitamin C." This means that the food A) provides 10 to 19 percent of the Daily Value for vitamin C. B) has vitamin C in it, but the amount is undetermined. C) provides 50 percent of the Daily Value for vitamin C. D) provides more than 20 percent of the Daily Value for vitamin C. 			21)		
Answer: A Explanation:	A) B) C) D)				
similar group				nt of the individuals in a	22)
A) EAR.		B) AI.	C) UL.	D) RDA.	
Answer: D Explanation:	A) B) C) D)				
		ts listed on a food lak			23)
A) in randoC) in descer	m order nding order b	y weight	B) liquids first, tlD) in alphabetica		
Answer: C					
Explanation:	A) B) C) D)				
24) According to t a healthy person	-	uidelines for Americans	s, 2010, what should be	the daily sodium intake for	24)
A) less than			B) more than 2,6	00 mg	
C) less than Answer: C	2,300 mg		D) more than 2,3	00 mg	
Explanation:	A)				
	B) C)				
	D)				
=	_	system that illustrate ces the important cor		s in the <i>Dietary Guidelines for</i>	25)
A) variety, p B) meal pla C) meal pla	oersonalizatio nning, exchar nning, calorie	on, proportionality, and a lists, proportional	nd moderation. lity, and moderation. on, and exchange lists.		
Answer: A	۸)				
Explanation:	A) B)				
	C) D)				

26) If one cup of re	educed-fat milk provides 8 percent of y	our Daily Value for fat, this means	s that $\frac{26}{}$	
B) one cup o C) one cup o	of the calories in the milk are from satu of milk provides 8 percent of the total fa of milk provides 8 percent of the total ca of the calories in the milk are from fat.	t allowed for the day.	_	
Answer: B	of the calones in the mink are from fat.			
Explanation:	A) B) C) D)			
27) Which of the fo	ollowing compounds found in tomatoes	s may reduce the risk of prostate c	ancer? 27)	
A) lycopene		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-glucan	
Answer: A Explanation:	A)			
·	B) C)			
	D)			
28) The term fat-fr	ree on a food label is an example of a(n)		28)	
•	/function claim. content claim.	B) authorized health claim.D) qualified health claim.	_	
Answer: C		, ·		
Explanation:	A) B)			
	C) D)			
	•			
A) health cla	nks dietary fat and cancer is a(n) nim based on authoritative statements.		29)	
	health claim. ed health claim.			
•	content claim.			
Answer: C	^			
Explanation:	A) B)			
	c)			
	D)			
30) When estimation	ng portion size, a woman's fist is about		30)	
•	of pasta or vegetables.	B) a quarter cup of pasta or veget		
Answer: C	of pasta or vegetables.	D) a half cup of pasta or vegetable	es.	
Explanation:	A)			
-	B)			
	C)			
	1.27			

31) According to the <i>Dietary Guidelines for Americans, 2010</i> , an adult woman should consume no more than how many alcoholic drinks per day?			31)		
A) 0-1		B) 0-2	C) 4-5	D) 3-4	
Answer: A					
Explanation:	A)				
	B)				
	C)				
	D)				
_	_	v many servings from thaily consume?	ne grain group should a	a moderately active female	32)
A) 3		B) 4	C) 5	D) 6	
Answer: D					
Explanation:	A)				
	B)				
	C)				
	D)				
33) The highest a	mount of a nu	utrient that can be cons	umed daily without like	ely causing harm is	33)
referred to as			, ,	. ,	
A) EAR.		B) AI.	C) UL.	D) RDA.	
Answer: C					
Explanation:	A)				
	B)				
	C)				
	D)				
34) The approxim	nate amount o	of a nutrient that individ	duals in a similar age ar	nd gender group should	34)
		health is called the	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3 gp	
A) EAR.		B) AI.	C) UL.	D) RDA.	
Answer: B					
Explanation:	A)				
	B)				
	C)				
	D)				
35) Which of the	following is <i>r</i>	not the preferred way of	preparing meat and po	oultry?	35)
A) grilling	· on o · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	B) frying	C) baking	D) broiling	
Answer: B			<u>-</u>	Č	
Explanation:	A)				
	B)				
	C)				
	D)				

