**Chapter 11: Campaign Season: The Election of 1864**

**Type:** **multiple** **choice** **question**

**Title:** Chapter 11, Question 1

**1)** Atlanta was finally taken when \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**a.** the city's defenses were breached

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 357

**b.** Sherman ordered a new round of bombardment

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 357

**c.** the city came close to starvation

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 357

\***d.** Confederate forces were drawn away from the city

**Feedback:** Correct

**Type:** **multiple** **choice** **question**

**Title:** Chapter 11, Question 2

**2)** In the larger picture Sherman believed victory could be won by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**a.** soft war

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 358

\***b.** a huge show of force

**Feedback:** Correct  
**c.** a scorched earth policy

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 358

**d.** lenient treatment of the defeated

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 358

**Type:** **multiple** **choice** **question**

**Title:** Chapter 11, Question 3

**3)** Of the citizens of Atlanta expelled from the city by Sherman about \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ went north.

**\*a.** half

**Feedback:** Correct  
**b.** one-fifth

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 359

**c.** three-quarters

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 359

**d.** one-hundredth

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 359

**Type:** **multiple** **choice** **question**

**Title:** Chapter 11, Question 4

**4)** The fall of Mobile Bay was significant because it was the last \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**a.** Confederate capital to fall

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 359

**b.** of the Confederate ports on the Mississippi

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 359

\***c.** Confederate port on the Gulf of Mexico

**Feedback:** Correct  
**d.** Confederate stronghold to fall

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 359

**Type:** **multiple** **choice** **question**

**Title:** Chapter 11, Question 5

**5)** The second Valley Campaign was primarily \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**\*a.** an attack on Confederate resources

**Feedback:** Correct  
**b.** meant to draw attention from the Atlanta Campaign

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 360

**c.** a holding strategy

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 360

**d.** intended to weaken Southern morale

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 360

**Type:** **multiple** **choice** **question**

**Title:** Chapter 11, Question 6

**6)** Fighting in the Shenandoah Valley in 1864 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Map 11.1).

**\*a.** was marked by steady Union progress

**Feedback:** Correct  
**b.** threatened Richmond

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 362

**c.** led to a Union retreat

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 362

**d.** eventually led to the fall of Richmond

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 362

**Type:** **multiple** **choice** **question**

**Title:** Chapter 11, Question 7

**7)** "The Burning" was an example of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**a.** a scorched earth campaign

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 362

**b.** soft war

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 362

**c.** classic siege techniques

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 362

\***d.** hard war

**Feedback:** Correct

**Type:** **multiple** **choice** **question**

**Title:** Chapter 11, Question 8

**8)** The National Union party was divided between moderates and abolitionists, just as the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ had been.

**a.** Radical Democracy party

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 365

**b.** Democrats

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 365

**c.** Copperheads

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 365

\***d.** Republicans

**Feedback:** Correct

**Type:** **multiple** **choice** **question**

**Title:** Chapter 11, Question 9

**9)** In Figure 11.3 McClellan is portrayed as \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**a.** a poor military leader

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 366

**b.** subservient to Lincoln

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 366

\***c.** a Confederate pawn

**Feedback:** Correct  
**d.** anti-abolitionist

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 366

**Type:** **multiple** **choice** **question**

**Title:** Chapter 11, Question 10

**10)** Which of these was a key theme of Lincoln's supporters in the 1864 presidential campaign?

**a.** the treachery of Jefferson Davis

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 368

**b.** the brutality of Confederate war tactics

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 368

\***c.** the success of wartime reconstruction

**Feedback:** Correct  
**d.** expansion of black rights

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 368

**Type:** **multiple** **choice** **question**

**Title:** Chapter 11, Question 11

**11)** Radical Republicans focused on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the 1864 presidential election.

**\*a.** African American rights

**Feedback:** Correct  
**b.** Jefferson Davis' policies

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 368

**c.** white Southerners' redemption

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 368

**d.** the pace of reconstruction

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 368

**Type:** **multiple** **choice** **question**

**Title:** Chapter 11, Question 12

**12)** In Figure 11.5 McClellan is essentially depicted as a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**a.** Radical Republican

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 369

\***b.** traitor

**Feedback:** Correct  
**c.** white supremacist

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 369

**d.** savior

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 369

**Type:** **multiple** **choice** **question**

**Title:** Chapter 11, Question 13

**13)** The fall of Atlanta had the effect of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**a.** encouraging the Confederate Copperheads

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 370

**b.** threatening the presidency of Jefferson Davis

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 370

\***c.** strengthening Confederate hard-liners

**Feedback:** Correct  
**d.** increasing desertions from the Confederate army

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 370

**Type:** **multiple** **choice** **question**

**Title:** Chapter 11, Question 14

**14)** Dissension between the Confederate president and his vice president became outright war in the context of what other conflict?

