Chapter 1: General Principles of Motor Control

TRUE/FALSE

1.	One of the main considerations when installing a machine is the power source.							
	ANS:	T	PTS:	1	REF:	Installation of Motors ar	nd Control Equipment	
2.	Manual control may be accomplished by simply connecting a switch in series with the motor.							
	ANS:	T	PTS:	1	REF:	Types of Control System	ns	
3.	With automatic control, an operator has to initiate certain actions.							
	ANS:	F	PTS:	1	REF:	Types of Control System	ns	
4.	High voltage surges are harmless and cannot damage electronic components connected to the power line.							
	ANS:	F	PTS:	1	REF:	Functions of Motor Con	trol	
5.	Diodes are used to suppress the voltage spikes produced by coils that operate on direct current.							
	ANS:	T	PTS:	1	REF:	Functions of Motor Con	trol	
COM	PLETI	ON						
1.	The conductor size, fuse or circuit breaker size, and overload size are generally determined using the Code® and/or local codes.							
	ANS: National Electrical							
	PTS:	1	REF:	Installation of	Motor	s and Control Equipment		
2.		nce companies the number of		shed theaused by electri	ical equ	ipment.	organization in an effort to	
		writers Labora writers Labora		UL)				
	PTS:	1	REF:	Installation of	Motor	s and Control Equipment		
3.	control is characterized by the use of push buttons, limit switches, pressure switches, and other sensing devices to control the operation of a magnetic contractor or starter.							
	ANS: Semiautomatic							
	PTS:	1	REF:	Types of Cont	rol Sys	tems		
4.	Fuses	and circuit bre	akers aı	e generally em	ploved	for	protection.	

	ANS:	circuit					
	PTS:	1	REF:	Functions of Motor Control			
5. The current flow through the MOV is called current and is so small the does not affect the operation of the circuit.							
	ANS:	leakage					
	PTS:	1	REF:	Functions of Motor Control			

SHORT ANSWER

1. What does Underwriters Laboratories (UL) do?

ANS:

UL tests equipment to determine if it is safe under different conditions.

PTS: 1 REF: Installation of Motors and Control Equipment

2. What are manual controllers?

ANS:

Manual controllers are generally very simple devices that connect the motor directly to the line.

PTS: 1 REF: Types of Control Systems

3. What is a wiring diagram?

ANS:

A wiring diagram is basically a pictorial representation of the control components with connecting wires.

PTS: 1 REF: Types of Control Systems

4. What does a schematic diagram show?

ANS:

A schematic diagram shows components in their electrical sequence without regard for physical location.

PTS: 1 REF: Types of Control Systems

5. What is the difference between jogging and inching?

ANS:

The difference between jogging and inching is that jogging is accomplished by momentarily connecting the motor to full line voltage and inching is accomplished by momentarily connecting the motor to reduced voltage.

PTS: 1 REF: Functions of Motor Control