e:

Chapter 2 - Culture

- 1. What do sociologists call the sum of ideas, practices, and material objects that people create in order to adapt to and thrive in their environments?
 - a. culture
 - b. abstractions
 - c. the norm
 - d. methods

ANSWER:

a

- 2. Jolene loves spending hours with her grandma, listening to her talk about her life experiences and family traditions. From a sociological perspective, what is grandma transmitting to Jolene?
 - a. symbols
 - b. language
 - c. folkways
 - d. culture

ANSWER:

d

- 3. The fact that a Canadian-born English speaker can understand this sentence illustrates the power of what?
 - a. education
 - b. society
 - c. culture
 - d. family

ANSWER:

c

- 4. What term do sociologists use to refer to activities like attending the opera or the ballet?
 - a. popular culture
 - b. high culture
 - c. primary culture
 - d. articulated culture

ANSWER:

b

- 5. What is the sociological definition of symbols?
 - a. generally accepted ways of doing things
 - b. practices that carries a particular meaning, such as language
 - c. general ideas or ways of thinking that are not linked to particular situations
 - d. the tools and techniques that enable people to accomplish tasks

ANSWER:

b

- 6. Which of the following best illustrates the human capacity for abstraction?
 - a. measuring the area of a circle
 - b. building a chair
 - c. shaking hands with a friend

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Chapter 2 - Cul	ture			
d.	having a	baby		
ANSWER:	8	J		a
		o conceptualize the id	dea of gravity without hav	ving an apple fall on their heads, what
are they engagin	•	gaaialaay		
	a. b.	sociology culture		
		abstraction		
	c. d.	methods		
ANSWER:	u.	memous		c
ANSWEK.				C
8. What has the	use of sym	bols allowed humans	s to do?	
a. clas	ssify exper	ience and generalize	from it	
b. cor	ntinue effor	ts despite numerous	setbacks	
c. ove	ercome auto	onomic dysfunction		
d. cor	ntrol our re	flexive responses to s	stimuli	
ANSWER:				a
9 According to	sociologist	s, how is culture tran	smitted?	
_	_	ic disciplines concer		
	_	ge and learning		
	gh supersti	_		
	gh rites of			
ANSWER:	8	1 &		ь
				sys of thinking that are not linked to
specific or partic	a.	ces. What are these in norms	ueas caneu?	
	ь.	methods		
	c.	abstractions		
	d.	culture		
ANSWER:		Culture		c
				rder to see if the lightning would
				it would behave as electricity does, unknown at the time. In which of the
following was he			m nataro, a raot mat was	and will be the time. In which of the
a.		tive behaviour		
b.	abstrac	et reasoning		

c. d. sociological imagination

cultural construction

Name :		Class ::	Dat e:
Chapter 2 - Culture			
ANSWER:			b
12. According to the	text, cooperation is acco	mplished within cultures by	establishing which of the following?
a.	material culture		
b.	norms and values		
c.	production		
d. <i>ANSWER:</i>	ethnocentrism		h
ANSWER:			b
the human cultural su a 1	nrvival kit are they using a. norms a. abstractions c. cooperation		and individual goals, which tool in
	d. symbols		
ANSWER:			c
14. Understanding th which human capacit a. b. c.		das hund (German) mean the	same thing as <i>dog</i> is an example of
ANSWER:			a
a. They allowb. They give 1c. They are th	-	ion.	ols to human culture?
ANSWER:	7 1	J	a
16. Ingrid has just mo her new language, sh a. b.	e will see the world in no interpretative flexibility the Sapir-Whorf thesis		ak English. Once Ingrid has learned ving terms best reflects this process?
	perceptual modification		
	semantic awareness		
ANSWER:			b

17. Imagine a student develops her own "shorthand" for taking lecture notes. Which of the following statements

Name :		Class :	Dat e:
Chapter 2 - Culture			
correctly identifies a featu	re of her shorthand?		
•		but is not part of culture.	
	-	ools but is part of culture.	
c. The shorthand is	composed of symbols	and is part of culture.	
		ools and is not part of cult	ure.
ANSWER:			a
a. There are now mo	ore Muslims in Canada		shows which of the following? e United States.
•	•	ts are from outside Europ	
		ion will be nonwhite by 2	
ANSWER:	1 1	,	d
behaviours are appropriat a b c d ANSWER:	e and inappropriate. W. attitudes beliefs norms values	hat is this set of rules call	nembers by specifying what ed? c eas about what is desirable and
important; these ideas dis	•	<u>=</u>	
a.	beliefs		
b.	folkways		
c.	sanctions		
d.	values		
ANSWER:			d
21. Which aspect of the h improve our ability to tak		_	using tools and techniques that
a.	cooperation		
b.	abstraction		
c.	material culture		
d.	production		
ANSWER:			d
22. Our houses, the cell p of which form of culture?		touch with each other, a	nd the clothes we wear are examples

a.

material

Name :				Class :	Dat e:
Chapter 2 -	Culture				
		b.	formal		
		c.	manifest		
		d.	popular		
ANSWER:			1 1		a
23. What do	o sociolog	rists call t	he human practice o	of making and using tool	s and techniques that improve their
	_	•	rom nature?	or manning and acting to ex	o man coordinates arms amprove area
	í	a.	cooperation		
	1	b.	abstraction		
	(e.	conflict		
	(d.	production		
ANSWER:					d
24. When h engaged in?		ngs obtai	n lumber from trees	to make their homes, wh	nich of the following are they
	a.	produc	etion		
	b.	creativ	e destruction		
	c.	conflic	et		
	d.	cooper	ration		
ANSWER:					a
25 Whan a	no orolla	of humor	ng tradag lumbar tha	y took from a foract with	another group of humans in
			-	the following are they e	<u> </u>
	a.	produc		and lone wang are and	
	b.	•	e destruction		
	c.	conflic			
	d.	coopei			
ANSWER:					d
			2.44		
26. Which of			folkways specify?		
	a.		inhibitions		
	b.		requirements		
	c.		preferences		
	d.	social	abstractions		
ANSWER:					c
27. Physics	is to scie	nce as tab	ooos are to?		
-		a.	sociology		
		b.	mores		
		c.	norms		
		d.	abstraction		

