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Name :		Class :	Dat e:	
Chapter 2—Using	Financial Stateme	ents and Budgets		
1. A balance sheet she	ows your financial co	ndition as of the time the stateme	ent is prepared.	
	a.	True		
	b.	False		
ANSWER:			True	
2. A budget is a finan	cial report that foreca	asts your current income as a perc	centage of your past earnings.	
	a.	True		
	b.	False		
ANSWER:			False	
3. The income statem	ent includes informat	ion on your latest paycheck.		
	a.	True		
	b.	False		
ANSWER:			False	
4. The income and ex	penditures statement	provides a measure of financial p	performance over a period of time.	
	a.	True		
	b.	False		
ANSWER:			True	
5. Financial planning	is necessary only if y	ou earn a lot of money.		
	a.	True		
	b.	False		
ANSWER:			False	
6. Assets listed on you	ur balance sheet mus	t have monetary value.		
	a.	True		
	b.	False		
ANSWER:			True	
7. A budget is a detail	led statement of what	income and expenses occurred o	ver a past period.	
	a.	True		
	b.	False		
ANSWER:			False	
8. A budget is a detail	led financial forecast.			
	a.	True		
	b.	False		
ANSWER:			True	
9. Investments are int	angible financial asse	ets typically acquired to achieve l	ong-term personal financial goals.	
	a.	True		
	b.	False		
ANSWER:			True	
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Chapter 2—Using F	inancial Stateme	ents and Budgets	
10. Assets purchased on	credit should be in	acluded on the asset side of the b	alance sheet.
	a.	True	
ANSWER:	b.	False	True
l I. Jewelry, furniture, a	-	xamples of personal property.	
	a. 1-	True	
ANSWER:	b.	False	True
12 . 4 1			
12. A house and land ar		property. True	
	a. b.	False	
ANSWER:	D.	raise	True
13. Real property refers cost.	to immovable prop	perty, land and anything fixed to	it, which have a relatively long life and high
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
14. Investment assets in	clude items such as	boats or automobiles.	
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
15. All assets are record	led on the balance s	heet at their original cost.	
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
16. The financial planni	no process is regula	ated by state governments when	done by professionals
10. The imanetal planin	a.	True	done by proressionals.
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
17. Money I loaned to a	friend is a liability	on my halance sheet	
17. Woney 1 Touried to a	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
18. A charge made on v	our credit card beca	omes a liability as soon as the ch	parge is incurred
10. 11 charge made on y	a.	True	ango io mountou.

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	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
19. You are more likely	to achieve your go	als if a definite goal date is set.	
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
20. Your auto loan payı	ments would be list	ed as an expense on the income s	tatement.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
21. Only the current mo	onth's payment on y	our mortgage loans would be list	ed on the balance sheet as a liability.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
22. Inability to reach sh	nort-term goals will	significantly affect your ability to	reach long-term goals.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
23. Your net worth and	your equity in own	ed assets are the same basic conc	ept.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
24. The balance sheet e	quation is assets plu	us liabilities equals net worth.	
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
25. A budget is an orde	rly estimate of inco	me and expenditures.	
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
26. Mary and Tom purc	chased their home for	or \$150,000, and it is now worth	\$175,000. Its asset value is \$150,000.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
27. The equity in your l	home is the differen	ce between the loan balance and	the purchase price.

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	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
28. The income and extime.	xpenditures statemen	t is a summary of actual income a	and expenditures over a specific period of
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
29. Interest you earne	d on your savings acc	count would be an entry on the ba	lance sheet.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
30. If you obtain a loa	nn to purchase a car in	June, this loan amount would be	e included as income for June.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
31. If you listed your and social security.	gross salary in the inc	come portion of the budget, the ex	xpenditures section must include income taxe
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
32. If you use net sala taxes.	ry as income on your	budget, the expenditures section	must include income and social security
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
33. An income statem	ent deficit would inc	rease net worth.	
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
34. When the income decreasing liabilities.	statement indicates a	surplus, this may be used to incr	ease net worth by increasing assets or
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
35. A cash deficit dec	reases net worth.		

