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Chapter 02 - Tools of a Healthy Diet

Chapter 02 Tools of a Healthy Diet

Multiple Choice Questions

- 1. Which is true about the Dietary Reference Intakes (DRIs)?
- A. They apply to people in Canada and the U.S.
- B. They differ by age group.
- C. They include Recommended Dietary Allowances and Tolerable Upper Intake Levels.
- D. They were created by the Food and Nutrition Board.
- **E.** All of these responses are true.

Bloom's: 1. Remember

Learning Outcome: 2.01 Explain the purpose of the Recommended Dietary Allowances (RDAs) and relate them to the other standards included in the Dietary Reference Intakes.

Section: 2.01

Topic: Healthy Diet Guidelines

- 2. Dietary Reference Intakes (DRIs) values are for people who are
- A. 1 to 4 years of age.
- B. over 4 years of age.
- C. over 19 years of age.
- **D.** of all ages.

Bloom's: 1. Remember

Learning Outcome: 2.01 Explain the purpose of the Recommended Dietary Allowances (RDAs) and relate them to the other standards included in the Dietary Reference Intakes.

Section: 2.01

Topic: Healthy Diet Guidelines

- 3. An Adequate Intake (AI) is set for a nutrient when
- **A.** too little research is available to establish an RDA.
- B. the needs during pregnancy decline instead of increase.
- C. the need for a nutrient depends on total calories eaten.
- D. the nutrient has a high potential for being toxic.

Bloom's: 1. Remember

Learning Outcome: 2.01 Explain the purpose of the Recommended Dietary Allowances (RDAs) and relate them to the other standards included in the Dietary Reference Intakes.

Section: 2.01

- 4. Which Dietary Reference Intake (DRI) is set high enough to meet the needs of 97 to 98% of the population?
- A. Estimated Energy Requirements
- B. Estimated Average Requirements
- C. Recommended Dietary Allowances
- D. Dietary Reference Intakes

Bloom's: 1. Remember

Learning Outcome: 2.01 Explain the purpose of the Recommended Dietary Allowances (RDAs) and relate them to the other standards included in the Dietary Reference Intakes.

Section: 2.01

Topic: Healthy Diet Guidelines

- 5. Tolerable Upper Intake Levels (ULs) are
- **<u>A.</u>** the maximum daily intake level not likely to cause harmful effects.
- B. based on intakes from only supplements and highly fortified foods.
- C. nutrient intake goals.
- D. set for all nutrients.

Bloom's: 1. Remember

Learning Outcome: 2.01 Explain the purpose of the Recommended Dietary Allowances (RDAs) and relate them to the other standards included in the Dietary Reference Intakes.

Section: 2.01

Topic: Healthy Diet Guidelines

- 6. Which Dietary Reference Intake (DRI) reflects average daily needs?
- A. Adequate Intakes
- **B.** Estimated Energy Requirements
- C. Recommended Dietary Allowances
- D. Tolerable Upper Intake Levels

Bloom's: 2. Understand

Learning Outcome: 2.01 Explain the purpose of the Recommended Dietary Allowances (RDAs) and relate them to the other standards included in the Dietary Reference Intakes.

Section: 2.01

- 7. The AMDRs do NOT include estimates for intake of
- A. essential fatty acids.
- **B.** essential amino acids.
- C. carbohydrate.
- D. fat.

Bloom's: 1. Remember

Learning Outcome: 2.01 Explain the purpose of the Recommended Dietary Allowances (RDAs) and relate them to the other standards included in the Dietary Reference Intakes.

Section: 2.01

Topic: Healthy Diet Guidelines

- 8. The Recommended Dietary Allowances (RDAs) for nutrients are
- A. the minimum amounts needed by an average 70-kg man.
- B. twice as high as almost everyone needs.
- C. average requirements for a population.
- **D.** designed to meet the nutrient needs of 97 to 98% of individuals in a specific life stage.

Bloom's: 1. Remember

Learning Outcome: 2.01 Explain the purpose of the Recommended Dietary Allowances (RDAs) and relate them to the other standards included in the Dietary Reference Intakes.

Section: 2.01

Topic: Healthy Diet Guidelines

- 9. Foods that provide a greater contribution to nutrient needs than calorie needs are said to be
- A. empty calorie.
- B. energy dense.
- C. calorie dense.
- D. nutrient dense.

Bloom's: 1. Remember

Learning Outcome: 2.01 Explain the purpose of the Recommended Dietary Allowances (RDAs) and relate them to the other standards included in the Dietary Reference Intakes.

