## https://selldocx.com/products

1. What is the total X f / 4 3	nvit <del>elst-blankrstatisticis-förrthe-behavi</del> orefesloienges-ldDe-gravetter
c. 14	
d. 37	
ANSWER:	C 2.1 For any and Distributions on 1 For any and Distribution Tables
REFERENCES:	2.1 Frequency Distributions and Frequency Distribution Tables
QUESTION TYPE:	•
KEYWORDS:	Bloom's: Understand
distribution table, h	15 scores ranges from a high of $X = 11$ to a low of $X = 3$ . If these scores are placed in a frequency ow many $X$ values will be listed in the first column of that table?
b. 9	
c. 11	
d. 15	
ANSWER:	b
REFERENCES:	2. 1 Frequency Distributions and Frequency Distribution Tables
QUESTION TYPE:	
KEYWORDS:	Bloom's: Understand
$ \frac{X}{5}  \frac{f}{5}  6 $ 4 5 3 5 2 3 1 2 a. n = 5 b. n = 7 c. n = 15	g frequency distribution of quiz scores, how many individuals took the quiz?
d. $n = 21$ ANSWER:	d
REFERENCES:	2. 1 Frequency Distributions and Frequency Distribution Tables
QUESTION TYPE:	
KEYWORDS:	Bloom's: Understand
KETHORDS.	Diooni 3. Onderstand
4. For the following individuals passed?  X f 5 6 4 5 3 5 2 3	distribution of quiz scores, if a score of $X = 3$ or higher is needed for a passing grade, how many

```
1 2
    a. 3
    b. 11
    c. 16
    d. 21
ANSWER:
                  c
REFERENCES:
                  2. 1 Frequency Distributions and Frequency Distribution Tables
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
KEYWORDS:
                  Bloom's: Understand
5. For the following distribution of quiz scores, How many individuals had a score of X = 2?
  __f
5
   6
4 5
3
  5
2 3
    a. 1
    b. 2
    c. 3
    d. 5
ANSWER:
                  c
REFERENCES:
                  2. 1 Frequency Distributions and Frequency Distribution Tables
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
KEYWORDS:
                  Bloom's: Understand
6. For the following frequency distribution of exam scores, what is the lowest possible reported score on the exam?
90-94 3
85-89 4
80-84 5
75-79 2
70-74 1
    a. x = 70
    b. x = 74
    c. x = 90
    d. x = 94
ANSWER:
                  2.2 Grouped Frequency Distribution Tables
REFERENCES:
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
KEYWORDS:
                  Bloom's: Understand
7. For the following frequency distribution of exam scores, how many students had scores lower than X = 80?
90-94 3
85-89 4
80-84 5
75-79 2
70-74 1
```

- a. 2
- b. 3
- c. 7
- d. 8

ANSWER: b

REFERENCES: 2.2 Grouped Frequency Distribution Tables

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

- 8. In a grouped frequency distribution one interval is listed as 50-59. Assuming that the scores are measuring a continuous variable, what are the real limits of this interval?
  - a. 50 and 59
  - b. 50.5 and 59.5
  - c. 49.5 and 59.5
  - d. 49.5 and 60.5

ANSWER:

c

REFERENCES: 2.2 Grouped Frequency Distribution Tables

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

- 9. For the following distribution, how many people had scores less than X = 20?
- $\frac{X}{20-25}$   $\frac{1}{2}$
- 15-19 5
- 10-14 4
- 5-9 1
  - a. 5
  - b. 10
  - c. 11
  - d. 12

ANSWER: b

*REFERENCES:* 2.2 Grouped Frequency Distribution Tables

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

- 10. For the following distribution, what is the highest possible score?
- $\frac{\Delta}{20-25}$  2
- 15-19 5
- 10-14 4
- <u>5-9</u> <u>1</u>
  - a. 5
  - b. 20
  - c. 25
  - d. 26

ANSWER:

REFERENCES: 2.2 Grouped Frequency Distribution Tables

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice Cengage Learning Testing, Powered by Cognero KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

