https://selldocx.com/products/test-bank-principles-of-marketing-14e-kotler

Exam	g i io none	•
Name		
MULTIPLE CHOICE. (Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question	
A) fact B) purpose C) financia D) sustaina		1)
*	fferent kind of company, different kind of a car"; the Hummer is "like nothing else." ch as these reflect a firm's portfolio ng mix arkets ing A)	2)
-	ciating	3)
	C) D) E)	

5) _	
6) -	

7) Which of the fo	llowing involves looking at whether a company's basic strategies are well matched	7)
to its opportuni	ties?	
A) portfolio	analysis	
B) operating	control	
C) ROMI		
D) strategic o	control	
E) marketing	g control	
Answer: D		
Explanation:	A)	
	B)	
	c)	
	D)	
	E)	
	<u>-,</u>	
8) Unlike strategic	e-planning efforts of the past, which were conducted primarily by senior managers,	8)
	c planning is	
A) limitation		
B) short-terr		
C) centralize		
D) decentrali		
E) product o		
•	Heriteu	
Answer: D		
Explanation:	A)	
	B)	
	C)	
	D)	
	E)	
	ving are examples of product-oriented mission statements EXCEPT which one?	9)
A) "We sell s		
•	notel rooms."	
·	n online video service."	
	ifestyle and self-expression; success and status; memories, hopes, and dreams."	
E) "We run t	heme parks."	
Answer: D		
Explanation:	A)	
	B)	
	C)	
	D)	
	E)	

10) Which of the f	ollowing is NOT a reason that a firm might want to abandon products or markets?	10)
A) The firm	has entered areas in which it does not have expertise.	
B) The firm	has not properly researched foreign markets which it has entered.	
C) The mar	ket has changed, making some of the products less profitable.	
·	nomic environment is showing signs of recovery.	
· ·	has grown too rapidly.	
Answer: D		
Explanation:	۸)	
Ехріанаціон.	A)	
	B)	
	C)	
	D)	
	E)	
11) A !		11)
11) An increasing	ly large number of firms are changing their organizational focus from to	11)
 A) alabal m	anagement; regional management	
. •		
	anagement; customer management	
	management; geographic management	
	management; functional management	
E) geograp	hic management; functional management	
Answer: B		
Explanation:	A)	
'	В)	
	Ć)	
	D)	
	E)	
	-)	
12) Most portfolio	analysis methods evaluate SBUs on two dimensions, namely and	12)
·		
A) market p	penetration; market development	
B) market s	hare; strength of the SBU's position	
C) market o	r industry attractiveness; strength of the SBU's position	
· ·	prowth rates; profits	
	liversification; relative market share	
Answer: C		
	۸)	
Explanation:	A)	
	B)	
	C)	
	D)	
	E)	

13) Modern mark	eting departments are a	rranged in the followi	ng ways EXCEPT w	hich one?	13)
A) function	al organization				
B) geograpl	nic organization				
C) strategic	management organizat	ion			
D) market r	nanagement organizatio	on			
E) product	management organizat	ion			
Answer: C					
Explanation:	A)				
	B)				
	C)				
	D)				
	E)				
14) Managata and				aduata Tha	1.4)
	rates in many businessenes its as creat				14)
	elivery network	ing abundant rood at	id a ricaltity crivitori	iiiiciit.	
B) business	,				
•	ng development				
D) strategy	ig development				
E) mission					
Answer: E	۸)				
Explanation:	A)				
	B)				
	C)				
	D)				
	E)				
15) In a basic SW0	OT analysis the "T" stand	ds for			15)
A) tangible	B) trade	C) timing	D) trust	E) threats	-
Answer: E					
Explanation:	A)				
•	B)				
	c)				
	D)				
	É)				
	·				
•	ng, it is most important	for marketers to deve	lop for the	ir products.	16)
A) unique r	narket positions				
B) market r	nanagement organization	ons			
C) marketir	ng dashboards				
D) marketir					
E) custome	r management organiza	itions			
Answer: A					
Explanation:	A)				
·	В)				
	C)				
	D)				
	E)				

	sales to current customers without changing a firm's products is	17)
· ·	levelopment	
B) market p		
C) diversifice	cation	
D) market a	ttractiveness	
E) product	development	
Answer: B		
Explanation:	A)	
Explanation.	В)	
	C)	
	D)	
	E)	
A) marketin B) a market C) a budget D) SWOT aı	ing audit	18)
	tive suffilling y	
Answer: A		
Explanation:	A)	
	B)	
	C)	
	D)	
	E)	
A) A missio B) A missio C) A missio D) A missio E) A missio	owing are accurate guidelines for a company's mission statement EXCEPT which one? In statement should motivate employees. In statement should emphasize the company's strengths in the marketplace. In statement should be narrow. In statement should be realistic. In statement should be specific.	19)
Answer: C		
Explanation:	A)	
	B)	
	C)	
	D)	
	E)	
	introduced a debit card that lets customers prepay for coffee and snacks. This effort management is an example of	20)
_	development	
B) product a	·	
·	development	
D) diversific		
E) market p		
-	GIIGH AHUH	
Answer: E		
Explanation:	A)	
	B)	
	C)	
	D)	
	E 1	

21) Which of the fo	ollowing can be a company division, a product line within a division, or sometimes a	21)
single product		
A) a market		
	lelivery network	
C) the BCG		
D) an SBU		
E) a PLC		
Answer: D		
Explanation:	A)	
	B)	
	C) D)	
	E)	
22) are lo	ow-growth, high share businesses or products. They generate a lot of cash that the	22)
•	y its bills and support other SBUs that need investment.	,
A) Dogs		
B) Stars		
C) Cash cov	VS	
D) Cats		
E) Question	marks	
Answer: C		
Explanation:	A)	
	B)	
	C)	
	D) E)	
	<u>L)</u>	
23) Which of the fo	ollowing is NOT a step in the strategic planning process?	23)
	ng all members of the value chain	
	ompany objectives and goals	
	g the business portfolio	
D) planning	marketing and other functional strategies	
E) defining	the company mission	
Answer: A		
Explanation:	A)	
	B)	
	C)	
	D)	

