## Chapter 1 – The Science of Psychology Quick Quiz #1

1. A group of psychologists are interested in how hormones, psychoactive medications, and "social drugs" affect us. They are most likely to be
a. neuropsychologists
b. biological psychologists
c. experimental psychologists
d. behavioral geneticists
d. beliavioral geneticists
2. Wilhelm runs an experiment and finds that males with high levels of testosterone tend to be
more physically aggressive than males with lower levels of testosterone. This leads him to
believe that testosterone has a direct effect on physical aggression in males. Wilhelm's belief is
best described as a
a. thesis
b. prognosis
c. theory
d. hypothesis
2. A second in sets Wire de the using about the studied
3. According to Wundt, the mind should be studied
a. scientifically
b. according to philosophical traditions
c. as a spiritual entity
d. subjectively and introspectively
4. Personality theories contending that personality results from various psychological forces that interact within the individual, often outside the conscious awareness of the individual, are theories.
a. behavioral
b. existential
c. psychodynamic
d. structural-functional
5. B. F. Skinner is associated with
a. psychodynamic psychology
b. Gestalt psychology
c. existentialism
d. behaviorism
6. The two schools of thought that paved the way for the cognitive revolution in psychology in
the 1960s were .
a. Gestalt theory and humanistic psychology
b. psychodynamic theory and Gestalt theory
c. humanistic psychology and behaviorism
d. behaviorism and psychodynamic theory
7 never belogists tand to see the mind as having "never belogical singuite" as that hymner
7 psychologists tend to see the mind as having "psychological circuits" so that human beings are predisposed to act in certain ways.
a. Evolutionary
a. Lyotunonary

<ul><li>b. Humanistic</li><li>c. Behavioral</li><li>d. Cognitive</li></ul>				
8. Research involving another is called		e extent to which peop	le differ from one culture to	
	a form of  th	r watch how your prof	essors conduct their classes,	
10. Case studies, nate beliefs, opinions, and a. explaining b. describing c. predicting d. determining the control of the cont	d attitudes.	and surveys are <i>best</i> sui	ited for behaviors	
Chapter 1 Quick Quiz #1 Key				
1. Chapter Section: Answer: B	What Is Psychology? Difficulty: 2	Page Ref: 5	Type: Applied	
2. Chapter Section: Answer: C	What Is Psychology? Difficulty: 2	Page Ref: 8	Type: Applied	
3. Chapter Section: Answer: A	The Growth of Psychol Difficulty: 2	logy Page Ref: 13	Type: Conceptual	
4. Chapter Section: Answer: C	The Growth of Psychol Difficulty: 2	logy Page Ref: 14	Type: Conceptual	
5. Chapter Section: Answer: D	The Growth of Psychol Difficulty: 1	logy Page Ref: 15	Type: Factual	
6. Chapter Section: The Growth of Psychology Answer: A Difficulty: 3 Page Ref: 16-17 Type: Factual				
7. Chapter Section: Answer: A	The Growth of Psychol Difficulty: 3	logy Page Ref: 18	Type: Conceptual	

8. Chapter Section: Human Diversity

Answer: C Difficulty: 1 Page Ref: 24 Type: Factual

9. Chapter Section: Research Methods in Psychology

Answer: D Difficulty: 1 Page Ref: 25 Type: Applied

10. Chapter Section: Research Methods in Psychology

Answer: B Difficulty: 3 Page Ref: 27 Type: Conceptual