Name :			Class :	Dat e:	
Chapter 2 - C	Culture				
ANSWER:					c
28. Incest is a	n example of	which of the following?			
	a.	a taboo			
	b.	a folkway			
	c.	a rite of passage			
	d.	a superstition			
ANSWER:					a
29. According	g to the text, a.	he violation of which type sanction	of norm results in	the most severe punishment?	
	b.	more			
	c.	taboo			
	d.	folkway			
ANSWER:		•			c
a. a p b. a p c. a n d. a p ANSWER: 31. Which of a. a b. ci c. re	erson having erson shakin han walking olice officer the following person havir heating on a eturning a bo	is an example of a violatic sexual relations with a sib g their head in disapproval opless in public issuing a speeding ticket is the <i>best</i> example of a v g sexual relations with a si sociology test ok to the library two weeks r taking a bribe	ling at someone iolation of a more?		c
ANSWEK.					d
32. What do s ANSWER:	ociologists c a. b. c. d.	all the norms that people for mores foundationals folkways laws	el are essential for	the survival of their group or	r society?
33. What is th		les of behaviour that peopl	e in a culture find r	elatively unimportant?	
	a. b.	taboos folkways			
	о.	sanctions			

Name :	Class :	Dat e:
Chapter 2 - Culture		
d.	mores	
ANSWER:		b
34. Which of the following des a. symbol	cribes the generally accepted ways of doin	ng things within a culture?
b. norms		
c. method	s	
d. social r	equirements	
ANSWER:		b
•	ciology class	y?
ANSWER:	ing a office	c
b. a set of universal signc. the norms for comm	t describes language? s used to communicate thought gns used to transmit ideas nunication among humans bout what is right and wrong	
ANSWER:		a
language. Which of the followinga. Language influencesb. Language affects ourc. Our concepts are only	_	•
20 101 4 4 6 1		. 1 1 64 . 1, 0
a. culture lagb. ethnocentric. culture sho		standards of their own culture?
ANSWER:	y psychology	ь
39. When we discard ethnocent	rism and look at the functions of cow wor	

the following?

Name :			Class :	Dat e:
Chapter 2	- Cul	ture		
	a.	a superstitious practice		
	b.	a rational economic practic	ce	
	c.	a non-useful practice		
	d.	a failure of the caste system	n	
ANSWER:		j		b
		•		alist theory can explain otherwise
mysterious		-	lluable lesson about which of	the following?
	a.	sociocultural evolution		
	b.	ethnocentrism		
	C.	cultural universals		
ANGHER	d.	multiculturalism		
ANSWER:				Ь
		her friend Libby that she fir ags. What concept is reflected cultural diffusion cultural confrontation ethnocentrism		countries outside of Canada, the
	d.	myopia		
ANSWER:				c
in rural Inc	dia. W ow wo	nen examining cow worship rship be understood?	from the point of view of the	vers' understanding of cow worship functions it fulfills in Indian society,
a 1-		a meaningful religious pract		
b		a rational economic practice		
c		a practice of social solidarit		
d <i>ANSWER:</i>	. as	a sentimental and emotional	practice	ь
	does c	alture also do?	-	ercise their freedom. Which of the
	a.	It dictates all our actions		
	b.	It fascinates us.		
	c.	It alarms us.		
	d.	It constrains us.		
ANSWER:				d
44. Until t	he 196	0s, many sociologists argue	d that culture was simply a ref	lection of society. However, today,

under the influence of symbolic interactionist theory, what do many sociologists believe?

Name :			Class ::	Dat e:e:
Chapter 2	2 - Cultu	re		
a.	that peop	ole do not just accept cul	ture passively	
b.	that peop	ole accept culture as it is	given to them	
c.	that peop	ole really don't care abou	nt culture	
d.	that peop	ole shape culture only wh	nen they care about an issue	
ANSWER:				a
45. Which sociologis		ollowing features of cult	ure have symbolic interactionis	sts called to the attention of
a.	People s	shape culture only when	they care about an issue.	
b.	People a	accept culture as it is give	en to them.	
c.	People of	creatively produce and in	terpret culture.	
d.	People f	focus on all aspects of cu	lture.	
ANSWER:				С
simply ac a. b. c.	cept, cult Canadian Canadian Canadian	ural influences? society has diversified of society is becoming inc	culturally and socially. reasingly authoritarian. had diverse regional identities.	able to actively choose, rather than
ANSWER:				a
47. What food?	is eviden	ced by the growing popu	ılarity of Latino music, Asian a	architectural design, and varied ethnic
	a.	cultural solidarity		
	b.	ethnocentrism		
	c.	cultural production		
	d.	cultural diversificatio	n	
ANSWER:				d
our histor	y, culture		ld more accurately reflect Cana example of?	ald present a more balanced picture of ada's ethnic and racial diversity.
	b.	ethnocentrism		
	c.	multiculturalism		
	d.	cultural solidarity		
ANSWER:				c

49. Failing to present a more balanced picture of our history, cultures, and society that reflects Canada's ethnic

and racial diversity in our school and college curricula is an example of which of the following?