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	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
36. Balance sheets and	d income statements	are most useful if prepared at leas	t annually.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
37. The savings ratio	is useful in the evalua	ation of the balance sheet.	
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
38. A cash surplus wil	ll typically produce a	positive savings ratio.	
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
39. A family could ha	ve a positive savings	ratio at the same time its debt ser	vice ratio is increasing.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
40. The liquidity ratio	is an indicator of a f	amily's ability to pay current debt	s if there is an interruption in income.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
41. The savings ratio	indicates the percentage	age of after-tax income that is save	ed.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
42. The level of the de	ebt service ratio wou		nn payments out of current income.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
43. You have a balance	ed budget when tota	• •	ceeds total expenditures for the year.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True

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44. You may be under	-budgeting for food i	if you continually have monthly	deficits in the food category.
	a.	True	
	<b>b</b> .	False	
ANSWER:			True
45. The best way to ba	lance your budget is	to increase borrowing.	
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
46. A solvency ratio sh	nows how much "cus	shion" you have as a protection	against insolvency.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
47. Budgeting and reco	ord keeping are reall	y the same activity.	
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
48. The best place to k	teep a budget is in a s	safe deposit box.	
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
49. Monthly statement	s and pay stubs can	be shredded when year-end state	ements are received.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
50. When preparing a expenses makes the tas		ing expenses using actual expen	ses from previous years and by tracking current
	a.	True	
	<b>b</b> .	False	
ANSWER:			True
51. A cash budget has	value only if you use	e it, review it regularly, and kee	careful records of income and expenses.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
52. Using the future va	alue calculations to e	stimate the funds needed to mee	et a goal takes compounding into account.
	a.	True	
	<b>b</b> .	False	

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ANSWER:			True
53. Using time value of	of money is importan	t when planning for long-term g	oals.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
54. Using time value of	of money is most imp	ortant when planning for short-t	erm goals.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
55. Net income (after	taxes) should be used	I when developing an income an	d expense statement.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
56. In a budget, "fun naccount for how it is s		ategory used for family members	s to spend as they like without having to
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
57. Net worth peaks at	t about age 65 and th	en diminishes throughout retiren	nent years.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
58. Only four categori	ies of spending accou	nt for almost 90% of all consum	er spending.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
59. Net worth is greate	est for those in their j	orime working years, about age :	55.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
60. Net worth achieve	s its highest level be	ginning at age 65 and increases t	hroughout retirement years.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
61. The balance sheet	describes a family's	financial position:	

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a.	at a	certain point in time.		
b.	as a	n annual summary.		
c.	as a	t a time period less than one year.		
d.	at a	future time.		
e.	non	e of these		
ANSWER:			a	
62. The three p	arts of	your balance sheet are your:		
a.	inc	ome, liabilities, and net worth.		
b.	ass	ets, expenditures, and net worth.		
c.	ass	ets, liabilities, and expenses.		
d.	ass	ets, liabilities, and net worth.		
e.	inc	ome, liabilities, and assets.		
ANSWER:			d	
63. A(n)	_would	d not be listed as an asset on your balance sheet.  mortgaged home		
	b.	savings account		
	c.	owned automobile		
	d.	checking account		
	e.	leased automobile		
ANSWER:			e	
64. When Phil	lists hi	is house on his balance sheet, he should record the:		
	a.	actual purchase price.		
	b.	replacement value.		
	c.	insured value.		
	d.	deferred price.		
	e.	fair market value.		
ANSWER:			e	
65. Your	_ is an	example of a liquid asset.		
	a.	home		
	b.	car		
	c.	checking account		
	d.	charge account		
	e.	life insurance cash value		
ANSWER:			c	

- 66. Kathy purchased new furniture for \$10,000. She put \$1,000 down and financed \$9,000. She will pay \$350 per month until the loan is paid off. Which of the following is true of the value of furniture Kathy would record on her personal balance sheet?
  - a. The furniture should be recorded as an asset of \$10,000 on Kathy's balance sheet.

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b. The	\$9,000 is entered as a liability of	n Kathy's balance sheet.	
	· ·	a \$1,000 expenditure on Kathy's bala	ance sheet.
		on Kathy's income and expenditure	
e. All a	are correct except c	•	
ANSWER:	-		e
for \$90,000. 7 \$55,000 on th	The house has a current market value ir home mortgage. Sam and Artheir current personal balance she	value of \$175,000 and a replacement in are now constructing their balance et?	•
b.		•	
c.	<b>44778888888888888</b>	•	
d.		•	
e.	4400000	•	
ANSWER:	<b>,</b> ,	J	c
68. is a	an example of a personal asset.		
	a. Jewelry		
	b. Mutual fund		
	c. Corporate bond		
	d. Charge account balance	:	
	e. Premium on auto insura	ince	
ANSWER:			a
69. A budget	is a:		
a.	plan that calculates the interest	est on loan.	
b.	schedule of personal investm	ents.	
c.	list of prepaid expenses.		
d.	detailed financial forecast.		
e.	set of personal financial obje	ctives.	
ANSWER:			d
70. The main	purpose of a budget is to:		
a.	develop financial goals.		
b.	calculate discounted cash flo	W.	
c.	give feedback to the plan.		
d.	monitor and control financial	outcomes.	
e.	revise depreciation schedule.		
ANSWER:			d
71. Budgets a			
	a. restrictive.		