 27) Berman Electric, a chain of 18 appliance stores, has a marketing organization in which specialists head different marketing activities. What is this type of organization called? A) organic B) market C) geographic 	27)
D) functional E) product	
Answer: D Explanation: A) B) C) D) E)	
28) If Under Armour, the successful maker of moisture-wicking shirts and shorts, considered	28)
introducing a line of Under Armour fitness equipment, the company would be considering ———————————————————————————————————	
 29) The process of customer-driven marketing involves which of the following? A) analysis; targeting; implementation; control B) problem identification; information search; decision; implementation C) product; price; promotion; adaptation D) market segmentation; market targeting; differentiation; positioning E) marketing analysis; planning; implementation; feedback 	29)
Answer: D Explanation: A) B) C) D) E)	

30) Which of the following provides an answer to these questions: What is our business? Who a customers? What do our customers value? What should our business be? A) a business portfolio B) a mission statement C) objectives and goals D) operational strategies E) marketing and functional strategies Answer: B Explanation: A) B) C) D) E)	are our 30)
31) Which of the following involves evaluating each market segment's attractiveness and select or more segments to enter? A) market segmentation B) differentiation C) market targeting D) positioning E) servicing Answer: C Explanation: A) B) C) D) E)	ing one 31)
32) Emerson Studios, a chain of 25 portrait stores in five states, has organized its marketing organization into groups headed by a sales manager, an advertising manager, and a customer-service manager. What type of organization is this? A) functional B) customer C) geographic D) product E) market Answer: A Explanation: A) B) C) D) F)	32)

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	olan to lower prices in an effort to encourage customers to stay longer, visit more	33)
A) market pB) customerC) diversificD) product of	development	
Answer: A		
Explanation:	A)	
·	B)	
	C)	
	D)	
	E)	
34) Walmart, the v	vorld's largest retailer, has successfully launched its stores in Mexico, Canada, the	34)
U.K., Germany	, and other nations. This is an example of how Walmart is pursuing as a	
growth strateg	y.	
A) geograph	nic market development	
B) diversific		
	development	
D) market p		
E) demogra	phic market development	
Answer: A		
Explanation:	A)	
	B)	
	C)	
	D)	
	E)	

35) After managen	nent has	identified the key	businesses makir	ng up its company, wha	t is the next step	35)
B) identifyir C) deciding D) completii E) identifyir	the attrang SBUs whethering short	activeness of its SE to harvest any bu range planning esses in which to i	ısinesses			
Answer: A Explanation:	A)					
·	B)					
	C)					
	D) E)					
	·					
. •	_	•	•	JV protection for people levelopment of lenses th		36)
protecting user spotting. This recompany belies specialized mathis new marker A) opportun B) strengths C) threats D) trends E) weights	rs from Unew feat ves it ca rket in c et. nities	JV rays, will also I ture will be valuab n use the	have effective wat le to people who _ of its reputation	er-sheeting action to refises the er-sheeting action to refish. In terms of a SWO as a sunglass manufacturing facilities and la	duce lens F analysis, the urer for a	
Answer: B	۵.					
Explanation:	A) B) C) D) E)					
37) In the four Ps of	of the ma	arketing mix, desiç	gn, packaging, ser	vices, and variety all fal	I under the	37)
category of A) place	·	B) promotion	C) price	D) position	E) product	
Answer: E		b) promotion	C) price	D) position	L) product	
Explanation:	A)					
	B)					
	C) D)					
	E)					

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38) Fun-Spot's mis	ssion is	38)	
A) market-c	priented		
B) too focus	ed on profits		
C) too speci	fic		
D) product-	oriented		
E) technolog	gy-oriented		
Answer: A			
Explanation:	A)		
·	B)		
	C)		
	D)		
	E)		
	icher set coverer bllower	39)	
Expranation.	B)		
	C)		
	D)		
	E)		

40) Starbucks Coff	ee has recently begun selling and playing compilation CDs and is supporting its own	40)
A) market o B) partner o C) diversific	levelopment cation development	
Answer: C		
Explanation:	A) B) C) D) E)	
	oroach, are high-share, high-growth businesses or products. They need ent to finance rapid growth. When their growth slows down, they turn into	41)
•	estion marks marks; dogs h cows	
Answer: A Explanation:	A) B) C) D) E)	
_	Ps are compared to the four Cs. Product and place are called and	42)
B) commun C) convenie D) commun	ectivery. solution; convenience ication; convenience nce; customer solution ication; customer solution cost; convenience	
Answer: A Explanation:	A) B) C) D) E)	

43) In the Boston Consulting Group approach, the market.	serves as a measure of company strength in	43)
A) market diversification		
B) market growth rate		
C) relative market share		
D) market development		
E) market segmentation		
Answer: C		
Explanation: A)		
, B)		
C)		
D)		
E)		
40.0		4.4
44) Serengeti makes lightweight sunglasses with 100	• • • •	44)
hunt, hike, and bike ride. Its long-term plans incle protecting users from UV rays, will also have effe	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
spotting. This new feature will be valuable to peo		
fishing is one of the fastest growing sports in the U		
Serengeti has recognized a market	Since states. In terms of a Swell analysis,	
A) threat		
B) weakness		
C) opportunity		
D) strength		
E) trend		
Answer: C		
Explanation: A)		
B)		
C)		
D)		
E)		
45) Which of the following is the principle objective o	f a market-oriented mission statement?	45)
A) to satisfy basic customer needs	a market offented mission statement.	
B) to satisfy basic stockholder needs		
C) to satisfy basic partnership needs		
D) to satisfy basic owner needs		
E) to satisfy basic supplier needs		
Answer: A		
Explanation: A)		
B)		
C)		
D)		
E)		

 46) While a valuable planning tool, the BCG matrix is p A) the present instead of the future B) the future instead of the present C) the past instead of the present D) financial issues instead of the customer E) the customer instead of suppliers 	roblematic in that it focuses on	46)
Answer: A Explanation: A) B) C) D) E)		
 47) IBM has its sales and marketing people assigned to districts. This is an example of which type of market A) psychographic B) divisional C) geographic D) product E) functional Answer: C Explanation: A) B) C) D) E) 		47)
48) In the BCG matrix, income from can be use marks and stars. A) pruned SBUs B) exclamation marks C) dogs D) holding SBUs E) cash cows Answer: E Explanation: A) B) C) D) E)	ed to help finance the company's question	48)

		organizational system's main advantage is that the company is organized around the fic market segments.	49)
	A) geograph	<u> </u>	
	B) function		
	C) market n	nanagement	
	D) vertical		
	E) product	management	
	Answer: C		
	Explanation:	A)	
		B)	
		C)	
		D)	
		E)	
50)	Lucy Ortiz is n	preparing a PowerPoint presentation of the marketing process to show at a sales	50)
-		should appear in the center of her diagram depicting marketing strategies and	
	the marketing		
	A) Competi		
	B) Company		
	C) Custome	r retention rates	
	D) Sales goa	als	
	E) Custome	er value and relationships	
	Answer: E		
	Explanation:	A)	
		B)	
		C)	
		D)	
		F)	