11. For the following distribution, how many people had scores greater than X = 14?

 $\frac{X}{20-25}$   $\frac{1}{2}$ 

15-19 5

10-14 4

<u>5-9</u> <u>1</u>

a. 5

b. 7

c. 10

d. 11

ANSWER:

REFERENCES: 2.2 Grouped Frequency Distribution Tables

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

12. For the following distribution, what is the width of each class interval?

 $\frac{X}{20-24} \frac{f}{2}$ 

5-19 5

10-14 4

<u>5-9</u> <u>1</u>

a. 4b. 4.5

\_

c. 5d. 10

ANSWER:

REFERENCES: 2.2 Grouped Frequency Distribution Tables

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

13. If the following continuous distribution was shown in a histogram, the bar above the 15-19 interval would reach from

 $\frac{\overline{X} \quad f}{20-25 \quad 2}$ 

15-19 5 10-14 4

5-9 1

a. X = 14.5 to X = 19.5

b. X = 15.0 to X = 19.0

c. X = 15.5 to X = 18.5

d. X = 15.5 to X = 19.5

ANSWER: a

*REFERENCES:* 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

14. In a frequency distribution graph, frequencies are presented on the and the scores (categories) are listed on the

\_\_\_\_.

a. X axis; Y axis

- b. horizontal line; vertical line
- c. Y axis; X axis
- d. class interval ;horizontal line

ANSWER: c

*REFERENCES:* 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Remember

- 15. What frequency distribution graph is appropriate for scores measured on a nominal scale?
  - a. only a histogram
  - b. only a polygon
  - c. either a histogram or a polygon
  - d. only a bar graph

ANSWER:

*REFERENCES:* 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

- 16. The classrooms in the Psychology department are numbered from 100 to 108. A professor records the number of classes held in each room during the fall semester. If these values are presented in a frequency distribution graph, what kind of graph would be appropriate?
  - a. a histogram
  - b. a polygon
  - c. a histogram or a polygon
  - d. a bar graph

ANSWER: d

*REFERENCES:* 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Apply

- 17. A researcher records the number of traffic tickets issued in each county along the New York State thruway. If the results are presented in a frequency distribution graph, what kind of graph should be used?
  - a. a bar graph
  - b. a histogram
  - c. a polygon
  - d. either a histogram or a polygon

ANSWER: a

*REFERENCES:* 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Apply

- 18. What kind of frequency distribution graph shows the frequencies as bars, with no space between adjacent bars?
  - a. a bar graph
  - b. a histogram
  - c. a polygon

d. a pie chart

ANSWER: b

*REFERENCES:* 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Remember

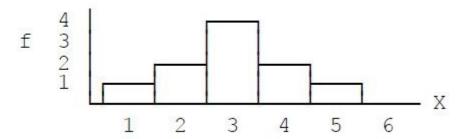


Figure 2.1

- 19. What scale of measurement was used to measure the scores in the distribution shown in the accompanying graph, Figure 2.1?
  - a. nominal
  - b. ordinal
  - c. interval or ratio
  - d. non-numeric

ANSWER:

*REFERENCES:* 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

PREFACE NAME: Figure 2.1

KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

- 20. For the distribution in the accompanying graph, Figure 2.1, what is the value of  $\Sigma X$ ?
  - a. 10
  - b. 15
  - c. 21
  - d. 30

ANSWER: d

*REFERENCES:* 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

PREFACE NAME: Figure 2.1

KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

- 21. What kind of frequency distribution graph shows the frequencies as bars that are separated by spaces?
  - a. a bar graph
  - b. a histogram
  - c. a polygon
  - d. a pie chart

ANSWER: a

REFERENCES: 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Remember

- 22. If a frequency distribution is shown in a bar graph, what scale was used to measure the scores?
  - a. nominal
  - b. nominal or ordinal
  - c. ratio
  - d. interval or ratio

ANSWER:

*REFERENCES:* 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

- 23. The normal distribution is .
  - a. asymmetric
  - b. skewed to the right
  - c. skewed to the left
  - d. symmetric

ANSWER: d

*REFERENCES:* 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Remember

- 24. If a set of exam scores forms a symmetrical distribution, what can we conclude about the students' scores?
  - a. Most of the students had relatively high scores.
  - b. Most of the students had relatively low scores.
  - c. About 50% of the students had high scores and the rest had low scores.
  - d. It is not possible the draw any conclusions about the students' scores.

