

Chapter 1 Safety and Health Movement, Then and Now

TRUE/FALSE. Write 'T' if the statement is true and 'F' if the statement is false.

1)

The Code of Hammurabi, circa 2000 BC, contained clauses that could be interpreted as early attempts at workers' compensation.

1)

2)

The Romans were cruel task masters who had no concern for occupational safety.

2)

3)

The first recorded occupational safety program occurred in 1907 with the establishment of the Bureau of Mines.

3)

4)

The first effective workers' compensation law in the United States was passed in 1911.

4)

5)

OSHA was passed in 1970 in spite of strenuous efforts on the part of organized labor to prevent it.

5)

6)

Organized labor in the United States worked hard to overturn anti-labor laws that inhibited safety in the workplace.

6)

7)

Specific work-related health problems such as lung diseases in miners and mercury poisoning have contributed to advancing the safety movement in the United States.

7)

8)

Lung cancer has been tied to asbestos in the workplace.

8)

9)

OSHA opposes the use of safety incentives in every case.

9)

10)

The disaster in Bhopal, India called into question the practice of moving companies that produce hazardous substances to countries that have fewer safety regulations.

10)

11)

Total Safety Management (TSM) encourages organizations to take a holistic approach to safety management.

11)

12)

U.S. companies have no responsibility when it comes to the safety and health of employees of companies in foreign countries that manufacture goods for them.

12)

13)

Concern over the potential effects of bloodborne pathogens has introduced a whole new set of precautions into the realm of workplace safety.

13)

14)

Safety and health professionals do not have to concern themselves with documenting the return on investment for safety and health programs.

14)

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

15)

A widely used accident prevention technique is

15)

_____ A)
Fail-safe designs

B)

CPR with AED

_____ C)
Fellow servant rule

D)

Employer liability

16)

An organization that has contributed to the development of the safety movement in the United States is

16)

_____ A)
National Society of Safety Engineers

B)

National Safety Council

_____ C)
National Safety Management Society

D)

All of the above

17)

Which of the following would not generally be considered a member of the safety and health team for a large company?

17)

_____ A)
Radiation control specialist

B)

Marketing vice-president

_____ C)

Occupational nurse

D)

Dietician

18)

The three Es of safety are

18)

-
- A)
Engineering, education, and employer liability
 - B)
Engineering, education, and enforcement
 - C)
Engineering, education, and elimination of hazards
 - D)
Engineering, education, and employee responsibility

19)

A large professional organization for safety managers, engineers, and specialists is

19)

-
- A)
National Safety Council
 - B)
National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
 - C)
Bureau of Mines
 - D)
Occupational Safety and Health Administration

20)

The link between workplace safety and productivity was established by

20)

-
- A)
OSHA

B)

The Foster Wheeler Study

- C)
NIOSH

D)

21)

Cutting the frequency of workplace injuries in half results in how much of an increase to productivity?

21)

A)
Thirty percent

B)

Fifty percent

C)

Ninety percent

D)

Ten percent

1)

TRUE

2)

FALSE

3)

FALSE

4)

TRUE

5)

FALSE

6)

TRUE

7)

TRUE

8)

TRUE

9)

FALSE

10)

TRUE

11)

TRUE

12)

FALSE

13)

TRUE

14)

FALSE

15)

A

16)

D

17)

B

18)

B

19)

A

20)

B

21)

D