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51) Into which quadrant of the BCG matrix does Fun-Spot fall?A) profit centerB) diversificationC) star	51)
D) dog	
E) question mark	
Answer: C	
Explanation: A)	
B)	
C)	
D)	
E)	
52) Which of the following is NOT a market-oriented business definition?	52)
A) "to sell tools and home repair and improvement items"	
B) "to nourish lives by making them healthier, easier, and richer"	
C) "to bring inspiration and innovation to every athlete in the world"	
D) "to deliver low prices every day" [5] "to be the guardien of our systematic financial dragme"	
E) "to be the guardian of our customers' financial dreams"	
Answer: A	
Explanation: A)	
B)	
C)	
D) E)	
∟ <i>)</i>	

53) When dealing with a(n)	_, managers must decide whether to invest in it in an attempt to	53)
build it into a star or cash cow or	whether to phase it out.	
A) cat		
B) cash cow		
C) question mark		
D) dog		
E) exclamation mark		
Answer: C		
Explanation: A)		
B)		
C)		
D)		
E)		
_,		
54) A sound marketing strategy beg	ins with which of the following?	54)
A) BCG analysis	ŭ	,
B) promotion		
C) positioning		
D) differentiation		
E) customer analysis		
Answer: E		
Explanation: A)		
B)		
C)		
D)		
E)		
_,		
55) The marketing control process en	ntails the following steps in order: setting goals,,	55)
evaluating performance, and	·	
A) measuring performance; ta	king corrective action	
B) taking corrective action; fo		
C) taking corrective action; m		
D) evaluating goals; measurin	= ·	
E) achieving goals; measuring		
Answer: A		
Explanation: A)		
B)		
C)		
D)		
E)		
E)		

56) Each department in a company that carries out value-creating activities can be thought of as a link	56)
in the company's A) supplier chain B) market development C) product development D) value chain E) business portfolio	· -
Answer: D Explanation: A) B) C) D) E)	
57) Harris, the marketing manager at a small sports retail chain, has conducted a marketing analysis. He has investigated the company's internal resources and situational factors, as well as factors and trends in the competitive sports retail chain market. Which of the following has Harris completed? A) an executive summary B) a marketing plan C) a marketing mix D) a business portfolio analysis E) a SWOT analysis	57)
Answer: E Explanation: A) B) C) D) E)	
58) Which of the following involves adapting a firm to take advantage of opportunities in its constantly changing environment? A) media planning B) short-range planning C) long-range planning D) annual planning E) strategic planning Answer: E	58)
Explanation: A) B) C) D)	

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type of strateg A) market d B) diversific C) product o	evelopment eation development development	59)
Answer: C Explanation:	A) B) C) D) E)	
consumers. Th A) diversific B) growth- C) market co D) value del	on sound relationships with its low-cost suppliers in order to pass low prices on to us, forming a is crucial to Walmart's success. cation strategy share matrix concept philosophy ivery network relationship management policy	60)
Answer: D Explanation:	A) B) C) D) E)	

61) Which of the fo	ollowing would NOT be useful in determining marketing ROI?	61)
A) market sł	nare	-
B) customer	equity	
C) brand aw	vareness	
D) SWOT ar	nalysis	
•	ng dashboard	
Answer: D		
Explanation:	۸)	
Explanation.	A)	
	B)	
	C)	
	D)	
	E)	
with their supp	like Honda Motor Co. and Walmart stores have designed programs to work closely bliers to help them reduce their costs and improve quality. This illustrates the an efficient	62)
A) product r		
B) value cha		
C) low-cost		
D) business	·	
•	ivery network	
Answer: E		
Explanation:	A)	
	B)	
	C)	
	D)	
	E)	
63) Kimball Garde	ns is a company that operates as two distinct businesses: one that sells lawn and	63)
garden produc	ts and one that markets booklets. Each business is called a	
A) return on	investment (ROI)	
B) star		
C) strategic	business unit (SBU)	
D) cash cow		
E) business	portfolio	
Answer: C		
Explanation:	A)	
Explanation.	B)	
	C)	
	D)	
	E)	

 64) When a firm develops and maintains a strategic fit between its goals and capabilities, it is performing A) business-portfolio planning B) mission planning C) values planning D) strategic planning E) operations planning Answer: D Explanation: A) B) C) D) E) 	64)
65) Which of the following is the place a product occupies in the consumer's mind relative to competition? A) placement B) market segmentation C) position D) market targeting E) product promotion Answer: C Explanation: A) B) C) D) E)	65)
66) The current mission statement of the Girl Scouts of America is to build "girls of courage, confidence, and character, who make the world a better place." The organization's former mission statement had read "to prepare young girls for motherhood and wifely duties." This change reflects the guideline that mission statements should be A) specific B) market-oriented C) narrow D) broad E) realistic Answer: B Explanation: A) B) C) D) E)	66)

67) The BCG growth-share matrix classifies four types of SBUs. They are,,	6/)
, and	
A) sales; market share; price; promotion	
B) planning; implementing; leading; controlling	
C) stars; cash cows; question marks; dogs	
D) product; price; promotion; placement	
E) market penetration; market development; product development; diversification	
Answer: C	
Explanation: A)	
, В)	
C)	
D)	
E)	
,	
68) Which of the following does NOT accurately reflect a problem with the BCG matrix approach?	68)
A) It focuses on classifying current businesses.	·
B) It is difficult to define SBUs and measure market share and growth.	
C) It can be time consuming to implement.	
D) It focuses on planning for the future.	
E) It can be costly to conduct.	
Answer: D	
Explanation: A)	
B)	
C)	
D)	
E)	
-)	
69) Which of the following is the most common approach to marketing organization?	69)
A) functional	
B) combination	
C) product management	
D) geographic	
E) divisional	
Answer: A	
Explanation: A)	
B)	
C)	
D)	
E)	
L)	

70) Evaluating the results of marketing strategies and plans and taking corrective action to ensure that objectives are attained is called A) strategic control B) developmental control C) operating control D) efficiency E) marketing control Answer: E Explanation: A) B) C) D) E)	70)
71) Which of the following is the first step in strategic planning? A) set objectives and goals B) define the company mission C) develop the business portfolio D) identify threats and weaknesses E) plan marketing strategies Answer: B Explanation: A) B) C) D) E)	71)
72) When the makers of a ballpoint pen state they are in the communication equipment business, they are defining their mission too A) specifically B) narrowly C) realistically D) broadly E) futuristically Answer: D Explanation: A) B) C) D) E	72)