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	b.	complicated.	
	c.	forward looking.	
	d.	permanent.	
	e.	unnecessary.	
ANSWI	ER:		c
72		as a liability on your balance sheet.	
		owed	
		balances	
		credit card charges	
		gs accounts	
ANSWI	e. Rent	nue	d
ANSWI	ZA.		u
73	would not be a lon	g-term financial goal.	
	a. Purchasing	g a new car	
	b. Providing	adequate life insurance	
	c. Reducing	income taxes	
	d. Paying yo	ır phone bill	
	•	or retirement	
ANSWI	ER:		d
74. Net	worth is:		
	a. the sum of liquid	assets and current liabilities.	
	b. the sum of gross	income and payroll taxes.	
		come and deductions for payroll taxes.	
		tween total assets and total liabilities.	
		tween income and expenses.	
ANSWI	ER:		d
75. Bal	ance sheet liabilities sl	nould be recorded at their:	
	a. original	outstanding balance.	
	b. year-end	outstanding balance.	
	c. average	outstanding balance.	
	d. current of	utstanding balance.	
	e. none of	hese.	
ANSWI	ER:		d
76. On	a balance sheet, a mor	tgage loan is recorded as the:	
	a. interest only.		
		paid and the outstanding balance.	
	c. sum of interest	due and the outstanding balance.	

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d.	principa	al portion only		
e.		the above.		
ANSWER:				d
77. Another	r term som	etimes used in	stead of net worth is:	
	a.	assets.		
	b.	net debts	5.	
	c.	long-terr	m liabilities	
	d.	equity.		
	e.	liquid as	sets.	
ANSWER:		•		d
78. The bal	ance sheet	equation is:		
a.	Total Ass	sets – Total Cu	arrent Liabilities = Net Worth.	
b.	Total Ass	sets + Total Lo	ong-term Liabilities = Net Worth.	
c.	Total Ass	sets – Total Lia	abilities = Net Worth.	
d.	Total Ass	sets + Total Li	abilities = Net Worth.	
e.	Total Lia	bilities – Tota	l Current Assets = Net Worth.	
ANSWER:				c
79 Mandy	and leff ha	ave a net wort!	of \$25,000 and total assets of \$140,000. If their revolving cre	dit and unnaid hills
-		their total liab	<del>-</del>	an and unpaid oms
. ,	,	a.	\$115,000	
		b.	\$140,000	
		c.	\$142,200	
		d.	\$165,000	
		e.	\$167,200	
ANSWER:		<b>C</b> .	Ψ107,200	a
1111077 1211.				u
		ave a net worth their long-terr	h of \$35,000 and total assets of \$200,000. If their revolving crem liabilities?	edit and unpaid bills
		a.	\$115,000	
		b.	\$140,000	
		c.	\$142,200	
		d.	\$162,800	
		e.	\$165,000	
ANSWER:			<del>* - * - * - * - * - * - * - * - * - * -</del>	d
81. You are	solvent if	your:		
	a. tota	al liabilities ex	ceed total assets.	
	b. tota	al assets excee	ed total liabilities.	

c. d. total assets exceed net worth.

total liabilities exceed net worth.

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	e. none of th	ese.		
ANSWER:				b
82. The inc	ome and expendit	ures statement examines you	r financial:	
	a.	level.		
	b.	performance.		
	c.	position.		
	d.	assets.		
	e.	objectives.		
ANSWER:				b
83. The inc	come statement:			
a.		position at a specific point in		
b.	shows financial	performance for a specific time	me.	
c.	shows financial	position for a specific time.		
d.	shows financial	performance at a specific poi	int of time.	
e.	none of these.			
ANSWER:				b
84. The inc	come statement inc			
a.	income, liabilit	ies, and net worth.		
b.	income, expend	liture, and cash surplus or de	ficit.	
c.	expenditures, n	et worth, and cash surplus or	deficit.	
d.	net worth, surp	us, and income or expenditu	res.	
e.	savings, surplus	s, and income or expenditure	s.	
ANSWER:				b
85. On an i		-		would not be included as an income.
a.		ies received in that six month	ıs	
b.	interest received			
c.	-	payment received on May 15		
d.	-	nted in April, to be paid in Se	ptember	
e.	income tax refu	nd received on April 14		
ANSWER:				d
86. You are	•	hieve your financial goals wi	hen:	
a.	your current inc			
b.	_	ates are inflexible.		
c.	_	term goals are combined.		
d.	-	are reassessed and revised per		
e.	one person cont	rols all goals in the househole	d.	
ANSWER:				d