**a.** the Shenandoah Valley Campaign

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 371

\***b.** the 1864 Union election

**Feedback:** Correct  
**c.** Davis' bid for reelection

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 371

**d.** Sherman's March to the Sea

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 371

**Type:** **multiple** **choice** **question**

**Title:** Chapter 11, Question 15

**15)** The election of 1864 gave Lincoln \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**a.** a weak mandate and his opponents got control of Congress

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 372

**b.** a strong mandate and no change in Congress

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 372

**c.** a weak mandate and control of Congress

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 372

\***d.** a strong mandate as president and a majority in Congress

**Feedback:** Correct

**Type:** **multiple** **choice** **question**

**Title:** Chapter 11, Question 16

**16)** In the 1864 election Lincoln had the support of a(n) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ soldiers who voted

**\*a.** solid majority

**Feedback:** Correct  
**b.** tiny minority

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 373

**c.** large minority

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 373

**d.** overwhelming majority

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 373

**Type:** **multiple** **choice** **question**

**Title:** Chapter 11, Question 17

**17)** Following the election of 1864 Jefferson Davis \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ his hardline stance towards the Union.

**a.** developed

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 376

**b.** modified

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 376

**c.** reversed

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 376

\***d.** reiterated

**Feedback:** Correct

**Type:** **multiple** **choice** **question**

**Title:** Chapter 11, Question 18

**18)** Sherman's path to Savannah was up to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ miles wide.

**a.** five

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 376

**b.** twenty

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 376

\***c.** sixty

**Feedback:** Correct  
**d.** ten

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 376

**Type:** **multiple** **choice** **question**

**Title:** Chapter 11, Question 19

**19)** Looking at Map 11.3 Sherman's March to the Sea was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in its last month.

**a.** hard fought with several large battles

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 377

\***b.** nearly uncontested

**Feedback:** Correct  
**c.** marked by a series of skirmishes

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 377

**d.** extremely rapid

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 377

**Type:** **multiple** **choice** **question**

**Title:** Chapter 11, Question 20

**20)** Following a strongly held Northern belief Sherman thought his March to the Sea would lead Georgia to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**a.** free its slaves

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 378

\***b.** welcome the Union army

**Feedback:** Correct  
**c.** declare peace

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 378

**d.** support Jefferson Davis

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 378

**Type:** **multiple** **choice** **question**

**Title:** Chapter 11, Question 21

**21)** Unlike Nashville and Fredericksburg, Savannah \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**a.** held out against Union forces for weeks

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 379

**b.** was beseiged for months

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 379

**c.** was a key Confederate city

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 379

\***d.** surrendered to the Union without a struggle

**Feedback:** Correct

**Type:** **multiple** **choice** **question**

**Title:** Chapter 11, Question 22

**22)** The destructive fire that destroyed much of Columbia was started to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**a.** slow Sherman and his troops

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 380

**b.** punish the city for the long siege

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 380

\***c.** keep resources out of Union hands

**Feedback:** Correct  
**d.** punish the city for capitulating to Sherman

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 380

**Type:** **multiple** **choice** **question**

**Title:** Chapter 11, Question 23

**23)** Secretary of War Stanton traveled to Savannah to investigate Sherman's treatment of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**a.** Union loyalists

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 381

\***b.** African Americans

**Feedback:** Correct  
**c.** civilians

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 381

**d.** Confederate prisoners

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 381

**Type:** **multiple** **choice** **question**

**Title:** Chapter 11, Question 24

**24)** Special Field Order No. 15 gave freedpeople \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**\*a.** forty acre plots of abandoned land

**Feedback:** Correct  
**b.** guaranteed seats in Georgia's House of Representatives

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 382

**c.** voting rights

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 382

**d.** confirmation of the Emancipation Proclamation

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 382

**Type:** **multiple** **choice** **question**

**Title:** Chapter 11, Question 25

**25)** It is likely that Sherman's Special Field Order No. 15 was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**a.** inspired by Sherman's racial beliefs

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 383

**b.** intended to begin reshaping the South's class system

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 383

**c.** a political move aimed at Jefferson Davis

**Feedback:**   
**Page** **reference:** 383

\***d.** a practical solution to his current problem

**Feedback:** Correct