73) In a basic SWOT and	alysis, the "S" stands for	73)
A) satisfactions		
B) solutions		
C) strengths		
D) strategies		
E) situation		
Answer: C		
Explanation: A)		
B)		
C)		
D)		
E)		
74) In CMOT analysis as	which of the fallowing way ald be considered a stronger	74)
	which of the following would be considered a strength?	74)
B) internal limita	ors in the environment	
C) internal resour		
D) trends in the m		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	allenge the company's performance	
Answer: C	anerige the company a performance	
Explanation: A)		
Ехріанаціон. А)		
C)		
D)		
E)		
_/		
75) Which of the follow	ing is the marketing logic by which a company hopes to achieve profitable	75)
customer relationship	ips?	
A) differentiation		
B) a consistent pr	oduct mix	
C) the value deliv	very network	
D) price		
E) marketing stra	ıtegy	
Answer: E		
Explanation: A)		
В)		
C)		
D)		
E)		

76) Paul Pierce is b	ousy working with other managers evaluating the products and businesses making	76)
	any. Paul is engaged in g a business portfolio	
B) marketin		
. •	the company's mission statement	
D) marketin	<u>~</u>	
E) portfolio	analysis	
Answer: E		
Explanation:	A)	
	B) C)	
	D)	
	E)	
	·	
	aff has identified a group of potential customers who seem to respond in a similar	77)
•	of magazine and radio advertisements for his company's product. Paul has	
identified a(n) A) target ma		
B) market p		
C) market se		
D) market		
E) undefine	d niche	
Answer: C		
Explanation:	A)	
	B)	
	C)	
	D)	
	E)	
78) Business portfo	olio planning involves two steps: and	78)
-	ng internal strengths; identifying external opportunities	
	ng a SWOT analysis; establishing marketing controls	
	ng growth opportunities; evaluating growth opportunities	
	ng SBUs; assessing the attractiveness of SBUs	
E) analyzinç	g the current business portfolio; shaping the future business portfolio	
Answer: E		
Explanation:	A)	
	B)	
	C) D)	
	E)	
	- /	

79) Revlon has clearly defined its "mission" of selling lifestyle and self-expression. In order for the firm to launch its strategic plan, the mission needs to next be turned into detailed that guide each level of the company. A) sets of tactics B) sets of strategies C) sets of promotional tools D) supporting objectives E) product mixes	79)
Answer: D Explanation: A) B) C) D) E)	
80) A common practice among marketers is to identify and develop new markets for their existing products. This practice is called A) market skimming B) dual adaptation C) market development D) market penetration E) product development Answer: C Explanation: A) B) C) D) E	80)
81) In SWOT analysis, which of the following refers to factors in the external environment? A) strengths B) opportunities C) weaknesses D) strategies E) trends Answer: B Explanation: A) B) C) D) F)	81)

82) Which of the following is NOT a step in the marketing control process?	82)
A) taking corrective action	
B) setting goals	
C) defining the mission	
D) evaluating the causes of gaps between expected and actual performance	
E) measuring performance	
·	
Answer: C	
Explanation: A)	
В)	
C)	
D)	
E)	
83) For Hyundai Corporation, customers who care about the price of a car and its operating econor	my 83)
make up one	
A) market position	
B) value chain	
C) value network	
D) customer extension	
E) market segment	
Answer: E	
Explanation: A)	
В)	
C)	
D)	
E)	
- /,	
84) The best-known product portfolio planning method was developed by	84)
A) James P. Hess	
B) the SWOT Consulting Group	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
C) the Boston Consulting Group	
D) the SRI Consulting Firm	
E) Philip Kotler	
Answer: C	
Explanation: A)	
В)	
C)	
D)	
E)	
<i>∟j</i>	

	llowing entails reducing the business portfolio by eliminating products that no	85)
Ionger fit the co A) the BCG a B) product li C) market red D) market sed E) downsizir	design gmentation	
Answer: E Explanation:	A) B) C) D) E)	
	e textbook, your boss is most likely referring to when she mentions "doing	86)
things right." A) planning B) implemen C) efficiency D) strategy E) objectives	tation	
Answer: B Explanation:	A) B) C) D) E)	
	our text, which department in a company carries the primary responsibility for	87)
achieving profit A) product d B) operations C) accounting D) human res E) marketing	evelopment s g sources	
Answer: E Explanation:	A) B) C) D) E)	

88) The main section of the marketing plan presents a detailed analysis of the current	88)
marketing situation. A) who, when, where B) competitor C) when, where, how D) economic E) SWOT	
Answer: E Explanation: A) B) C) D) E)	
89) Your firm is attempting to divide up the total market to determine the best segments it can serve.	89)
 Which is the correct order of doing so? A) market targeting then differentiation B) market segmentation then positioning C) positioning then differentiation D) differentiation then market targeting E) market segmentation then market targeting 	
Answer: E Explanation: A) B) C) D) E)	
90) Which of the following most accurately identifies a difference between a weakness and a threat in	90)
 SWOT analysis? A) A company is more able to change a weakness than a threat. B) A company can be more negatively affected by a threat than by a weakness. C) A company can be more negatively affected by a weakness than by a threat. D) A company can more easily identify threats than weaknesses. E) A company is more able to change a threat than a weakness. 	
Answer: A Explanation: A) B) C) D) E)	

 91) Which of the following is a useful tool for identifying growth opportunities? A) the product/market expansion grid B) the BCG matrix C) the value delivery network D) the business portfolio E) the value chain 				91)		
Answer: A Explanation:	A) B) C) D) E)					
92) Which of the fortarget market?		es the goods-and-se	ervices combinatio	n the company off	ers to the	92)
A) package Answer: E Explanation:	B) pr A) B) C) D) E)	ice C) p	lace D) promotion	E) product	
93) Ensuring that marketing plan A) ROMI B) a market C) strategic D) operating E) marketing	n is the purpos ing audit control g control	chieves the sales, pr se of	ofits, and other go	oals set out in its an	inual	93)
Answer: D Explanation:	A) B) C) D) E)					
A) market g B) market p C) relative r D) market d	rowth rate	oup approach,	provides a me	easure of market at	tractiveness.	94)
Answer: A Explanation:	A) B) C) D) E)					