ANSWER: c

*REFERENCES:* 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Apply

- 25. What term is used to describe the shape of a distribution in which the scores pile up on the left-hand side of the graph and taper off to the right?
  - a. symmetrical
  - b. positively skewed
  - c. negatively skewed
  - d. normal

ANSWER:

*REFERENCES:* 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Remember

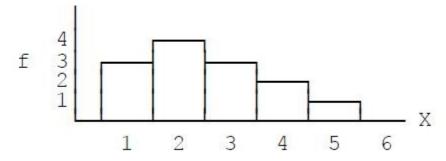


Figure 2-2

- 26. What is the shape for the distribution shown in the accompanying graph in Figure 2.2?
  - a. positively skewed
  - b. negatively skewed
  - c. symmetrical
  - d. normal

ANSWER:

DEFENENCES 22E

*REFERENCES:* 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

PREFACE NAME: Figure 2-2

KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

- 27. A skewed distribution typically has \_\_\_\_\_ tail(s) and a normal distribution has \_\_\_\_ tail(s).
  - a. 1; 1
  - b. 1; 2
  - c. 2,;1
  - d. 2; 2

ANSWER:

*REFERENCES:* 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs

**QUESTION TYPE:** Multiple Choice

KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

- 28. The students in a psychology class seemed to think that the midterm exam was very easy. If they are correct, what is the most likely shape for the distribution of exam scores?
  - a. symmetrical
  - b. positively skewed
  - c. negatively skewed
  - d. normal

ANSWER:

*REFERENCES:* 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Apply

- 29. In a distribution with positive skew, scores with the highest frequencies are ...
  - a. on the right side of the distribution
  - b. on the left side of the distribution
  - c. in the middle of the distribution

d. represented at two distinct peaks

ANSWER: b

*REFERENCES:* 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

30. What is the shape of the distribution for the following set of data?

Scores: 1, 2, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4 5, 5, 5, 5, 6

- a. symmetrical
- b. positively skewed
- c. negatively skewed
- d. cumulative

ANSWER:

*REFERENCES*: 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

31. For the distribution in the following table, what is the 50<sup>th</sup> percentile?

<u>X</u>	<u> </u>
9	100%
0	900/

- 8 80%
- 7 50%
- 6 25%
  - a. X = 8
  - b. X = 7.5
  - c. X = 7
  - d. X = 6.5

ANSWER:

REFERENCES: 2.4 Percentiles, Percentile Ranks, and Interpolation

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

32. For the distribution in the following table, what is the percentile rank for X = 8.5?

X	<u>c%</u>
9	100%
8	80%
7	50%

- 6 25%
  - a. X = 90%b. X = 80%
  - c. X = 65%
  - d. X = 50%

ANSWER: b

REFERENCES: 2.4 Percentiles, Percentile Ranks, and Interpolation

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

33. For the distribution in the following table, what is the 90<sup>th</sup> percentile?

X c% 9 1009

9 100% 8 80%

7 50%

6 25%

a. X = 9.5

b. X = 9

c. X = 8.5

d. X = 8

ANSWER: b

REFERENCES: 2.4 Percentiles, Percentile Ranks, and Interpolation

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

34. For the distribution in the following table, what is the percentile rank for X = 7?

X c% 9 100%

8 80%

7 50%

6 25%

a. X = 80%

4. 71 0070

b. X = 65%

c. X = 50%d. X = 37.5%

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ANSWER:

REFERENCES: 2.4 Percentiles, Percentile Ranks, and Interpolation

**QUESTION TYPE:** Multiple Choice

KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

35. For the distribution in the following table, what is the 90<sup>th</sup> percentile?

X c%

30-34 100%

25-29 90%

20-24 60%

15-19 20%

a. X = 24.5

b. X = 25

c. X = 29

d. X = 29.5

ANSWER:

