https://selldocx.com/products/test-bank-pfin3-3e-gitman

Chapter 2—Using Financial Statements and Budgets

TRUE/FALSE

1. A balance sheet shows your financial condition as of the time the statement is prepared.

ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-1

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge

2. One could use statements from their various financial institutions to help complete a balance sheet.

ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-1

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge

3. The income statement includes information on your latest paycheck.

ANS: F PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-1

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Analysis

4. The income and expenditures statement provides a measure of financial performance over a period of time.

ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-1

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge

5. Financial planning is necessary only if you earn a lot of money.

ANS: F PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-1

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension

6. Assets listed on your balance sheet must have monetary value.

ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-1

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension

7. A budget is a detailed statement of what income and expenses occurred over a past period.

ANS: F PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-1

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension

8. A budget is a detailed financial forecast.

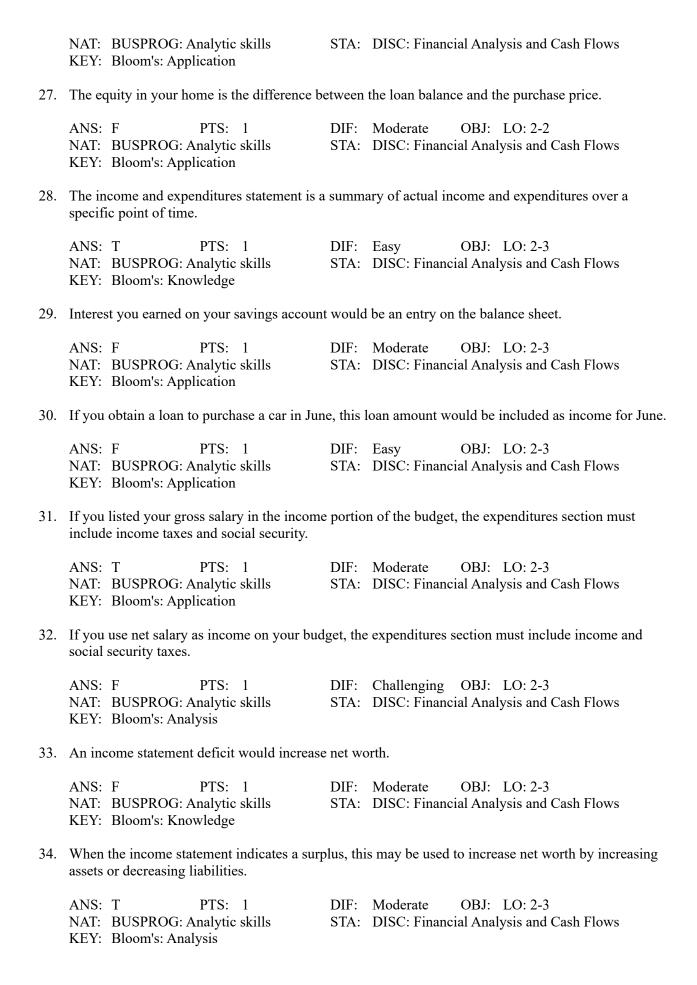
ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-1

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension

9.	Financial assets are intangible assets acquired to achieve long-term personal financial goals.						
	ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-2 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-2 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows						
10.	Assets purchased on credit should be included on the asset side of the balance sheet.						
	ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-2 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-2 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows						
11.	Jewelry, furniture and computers are examples of personal property.						
	ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-2 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-2 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows						
12.	A house and land are examples of financial property.						
	ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-2 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-2 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows						
13.	Most types of personal property depreciate, or decline in value, shortly after being put into use.						
	ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-2 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-2 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows						
14.	. Investment assets include items such as boats or automobiles.						
	ANS: F PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-2 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-2 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows						
15.	All assets are recorded on the balance sheet at their original cost.						
	ANS: F PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-2 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-2 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows						
16.	The financial planning process is regulated by state governments when done by professionals.						
	ANS: F PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-2 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-2 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows						
17.	Money I loaned to a friend is a liability on my balance sheet.						
	ANS: F PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-2 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Application DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-2 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows						

18.	A charge made on your credit card becomes a liability as soon as the charge is incurred.					
	ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-2 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Application DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-2 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows					
19.	You are more likely to achieve your goals if a definite goal date is set.					
	ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-1 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows					
20.	Your auto loan payments would be listed as an expense on the income statement.					
	ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-3 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Application DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-3 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows					
21.	Only the current month's payment on your mortgage loans would be listed on the balance sheet as liability.					
	ANS: F PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-2 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Application DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-2 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows					
22.	Inability to reach short-term goals will significantly affect your ability to reach long-term goals.					
	ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge					
23.	Your net worth and your equity in owned assets are the same basic concept.					
	ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-2 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-2 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows					
24.	The balance sheet equation is assets plus liabilities equals net worth.					
	ANS: F PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-2 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-2 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows					
25.	A budget is an orderly estimate of income and expenditures.					
	ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-3 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-3 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows					
26.	Mary and Tom purchased their home for \$150,000, and it is now worth \$175,000. Its asset value is \$150,000.					
	ANS: F PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-2					