Name			Class	Dat e:
——Chapter 2	- Cultu	re	-· <u> </u>	
	a.	cultural diversification		
	b.	ethnocentrism		
	c.	multiculturalism		
	d.	cultural solidarity		
ANSWER:				Ь
50. What a n Canadia		<u> </u>	ght to the achiever	ments of non-whites and non-Europeans
	a.	multiculturalism		
	b.	reverse ethnocentrism		
	c.	cultural relativism		
	d.	cultural diversification		
ANSWER:				a
51. What is	s the op	posite of ethnocentrism?		
	a.	cultural diversification		
	b.	cultural production		
	c.	multiculturalism		
	d.	cultural relativism		
ANSWER:				d
52. What is	s the ter	m for the belief that all cultures and	d all cultural practi	ces have equal value?
	a.	multiculturalism	P1	
	b.	ethnocentrism		
	c.	cultural diversification		
	d.	cultural relativism		
ANSWER:				d
53 Which	of the f	ollowing is a criticism of multicult	ıralicm?	
		s only on the interests of the "charte		da
		on cultural diversification hurts the		
		rages ethnocentrism.	microsis of the pe	
		cultural relativism.		
ANSWER:	reads to	o dantarar relativisiii.		d
	_	onflict theory, cultural diversity an privileged majority and disadvanta		have emerged from the ongoing hat is the term for this struggle for equal
	a.	multiculturalism		
	b.	affirmative action		
	c.	cultural diversification		

Name :		Class :	Dat e:
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d.	the rights revolution		
ANSWER:	C		d
	cess were they engaging in?	gan to assert their rights to cult	cural sovereignty and establish land
b	rights revolution		
c.	cultural production		
d	multiculturalism		
ANSWER:			b
	text, in which of the follows revolution has tainted dem	ing ways has the rights revolution ocracy with violence.	ion influenced democracy?
		mocracy to the breaking point.	
c. The rights	s revolution has turned dem	ocracy into a meaningless tradi	tion in modern cultures.
_	s revolution has expanded d	emocracy.	
ANSWER:			d
marginalized gro the rights revolut	ups and by renewing pride ion?		e grievances of formerly of the following has been a result of
	ures have been integrated in	•	
	ty of Canadian culture has l	· ·	
	•	of being a mosaic of cultures.	
	an culture has been erased.		
ANSWER:			b
a. becauseb. because	tes of passage important in per they involved only certain they supported cultural hose they changed norms and very changed norms and very changed norms.	members of the community mogeneity	
	e they supported production		
ANSWER:	t mey supposed production		b
59. What are a ba	aptism, a wedding, and a gra cultural relativism	aduation ceremony all example	s of?
b.	cultural reproduction		
c.	multiculturalism		
d.	rites of passage		
ANSWER.	1 2		d

Name :			Class :	Dat e:	
Chapter 2	2 - Cultu	re	_		
series of 1	ines cut i		•	All teenage males have a complex dadulthood. What term would be	
	a.	a rite of passage			
	b.	an institutional practice			
	c.	a globalizing trend			
	d.	a postmodern abstraction			
ANSWER:				a	
	-	eligious rituals involve elaborate are these rituals examples of?	body decoration, carefu	lly orchestrated chants, and precise)
	a.	rites of passage			
	b.	multiculturalism			
	c.	ethnocentrism			
	d.	cultural reproduction			
				a	
	rding to tl			ne fourteenth and eighteenth centur	ies
62. Accor as a result	rding to the Royal Revolution a. b.	enaissance, the Protestant Reformons. Which of the following is a fundamentalism industrialization multiculturalism	nation, the Scientific Re	evolution, and the French and	ies
62. Accor as a result	rding to the Road Revolution a.	enaissance, the Protestant Reformons. Which of the following is a fundamentalism industrialization multiculturalism	nation, the Scientific Re	evolution, and the French and	ies
62. Accordas a result American ANSWER: 63. At M	rding to the Royal Revolution and the control of the Royal Revolution and the control of the con	enaissance, the Protestant Reformons. Which of the following is a fundamentalism industrialization multiculturalism diversification house last weekend, we had sougland who was waiting for us at elatively recent development in one. consumerism b. rationalization c. globalization	nation, the Scientific Reterned that intensified the trend that intensified the value and tiramisu for determined the Oktoberfest celebrates.	evolution, and the French and is cultural fragmentation? b inner. Afterward, we went to meet	
62. Accordas a result American ANSWER: 63. At M	rding to the Royal Revolution and the control of the Royal Revolution and the control of the con	enaissance, the Protestant Reformons. Which of the following is a fundamentalism industrialization multiculturalism diversification house last weekend, we had sougland who was waiting for us at elatively recent development in one. consumerism b. rationalization c. globalization	nation, the Scientific Reterned that intensified the trend that intensified the value and tiramisu for determined the Oktoberfest celebrates.	evolution, and the French and is cultural fragmentation? b inner. Afterward, we went to meet	
62. According as a result American ANSWER: 63. At Marker friend example of ANSWER: 64. What	rding to the tof the Revolution a. b. c. d.	enaissance, the Protestant Reformons. Which of the following is a fundamentalism industrialization multiculturalism diversification house last weekend, we had sougland who was waiting for us at elatively recent development in one. consumerism c. consumerism d. rationalization globalization d. immigration	nation, the Scientific Retrend that intensified the value and tiramisu for definition of the Oktoberfest celebrateur society?	evolution, and the French and is cultural fragmentation? b inner. Afterward, we went to meet ion. The evening was an ideal	
62. According as a result American ANSWER: 63. At Marker friend example of ANSWER: 64. What	rding to the tof the Revolution a. b. c. d.	enaissance, the Protestant Reformons. Which of the following is a fundamentalism industrialization multiculturalism diversification house last weekend, we had sougland who was waiting for us at elatively recent development in one consumerism to rationalization globalization d. immigration men for the process by which form	nation, the Scientific Retrend that intensified the value and tiramisu for definition of the Oktoberfest celebrateur society?	b inner. Afterward, we went to meet ion. The evening was an ideal	
62. According as a result American ANSWER: 63. At Marker friend example of ANSWER: 64. What	rding to the Royal Revolution and the control of the Royal Revolution and the control of the control of the terrol	enaissance, the Protestant Reformons. Which of the following is a fundamentalism industrialization multiculturalism diversification house last weekend, we had sougland who was waiting for us at elatively recent development in one. consumerism to rationalization globalization d. immigration em for the process by which form ependent? industrialization	nation, the Scientific Retrend that intensified the value and tiramisu for definition of the Oktoberfest celebrateur society?	b inner. Afterward, we went to meet ion. The evening was an ideal	
62. According as a result American ANSWER: 63. At Marker friend example of ANSWER: 64. What	rding to the Revolution and the	enaissance, the Protestant Reformons. Which of the following is a fundamentalism industrialization multiculturalism diversification house last weekend, we had sougland who was waiting for us at elatively recent development in one. consumerism to rationalization globalization d. immigration em for the process by which form ependent? industrialization	nation, the Scientific Retrend that intensified the value and tiramisu for definition of the Oktoberfest celebrateur society?	b inner. Afterward, we went to meet ion. The evening was an ideal	