95) A marketing plan begins with a(n), which quickly overviews goals and	95)
recommendations. A) action program	
B) ROI C) SWOT analysis	
D) executive summary	
E) marketing dashboard	
Answer: D	
Explanation: A) B)	
C)	
D)	
E)	
Refer to the scenario below to answer the following questions.	
Fun-Spot Fun Park began as a small amusement park in 1985. With nothing more than a merry-go-round rides, and an ice cream stand, Fun-Spot grew into a popular family attraction with 20 rides, a restaurant, and performing arts theater.	
"My wife, Gail, and I didn't know what we were getting into," commented Ron Hart, the owner. "We just I weekenders coming to the lakes in our rural area represented an untapped market."	knew that
Today, thousands of visitors flock to Fun-Spot: families, children of all ages, and even senior citizens who	enjoy strolling
through the gardens and arbor.	
"There's something here for everyone," Gail Hart said with a smile. "Dozens of companies hold annual cor here. We have welcomed class field trips. And we even had one wedding here at the park!"	npany picnics
"Here's the funny thing," Ron chimed in. "We really don't know why we've been so successful. There is no	thing else like
Fun-Spot Fun Park in the area. We were just lucky." "I think it's the ambience of the park that has brought so many visitors," Gail added. "We provide a 'total p	oackage' of
entertainment. Plus, we try to change our rides and various attractions from time to time for variety"	_
Ron and Gail Hart admitted that making every visitor happy is a priority. "That has always been our philo said. "Like it says on the entrance to the park, 'We're here to make you happy!' And we've always been able to because we've never allowed ourselves to grow too big too quickly."	
96) Which of the following would be classified as an opportunity in a SWOT analysis of Fun-Spot?	96)
A) Fun-Spot employees tend to be enthusiastic and young, projecting an image of fun and vitality at Fun-Spot.	,,,
B) A rival amusement park announces plans to open three new rides next season.	
C) A new luxury hotel is being constructed in the area, with the aim of luring more high-spending families on vacation.	
D) Fun-Spot plans to further diversify its offerings by beginning a two-week summer camp for	
elementary school students.	
E) Gail and Ron have paid off the mortgage on Fun-Spot, significantly reducing their monthly expenses.	
Answer: C	
Explanation: A) B)	
C)	
D)	
E)	

•	s slightly modified the production processes of its widgets and gadgets in order to tap	97)
A) diversifiB) harvestiC) product	ng development development	
Answer: D Explanation:	A)	
<u> Ехріанаціон.</u>	B) C) D) E)	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	oloyer has asked you, as a new marketing graduate, to develop a group of potential	98)
customers wh asked to deve A) market s B) undefind C) market s D) target m E) market	segment ed niche strategy	
Answer: A		
Explanation:	A) B) C) D) E)	
99) Which of the f	following is the process of dividing a market into distinct groups of buyers with	99)
	ng strategy argeting	
Answer: A Explanation:	A) B) C) D) E)	

	armaceuticals division of Omni Healthcare holds low market share in a high-growth	100)
market. followii	. In order to increase market share, managers would be most likely to decide which of the	9
	ng! nplement a harvest strategy	
	iversify the pharmaceutical division	
·	se money from a cash cow to promote the pharmaceuticals division	
	old the pharmaceuticals division's share	
E) di	vest the SBU	
Answei	∵ C	
Explana	•	
	B)	
	C)	
	D) E)	
	- 7	
SHORT ANSWE	R. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the questic	n.
•	ing to the product/market expansion grid, what strategy would a fast-food 1 rger restaurant follow if it offered a salad bar option during lunch hours?	01)
Answei Explana	r: In this scenario, the restaurant would be following a product development strategy. ation:	
102) Why sh oriente	1 03	02)
	r: A market-oriented mission statement defines the business in terms of customer needs; products and technologies become outdated, but basic market needs may last forever.	
Explana	ation:	
103) How m	ight the BCG matrix represent a life cycle?	03)
Answei	r: Many SBUs start out as question marks, then move into the star category if they succeed; stars eventually become cash cows, and then perhaps, dogs.	
Explana	ation:	
104) What is analysi	·	04)
Answei	r: An SBU is a key part of a company—whether a product, product line, department, or an entire division. Identifying and analyzing a company's SBUs are the first two steps in business portfolio analysis.	
Explana	·	
105) Into wh produc	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	05)
	The "new and improved" product would fall into the product development quadrant.	
Explana	4UOH:	

106)	Explain how a marketer of baking soda may attempt to attract more than one market	106)
	segment.	
	Answer: Some consumers buy baking soda as a baking ingredient and some consumers buy baking soda to use as a deodorizer, for example. The marketer will focus on both distinct uses in the marketing mix, such as how the product is promoted.	
	Explanation:	
107)		107)
	Answer: Companies are looking at marketing expenditures as investments in profitable customer relationships, with the goal of increasing individual customer lifetime values and overall customer equity. Explanation:	
108)	How might a marketer of pens alter the "product" portion of the marketing mix when targeting female college students versus male college students?	108)
	Answer: The marketer may use feminine colors and a spiral-flower stripe, for example, when marketing its pens to the females; when targeting males, more neutral colors might be used.	
	Explanation:	
109)	What type of strategy should a company use to manage its cash cows?	109)
	Answer: Because a cash cow generates cash without much investment, a company should use	
	the profits to support other SBUs. Explanation:	
110)	How might Party Planning Paradise, a company that sells a wide range of party supplies for all occasions, implement a market development strategy?	110)
	Answer: Party Planning Paradise might attempt to identify and develop new markets for its current products, looking for different demographic markets and geographical markets that might have a need its products would satisfy.	
	Explanation:	
111)	Why is marketing analysis such an important part of marketing management?	111)
	Answer: This function allows the marketer to analyze internal strengths and weaknesses as well as environmental opportunities and threats, which, in turn, allows the marketer to match the company's strengths to opportunities to pursue. From this starting point, the market can continue with planning, implementation, and control. Explanation:	
112)	Why should a mission statement be "motivating" instead of stated in terms of sales or profits?	112)
	Answer: Sales and profits are only a reward for undertaking a useful activity; a company's employees will be more dedicated to the company's mission if they feel that their work is significant.	
	Explanation:	
113)	What role does the marketing mix play in positioning?	113)
,	Answer: The marketing mix components of product, price, place, and promotion are the tools that a company can use to differentiate its products from competitors' products and to achieve strong positioning in a target market	·/