Section: 2.01

- 10. The nutrient standards used on Nutrition Facts panels are called
- A. Recommended Dietary Allowances.
- **B.** Daily Values.
- C. Estimated Average Requirements.
- D. Dietary Reference Intakes.

Bloom's: 1. Remember

Learning Outcome: 2.02 Compare the Daily Values to the Dietary Reference Intakes and explain how they are used on Nutrition Facts

Section: 2.02

Topic: Healthy Diet Guidelines

- 11. Daily Values differ from Recommended Dietary Allowances in that Daily Values
- A. are used on Nutrition Facts panels.
- B. are not age-specific.
- C. are not gender-specific.
- **<u>D.</u>** All of these responses are correct.

Bloom's: 2. Understand

Learning Outcome: 2.02 Compare the Daily Values to the Dietary Reference Intakes and explain how they are used on Nutrition Facts

Section: 2.02

Topic: Healthy Diet Guidelines

- 12. Daily Values are based on which sets of dietary standards?
- A. Reference Daily Intakes and Daily Reference Values
- B. Recommended Dietary Allowances and Daily Reference Values
- C. Reference Daily Intakes and Tolerable Upper Intake Levels
- D. Recommended Dietary Allowances and Reference Daily Intakes

Bloom's: 1. Remember

Learning Outcome: 2.02 Compare the Daily Values to the Dietary Reference Intakes and explain how they are used on Nutrition Facts

Section: 2.02

- 13. Daily Reference Values are set for
- A. fat and cholesterol.
- B. sodium and potassium.
- C. carbohydrate and protein.
- **D.** All of these responses are correct.

Bloom's: 1. Remember

Learning Outcome: 2.02 Compare the Daily Values to the Dietary Reference Intakes and explain how they are used on Nutrition Facts

Section: 2.02

Topic: Healthy Diet Guidelines

- 14. The reference calorie intake for calculating percent Daily Values on Nutrition Facts labels is
- A. 1500 kcal.
- B. 2000 kcal.
- C. 2300 kcal.
- D. 3000 kcal.

Bloom's: 1. Remember

Learning Outcome: 2.02 Compare the Daily Values to the Dietary Reference Intakes and explain how they are used on Nutrition Facts

panels. Section: 2.02

Topic: Healthy Diet Guidelines

- 15. Which dietary standard values vary with calorie intake?
- A. Fat
- B. Vitamin C
- C. Calcium
- D. Iron

Bloom's: 2. Understand

Learning Outcome: 2.02 Compare the Daily Values to the Dietary Reference Intakes and explain how they are used on Nutrition Facts

Section: 2.02

- 16. Which is required on a food package?
- A. Name and address of the food manufacturer
- B. Date and time of processing
- C. Expiration date
- D. Percent Daily Value for protein

Bloom's: 2. Understand

Learning Outcome: 2.02 Compare the Daily Values to the Dietary Reference Intakes and explain how they are used on Nutrition Facts

Section: 2.02

Topic: Nutrition Basics

17. If a can of soup provides 4 servings and has 100 kcal per serving, how many kcal are in the entire can?

A. 100

B. 200

<u>C.</u> 400

D. 800

100 kcal/serving x 4 servings/can = 400 kcal/can

Bloom's: 3. Apply

Learning Outcome: 2.03 Describe Nutrition Facts panels and the claims permitted on food packages.

Section: 2.02

Topic: Nutrition Basics

- 18. Food components that must be listed on the Nutrition Facts panel include
- A. sugars, dietary fiber, and fluoride.
- **B.** sugars, dietary fiber, and calcium.
- C. sugars, dietary fiber, and monounsaturated fat.
- D. sugars, calcium, and B-vitamins.

Bloom's: 2. Understand

Learning Outcome: 2.03 Describe Nutrition Facts panels and the claims permitted on food packages.

Section: 2.02

- 19. Which claims are NOT closely regulated by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)?
- A. Health claims
- **B.** Structure/function claims
- C. Nutrient content claims
- D. All of the above

Bloom's: 2. Understand

Learning Outcome: 2.03 Describe Nutrition Facts panels and the claims permitted on food packages.

Section: 2.02

Topic: Nutrition Basics

- 20. To be defined as a "good" source of calcium, a food must contain
- A. at least 5% of the Daily Value for calcium in 1 serving of the food.
- **B.** at least 10% of the Daily Value for calcium in 1 serving of the food.
- C. at least 50% of the Daily Value for calcium in 1 serving of the food.
- D. at least 50% of the Daily Value for calcium in 2 servings of the food.