Name :			Class :	Dat e:
Chapter 2 - 0	Culture			
ANSWER:				d
•	-	international travel at te twentieth century?	and communication contrib	outed to which of the following
	a.	multiculturalism		
	b.	industrialization		
	c.	rationalization		
	d.	globalization		
ANSWER:				d
66. What is o	ne of the <i>mos</i>	et important roots of	globalization?	
a.	expansion	of ethnocentrism		
b.	expansion	of trade and investm	ent	
c.	limitations	to rationalization		
d.	diversifica	tion of rites of passag	ge	
ANSWER:				ь
hear Justin Bi	eber's latest s surprised wh nessing?	song being played at	top volume when they enterens in the restaurant begin	I students, Michelle is surprised to er the McDonald's in St. Petersburg. s to sing along to the song. What is
b.	the expansion	on of cultural comfort	zones	
c.	media conve			
d.	globalization	•		
ANSWER:	C			d
they were bor a. b.	n? They feel obli They feel less	iged to defend their cobliged to accept the	ulture. eir culture.	onships with the culture into which
	=	likely to reject their		
	They are more	e likely to idealize th	eir culture.	
ANSWER:				Ь
		erwhelming majority a consensus around		eve in the inevitability of progress,
	a.	classic		
	b.	premodern		
	c.	modern		
	d.	postmodern		

Name :		Class :	Dat e:
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ANSWER:			c
b. an eclectc. a diversit	ing is a defining chara sus around core value ic mix of cultural elen ty of religious ideas ect for authority	S	a
71. What type of culture authority, and a decline a. b. c. d.			ent times and places, an erosion of
ANSWER:			b
72. Which of the follow a. b. c. d.	ing types of culture is premodern modernist classic postmodern	characterized by the growth	of different religious beliefs?
ANSWER:	posimo uc m		d
a. an eclectic mixb. challenges to an	of cultural elements futhority and core valuing historical projects	stic of postmodern culture? from different times and places	ees d
result of this change? a. Tradition is rej b. Challenges to a c. Religiosity is i	lected less frequently that the same street authority are more free free freet accessing.	than it used to be. quent than they used to be.	nultiplied. Which of the following is a
d. Norms are dispansare dispansare.	outed less than they us	ed to be.	ь
75. Serena states that she	e believes in a god bu	t has never attended any reli	gious services. Instead, she visits a

psychic every week, reads her horoscope daily and also believes in reincarnation. What do her spiritual

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Name	Class	Dat
• •	:	e:

practices and beliefs reflect?

- a. postmodernism
- b. tribalism
- c. institutionalization
- d. premodernism

ANSWER:

a

- 76. The popular cable TV program *Dexter* is the story of a serial killer named Dexter who works for the Miami police force as a forensic scientist. Dexter is a seemingly mild mannered man who only kills people he has determined are themselves killers. Because he is a police officer and also mild mannered, he has escaped detection and punishment. Which of the following features of the program *best* illustrates its postmodern aspect?
 - a. Dexter's seemingly normal personality
 - b. Dexter's rejection of the authority of the justice system
 - c. Dexter's insistence on strictly following a code in choosing his victims
 - d. Dexter's reliance on his scientific knowledge

ANSWER: b

- 77. The change in how father figures are depicted on television from the 1950s to today demonstrates which of the following characteristics of postmodernism?
 - a. the erosion of authority
 - b. an eclectic mixing of elements from different times and places
 - c. the growth of religious conservatism
 - d. a loss of confidence in political leaders

ANSWER:

- 78. Critics of postmodernism are concerned that the lack of a common culture will create problems in maintaining a stable society. Which of the following has contributed to the breakdown of consensus on many issues today?
 - a. influence of mass media
 - b. growth of religious extremism
 - c. rapid shifts in values and in political loyalty
 - d. organized antiglobalization efforts

ANSWER:

- 79. Freja voted for the Green Party in the last election because she favoured the party leader over other leaders. In the most recent election however, she decided to vote for the NDP because she agreed with their platform on education more than the others. What element of postmodernism do her changing political convictions reflect?
 - a. an eclectic mixing of elements from different times and places
 - b. the erosion of authority
 - c. the decline of consensus around core values
 - d. the fragmentation of simulated abstractions