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87. You would 1	not include	on an income and exper	ditures statement.	
a.	_	e of your stock portfolio		
b.	taxes wi	thheld		
c.	utilities	paid		
d.	mortgag	e payments		
e.	charitab	le payments		
ANSWER:				a
		_ on an income and expense sator bought on credit on May 2	-	from January 1 to June 30.
b. a pa	id March tel	ephone bill		
		premiums deducted from mor	thly pay checks	
d. chec	king accoun	nt service charges		
e. groc	eries bought	t and paid for in June		
ANSWER:				a
901	11	1		
89 would	a be an exan a.	nple of a periodic expense.  Food		
	а. b.	Vacation		
		Utilities		
	c. d.	Taxes		
	e.	none of these		
ANSWER:	C.	none of these		b
mis, En.				<b>O</b>
90. The most co	mmon budg	geting period is a:		
	a.	week.		
	b.	month.		
	c.	quarter.		
	d.	semi-annually.		
	e.	bi-weekly.		
ANSWER:				b
91. A cash budg	et should he	elp vou:		
_		r long-term financial goals.		
	-	disciplined spending.		
	-	npulse spending.		
		ds to savings and investments.		
	do all of the	-		
ANSWER:				e
92 All of the fo	llowing are	stages in preparing a cash bud	get <i>excent</i> :	
	nating incom		-	ing expenses.
	_	ciation expense.		ng the cash budget.
c. carea	nating depic	ciation expense.	d. IIIIdiiZii	is the easi badget.

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ANSWER:		c
<ul><li>b. decide how to a</li><li>c. achieve your lor</li><li>d. All of the above</li><li>e. A &amp; B only</li></ul>	atrol your finances.  Ilocate your income to reach your financial goals.  ng-term financial goals.	
ANSWER:		d
a. acqu b. pay c. incre d. incre	ists on your income and expenditure statements, your eassets.  off existing debts.  ease your savings.  ease your investments.	ou can:
e. do as	ny of the above.	e
How does this transaction a  a. His as  b. His li  c. His no	ssets increase abilities increase et worth stays the same b only	\$15,000 from his savings and a \$5,000 loan.
ANSWER:		e
<ul><li>a. increased</li><li>b. increased</li><li>c. added to</li><li>d. taken a co</li></ul>	ome and expenditures shows a deficit, you may have your debts.  I your assets. savings. ash loan on your insurance. e securities.	/e:
ANSWER:	5 securities.	a
97. If your, your net a. liabilities incre b. liabilities incre c. assets increased d. income decrease	worth on the balance sheet would have increased frased and assets remained constant ased and assets decreased and liabilities remain constant or decreased sed	rom one period to the next.
e. none of these <i>ANSWER</i> :		c

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98. The Wilson family's short			
÷ •	ergency fund of three i	months' income.	
b. buying a house.	411		
<ul><li>c. sending the kids</li><li>d. planning to retire</li></ul>	_		
e. all of these	at age oo.		
ANSWER:			a
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99. If your liquid assets equal	\$50,000 and your curr	rent debts equal \$15,000; you	r liquidity ratio is:
	a. 30%	, 0.	
	b. 70%	, 0.	
	c. 143°		
	d. 233°		
	e. 333°	<b>%</b> .	
ANSWER:			a
100. If your total assets equal	\$87,000 and your tota	1 liabilities equal \$10 000: vo	ur colvency ratio is:
•	a. 11.5%	-	ur sorvency ratio is.
	b. 13.0%		
	c. 77.0%		
	d. 87.0%		
	e. 88.5%	<b>6.</b>	
ANSWER:			e
101 II			
payments.	i a personai baiance sn	leet, the ratio indicates	your ability to meet current debt
a.	solvency		
b.	liquidity		
c.	cash		
d.	savings		
e.	debt service		
ANSWER:			b
100 17' 1 1 1 005 0	00 11 1	ф100 000 <b>ТГ</b>	1
102. Kim's net worth is \$85,0			solvency ratio?
		5% 5%	
		5% 5%	
		5%	
		00%	
ANSWER:	<b>.</b> . 10	· • / •	d
			ď

103. A savings ratio expresses the:

a. percentage of gross income saved.

ivanie		Class	e:
· ————————————————————————————————————	Financial Stater	nents and Budgets	<u> </u>
		t when there is an interruption in inco	ma
•	of after-tax income	•	me.
		ome earned annually.	
e. none of the		sine carned annuarry.	
ANSWER:	above.		c
711 VS // L.R.			Ç
104. Assume that you \$30,000. Your saving		he current year is \$35,000. Total expe	nses including the taxes of \$5,000 is
	a.	7.5%	
	b.	10.0%	
	c.	12.5%.	
	d.	13.3%.	
	e.	16.7%.	
ANSWER:			e
105. Assume that you ratio is:	r total income is \$7	2,000. Total expenses including the ta	axes of \$10,000 is \$60,000. Your savings
	a.	10.0%.	
	b.	14.3%.	
	c.	15.0%.	
	d.	19.4.	
	e.	17.5%.	
ANSWER:			d
106. Mindy and Lou I	•	\$10,000 and current debts of \$30,000	. What is their liquidity ratio?
	a.	25%	
	b.	33%	
	c.	67%	
	d.	150%	
AMORED	e.	300%	
ANSWER:			Ь
107. Jacque's total moservice ratio?	onthly loan paymen	ts are \$1,020 while her gross income i	s \$3,000 per month. What is her debt
	a.	34%	
	<b>b</b> .	43%	
	c.	50%	
	d.	75%	
	e.	82%	
ANSWER:			a

a.

above 50%.

