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The World's History, 5e (Spodek) CHAPTER 1, The Dry Bones Speak

Multiple-Choice Questions

1) Which of these was the Akkadian god that created the human race? A) Tiamat B) Purusha C) Marduk D) Apsu Answer: C A-Head: Human Origins in Myth and History Learning Objective: 1.1 Understand how myths explain creation. Bloom's: Remember the Facts Difficulty: Easy
2) Which of these is a fixed social group, usually prevented from marrying with different groups? A) myth B) caste C) tribe D) clan Answer: B A-Head: Human Origins in Myth and History Learning Objective: 1.1 Understand how myths explain creation. Bloom's: Remember the Facts Difficulty: Easy
3) Charles Darwin is best known for his work on A) paleoanthropology B) history C) botany D) evolution Answer: D A-Head: Human Origins in Myth and History Learning Objective: 1.1 Understand how myths explain creation. Bloom's: Remember the Facts Difficulty: Easy

4) Teleology concerns the study of A) human evolution B) ethical human behavior C) the gods D) final causes or purposes Answer: D A-Head: Human Origins in Myth and History Learning Objective: 1.1 Understand how myths explain creation. Bloom's: Remember the Facts Difficulty: Easy
5) The author of <i>On the Origin of Species</i> was A) Charles Darwin B) Alfred Russel Wallace C) Louis Leakey D) Michel Brunet Answer: A
A-Head: Human Origins in Myth and History Learning Objective: 1.1 Understand how myths explain creation. Bloom's: Remember the Facts Difficulty: Easy
6) Modern humans belong to what species? A) Homo habilis B) Homo erectus C) Homo sapiens D) Ardipithecus ramidus Answer: C
A-Head: Fossils and Fossil Hunters Learning Objective: 1.2 Describe the evolution of human beings. Bloom's: Remember the Facts Difficulty: Easy
7) Which of these lived from about two million to 100,000 years ago? A) Ardipithecus ramidus B) Homo sapiens sapiens C) Homo erectus D) Homo sapiens Answer: C
A-Head: Fossils and Fossil Hunters Learning Objective: 1.2 Describe the evolution of human beings. Bloom's: Remember the Facts Difficulty: Easy

8) Which of these was first found in Indonesia and is referred to as Java Man?
A) Homo erectus
B) Pithecanthropus erectus
C) Australopithecus africanus
D) Homo sapiens
Answer: B
A-Head: Fossil and Fossil Hunters
Learning Objective: 1.2 Describe the evolution of human beings.
Bloom's: Remember the Facts
Difficulty: Easy
9) Louis Leakey and Mary Leakey are best known for their work in
A) Indonesia
B) Europe
C) China
D) Tanzania
Answer: D
A-Head: Fossils and Fossil Hunters
Learning Objective: 1.2 Describe the evolution of human beings.
Bloom's: Remember the Facts
Difficulty: Easy
10) The skull nicknamed "Toumai" dates to at least years ago.
A) 2.5 million
B) 3.75 million
C) 100,000
D) 1.5
Answer: A
A-Head: Fossils and Fossil Hunters
Learning Objective: 1.2 Describe the evolution of human beings.
Bloom's: Remember the Facts

Difficulty: Easy

11) The hominid footprints from Tanzania indicate that hominids walked upright from around years ago. A) 3.5 million B) 275,000 C) 5.2 million D) 2.75 million Answer: A A-Head: Fossils and Fossil Hunters Learning Objective: 1.2 Describe the evolution of human beings. Bloom's: Remember the Facts Difficulty: Easy
12) The "out-of-Africa" camp in the debate over <i>Homo erectus</i> concerns A) whether or not <i>Homo erectus</i> evolved into <i>Homo sapiens</i> B) whether or not <i>Homos erectus</i> first emerged in Africa C) where <i>Homo sapiens</i> evolved D) the relationship between <i>Homo erectus</i> and <i>Homo sapiens</i> Answer: C A-Head: Fossils and Fossil Hunters Learning Objective: 1.2 Describe the evolution of human beings. Bloom's: Remember the Facts Difficulty: Easy
13) Which of these appeared last? A) Homo habilis B) Homo sapiens C) Homo erectus D) Australopithecus africanus Answer: B A-Head: Fossils and Fossil Hunters Learning Objective: 1.2 Describe the evolution of human beings. Bloom's: Remember the Facts Difficulty: Easy
14) Modern humans are percent the same as chimpanzees. A) 91 B) 83 C) 79 D) 97 Answer: D A-Head: Humans Create Culture Learning Objective: 1.3 Discuss the cultural creations of early humans. Bloom's: Remember the Facts Difficulty: Easy