Explanation:

114)	How are partner relationship management and the value chain related?	114)		
	Answer: Marketers must work closely and coordinate activities with partners in other company departments to form an effective value chain, with each department executing value-creating activities to design, produce, market, deliver, and support the company's products.			
	Explanation:			
115)	Into what BCG quadrant does a high-share, high-growth SBU fall?	115)		
	Answer: It falls into the "star" category. Explanation:			
TRUE/FA	LSE. Write 'T' if the statement is true and 'F' if the statement is false.			
116)	One valid criticism of the four Ps concept is that services are not considered.		116)	
	Answer: True • False Explanation:			
117)	Mission statements should both emphasize the company's strengths in the marketplace and be motivating.	е	117)	
	Answer: True False Explanation:			
118)	At Trader Joe's, "our mission is to bring all our customers the best food and beverage values to found anywhere, and the information to make informed buying decisions." This is a product-oriented business definition.	o be	118)	
	Answer: True • False Explanation:			
119)	Four marketing management functions are analysis, planning, implementation, and control.		119)	
	Answer: True False Explanation:			
120)	"At Joe's Diner, we serve great burgers" is a product-oriented business definition.		120)	
	Answer: True False Explanation:			
121)	Mandros International Foods evaluates each market segment's attractiveness and selects one c	or	121)	
	more segments to enter when considering adding new lines of imported foods. Mandros is engaged in positioned marketing.			
	Answer: True • False Explanation:			
122)	The image of a product in the minds of consumers is called market segmentation.		122)	
	Answer: True • False Explanation:			
123)	The purpose of strategic planning is to find ways in which your company can best use its strer to take advantage of attractive opportunities in the environment.	ngths	123)	
	Answer: True False Explanation:			

124)	_	ust developed a formal statement of its purpose. This firm has put together a	124)
	mission statement.		
	Answer: True Explanation:	False	
125)	The growth strategy markets.	y of diversification involves offering modified or new products to current	125)
	Answer: True Explanation:	False	
126)	,	n strategic planning is strategic business unit planning, whereby management ucts and businesses making up the company.	126)
	Answer: True Explanation:	False	
127)		usiness portfolios, most companies are well advised to add a broad range of lesses to their organization.	127)
	Answer: True Explanation:	False	
128)	To improve its valu suppliers and distri	ue delivery network, a company needs to examine the value chains of its ibutors.	128)
	Answer: True Explanation:	False	
129)	A firm's mission sta	atement should be the basis for both its business and marketing objectives.	129)
	Answer: True Explanation:	False	
130)	When a firm finds pmilk, harvest, or be	oroducts or businesses that no longer fit its overall strategy, it should carefully tter develop them.	130)
	Answer: True Explanation:	False	
131)	•	vided the total customer market into smaller segments and selected the most s. Deciding what position it wants to occupy in these segments is called	131)
	Answer: True Explanation:	False	
132)		positions its product, it should first identify possible customer value differences gment that could be the basis of a competitive advantage for the product.	132)
	Answer: True Explanation:	False	
133)	When an organizati	ion identifies and develops new markets for its current products and services, it et development.	133)
	Answer: True Explanation:	False	

134) In the BCG matrix, "dogs" are low-growth businesses and products that do not generate enough cash to maintain themselves.	134)
Answer: True False Explanation:	
135) The four Cs concept takes the buyer's view of the market.	135)
Answer: True False Explanation:	
136) Mission statements should be realistic and general in nature.	136)
Answer: True False Explanation:	
137) The marketing mix consists of product, price, place, positioning, and promotion.	137)
Answer: True False Explanation:	
138) Guided by marketing strategy, the company designs a marketing mix made up of factors under its control: product, price, place, and promotion.	138)
Answer: True False Explanation:	
139) In today's marketplace, competition increasingly takes place between entire value delivery networks rather than between individual competitors.	139)
Answer: True False Explanation:	
140) A market segment consists of consumers who respond in different ways to a given set of marketing efforts.	140)
Answer: True Selse Explanation:	

ESSAY. Write your answer in the space provided or on a separate sheet of paper.

141) Briefly discuss how marketers measure return on marketing investment, explaining why this figure can be difficult to assess.

Answer: Marketing ROI (return on investment) is the net return from a marketing investment divided by the costs of the marketing investment. In other words, ROI is a measure of the profits generated by investments in a marketing activity. Marketing ROI can be difficult to assess because the benefits of marketing are not always easily translated in dollar amounts. However, marketing ROI can be assessed in terms of brand awareness, sales, or market share. Some companies are now using marketing dashboards, which are single displays showing several sets of marketing performance measures. And beyond standard performance measures, many marketers are using customer-centered measures such as customer acquisition, retention, and lifetime value.

142) The BCG is a useful approach to evaluate *current* businesses. Describe a method that a firm could use to identify future growth opportunities.

Answer: The product/market expansion grid is a useful device for identifying growth opportunities in the future. There are four strategies available to companies: market penetration, market development, product development, and diversification. Market penetration entails making more sales to current customers without changing products. Market development involves identifying and developing new markets for a company's products. New markets include demographic groups and geographic regions, among others. Companies can also consider product development, offering modified or new products to current markets. Diversifying companies might consider acquiring or starting new businesses unrelated to their core competencies. However, diversifying too broadly can be detrimental in the long run.

143) Define marketing planning. Briefly outline the major components in a marketing plan.

Answer: Marketing planning involves deciding on marketing strategies that will help the company achieve its overall strategic objectives. A detailed marketing plan is needed at the business, product, or brand level. An executive summary is the first step in the plan. It contains a brief summary of the main goals and recommendations of the plan for management review. The main section of the plan presents a detailed SWOT analysis of the current marketing situation, along with potential threats and opportunities. The plan then states major objectives for the brand and outlines the specifics of a marketing strategy for achieving them. In addition, action programs for implementing the marketing strategy along with the details of a supporting marketing budget are presented. The final section outlines the controls used to monitor progress and take corrective action.

144) Explain why, according to the authors of your text, the four Ps concept of the marketing mix takes a seller's view of the market, not the buyer's view. How should marketers consider the buyer's view?

Answer: In today's day and age of customer relationship marketing, the four Ps can be described as the four Cs from the customer's point of view. In lieu of product, there is customer solution; that is, customers buy solutions to their problems or look for value in products. Customers are more interested in the total costs of obtaining, using, and disposing of a product. That is, customer cost replaces price in customer relationships. The place element of the marketing mix focuses on convenience. Convenience in availability is the central focus of customers. Finally, customers and marketers want two-way communication. Marketers should use the four Cs as a base for the four Ps of their marketing mix.