36)	_	-		_	able group should a	moderately active	36)	
	A) 3.5	eds 2,000	calories daily cons B) 1	sume?	C) 2.5	D) 4		
	Answer: C Explanation:	A) B) C) D)						
37)	A) authorize B) qualified C) structura	ed health health cl l/function	claims aims		on evidence that is s	still emerging?	37)	
	Answer: B Explanation:	A) B) C) D)						
38)	A) 15 percer	nt or more	gh in a nutrient if it e of the Daily Value e of the Daily Value	9.		e of the Daily Value. re of the Daily Value.	38)	
	Answer: D Explanation:	A) B) C) D)			, ,			
39)	daily calories s	should be	provided by fat?		_	what percentage of your	39)	
	A) 10 to 35 p Answer: B Explanation:	A) B) C) D)	B) 20 to 35 per	rcent	C) 45 to 65 percent	D) 5 to 20 percent		
TRUE/FA	LSE. Write 'T'	if the sta	tement is true and	'F' if the sta	itement is false.			
40)	The current Nu Answer: Trexplanation:		acts panel always I False	ists the Dail	y Values for vitamin	C and vitamin A.	40) .	
41)	The Daily Value Answer: Tresplanation:	-	tein is not listed on False	ı most labels	i.		41) .	
42)	A food labeled Answer: Tr Explanation:		ree" must have zer False	o calories.			42) .	

43)	Whole milk is more nutrient dense than skim milk.	43)
	Answer: True • False Explanation:	
44)	The Daily Nutrients listed on the Nutrition Facts panel of a product are general reference levels for those nutrients.	44)
	Answer: True • False Explanation:	
45)	Nutrient density refers to the amount of nutrients a food contains in relationship to the number of calories it contains.	45)
	Answer: True False Explanation:	
46)	You should eat equal proportions of fruits, grains, vegetables, protein, and dairy every day.	46)
	Answer: True Palse Explanation:	
47)	The higher the consumption above the UL, the higher the risk of toxicity.	47)
	Answer: True False Explanation:	
48)	Mixed dishes such as hamburgers and pizza a major sources of solid fats in the diets of Americans.	48)
	Answer: True False Explanation:	
49)	The claim "calcium builds strong bones" is an example of a health claim.	49)
	Answer: True Palse Explanation:	
50)	The Daily Values listed on the food label are based on a 1,500-calorie diet.	50)
	Answer: True • False Explanation:	
51)	Phytochemicals are found in plant-based foods, whereas zoochemicals are found in animal-based foods.	51)
	Answer: True False Explanation:	
52)	Eating breakfast provides more energy throughout the day and results in the consumption of fewer calories.	52)
	Answer: True False Explanation:	
53)	A qualified health claim is less well established than an authorized health claim.	53)
	Answer: True False Explanation:	

54)	54) The Dietary Reference Intakes (DRIs) are issued by the Fo	od and Drug Administration.	54)
	Answer: True • False Explanation:		
55)	55) It is recommended that proteins comprise between 10 and	35 percent of your daily caloric intake.	55)
	Answer: True False Explanation:		
56)	56) The DRIs are listed on the Nutrition Facts panel to help co	nsumers make wise choices.	56)
	Answer: True • False Explanation:		
57)	57) The ingredients on a food label are listed in alphabetical c	rder.	57)
	Answer: True • False Explanation:		
58)	58) The most recent food guidance system released by the US MyPyramid.	DA for American consumers is	58)
	Answer: True • False Explanation:		
59)	59) A "reduced fat" cookie must have at least 25 percent less fa the cookie.	at per serving than the original version of	59)
	Answer: True False Explanation:		
60)	60) If a serving of a food provides 15 percent or more of the D	V, it is considered high in that nutrient.	60)
	Answer: True • False Explanation:		
61)	61) For any given age group and gender, active people have a compared to sedentary people.	higher need for calories each day	61)
	Answer: True False Explanation:		
62)	52) The substances in active cultures in fermented dairy prod intestinal health are antibiotics.	ucts (such as yogurt) that may support	62)
	Answer: True • False Explanation:		
63)	63) All foods with a health claim can also be marketed as fund	ctional foods.	63)
	Answer: True False Explanation:		
64)	64) Compounds in animal food products that are beneficial to phytochemicals.	human health are known as	64)
	Answer: True • False Explanation:		