Bloom's: 1. Remember

Learning Outcome: 2.03 Describe Nutrition Facts panels and the claims permitted on food packages.

Section: 2.02

Topic: Nutrition Basics

- 21. When vitamins and/or minerals are added to a food product in amounts in excess of at least 10% above that originally present in the product, the food is designated as
- A. light or lite.
- B. organic.
- C. imitation.
- **D.** fortified.

Bloom's: 1. Remember

Learning Outcome: 2.03 Describe Nutrition Facts panels and the claims permitted on food packages.

Section: 2.02

- 22. Which is NOT a permitted health claim?
- A. Diets with enough calcium may reduce risk of osteoporosis.
- **B.** Diets low in sugar may reduce the risk of cancer.
- C. Diets low in saturated fat and cholesterol may reduce the risk of cardiovascular disease.
- D. None of these responses are permitted.

Bloom's: 1. Remember

Learning Outcome: 2.03 Describe Nutrition Facts panels and the claims permitted on food packages.

Section: 2.02

Topic: Nutrition Basics

- 23. What type of claim is "calcium builds strong bones and teeth"?
- A. Structure/function claim
- B. Health claim
- C. Nutrient claim
- D. Preliminary health claim

Bloom's: 2. Understand

Learning Outcome: 2.03 Describe Nutrition Facts panels and the claims permitted on food packages.

Section: 2.02

Topic: Nutrition Basics

- 24. For a health claim to be made about a food product, it must NOT contain more than
- A. 19 g fat.
- B. 70% carbohydrate.
- C. 4 g saturated fat.
- D. 120 mg cholesterol.
- E. All of these choices are correct.

Bloom's: 1. Remember

Learning Outcome: 2.03 Describe Nutrition Facts panels and the claims permitted on food packages.

Section: 2.02

- 25. Factors that affect the amount of nutrients in foods include
- A. farming conditions.
- B. ripeness of plants when harvested.
- C. cooking processes.
- D. length of time food is stored.
- **E.** All of these factors affect nutrient content of foods.

Bloom's: 2. Understand

Learning Outcome: 2.04 Describe the uses and limitations of the data in nutrient databases.

Section: 2.03

Topic: Nutrition Basics

- 26. Energy-dense foods are
- A. high in calories.
- B. high in water.
- C. high in fiber.
- D. high in volume.

Bloom's: 1. Remember

Learning Outcome: 2.04 Describe the uses and limitations of the data in nutrient databases.

Section: 2.03

Topic: Nutrition Basics

- 27. Nutrient databases can be used to determine
- A. a food's energy density.
- B. a food's nutrient density.
- C. the nutrient content of your diet.
- D. the nutrient content of the foods in a recipe.
- **E.** All of these responses are appropriate uses of nutrient databases.

Bloom's: 2. Understand

 $Learning\ Outcome:\ 2.04\ Describe\ the\ uses\ and\ limitations\ of\ the\ data\ in\ nutrient\ databases.$

Section: 2.03

- 28. The Dietary Guidelines for Americans are designed to reduce the risk of
- A. cancer.
- B. cardiovascular disease.
- C. obesity.
- D. foodborne illness.
- **E.** All of these responses are correct.

Bloom's: 1. Remember

Learning Outcome: 2.05 Discuss the 2005 Dietary Guidelines for Americans and the diseases they are designed to prevent or minimize.

Section: 2.04

Topic: Healthy Diet Guidelines

- 29. The Dietary Guidelines for Americans
- A. provide a scientific basis for USDA's school lunch program.
- B. provide a scientific basis for the Food Stamp Program.
- C. are designed to reduce the risk of "killer" diseases.
- **D.** All of these choices are correct.

Bloom's: 1. Remember

Learning Outcome: 2.05 Discuss the 2005 Dietary Guidelines for Americans and the diseases they are designed to prevent or minimize.

Section: 2.04

Topic: Healthy Diet Guidelines

- 30. According to the Dietary Guidelines for Americans, those who consume alcoholic beverages should do so in moderation. Which of the following statements is true?
- **A.** A moderate intake is 1 or fewer servings per day for women.
- B. Beer is not considered an alcoholic beverage because it is mostly water.
- C. An average serving of red wine is 1.6 ounces per glass.
- D. To be considered an alcoholic beverage, distilled spirits must be at least 180 proof.