Name :				Class :	Dat e:
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ANSWER:					c
80. What cha		tic of p	ostmodernism is m	anifested in the demise of b	oig historical projects, such as
a.	globa	alizatior	1		
b.	the in	nstabilit	y of core values		
c.	the en	rosion c	of authority		
d.	an ec	lectic n	nix of cultural elem	nents	
ANSWER:					b
81. Which of		lowing a.	was a "big historic tribalism	al project" of the twentieth	century?
	ł	b.	communism		
	(c.	anarchism		
	(d.	familism		
ANSWER:					b
82. Since the authority?	: 1960s,	which o	of the following co	untries has seen the greates	t increase in the questioning of
•	a.	the U	Inited Kingdom		
	b.	Japai	n		
	c.	the U	Jnited States		
	d.	Cana	ıda		
ANSWER:					d
lesbian coupl	es shou	ld have		as heterosexual couples. A	of equal value, and that gay and ecording to the textbook, which of the
		c.	American		
		d.	Norwegian		
ANSWER:			1101111981111		b
84 Rationali	zation a	ind cons	sumerism are exam	ples of which of the follow	ing?
on Radionan	a.		are as constraint	pres of which of the follows	
	b.		modernism		
	c.	-	alization		
	d.	cultu			
ANSWER:					a

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Their lives appear	r to be so			oo much during the average workday. sely planned. These facts illustrate the
a.	ratio	onalization		
b.	cult	ural diversification		
c.	cons	sumerism		
d.	McI	Donaldization		
ANSWER:				a
86. In Max Webe	er's sense	e of the term, what is <i>i</i>	rationalization?	
a. a justific	cation for	r a deviant act		
b. a justific	eation for	r a perceived act of de	viance	
c. use of th	e most e	efficient means to achi	eve given goals	
d. using the	e least ex	xpensive and most effe	ective means to get a job of	lone
ANSWER:				c
87. Which of the rationalization has			ber coin to illustrate the c	onstraining effect that increased
	b.	steel trap		
	c.	velvet glove		
	d.	iron cage		
ANSWER:		C		d
88. Holding maxi following?	imum ef	ficiency as a goal above	ve all others is the central	characteristic of which of the
S	a.	consumerism		
	b.	globalization		
	c.	rationalization		
	d.	postmodernism		
ANSWER:				c
a. using theb. the applc. the justing	e least ention of the fication	xpensive means to get of the most efficient m for a perceived act of	eans to achieve given goa deviance	
ANSWER:	ncation	for a self-indulgent ac	ι	h
ANSWEK.				b
90. In Weber's or following instituti	•	he development of rati	ionalization was exemplif	ied by the growth of which of the

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Chapter 2 -	Cultur	e			
	a.	modern labour unions			
	b.	modern corporations			
	c.	modern armies			
	d.	modern bureaucracies			
ANSWER:				d	
91. What is	the pos	modern tendency to define ourselves in	n terms of the goods a	and services we purchase?)
	a.	consumerism	8	1	
	b.	brand loyalty			
	c.	rationalization			
	d.	purchased identity			
ANSWER:				a	
personal cho a. It o b. It i c. Ar	oice. The ensures reduces merican	define ourselves in terms of the goods is tendency is also important because it excess capacity is utilized. the opportunities for Asian nations to put culture will dominate globally.	t supports the econom	-	
	e produ	cts that we produce will be bought.			
ANSWER:				d	
a. a gro b. an in c. an e	oup definferior commergent	llowing <i>best</i> reflects the meaning of the ned by practices perceived as inferior bulture culture nctive values, norms, and practices with	by members of the eli	te in that society	
ANSWER:		, , ,	S	d	
	the term a. b. c. d.	n for a set of distinctive values, norms, postmodern culture rationalized culture consumer culture subculture	and practices within a		
ANSWER:				d	
		enagers has distinctive clothing, beliefs, in be said to belong to which of the followarationalization group a consumerist collective		that separate them from o	thers
	c.	a subculture			
	d.	a postmodern culture			

Name :	Cla :	iss	Dat e:
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ANSWER:			c
	e feeling depressed they sometimes go at themselves or their situation, what is rationalization		their purchases make
b.	postmodernism		
c.	consumerism		
d.	purchased identity		
ANSWER:			c
a. encouragir	discovered that they can stimulate der g the use of personal video recorders	(or PVR machines)	vhich of the following?
~ -	uct placement strategies in television s		
	ng an expensive and long-running tele		
	antage of consumers' tendency to char	nnel surf	
ANSWER:			b
98. Cultural freedor society?	n has its limits. Which of the followin	g twin forces govern or define	e these limits in our
•	umerism and technology		
b. tech	nology and rationalization		
c. ratio	nalization and consumerism		
d. com	modification and rationalization		
ANSWER:			c
99. According to the the consumerist cult	e text, which of the following is a pote ure?	entially negative consequence	of NOT participating in
a. You might r	ot have the full range of options for ex	xpressing your identity.	
b. You might b	e considered a cultural outcast by those	se who are participating in tha	at culture.
c. The other m	embers of your culture might perceive	you as thinking yourself bett	er than they are.
d. The other m	embers of your culture might perceive	you as not as good as they ar	re.
ANSWER:			ь
	ollowing is an unintended negative con s of choice in the marketplace	nsequence of consumerism?	
	nomic stagnation		
	"taming" of countercultures		
	cural instability		
ANSWER:	•		c

101. Daryl was a charismatic leader of a local anti-consumerist movement. His highly vocal, tattooed, and

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		e:

pierced presence was a constant nuisance to police and local politicians. He would regularly post clips he called "Speak Out, Don't Buy In" on YouTube. The clips soon received several million hits and brought Daryl to the attention of the marketing division of a large multinational clothing company that targeted youth. A representative of the company contacted Daryl and they worked out a deal to use some of his better-known slogans on a new line of t-shirts the company was producing in exchange for a large amount of cash. What process occurred in bringing Daryl from public nuisance to countercultural icon?

- a. consumerism as social control
- b. culture becoming counterculture
- c. social control as an element of culture
- d. subculture and counterculture merging

ANSWER: a

102. In its early days, hip-hop became an expression of the alienation, disenchantment, and political rage of the African American community. Over time however, it came to be more and more oriented to lifestyle and signs of material wealth. What does this transformation exemplify?