15) The opposite of "normal science" is
A) a paradigm shift
B) empirical science
C) traditional science
D) a scientific discovery
Answer: A
A-Head: Fossils and Fossil Hunters
Learning Objective: 1.2 Describe the evolution of human beings.
Bloom's: Remember the Facts
Difficulty: Easy
16) Homo sapiens sapiens are also known as
A) Neanderthal man
B) Java man
C) modern humans
D) Lucy
Answer: C
A-Head: Humans Create Culture
Learning Objective: 1.3 Discuss the cultural creations of early humans.
Bloom's: Remember the Facts
Difficulty: Easy
17) In dating human remains, thermoluminescence uses .
A) skulls
B) burned flints
C) butchered bones
D) volcanic rock
Answer: B
A-Head: Humans Create Culture
Learning Objective: 1.3 Discuss the cultural creations of early humans.
Bloom's: Remember the Facts
Difficulty: Easy
18) Which of these was first colonized between 1 and 1000 C.E.?
A) the Philippines
B) Micronesia
C) Sumatra
D) Hawaii
Answer: D
A-Head: Humans Create Culture
Learning Objective: 1.3 Discuss the cultural creations of early humans.
Bloom's: Remember the Facts

Difficulty: Easy

19) Southeast Asia was peopled around years ago.
A) 50,000
B) 1 million
C) 3000
D) 150,000
Answer: A
A-Head: Humans Create Culture
Learning Objective: 1.3 Discuss the cultural creations of early humans.
Bloom's: Remember the Facts
Difficulty: Easy
20) The oldest human remains in the Americas were found in .
A) Mexico
B) Chile
C) Canada
D) Alaska
Answer: B
A-Head: Humans Create Culture
Learning Objective: 1.3 Discuss the cultural creations of early humans.
Bloom's: Remember the Facts
Difficulty: Easy
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21) Hunter-gatherer bands probably numbered around individuals.
A) 25
B) 10
C) 75
D) 55
Answer: A
A-Head: Humans Create Culture
Learning Objective: 1.3 Discuss the cultural creations of early humans.
Bloom's: Remember the Facts
Difficulty: Easy
Difficulty. Easy
22) The Levallois technique accompanied the emergence of what hominid?
A) Homo erectus
B) Homo neanderthalensis
C) Homo sapiens
D) Homo habilis
Answer: C
A-Head: Humans Create Culture
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Learning Objective: 1.3 Discuss the cultural creations of early humans
Learning Objective: 1.3 Discuss the cultural creations of early humans. Bloom's: Remember the Facts
Learning Objective: 1.3 Discuss the cultural creations of early humans. Bloom's: Remember the Facts Difficulty: Easy

23) The first cave paintings date to around years ago. A) 85,000 B) 5000 C) 15,000 D) 40,000 Answer: D A-Head: Humans Create Culture
Learning Objective: 1.3 Discuss the cultural creations of early humans. Bloom's: Remember the Facts Difficulty: Easy
24) The Chauvet caves are best known for their A) butchered human bones B) murals C) musical instruments D) inclusion of Neanderthal and <i>Homo sapiens</i> bones Answer: B A-Head: Humans Create Culture Learning Objective: 1.3 Discuss the cultural creations of early humans. Bloom's: Remember the Facts
Difficulty: Easy 25) In the Middle East, the first animals were domesticated around years ago. A) 150,000
B) 10,000 C) 3000 D) 1.5 million Answer: B A-Head: Humans Create Culture Learning Objective: 1.3 Discuss the cultural creations of early humans.
Bloom's: Remember the Facts Difficulty: Easy
26) Historians are most likely to use myths to A) learn about prehistoric events B) explain how archaic societies developed C) understand how societies viewed themselves D) trace early warfare Answer: C
A-Head: Human Origins in Myth and History Learning Objective: 1.1 Understand how myths explain creation. Bloom's: Understand the Connections Difficulty: Moderate

27) The <i>Enuma Elish</i> is an example of a
A) myth
B) law code
C) chronology
D) chronicle
Answer: A
A-Head: Human Origins in Myth and History
Learning Objective: 1.1 Understand how myths explain creation.
Bloom's: Understand the Connections
Difficulty: Moderate
28) Looking at the map "Human ancestors," which of these has been found across Eurasia?
A) Australopithecus
B) Homo sapiens neanderthalensis
C) Homo habilis
D) Homo sapiens (modern)
Answer: D
A-Head: Human Origins in Myth and History
Learning Objective: 1.1 Understand how myths explain creation.
Bloom's: Understand the Connections
Difficulty: Moderate
29) Darwin developed his ideas about natural selection primarily by what method?
A) study of DNA
B) paleoanthropology
C) close comparison of related species
D) study of the brain capacities of human species
Answer: C
A-Head: Human Origins in Myth and History
Learning Objective: 1.1 Understand how myths explain creation.
Bloom's: Understand the Connections
Difficulty: Moderate
30) The theory of evolution developed by Darwin is a prime example of
A) paradigm shift
B) normal science
C) mythmaking
D) teleology
Answer: A
A-Head: Fossils and Fossil Hunters
Learning Objective: 1.2 Describe the evolution of human beings.
Bloom's: Understand the Connections
Difficulty: Moderate

- 31) Which of these statements about humans and hominids is correct?
- A) All hominids are humans.
- B) Most hominids are humans.
- C) All humans are hominids.
- D) Hominids are similar to humans.