*REFERENCES*: 2.4 Percentiles, Percentile Ranks, and Interpolation

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

36. For the distribution in the following table, what is the percentile rank for X = 24.5?

X c%

30-34 100%

25-29 90%

20-24 60%

## <u>15-19 20%</u>

- a. 40%
- b. 60%
- c. 75%
- d. 90%

ANSWER: b

REFERENCES: 2.4 Percentiles, Percentile Ranks, and Interpolation

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

37. For the distribution in the following table, what is the 50<sup>th</sup> percentile?

X c%

50-59 100%

40-49 90%

30-39 60%

<u>20-29 20%</u>

a. X = 32

b. X = 35

c. X = 35

d. X = 39

ANSWER:

REFERENCES: 2.4 Percentiles, Percentile Ranks, and Interpolation

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

38. For the distribution in the following table, what is the percentile rank for X = 32?

X c%

30-34 100%

25-29 90%

20-24 60%

15-19 20%

a. 92%

b. 92.5

c. 95%

d. 97.5%

ANSWER:

REFERENCES: 2.4 Percentiles, Percentile Ranks, and Interpolation

**QUESTION TYPE:** Multiple Choice

KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

8 314

7 945

6 7042

5 68

4 14

## Figure 2-3

39. For the scores shown in the accompanying stem and leaf display, Figure 2-3, what is the highest score in the distribution?

a. 8

b. 83

c. 84

d. 7042

ANSWER: c

*REFERENCES:* 2.5 Stem and Leaf Displays

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

PREFACE NAME: Figure 2-3

KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

40. If the following scores were placed in a stem and leaf display, how many leaves would be associated with a stem of 6? Scores: 26, 45, 62, 11, 21, 55, 66

64, 55, 46, 38, 41, 27, 29

36, 51, 32, 25, 34, 44, 59

a. 1

b. 2

c. 3

d. 4

ANSWER:

REFERENCES: Stem and Leaf Displays

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

- 41. A researcher surveys a sample of n = 200 college students and asks each person to identify his or her favorite movie from the past year. If the data were organized in a frequency distribution table, the first column would be a list of movies.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True

REFERENCES: 2. 1 Frequency Distributions and Frequency Distribution Tables

QUESTION TYPE: True / False KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Apply

- 42. A group of quiz scores ranges from 3 to 10, but no student had a score of X = 5. If the scores are put in a frequency distribution table, X = 5 would not be listed in the X column.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False

REFERENCES: 2. 1 Frequency Distributions and Frequency Distribution Tables

QUESTION TYPE: True / False KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Apply

- 43. It is customary to list the score categories in a frequency distribution from the highest down to the lowest.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True

REFERENCES: 2. 1 Frequency Distributions and Frequency Distribution Tables

QUESTION TYPE: True / False

KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

44. There is a total of n = 5 scores in the distribution shown in the following table.

<u>X</u>	f
5	2
4	8
3	5
_	•

- 2 3
- 1 2
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False

REFERENCES: 2. 1 Frequency Distributions and Frequency Distribution Tables

QUESTION TYPE: True / False

KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

45. For the following distribution of scores, 20% of the individuals have scores of X = 1.

<u>X</u>	<u>f</u>
<u>X</u> 5	2
4	2 8 5
3 2	5
2	3
1	2
	т

- a. True
- b. False

ANSWER: False

REFERENCES: 2. 1 Frequency Distributions and Frequency Distribution Tables

QUESTION TYPE: True / False

KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

46. For the following distribution of scores, SX = 18.

<u>X</u> _	<u>f</u>	
4	1	
3	2	
2	3	
1_	2	
	0 Tm	

- a. True
- b. False

ANSWER: True

REFERENCES: 2. 1 Frequency Distributions and Frequency Distribution Tables

QUESTION TYPE: True / False

KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

47. For the following distribution of scores,  $SX^2 = 92$ .

$$\frac{X}{4}$$
 1

3 2 2 3 1 2

a. True

b. False

ANSWER: False

REFERENCES: 2. 1 Frequency Distributions and Frequency Distribution Tables

QUESTION TYPE: True / False

KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

- 48. A grouped frequency distribution table lists one interval as, 20-29. The width of this interval is 9 points.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False