- a. the increasing freedoms granted by music lovers to musicians
- b. consumerism's taming of countercultural movements
- c. a deviant subculture that was reformed
- d. a challenge to the ethos of consumerism

ANSWER: b

103. Early hip-hop music expressed contempt for white society. According to the text, what did the attraction of white middle-class youth to the music style reduce hip-hop to?

- a. a mixing of race and class symbolism
- b. pop culture for exclusively for teens
- c. music aimed only at countercultural audiences
- d. a commercial money-maker absent of political content

ANSWER:

104. According to the text, many hip-hop music artists began their careers as politically rebellious musicians, but many of them were more than eager to do which of the following?

- a. embrace new messages as the structure of society became transformed through their music
- b. forgo politics for commerce
- c. stop recording when their messages were accepted by the wider culture
- d. keep producing music with a social conscience

ANSWER: b

- 105. Consumerism is remarkably effective in taming expressions of freedom and individualism, including acts of dissent and rebellion. Which of the following situations does this create?
 - a. Deviations from mainstream culture become more influential among younger North Americans than older North Americans.
 - b. Deviations shape mainstream culture more than the natural progression of North American culture.

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		s from mainstream culture s of making money.	often lose their power to drive	change because they get turned
		ial success puts pressure o tically radical positions.	n the rebellious artists to push the	neir rebellion into more and
4NS	WER:			c
106.	a. It is the id	dea that not all cultures are	-	
		<u>-</u>	ll cultural practices, even if they	
			es should be tolerated within rea	
		lea that all cultures and cu	lltural practices have equal value	3.
4NS	WER:			c
was one	due in large pof the latest in the ptance of div	part as a result of pressure n several advancements for ersity?	and lobbying by members of Ca	ame-sex marriage nationwide. This anada's gay community and is only applied to Canada's increasing
	a.	minority radicalism		
	b.	the rights revolution		
	c.	postmodern inclusion		
	d.	minority group pressur	re	
4NS	WER:			ь
	Which of the adians?	e following is one conclus	ion of Reginald Bibby's survey	research on religious beliefs of
	a. People	are increasingly engaging	in religious rites of passage.	
	b. Religio	us beliefs have remained r	relatively stable for decades.	
	c. Very fe	ew Canadians profess a bel	lief in God.	
	d. People	mix unconventional belief	fs with traditional religion.	
4NS	WER:			d
oss	sesses—yet, re	egrettably, that is how man	ny people define themselves. W ssions?	a person is more than what she or he hat lifestyle label best depicts a
	a.	conspicuous consumpti	on	
	b.	overconsumption		
	c.	consumerism		

110. Which theorist proposed that because of rationalization, life in the modern world is akin to living in an

"iron cage"?

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d.

ANSWER:

individualism

 \mathbf{c}

	a.	George Ritzer	
	b.	Max Weber	
	c.	Marshall McLuhan	
	d.	Sigmund Freud	
ANSWER.	•		b
111. Acc	ording to th	ne text, which of the following best defines rationalization?	
	e logical at lurality	tempt to understand the viewpoints of others in the context of multiculturalism	n and
b. a	justificatior	n offered in response to an individual's actions and behaviours	
c. th	e effort to e	explain the rationale underlying cultural diversity	
d. th	e calculation	on of the most efficient means to an end despite potential negative consequence	ees
ANSWER.	•		d
because v which po	whichever postmodernism		
		e of consensus around core values	
		g of diverse elements from different times and places	
		n of authority	
		sionment with big historical projects	
ANSWER.	•		С
į.	ording to the communication communication consumers		
		ansCanada Highway	
		rth American Free Trade Agreement	
ANSWER.		The Final Free France Figure Ment	а
,,			
ago, worl natural w a.	kers protest ay of organ A precise 1	mechanical clocks ("work clocks") were introduced in Germany's public squared in the streets. Now we regard the regulation of our activities by clocks to be nizing our lives. What does our acceptance and internalization of the work cloregulation of time is necessary in a capitalist society. In a capitalist society.	e the most
c.	_	ation of time is a product of culture.	
d.	_	benefits from the regulation time.	
a. ANSWER.	•	ochents from the regulation time.	C
AINOWEN.			С

Class

Dat e:

all social classes

115. Who consumes mass culture?

a.

Name

Chapter 2 - Culture

a. True b. False ANSWER: True 111. When sociologists refer to "high culture" they mean cultural activities that are most likely to be pursued and enjoyed by the wealthiest in society. a. True b. False ANSWER: True 1118. Production is the tool in the human survival kit that is based on the sharing of resources. a. True b. False ANSWER: False 119. Cooperation is the tool in the human survival kit that is based on the sharing of resources. a. True b. False ANSWER: True 120. Punishment is minor for the violation of a folkway. a. True b. False ANSWER: True 121. The use of a flag to represent the common belonging of many people to one nation is an example of a symbol. a. True b. False	Name :			C :	Class	Dat e:
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d. mainly the upper class ANSWER: a. True b. False ANSWER: a. True b. False ANSWER: True b. False ANSWER: True b. False 117. When sociologists refer to "high culture" they mean cultural activities that are most likely to be pursued and enjoyed by the wealthiest in society. a. True b. False ANSWER: True 118. Production is the tool in the human survival kit that is based on the sharing of resources. a. True b. False ANSWER: False 119. Cooperation is the tool in the human survival kit that is based on the sharing of resources. a. True b. False ANSWER: False 119. Couperation is the tool in the human survival kit that is based on the sharing of resources. a. True b. False ANSWER: True 120. Punishment is minor for the violation of a folkway. a. True b. False ANSWER: True 121. The use of a flag to represent the common belonging of many people to one nation is an example of a symbol. a. True b. False			•			
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symbol. a. True b. False	ANSWER:					True
b. False	121. The u symbol.	se of a	flag to represent the comme	on belongin	ng of many people	to one nation is an example of a
b. False			a.	True		
			b.			
	ANSWER:					True