65)	Fat should comprise	e 25 to 35 percent of your daily intake of calories.	65)
	Answer: True Explanation:	False	
66)	Oils are not represer	nted on MyPlate because they should be eliminated entirely from our diets.	66)
	Answer: True Explanation:	False	
67)	A person who is over	ernourished can also be malnourished.	67)
	Answer: True Explanation:	False	
68)		gy Requirement (EER) is the amount of energy you need each day to maintain a t and meet your caloric needs according to your age, gender, height, weight,	68)
	Answer: True Explanation:	False	
69)	A soup labeled "low	sodium" would have less sodium than a food labeled "less sodium."	69)
	Answer: True Explanation:	False	
70)	A functional food is nutrients.	a food that has a positive effect on your health beyond providing basic	70)
	Answer: True Explanation:	False	
71)	A food labeled "low	in calories" has fewer calories than a food labeled "reduced calories."	71)
	Answer: True Explanation:	False	
72)	A single serving of a	a functional food is enough to gain the beneficial effects of that food.	72)
	Answer: True Explanation:	False	
73)	An apple is an exam	nple of an energy-dense food.	73)
	Answer: True Explanation:	• False	
74)	The ranges of intake Dietary Ranges.	es for the energy-containing nutrients are called the Acceptable Macronutrient	74)
	Answer: True Explanation:	• False	
75)	The definitions for the product.	he terms <i>lean</i> and <i>extra lean</i> are based only on the total fat content of the	75)
	Answer: True Explanation:	False	

76) The AMDRs are ranges	s set for carbohydrates, fats, and proteins.	76)
Answer: True Explanation:	False	
77) The three types of clair structure/function clair	ms on food products are nutrient content claims, health claims, and ms.	77)
Answer: True Explanation:	False	
78) The foundation of your	r diet should be calorie-rich foods with little solid fats and added sugars.	78)
Answer: True © Explanation:	False	
79) Compounds in plant for zoochemicals.	oods that have been shown to reduce the risk of certain diseases are called	79)
Answer: True © Explanation:	False	

ESSAY. Write your answer in the space provided or on a separate sheet of paper.

80) Explain how a person can be obese and malnourished at the same time.

Answer: A person who is obese due to an excessive intake of calories may not be getting the required amounts of nutrients and can therefore be malnourished. Malnourishment is the long-term outcome of consuming a diet that doesn't meet nutrient needs.

81) What is the difference between nutrient density and energy density?

Answer: Nutrient density refers to the amount of nutrients a food contains in relationship to the number of calories it contains. More nutrient-dense foods provide more nutrients per calorie (and in each bite) than do less nutrient-dense foods, and so are better choices for meeting your DRIs without exceeding your daily caloric needs. Energy density refers to the number of calories a food contains relative to its weight (grams) or volume. To summarize: nutrient density = amount of nutrients per calorie in a food; energy density = number of calories per gram (or volume) of food.

82) Describe a one-day meal plan that only contains high-nutrient-dense foods and adheres to the MyPlate food guidance system.