35.	A cash deficit decreases net worth.						
	ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-3 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Analysis DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-3 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows						
36.	Balance sheets and income statements are most useful if prepared at least annually.						
	ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-4 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-4 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows						
37.	The savings ratio is useful in the evaluation of the balance sheet.						
	ANS: F PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-4 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Analysis DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-4 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows						
38.	A cash surplus will typically produce a positive savings ratio.						
	ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-4 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Analysis DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-4 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows						
39.	A family could have a positive savings ratio at the same time its debt service ratio is increasing.						
	ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-4 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Analysis DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-4 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows						
40.	The liquidity ratio is an indicator of a family's ability to pay current debts if there is an interruption in income.						
	ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-4 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-4 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows						
41.	The savings ratio indicates the percentage of after-tax income that is saved.						
	ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-4 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-4 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows						
42.	The level of the debt service ratio would indicate your ability to meet loan payments out of current income.						
	ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-4 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Application DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-4 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows						
43.	You have a balanced budget when total income for the year equals or exceeds total expenditures for the year.						

ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-4 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge 44. You may be under-budgeting for food if you continually have monthly deficits in the food category. ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-4 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Application 45. The best way to balance your budget is to increase borrowing. PTS: 1 OBJ: LO: 2-4 ANS: F DIF: Easy NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Synthesis 46. A solvency ratio shows how much "cushion" you have as a protection against insolvency. ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-4 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension 47. Budgeting and record keeping are really the same activity. ANS: F PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-4 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension 48. The best place to keep a budget is in a safe deposit box. ANS: F PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-4 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension 49. Monthly statements and pay stubs can be shredded when year-end statements are received. ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-4 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Analysis 50. When preparing a cash budget, estimating expenses using actual expenses from previous years and by tracking current expenses makes the task easier. ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-4 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge 51. A cash budget has value only if you use it, review it regularly, and keep careful records of income and expenses. ANS: T PTS: 1 OBJ: LO: 2-4 DIF: Easy NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension

52.	One should quickly make important financial decisions soon after a financial shock, such as death divorce.	or
	ANS: F PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-4 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-4 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows	
53.	Using the future value calculations to estimate the funds needed to meet a goal takes compounding into account.	
	ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-6 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Analysis DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-6 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows	
54.	Using time value of money is important when planning for long-term goals.	
	ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-6 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Analysis	
55.	Using time value of money is most important when planning for short-term goals.	
	ANS: F PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-6 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Analysis	
56.	Net income (after taxes) should be used when developing an income and expense statement.	
	ANS: F PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-5 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Analysis	
57.	In a budget, "fun money" is a budget category used for family members to spend as they like witho having to account for how it is spent.	ut
	ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-5 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-5 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows	
58.	Net worth peaks at about age 65 and then diminishes throughout retirement years.	
	ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-6 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge	
59.	Only four categories of spending account for almost 90% of all consumer spending.	
	ANS: F PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-5 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge	
60.	Net worth is greatest for those in their prime working years, about age 55.	
	ANS: F PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-6 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge	

61.	Net worth achieves is highest level beginning at age 65 and increases throughout retirement years.						
	ANS: F PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills	DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-6 KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge					
62.	Personal financial software is widely availa	ble, much of which is free.					
	ANS: T PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills	DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-6 KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge					
63.	Most personal financial software is available	e at a reasonable cost.					
	ANS: T PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills	DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-6 KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge					
MUL	TIPLE CHOICE						
1.	The balance sheet describes a family's weal a. at a certain point in tine. b. as an annual summary. c. as a time period less than one year. d. at a future time. e. none of these	th					
	ANS: A PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge	DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-1 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows					
2.	The three parts of your balance sheet are a. income, liabilities, balance. b. assets, expenditures, balance. c. assets, liabilities, balance. d. assets, liabilities, net worth. e. income, liabilities, net worth.						
	ANS: D PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge	DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-1 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows					
3.	A(n) would not be listed as an asset of a. mortgaged home b. savings account c. owned automobile d. checking account e. leased automobile	n your balance sheet.					
	ANS: E PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension	DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-2 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows					
4.	When Phil lists his house on his balance shea. actual purchase price.b. replacement value.c. insured value.	eet, he should record the					

	d. sale price.		
	e. fair market value.		
	ANS: E PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge	DIF: STA:	Easy OBJ: LO: 2-2 DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows
5.	Your is an example of a liquid asset. a. home b. car c. checking account d. charge account e. life insurance cash value		
	ANS: C PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge	DIF: STA:	Easy OBJ: LO: 2-2 DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows
6.	Kathy purchased new furniture for \$10,000 \$350 per month until the loan is paid off. Wa. The furniture should be recorded as an ab. The \$9,000 is entered as a liability on Katha. The furniture should be recorded as a \$1.00 d. The \$350 payments are expenditures or the absolute the same and the same are correct except c.	Thich of asset of Lathy's 1,000 e	S\$10,000 on Kathy's balance sheet. balance sheet. xpenditure on Kathy's balance sheet.
	ANS: E PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Synthesis		Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-2 DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows
7.	mortgage was for \$90,000. The house has a of \$200,000. They still owe \$55,000 on the	current ir home	ck, Texas in 1980 for \$100,000. Their original home market value of \$175,000 and a replacement value mortgage. Sam and Sally are now constructing ected on their current personal balance sheet?
	ANS: C PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation	DIF: STA:	Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-2 DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows
8.	is an example of an personal asset. a. Jewelry b. Recreational equipment c. Corporate bond d. Charge account balance e. Auto insurance premium		
	ANS: A PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills	DIF: STA:	Easy OBJ: LO: 2-2 DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Application