Bloom's: 1. Remember

Learning Outcome: 2.05 Discuss the 2005 Dietary Guidelines for Americans and the diseases they are designed to prevent or minimize.

Section: 2.04

- 31. According to the Dietary Guidelines for Americans, those who consume alcoholic beverages should do so in moderation. Which of the following statements is true?
- **A.** A moderate intake is 1 or fewer servings per day for women.
- B. Beer is not considered an alcoholic beverage because it is mostly water.
- C. An average serving of red wine is 1.6 ounces per glass.
- D. To be considered an alcoholic beverage, distilled spirits must be at least 180 proof.

Bloom's: 1. Remembe

Learning Outcome: 2.05 Discuss the 2005 Dietary Guidelines for Americans and the diseases they are designed to prevent or minimize.

Section: 2.04

Topic: Healthy Diet Guidelines

- 32. Which government agency publishes the Dietary Guidelines for Americans?
- A. USDA
- B. USDHHS
- C. FDA
- D. UDSA and USDHHS
- E. FDA and USDA

Bloom's: 1. Remember

Learning Outcome: 2.05 Discuss the 2005 Dietary Guidelines for Americans and the diseases they are designed to prevent or minimize.

Section: 2.04

Topic: Healthy Diet Guidelines

- 33. MyPlate groups foods into major categories.
- A. 2
- B. 3
- C. 4
- **D.** 5

Bloom's: 1. Remember

Learning Outcome: 2.06 Discuss the MyPyramid food groupings and plan a diet using this tool.

Section: 2.05

 34. Which is NOT a key behavior emphasized in MyPlate? A. Balancing calories B. Foods to increase C. Disease prevention D. Foods to reduce
Bloom's: 1. Remember Learning Outcome: 2.06 Discuss the MyPyramid food groupings and plan a diet using this tool. Section: 2.05 Topic: Healthy Diet Guidelines
35. According to MyPlate, a mini bagel would represent ounce(s) from the grains group. A. 0.50 B. 1 C. 2 D. 3 E. 4
Bloom's: 3. Apply Learning Outcome: 2.06 Discuss the MyPyramid food groupings and plan a diet using this tool. Section: 2.05 Topic: Healthy Diet Guidelines
36. Two cups of lettuce salad would equal a cup from which MyPlate food group? A. Free B. Others C. Vegetable D. Salad
Bloom's: 3. Apply Learning Outcome: 2.06 Discuss the MyPyramid food groupings and plan a diet using this tool. Section: 2.05 Topic: Healthy Diet Guidelines

- 37. Which counts as one cup of fruit?
- A. Large banana
- B. Small apple
- C. Medium pear
- **D.** All of the above

Bloom's: 1. Remember

Learning Outcome: 2.07 Develop a healthy eating plan based on the concepts of variety, balance, modeeration, nutrient density, and energy

density. Section: 2.05

Topic: Healthy Diet Guidelines

- 38. MyPlate includes which food group?
- A. Dairy
- B. Vegetables
- C. Protein foods
- D. Fruits
- **E.** All of the above

Bloom's: 1. Remember

Learning Outcome: 2.06 Discuss the MyPyramid food groupings and plan a diet using this tool.

Section: 2.05

Topic: Healthy Diet Guidelines

- 39. What eating behavior does MyPlate encourage?
- A. Make half your plate vegetables.
- B. Make half your plate grains.
- C. Make at least half your grains whole grains.
- D. Switch to fat-free or low-fat milk.
- E. Both C and D.

Bloom's: 1. Remember

Learning Outcome: 2.06 Discuss the MyPyramid food groupings and plan a diet using this tool.

Section: 2.05

 40. What counts as a cup in the dairy group? A. 1 cup of ice cream B. 1 cup of yogurt C. 1 cup of cottage cheese D. 1 cup grated cheese
Bloom's: 1. Remember Learning Outcome: 2.06 Discuss the MyPyramid food groupings and plan a diet using this tool. Section: 2.05 Topic: Healthy Diet Guidelines
41. According to MyPlate, four ounces of processed cheese equals servings from the milk group. A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4
Bloom's: 3. Apply Learning Outcome: 2.06 Discuss the MyPyramid food groupings and plan a diet using this tool. Section: 2.05 Topic: Healthy Diet Guidelines
 42. Which nutrients are contributed by the fruit group of MyPlate? A. calcium B. folate C. zinc D. protein
Bloom's: 2. Understand Learning Outcome: 2.06 Discuss the MyPyramid food groupings and plan a diet using this tool. Section: 2.05 Topic: Healthy Diet Guidelines

43. Which nutrients are contributed by the protein foods group of MyPlate?

 $\underline{\mathbf{A}}$. iron

B. calcium

C. vitamin C

D. folate

Bloom's: 2. Understand

Learning Outcome: 2.06 Discuss the MyPyramid food groupings and plan a diet using this tool.