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	b.	below 50	<sup>0</sup> / <sub>0</sub> .	
	c.	at 60%.		
	d.	below 35	%.	
	e.	above 20	<b>%</b> .	
ANSWER:				d
			•	pay \$1,000 per month in taxes. They also
pay \$2,000 pe	er month in vario	ous loan paymen	ts. What is their debt service rat	io?
		a.	20%	
		b.	30%	
		c.	40%	
		d.	50%	
ANSWER:		e.	60%	c
	timating income	for the income	and expense statement, you sho	
a.	use gross inc		and expense statement, you show	
b.	· ·	cted pay increas	es.	
c.	adjust for inf			
d.	use net incor	ne less capitaliz	ed interest.	
e.	none of the a	bove.		
ANSWER:				a
111. The expe	enditure categori	es for your bud	get should be determined by:	
a.	•	ın Family Budge	-	
b.	purchased bu	dget book headi	ngs.	
c.	the affordabil	ity to meet the e	xpenses.	
d.	current and ex	spected future sp	pending.	
e.	itemized tax of	leductions.		
ANSWER:				d
112. The need	l for budget adju	stments is indic	ated when:	
a.	income is stat	ole.		
b.	account defic	its and surpluses	balance out.	
c.	account defic	its are more than	surpluses.	
d.	a new calenda	ar year begins.		
e.	short-term fin	ancial goals are	achieved.	
ANSWER:				c
113. The best	approach to sol	ving the problen	n of an annual budget deficit is g	generally to:
a. li	quidate more as	sets than the bud	lget shortfall for the year.	

c. reduce flexible expenditures.

b. borrow funds on credit.

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d.	reduce fixed expenses			
	reduce high priority ex		dget.	
ANSWER:		•		c
114. What c	an you do if your bud	et shows an annual	budget deficit?	
			meet the total budget sho	rtfall for the year.
_	row enough to meet tl		_	,
	low-priority expenses	_	·	
	rease Income.	C		
	of the above.			
ANSWER:				e
	rmine how effectively	the budget is work	ing, you can use:	
a.	the balance sheet.			
b.	the bank statement.			
c.	income and expendit			
d.	the financial statemen	nts at the beginning	of the period.	
e.	financial goals.			
ANSWER:				c
116. Dual-in	come families often fa	ace:		
	reduced employee ber			
	increased complexity	•	agement systems.	
	reduced expenditures	•	•	
	reduced taxes due to t		J	
	reduced financial goal			
ANSWER:	8			ь
				44.000
	vestment advisor wan return, what is the mo			ou \$25,000 per year for 10 years. If you
require a 770	a.	\$49,179	or this investment:	
	b.	\$175,590		
	c.	\$201,000		
	d.	\$225,682		
	e.	\$250,000		
ANSWER:	-	<b>\$200,000</b>		b
110 =		_		
			ts to earn 7% annually. Ap years to nearest whole nu	opproximately how many years will it take
ioi ilic accol	ini to dodole ili value:	a.	8	iiiio01. <i>j</i>
		ь.	9	
		c.	10	
		d.	11	