a. purchase plan. b. line of credit. c. financial statement. d. detailed financial forecast. e. set of personal financial objectives. PTS: 1 OBJ: LO: 2-1 DIF: Easy NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge 10. The main purpose of a budget is to develop goals. develop a financial plan. c. give feedback to the plan. d. monitor and control financial outcomes. e. revise goals. PTS: 1 ANS: D OBJ: LO: 2-1 DIF: Easy NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension 11. Budgets are a. restrictive. b. complicated. c. are forward looking. d. permanent. e. unnecessary. ANS: C OBJ: LO: 2-1 PTS: 1 DIF: Easy NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge 12. would not be listed as a liability on your balance sheet. Taxes owed b. Loan balances c. Bank credit card charges d. Savings accounts e. Rent due ANS: D PTS: 1 OBJ: LO: 2-2 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Application 13. would not be a long-term financial goal. a. Purchasing a new car b. Providing adequate life insurance c. Reducing income taxes d. Paying your phone bill e. Planning for retirement ANS: D PTS: 1 OBJ: LO: 2-1 DIF: Easy NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Application

9. A budget is a

- 14. Net worth is measured by
 - a. bank card balances.
 - b. house mortgage balances.
 - c. amount owed on an automobile loan.
 - d. assets minus liabilities.
 - e. insurance premium.

ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-2

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge

- 15. Balance sheet liabilities should be recorded at their
 - a. original outstanding balance.
 - b. year-end outstanding balance.
 - c. average outstanding balance.
 - d. current outstanding balance.
 - e. none of these.

ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-2

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge

- 16. On the balance sheet, a mortgage loan is recorded as the
 - a. interest only.
 - b. sum of interest paid and the outstanding balance.
 - c. sum of interest due and the outstanding balance.
 - d. principal portion only.
 - e. none of the above.

ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-2

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge

- 17. Another term sometimes used instead of net worth is
 - a. assets.
 - b. net debts.
 - c. long-term liabilities
 - d. equity.
 - e. liquid assets.

ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-2

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge

- 18. The balance sheet equation is:
 - a. Total Assets / Total Liabilities = Net Worth.
 - b. Total Assets \times Total Liabilities = Net Worth.
 - c. Total Assets Total Liabilities = Net Worth.
 - d. Total Assets + Total Liabilities = Net Worth.
 - e. Total Liabilities Total Assets = Net Worth.

ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-2

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge

19.	Mandy and Jeff have a net worth of \$25,000 and total assets of \$140,000. If their revolving credit and unpaid bills total \$2,200, what are their total liabilities? a. \$115,000 b. \$140,000 c. \$142,200 d. \$165,000 e. \$167,200					
	ANS: A PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation		Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-2 DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows			
20.	Sonny and Cher have a net worth of \$35,00 unpaid bills total \$2,200, what are their long a. \$115,000 b. \$140,000 c. \$142,200 d. \$162,800 e. \$165,000		otal assets of \$200,000. If their revolving credit and liabilities?			
	ANS: D PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation		Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-2 DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows			
21.	You are solvent if your a. total liabilities exceed total assets. b. total assets exceed total liabilities. c. total assets exceed net worth. d. total liabilities exceed net worth. e. none of these.					
	ANS: B PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension	DIF: STA:	Easy OBJ: LO: 2-2 DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows			
22.	The income and expenditures statement exa a. level. b. performance. c. position. d. assets. e. objectives.	nmines :	your financial			
	ANS: B PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension	DIF: STA:	Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-3 DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows			
23.	The income statement is specific to a. one point in time. b. a specific period of time. c. last year. d. next year. e. none of these.					
	ANS: B PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills	DIF: STA:	Easy OBJ: LO: 2-3 DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows			

KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge 24. The income statement includes a. income, liabilities, net worth. b. income, expenditures, surplus or deficit. c. expenditures, net worth, surplus or deficit. d. net worth, surplus, income or expenditures. e. savings, surplus, income or expenditures. DIF: Moderate PTS: 1 OBJ: LO: 2-3 ANS: B NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge 25. On an income statement covering January 1 to June 30, ___ would not be included as income. a. wages and salaries received in that six months b. interest received on June 30 c. auto sold with payment received May 15 d. inheritance granted in April, to be paid in September e. income tax refund received April 14 ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-3 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge 26. You are more likely to achieve your goals when a. your income is high. b. goal dates are inflexible. c. short- and long-term goals are established separately. d. goals are reassessed and revised periodically. e. one person controls all goals in the household. PTS: 1 OBJ: LO: 2-4 ANS: D DIF: Easy NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension 27. You would not include on an income and expenditures statement. a. the value of your stock portfolio b. taxes withheld c. utilities paid d. mortgage payments charitable payments ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-3 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Application 28. I should not record on an income/expense statement covering January 1 to June 30. a. an \$800 refrigerator bought on credit May 30 b. a paid March telephone bill c. health insurance premiums deducted from monthly pay checks d. checking account service charges e. groceries bought and paid for in June

DIF: Moderate

OBJ: LO: 2-3

STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

PTS: 1

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills

KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge

- 29. would be an example of a periodic expense.
 - a. Food
 - b. Vacation
 - c. Utilities
 - d. Taxes
 - e. none of these

ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-3

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Application

- 30. The most common budgeting period is a
 - a. week.
 - b. month.
 - c. quarter.
 - d. semi-annually.
 - e. bi-weekly.

ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-5

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge

- 31. A cash budget should help you to
 - a. achieve your short-term financial goals.
 - b. implement disciplined spending.
 - c. eliminate impulse spending.
 - d. allocate funds to savings and investments.
 - e. do all of these

ANS: E PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-5

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension

- 32. All of the following are stages in preparing a cash budget except:
 - a. estimating income
 - b. estimating expenses
 - c. calculating depreciation expense
 - d. finalizing the cash budget

ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-5

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge

- 33. A cash budget helps you:
 - a. Monitor and control your finances.
 - b. Decide how to allocate your income to reach your financial goals.
 - c. Achieve your long-term financial goals.
 - d. All of the above.
 - e. A & B only.

ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-5

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension

34. When a cash surplus exists on your income and expenditure statements, you can a. acquire assets. b. pay off existing debts. c. increase your savings. d. increase your investments. e. do any of the above. ANS: E PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-5 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Application 35. Russ buys his wife a valuable painting for \$20,000. He purchases it using \$15,000 from his savings and a \$5,000 loan. How does this transaction affect Russ' balance sheet? a. His assets increase b. His liabilities increase c. His net worth stays the same d. a and b e. a, b and c ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-2 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Application 36. If your statement of income and expenditures shows a deficit, you may have a. increased your debts. b. increased your assets. c. added to savings. d. bought additional insurance. e. paid off some of your debts. DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-3 ANS: A PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Application , your net worth on the balance sheet would have increased from one period to the next. a. liabilities increased and assets remained constant b. liabilities increased and assets decreased c. assets increased and liabilities remain constant d. income increased e. none of these ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-2 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Application 38. The Wilson family's short-term goals might include a. setting up an emergency fund of three months' income b. buying a house c. sending the kids to college d. planning to retire at age 60 e. all of these PTS: 1 OBJ: LO: 2-1 ANS: A DIF: Easy NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Application 39. If your total assets equal \$50,000 and your total liabilities equal \$15,000; your debt ratio is a. 30%. b. 70%. c. 143%. d. 233%. e. 333%. PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-4 ANS: A NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation 40. If your total assets equal \$87,000 and your total liabilities equal \$10,000; your solvency ratio is a. 11.5%. b. 13.0%. c. 77.0%. d. 87.0%. e. 88.5%. ANS: E PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-4 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation 41. Using balance sheet information, the ____ ratio indicates your ability to meet current debt payments. a. solvency b. liquidity c. cash d. savings e. debt service ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-4 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension 42. Kim's net worth is \$85,000 and her total assets are \$100,000. What is Kim's solvency ratio? a. 15% b. 25% c. 65% d. 85% e. 100% ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-4 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation 43. A savings ratio expresses the a. percentage of gross income saved. b. ability to cover immediate debt when there is an interruption in income. c. percentage of after-tax income saved. d. percentage of tax-deferred income earned annually. e. none of the above. ANS: C PTS: 1 OBJ: LO: 2-4 DIF: Moderate

STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills

KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge

c. at 35%.d. below 35%.

44.	Your total cash income is \$40,000. You pay \$50,000 savings ratio is a. 7.5% b. 10.0% c. 12.5%. d. 13.3%. e. 14.3%.	\$5,000	in taxes and \$30,000 in other expenses. Your
			Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-4 DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows
45.	Your total cash income is \$80,000. You pay 5 savings ratio is a. 10.0% b. 14.3% c. 15.0%. d. 16.7%. e. 17.5%.	\$8,000	in taxes and \$60,000 in other expenses. Your
			Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-4 DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows
46.	Mindy and Lou had liquid assets of \$10,000 a. 25% b. 33% c. 67% d. 150% e. 300%	and cu	arrent debts of \$30,000. What is their liquidity ratio?
			Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-4 DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows
47.	Jacque's total monthly loan payments are \$1, her debt service ratio? a. 34% b. 43% c. 50% d. 75% e. 82%	,020 w	hile her gross income is \$3,000 per month. What is
		DIF: STA:	Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-4 DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows
48.	In order to minimize the difficulty associated ratio should be a. above 50%. b. below 50%.	d with	meeting monthly loan payments, the debt service

	e. above 20%.
	ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-4 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-4 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows
49.	Mike and Teresa Garza have a monthly gross income of \$5,000, but they pay \$1,000 per month in taxes. They also pay \$2,000 per month in various loan payments. What is their debt service ratio? a. 20% b. 30% c. 40% d. 50% e. 60%
	ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-4 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-4 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows
50.	When estimating income for the income and expense statement, you should a. use gross income. b. include expected pay increases. c. adjust for inflation. d. use net income. e. none of these
	ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-3 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-3 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows
51.	The expenditure categories for your budget should be determined by a. the BLS Urban Family Budget categories. b. purchased budget book headings. c. those used in previous years. d. current and expected future spending. e. itemized tax deductions.
	ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-5 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-5 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows
52.	The need for budget adjustments is indicated when a. income is stable. b. account deficits and surpluses balance out. c. account deficits are more than surpluses. d. a new calendar year begins. e. short-term financial goals are achieved.
	ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-5 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-5 STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows
53.	The best approach to solving the problem of an annual budget deficit is generally to

a. liquidate enough savings to make up the deficit.
b. sell stock to make up the deficit.
c. reduce flexible expenditures.