Answer: Answers will vary but may include nutrient-dense choices such as the following:

Grain group: 6 servings (half from whole grains) per day-whole-grain cereal (perhaps with skim milk and fruit), brown rice, and whole-grain breads

Vegetable group: 2 1/2 cups per day of fresh, frozen, or canned vegetables; dried peas; and beans

Fruits: 2 cups of dried fruits or whole fruit

Dairy: 3 cups of low-fat or nonfat milk, ice cream, cheese, or yogurt

Meat and beans: 5 1/2 ounces of dried beans or peas, eggs, fish, lean meat, nuts, skinless poultry, or seeds. You should also include 2 tablespoons of vegetable oils to your diet over the course of the day.

83) Using two food labels from different brands for similar foods (such as ice cream), compare the foods and discuss in what ways one is superior to the other.

Answer: Students should compare calories per serving, plus grams of fat, carbohydrates, and protein per serving. When looking at fat, saturated versus unsaturated should be noted. When looking at carbohydrates, students should comment on starch, sugar, and fiber content. Lastly, students should compare the vitamin and mineral content listed.

84) List some strategies that you can use to control your portion sizes at home, when eating out, and when shopping.

Answer: At home, measure food to develop an "eye" for correct sizes, use smaller plates, keep serving dishes off the table, store leftovers in measured portions, avoid eating snacks directly from the bag or box, and cook smaller portions. When eating out, ask for half orders, choose an appetizer as the entrée, and take part of the meal home. When shopping, read food labels, buy pre-portioned servings, and divide packages of snacks into individual portions.

85) Provide the full name and abbreviations for each of the five reference values of the Dietary Reference Intakes (DRIs).

Answer: The five reference values are Estimated Average Requirement (EAR); Tolerable Upper Intake Level (UL); Recommended Dietary Allowance (RDA); Adequate Intake (AI); and Acceptable Macronutrient Distribution Ranges (AMDR).

86) Define a functional food, and describe how both naturally occurring and packaged functional foods can be part of a healthy, well-balanced diet.

Answer: A functional food is a food that has a positive effect on health beyond providing basic nutrients.

Naturally occurring phytochemicals are found in whole grains, fruits, vegetables, and healthy vegetable oils; zoochemicals are present in fish, dairy products, and other foods derived from animals. These foods can be part of a healthy diet based on the MyPlate pattern. Packaged functional foods can be consumed if you take care to avoid overconsumption of any given compound. A registered dietitian nutritionist (RDN) can provide advice on the benefits of functional foods in your diet and how to balance them with food intake.

87) What is the difference between the Estimated Average Requirement (EAR) and the Recommended Dietary Allowance (RDA)?

Answer: The EAR is the average daily intake of a nutrient that meets the needs for 50 percent of the individuals in a similar age and gender group, whereas the RDA (which is based on the EAR) is the average daily intake level that is estimated to meet the needs of 97 to 98 percent of the individuals in a similar group.

88) Why is exceeding the Tolerable Upper Intake Level (UL) for a nutrient not recommended?

Answer: Consuming more than the UL for a nutrient may result in toxicity and damage to organs, especially the liver.

Answer Key Testname: C2

- 1) B
- 2) A
- 3) B
- 4) B
- 5) B
- 6) A
- 7) A
- 8) A
- 9) A
- 10) A
- 11) C
- 12) B
- 13) B
- 14) D
- 15) B
- 16) A
- 17) A
- 18) C
- 19) C
- 20) C
- 21) A
- 22) D
- 23) C
- 24) C
- 25) A 26) B
- 27) A
- 28) C
- 29) C
- 30) C
- 31) A
- 32) D
- 33) C
- 34) B
- 35) B
- 36) C 37) B
- 38) D
- 39) B
- 40) TRUE
- 41) TRUE
- 42) FALSE
- 43) FALSE
- 44) FALSE
- 45) TRUE
- 46) FALSE
- 47) TRUE 48) TRUE
- 49) FALSE
- 50) FALSE