Chapter 2—Using Financial Statements and Budgets  e. 12  ANSWER: c  119. Jamil invested \$9,500 in an account he expects will earn 5% annually. Approximately how many years will it take for the account to double in value?  a. 8.8  b. 9.7  c. 10.8  d. 11.4  e. 14.4  ANSWER: e  120. Phil has \$2,000 and he needs it to grow to \$4,000 in 8 years. Assuming he adds no more money to this fund, what rate of return would he need to earn? Approximate the rate of interest to the nearest whole number.  a. 6%  b. 7%  c. 8%  d. 9%  e. 10%	Name :		Class	Dat e:
ANSWER:  a. 8.8 b. 9.7 c. 10.8 d. 11.4 e. 14.4  ANSWER:  e  120. Phil has \$2,000 and he needs it to grow to \$4,000 in 8 years. Assuming he adds no more money to this fund, what rate of return would he need to earn? Approximate the rate of interest to the nearest whole number.  a. 6% b. 7% c. 8% d. 9% e. 10%	Chapter 2—Using Financial	Statements and E	 Budgets	
ANSWER:  a. 8.8 b. 9.7 c. 10.8 d. 11.4 e. 14.4  ANSWER:  e  120. Phil has \$2,000 and he needs it to grow to \$4,000 in 8 years. Assuming he adds no more money to this fund, what rate of return would he need to earn? Approximate the rate of interest to the nearest whole number.  a. 6% b. 7% c. 8% d. 9% e. 10%		e.	12	
for the account to double in value?  a. 8.8 b. 9.7 c. 10.8 d. 11.4 e. 14.4  ANSWER:  e  120. Phil has \$2,000 and he needs it to grow to \$4,000 in 8 years. Assuming he adds no more money to this fund, what rate of return would he need to earn? Approximate the rate of interest to the nearest whole number.  a. 6% b. 7% c. 8% d. 9% e. 10%	ANSWER:			c
a. 8.8 b. 9.7 c. 10.8 d. 11.4 e. 14.4  ANSWER:  e  120. Phil has \$2,000 and he needs it to grow to \$4,000 in 8 years. Assuming he adds no more money to this fund, what rate of return would he need to earn? Approximate the rate of interest to the nearest whole number.  a. 6% b. 7% c. 8% d. 9% e. 10%			rill earn 5% annually. Ap	oproximately how many years will it take
c. 10.8 d. 11.4 e. 14.4  ANSWER:  e  120. Phil has \$2,000 and he needs it to grow to \$4,000 in 8 years. Assuming he adds no more money to this fund, what rate of return would he need to earn? Approximate the rate of interest to the nearest whole number.  a. 6% b. 7% c. 8% d. 9% e. 10%		a.	8.8	
d. 11.4 e. 14.4  ANSWER:  e  120. Phil has \$2,000 and he needs it to grow to \$4,000 in 8 years. Assuming he adds no more money to this fund, what rate of return would he need to earn? Approximate the rate of interest to the nearest whole number.  a. 6% b. 7% c. 8% d. 9% e. 10%		b.	9.7	
e. 14.4  ANSWER:  e  120. Phil has \$2,000 and he needs it to grow to \$4,000 in 8 years. Assuming he adds no more money to this fund, what rate of return would he need to earn? Approximate the rate of interest to the nearest whole number.  a. 6% b. 7% c. 8% d. 9% e. 10%		c.	10.8	
ANSWER:  120. Phil has \$2,000 and he needs it to grow to \$4,000 in 8 years. Assuming he adds no more money to this fund, what rate of return would he need to earn? Approximate the rate of interest to the nearest whole number.  a. 6% b. 7% c. 8% d. 9% e. 10%		d.	11.4	
120. Phil has \$2,000 and he needs it to grow to \$4,000 in 8 years. Assuming he adds no more money to this fund, what rate of return would he need to earn? Approximate the rate of interest to the nearest whole number.  a. 6% b. 7% c. 8% d. 9% e. 10%		e.	14.4	
rate of return would he need to earn? Approximate the rate of interest to the nearest whole number.  a. 6% b. 7% c. 8% d. 9% e. 10%	ANSWER:			e
d. 9% e. 10%		rn? Approximate the	e rate of interest to the ne	
e. 10%		c. 8	3%	
		d.	9%	
		e. 1	10%	
ANSWER:	ANSWER:			d
121. Michael and Sandy purchased a home for \$100,000 five years ago. If it appreciated 6% annually, what is it worth today?	· ·	d a home for \$100,0	00 five years ago. If it a	opreciated 6% annually, what is it worth
a. \$100,000	a.	\$100,000		
b. \$106,000	b.	\$106,000		
c. \$130,000	c.	\$130,000		
d. \$133,823	d.	\$133,823		
e. \$135,603	e.	\$135,603		
ANSWER:	ANSWER:			d
122. Elena purchased a stamp collection for \$5,000 thirty years ago. If it appreciated 8% annually, what is it worth today a. \$17,000	· ·		irty years ago. If it appre	ciated 8% annually, what is it worth today?
b. \$36,400				
c. \$50,313				
d. \$123,023				
e. \$150,000	e.			
ANSWER:	ANSWER:			c
	100 NT / 111 / 111	1 4 9		
123. Net worth is highest at about what age?  a. 45	123. Net worth is highest at about	_	45	
a. 45 b. 55				
c. 65				
d. 75				