145) What does the term value delivery network mean? Explain.

Answer: For decades, marketers have traditionally created value to satisfy customer needs and wants. Today, the manufacturer or retailer needs to look beyond its own value chain and into the value chains of suppliers and distributors to create value throughout the entire supply chain. More companies are partnering with other members of the supply chain to improve the performance of the customer value delivery network. In fact, today competition takes place between entire value delivery networks instead of between individual competitors.

146) What is business portfolio planning? Discuss how a company might use the Boston Consulting Group's product portfolio analysis method.

Answer: A business portfolio is the collection of businesses and products that make up a company. Business portfolio planning entails two steps. First, there is an analysis of the company's current business portfolio, followed by decisions about what businesses should receive more, less, or no investment. Second, planners must shape the future portfolio by developing strategies for growth and/or downsizing. The Boston Consulting Group matrix evaluates SBUs on two important dimensions: the attractiveness of the SBU's market or industry growth rate and the strength of the SBU's position or relative market share in that market or industry. The growth-share matrix defines four types of SBUs: stars, cash cows, question marks, and dogs. Once each SBU has been defined, a company can determine what role each will play in the firm's future, using strategies of building, holding, harvesting, or divesting each SBU.

147) Define marketing strategy. Discuss the steps in formulating marketing strategy.

Answer: The marketing logic by which a company hopes to achieve profitable relationships is called its marketing strategy. Marketing strategy formulation entails four specific steps: market segmentation, market targeting, differentiation, and positioning. The process of dividing a market into distinct groups of buyers with different needs, characteristics, or behavior is called market segmentation. Market targeting involves evaluating each market segment's attractiveness and selecting one or more segments to enter. A company should target segments in which it can profitably generate the greatest customer value and sustain that value over time. Effective positioning begins with actually differentiating the company's marketing offer so that it gives consumers greater value. Positioning is defined as creating a distinct image of a product in the eyes of target consumers. A product's positioning should take advantage of a competitive advantage within the market target.

148) Describe some of the problems with matrix approaches.

Answer: The BCG and other portfolio planning approaches can be difficult to execute, time consuming, and also costly to implement. Defining SBUs and the measurement of relative market share and growth can be a difficult task as well. A serious flaw with these approaches is that, while they are helpful for classifying current businesses, they offer little or no advice for future planning.

149) Define strategic planning. Discuss the steps involved.

Answer: The process of developing and maintaining a strategic fit between the organization's goals and capabilities and its marketing opportunities is called strategic planning. At the outset, beginning at the corporate level, each company must define its overall purpose and mission. What is our business? Who is the customer? What do our customers value? Answers to these questions are crucial in writing a clear mission statement. Mission statements need to be carefully defined in terms of customer needs. Missions should be realistic, motivating, and fit the market environment. Missions then lead to setting business and marketing objectives/goals in the planning process. This is followed by decisions regarding what portfolio of businesses and products is best for the company and how much support to give each one. Next, each business and product develops detailed marketing and other functional strategies. In this step, plans are drawn at the business unit, product, and market levels in support of company wide plans.

150) Marketing departments are organized in several ways. Compare the most common forms of marketing organizations.

Answer: Some common forms of marketing department organization include functional organization, geographical organization, product management organization, and market management organization. Under a functional department organization, a functional specialist, such as a sales manager, advertising manager, or market research manager, is responsible for each different marketing activity. Under a geographic organization, sales and marketing people are assigned to specific countries, regions, and districts. Under the product management approach, a product manager develops and implements a complete strategy and marketing program for a specific product or brand. Under a market or customer management organization, the company is organized around the needs of specific customer segments. In firms that use this organization, one product line is sold to many different types of markets and customers that have different needs and preferences. Finally, large companies that produce many products sold in many geographic areas typically use some combination of these organizational forms.

1) B

2) E

3) C

4) C

5) A

6) B 7) D

8) D

9) D

10) D

11) B

12) C

13) C

14) E

15) E

16) A

17) B

18) A

19) C

20) E

21) D 22) C

23) A

24) C

25) A

26) E

27) D

28) B

29) D

30) B

31) C

32) A

33) A 34) A

35) A

36) B

37) E

38) A

39) B

40) C

41) A

42) A

43) C

44) C 45) A

46) A

47) C

48) E

49) C

50) E

51) C

52) A

53) C

54) E

55) A

56) D

57) E

58) E

59) C

60) D

61) D

62) E

63) C

64) D

65) C

66) B

67) C

68) D

69) A

70) E

71) B

72) D

73) C 74) C

75) E

76) E

77) C

78) E

79) D

80) C

81) B

82) C

83) E

84) C

85) E

86) B 87) E

88) E

89) E

90) A

91) A

92) E

93) D 94) A

95) D

96) C

97) D

98) A

99) A

100) C

- 101) In this scenario, the restaurant would be following a product development strategy.
- 102) A market-oriented mission statement defines the business in terms of customer needs; products and technologies become outdated, but basic market needs may last forever.
- 103) Many SBUs start out as question marks, then move into the star category if they succeed; stars eventually become cash cows, and then perhaps, dogs.
- 104) An SBU is a key part of a company—whether a product, product line, department, or an entire division. Identifying and analyzing a company's SBUs are the first two steps in business portfolio analysis.
- 105) The "new and improved" product would fall into the product development quadrant.
- 106) Some consumers buy baking soda as a baking ingredient and some consumers buy baking soda to use as a deodorizer, for example. The marketer will focus on both distinct uses in the marketing mix, such as how the product is promoted.
- 107) Companies are looking at marketing expenditures as investments in profitable customer relationships, with the goal of increasing individual customer lifetime values and overall customer equity.
- 108) The marketer may use feminine colors and a spiral-flower stripe, for example, when marketing its pens to the females; when targeting males, more neutral colors might be used.
- 109) Because a cash cow generates cash without much investment, a company should use the profits to support other SBUs.
- 110) Party Planning Paradise might attempt to identify and develop new markets for its current products, looking for different demographic markets and geographical markets that might have a need its products would satisfy.
- 111) This function allows the marketer to analyze internal strengths and weaknesses as well as environmental opportunities and threats, which, in turn, allows the marketer to match the company's strengths to opportunities to pursue. From this starting point, the market can continue with planning, implementation, and control.
- 112) Sales and profits are only a reward for undertaking a useful activity; a company's employees will be more dedicated to the company's mission if they feel that their work is significant.
- 113) The marketing mix components of product, price, place, and promotion are the tools that a company can use to differentiate its products from competitors' products and to achieve strong positioning in a target market.
- 114) Marketers must work closely and coordinate activities with partners in other company departments to form an effective value chain, with each department executing value-creating activities to design, produce, market, deliver, and support the company's products.
- 115) It falls into the "star" category.
- 116) FALSE
- 117) TRUE
- 118) FALSE
- 119) TRUE
- 120) TRUE
- 121) FALSE
- 122) FALSE
- 123) TRUE
- 124) TRUE
- 125) FALSE
- 126) FALSE
- 127) FALSE
- 128) TRUE
- 129) FALSE
- 130) FALSE
- 131) FALSE
- 132) TRUE
- 133) TRUE
- 134) FALSE
- 135) TRUE
- 136) FALSE
- 137) FALSE