Section: 2.05

Topic: Healthy Diet Guidelines

44. The MyPlate vegetable group is divided into which subgroups?

- A. Starchy vegetables, red & orange vegetables, and dark green vegetables
- B. Dark green vegetables and other vegetables
- C. Other vegetables, starchy vegetables, and red & yellow vegetables
- $\underline{\mathbf{D}}$. Dark green vegetables, red & orange vegetables, starchy vegetables, beans and peas, and other vegetables

Bloom's: 1. Remember

Learning Outcome: 2.06 Discuss the MyPyramid food groupings and plan a diet using this tool.

Section: 2.05

Topic: Healthy Diet Guidelines

45. A balanced diet is one that

<u>A.</u> includes foods from every food group in the recommended amounts.

- B. includes different foods from each food group.
- C. keeps portion sizes under control.
- D. incorporates dietary supplements.

Bloom's: 1. Remember

Learning Outcome: 2.07 Develop a healthy eating plan based on the concepts of variety, balance, modeeration, nutrient density, and energy

density. Section: 2.05

- 46. Moderation in one's diet means that the diet
- A. includes foods from every food group in the recommended amounts.
- B. includes different foods from each food group.
- C. keeps portion sizes under control.
- D. incorporates dietary supplements.

Bloom's: 1. Remember

Learning Outcome: 2.07 Develop a healthy eating plan based on the concepts of variety, balance, modeeration, nutrient density, and energy

density. Section: 2.05

Topic: Healthy Diet Guidelines

- 47. Reading food labels helps consumers
- A. identify amounts of salt or sodium in the product.
- B. determine the sugar content of the product.
- C. determine amount and kind of fat in the product.
- D. choose foods with dietary fiber.
- **E.** All of these responses are correct.

Bloom's: 2. Understand

Learning Outcome: 2.02 Compare the Daily Values to the Dietary Reference Intakes and explain how they are used on Nutrition Facts

panels.
Section: 2.02
Topic: Nutrition Basics

- 48. Mandatory labeling of foods is regulated by the
- A. USDHHS.
- B. FTC.
- <u>C.</u> FDA.
- D. GAO.

Bloom's: 1. Remember

Learning Outcome: 2.02 Compare the Daily Values to the Dietary Reference Intakes and explain how they are used on Nutrition Facts

panels. Section: 2.02

- 49. Labeling laws require that ingredients in food products be listed on the container in descending order of their
- A. calories.
- B. nutrient density.

C. weight.

D. cost.

Bloom's: 1. Remember

Learning Outcome: 2.02 Compare the Daily Values to the Dietary Reference Intakes and explain how they are used on Nutrition Facts

Section: 2.02
Topic: Nutrition Basics

- 50. Under the current law on nutrition labeling, the Nutrition Facts panel must include **A**. total calories from fat.
- B. total calories from trans fat.
- C. total calories from saturated fat.
- D. grams of monounsaturated fat.

Bloom's: 2. Understand

Learning Outcome: 2.02 Compare the Daily Values to the Dietary Reference Intakes and explain how they are used on Nutrition Facts panels.

Section: 2.02
Topic: Nutrition Basics

True / False Questions

51. The FDA has expressed concern about nutrition symbols (e.g., check marks) placed on the front of food packages because inconsistent criteria were used to determine if a food was eligible for a symbol.

TRUE

Bloom's: 1. Remember

Learning Outcome: 2.02 Compare the Daily Values to the Dietary Reference Intakes and explain how they are used on Nutrition Facts

panels. Section: 2.02

52. About half of the money Americans spend on food is used to buy foods prepared outside the home.

TRUE

Bloom's: 1. Remember

Learning Outcome: 2.04 Describe the uses and limitations of the data in nutrient databases.

Section: 2.03

Topic: Healthy Diet Guidelines

53. Those who frequently eat at fast foods restaurants have an increased risk for obesity. \underline{TRUE}

Bloom's: 1. Remember

Learning Outcome: 2.03 Describe Nutrition Facts panels and the claims permitted on food packages.

Section: 2.03