REFERENCES: 2.2 Grouped Frequency Distribution Tables

QUESTION TYPE: True / False

KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

- 49. In a grouped frequency distribution table, one interval is identified as 30-34. This interval has a width of 5 points.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True

REFERENCES: 2.2 Grouped Frequency Distribution Tables

QUESTION TYPE: True / False KEYWORDS: Understand

- 50. If a set of scores covers a range of 80 points, the grouped frequency table should use an interval width of 8 points.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False

*REFERENCES:* 2.2 Grouped Frequency Distribution Tables

QUESTION TYPE: True / False

KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

- 51. A set of scores ranges from X = 18 to X = 91. If the scores are put in a grouped frequency distribution table with an interval width of 10 points, the top interval would be 91-100.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False

*REFERENCES:* 2.2 Grouped Frequency Distribution Tables

QUESTION TYPE: True / False

- 52. In a grouped frequency distribution table, the top value in each class interval should be a multiple of the interval width.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False

REFERENCES: 2.2 Grouped Frequency Distribution Tables

QUESTION TYPE: True / False

KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Remember

- 53. A set of scores ranges from a low of X = 18 to a high of X = 98. If the scores are put in a grouped frequency distribution table with an interval width of 10 points, the bottom interval should be 10-19.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True

REFERENCES: 2.2 Grouped Frequency Distribution Tables

QUESTION TYPE: True / False

KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

- 54. A grouped frequency distribution table does not provide enough information to obtain a complete listing of the original set of scores.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True

REFERENCES: 2.2 Grouped Frequency Distribution Tables

QUESTION TYPE: True / False

KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

55. For the following distribution, seven people have scores greater than X = 14.

X	f
20-24	2
15-19	5
10-14	4
5-9	1

- a. True
- b. False

ANSWER: True

REFERENCES: 2.2 Grouped Frequency Distribution Tables

QUESTION TYPE: True / False

KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

56. In the following distribution, the scores are grouped into class intervals that are each 5 points wide.

<u>X</u>	f
20-24	2
15-19	5
10-14	4
5-9	1

- a. True
- b. False

ANSWER: True

*REFERENCES*: 2.2 Grouped Frequency Distribution Tables

QUESTION TYPE: True / False

- 57. A professor records the number of students who are absent each day for the semester. Because this is a numeric, discrete variable, a bar graph should be used to show the frequency distribution.
  - a. True

b. False

ANSWER: False

*REFERENCES:* 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs

QUESTION TYPE: True / False KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Apply

- 58. A researcher surveys a sample of n = 200 college students and asks each person to identify his or her favorite movie from the past year. If the results are presented in a frequency distribution graph, the researcher should use a bar graph.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True

*REFERENCES*: 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs

QUESTION TYPE: True / False KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Apply

- 59. If it is appropriate to present a distribution of scores in a polygon, then it would also be appropriate to present the scores in a bar graph.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False

*REFERENCES:* 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs

QUESTION TYPE: True / False

KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

- 60. A histogram is constructed so that adjacent bars touch.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True

*REFERENCES:* 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs

QUESTION TYPE: True / False

KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Remember

- 61. The normal distribution is an example of a symmetrical distribution.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True

*REFERENCES:* 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs

QUESTION TYPE: True / False

KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Remember

- 62. In February in New York, the daily high temperatures are typically low with only a few relatively warm days. A frequency distribution showing the daily high temperatures would probably form a negatively skewed distribution.
  - a. True

b. False

ANSWER: False

*REFERENCES:* 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs

QUESTION TYPE: True / False KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Apply

- 63. The scores for a very easy exam would probably form a positively skewed distribution.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False

*REFERENCES:* 2. 3 Frequency Distribution Graphs

QUESTION TYPE: True / False KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Apply

- 64. If a set of exam scores forms a negatively skewed distribution, it suggests that the majority of the students did not score well on the exam.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False

*REFERENCES*: 2. 3 Frequency Distribution Graphs

QUESTION TYPE: True / False KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Apply

