

/test-bank-research-methods-for-sports-studies-4e-jones

- Q1. What is Ontology?
- a. **The philosophy of what 'knowledge' actually is**
 - b. The philosophy of how we gain knowledge
 - c. The philosophy of how we assess the validity of knowledge
 - d. The philosophy of the usefulness of knowledge
- Q2. What is Epistemology?
- a. The philosophy of what 'knowledge' actually is
 - b. **The philosophy of how we gain knowledge**
 - c. The philosophy of how we assess the validity of knowledge
 - d. The philosophy of the usefulness of knowledge
- Q3. Someone who sees the world as ordered, logical and objective would be:
- a. A Pragmatist
 - b. A Relativist
 - c. **A Realist**
 - d. A Subjectivist
- Q4. Someone who sees the world as subjective, with no single "truth" or reality would be:
- a. A Pragmatist
 - b. **A Relativist**
 - c. A Realist
 - d. A Subjectivist
- Q5. An objective epistemology adopted alongside a realist ontology would be:
- a. **Positivist**
 - b. Interpretivist
 - c. Post-positivist
 - d. Critical realist

- Q6. A subjective epistemology adopted alongside a relativist ontology would be:
- a. Positivist
 - b. Interpretivist**
 - c. Post-positivist
 - d. Critical realist
- Q7. Control, replication and hypothesis testing are characteristic of which approach?
- a. Positivist**
 - b. Interpretivist
 - c. Post-positivist
 - d. Critical realist
- Q8. Positivist research would normally involve the use of:
- a. Quantitative data**
 - b. Qualitative data
 - c. quantitative and qualitative data
 - d. quantitative or qualitative data
- Q9. The purposes of a mixed method approach include:
- a. Triangulation
 - b. Development
 - c. Initiation
 - d. All of the above**
- Q10. What is the role of theory in an inductive study?
- a. To develop a hypothesis
 - b. To guide data collection
 - c. To allow comparison of findings
 - d. To emerge from data analysis**