- 138) TRUE
- 139) TRUE
- 140) FALSE
- 141) Marketing ROI (return on investment) is the net return from a marketing investment divided by the costs of the marketing investment. In other words, ROI is a measure of the profits generated by investments in a marketing activity. Marketing ROI can be difficult to assess because the benefits of marketing are not always easily translated in dollar amounts. However, marketing ROI can be assessed in terms of brand awareness, sales, or market share. Some companies are now using marketing dashboards, which are single displays showing several sets of marketing performance measures. And beyond standard performance measures, many marketers are using customer-centered measures such as customer acquisition, retention, and lifetime value.
- 142) The product/market expansion grid is a useful device for identifying growth opportunities in the future. There are four strategies available to companies: market penetration, market development, product development, and diversification. Market penetration entails making more sales to current customers without changing products. Market development involves identifying and developing new markets for a company's products. New markets include demographic groups and geographic regions, among others. Companies can also consider product development, offering modified or new products to current markets. Diversifying companies might consider acquiring or starting new businesses unrelated to their core competencies. However, diversifying too broadly can be detrimental in the long run.
- 143) Marketing planning involves deciding on marketing strategies that will help the company achieve its overall strategic objectives. A detailed marketing plan is needed at the business, product, or brand level. An executive summary is the first step in the plan. It contains a brief summary of the main goals and recommendations of the plan for management review. The main section of the plan presents a detailed SWOT analysis of the current marketing situation, along with potential threats and opportunities. The plan then states major objectives for the brand and outlines the specifics of a marketing strategy for achieving them. In addition, action programs for implementing the marketing strategy along with the details of a supporting marketing budget are presented. The final section outlines the controls used to monitor progress and take corrective action.
- 144) In today's day and age of customer relationship marketing, the four Ps can be described as the four Cs from the customer's point of view. In lieu of product, there is customer solution; that is, customers buy solutions to their problems or look for value in products. Customers are more interested in the total costs of obtaining, using, and disposing of a product. That is, customer cost replaces price in customer relationships. The place element of the marketing mix focuses on convenience. Convenience in availability is the central focus of customers. Finally, customers and marketers want two-way communication. Marketers should use the four Cs as a base for the four Ps of their marketing mix.
- 145) For decades, marketers have traditionally created value to satisfy customer needs and wants. Today, the manufacturer or retailer needs to look beyond its own value chain and into the value chains of suppliers and distributors to create value throughout the entire supply chain. More companies are partnering with other members of the supply chain to improve the performance of the customer value delivery network. In fact, today competition takes place between entire value delivery networks instead of between individual competitors.
- 146) A business portfolio is the collection of businesses and products that make up a company. Business portfolio planning entails two steps. First, there is an analysis of the company's current business portfolio, followed by decisions about what businesses should receive more, less, or no investment. Second, planners must shape the future portfolio by developing strategies for growth and/or downsizing. The Boston Consulting Group matrix evaluates SBUs on two important dimensions: the attractiveness of the SBU's market or industry growth rate and the strength of the SBU's position or relative market share in that market or industry. The growth-share matrix defines four types of SBUs: stars, cash cows, question marks, and dogs. Once each SBU has been defined, a company can determine what role each will play in the firm's future, using strategies of building, holding, harvesting, or divesting each SBU.

- 147) The marketing logic by which a company hopes to achieve profitable relationships is called its marketing strategy. Marketing strategy formulation entails four specific steps: market segmentation, market targeting, differentiation, and positioning. The process of dividing a market into distinct groups of buyers with different needs, characteristics, or behavior is called market segmentation. Market targeting involves evaluating each market segment's attractiveness and selecting one or more segments to enter. A company should target segments in which it can profitably generate the greatest customer value and sustain that value over time. Effective positioning begins with actually differentiating the company's marketing offer so that it gives consumers greater value. Positioning is defined as creating a distinct image of a product in the eyes of target consumers. A product's positioning should take advantage of a competitive advantage within the market target.
- 148) The BCG and other portfolio planning approaches can be difficult to execute, time consuming, and also costly to implement. Defining SBUs and the measurement of relative market share and growth can be a difficult task as well. A serious flaw with these approaches is that, while they are helpful for classifying current businesses, they offer little or no advice for future planning.
- 149) The process of developing and maintaining a strategic fit between the organization's goals and capabilities and its marketing opportunities is called strategic planning. At the outset, beginning at the corporate level, each company must define its overall purpose and mission. What is our business? Who is the customer? What do our customers value? Answers to these questions are crucial in writing a clear mission statement. Mission statements need to be carefully defined in terms of customer needs. Missions should be realistic, motivating, and fit the market environment. Missions then lead to setting business and marketing objectives/goals in the planning process. This is followed by decisions regarding what portfolio of businesses and products is best for the company and how much support to give each one. Next, each business and product develops detailed marketing and other functional strategies. In this step, plans are drawn at the business unit, product, and market levels in support of company wide plans.
- 150) Some common forms of marketing department organization include functional organization, geographical organization, product management organization, and market management organization. Under a functional department organization, a functional specialist, such as a sales manager, advertising manager, or market research manager, is responsible for each different marketing activity. Under a geographic organization, sales and marketing people are assigned to specific countries, regions, and districts. Under the product management approach, a product manager develops and implements a complete strategy and marketing program for a specific product or brand. Under a market or customer management organization, the company is organized around the needs of specific customer segments. In firms that use this organization, one product line is sold to many different types of markets and customers that have different needs and preferences. Finally, large companies that produce many products sold in many geographic areas typically use some combination of these organizational forms.