- 65. A score equal to the 5th percentile is one of the highest scores in the distribution.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False

REFERENCES: 2.4 Percentiles, Percentile Ranks, and Interpolation

QUESTION TYPE: True / False

KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

66. For the distribution in the following table, the 80th percentile is X = 24.

 X
 c%

 25-29
 100%

 20-24
 80%

 15-19
 20%

a. True

b. False

ANSWER: False

REFERENCES: 2.4 Percentiles, Percentile Ranks, and Interpolation

QUESTION TYPE: True / False

KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

67. For the distribution in the following table, the percentile rank for X = 19.5 is 20%.

X c% 25-29 100% 20-24 80% 15-19 20% a. True

b. False

ANSWER: True

REFERENCES: 2.4 Percentiles, Percentile Ranks, and Interpolation

QUESTION TYPE: True / False

KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

68. For the distribution in the following table, the 90th percentile is X = 27.5.

X	c%
25-29	100%
20-24	80%
15-19	20%
0	Типа

a. True

b. False

ANSWER: False

REFERENCES: Percentile Ranks, and Interpolation

QUESTION TYPE: True / False

KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

69. For the distribution in the following table, the percentile rank for X = 25 is 82%.

X	c%
25-29	100%
20-24	80%
15-19	20%
	Т

a. True

b. False

ANSWER: True

REFERENCES: 2.4 Percentiles, Percentile Ranks, and Interpolation

QUESTION TYPE: True / False

KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

70. A stem and leaf display does not provide enough information to obtain a complete listing of the original set of scores.

a. True

b. False

ANSWER: False

*REFERENCES:* 2.5 Stem and Leaf Displays

QUESTION TYPE: True / False

KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

71. Find each value requested for the set of scores in the following frequency distribution table.

a.	n	Score	1
b.	$\Sigma X$	5	1
c.	$\Sigma X^2$	4	2
		3	3
		2	5
		1	2

ANSWER: a. n = 13

b.  $\Sigma X = 34$ 

c. 
$$\Sigma X^2 = 106$$

REFERENCES: 2. 1 Frequency Distributions and Frequency Distribution Tables

QUESTION TYPE: Essay

KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

72. Briefly explain what information is available in a regular frequency distribution table that is not available in a grouped table.

ANSWER: A regular table identifies each individual score exactly. However, in a grouped table, you simply

know that an individual score is located in a particular interval, but you do not know its exact value.

REFERENCES: 2.2 Grouped Frequency Distribution Tables

**QUESTION TYPE:** Essay

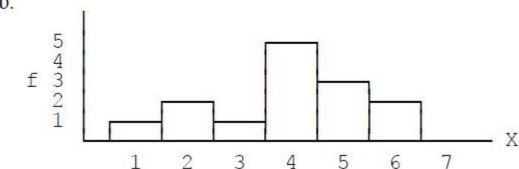
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

- 73. For the following scores:
- a. Construct a frequency distribution table.
- b. Sketch a histogram of the frequency distribution.

ANSWER:



b.



*REFERENCES:* 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs

**QUESTION TYPE:** Essay

KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

74. For the distribution shown in the following table:

a.	Find	the	percentile	rank	for	$\mathbf{X} =$	14.5.

b. Find the 60<sup>th</sup> percentile.

c. Find the percentile rank for X = 11.

d. Find the 66<sup>th</sup> percentile.

X	f	cf	c%
25-29	4	25	100%
20-24	6	21	2/10/0

5-9 3 3 12%

ANSWER: a. 32%

b. X = 19.5 c. 18% d. X = 20.75

REFERENCES: 2.4 Percentiles, Percentile Ranks, and Interpolation

QUESTION TYPE: Essay

KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

75. Construct a stem and leaf display for the following scores.

30, 23, 58, 28, 35, 67, 27, 42, 46, 35 51, 33, 18, 33, 25, 38, 48, 36, 31, 39

*ANSWER:* 6 | 7

5 | 18 4 | 826 3 | 033586159 2 | 3857

1 | 8 Key: 6|7 = 67

*REFERENCES:* 2.5 Stem and Leaf Displays

QUESTION TYPE: Essay