Answer: D

A-Head: Fossils and Fossil Hunters

Learning Objective: 1.2 Describe the evolution of human beings.

Bloom's: Understand the Connections

Difficulty: Moderate

- 32) The figure "Alternate reconstructions from Neanderthal skull" illustrates ...
- A) the variety of Neanderthal skulls discovered
- B) hostility to different notions of human evolution
- C) the challenge of interpreting skeletal evidence
- D) proof of Darwin's theory of evolution

Answer: C

A-Head: Fossils and Fossil Hunters

Learning Objective: 1.2 Describe the evolution of human beings.

Bloom's: Understand the Connections

Difficulty: Moderate

- 33) Which of these was closest to *Homo sapiens*?
- A) Australopithecus afarensis
- B) *Homo erectus*
- C) Ardipithecus ramidus
- D) Toumai

Answer: B

A-Head: Fossils and Fossil Hunters

Learning Objective: 1.2 Describe the evolution of human beings.

Bloom's: Understand the Connections

Difficulty: Moderate

- 34) The species names for examples of the genus *Homo* are usually given based on _____.
- A) appearance
- B) abilities
- C) where they were first discovered
- D) their discoverers

Answer: B

A-Head: Fossils and Fossil Hunters

Learning Objective: 1.2 Describe the evolution of human beings.

Bloom's: Understand the Connections

Difficulty: Moderate

35) The discovery of Java Man had what impact on our understanding of human history? A) Java Man proved the "out-of-Africa" theory. B) Java Man proved that *Homo sapiens* developed from *Homo erectus*. C) The discovery of Java Man sparked the search for human origins. D) The find made it clear that hominids developed in different world regions. Answer: D A-Head: Fossils and Fossil Hunters Learning Objective: 1.2 Describe the evolution of human beings. Bloom's: Understand the Connections Difficulty: Moderate 36) Studying hominids helps paleoanthropologist understand . . A) human evolution B) the relationship between different *Homo* species C) the shift to agriculture D) how hunting developed Answer: A A-Head: Fossils and Fossil Hunters Learning Objective: 1.2 Describe the evolution of human beings. Bloom's: Understand the Connections Difficulty: Moderate 37) The discovery of "Lucy" was significant because the skeleton showed that ... A) hominids developed into *Homo sapiens* in Africa B) the out-of-Africa theory was incorrect C) hominids emerged much earlier than previous thought D) hominids have much in common with modern humans Answer: C A-Head: Fossils and Fossil Hunters Learning Objective: 1.2 Describe the evolution of human beings. Bloom's: Understand the Connections Difficulty: Moderate 38) Like all hominid remains, the skull of "Toumai" . A) came from a bipedal individual B) has characteristics of humans and apes C) is earlier than the skull of "Lucy" D) shows the ability to speak Answer: B A-Head: Fossils and Fossil Hunters Learning Objective: 1.2 Describe the evolution of human beings.

Bloom's: Understand the Connections

Difficulty: Moderate

39) If the multiregionalists (and not the out-of Africa supporters) are correct,
A) Homo sapiens evolved from Homo neanderthalensis
B) Homo erectus evolved into Homo sapiens
C) human evolution has been slow and gradual
D) Homo erectus evolved into modern humans in China
Answer: D
A-Head: Fossils and Fossil Hunters
Learning Objective: 1.2 Describe the evolution of human beings.
Bloom's: Understand the Connections
Difficulty: Moderate
40) To understand human evolution, DNA is useful because it can be .
A) read to understand what an individual looked like
B) used to create clones
C) compared to other DNA
D) reproduced in laboratories
Answer: C
A-Head: Fossils and Fossil Hunters
Learning Objective: 1.2 Describe the evolution of human beings.
Bloom's: Understand the Connections
Difficulty: Moderate
41) Normal science develops by .
A) giant leaps
B) small stages
C) constantly incorporating scientific revolutions
D) rejecting challenges to accepted models
Answer: B
A-Head: Humans Create Culture
Learning Objective: 1.3 Discuss the cultural creations of early humans.
Bloom's: Understand the Connections
Difficulty: Moderate
42) Compared to <i>Homo sapiens</i> , <i>Homo sapiens sapiens</i> represent .
A) a subspecies
B) a new species
C) hominids
D) a backward step
Answer: A
A-Head: Humans Create Culture
Learning Objective: 1.3 Discuss the cultural creations of early humans.
Bloom's: Understand the Connections