- d. reduce fixed expenses.
- e. get a part time job.

ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-5

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation

- 54. What can you do if your budget shows an annual budget deficit?
 - a. Liquidate enough savings and investments to meet the total budget shortfall for the year.
 - b. Borrow enough to meet the total budget shortfall for the year.
 - c. Cut low-priority expenses from the budget.
 - d. Increase Income.
 - e. All of the above.

ANS: E PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-5

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation

- 55. To determine how effectively the budget is working, you can use
 - a. the balance sheet.
 - b. the income statement.
 - c. income and expenditure records.
 - d. year-end financial statements.
 - e. financial goals.

ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-5

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation

- 56. Dual-income families often face
 - a. reduced employee benefit options.
 - b. increased complexity in their money management systems.
 - c. reduced expenditures as a result of the second job.
 - d. reduced taxes due to tax breaks.
 - e. increased time to spend with the family.

ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-5

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge

- 57. Which of the following has been determined to be the best way for dual-income families to handle their money management?
 - a. Place all income into a single, joint account.
 - b. Have each spouse contribute equal amounts to a joint account for family expenses.
 - c. Have each spouse contribute an equal proportion of their incomes to a joint account for family expenses.
 - d. Have one spouse make all the financial decisions
 - e. None of the above.

ANS: E PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-5

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows

KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge

58. Your investment advisor wants you to purchase an annuity that will pay you \$25,000 per year for 10 years. If you require a 7% return, what is the most you should pay for this investment?

- a. \$ 49,179
- b. \$175,590
- c. \$201,000
- d. \$225,682
- e. \$250,000

ANS: B

PMT = 25,000

PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-6 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills

STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation

- 59. Theresa invested \$5,000 in an account she expects will earn 7% annually. Approximately how many years will it take for the account to double in value?
 - a. 8
 - b. 9
 - c. 10
 - d. 11
 - e. 12

ANS: C

72/7 = 10

PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-6 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills

STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation

- 60. Jamil invested \$9,500 in an account he expects will earn 5% annually. Approximately how many years will it take for the account to double in value?
 - a. 8.8
 - b. 9.7
 - c. 10.8
 - d. 11.4
 - e. 14.4

ANS: E

72/5 = 14.4

PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-6 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills

STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation

- 61. Phil has \$2,000 and he needs it to grow to \$4,000 in 8 years. Assuming he adds no more money to this fund, what rate of return would he need to earn?
 - a. 6%
 - b. 7%
 - c. 8%
 - d. 9%
 - e. 10%

ANS: D

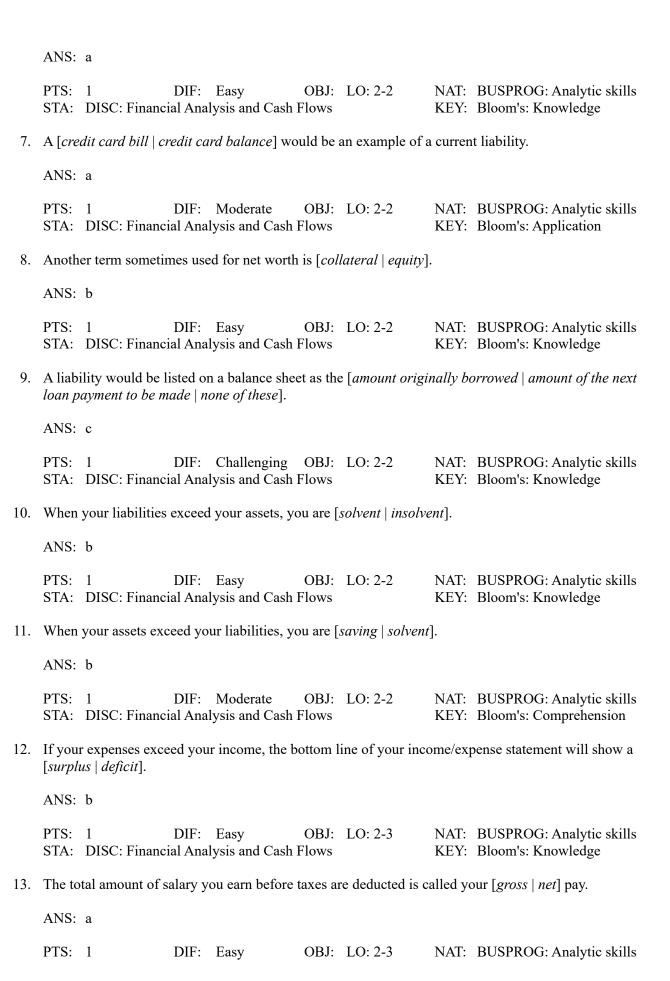
72/x = 8, 72 = 8x, 72/8 = x, 9% = x

PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-6 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills

STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation

62.	Michael and Sandy purchased a home for \$100,0 is it worth today? a. \$100,000 b. \$106,000 c. \$130,000 d. \$133,823 e. \$135,603 ANS: D PV = 100,000, N = 5, i = 6, FV = 133,823	00 five years ago. If it appreciated 6% annually, what
	PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows	LO: 2-6 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation
63.	worth today? a. \$ 17,000 b. \$ 36,400 c. \$ 50,313 d. \$123,023 e. \$150,000	rty years ago. If it appreciated 8% annually, what is it
	ANS: C PV = 5,000, N = 30, i = 8, FV = 50,313	
	PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows	LO: 2-6 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation
64.	Net worth is highest at about what age? a. 45 b. 55 c. 65	
		Easy OBJ: LO: 2-6 : Bloom's: Knowledge
65.	Which of the following is <i>not</i> among the four cat	egories accounting for almost three-quarters of
		Housing Personal insurance and pensions
		Easy OBJ: LO: 2-6 : Bloom's: Knowledge
66.	spending? a. Utilities	tegories accounting for three-quarters of consumer a and b a, b, and c
		Easy OBJ: LO: 2-6 : Bloom's: Knowledge

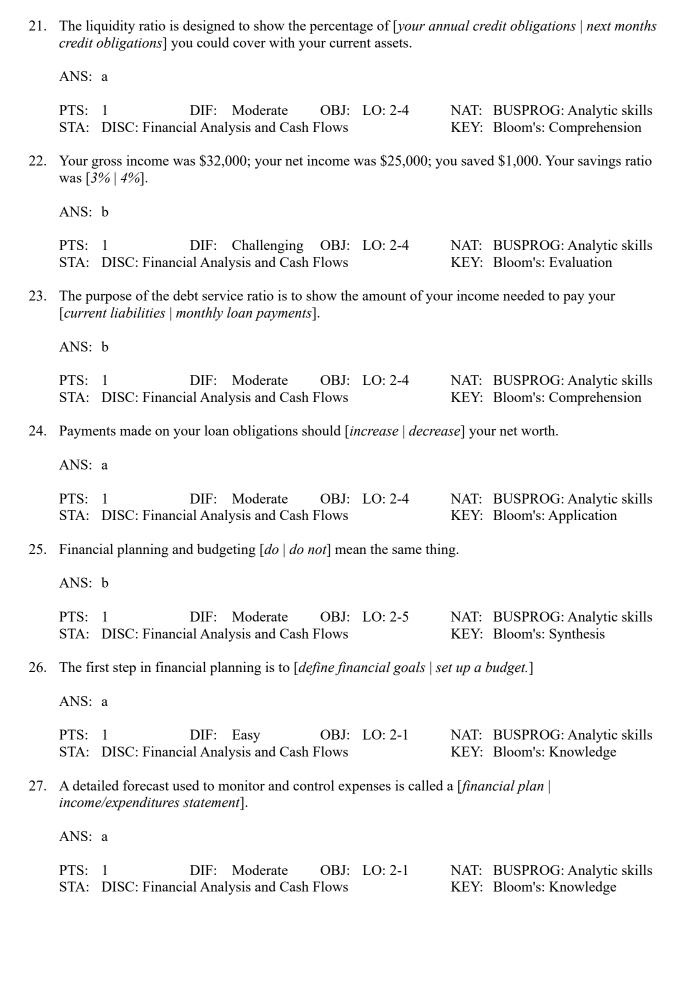
67.	Which of the following is among the four spending? a. Personal insurance and pensions b. Clothing c. Utilities	C	es accounting for al Entertainment Medical	most three-quarters of consumer				
	ANS: A PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills	DIF: KEY:	Easy OB Bloom's: Knowled	J: LO: 2-6 lge				
COM	PLETION							
	INSTRUCTIONS: Choose the word or phrase in [] which will correctly complete the statement. Select A for the first item, B for the second item, and C if neither item will correctly complete the statement.							
1.	A balance sheet provides a statement of yo	our financ	cial [position perfe	ormance].				
	ANS: a							
	PTS: 1 DIF: Easy STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash			T: BUSPROG: Analytic skills Y: Bloom's: Knowledge				
2.	The primary function of financial statement financial position.	nts is to p	provide a picture of	your [actual projected]				
	ANS: a							
	PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash			T: BUSPROG: Analytic skills Y: Bloom's: Comprehension				
3.	An asset must have [market monetary] va	alue to be	included on a bala	nce sheet.				
	ANS: b							
	PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash			T: BUSPROG: Analytic skills Y: Bloom's: Knowledge				
4.	A [savings account retirement account] v	vould be	an example of a liq	uid asset.				
	ANS: a							
	PTS: 1 DIF: Easy STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash			T: BUSPROG: Analytic skills Y: Bloom's: Application				
5.	A [house certificate of deposit] is an exam	nple of a	tangible asset.					
	ANS: a							
	PTS: 1 DIF: Easy STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash			T: BUSPROG: Analytic skills Y: Bloom's: Application				
6.	Investment assets are required to [earn a r	return pi	ovide a service].					