122. The Sapir-Whorf thesis claims that environment and experience affect language, but that language is

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neutral in its influer	nce on social experi	ence and perception.	
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
123. Cultural relativ	vism involves judgi	ng another culture by the stand	dards of one's own culture.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
		discussed in this chapter agre t culture is solely the effect of	e that we can best understand culture as a underlying social factors.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
_	-	in India illustrated the benefits and revealed lessons about etl	s of functionalist theory in explaining hnocentrism.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
126. Conflict theoriculture.	sts were particularl	y important in explaining that	people actively produce and interpret
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
127. According to s passively by each g	•	`	ological perspectives), culture is accepted
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
128. Cultural divers	sity in Canada is ev	ident in all aspects of life, from	n music and food to clothing and
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True

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129. Throughout Car	nadian history, Car	nada's culture has become incr	reasingly more heterogeneous.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
		=	vels need to present a more balanced nada's ethnic and racial uniformity.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
		hat multicultural education hu to study their cultural heritage	rts minority students by diverting them
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
132. According to Érreligious rituals.	mile Durkheim, de	viation from prescribed praction	ces is encouraged during primitive
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
133. The rights revolution		ada's acceptance of minorities	s only during the 1960s and 1970s, after
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
134. One of the mos investment.	t important causes	of globalization has been the e	expansion of international trade and
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
135. Postmodernism evolutionary trends p		ific innovation.	e inevitability of progress, especially
	a.	True	

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	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
136. The policy of r	nulticulturalism wa	as adopted by the Canadian go	vernment in the late 1950s.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
137. The postmoder	n condition makes	consensus building in the den	nocratic process increasingly difficult.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
_	, the construction of		the Manhattan Project to build the atom
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
		nuing belief in maintaining det moving into postmodernism.	ference to authority places Canada far
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
who claim to believe	e in God, who have		t decreases in the percentage of Canadians and who express a high degree of deference first postmodern nation.
	a.	True	
AMORED	b.	False	TT.
ANSWER:			True
141. The first effort clocks in town square		ctivity through rationalization	occurred with the installation of public
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True

142. Rationalization—that is, using time to maximize productivity and efficiency—can result in irrational

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consequen	ces, like having a life that's to	oo hectic.	
	a.	True	
	b.	False	_
ANSWER:			True
143. Max	Weber claimed that rationalit	y has crept into all spheres of	social life except for religious beliefs.
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
144. Consusubculture.		tifies the process of buying ite	ms to define our membership in a certai
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
145. Today	y, people refuse to allow then	nselves to associate their status	s and identity with commercial products
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
	of the more significant results services we purchase.	of consumerism is that it lead	s us to define ourselves in terms of the
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			True
147. Coun	tercultures do not fundamenta	ally oppose dominant values.	
	a.	True	
	b.	False	
ANSWER:			False
148. Defin ANSWER:	Answers will vary but should transmitted practices, language	ages, symbols, beliefs, values,	ture from each other. ng that culture is the <i>sum</i> of socially ideologies, and material objects; high r class; popular (mass) culture is culture

ANSWER: Answers will vary but should focus on addressing the human capacity for abstraction, cooperation,

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149. List and discuss the building blocks of culture.

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	·	Φ.
•	•	Ե.

and production which gives rise to ideas, norms and values, and material culture.

- 150. There are generational differences in how certain behaviours are experienced. Identify a folkway that is acceptable to your peers but that is frowned upon by older generations, and describe the difference in attitude.
- ANSWER: Answers will vary but should clearly demonstrate an understanding that a folkway is a norm (generally accepted way of doing things) that specify social *preferences*.
- 151. Identify and describe a counterculture that has had an impact on society in your lifetime.
- ANSWER: Answers will vary but should illustrate their comprehension that a counterculture is a subversive subculture that opposes the dominant values and seeks to replace them (e.g. today's environmentalists).
- 152. The textbook cites the French sociologist Baudrillard as claiming that "even what is best in America is compulsory" as illustrative of the claim that consumerism acts as a constraint on our lives. In your opinion, what did Baudrillard mean?
- ANSWER: Answers will vary and may include a discussion of our "shop till we drop" lifestyle, which then leads to persons who suffer due to hoarding or the high debt loads that many people struggle with.
- 153. Choose a consumer item that plays a big role in your life, and describe how it acts as both a constraint on you and yet expands your freedom.
- Answers will vary but should demonstrate an awareness that there are positives and negatives to all material objects—e.g., a car allows you the freedom and independence to enjoy your life, but how many hours of your life must you labour to make the payments on the car, the cost of insurance, and the repairs.
- 154. List and discuss the three characteristics of postmodern culture that were presented in the text.
- ANSWER: Answers will vary but should be a clear presentation of the following: a mixing of elements from different times and places; an erosion of authority; and a decline of consensus around core values.
- 155. Explain ethnocentrism with reference to the invisibility of culture.
- ANSWER: Answers will vary but should demonstrate an understanding that people tend to take their own culture for granted, which may lead to the viewing of other cultures and their practices as being odd, irrational, and/or inferior.
- 156. Relate the meaning of ethnocentrism to functionalist theory.
- ANSWER: Answers will vary and may include reference to Marvin Harris's functionalist analysis of cow worship among Hindu peasants in India.
- 157. Compare and contrast folkways, mores, and taboos.
- ANSWER: Answers will vary but should include reference that they are three types of norms (generally accepted ways of doing things). Folkways are norms that specify social preferences, mores are norms that specify social requirements, and taboos are the strongest and most central norm.
- 158. Outline the key points of the Sapir–Whorf thesis.
- ANSWER: Answers will vary but should centre around the connection between experience, thought, and Copyright Cengage Learning. Powered by Cognero.