Difficulty: Moderate

43) Potassium-argon dating is most likely to be useful for dating A) <i>Homo sapiens</i> B) the earliest hominids C) the shift from <i>Homo erectus</i> to <i>Homo sapiens</i> D) the shift to agriculture Answer: B A-Head: Humans Create Culture Learning Objective: 1.3 Discuss the cultural creations of early humans. Bloom's: Understand the Connections Difficulty: Moderate
 44) Which of these is a clearly proven fact? A) Homo sapiens out-competed other species for food. B) Different species of hominids sometimes mated. C) Homo sapiens killed off hominid competitors. D) Homo erectus evolved into Homo sapiens just once, in Africa. Answer: B A-Head: Humans Create Culture Learning Objective: 1.3 Discuss the cultural creations of early humans. Bloom's: Understand the Connections Difficulty: Moderate
45) The map "The colonization of the Pacific" indicates that the Pacific was peopled A) by about 50,000 B.C.E. B) directly from China C) in three distinct waves D) from the Hawaiian Islands Answer: C A-Head: Humans Create Culture Learning Objective: 1.3 Discuss the cultural creations of early humans. Bloom's: Understand the Connections Difficulty: Moderate
46) The ice ages of 90,000–10,000 years ago impacted A) northern climates B) tropical climates C) the entire globe D) Asia and Europe Answer: C A-Head: Humans Create Culture Learning Objective: 1.3 Discuss the cultural creations of early humans. Bloom's: Understand the Connections Difficulty: Moderate

- 47) Which of these questions is hardest for historians to answer when considering ancient artworks?
- A) What creatures did these artworks represent?
- B) What did these artworks mean to their creators?
- C) How were these artworks made?
- D) What materials were used to make these artworks?

Answer: A

A-Head: Humans Create Culture

Learning Objective: 1.3 Discuss the cultural creations of early humans.

Bloom's: Understand the Connections

Difficulty: Moderate

- 48) Unlike Darwin's theory of evolution, myths .
- A) have no factual basis
- B) seek to explain the past
- C) concern human origins
- D) concern teleology

Answer: D

A-Head: Human Origins in Myth and History

Learning Objective: 1.1 Understand how myths explain creation.

Bloom's: Analyze the Facts

Difficulty: Hard

- 49) Unlike Homo sapiens Homo habilis, it is clear that Homo sapiens Homo habilis _____.
- A) walked upright
- B) evolved in Africa
- C) used tools
- D) was related to hominids

Answer: B

A-Head: Fossils and Fossil Hunters

Learning Objective: 1.1 Understand how myths explain creation.

Bloom's: Analyze the Facts

Difficulty: Hard

50) The first colonization of Southeast Asia, unlike colonization of the Pacific islands

A) occurred by land

B) was colonized from Asia

C) occurred rapidly

D) was part of the same general movement of peoples

Answer: A

A-Head: Humans Create Culture

Learning Objective: 1.3 Discuss the cultural creations of early humans.

Bloom's: Analyze the Facts

Difficulty: Hard

Essay

51) Compare the use of two types of source materials (such as myths or skeletal remains) and consider how historians would use each to understand the past. Consider also the kinds of information these sources *don't* tell us.

A-Head: Human Origins in Myth and History; Fossils and Fossil Hunters Learning Objective: 1.1 Understand how myths explain creation. 1.2 Describe the evolution of human beings.

52) What are the key considerations for paleoanthropologists in using skeletal remains?

A-Head: Fossils and Fossil Hunters

Learning Objective: 1.2 Describe the evolution of human beings.

53) Identify one major question still unanswered about human evolution. Is this likely to be answered soon? Why or why not?

A-Head: Fossils and Fossil Hunters

Learning Objective: 1.2 Describe the evolution of human beings.

54) Compare two dating methods used to understand human prehistory. What are the advantages and disadvantages of these methods?

A-Head: Fossils and Fossil Hunters; Humans Create Culture

Learning Objective: 1.2 Describe the evolution of human beings. 1.3 Discuss the cultural creations of early humans.

55) What were to key factors that probably drove human migration in prehistory? How did they work to influence human migration? Did they work together or push humans in different directions?

A-Head: Humans Create Culture

Learning Objective: 1.3 Discuss the cultural creations of early humans.