Answer Key Testname: C2

- 51) TRUE
- **52) TRUE**
- 53) TRUE
- 54) FALSE
- 55) TRUE
- 56) FALSE
- 57) FALSE
- 58) FALSE
- 59) TRUE
- 60) FALSE
- (4) TOLIE
- 61) TRUE
- 62) FALSE
- 63) TRUE
- 64) FALSE
- 65) FALSE
- 66) FALSE
- 67) TRUE
- 68) TRUE
- 69) TRUE
- 09) INOL
- 70) TRUE
- 71) TRUE
- 72) FALSE
- 73) FALSE
- 74) FALSE
- 75) FALSE
- **76) TRUE**
- 77) TRUE
- 78) FALSE
- 79) FALSE
- 80) A person who is obese due to an excessive intake of calories may not be getting the required amounts of nutrients and can therefore be malnourished. Malnourishment is the long-term outcome of consuming a diet that doesn't meet nutrient needs.
- 81) Nutrient density refers to the amount of nutrients a food contains in relationship to the number of calories it contains. More nutrient-dense foods provide more nutrients per calorie (and in each bite) than do less nutrient-dense foods, and so are better choices for meeting your DRIs without exceeding your daily caloric needs. Energy density refers to the number of calories a food contains relative to its weight (grams) or volume. To summarize: nutrient density = amount of nutrients per calorie in a food; energy density = number of calories per gram (or volume) of food.
- 82) Answers will vary but may include nutrient-dense choices such as the following:
 - Grain group: 6 servings (half from whole grains) per day-whole-grain cereal (perhaps with skim milk and fruit), brown rice, and whole-grain breads
 - Vegetable group: 2 1/2 cups per day of fresh, frozen, or canned vegetables; dried peas; and beans Fruits: 2 cups of dried fruits or whole fruit
 - Dairy: 3 cups of low-fat or nonfat milk, ice cream, cheese, or yogurt
 - Meat and beans: 5 1/2 ounces of dried beans or peas, eggs, fish, lean meat, nuts, skinless poultry, or seeds.
 - You should also include 2 tablespoons of vegetable oils to your diet over the course of the day.
- 83) Students should compare calories per serving, plus grams of fat, carbohydrates, and protein per serving. When looking at fat, saturated versus unsaturated should be noted. When looking at carbohydrates, students should comment on starch, sugar, and fiber content. Lastly, students should compare the vitamin and mineral content listed.

Answer Key Testname: C2

- 84) At home, measure food to develop an "eye" for correct sizes, use smaller plates, keep serving dishes off the table, store leftovers in measured portions, avoid eating snacks directly from the bag or box, and cook smaller portions. When eating out, ask for half orders, choose an appetizer as the entrée, and take part of the meal home. When shopping, read food labels, buy pre-portioned servings, and divide packages of snacks into individual portions.
- 85) The five reference values are Estimated Average Requirement (EAR); Tolerable Upper Intake Level (UL); Recommended Dietary Allowance (RDA); Adequate Intake (AI); and Acceptable Macronutrient Distribution Ranges (AMDR).
- 86) A functional food is a food that has a positive effect on health beyond providing basic nutrients. Naturally occurring phytochemicals are found in whole grains, fruits, vegetables, and healthy vegetable oils; zoochemicals are present in fish, dairy products, and other foods derived from animals. These foods can be part of a healthy diet based on the MyPlate pattern. Packaged functional foods can be consumed if you take care to avoid overconsumption of any given compound. A registered dietitian nutritionist (RDN) can provide advice on the benefits of functional foods in your diet and how to balance them with food intake.
- 87) The EAR is the average daily intake of a nutrient that meets the needs for 50 percent of the individuals in a similar age and gender group, whereas the RDA (which is based on the EAR) is the average daily intake level that is estimated to meet the needs of 97 to 98 percent of the individuals in a similar group.
- 88) Consuming more than the UL for a nutrient may result in toxicity and damage to organs, especially the liver.