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			e.	85	
ANSWER:					c
124. Whic	h of th	ne following is <i>not</i> as	mong the four cate	egories accounting for alm	nost three-quarters of consumer spending?
	a.	Utilities			
	b.	Food			
	c.	Transportation			
	d.	Housing	1 ·		
ANSWER:	e.	Personal insuran	ce and pensions		a
125 Whio	h of th	a following are not	among the four co	tagories accounting for th	ree-quarters of consumer spending?
123. WIIIC	n or u	a.	Utilities	regories accounting for the	ree-quarters of consumer spending?
		b.	Clothing		
		c.	Food		
		d.	a and b		
		e.	a, b, and c		
ANSWER:					d
126. Whic	h of th a. b. c. d.	Personal insurant Clothing Utilities Entertainment Medical	-	ies accounting for almost	three-quarters of consumer spending?
ANSWER:	<b>.</b>	Wicalcar			a
				which will correctly complyill correctly complete the	ete the statement. Select "a" for the first statement.
127. A bal	ance s	heet provides a state	ement of your fina	ncial [position   performat	nce].
ANSWER:					a
[actual   pi	-	y function of preparied] financial position	-	ments at the end of the cur	rent period is to provide a picture of your
ANSWER:					a
129. An as <i>ANSWER:</i>		ust have [ <i>market</i>   <i>m</i>	onetary] value to l	pe included on a balance s	heet.
130. A [sa ANSWER:	vings (	account   retirement	account] would b	e an example of a liquid a	asset.
131. A [ho ANSWER:	use   c	certificate of deposit	] is an example of	a tangible asset.	a

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132. Investment assets are required to [earn ANSWER:	n a return   provide a service].	a
133. A(n) [auto loan   credit card balance] ANSWER:	would be an example of a current liabi	lity.
134. Another term sometimes used for net <i>ANSWER</i> :	worth is [collateral   equity].	b
135. A liability would be listed on a balance to be made   none of these].  ANSWER:	e sheet as the [amount originally borro	owed   amount of the next loan payment
136. When your liabilities exceed your asso <i>ANSWER</i> :	ets, you are [solvent   insolvent].	ь
137. When your assets exceed your liabiliti <i>ANSWER</i> :	ies, you are [insolvent   solvent].	b
138. If your expenses exceed your income, <i>deficit</i> ]. <i>ANSWER</i> :	the bottom line of your income/expens	se statement will show a [surplus   b
139. The total amount of salary you earn be ANSWER:	efore taxes are deducted is called your [	[gross   net] pay.
140. You bought a \$500 stereo on the insta income/expense statement for the year, you <i>ANSWER</i> :		
141. [Medical expenses   Rent payments] w ANSWER:	rould be more difficult to estimate for the	ne coming year.
142. Your car has a market value of \$4,000 in this car is [\$4,000   \$1,500].  ANSWER:	while the balance of the loan against in	t is now \$2,500. Your ownership interest
143. Your car has a market value of \$10,00 interest in this car is [\$7,500   \$10,000].  ANSWER:	00 while the balance of the loan against	•
144. A deficit on your income/expense stat <i>ANSWER</i> :	ement will have [an   no] effect on you	r balance sheet.
145. If you pay off your debt but make no a ANSWER:	changes in your assets, your net worth v	will [increase   decrease].

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146. Total assets on your balance sheet an ANSWER:	re \$6,000 and liabilities are \$2,000. Your	solvency ratio would be [67%   33%].
obligations] you could cover with your co	ow the percentage of [your annual credit of urrent assets.	obligations   future months credit
ANSWER:		a
148. Your gross income was \$32,000; yo <i>ANSWER:</i>	ur net income was \$25,000; you saved \$1	,000. Your savings ratio was [3%   4%].
monthly loan payments].	is to show the amount of your income no	1 3 3 2
ANSWER:		b
150. Payments made on your loan obligation <i>ANSWER:</i>	tions should [increase   maintain] your ne	t worth.
151. Financial planning and budgeting [di ANSWER:	o   do not] mean the same thing.	b
152. The first step in financial planning is <i>ANSWER</i> :	s to [define financial goals   set up a budg	ret.]
153. A detailed forecast used to monitor a ANSWER:	and control expenses is called a [budget	income/expenditures statement]. a
154. If your budget shows a deficit, [incr ANSWER:	ease income   increase expenses] to regain	n balance.
155. The short-term goals you put into you ANSWER:	our financial plan [will   will not] affect the	e achievement of long-term goals.
156. Putting specific target dates on your <i>ANSWER</i> :	goals [will not   will] increase the likeliho	ood of their being accomplished.
157. Short-term goals are usually based of ANSWER:	on a maximum period of [one year   five ye	ears].
158. Another word for take-home pay is <i>ANSWER:</i>	[gross   disposable] income.	b
159. If you liquidate assets or borrow to a ANSWER:	make your budget balance, this will [incre	ease   maintain] your net worth.
160. A budget will have value only if it is	s actually used and [records are kept of ac	ctual income/expenses   spending never

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deviates from the budgeted amount].