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language

159. Describe the main tools in the human cultural survival kit. Explain how culture, rather than biological programming, has enabled human survival and possibly a mastery of nature.

ANSWER: Answers will vary and should address the tools of abstraction, cooperation, and production and how each uniquely human talent gave rise to a different element of culture.

160. Explain what is meant by culture as freedom and culture as constraint.

ANSWER: Answers will vary. Elements of our culture are utilized to solve practical problems and express who we are, but our existing culture puts limits on what we can think and do.

161. Use a symbolic interactionist perspective to explain how culture is created.

ANSWER: Answers will vary. Symbolic interactionists see culture as being an independent variable inasmuch as we are not passively accepting the beliefs, symbols, and values of society. Rather, we are producers and interpreters that fashion culture to suit our diverse and changing needs.

162. Outline the three concerns attributed in the text to those who critique multicultural education.

ANSWER: Answers will vary but the major concerns are the weakening of Canada's social fabric, it encourages cultural relativism (some cultures oppose deeply held Canadian values), and some cultures have practices that are abhorrent to most Canadians.

163. Explain what is meant by the rights revolution. Identify how it has impacted Canadian culture.

ANSWER: Answers will vary but should include reference that the rights revolution is the process by which socially excluded groups have struggled to win equal rights under the law and in practice. As a result, democracy has widened and deepened—and women's rights, minority rights, gay and lesbian rights, the rights of people with special needs, constitutional rights, and language rights are all part of our political discourse.

164. Describe the characteristics of postmodernism. What concerns have been expressed about postmodernism? ANSWER: Answers will vary and may include a discussion of the eclectic mix of elements from different times and places (the blending of cultures); the erosion of authority in the realms of family, schools, politics, and medicine; and the decline of consensus around what were once held to be core societal values.

165. Define rationalization.

ANSWER: Answers will vary. The textbook definition is "the application of the most efficient means to achieve given goals and the unintended, negative consequences of doing so."

166. How does the rights revolution fragment Canadian culture?

ANSWER: Answers will vary but according to the text, Canadian culture is fragmented due to the legitimization of grievances of groups that were formerly excluded from full social participation and the renewal of their pride in their identity and heritage. This means that our history books, literature, music, use of languages, and our very sense of what it means to be Canadian have diversified culturally.

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167. Define and provide an example of a rite of passage.

ANSWER: Answers will vary but should assert that rites of passage are cultural ceremonies that mark the transition from one stage of life to another (e.g., baptisms, confirmations, weddings) or from life to death (e.g., funerals, memorial services).

168. Explain how consumerism shapes our lives.

ANSWER: Answers will vary. Consumerism is the tendency to define ourselves in terms of the goods and services we buy. Increasing our consumption of goods may have negative consequences such as increasing debt, impact on the environment, and so on.

169. Define subculture. Explain its relationship to cultural diversity and to consumerism.

Answers will vary. A subculture is a set of distinctive values, norms, and practices within a larger culture. As a result of living in a diverse culture, there are a number of subcultures that we can pick from to identify with and we can buy items that help define us as members of a subculture of our choosing.

170. Explain how globalization has affected social life in Canada. Use the concepts of culture, culture diversification, and globalization in your answer.

ANSWER: Answers will vary.

171. Identify and describe a counterculture that has had an impact on society in your lifetime. Focus on the dominant values that they oppose, and the values that they want to replace them with.

ANSWER:

Answers will vary.

172. Research the impact that multiculturalism has had on the curriculum in Canadian schools. Identify the strengths and weaknesses that its advocates and critics have put forward, and evaluate its contribution to Canadian society.

ANSWER: Answers will vary.

173. Cultural relativism, defined in the textbook as the idea that all cultures and cultural practices have equal value, is held by critics of multiculturalism as one of its drawbacks. Advocates of multiculturalism respond by advocating a moderate version. How would this work? Using one or two controversial values, describe how the balance between tolerance of differences and the lawlessness of "anything goes" can be maintained.

ANSWER:

Answers will vary.

174. Compare and contrast the main tools in the human cultural survival kit. Comment on their importance versus their importance during either pre-industrial or industrial times.

ANSWER: Answers will vary.

175. What accounts for the significance of culture among humans compared to other animals? Make reference to the human capacity to adapt to change.

ANSWER: Answers will vary.

176. Defend or reject the authors' conclusion that Canada may be the first postmodern nation.

ANSWER: Answers will vary.

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Chapter 2 - Culture		
177. Provide evidence of the irrational predict where these trends in rationalize	zation could lead.	reat of irrationality to society and
ANSWER:	Answers will vary.	
178. Compare and contrast Max Weber ANSWER:	er's and George Ritzer's interpretation Answers will vary.	ons of the concept of rationalization.
179. Explain the characteristics of sub mainstream Canada.	cultures by describing a well-known	subculture and its relationship to
ANSWER:	Answers will vary.	
180. Research anti-consumerism organiti-consumerist groups will have in danswer:	· ·	and estimate the likely success that
181. Select a movie and use it to explace consumerism, or another concept from <i>ANSWER</i> :		lture, the rights revolution,
182. If you were going to oppose consexplain your position to others? How says with the says were says and the says were going to oppose consexplain your position to others?		
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183. Explain why consumerism is uns <i>ANSWER:</i>	ustainable. Answers will vary.	
184. Research an element of the envir of a current counterculture.	onmentalist movement in Canada. E	xplain why it is (or isn't) an example
ANSWER:	Answers will vary.	
185. Research a current event in the nather sociological elements of the news		a to interpret this event and explain
ANSWER:	Answers will vary.	