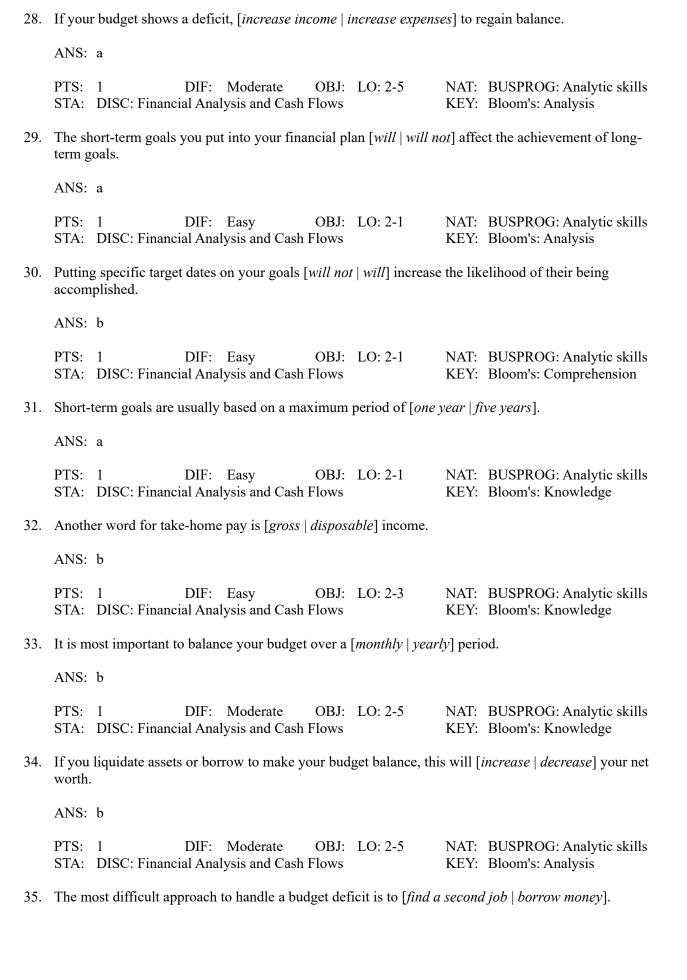


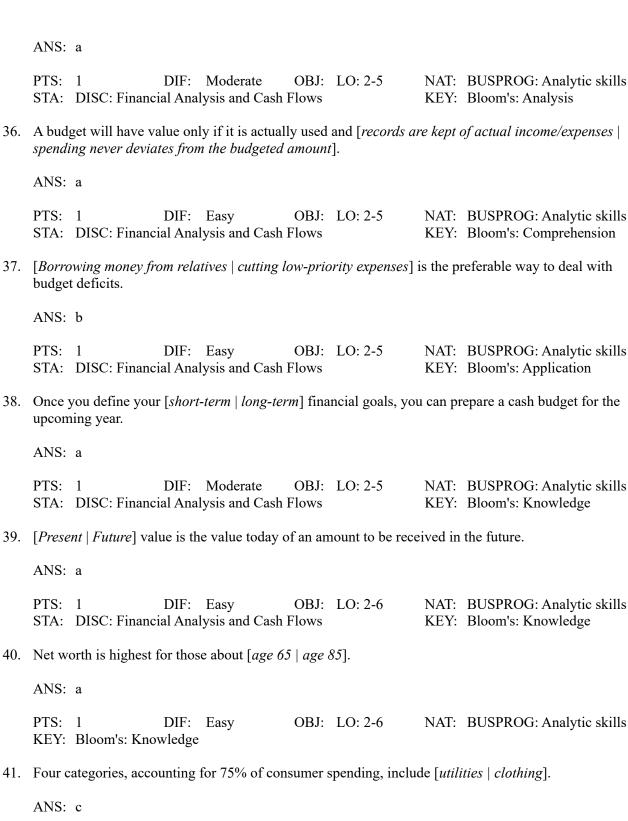
	STA:	DISC: Financ	ial Anal	ysis and Cash	Flows		KEY:	Bloom's: Knowledge
14.						and made two parill show an exp		s of \$75 during the year. On $F[\$150 \mid \$500]$.
	ANS:	a						
	PTS: STA:	1 DISC: Financ		Moderate ysis and Cash		LO: 2-3		BUSPROG: Analytic skills Bloom's: Application
15.	[Medi	cal expenses I	Rent pay	ments] would	be more	e difficult to est	imate f	or the coming year.
	ANS:	a						
	PTS: STA:	1 DISC: Financ	DIF: ial Anal	•		LO: 2-3		BUSPROG: Analytic skills Bloom's: Application
16.		ear has a marke s car as net wo				lance of the loa	n again	ast it is now \$2,500. You will
	ANS:	b						
	PTS: STA:	1 DISC: Financ		Moderate ysis and Cash		LO: 2-2		BUSPROG: Analytic skills Bloom's: Application
17.		ear has a marke s car as an asse					an agai	inst it is now \$2,500. You will
	ANS:	b						
	PTS: STA:	1 DISC: Finance				LO: 2-2		BUSPROG: Analytic skills Bloom's: Application
18.	A defi	cit on your ince	ome/exp	ense statemen	t will h	ave $[an \mid no]$ eff	ect on	your balance sheet.
	ANS:	a						
	PTS: STA:	1 DISC: Financ	DIF: ial Anal	•		LO: 2-3		BUSPROG: Analytic skills Bloom's: Comprehension
19.	If you	pay off your d	ebt but 1	make no chang	ges in yo	our assets, your	net wo	rth will [increase decrease].
	ANS:	a						
	PTS: STA:	1 DISC: Financ	DIF: ial Anal	Moderate ysis and Cash		LO: 2-2		BUSPROG: Analytic skills Bloom's: Application
20.		assets on your l 33%].	palance	sheet are \$6,00	00 and 1	iabilities are \$2	,000. Y	our solvency ratio would be

PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-4 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation

ANS: a







PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-6 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge

42. Four categories, accounting for 75% of consumer spending, include [clothing | housing].

ANS: b

PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-6 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills

KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge

43. Four categories, accounting for 75% of consumer spending, include [entertainment | food].

ANS: b

PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-6 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills

KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge

44. Personal financial software is mostly available for [free | a fee].

ANS: a

PTS: 1 DIF: Easy OBJ: LO: 2-6 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills

KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge

PROBLEM

1. Jean and Jim have liquid assets of \$3,600 and other assets of \$42,800. Their total liabilities equal \$26,000. What is their net worth? (Show all work.)

ANS:

Total Assets \$46,400

Less: Total Liabilities 26,000
Equal: Net Worth \$20,400

PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-2 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills

STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation

2. Rosa and Jose have liquid assets of \$5,000 and other assets of \$50,000. Their total liabilities equal \$26,000. What is their net worth? (Show all work.)

ANS:

Total Assets \$50,000

Less: Total Liabilities 26,000 Equal: Net Worth \$29,000

PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-2 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills

STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation

3. The Hart family spends 30 percent of their disposable income on housing, 5 percent on medical expenses, 25 percent on food, 10 percent on clothing, 14 percent on loan repayments, and 8 percent on entertainment. How much of their disposable income is available for savings and investment? (Show all work.)

ANS:

100%- [30 + 5 + 25 + 10 + 14 + 8%] = 100% - 92% = 8% for savings

PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-3 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills

STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation

4. Construct a balance sheet from the following information. Be sure the format is correct. (Show all work.)

Cash on hand	\$ 75
Bank credit card balance	1,200
Utility bill (over due)	100
Auto loan balance	3,500
Mortgage	75,000
Primary residence	105,000
Jewelry	2,000
Stocks	17,500
Coin collection	2,500
2001 Toyota	7,500

ANS:

Assets:			Liabilities:		
Cash on hand	\$	75			
Primary residence		105,000	Utilities	\$	100
2001 Toyota		7,500	Bank credit cards		1,200
Jewelry		2,000	Auto loan		3,500
Stocks		17,500	Mortgage	_	75.000
Coin Collection		2.500			
Total Assets	9	3134,575	Total Liabilities		\$79,800
Net Worth	\$	54,775			

PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-2 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation

5. Construct a balance sheet from the following information. Be sure the format is correct. (Show all work.)

Cash on hand	\$	500
Bank credit card balance	Ψ	750
Taxes due		500
Utility bills (over due)		120
Auto loan balance		6,000
Mortgage		45,000
Primary residence		60,000
Jewelry		1,200
Stocks		6,000
Coin collection		2,500
2001 Toyota		7,500
Auto payment		250
ANIG		

1	N	N	C	•
₽	1	LN	S	•

Assets:		Liabilities:		
Cash on hand	\$ 500	Utilities	\$	120
Primary residence	60,000	Taxes		500
2001 Toyota	7,500	Bank credit cards		750
Jewelry	1,200	Auto loan		6,000
Stocks	6,000	Mortgage	_	45.000
Coin Collection	2.500			
Total Assets	\$77,700	Total Liabilities	\$	552,370

Net Worth \$25,330

PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-2 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation

6. Inflation this coming year is expected to be 4 percent. If Mr. Gonza earned \$37,000 this year, how much must be earn the following year just to keep up with inflation and maintain the balance between his income and his increasing expenditures? (Show all work.)

ANS: \$37,000 + .04(\$37,000) \$37,000 + \$1,480 = \$38,480 OR \$37,000 × 1.04 = \$38.480

PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-6 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation

7. Inflation this coming year is expected to be 3 percent. If Mr. Gonza earned \$45,000 this year, how much must be earn the following year just to keep up with inflation and maintain the balance between his income and his increasing expenditures? (Show all work.)

ANS: \$45,000 + .03(\$45,000) \$45,000 + \$1,350 = \$46,350 OR \$45,000 × 1.03 = \$46,350

PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate OBJ: LO: 2-6 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation

8. Jamie wants to have \$1,000,000 for her retirement in 25 years. How much should she save annually if she thinks she can earn 10% on her investments?

ANS:

FV = 1,000,000 N = 25 I = 10 PMT = 10,168.07

PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-6 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation

9. The Hamptons want to have \$1,750,000 for their retirement in 30 years. How much should they save annually if they think they can earn 8% on their investments?

ANS:

FV = 1,750,000 N = 30 I = 8 PMT = 15,448

PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-6 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills

STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation

10. The Flemings will need \$80,000 annually for 20 years during retirement. How much will they need at retirement if they can earn a 4% rate of return?

ANS:

PTS: 1 DIF: Challenging OBJ: LO: 2-6 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic skills

STA: DISC: Financial Analysis and Cash Flows KEY: Bloom's: Evaluation