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ANSWER:			a	
161. [Borrowin ANSWER:	ng money from relatives   cutting	low-priority expenses] is the prefe	brable way to deal with budget deficits.	
162. Once you ANSWER:	define your [short-term   long-term	rm] financial goals, you can prepar	re a cash budget for the upcoming year.	
163. [Present   ANSWER:	Future] value is the value today	of an amount to be received in the	future.	
164. The proce <i>ANSWER:</i>	ss of finding the present value is	termed as [discounting   compound	ding].	
	fim have liquid assets of \$3,600 a? (Show all work.)	and other assets of \$42,800. Their t	total liabilities equal \$26,000. What is	
ANSWER:	Total Assets Less: Total Liabilities Equal: Net Worth		\$46,400 <u>26,00</u> \$20,40	
	Jose have liquid assets of \$5,000? (Show all work.)	and other assets of \$50,000. Their	r total liabilities equal \$26,000. What is	
ANSWER:	Total Assets Less: Total Liabilities Equal: Net Worth		\$55,000 <u>26,00</u> \$29,00	
on food, 10 per disposable inco	cent on clothing, 14 percent on lome is available for savings and i	oan repayments, and 8 percent on		ıt

168. Construct a balance sheet from the following information. Be sure the format is correct. (Show all work.)

Cash on han	d		\$ 75
Bank credit	card balance		1,200
Utility bill (d	overdue)		100
Auto loan ba	alance		3,500
Mortgage			75,000
Primary resid	dence		105,000
Jewelry			2,000
Stocks			17,500
Coin collecti	ion		2,500
2001 Toyota	ı		7,500
ANSWER:	Assets:	Liabilities:	
	Cash on hand	\$ 75	
	Primary residence	105,000Utility bill (Overdue)	\$ 100
	2001 Toyota	7,500Bank credit card balance	1,200
	Jewelry	2,000Auto loan balance	3,500

## Chapter 2—Using Financial Statements and Budgets

Stocks	17,500Mortgage	_75,000
Coin Collection	2,500	
Total Assets	\$134,575Total Liabilities	\$79,800
Net Worth	\$ 54,775	

169. Construct a balance sheet from the following information. Be sure the format is correct. (Show all work.)

Cash on har Bank credit Taxes due Utility bills Auto loan b Mortgage Primary res Jewelry Stocks	card balance (overdue) alance		4 6	500 750 500 120 6,000 5,000 0,000 1,200 6,000
Coin collect	tion			2,500
2001 Toyot	a			7,500
Auto payme	ent			250
ANSWER:	Assets:	Liabilities:		
	Cash on hand	\$ 500Utility bills (Overdue)	\$	120
	Primary residence	60,000Taxes due		500
	2001 Toyota	7,500Bank credit cards balance		750
	Jewelry	1,200Auto loan balance		6,000
	Stocks	6,000Mortgage	_4	5,000
	Coin Collection	2,500		
	Total Assets	\$77,700Total Liabilities	\$5	2,370
	Net Worth	\$25,330		

170. Inflation is expected to be 4 percent in the coming year. If Mr. Gonza earned \$37,000 this year, how much must he earn the following year just to keep up with inflation and maintain the balance between his income and his increasing expenditures? (Show all work.)

ANSWER: To keep up with an inflation of 4% in the coming year, Mr. Gonza must earn  $\$37,000 + (0.04 \times (\$37,000)) = \$37,000 + \$1,480 = \$38,480$ 

Alternatively, this can also be calculated as

 $$37,000 \times 1.04 = $38,480$ 

171. Inflation is expected to be 3 percent in the coming year. If Mr. Gonza earned \$45,000 this year, how much must he earn the following year just to keep up with inflation and maintain the balance between his income and his increasing expenditures? (Show all work.)

ANSWER: To keep up with an inflation of 3% in the coming year, Mr. Gonza must earn \$45,000 +  $(0.03 \times (\$45,000))$ 

= \$45,000 + \$1,350 = \$46,350

Alternatively, this can also be calculated as

 $$45,000 \times 1.03 = $46,350$ 

172. Jamie wants to have \$1,000,000 for her retirement in 25 years. How much should she save annually if she thinks she can earn 10% on her investments?

*ANSWER:* FV = 1,000,000

N = 25

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•		۵'	
		<b>C</b> .	

## Chapter 2—Using Financial Statements and Budgets

I = 10 PMT = 10,168.07

173. The Hamptons want to have \$1,750,000 for their retirement in 30 years. How much should they save annually if they think they can earn 8% on their investments?

ANSWER:

FV = 1,750,000

174. The Flemings will need \$80,000 annually for 20 years during retirement. How much will they need at retirement if they can earn a 4% rate of return?

ANSWER:

PMT = 80,000

N = 20 I = 4 PV = 1,087,226